Children are much more likely to contract the contagious disease when they have colds. Whooping cough, diptheria, scarlet fever and consumption are diseases that are often contracted when the child has a cold. That is why all medical authorities say beware of colds. For the quick cure of colds you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all dealers.

SUFFRAGETTES DISCUSSION

Continued from page 1.)

gan at the time of our grandmothers and American women are finally awakening to the thought that it will be granted sooner or later. Woman has proven that she can defend her rights in foreign lands as well as in America, and has suffered many hardships to gain her victories in the last few years.

I say again that man cannot represent woman and obtain her viewpoint, and neither is suffrage hurting him. Many low, degraded men are given the privilege to vote while the country's intelligent women are kept from this right. Suffrage is not a fad for old maids but it is a necessity to women with children.

Therefore you can see by all that I have said, that women should have the right of suffrage.

MYRTLE SHARP.

Miss Chairman, Honorable Judges, Ladies and Gentlemen.

My opponents have spoken why women should have the right of suffrage but I will speak and say that women should not have the right of suffrage.

Why should women want to vote when it has always been a man's place to do so?

Compare our men of to-day with those of yesterday, of course there are exceptions to all rules.

The men of yesterday knew that when their days work was over they would always find a loving wife or mother, waiting for them to cheer and welcome them, drive away their cares and man always had a feeling of security in his home.

Look at the husband of to-day, that is the suffragette's husband. What is the welcome awaiting them—a cheerless home and a half prepared meal, for the care of the home is left to the servant and if not the poor, nervous and tired man comes to what we call home, hangs up his hat, takes off his coat and invests his feet into slippers, drops into his easy chair to await the coming of his wife who was detained at her suffrage meeting. She rushes in, throws off her wraps without even a word of welcome or caress to the heart aching husband, fusses and fumbles around preparing their evening meal. Her thoughts of what occurred at the meeting irritates her so much that she is more firm in her ideas of woman's suffrage.

Now if that same woman would have been where she belonged—at home—seeing that everything was in readiness for that weary man, willing and waiting to welcome him after a hard day's trial was over. She then would have no thought of suffrage—no though of woman's rights, for she then would feel that she is in her right place.

What is woman's life coming to be? Even us, school girls who have all we can do to master our lessons must ponder on the pros and cons of our future life.

Woman is chosen by God to influence her own within the sanctity of the home.

Home is great and women are great, but the home of to-day is not so great as it was in former days. The deplorable state of our homes is the doleful fact of the great question of the hour the "craze for suffrage."

We are forever hearing how the women of the past devoted themselves to their children or spent too much of their time in raising and caring for them, and how some mothers of to-day neglect their children altogether. Again, some mothers think they are doing right to the child if they kiss her for being good or spank her if she were bad, but we need more than that.

The woman's influence is needed in the home. Boys and girls to-day require more mother-love than in the days of yore.

If woman neglects her home, always out canvassing votes, having their so called political meetings, expressing their views as to who will be the best candidate, and have their little private meetings, same as the men, urging on Mrs. So. and So. as she makes the best appearance, has good looks and dresses so correctly. For this is such an affair the suffragists had a few days ago in some place up North. What time then have such mothers to give to their boys and girls?

Have any of our men in their political discussions commented on the dress and appearance of each other? No. They take a different standing about knocking each other which has more humor and flavor to it.

Nature has always assigned to women her own sphere—the home. Even the ancient Egyptians knew how to appreciate woman's standing in society for on many tombs were found the inscription, "Nebtper," which means "Ruler of the house."

The Creator of mankind believed in the division of work and ideas for man and woman. Women were created for the home and men for outdoor work, to form our laws and govern our lands.

Women claim, they are the superior of man, truly man can say their high standing in society and their possessions of the good things of this world is due to women. Why? because his love for that woman elevated his ideas to do good and his brave acts and deeds to be approved by her. He does not want her to be above him in the field of activity.

When God created all things he made man first and woman from man. Man was first in world and let him be the one to vote for the good of the people that followed him and if woman is greater than man why do they dress in such a way now days to attract men? They are gradually lessening themselves in man's estimation by their actions.

Of course this does not apply to all and as I said before there are exceptions to all rules.

Woman is not constituted by nature to bear the burden of political activities that will result in the use of the ballot. She is bound gradually to lose that charm that is distinctly feminine, by contact with man in the political world.

The care and duties of the home requires her attention and consideration at all times, which those nearest and dearest will not receive, if her efforts are directed from their rightful place.

Let women take once more the work which nature intended for her and let man have the field of labor, which is rightfully his and let mothers teach the daughters the lost art of housework and economy—the "real work of women."

ALICE OSTENDORF.

Women should not have the right of suffrage.

In the first place most women are not qualified to enter into politics as very few of them have ever had any experience in any kind of business, and politicians are always men of experience, usually lawyers or other professional men and know what is for the public's good; but there are very few women who know anything out side of home or society.

There are many women who don't read the newspapers enough to know about public needs. There are even women now who do not know what main differences in the Republican and Democratic parties are. How many women who do not read the newspapers can tell you why the tariff should be high or low? How many can tell you what reciprocity means in politics.

Women are guided by impulse more than men. If a woman likes a candidate she will want to vote for him or her, no matter what his or her conviction may be.

If women are to be allowed to vote they must go through a certain amount of preparation. They were not even required to take political science or civics in the school until recently. The introduction of this into schools will do a great deal to fit women to vote intelligently and hold offices capably.

Every one knows that women have weaker nerves than men. Could the average woman stand the fatigue and worry of a long and hard political campaign if she were running for office. It is always expensive to run for an office and most women do not control their money.

Among women there are always jealousies and they are constantly working against each other. So how can anything be accomplished if they do not all work together?

All women like society and go out a good deal and how can a woman keep a house, go into society and give the proper attention to politics at the same time. If a woman would give up everything else and put herself into it in the right way she might be able to succeed but they are not willing to give up their own pleasures to work for the public good.

If women want to succeed they must go about it differently—they think that by parading the streets with banners they are gaining some end, but they are only making themselves ridiculous.

At present there are several women in the London jail for disorderly conduct in their crusade for suffrage. If women insist on throwing bricks, putting ink and acids in letter boxes and breaking windows; are they not proving that they are incapable of sensible participation in law-making. These women are doing the cause more harm than good. You may say that these few are not representative of the whole body of women who want to vote but are they not the ones who have been elected to represent the whole body of suffragettes.

In cases where women have been given the ballot you will notice that it was given them by men and not gained by riotous and disorderly conduct. When the men of a State Legislature decide that the women of a State are capable of holding the offices of importance, that will be the proper time for women to be allowed to vote.

MARGUERITE HOWELL.

Big Yields of Fruit.

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at the rate of ten or fifteen pounds per tree, spread well around the tree and worked thoroughly into the soil over the roots.

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DRUGGISTS ENDORSE DODSON'S LIVER TONE.

It is Guaranteed Harmless Vegetable Remedy that Regulates the Liver Without Stopping Your Work or Play.

A dose of calomel may knock you completely out for a day—sometimes two or three days. Dodson's Liver Tone relieves attacks of constipation, biliousness and lazy liver headaches, and you stay on your feet.

The City Drug Store sells Dodson's Liver Tone and guarantees it to give perfect satisfaction. If you buy a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone and do not find it the safest, most pleasant and successful liver remedy you ever took, this store will give you back the 50 cents you paid for it without a question.

This guarantee that a trustworthy druggist is glad to give on Dodson's Liver Tone is as safe and reliable as the medicine, and that is saying a lot. —Adv.

PROCLAMATION.

Pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Parish Board of School Directors of the parish of St. Tammany La., at its special meeting held on the fifth day of March, 1913, I, N. H. FitzSimons, Persident of said board hereby give notice that in compliance with said resolution a special election will be held in school district No. 3 of said parish of St. Tammany, La., on Wednesday, the 9th day of April, 1913, for the purpose of submitting to the property taxpayers, qualified under the Constitution and laws of the State of Louisiana to vote at said election the following three propositions, to-wit:

1. To levy a special tax of 2 1-2 mills on the dollar on all property in School District No. 3 of the parish of St. Tammany, La., subject to State taxation annually for a period of twenty years beginning with and including the year 1913, for the purpose of constructing and furnishing a public school building at Covington, and, if necessary, purchasing a site for said school building within said district for the use of the Covington High School, title to which shall vest in the public;

2. To incur debt and issue bonds to the amount of $35,000 to run no longer than twenty years from date and to bear interest not exceeding 5 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually for th purpose of constructing and furnishing a public school building at Covington, La., or purchasing a site, if necessary, for said school building within said district for the use of the Covington High School, title to which shall vest in the public;

3. To levy a special tax of 1 1-2 mills on the dollar on all property in School District No. 3 of the parish of St. Tammany, La., subject to taxation annually for a period of twenty years begining with and including the year 1913, for the purpose of giving additional aid to said public high school, that is to say for the maintenance of said school and said building.

For the purpose of said special election, the polling place will be the courthouse in the town of Covington, and R. S. Blossman, J. E. Smith and M. C. Day have been appointed Commissioners and Robt. L. Aubert has been appointed Clerk of election to serve at the polling place at said courthouse at said election all of whom will serve without compensation. At said special election the polls will be opened at 7 o'clock a. m., and close at 5 o'clock p. m. and the election will be conducted in accordance with the laws of Louisiana.

Notice is also hereby given that at 10 o'clock a. m., on Saturday, the 12th day of April, 1913, the said Parish Board of School Directors of the parish of St. Tammany, La., will meet at its usual meeting place in Covington within said District and in open session proceed to open the ballot boxes, examine and count the ballots in number and amount, examine and canvass the returns and declare the result of said special election.

This 5th day of March, 1913.

N. H. FITZ SIMONS,
President.

Many Driven From Home.

Every year, in many parts of the country, thousands are driven from their homes by cough and lung diseases. Friends and business are left behind for other climates, but this is costly and not always sure. A better way—the way of multitudes—is to use Dr. King's New Discovery and cure yourself at home. Stay right there, with your friends, and take this safe medicine. Throat and lung troubles find quick relief and health returns. It helps in coughs, colds, grip, croup, and whooping cough and sore lungs make it a positive sleeping. 50c and $1. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by all druggists.

5000 MARCH IN LINE WITH VOTES FOR WOMEN

Police Are Unable to Protect Them From Insult and Some are Handled Pretty Roughly.

Washington, March 3.—Five thousand women, marching in the woman suffrage pageant today, practically fought their way foot by foot up Pennsylvania Avenue, through a surging mob that completely defied the Washington police, swamped the marchers and broke their procession into little companies. The women, trudging stoutly along under great difficulties, were able to complete their march only when troops of cavalry from Fort Meyer were rushed into Washington to take charge of Pennsylvania Avenue. No inauguration has produced such scenes, which in many instances amounted to nothing less than riots.

Later, in Continental Hall, the women turned what was to have been a suffrage demonstration into an indignation meeting, in which the Washington police were roundly denounced for inactivity, and resolutions were passed calling upon President-elect Wilson and the incoming Congress to make an investigation and locate the responsibility for the indignities the marchers suffered.

Miss Keller Unnerved.

Miss Helen Keller, the noted deaf and blind girl, was so exhausted and unnerved by the experience in attempting to reach a grand stand where she was to have been a guest of honor that she was unable to speak later at Continental Hall.

The scenes which attended the entry of "General" Rosalie Jones and her "hikers" on Thursday, when the bedraggled women had to fight their way up Pennsylvania Avenue, swamped by a mob, with which a few policemen struggled in vain, were repeated today, but upon vastly larger scale. The marchers had to fight their way from the start and took more than one hour in making the first ten blocks. Many of the women were in tears under the jeers and insults that lined the route.

Stout wire ropes had been stretched up and down the length of Pennsylvania Avenue from the Peace Monument to the mall behind the White House.

Ropes are Torn Down.

The enormous crowds that gathered early to obtain points of vantage overstepped them or crawled beneath. Apparently no effort was made to drive back the trespassers in the early hours, with the result that when the parade started it faced at almost every hundred yards a solid wall of humanity.

On the whole it was a hostile crowd through which the women marched. Miss Inez Milholland, herald of the processoni, distinguished herself by aiding in riding down a mob that blocked the way and threatened to disrupt the parade. Another woman member of the "petticoat cavalry" struck a hoodlum a stinging blow across the face with her riding crop in reply to a scurrilous remark as she was passing. The mounted police rode hither and yon, but seemed powerless to stem the tide of humanity.

Mrs. Taft Insulted.

A group of hoodlums gathered in front of the reviewing-stand in which sat Mrs. Taft and Miss Helen and a half dozen invited guests from the White House. They kept up a running fire of caustic comment. Apparently no effort was made to remove them, and evidently disgusted the White House party left before the procession had passed in its halting and interrupted journey toward Continental Hall.

The tableaux on the steps of the Treasury building, framed in the great columns and the broad stairway of the government treasury-house, were begun when the parade started from its rendezvous at the base of the Capitol. Beautiful in coloring and grouping, the dramatic symbolization of women's aspirations for political freedom was completed long before the head of the parade was in sight.

Shiver in Bare Arms.

In their thin dresses and bare arms they stood shivering for more than an hour, and finally they were forced to seek refuge within the building.

Around the Treasury Department the crowds were massed so tightly that repeated charges by the police were seemingly ineffective. It was as though the bluecoats charged a stone wall. Occasionally the mob gave way in one place, only to break over and under the wire hedge at some other.

When the cavalry suddenly appeared there was a wild outburst of applause in the reviewing stand. The men in brown virtually brushed aside the mounted and foot police and took charge. In two lines the troops pushed the crowds.

Cavalry Routs Mob.

Evidently realizing that they would be ridden down, the mobs fought their way back. When they hesitated, the cavalry, under the orders of their officers, did not hesitate. Their horses were driven into the throngs and whirled and wheeled until hooting men and women were forced to retreat. A space was quickly cleared.

The parade in itself, in spite of the delays, was a great success. Passing through two walls of antagonistic humanity, the marchers for the most part kept their temper. They suffered insult and closed their ears to jibes and jeers. Few faltered, although several of the older women were forced to drop out from time to time.

Ovation for "General."

The greatest ovation probably was given to "General" Rosalie Jones, who led her little band of "hikers" from New York over rough roads and through snow and rain to march for the "cause." "General" Jones was radiant. She carried a bunch of American Beauty roses, which made a splash of scarlet against the dull brown of her hooded tramping gown.

When the women assembled in Continental Hall, the resolution adopted to be presented to President Wilson after his inauguration tomorrow called on him to demand of Congress a thorough investigation of the causes for the "poor police protection, which would have been a disgrace to any city, but which was doubly so here," with a further demand that the responsible authorities be punished for indifference and negligence.

The opening address by Dr. Anna Shaw, president of the National Woman's Suffrage Association, was a bitter excoriation of the police.

Ashamed of Washington.

"Never was I so ashamed of our national capitol before," she said. "If anything could prove the need of the ballot, nothing could prove it more than the treatment we received today. The women in the parade showed wonderful dignity and self-respect by keeping cool in the midst of insult and lewd remarks. Hoodlums were given possession of the streets here today without any adequate attempt being made to protect us."

Oswald Garrison Willard, of New York, grandson of William Lloyd Garrison, the great abolitionist, at the conclusion of Dr. Shaw's address read the resolution, which she had suggested during her speech, calling for congressional investigation.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, the president of the International Suffrage Association, declared that members of Congress should demand an investigation. Many of the men along the line, she declared, "were drunk enough for the lockup." "In no other nation but Switzerland," she said, "have the women been forced to take their appeal for the vote to the rabble.'"

Uncle Ezra Says

"It don't take mor'n a gill uv effort to git folks into a peck uv trouble," and a little neglect of constipation, biliousness, indigestion or other liver derangement will do the same. If ailing, take Dr. King's New Life Pills for quick results. Easy, safe, sure, and only 25 cents at all druggists.

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NEW ORLEANS GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD.

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Fare for the round trip:

From Covington $2.65
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For further particulars call on agent or write M. J. McMahon, G. P. A., New Orleans.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, forbid all hunting, trapping and trespassing on our lands. Any one caught so doing will be punished to the full extent of the law.

FRANK LUNN,
JAS. FITZMORRIS,
H. M. ROBERTS,
C. E. WILSON,
EUGENE FITZMORRIS,
FELDER FITZMORRIS,
DEED FITZMORRIS,
FENNER FITZMORRIS,

n2-3mo

TRESPASS NOTICE.

The undersigned forbid all hunting trapping or trespassing on their lands. Anyone caught doing so will be punished to the full extent of the law.

QUEEN & CRESCENT CLUB.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smeyy and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally. Made in Toledo, O., by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75 cents per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

IN THE MATTER OF THE SPECIAL SCHOOL TAX.

The secretary produced copy of the notice which he had mailed not less than three days prior to the meeting to each member. This notice is in the following form:

March 1, 1913.

Dear Sir:—You have already been notified of a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the public schools of the parish of St. Tammany Louisiana, on Wednesday, March 5 1913, and I wish ot notify you that there will also be considered at this meeting the matter of a special tax and bonds for school district No. 3. You are earnestly urged to be present.

By order of the President of said Board, Hon. N. H. FitzSimons.

ELMER E. LYON,
Secretary.

The following resolution was presented by Mr. Hansbrough who moved its adoption. It was seconded by Mr Crawford.

Whereas, of the several offers to purchase the proposed issue of $35,000.00 five per cent bonds about to be issued for and on behalf of school district No. 3 in the opinion of this board the bid of the Interstate Trust & Banking Company, as outlined in their letter to Mr. E. E. Lyon, of date February 28, 1913, is the best and highest bidder; therefore be it

Resolved, That the bid be accepted and that the President and Secretary of this board be authorized and directed to notify the Interstate Trust & Banking Company accordingly.

Be it further resolved, That the acceptance of this bid is conditioned upon the election which will be held shortly to vote upon the question of issuing the bonds. Same [illegible] fully carried.

Unanimously adopted.

The following resolution was introduced by Mr. Fauntleroy, who moved its adoption:

Whereas, in the opinion of this board it is necessary and advisable that a special election be ordered to be held in school district No. 3 of the parish of St. Tammany, at which there shall be submitted the following three propositions, to-wit:

1. To levy a special tax of 2 1-2 mills on the dollar on all property in school district No. 3 of the parish of St. Tammany, La., subject to State taxation annually for a period of 20 years, beginning with and including the year 1913, for the purpose of constructing and furnishing a public school building at Covington and, if necessary, purchasing a site for said school building within said district for the use of the Covington High School, title to which shall vest in the public.

2. To incur debt and issue bonds in the amount of Thirty-Five Thousand Dollars, to run not longer than twenty years from date and to bear interest not exceeding 5 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, for the purpose of constructing and furnishing a public school building at Covington, La., or purchasing a site, if necessary, for said school building within said district and for the use of the Covington High School, title to which shall vest in the public.

3. To levy a special tax of 1 1-2 mills on the dollar on all property in school district No. 3 of the parish of St. Tammany, La., subject to State taxation, annually for a period of twenty years beginnig with and including the year 1913, for the purpose of giving additional aid to said public high school, that is to say for the maintenance of said school and said building.

Be it resolved by the Parish Board of School Directors of the parish of St. Tammany, La., in legal session convened, as follows:

Section 1. That a special election be and the same is ordered to be held in School District No. 3 in the parish of St. Tammany, La., on Wednesday, 9th day of April, 1913 at which there shall be submitted the following three propositions, to-wit:

1. To levy a special tax of 2 1-2 mills on the dollar on all property in School District No. 3 of the parish of St. Tammany, La., subject to State taxation annually for a period of 20 years, beginning with and including the year 1913, for the purpose of constructing and furnishing a public school building at Covington, and, if necessary purchasing a site for said school building within said district for the use of the Covington High School, title to which shall vest in the public.

2. To incur debt and issue bonds to the amount of $35,000 to run not longer than 20 years from date and to bear interest not exceeding 5 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, for the purpose of constructing and furnishing a public school building at Covington, La., or purchasing a site, if necessary, for said school building within said district and for the use of the Covington High School, title to which shall vest in the public.

3. To levy a special tax of 1 1-2 mills on the dollar on all property in School District No. 3 of the parish of St. Tammany, La., subject to State taxation annually for a period of twenty years, beginning with and including the year 1913, for the purpose of giving additional aid to said public high school, that is to say for the maintenance of said school and said building.

Section 2. That the Secretary of this board be and he is hereby instructed to have prepared for use at said special election a sufficient number of ballots on each of which shall be printed all the propositions mentioned in Section 1 of this resolution arranged in such manner as to enable the voters to vote on each one separately and in the following form:

PROPOSITION NO. 1.

To levy a special tax of 2 1-2 mills on the dollar on all property in School District No. 3 of the parish of St. Tammany, La., subject to state taxation annually for a period of twenty years beginning with and including the year 1913, for the purpose of constructing and furnishing a public school building at Covington, and, if necessary purchasing a site for said school building within said district for the use of the Covington High School, title to which shall vest in the public. YES ____ NO ____

PROPOSITION NO. 2.

To incur debt and issue bonds to the amount of $35,000 to run not longer than twenty years from date and to bear interest not exceeding 5 per cent per annum payable semi-annually for the purpose of constructing and furnishing a public school building at Covington, La., or purchasing a site, if necessary, for said school building within said district and for the use of the Covington High School, title to which shall vest in the public. YES ____ NO ____

PROPOSITION NO. 3.

To levy a special tax of 1 1-2 mills on the dollar on all property in school district No. 3 of the parish of St. Tammany, La., subject to taxation annually for a period of twenty years beginning with and including the year 1913, for the purpose of giving additional aid to said public high school, that is to say for the maintenance of said school and said building. YES ____ NO ____

Taxation valuation $.....

Signature of Voter.

Notice to Voters.

To vote in favor of any proposition submitted upon this ballot place a cross (X) mark after the word "Yes"; to vote against it place a similar mark after the word "No."

And that the secretary of this board be and he is hereby instructed to have prepared for use at said special election all necessary ballot boxes, tally sheets, lists of voters, and compiled statements of voters in number and amount.

Section 3. That the polling place for said election shall be at the court house in the town of Covington, Louisiana, and R. S. Blossman, J. E. Smith and M. C. Day are hereby appointed commissioners and Robt L. Aubert clerk of the election to serve at said court house in said election, all of whom shall serve without compensation and said election shall be conducted under the laws of the State applicable thereto.

Section 4. The president of this board is hereby instructed to give notice of the special election herein ordered, by his proclamation to be published according to law, and in said proclamation he shall announce that at 10 o'clock a. m., on Saturday, the 12th day of April, 1913, (the day and the hour to be designated here which shall be after the election is held and convenient to all concerned) this board will meet at its usual meeting place in Covington, La., and in open session proceed to open the ballot boxes, examine and count the ballots in number and amount, examine and canvass the returns and declare the result of the election.

On roll call the following members voted in the affirmative: Messrs. Fauntleroy, Hansbrough, Kahl, Parker, Crawford, Liddle.

The following members voted in the negative: None.

And the resolution was adopted.

N. H. FITZ SIMONS,
President.

ELMER E. LYON,
Secretary.

The following resolution was presented by Mr. Hansbrough who moved its adoption:

Whereas, there is at present a four mill special school tax in the town of Covington and whereas the proceeds of this tax is not sufficient to build the school house as was originally intended, and

Whereas, all debts looking to this tax for settlement will be paid by the 1912 collections, and,

Whereas, it is the desire of the taxpayers of the town of Covington that this said special school tax be abrogated so that another special school tax may be voted for the entire school district No. 3 without the taxpayers of Covington being obliged to pay both taxes; therefore be it

Resolved, That the president and secretary of the school board be instructed to request the Covington town council to pass an ordinance abrogating the said four mill special school tax, and to notify the assessor and tax collector to not spread the said tax upon the rolls for the year 1913, explaining the reason why.

Unanimously adopted.

Moved by Mr. Liddle and seconded by Mr. Crawford that the meeting adjourn subject to call.

Carried.

N. H. FITZ SIMONS,
President.

ELMER E. LYON, Sec.

EXCURSION
EVERY SATURDAY
From
SHORE LINE STATIONS
to
NEW ORLEANS
via
NEW ORLEANS GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD.

At following round trip rates:

From Abita Springs $2.15
From Covington .....$ 2.25
From Folsom $1.65
From Lacombe $1.65
From Mandeville $1.85
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Tickets on sale on Saturdays only and good for return on date of sale only.

For further particulars call on agents or write M. J. McMahon, G. P. A., New Orleans.

Thomas & Parker vs. Thompson Parker.

No. 1958.

Twenty-Sixth Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale from the honorable aforesaid court, and to me directed bearing date of March 4, 1913, I will proceed to sell at public auction to the last and highest bidder, on Saturday, April 12, 1913, at the front door of the courthouse in the town of Covington, La., the following described property, to-wit:

A parcel of land situated in the parish of St. Tammany, La., and more fully described as follows: The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 5, township 6 north range 14 east, St. Helena Meridian. Subject to the provisions of a turpentine lease held in favor of Thomas & Parker.

Terms of sale—Cash, without appraisement.

T. E. BREWSTER,
Sheriff.

mh8-6t

The Men Who Succeed

as heads of large enterprises are men of great energy. Success to-day demands health. To ail is to fail. It's utter folly for a man to endure a weak, run down, half alive condition when Electric Bitters will put him right on his feet in short order. "Four bottles did me more real good than any other medicine I ever took," writes Chas. B. Allen, Sylvania, Ga. "After years of suffering with rheumatism, liver trouble, stomach disorders and deranged kidneys, I am again, thanks to Electric Bitters, sound and well." Try them. Only 50 cents at all druggists.

NOTICE TO BIDDERS.

For Fiscal Agency of School Board of St. Tammany Parish, La.

By virtue of resolution of Board of Parish School Directors passed on the 4th day of January, we hereby announce that sealed proposals will be received from bidders for the fiscal agency of the School Board of the parish of St. Tammany, for the balance of the biennial term, a period of 12 months, beginning April 1st 1913, to April 1st, 1914, which bids must be submitted according to the provisions of act 35 of the extra session of 1907 and amendments thereto, to the finance committee, not later than the 22d of March, 1913, said bids to be opened and awarded on said date by the said committee at the office of the School Board, Covington, La.

By order of the Board.

N. H. FITZ SIMONS,
President.

ELMER E. LYON,
Superintendent.