



Don't worry I will soon be well. My medicines came from the right Drug Store

We have made OUR drugstore the RIGHT drug store by using CARE in everything we do. We prepare our compounds with care; we fill prescriptions with care; we select our toilet articles and everything we place in our drug store with care.

The CARE we use makes our drug store the RIGHT drug store for you.

HEBERT'S DRUG STORE

We give you what you ASK for.

The Smith Brothers Co., Ltd., vs. Thomas Carpenter. No. 992.

Twenty-Sixth Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias me directed, bearing date December 14, 1914, I will proceed to sell at the front door of the courthouse in the town of Covington, La., between legal sale hours, on Saturday, February 6, 1915,

to the last and highest bidder, the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract of land situated in the parish of St. Tammany, Louisiana, and more particularly described as being bounded on the north by lands of John David Thomas, west by lands of Warren Thomas, south by lands of J. F. Barnes, and east by lands of S. D. Bullock, and being a part of the Jonathan Gilmore Headright No. 47, section 5, township 5 south, range 13 east, containing 40 acres, more or less, and being a part of the same property acquired by the late Mary F. Heiten, previous to her marriage to J. C. Bridges, from Erbin Cooper, as per deed recorded in Conveyance Book No. 1, page 1, and acquired by J. D. Thomas by inheritance from said Mrs. Bridges, as per judgment recorded in Conveyance Book No. 1, page 1.

1 mowing machine. 1 rake. 1 cultivator. 1 turning plow. 1 plow stock. 1 range stove. Terms of Sale—Cash, with benefit of appraisement. T. E. BREWSTER, Sheriff. ja2-6t

W. L. Young, Examiner of State Banks, etc., vs. Bahington Bros., Ltd. No. 2263.

State of Louisiana, Parish of St. Tammany, Twenty-Sixth Judicial District Court.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale from the honorable aforesaid court and to me directed, bearing date December 29, 1914, I will proceed to sell to the last and highest bidder at the front door of the court house in the town of Covington, La., on Saturday, February 20, 1915,

the following described property, to-wit:

1. Square No. 705. 2. Lot No. 1 of square No. 2643. 3. Lot No. 3 of square No. 2402. 4. Lot No. 6 of square No. 2402. 5. Lot No. 6 of square No. 2906. 6. Lot No. 1 of square No. 2803. 7. Lot No. 6 of square No. 2803. 8. Lot No. 7 of square No. 2803. 9. Lot No. 6 of square No. 2902. 10. Lot No. 116 in the town of Chalmette, acquired of Theo. Strain.

11. Lots Nos. 4 and 5 of square No. 100 or fractional square so situated in Bossier City of Abita Springs, acquired from Jones and Fickett and C. R. Young. 12. A certain tract or parcel of land and improvements, measuring 1 arpent and 20 feet front of Fountain Avenue, by 3 arpents and 50 feet on Elm street, and bounded on the north by lot No. 64 (and on the west by a line running parallel with the western line of Magnolia Avenue to the line dividing lot No. 57 from lot No. 64, the above being situated in Lewisburg.

13. The north half of double square No. 41 in the town of Mandeville, less two lots sold previously. 14. The west half of southeast fractional quarter of section 21 township 6 south, range 11 east, St. Helena Meridian, containing 43.36 acres acquired from W. L. Davenport and he from the United States by patent.

Terms of Sale—Cash, without appraisement. T. E. BREWSTER, Sheriff. ja16-6t

George J. Cousin vs. Suburban Investment Company. No. 2293.

Twenty-Sixth Judicial District Court, St. Tammany Parish, State of Louisiana.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale from the aforesaid court and to me directed, bearing date the 15th day of January 1915, I will proceed to sell at public auction at the front door of the courthouse in the town of Covington, La., between legal sale hours, on Saturday, February 20, 1915,

to the last and highest bidder, the following described property, to-wit:

1. A certain portion of ground triangular in shape fronting on the east bank of said Bayou Liberty and being part of the northwest portion of Joseph Laurant Spanish Grant, or section 28; bounded on the south by lands of Troullier (estate of Eugene) and of Joseph (Saintville) Troullier on the east and north by lands hereinafter thirdly described; which portion of ground or land is commonly known as the old saw mill site tract, partly in townships 8 and 9, south range 14 east, St. Helena Meridian, La., as aforesaid. 2. A certain tract of land triangular in shape, fronting on the east bank of Bayou Liberty, adjoining and lying to the south of the Lachaise tract, hereinafter fourthly described, and bounded on the south by the old saw mill site tract, hereinafter secondly described, and containing a superficial area of about 67.20 acres, less 1.2 acres, more or less, sold to Marcel J. Censia, on February 13, 1907, registered in C. O. B. 56, page 395 etc., of St. Tammany parish, La., said tract lying in the extreme northwest corner of the said Joseph Laurant Spanish Grant, or section 28, township 8 south range 14 east, St. Helena Meridian, La., as aforesaid. 3. A certain tract of land fronting on and lying eastward of said Bayou Liberty and generally known as the Lachaise tract or Joseph Laurant Grant, being section 37, township 8 south, range 14 east, St. Helena Meridian, La., and containing 688.60 acres, as per Government surveys. From this fourthly described property are to be deducted the following portions of ground, already sold, viz: 1. John Terrace tract, in southwest corner, sold October 7, 1909, registered in Conveyance Book No. 166, containing about ten acres, more or less. 2. Ulruss Troullier tract, in the southwest corner, sold April 21, 1910, registered in C. O. B. "6" page 769, containing about 30 acres, more or less. 3. Emer Cousin tract, in southern edge, sold on March 12, 1904, registered in Conveyance Book 69, page 160, containing 4 arpents, equal to 3.38 acres, more or less. 4. Henry Vander tract, in middle part, sold March 12, 1904, registered in Conveyance Book 69, page 152, containing 2 arpents, equal to 3.38 acres, more or less. All in accordance with sketch of said tracts of land annexed to the hereinabove mentioned act of sale and mortgage, passed before said Hero, Notary, on May 17, 1910. From the effects of said mortgage is also to be excepted the following lots of ground, sold by said Suburban Investment Company to Miss Marie Cousin and Mrs. Laurie Cousin, wife of Sidney K. Cousin, and released by act before Edward P. Cousin, Notary in New Orleans, on November 13, 1914, viz: Lots Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 of Block No. 46, of the town of Liberty, La., bounded by Salmen and Cousin Avenue, south second and South Third streets, the whole as per plan by A. G. Henderson, civil engineer, in October, 1912, said lots being situated in the property hereinabove secondly described, known as the old saw mill site tract. Terms of Sale: 1. The purchaser to pay in cash the amount of plaintiff's claim, say six thousand dollars (the amount of the three mortgages notes herein sold on Nos. 1, 2 and 3, each for two thousand dollars, dated May 17th, 1913, payable respectively in six, twelve and eighteen months after date) also accrued interest on all of the said fourteen notes, i. e., \$37,470.00 at 6 per cent per annum interest from their date to November 17, 1914, as to the unamortized notes, Nos. 4 to 14, inclusive, and the interest from May 17, 1913, until paid, as to the matured notes herein sold on Nos. 1, 2 and 3, and 5, respectively. Attorney's fees at the rate of 5 per cent on the whole amount sued for, and all costs of court and charges of suit and sale, and the taxes due on said property for the year 1914; subject, however, to a credit of \$340.00, paid on account of the interest due on all of the said above described 14 notes, and as noted on their backs. 2. The purchaser to assume the payment of the other eleven notes, numbered from 4 to 14, inclusive, the first ten thereof each for the sum of \$2000.00, and the last or No. 14 for the sum of \$1470.00, said eleven notes payable as above mentioned, in 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 54, 60, 66, 72, 78 and 84 months, respectively, at the rate of 6 per cent interest from November 17, 1914, said interest payable semi-annually. 3. The purchaser to pay the balance of the adjudication, if any, in cash. Should, however, the amount of adjudication not cover the entire indebtedness of the defendant on the property, as shown above, then 4. The purchaser will pay, in cash, the accrued interest of six per cent per annum on the entire amount of the fourteen notes above described, i. e., \$37,470.00 from their date to November 17, 1914, as to the unamortized notes Nos. 4 to 14, inclusive, as above stated, and the like interest from the date of said notes until paid as to the matured notes, numbered 1, 2 and 3, subject, however, to a credit of \$340.00 paid on account of the interest on all of the said fourteen notes, the costs of suit and sale, and the taxes for 1914 on the property, at the rate of 5 per cent on the amount sued for, and the proceeds of sale to plaintiff's claim of \$6000.00 paid in cash. 5. The purchaser to assume the payment of the said eleven unamortized notes, above secondly described, numbered from 4 to 14, inclusive, to the extent only of the pro rata amount of each of said notes, at the rate above secondly set forth. 6. The purchaser to assume the payment of the said property according to all the obligations and stipulations as contained in the original act of sale and mortgage passed before said Andrew Hero, Jr., Notary, on the 17th day of May, 1910, registered and recorded in the Conveyance and Mortgage Books as detailed under No. 4 above. T. E. BREWSTER, Sheriff. ja16-6t

Every once in awhile, a claim gains currency through newspapers and even banking and mercantile channels of publicity declaring that a special preparation has been found which after being applied upon cotton plants will protect or save the crop from ravages of the boll weevil. Despite all that has been said or proved by State and Government investigators to show the fallacy of such methods of treatment, many planters waste their time and money trying out some kind of compound. Letters can be produced by these growers which were written by them stating that they failed to obtain the least benefit from the use of the substances. That firms or members of a business concern should be deceived into advocating or practically endorsing the assertions of irresponsible experimenters or parties in the face of expert testimony is nothing less than culpable indiscretion. If the advice of State and Government specialists is to be disregarded, these planters must then take steps to expose the fakes and frauds whenever they come to notice. One of the latest to the effect that oil soaked gunny sacks or clothes when dragged over cotton plants during cultivation of fields is sufficient to leave an odor, especially if strong smelling substances like tar and moth balls, has been combined with the oil, and thus be effective enough to repel the weevil from one plowing to the next. Examination will reveal in many weevils on cotton so treated from the day following the application as before it, while conditions are otherwise the same. The use of compounds for the purpose of producing a lasting repellent scent on plants is futile. The impossibility of obtaining by such measures effective immunity of the live growth of infestation by pests is too evident. Whatever odor is given off by the preparation must be speedily dispelled in the air and can have no repellent action or even killing power active upon insects are only serviceable when used in enclosed spaces. None can be safely or feasibly applied on exposed plant growth to drive and keep away pests. Owing to the brackish waxy nature provides for covering the cotton forms, no practical way whatever of reaching or dislodging the weevils hiding under the enclosures can be devised. In speaking of sprays, poisons and fumigants or smokes, Mr. W. D. Hunter has made some convincing statements of which the following may be quoted from Farmers' Bulletin 244, U. S. Department: "An insuperable difficulty that these special preparations have encountered is the impracticability of the application in the fields. Hundreds of known substances will kill the weevil when brought in contact with it. The difficulty is to apply them in an economical way in the field." The final word of advice by the same authority deserves to be impressed upon cotton planters: "Do not go to the expense of buying special preparations for destroying the weevil. Disappointments and loss is certain to follow." G. C. LEWIS, Farm Demonstrator.

CLOSE SEASON ON BUFFALO FISH

The closed season on Buffalo fish will go into effect February 15th. The season continues closed until April 15th. The Conservation Commission has notified its agents to require from all fishermen a strict compliance with the law. Any fish of this species caught accidentally during the closed season above noted must be returned to the water alive and unharmed. The closed season on Buffalo fish in Louisiana was established under Section 27 of Act 204 of 1912 after a study of a large amount of information on the subject and its enforcement has been declared a great benefit to the fishing business in the State. The closed season on fresh water catfish and spoonbill cat goes into effect May 15, and continues until July 15. Fishermen will therefore have an opportunity to catch catfish during the closed season on Buffalo fish, and thirty days before the close of season on catfish goes into effect, Buffalo fish will again be in season.

FARMERS RECEIVING MORE FOR THEIR MILK

The average price paid to farmers for milk in 1913 was 2.849 cents a quart, according to statistics recently compiled by the Dairy Division and the Bureau of Crop Estimates. This is appreciably higher than in 1912, when the average for the entire country was 2.545 cents per quart. In order to obtain these averages, the investigators reduced all prices to a common unit, namely, the net price f. o. b. at the farmer's shipping station. It was impossible to ascertain the total quantity of milk supplied in the various sections, or at different seasons and for this reason the price per quart for each section was also considered. The averages, therefore, are not absolutely exact, for larger quantities of milk are sold at some seasons than at others. Commercially milk is bought in a number of ways, 100 pounds being the unit sometimes, while other prices are quoted per pound of butterfat, per gallon, or per can of 1-2, 3, or 4 quarts. Some dealers, moreover, offer premiums for milk richer than the ordinary, or for milk of a higher sanitary grade. The highest price will be noted, was highest in December, when the average price for the entire country was 4.3 cents a quart, and the lowest in June, when it fell to 2.3 cents. It appears that milk was at its highest in New England when the average price for December was 5.19 cents. The average price for the year was also highest in New England, 4.671. It was lowest in the West North-Central States, the year's average being only 3.503 cents, and the June average falling to 2.866 cents. The greatest range in prices was found in the Middle Atlantic States, where the December price was 4.187 cents and the June price 2.912, a difference of more than a cent and a quarter. These figures were compiled from figures furnished by milk dealers throughout the country.

KEEP IT HANDY FOR RHEUMATISM

No use to squirm and wince and try to wear out your rheumatism. Apply some Sloan's Liniment. Need not rub it in—just let it penetrate all through the affected parts, relieve the soreness and draw the pain. You get ease at once and feel so much better you want to go right out and tell other sufferers about Sloan's. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liniment for 50 cents if any druggist and have it in the home against sore throats, colds, croup, lumbago, sciatica and all ailments. Your money back if not satisfied, but it does give almost instant relief. Stry & Wells, N.Y.

SITUATION IN MEXICO MORE CHAOTIC THAN EVER

Washington, Jan. 19.—Indications reached the State Department today that General Villa is planning to withdraw his forces from Mexico City and concentrate his attention on a campaign for mastery of the military situation in the north. Official dispatches also referred to friction between the Zapata and Villa elements, but Enrique C. Llerenas, Villa's representative here, said tonight he had assurances that harmony prevailed between the two chiefs. Much uncertainty is known to exist in Mexico City. Villa's order that officials of the Northern Railway move their offices north, the activity of convention officials in packing their records, and other evidences of an impending change are looked upon by officials here as presaging another evacuation of the capitol. Such an eventuality would leave the Mexican situation more confused than ever. Officials admitted today that the exact relation of the factions never before was so indistinct. Approaching Capital. Carranza and his cabinet are set up in Vera Cruz. Their main force at Puebla, under General Coegoran, are approaching Mexico City. Gutierrez and 5,000 men who accompanied him when he quit Mexico City Friday, are somewhere between the capitol and Cuernavaca. Zapata is believed to be at Cuernavaca with the bulk of his forces. A comparatively small garrison commanded by Garza, temporary executive, holds Mexico City. Villa's forces control the railroad from Juarez to Aguascalientes as that from San Luis Potosi to Monterrey. The State Department's latest dispatch from Mexico City dated 2 p. m. yesterday, was summarized in the statement: "Mexico City is quiet, but there is much uncertainty as to what turn affairs may take. It has been widely published in Mexico City that Villa is on his way there with a large force of men. On the other hand, there are reports that he will not come farther south than Queretaro, where he is now. The general offices of the National Railways have been given orders to move north. It is stated this movement probably indicates interruption of communication over the old central line and lack of confidence in the general southern situation. "It is now known that the provisional president, with his party, went to Toluca to take automobiles containing a number of Blanco's staff, his private secretary with baggage and money and his paymaster, was captured in the suburbs of the city. It is reported that the provisional president took with him a large amount of supplies. General Pallas was quoted in a paper of January 18 as announcing the occupation of Orizaba by the forces of the convention. It also was published that Carranza is threatened. Prices are High. "There is said to be a scarcity of articles of prime necessity in the city, and depreciated currency makes prices high. "The department is in receipt of a dispatch from Monterey with reference to the departure of the followers of Carranza from that place. The dispatch states that they left there January 15 and that the army of the national convention, commanded by General Felipe Angeles and General Emilio Madero and Raur Madero, entered the city the same day. General Angeles made an address in which he expressed gratification at their cordial and sincere welcome accorded to himself and followers to the populace. In this speech General Angeles said that his army had come to offend any one on account of his belief. "It is reported that the speech of General Angeles was created a favorable impression and that the people of Monterey are especially gratified at his liberal position in connection with religious tolerance. "The dispatch further stated it was expected railroad communication between Monterey and the United States would be in effect soon via the pass and Torreon."

REFUSES TO SAIL UNDER COLOURS OF GREAT BRITAIN

Master of Cotton Ship From New Orleans Registers Protest. Washington, Jan. 19.—Since the dispatch of President Wilson's note to the Great Britain protesting against British treatment of neutral commerce, the State Department has received comparatively little information about detentions of American cargoes or ships. Officials said today they did not know whether there had been a change of policy of the British fleet or whether American ship owners were withholding their complaints on the general subject soon would result in a definite statement of England's position. The hope was expressed that the latter was not the case, for the department's chief source of information as to detentions has been the vessel owners. Ambassador Gerard cabled the State Department today the substance of a statement made to him by Captain Farley, of the American steamer Greenbriar, which arrived at Bremen a few days ago with cotton from New Orleans, after a series of detentions notwithstanding assurances by Great Britain that shipments of cotton would not be molested. Officials did not disclose the details of Captain Farley's statement, but it is said he charged that, after examining the Greenbriar's papers, a British prize crew ordered the American flag hauled down and conveyed the ship into Kirkwall, a British port. Captain Farley refused to navigate the ship while the British flag was at her mast, and claimed that through incompetent navigation by the British, three booms were swept away. He was ordered to take the ship to Leith from Kirkwall. He did so after raising the American flag, and later was able to proceed to Germany, after a delay of three days. The State Department, it is understood, is investigating the case through the American embassy in London. While the formal reply of the British government has not been made, Ambassador Page at London cabled the State Department today that Great Britain would not agree to the American proposal that, pending a decision on questions of international law involved, the steamship Dacla be permitted to proceed to Germany with the cargo of cotton she is loading at a Texas port.

BOY LOSES ARM, FATHER SUES FIRM FOR \$25,000

Benefit Pierre, of St. Tammany parish, on Monday afternoon filed in the Civil District Court on behalf of his minor son, Lucien Pierre, 16, a suit praying for judgment against the Powell Box Company, Ltd., the factory of which is located at Lacombe, La., for \$25,000 damages. The petition relates that young Pierre's right arm was caught in a piece of machinery and was ground to a pulp, necessitating amputation at the shoulder, and confining him to the Charity Hospital for more than six months, under surgical treatment.

NOTICE TO ROAD BUILDERS

Covington, La., Jan. 20, 1915. Sealed proposals will be received by the Good Roads Committee of St. Tammany parish, Louisiana, up to 11 o'clock noon, Monday, February 15, 1915, for the construction of the following highways, viz: Covington to Madisonville and Madisonville to parish line, a distance of about 11 miles. Bush to Tallisheek, about 7 1-2 miles. Pearl River to Slidell, about 7 1-2 miles. Total mileage, approximately, 26 miles. Information as to location, character of work, amount, extent and class of material, terms of payment, regulations governing manner of submitting proposals and executing contract may, on application, be obtained at the office of R. L. Aubert, secretary of Good Roads Committee, Covington, La. E. J. DOMERGUE, Chairman Good Roads Committee, St. Tammany Parish. HERMAN SCHULTZ, President Police Jury, St. Tammany Parish, La. ja23-6t

WANTED—One of the large magazine publishing houses desires to employ an active man or woman in this community to handle a special plan which has proven unusually profitable. Good opening for right party. Address with two references, Publisher, Box 176, Times Square Station, New York City. ja23-6t

A TEST FOR LIVER COMPLAINT: MENTALLY UNHAPPY—PHYSICALLY DULL

The liver, sluggish and inactive, first shows itself in a mental state—unhappy and critical. Never is there joy in living, as when the stomach and liver are doing their work. Keep your liver active and healthy by using Dr. King's New Life Pills; they empty the bowels freely, tone up your stomach, cure your constipation and purify the blood. 25 cents at the druggist. Dr. King's Astringent Salve, excellent for sores.

HEBERT'S DRUG STORE

Don't worry I will soon be well. My medicines came from the right Drug Store

We have made OUR drugstore the RIGHT drug store by using CARE in everything we do. We prepare our compounds with care; we fill prescriptions with care; we select our toilet articles and everything we place in our drug store with care.

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Cousin, and released by act before Edward P. Cousin, Notary in New Orleans, on November 13, 1914, viz: Lots Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 of Block No. 46, of the town of Liberty, La., bounded by Salmen and Cousin Avenue, south second and South Third streets, the whole as per plan by A. G. Henderson, civil engineer, in October, 1912, said lots being situated in the property hereinabove secondly described, known as the old saw mill site tract. Terms of Sale: 1. 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The purchaser to assume the payment of the other eleven notes, numbered from 4 to 14, inclusive, the first ten thereof each for the sum of \$2000.00, and the last or No. 14 for the sum of \$1470.00, said eleven notes payable as above mentioned, in 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 54, 60, 66, 72, 78 and 84 months, respectively, at the rate of 6 per cent interest from November 17, 1914, said interest payable semi-annually. 3. The purchaser to pay the balance of the adjudication, if any, in cash. Should, however, the amount of adjudication not cover the entire indebtedness of the defendant on the property, as shown above, then 4. The purchaser will pay, in cash, the accrued interest of six per cent per annum on the entire amount of the fourteen notes above described, i. e., \$37,470.00 from their date to November 17, 1914, as to the unamortized notes Nos. 4 to 14, inclusive, as above stated, and the like interest from the date of said notes until paid as to the matured notes, numbered 1, 2 and 3, subject, however, to a credit of \$340.00 paid on account of the interest on all of the said fourteen notes, the costs of suit and sale, and the taxes for 1914 on the property, at the rate of 5 per cent on the amount sued for, and the proceeds of sale to plaintiff's claim of \$6000.00 paid in cash. 5. The purchaser to assume the payment of the said eleven unamortized notes, above secondly described, numbered from 4 to 14, inclusive, to the extent only of the pro rata amount of each of said notes, at the rate above secondly set forth. 6. The purchaser to assume the payment of the said property according to all the obligations and stipulations as contained in the original act of sale and mortgage passed before said Andrew Hero, Jr., Notary, on the 17th day of May, 1910, registered and recorded in the Conveyance and Mortgage Books as detailed under No. 4 above. T. E. BREWSTER, Sheriff. ja16-6t

HEBERT'S DRUG STORE

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We have made OUR drugstore the RIGHT drug store by using CARE in everything we do. We prepare our compounds with care; we fill prescriptions with care; we select our toilet articles and everything we place in our drug store with care.

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The Smith Brothers Co., Ltd., vs. Thomas Carpenter. No. 992.

Twenty-Sixth Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias me directed, bearing date December 14, 1914, I will proceed to sell at the front door of the courthouse in the town of Covington, La., between legal sale hours, on Saturday, February 6, 1915,

to the last and highest bidder, the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract of land situated in the parish of St. Tammany, Louisiana, and more particularly described as being bounded on the north by lands of John David Thomas, west by lands of Warren Thomas, south by lands of J. F. Barnes, and east by lands of S. D. Bullock, and being a part of the Jonathan Gilmore Headright No. 47, section 5, township 5 south, range 13 east, containing 40 acres, more or less, and being a part of the same property acquired by the late Mary F. Heiten, previous to her marriage to J. C. Bridges, from Erbin Cooper, as per deed recorded in Conveyance Book No. 1, page 1, and acquired by J. D. Thomas by inheritance from said Mrs. Bridges, as per judgment recorded in Conveyance Book No. 1, page 1. 1 mowing machine. 1 rake. 1 cultivator. 1 turning plow. 1 plow stock. 1 range stove. Terms of Sale—Cash, with benefit of appraisement. T. E. BREWSTER, Sheriff. ja2-6t

W. L. Young, Examiner of State Banks, etc., vs. Bahington Bros., Ltd. No. 2263.

State of Louisiana, Parish of St. Tammany, Twenty-Sixth Judicial District Court.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale from the honorable aforesaid court and to me directed, bearing date December 29, 1914, I will proceed to sell to the last and highest bidder at the front door of the court house in the town of Covington, La., on Saturday, February 20, 1915,

the following described property, to-wit:

1. Square No. 705. 2. Lot No. 1 of square No. 2643. 3. Lot No. 3 of square No. 2402. 4. Lot No. 6 of square No. 2402. 5. Lot No. 6 of square No. 2906. 6. Lot No. 1 of square No. 2803. 7. Lot No. 6 of square No. 2803. 8. Lot No. 7 of square No. 2803. 9. Lot No. 6 of square No. 2902. 10. Lot No. 116 in the town of Chalmette, acquired of Theo. Strain. 11. Lots Nos. 4 and 5 of square No. 100 or fractional