

# Constitutional Amendments

To Be Voted Upon At  
The Election To Be  
Held Nov. 3, 1914.

ACT NO. 31.  
House Bill No. 91. By Mr. Manon.  
JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, with reference to taxation of banks, banking associations, banking corporations or banking companies, doing exclusively the business of lending money or dealing in bills of exchange, in this State but domiciled in other States of the Union or in foreign countries, and providing for the extent and limitation of taxation thereof.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1914, as follows:

All banks, banking associations, banking corporations or banking companies, doing business in this State but domiciled in other States of the Union or in foreign countries, who may in their own name or in the name of their agents or representatives, engage in this State in the business of lending money or dealing in bills of exchange exclusively, shall pay a yearly license tax of two hundred and fifty dollars to the State and like tax to the Municipal or Parochial Corporation; and in addition to said license tax shall pay to the State an annual tax of 2 1/2 per cent on the gross interest earned on all money loaned, and to the Municipal or Parochial Corporation a like tax of 2 1/2 per cent, and shall be subject to no other or further taxation either by the State or by any political subdivision thereof.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the official ballot to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words:

"For the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana providing for the extent and limitation of taxation on banks, banking associations, corporations or companies doing business in the State but domiciled in other States of the Union or in foreign countries." And each elector shall indicate, as provided by the general election laws of the State, whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved: June 14, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 52  
House Bill No. 49. By Mr. Manon.  
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to the exemption from taxation of money in hand or on deposit; and loans by Homestead Associations or Homestead Societies to their members secured by stock of said Association or Societies.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each house concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1914, as follows:

There shall be exempt from taxation all money in hand or on deposit; and loans by Homestead Associations or Homestead Societies to their members secured by stock of said Association or Societies.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the official ballot to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words: "For the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from taxation all money in hand or on deposit; and loans by Homestead Associations or Homestead Societies to their members secured by stock of said Association or Societies." And each elector shall indicate, as provided by the general election laws of the State, whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved: July 1st, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 57.  
House Bill No. 468. By Mr. Johnson.  
Chairman of the Committee on Public Education.

Substitute for House Bill No. 275.  
JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to Article 255 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to the support of the public schools of the State of Louisiana, and the levying of taxes thereon by parishes, cities or towns, under certain conditions.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each house concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1914, as follows:

General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds (2-3rds) of all members elected to each house concurring, that the Legislature may appropriate to the same funds the proceeds of public lands not designated or set apart for any other purpose, and shall provide that each parish may levy a tax for the public schools therein, which shall not exceed the entire State Tax; provided, that with such tax the whole amount of parish taxes shall not exceed the limits of parish taxation fixed by this Constitution.

The City of New Orleans shall make such appropriation for the support, maintenance and repair of the public schools of said city as it may deem proper, but not less than eight-tenths of one mill for any one year; and said schools shall also continue to receive from the Board of Liquidation of the city debt, the amounts to which they are now entitled under the Constitution amendment, adopted in the year 1892.

The Police Juries of the several parishes and boards of trustees and municipal councils of incorporated cities and towns (the parish of Orleans excepted) shall levy, collect and turn over to the Parish School Boards of their respective parishes, cities or towns, the proceeds of at least three mills of the annual tax which they are empowered to levy on each dollar of the assessed value of the property thereof; provided, that cities and towns that are not exempted by the terms of their charters from the payment of parish taxes and which are subjected to the similar burdens of taxation as are the parishes shall not pay this tax, as same is included in the taxes imposed by the parish in which the town is situated, unless the parish boards of school directors of that parish certify that the needs of the schools can be met by a smaller levy of such taxes.

Provided, that this shall not apply to cities that under legislative authority now conduct, maintain and support public schools open and free to the youth of the parish in which said city is located, and levy, collect and turn over to the Parish School Board of the parish in which they are situated, the proceeds of at least three mills of the annual tax which they are empowered to levy on each dollar of the assessed value of property; and such cities shall not pay and turn over to the parish school board the proceeds of at least three mills of the annual tax, or any part thereof, as herein provided, and shall be exempted from the same so long as such cities continue to conduct, maintain and support free schools as herein provided, under the supervision and control of the State Board of Education and independent of parochial school authorities; provided further, that such city shall not be entitled to membership in the Parish Board of School Directors and the electors of such city shall not be eligible to vote at the elections for such directors for the parish in which such city is situated.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, that at the Congressional Election to be held in this State on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November, 1914, the Constitution of this State shall be submitted to the electors of this State; that on the official ballot to be used in said election shall be placed the words "For the proposed Amendment to Article 255 of the Constitution" and the words "Against the proposed Amendment to Article 255 of the Constitution" and every elector shall indicate, as provided by the general election laws of this State, whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved: June 14, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 53  
House Bill No. 49. By Mr. Manon.  
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to the exemption from taxation of money in hand or on deposit; and loans by Homestead Associations or Homestead Societies to their members secured by stock of said Association or Societies.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each house concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1914, as follows:

There shall be exempt from taxation all money in hand or on deposit; and loans by Homestead Associations or Homestead Societies to their members secured by stock of said Association or Societies.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the official ballot to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words: "For the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from taxation all money in hand or on deposit; and loans by Homestead Associations or Homestead Societies to their members secured by stock of said Association or Societies." And each elector shall indicate, as provided by the general election laws of the State, whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved: July 1st, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 58.  
House Bill No. 468. By Mr. Johnson.  
Chairman of the Committee on Public Education.

Substitute for House Bill No. 275.  
JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to Article 255 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to the support of the public schools of the State of Louisiana, and the levying of taxes thereon by parishes, cities or towns, under certain conditions.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each house concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1914, as follows:

to the Constitution of the State exempting from taxation for ten (10) years from the date of completion the capital stock, franchises and certain property of all corporations constructing, owning and operating within the State a combined system of irrigation, navigation and hydro-electric power, using fresh water streams and water sheds, provided that each system be completed and in operation within five (5) years from January 1, 1915, and providing that the amount of such stock shall not exceed \$3,000,000.00 shall have been expended in a construction of each system.

Whereas, the State of Louisiana has large areas comprising millions of acres of land that can be reclaimed and brought into cultivation by irrigation, whereby large additions will be made to the population and the assessed value of the State; and

Whereas, Canals can be constructed so as to provide irrigation, navigation and power, and it is the States duty to encourage and promote the organization of such concerns.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each house concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1914, as follows:

There shall be exempt from taxation for ten (10) years from the date of completion, the capital stock, franchises and property of all corporations constructing, owning and operating within the State a combined system of irrigation, navigation and hydro-electric power, using fresh water of Louisiana streams, and water sheds, provided that each system be completed and in operation within five (5) years from January 1, 1915, and providing that the amount of such stock shall not exceed \$3,000,000.00 shall have been expended in the construction of each system. No real or personal property shall be covered by this exemption except that which is necessarily connected with and appurtenant to each canal system and forming part thereof, nor shall this exemption extend to the assessed value that such real estate had at the time it may be acquired by the company; provided that the right of the State to regulate the diversion of its public waters from their natural bed shall not be waived by this amendment.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the official ballot to be used at the said election shall have printed thereon the words: "For the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from taxation for ten (10) years from the date of completion certain new canals for irrigation, navigation and power purposes to be completed within five (5) years with a capital of not less than Three Million Dollars (\$3,000,000.00) and the words: "Against the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from taxation for ten (10) years from the date of completion certain new canals for irrigation, navigation and power purposes to be completed within five (5) years, with a capital of not less than Three Million Dollars." And each elector shall indicate, as provided in the general election laws of the State, whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved: July 6, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 137.  
Senate Bill No. 73. By Mr. Byrnes.  
JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to Article 210 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to the qualification of women.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each house concurring, that Article 210 of the Constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

Article 210. No person shall be eligible to any office, State, judicial, parochial, municipal or ward, who is not a citizen of this State, and a duly qualified elector of the State, judicial district, parish, municipality or ward, wherein the functions of said office are to be performed, provided that resident women over the age of twenty-five years shall be eligible to hold any office connected with the public educational system of the State, or of any ward, parish or municipality in the State, and to hold any office in the State, connected with institutions of charity or correction. And whenever any officer, State, judicial, parochial, municipal or ward, may change his residence from the State, or from the district, parish, municipality or ward in which he holds such office, the same shall thereby be vacated, any declaration of retention of domicile to the contrary notwithstanding.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That this proposed amendment be submitted to the electors of the State of Louisiana for their approval or rejection, as required by Article 221 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana and the general election laws of this State, at the next congressional election to be held in this State in November, 1914.

Section 3. Be it further resolved, etc., That on the official ballots to be used at said election shall be placed the words: "For the proposed amendment to Article 210 of the Constitution relative to women," and each elector shall indicate, as provided in the general election laws of the State whether he votes for or against the said amendment.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved: July 6, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 90.  
Senate Bill No. 82.

By Mr. Leon R. Smith.  
JOINT RESOLUTION

Submitting to the people of the State the question, at the congressional election to be held in November, 1914, an amendment

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved: July 8, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 187.  
Senate Bill No. 60. By Mr. Wiel.  
AN ACT.

Proposing an amendment to Article 109 of the Constitution of Louisiana relative to District Courts, in order to provide for the creation and election of an additional Judge for the Thirteenth Judicial District.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of Louisiana shall be submitted to the electors of the State, at the Congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1914, and, if approved and ratified by a majority of said electors voting in said election, the same to become a part of the Constitution, to-wit:

That Article 109 of the Constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

ARTICLE 109.

That District Courts, except in the Parish of Orleans, shall have original jurisdiction in all civil matters where the amount in dispute shall exceed Fifty (\$50.00) Dollars, exclusive of interest, and in all cases where the title to real estate is involved, or to office or other public positions, or civil or political rights, and all other cases where no specific amount is in contest, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution. They shall have unlimited and exclusive original jurisdiction in all criminal cases except such as may be vested in other courts by this Constitution, and in all probate and succession matters, and where a succession is a party defendant, and in all cases where the State, a parish, municipality, or other political corporation, is a party defendant, regardless of the amount in dispute; and all proceedings for the appointment of receivers or liquidators to corporations or partnership; and said courts shall have authority to issue all such writs, process, and orders, as may be necessary or proper for the purpose of the jurisdiction herein conferred upon them.

There shall be one district judge for each judicial district except for the First, Thirteenth, Fifteenth and Twentieth Judicial Districts, where until otherwise provided by law, there shall be two judges, but judges of the Twenty-first Judicial District shall not be residents of the same parish.

And the Judges of the Fifteenth Judicial District shall not be residents of the same parish after the expiration of the terms of the present incumbents.

District Judges shall be elected by a plurality of the qualified voters of their respective district, in which they shall have been actual residents for two years next preceding their election. They shall be learned in the law and shall have practiced law in this State five years previous to their election.

District Judges under this Constitution shall be elected on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1916, and every four years thereafter.

Vacancies occasioned by death, resignation, or otherwise, where the unexpired portion of the term is less than one year, shall be filled for the remainder of the term by appointment of the Governor and consent of the Senate. In all cases where the unexpired portion of the term is one year or more, the vacancy shall be filled by special election to be called by the Governor and held within sixty days of the occurrence of the vacancy, under the general election laws of the State.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the foregoing amendment to the article of the Constitution of this State, if adopted, shall become operative on the first day of December, A. D., 1914, and the Governor of the State shall, within ten days thereafter, order an election to be held within the Thirteenth Judicial District of Louisiana, and, in conformity with existing election laws, for the purpose of electing the additional judge for said Thirteenth Judicial District, who shall hold office until the next regular election for Judges under this Constitution and until his successor is elected and qualified.

Section 3. Be it further resolved, etc., That upon the official ballots to be used at said Congressional election shall be printed the words: "For the proposed amendment to Article 109 of the Constitution of Louisiana relative to District Courts, creating an additional Judge for the Thirteenth Judicial District," and the words: "Against the proposed amendment to Article 109 of the Constitution of Louisiana relative to District Courts, creating an additional Judge for the Thirteenth Judicial District." And each elector shall indicate, as provided in the general election laws of the State, which of the propositions, "For" or "Against," he votes.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved: July 9, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 193.  
House Bill No. 181. By Mr. Caulfield.  
JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Article 303 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to pensions for Confederate veterans, and for the purpose of providing a sufficient revenue for the carrying out of this Article of the Constitution.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each house concurring, that the following qualifications:

1. He shall have served honorably from the date of his enlistment until the close of the Civil War, or until he was discharged or paroled, in some military organization regularly mustered into the Army and New of the Confederate States, and shall have remained true to the Confederate States until the surrender.

2. He shall not own property of more than two thousand (\$2,000.00) dollars.

3. He shall not be salaried or otherwise provided for by the State of Louisiana or by any other State or government. In case he enlisted

in any organization mustered into said service as a Louisiana organization, or in case at the date of his enlistment he resided in the State of Louisiana, he shall have resided in this State for at least five years prior to his application for pension. In case he resided elsewhere than in this State, and enlisted in an organization not mustered in from Louisiana, or in the Navy of the Confederate States, he shall have resided in this State for at least five years prior to his application for such pension. A like pension shall be granted to the widow who shall not have married again, in indigent circumstances, of such soldier or sailor whose marriage to her was contracted prior to January 1, 1890; provided that if her husband served in an organization, mustered in from Louisiana, or if he resided in Louisiana, at the date of his enlistment, then in order that such widow shall be entitled to the pension as herein provided, she shall have resided in this State for at least five years prior to her application therefor; and if her deceased husband enlisted elsewhere than in Louisiana, and served in an organization not mustered in from Louisiana, such widow shall, in order to be entitled to a pension as herein provided, have resided in this State for not less than five years prior to her application for such pension; provided further that all widows who married Confederate soldiers or sailors a second time shall not be debarred from benefits of this Act but be entitled to a pension on same terms as other widows of deceased Confederate soldiers or sailors; provided further, that the pension shall be allowed only to widows who shall be allowed only from the date of application under this Article, and the total appropriations for all pensions, in any one year shall be the proceeds of the annual one mill tax, provided said appropriations shall never be more than five hundred and fifty thousand dollars for any one year which is hereby levied on all taxable property in the State. Any surplus from said tax fund shall be turned over to the common school fund and prohibiting the collection of any other tax of making any appropriation in excess of the amount of the one mill tax levied and collected and to be known as "Confederate Veteran Pension Fund" and to be used for no other purpose, and upon the expiration of the pension same shall be once become self-operative and the funds derived therefrom immediately used for said purpose, and provided further that the tax collectors and assessors shall receive no commissions for assessing and collecting said one mill tax herein provided. Provided that nothing in this Article shall be construed so as to prohibit the General Assembly from providing artificial means to disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That this proposed amendment be submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Louisiana for adoption or rejection at the congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 1914. That the official ballots to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words: "For the proposed amendment to Article 303 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to pensions for Confederate veterans," and the words: "Against the proposed amendment to Article 303 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to pensions for Confederate veterans." And each elector shall indicate, as provided in the general election laws of the State, whether he votes for or against the amendment.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved: July 9, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 340. By Mr. Gordon.  
AN ACT.

Proposing an amendment to Article 125 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to District Attorneys.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each house concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, shall be submitted to the electors of the State, at the Congressional election to be held on the first Monday in November, 1914, and if approved and ratified by a majority of said electors voting in said election the same then to become a part of the Constitution, to-wit:

There shall be a District Attorney for each Judicial District in the State, who shall be elected by the qualified electors of the judicial district at the same time and in the same term as is provided in Article 109 for District Judges. He shall receive a salary of One Thousand Dollars per annum payable monthly on his own warrant. He shall be an actual resident of the District and a licensed attorney in this State. He shall also receive fees; but no fee shall be allowed in criminal cases, except on conviction, which fee shall not exceed five dollars in each case of a misdemeanor. All elections to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation, or removal shall be for the unexpired term, and the Governor shall fill the vacancy until an election to fill such vacancy shall be held within sixty days from the date the vacancy occurs. Provided, if such unexpired term is for a shorter period than one year, the appointee of the Governor shall hold office for said term.

In each Judicial District the General Assembly shall have the power to create and provide for, by legislative act, the office of Assistant District Attorney, said Assistant District Attorney to be selected and appointed by the District Attorney of said Judicial District, subject to removal at his discretion, and commissioned by the Governor.

The said Assistant Dist. Atty. shall possess the qualifications hereinabove provided, and shall be clothed with all the powers of the duly elected and qualified District Attorney under the Constitution and laws of Louisiana, except that the District Attorney shall be entitled to and shall receive all fees and emoluments of the office.

The said Assistant District Attorney shall receive a salary of \$600 per annum, to be paid by the State, payable monthly on his own warrant, and such additional salary as the legislature may fix, to be paid pro rata by the Police Jury of the parish or parishes of said Judicial District.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the foregoing amendment to the Article of the Constitution of this State, if adopted, shall become operative on the first day of January, A. D., 1915.

Section 3. Be it further resolved, etc., That upon the official ballots to be used at said Congressional election shall be printed the words: "For the proposed amendment to Article 125 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to District Attorneys," and the words: "Against the proposed amendment to Article 125 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to District Attorneys." And each elector shall indicate, as provided in the general election laws of the State, which of the propositions, "For" or "Against," he votes.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved: July 9, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 192.  
Senate Bill No. 70. By Mr. Favrot.  
JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Paragraphs 2 and 3 of Article 281 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, as amended by Joint Resolution, known as Act No. 132 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana of the year 1912 and adopted at the Congressional election held on the 5th day of November, 1912, and as readopted by the Constitutional Convention of the State of Louisiana for the year 1913.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds (2-3) of all members elected to each house concurring, that paragraphs Two (2) and Three (3) of Article Two Hundred and Eighty-one (281) of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be amended to read as follows:

2. He shall not own property of more than two thousand (\$2,000.00) dollars.

3. He shall not be salaried or otherwise provided for by the State of Louisiana or by any other State or government. In case he enlisted

in any organization mustered into said service as a Louisiana organization, or in case at the date of his enlistment he resided in the State of Louisiana, he shall have resided in this State for at least five years prior to his application for pension. In case he resided elsewhere than in this State, and enlisted in an organization not mustered in from Louisiana, or in the Navy of the Confederate States, he shall have resided in this State for at least five years prior to his application for such pension. A like pension shall be granted to the widow who shall not have married again, in indigent circumstances, of such soldier or sailor whose marriage to her was contracted prior to January 1, 1890; provided that if her husband served in an organization, mustered in from Louisiana, or if he resided in Louisiana, at the date of his enlistment, then in order that such widow shall be entitled to the pension as herein provided, she shall have resided in this State for at least five years prior to her application therefor; and if her deceased husband enlisted elsewhere than in Louisiana, and served in an organization not mustered in from Louisiana, such widow shall, in order to be entitled to a pension as herein provided, have resided in this State for not less than five years prior to her application for such pension; provided further that all widows who married Confederate soldiers or sailors a second time shall not be debarred from benefits of this Act but be entitled to a pension on same terms as other widows of deceased Confederate soldiers or sailors; provided further, that the pension shall be allowed only to widows who shall be allowed only from the date of application under this Article, and the total appropriations for all pensions, in any one year shall be the proceeds of the annual one mill tax, provided said appropriations shall never be more than five hundred and fifty thousand dollars for any one year which is hereby levied on all taxable property in the State. Any surplus from said tax fund shall be turned over to the common school fund and prohibiting the collection of any other tax of making any appropriation in excess of the amount of the one mill tax levied and collected and to be known as "Confederate Veteran Pension Fund" and to be used for no other purpose, and upon the expiration of the pension same shall be once become self-operative and the funds derived therefrom immediately used for said purpose, and provided further that the tax collectors and assessors shall receive no commissions for assessing and collecting said one mill tax herein provided. Provided that nothing in this Article shall be construed so as to prohibit the General Assembly from providing artificial means to disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That this proposed amendment be submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Louisiana for adoption or rejection at the congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 1914. That the official ballots to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words: "For the proposed amendment to Article 303 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to pensions for Confederate veterans," and the words: "Against the proposed amendment to Article 303 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to pensions for Confederate veterans." And each elector shall indicate, as provided in the general election laws of the State, whether he votes for or against the amendment.

L. E. THOMAS,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THOMAS C. BARRET,  
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved: July 9, 1914.  
L. E. HALL,  
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:  
ALVIN E. HEBERT,  
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 224.  
Senate Bill No. 176.  
By Committee on the Judiciary, Section A. Substitute for Senate Bill No. 146.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to Article 232 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana of 1898 as re-adopted by the Constitution of 1913 relative to State tax for all purposes, including expense of government, schools, levees, public roads, fire departments and buildings, and works of public improvement, and the assessment of special taxes to pay the same.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds (2-3) of all members elected to each house concurring, that Article Two Hundred and Thirty-two (232) of the Constitution of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 232. The State Tax on property for all purposes whatever, except those otherwise provided for in this Constitution, including expense of government, schools, levees, public roads, and the public debt and interest thereon, shall not exceed, in any one year, six mills on the dollar of its assessed value, and an additional tax is required under the terms of the article of this Constitution relating to public debt; except as otherwise provided in this Constitution relating to public debt; and except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, no parish, municipal or public board tax for all purposes whatsoever, shall exceed in any one year ten mills of the dollar of assessed value, and no school district may levy a special tax in excess of said limitation, whenever the rate of such increase and the number of fifty years it is to be levied and the purpose for which the tax is intended, shall have been submitted to a vote of the property taxpayers of such parish, municipality, ward or school district, entitled to vote under the laws of the State, and a majority of the voters of such parish, ward or school district may vote therefor.