

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

(Continued from page 4)

Board of Liquidation, City Debt, in the advertisement for said bids; provided that no sale of said bonds shall be made unless all of said issue be sold and unless the average price obtained for the different maturities shall at least equal par and accrued interest for the entire issue. The Board of Liquidation, City Debt, shall have the right to reject any and all bids.

Section 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That when the said bonds shall have been adjudicated, as hereinafter set forth, it shall be the duty of the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, to immediately cause said bonds to be engraved and executed in such denomination and payable in the currency of such country or countries as the successful bidder or bidders may have indicated or the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, as the case may be.

The Board of Liquidation, City Debt, shall have the right to prescribe the amount of the deposit that shall accompany each bid, the conditions under which same shall become forfeited, the time within which the bonds shall be delivered after the adjudication, and, generally, all terms and conditions appertaining to the bids and adjudication not otherwise provided for by this act.

Section 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, shall deposit the proceeds of the sale of said bonds in such local bank or banks as may become the successful bidder or bidders for said bonds in proportion to the amount of their respective bids, upon furnishing security satisfactory to the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, and at such rate of interest as the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, may fix and announce in the advertisement calling for bids. In the event that the successful bidder or bidders for all or any part of the said bonds shall be some person, firm or corporation other than a local bank, then the proceeds of the sale of the bonds awarded to said successful bidder or bidders shall be deposited in such local bank or banks at such rate of interest as the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, may determine.

All payments made by the Board of Directors of the Public Schools for the parish of Orleans shall be made in the form of warrants or drafts on the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, setting forth the amount thereof, the person to whom payable and the purpose for which the payment is made; and the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, is hereby charged with the duty of taking care that no irregular or improper or unlawful payments are made out of said funds.

Section 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That the annual installment of principal amounting to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) and the interest on said bonds shall be payable out of the one-half of the surplus of the one per cent. debt tax, levied by the City of New Orleans by virtue of Article 317 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, adopted in the year 1913, and dedicated for the use of the public schools of the parish of Orleans, after providing for the principal and interest on the one hundred and seventy-four thousand, six hundred and sixty-two dollars (\$174,662.00), in principal sum, of bonds known as School Teachers' Salary Bonds of the City of New Orleans, authorized by Act No. 2 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, session of 1906, and subsequently adopted as an amendment to the Constitution of this State; and the said one-half of the surplus of the one per cent. debt tax, subject to the exceptions specified herein above immediately set forth, is hereby dedicated and pledged to the payment of the bonds hereby authorized to be issued, in principal and interest; and the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, is hereby directed to employ said fund to the extent necessary to carry out the purpose of this act; provided that nothing herein contained shall otherwise change, affect or impair the provisions of Article 317 of the Constitution of this State.

Section 6. Be it further enacted, etc., That the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, shall, on the first day of January, 1916, and annually thereafter pay and redeem fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in principal sum of said bonds. The plan and schedule of redemption shall be determined by the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, and announced by it in the advertisement calling for sealed bids.

Section 7. Be it further enacted, etc., That in order to reimburse the Board of Directors of the Public Schools for the parish of Orleans for the deductions and payments which the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, is hereby authorized to make out of said one-half of the surplus of the one per cent. debt tax, the city of New Orleans, shall, and it is hereby made its duty to pay over to the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, beginning on or before the first day of July, 1915, and annually thereafter up to and including the year 1924, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in cash, and beginning on or before the first day of July, 1925, and annually thereafter up to and including the year 1934, the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in cash, and such further sum as may be necessary in each year to pay the interest on the bonds hereby authorized and then outstanding.

To enable the City of New Orleans to make such annual payments, the said city is authorized to issue and to sell so much of the public improvement certificates authorized to be issued under Act No. 56 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, Session of 1908, or amendments presently existing thereto, or that may be hereafter made, as may be necessary for said purpose; and such certificates shall be sold by the City of New Orleans under sealed proposals to the highest bidder, in such amounts and under such conditions as the City of New Orleans may prescribe. The City of New Orleans shall be entitled to reject any and all bids for such certificates; provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to, in any manner, relieve the City of New Orleans of the obligation to make the annual payments herein designated; and, in the event that the City of New Orleans should fail to make any payment when same shall become due, it shall be the duty of the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, to compel, by mandamus or other appropriate remedy, the City of New

Orleans to pay over to it the amount thus due. When, and as soon as the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, shall have received from the City of New Orleans any such annual payment, the money so received shall be forthwith paid over by the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, to the Board of Directors of the Public Schools for the Parish of Orleans.

Section 8. Be it further enacted, etc., That the proceeds of the sale of two million dollars of bonds hereinafter authorized to be issued shall be expended solely for the following purposes, to-wit:

For the acquisition in the name of the City of New Orleans, either by purchase or by expropriation proceedings to be instituted in the name of the City of New Orleans, of such sites as may be necessary for the erection, extension or enlargement of school houses and their appurtenances, or for the establishment of playgrounds or stadia connected with the public school system of the City of New Orleans; and for the construction, or enlargement, or maintenance of school houses and school buildings and other edifices and appurtenances thereto.

Any and all contracts for the purchase of ground or the construction of buildings shall be made by the Board of Directors of the Public Schools of the City of New Orleans, subject to confirmation and approval by the Commission Council or other governing body of the City of New Orleans; and all contracts for the construction of buildings or other edifices that may exceed five hundred dollars in amount shall be let to the lowest bidder under sealed proposals and after ten (10) days advertisement in the official journal of the City of New Orleans, and under such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors of the Public Schools for the Parish of Orleans and the Commission Council, or other governing body, of the City of New Orleans may concur in.

All plans and specifications for the construction and repair of school houses and other buildings and structures shall be made and prepared by the Engineering Department of the City of New Orleans and all such work shall be done under the supervision and direction and subject to the approval of the City Engineer of the City of New Orleans.

Section 9. Be it further enacted, etc., That during the life of the bonds herein authorized to be issued and until the date of their complete and final redemption, the City of New Orleans shall be free from the obligation of appropriating and paying, otherwise than as provided in this act, any money for the acquisition, construction or repair of public school buildings and their appurtenances in the City of New Orleans.

Section 10. Be it further enacted, etc., That the provisions of this act shall constitute a contract between the holders of the bonds issued thereunder and the Board of Directors of the Public Schools for the Parish of Orleans.

Section 11. Be it further enacted, etc., That at the Congressional election to be held in this State on the first Monday after the first Tuesday in the month of November, 1914, the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana shall be submitted to the electors of the State, to-wit:

The Board of Directors of the Public Schools for the Parish of Orleans shall be authorized and empowered to issue two million dollars (\$2,000,000) of bonds to be known as "Public School Bonds, City of New Orleans," for the purpose, and under the provisions set forth in the act of the Legislature adopted to that end and for that purpose at the regular session of the Louisiana General Assembly for the year 1914, which said act is hereby ratified and approved; and all provisions of the Constitution of the State in conflict with this amendment are to that extent and for that purpose repealed.

Section 12. Be it further enacted, etc., That on the official ballot to be used at said election shall be placed the words "For the New Orleans Public School Bonds Amendment," and the words "Against the New Orleans Public School Bonds Amendment," and each elector shall indicate his vote on the proposed amendment as provided by the general election laws of the State.

L. E. THOMAS, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
THOMAS C. BARRET, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved: July 9, 1914.
L. E. HALL, Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBBERT, Secretary of State.

Tax Ordinance.
Section 1. Be it enacted by the police jury of the parish of St. Tammany, La., that there be and is hereby levied for the year 1914 a tax of 7 mills upon the dollar upon all taxable property in the parish, for general parochial purposes, and 2 mills for school purposes, as follows:
That 4 mills are hereby apportioned therefrom for criminal expenses, 3 mills for public schools, 1 mill for general purposes and 2 mills for the benefit of public roads, upon all property in the parish subject to taxation, including that situated in the towns of Covington and Mandeville.

Section 2. Be it further ordained, etc., that the sheriff and tax collector shall receive in payment of parish taxes (the amount appropriated to public schools excepted) the fully approved certificates of the grand and petit jurors, for per diem and mileage, and certificates of the members of police jury for per diem and mileage, and that he proceed with the collection of taxes now levied according to law.
Adopted July 20, 1914.
HERMAN SCHULTZ President
E. D. RENTZEL, Secretary.

St. Tammany Banking Co. and Saving Bank vs. A. A. DuVerney.
No. 2102.

Twenty-Sixth Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued from the honorable aforesaid court and to me directed, bearing date of July 8, 1914, I will proceed to sell at public auction to the last and highest bidder, at the front door

of the courthouse in the town of Covington, La., between legal sale hours, on

Saturday, September 5, 1914,

the following described property, to-wit:
First—Two certain lots of ground in the Burkenstock Subdivision, Town of Abita Springs, parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, numbers respectively 35 and 36, having a front of 51 feet each, more or less, on Central avenue, by at least, triangular parallel lines; lot number 30 forms a corner of Central and Second street, in accordance with map of Preston Ierndon, C. E., filed in the Clerk's office, parish of St. Tammany, and acquired by A. A. DuVerney, in Conveyance Book E, folio 27 of the records of St. Tammany.

Second—Two certain lots in the north half of the northeast quarter section 1, township 7 north, range 11 east, being the same property acquired by DuVerney from Page, Conveyance Book 51, folio 45, of the records of St. Tammany parish.

Third—All of that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being situated in the parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, in the Southeast Division of Abita Springs, and more fully described as follows: triangular lot No. 7, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon or in anywise appertaining, and all of lot No. 6 except that portion previously sold by J. H. Benson, former owner, to Myer Tollas, as per deed of sale recorded in Conveyance Book 49, folio 374, of the records of St. Tammany parish. Both of said lots are in square A of said South Division, as per survey of Howard Burns, deputy parish surveyor, dated August 3, 1909, which plat of survey is in possession of the St. Tammany Banking Company and Saving Bank, being the same property acquired by DuVerney, as per deed recorded in Conveyance Book 53, folio 297, of the records of the parish of St. Tammany.

Terms of sale, Cash with benefit of appraisement.
T. E. BREWSTER, Sheriff.

201-6t.
John P. Rausch vs. John E. Viltzmeier.
No. 22222.

Twenty-Sixth Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale from the honorable, the aforesaid court, and to me directed, bearing date, the 30th day of July, 1914, I will proceed to sell at public auction to the last and highest bidder, at the front door of the Courthouse, in the town of Covington, La., during legal sale hours, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1914,

the following-described property, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel, of land lying and being situated in the Parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, and more particularly described as the Northeast one-fourth of section 20, Township 6, south range, twelve east St. Helena meridian, Louisiana, and formerly containing one hundred and fifty-nine and 48-100 acres of land, but now containing thirty acres less, sold by Charles E. Kleeman (dead) during his life time to Robert G. Kleeman; also less five acres in the southeast corner of said tract nearest the company's saw mill, which was reserved by the Abita Springs Lumber Company, Ltd., leasing now in said tract at the present time, one hundred and twenty-four and 48-100 acres. Also less all standing and live timber upon said tract of land. Measuring ten inches at the top twenty feet from ground (in length) and over.

Terms of Sale—Cash.
T. E. BREWSTER, Sheriff.
T. E. BREWSTER, Sheriff.

CHARTER OF THE CHEFUNETA LUMBER COMPANY, INCORPORATED.

United States of America, State of Louisiana, Parish of St. Tammany.

Be it known that on this 19th day of August, A. D. 1914, before me, Thomas M. Burns, a Notary Public, duly commissioned and sworn in and for the parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, there residing, personally came and appeared the persons whose names are hereunto subscribed, who declared that, availing themselves of the laws of the State of Louisiana, relative to the organization of corporations they have covenanted and agreed, and by these presents do covenant and agree, bind and form and constitute themselves, as well as such other persons who may hereafter join or become associated with them, into a corporation and body politic in law, for the objects and purposes, and under the agreements and stipulations following, to-wit:

ARTICLE I.
The name and style of this corporation shall be the "Chefuneta Lumber Co., Inc., and under that name it shall have and enjoy all rights and privileges granted by law to corporations; it shall exist for a period of ninety-nine years from this day; it shall have power to contract, sue and be sued in its corporate name; to make and use a corporate seal and the same to alter at pleasure; to hold, receive, purchase, convey, mortgage, hypothecate or pledge property, both real and personal, issues, bonds, notes and other obligations; to have and employ such managers, directors, officers, agents and other employees as the interests and convenience of said corporation may require, and to make and establish such by-laws, rules and regulations for the proper management and control of the affairs of the corporation as may be reasonable and expedient.

ARTICLE II.
The domicile of said corporation shall be in the town of Covington, parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana; all citations and other legal process shall be served on the president, and in his absence on the vice president, and in the absence of both, on the secretary-treasurer.

ARTICLE III.
The objects and purposes for which this corporation is established and the nature of the business to be carried on by it, are declared to be: To construct, operate and maintain saw mills, shingle mills, planing

mills, logging railroads, roads and bridges; to purchase, lease and sell land; to construct and operate turpentine stills and retort plants; to manufacture brick, tiles and other hardware; to buy, sell and deal in its own account, logs, lumber and all sorts of merchandise and generally to do and perform any and all costs and things pertaining to the business above mentioned, connected therewith or arising therefrom, in this State and elsewhere.

ARTICLE IV.
The capital stock of this corporation is hereby fixed at the sum of fifteen thousand (\$15,000) dollars, divided into and represented by one hundred fifty (150) shares of stock of par value of one hundred (100) dollars each, which shall be paid for in cash when subscribed for, or in such manner as the Board of Directors may designate or shall be issued for labor performed, services rendered, or for the purchase of property as said Board may elect, all of which shall be common stock.

That this corporation shall be a going concern when twelve thousand (\$12,000) dollars of its capital stock is actually paid for in cash. All shares of stock shall be full paid and non-assessable, which capital stock may be increased to a sum not to exceed fifty thousand (\$50,000) dollars, in which event during the period between the call for the meeting for such increase and the meeting, the person holding stock at the time shall have the right to take shares of the additional or increased stock proportionate to the number of shares owned by them, and any shares not taken at the expiration of said period may be disposed of by the Board of Directors for the benefit of the corporation at not less than their par value. No transfer of stock shall be binding upon the corporation unless recorded upon the books.

ARTICLE V.
All the corporate powers of this corporation and the management and control of its affairs shall be vested in and exercised by a Board of Directors composed of three (3) stockholders, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all of the business. The Directors shall be elected annually by ballot by the stockholders, on the second Tuesday in January of each year. Each person shall be entitled in person or by proxy to a vote for every share owned by him, and all elections shall be held under such rules and regulations as may be determined by the Board of Directors, the Directors thus elected shall continue in office for one year, or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. No failure to elect shall be regarded as a forfeiture of this charter. Any vacancy occurring on said Board shall be filled by the remaining Directors for the unexpired term.

The Board of Directors shall, at its first meeting after its election, nominate out of its number a president, a vice president and a secretary and treasurer; said Board shall have the right to divide the office of secretary and treasurer and may elect a secretary who need not be a stockholder, but whose tenure of office shall be during the pleasure of the Board. And said Board shall have the right to appoint and dismiss the clerks, managers, secretary and other employees of the corporation as the interest and business of the same may require. Any of the Directors shall have the right to appoint by written instrument another Director as his proxy, to act in his stead at all meetings of the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE VI.
Until the election to be held on the second Tuesday in January, 1915, the following named persons shall constitute the first Board of Directors, viz: John T. Coney, postoffice Hazlehurst, Miss.; Charles T. Bradley, postoffice, Covington, La., and Henry E. Coney, postoffice, Covington, La., with said John T. Coney as president, Charles T. Bradley as vice president, and Henry E. Coney as secretary-treasurer.

ARTICLE VII.
No stockholder shall be liable or responsible for the contract debts and liabilities of said corporation, nor shall any mere informality in its organization have the effect of rendering this Charter null or of exposing a stockholder to any liability beyond the unpaid balance due on the shares owned by him.

ARTICLE VIII.
This act of incorporation may be changed, modified or altered, or this corporation may be dissolved with the assent of the stockholders owning two-thirds of the stock of the corporation, at a general meeting convened for that purpose and after at least 15 days written notice of this meeting having been given through mail, addressed to each shareholder at his last known place of residence.

In case of dissolution by the expiration of this charter or otherwise, the stockholders shall elect two (2) liquidators from among their number, to liquidate and settle the business and affairs of the company. In case of death or disability of any of said commissioners or liquidators, the survivors or the remaining liquidators shall appoint a successor to him.

Thus done and passed in my office on the day, month and year first above written, in the presence of O. M. Maddox and G. Bonduquis, competent witnesses, who have signed with said appearers, and me, said Notary, after due reading of the whole.

Original signed,
John T. Coney, Hazlehurst, Miss., 55 shares.
Chas. T. Bradley, Covington, La., 55 shares.
Henry E. Coney, Covington, La., 10 shares.

WITNESSES:
O. M. Maddox,
G. Bonduquis.
THOMAS M. BURNS, Notary Public.
A true copy.

THOMAS M. BURNS, Notary Public.
I certify that this instrument was filed for record August 20, 1914, at 10 a. m. Recorded August 20, 1914, in Charter Book 1, page 26 of the official records.
N. GILLIS, Dy. Clerk and Ex-Officio Recorder. aug29-6t

Subscribe for the ST. TAMMANY FARMER \$1.00 a year.



Protect Yourself from Fraud—and Your Children from Torture

THE trade mark you see above enters upon its **thirty-third** year of existence. It started as an emblem of **honesty** in the manufacture of footwear.

There's a lot of shoes with cheap, imitation leather in their construction, and drawn together by cheap workmanship, in sell at a price. They are invariably unbranded—unusable.

Get this point firmly fixed in your mind. This trade mark is placed on Selz Shoes for your protection. It's there because they were made in the **Royal Blue Factory in Chicago** and Selz stands back of them. If they go wrong.

The founder of the institution, bearing that name, determined that "SELZ" should never go on any pair of shoes that could not be recommended as honest throughout, and of the best leather obtainable for the purpose intended.

This reputation has been maintained through all these years, to the credit of not only the manufacturer, but the dealer who offers them to his trade.

That's why they are guaranteed in a manner that leaves no doubt.

—why you find this store specializing in Selz Shoes for men, women and children.

—why it takes the output of ten big specialty factories to supply the people of the United States with Selz Shoes.

—why over 6,000,000 people in the United States are wearing Selz Shoes today.

—why you get more for your dollar in Selz Shoes than in any other shoe you can buy.

Look at the style in those we illustrate here. Come to our store and see them, try them on, wear them. They will prove to be the best shoe you ever bought. They will, likewise, prove a great saving to you in actual dollars and cents. There's no economy in buying a pair of shoes for two dollars, that's out of shape in a few weeks and lasts only one-half as long as a Selz shoe.

People are beginning to realize this. They are demanding better shoes. They are insisting upon knowing who makes them.

Look at the children's shoes made by Selz—the Liberty Bell and Selz Waukenphast. They are made just as carefully and of the same quality of leather as the best Selz men's and women's footwear. Children need a shoe that's right in fit and wear. They need the **real** in their shoes. Come here and see the Selz Shoes for Boys and Girls. Go elsewhere first, if you like, but come here. You will then clearly understand the claims we make for the Selz Children's line.

Let your shoes this fall be Selz. They will plead their own case thereafter.

SMITH'S
"Selz Royal Blue"
STORE.

Women's gun metal lamina. Good-year style. Classic model, medium heel. Price \$3.50

Women's patterned, plain toe, cloth top, leather loup heel. Price \$4.00

Misses' Liberty Bell gun metal loup heel. Pedic model, heavy sole. Price \$2.00 to 2.50

Children's Waukenphast, wedge heel, all-leather, no nails. Price \$1.75 to 2.50

Men's Gun Metal loup heel. Standard model. \$4.00

To W. Bauer:—
Whereas the undersigned has purchased at tax collector's sale, for the taxes of the year 1913, on the 13th day of June, 1914, the following described property, to-wit:
Four lots in square 194, adjoining Mandeville.
Which property is assessed in the name of W. Bauer, as per tax deed executed by T. E. Brewster, sheriff and ex-officio tax collector of the parish of St. Tammany, La., on the 26th day of June, 1914.
Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that I have caused the said deed to be registered in Conveyance Book 63 page 526 of the official records of St. Tammany parish, La.
MISS AGNES FROSCH, Mandeville, La. aug29-3t

To Edw. Jones:—
Whereas the undersigned has purchased at tax collector's sale, for the taxes of the year 1913, on the 15th day of June, 1914, the following described property, to-wit:
Lots 1 and 3, square 116, Folsom, ward two.
Which property is assessed in the name of Edw. Jones, as per tax deed executed by T. E. Brewster, sheriff and ex-officio tax collector of the parish of St. Tammany, La., on the 26th day of June, 1914.
Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that I have caused the said deed to be registered in Conveyance Book 63, page 518 of the official records of St. Tammany parish, La.
S. D. BULLOCH, Covington, La. aug29-3t

To Edw. Jones:—
Whereas the undersigned has purchased at tax collector's sale, for the taxes of the year 1913, on the 15th day of June, 1914, the following described property, to-wit:
Lots 1 and 3, square 116, Folsom, ward two.
Which property is assessed in the name of Edw. Jones, as per tax deed executed by T. E. Brewster, sheriff and ex-officio tax collector of the parish of St. Tammany, La., on the 26th day of June, 1914.
Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that I have caused the said deed to be registered in Conveyance Book 61 page 517 of the official records of St. Tammany parish, La.
S. D. BULLOCH, Covington, La. aug29-3t