

TELEGRAPHIC.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Secretary Seward made a speech at Auburn, New York, last night, saying the national life lately hung on the issue of victory won by war. It now hangs on the issues of reconciliation in peace. The nation must live, it must live forever, whether it receives the needed care in any emergency at the hands of our present Congress and party or at the hands of another. I agree it is altogether easier and more desirable that the work so happily begun and so successfully prosecuted heretofore shall be continued and ended under the auspices of the National Union Party and of the President and Congress as representatives of that party. I agree, therefore, that it would be a sad misfortune if the divergence between the President and Congress should work the decline and downfall of the National Union Party. Both the President and Congress might well expect to be equally involved in the calamity which should dismiss the Union party from the national councils and see with mortification the great responsibility to which the party had in that case proved itself unequal to, the duties which must then be assumed and discharged by some new and yet undeveloped political organization, but the President, Congress, statesmen and parties are of no avail when weighed against the national life. What then does the nation need? It needs reconstruction and just now needs nothing more. Let reconstruction be made the first thing rather than Congress or any of the constituency. The country exhibits at this moment this extraordinary and interesting phenomena—States not only kindred, but allied, yet hostile to each other. For such a condition mutual reconciliation is the only practical remedy. What hinders the application of that remedy in the legislative councils? The President's position is absolutely taken, well defined, and universally understood. We cannot accept less than this. We cannot require more, because, even if more were desirable, yet that more is debatable and must be the study and work, not of ourselves at this particular period, but of ourselves and our successors hereafter.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The House worked on the tax bill all day, completing its consideration by sections in Committee of the Whole. Blanks for salaries were filled up as follows: Commissioner of Internal Revenue \$5,000, Assistant Commissioner \$3,000, Solicitor \$4,000, seven heads of divisions \$2,000. The office of special Commissioners, whose duty shall be to examine the workings of the revenues and suggest amendments, was created with a salary of \$4,000.

Stevens moved that this special Commissioner be elected by Congress, and said: I am done with giving patronage to the Secretary of the Treasury when it can be avoided. He has already said he will appoint no one to office who will not sustain the policy of the President. He, this morning, distinctly so informed a member of the House, who called upon him for an appointment. It is time we built up a wall against such tyranny as this malfeasance in office. I have already ascertained that four subordinates of the President have made the same declaration. If I were a little younger, and I think I shall be in a week, I think I would let these officers know that this is a grand inquest of the nation, before which men who are guilty in office, shall be brought, and their cases presented to another tribunal to try them. [Excitement and a voice, good.] We are as recalcitrant to our own interest as to the interests of the country. If we do not stand by those who stand by us, we must take care that no more patronage shall be put into the hands of any man to be abused. It is time that we speak aloud and let our friends know that they shall not be sacrificed because they stand by Congress; because they are not tools of a recreant President. [Great excitement.] I have authentic information that this very day this course has been taken by the Secretary of the Treasury; and he has declared distinctly in Pennsylvania that he will consult nobody but a recreant, apostate Senator, who has betrayed his party and country. Subsequently Mr. Stevens withdrew his amendment for having, as Morrill suggested, accomplished his purpose in making his speech.

Very earnest efforts are being made to pass the Colorado bill over the veto, and it is said that several Senators heretofore opposing the admission will vote for it. The question comes up Tuesday, 29th, when if not sure to pass it will be further postponed. The House has finally passed the tax bill by a vote of 109 against 11, the nays being Borgen, Chandler, Eldridge, Grider, Harding of Ky., Niblack, Trimble, Marshall, Ross, Ritter, Wright. The bill is the most bulky ever passed by Congress, covering over 200 pages with a total of 50,000 lines, and 571 amendments have been made since the bill was reported from the Committee on Ways and Means. The clause levying a special tax of ten per cent. on mines, struck out by Committee of the Whole, was restored in the House. The amendment to prevent the publication of income returns was lost by a vote of 55 to 66, and the new law is like the present one in that respect.

A proposition something like that recently discussed in the Senate, for limiting the President's power of removal from office, was defeated by 57 to 66. It seems to be a well settled opinion in official quarters that Davis' trial will be postponed till October next. There seems to be good authority for deposing the statement which has been extensively published that a new indictment has been drawn up against Davis in the Attorney General's office since Mr. Speed's return to Washington.

Mrs. Davis has been in receipt of a large number of calls to-day. The President has granted her permission to remain with her husband at Fortress Monroe. Burton Harrison, Davis' private Secretary, also arrived to-night in company with one of Davis' counsel.

New York, May 26.—There have been no deaths recently from Cholera on board the hospital ship Falcon, and the patients are nearly all well. Washington, May 28.—The President has nominated to the Senate Wm. Foxson, now chief clerk of the Navy Department, to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy, in place of Capt. Fox, who has resigned. Capt. Fox has been nominated as the additional Assistant Secretary for the period of six months, under the law recently passed. The commission of Gen. Sickles as Minister to the Hague was sent him Saturday.

Democratic Territorial Convention.

In accordance with the Democratic Territorial Central Committee a Democratic Territorial Convention will be held at Boise City, on the 18th day of June, 1866, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Delegate to Congress from Idaho Territory, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention. The basis of representation was fixed as follows: One delegate for each organized county. " " every 100 Democratic votes. " " each fraction under 100 and over 50 votes, to be based upon the August election of 1865.

The following resolution was adopted. Resolved, That no delegate to the Territorial Convention be permitted to cast more than three votes by proxy, and that no delegate be allowed to cast a vote in the Convention unless he has a certificate signed by the Chairman of the County Convention and countersigned by the Secretary thereof, and that the proxy certificate be signed by the party giving such certificate and witnessed.

CHAS. C. DUDLEY, Ch'n. JOHN M. MURPHY, Sec'y.

RAISING THE PRICE OF BOARD.—At the time of Gen. Taylor's inauguration, a long, tall, hungry, ungainly fellow, whose hands hung as low as his knees when he stood up straight, made his appearance at Coleman's and took lodgings. He sat pretty near the end of the table every day at dinner, and ate inordinately. Soup, fish, fowl, desert—his enormously long arms kept sweeping around like the arms of a huge wind-mill, gathering in everything that fell within the area of a circle they described. His voracity and beastly gluttony so disgusted the other boarders that about a dozen of them went to Coleman and told him he must get rid of the fellow, or they would positively quit the house. Coleman reflected awhile, and finally thought he had hit upon a plan. So he took the fellow aside and told him that, owing to the usual crowd of people in the city, and the plethora of every hotel and boarding house, provision had become scarce and high, and he found that he was losing money, and should be compelled to raise the price of board from two dollars and a half to three dollars a day.

"Don't," said the fellow, "don't do it. I shall die if you do. It nearly kills me now to eat two dollars and a half's worth, and if you raise the price to three dollars I shall die in two days. Don't do it, if you please!"

THE DIFFERENCE.—The following is from the Oregon Herald, and contains much fact in a small space.

"No Democratic believer in the right of secession as a remedy, at the North, ever desired to see the Union destroyed. No advocate of disunion without such cause as would justify revolution at the South, acknowledged allegiance to the Democratic party. Neither Calhoun, Yancy, Rhett, Meminger, or any of their followers, would acknowledge themselves members of the Democratic party, because that party never did acknowledge the unconditional right of secession. In 1845 Yancy appeared in the Baltimore Democratic Convention and introduced a series of resolutions embodying the views of the secession party, which received six votes in the Convention. He withdrew, taking with him Moses, a Delegate from Florida, stumped Alabama against Gen. Cass, and shared in the triumph of the election of Gen. Taylor, with Horace Greely and the Northern Radicals.

It is further charged by the Radicals that the "rebels" were all Democrats. If this were true, it would not at all affect the status of the Democracy of the North, who adhered to the Union, with any fair minded man. But the charge is not supported by the facts; the official canvass will show that the votes polled for Breckinridge in the Southern States were one hundred thousand less than a majority. From this it is evident that there was not even a majority of Democrats engaged in the rebellion. Another fact will illustrate this position. In Virginia at one time the Federal armies were commanded by McClellan, Meade, McDowell and Burnside; the Confederate armies by Early, Ewell, Stonewall Jackson and Stuart. Not one of these Federal Generals had ever voted a Republican party ticket; not one of these Confederate Generals had ever voted a Democratic ticket."

MAJOR MARSHALL is now making a raid after the Chinamen murderers on the west side of the Owyhee. If the Major overtakes them and is not overpowered, may the Lord have mercy on their miserable souls—if they have any—for the troops will have none.

The Major's recommendation to abandon Camp Alvord and establish one on White Horse Creek has been approved; and he has asked leave to abandon all other old Posts, and establish one up the Malheur, one at the fork of the Owyhee and one at the mouth of Bruneau River. These points are well selected, and if made Posts with troops enough at each, make continual offensive movements, we may hope to have the savages silenced and our lives and property reasonably secure. "Let us pray"—for such consummation.—[Owyhee Avalanche.]

STAGE LINE.—Drivers for the Chico and Idaho Stage Line have been breaking in the stock the past week, making our streets look like a perpetual stage line. Captain Mullan arrived Thursday evening, and matters will be rushed along with a vim now, for the Captain is a small steam engine, and things move when he hitches to them. Our neighbors can blow off their superfluous gas. Chico "don't care a dern."—[Chico Courier.]

The Cleveland Plaindealer is responsible for the following story: "A gentleman visiting Oil City went to a hotel to stop over night. Said he, 'give me the best room you have in the house.'" "Certainly," said the landlord, "I'll give you the room Thurlow Weed occupied. Waiter, show this man to parlor D." Waiter did as ordered; found nine or ten cots each with a carpet sack therein. He seized his carpet bag, and came back swearing. "Landlord, I'd like to sleep in the room Thurlow Weed occupied, but I'll be d—d if I don't object to sleeping with the entire Black Republican party."

A little girl in Helena was lately reprovved for playing outdoors with the boys, and informed that, being seven years old, she was "too old for that now." But with all imaginable innocence she replied: "Why, the bigger we grow the better we like 'em." Grandma took time to think.

LUMBER. I. P. LAMING HAS ON HAND AT HIS Steam Saw Mill, a very large stock of LOGS from 10 to 36 feet long, and is prepared to fill orders for any amount at reasonable rates for Cash. Orders left with J. W. Wood & Co. or at the Mill receive prompt attention. [21st]

THE LATE EARTHQUAKE

AT SAN FRANCISCO!

Not as Bad as First Reported!

AS EVERY STEAMER LEAVING THERE for Portland brings still new supplies to

MILLER & BERNSTIEL,

Who now hold forth in their new and elegant

FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING!

Corner Wall and Montgomery Sts.,

IDAHO CITY.

In addition to their immense Stock of Goods already on hand which they offer at

Wholesale and Retail,

They are daily receiving from Unatilla, Dalles and Chico, Cal., a large assortment of

Groceries, the Largest and best selected stock ever offered to the public,

Provisions, of all descriptions,



SHOVELS, SLEDGES, AXES SAWS,

and a large and general assortment of shelf goods

Wines & Liquors, Foreign and Domestic, Such as

Fine French Brandies,

American Whisky, Standard Brands.

Scotch and Irish Whiskies,

Holland Gin & Fine Old Tom,

Jamaica and St. Croix Rum,

Champagne, Cabinet, Green Seal and Chas Heidsieck's Brands.

Port, Sherry and Claret Wines

AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

CASE LIQUORS and SYRUPS!

Tobacco, New Virginia, selected from a late arrival from the East,

Clothing, a heavy and well selected Stock, Together with a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Boots, India Rubber, Double and Single Sole, French Calf and Kip—Sewed and Pegged.

Crockery and Glassware, of every variety, including

HOTEL AND BAR-ROOM FIXTURES!

OF ALL KINDS,

BRACKET, SIDE, PARLOR & HANGING

LAMPS

OF ALL SIZES.

Wall-Paper, Gilt, Satin and Blanks of all styles with Velvet, Gilt and Plain—Border to match.

Carpets, Three Ply, Ingrain and Brussels, of various colors,

STAPLE DRY-GOODS

.....SUCH AS.....

Sheetings, Drillings, Bed Ticks,

AND ALL SIZES OF

BUCK FOR HYDRAULIC PURPOSES!

BLASTING POWDER & GUN POWDER

LARGE AND SMALL QUANTITIES,

Together with a large lot of the Double-tape, Waterproof

SAFETY FUSE,

QUICKSILVER,

ALL SIZES OF GLASS.

Paints, Oils, Turpentine and Alcohol.

And a general assortment of

MINERS' SUPPLIES!

NOTICE.

Our Stock of Goods have been Carefully Selected at San Francisco and purchased from First Hands, and with the facilities we possess, we are able to offer Merchants, Miners and the public in general, better inducements for purchasing of us than ever before offered, as we are determined not to be under-sold by any house in the Basin; and being supplied with Three Large Fire-Proof Cellars, all of which are filled with Goods, we give purchasers a chance to make good selections. E. MILLER, CHAS. J. BERNSTIEL, San Francisco, Cal. } CHAS. J. BERNSTIEL, Idaho City, I. T. [21st]

PINNEY'S BOOK STORE,

POST-OFFICE BUILDING,

MAIN STREET, IDAHO CITY.

The largest assortment of books and miscellaneous articles ever received in the Territory. Religious, Historical, Philosophical, Political, Legal, Medical and Miscellaneous Books

of all kinds and by all authors. Also the Latest Novels—A full supply.

School books, prayer books, Bibles, hymn books, all the poets, living and dead, memoranda, books, diaries and some

SPLENDID ALBUMS,

different varieties. Ledgers, Day Books, Alphabets, BOOKS, DRAWING and Mathematical Instruments.

CHESS MEN AND BOARDS,

CHECKER AND CRIBBAGE BOARDS, STATIONERY.

Bill and Legal Cap, Flat Cap, Note and Letter. ENVELOPES—Business and Fancy.

CARDS—Visiting and otherwise. PORTFOLIOS—For presents, offices &c.

Presses, drawing, tissue and tracing paper, bill file great variety of inks all colors, cutlery of every sort. Knives, scissors etc. Paper weights and files, calendars, games of all sorts, writing desks. Maps of Pacific coast & Idaho, by Bancroft and others. Lead pencils, Quills and pens, mullage, playing cards etc. etc.

Musical Instruments!

Guitars, Flutes, Fifes AND ACCORDEONS.

Violin strings, Opera glasses, tape measures, Ladies' work boxes, combs and brushes of every description, rubber bands and erasers. Pistols great variety. Notary Seals. Toilet soaps. Perfumery, Lubin, Bazin's and other extracts.

NEW MUSIC CONSTANTLY RECEIVED.

Large amount on hand. Winner's Instruction on the Violin, Flute, Guitar and Accordeon.

THERMOMETERS,

Lead boxes, letter clips, purses of all sorts, MEERSCHAUM PIPES,

sealing wax, and everything else the person who writes this can or cannot think of.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

Great variety, from a drum down to a finger ring, or from Wood's California Digest down to the latest Novel or Toy book. A fine assortment of

PICTURES, ENGRAVINGS, &c. &c.

The undersigned has just received and opened this new and immense stock, and is confident it thoroughly examined it will be pronounced as complete as could be desired of any business house on the coast.

CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELF,

you will find the prices reasonable and the assortment large and various enough to please the most fastidious. JAS. A. PINNEY, Nov. 2, 1865. [21st] City Book Store.

EVERYBODY

Buys their

GROCERIES, MINERS' TOOLS ETC.,

Of the new firm of

ABBOTT & CO.

At the City of PINE GROVE, on Moore's Creek, One mile above IDAHO CITY.

ABBOTT & BRO. have just received, direct from San Francisco, a large and well selected stock of

General Merchandise;

Consisting of Groceries, Miners' Tools, Sledges, Axes, Brooms, Clothing, Boots, Rope, Powder, Lead, Caps, &c.; in fact everything that constitutes a Family Grocery Store and Miner's Outfitting Establishment. They pledge themselves to sell their stock of goods as cheap as any other store in the Basin, for the Cash. Having our own wagons and teams, and no freight to pay, we are enabled to sell goods for small profits. The public are respectfully solicited to give us a call and examine our stock.

Pine Grove, June 24th. 1865-6f.

H. M. ELLSWORTH. D. CRAM.

OVERLAND HOUSE,

Corner Main and Eighth sts, Boise City.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAS RECENTLY been thoroughly refitted and improved by the present proprietors, who flatter themselves that they can entertain the traveling public in a manner not to be surpassed in this Territory.

OPEN AT ALL HOURS.

We have made large additions to the sleeping apartments, and furnished them with the

Best Beds in the Territory.

We solicit a share of public patronage. At this House may be found the General Stage Office of the Overland, Walla Walla, Unatilla, Salt Lake, Owyhee, Idaho City, and South Boise lines. n51 ELLSWORTH & CRAM, Proprietors.

International Hotel!

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE,

Placerville,

THOMAS B. HART, PROPRIETOR.

This well-known Hotel

HAS BEEN RE-OPENED

and the traveler will now find

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION

in everything he may require.

The Beds & Bedding are New,

and the TABLE well supplied. n41f.

Stoves! Tinware!!

IRON STEEL, BLASTING-POWDER, and a general assortment of Mechanic's Tools, and HARDWARE!

Tinware to the Trade at Low Rates. Tin Gutters, Tin Roofing and general job work done with dispatch at low prices. Give me a call! Wall-St, three doors below Cody's, Idaho City 341f FRANK KRAFT.

GREAT REDUCTION

PRICES OF PICTURES!

MAIN STREET IDAHO CITY,

Second Door above the Post Office.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FROM THIS DATE until further notice, will furnish Pictures of all kinds at greatly reduced prices. General satisfaction warranted. JUNK & CO., Idaho City, December 16, 1865. n41

POUJADE HOUSE,

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE,

Corner of Main and Commercial Streets.

THIS well known Hotel is again opened and ready for the accommodation of the public whom we will be happy to make as comfortable as possible. 341f

C. POUJADE Proprietor.

RALLY! RALLY!

AT HEADQUARTERS OF

LOUIS REMISH,

PIONEER CHEAP JOHN.

5,000 Men Wanted Immediately,

To wear Hats, Caps, Boots, Pants, Coats and Shirts, all of which will be found cheap for cash at the unrivaled depot.

OF LOUIS REMISH.

Who defies all competition in supplying Miners with every article of wearing apparel.

A new supply is on hand, consisting of the largest and best selected stock of

Boots and Shoes.

of every description, for the young and old of both sexes, to be found in the basin.

HATS, PANTS AND SHIRTS

at prices to suit anybody's purse. A big supply of Yankee Notions and Cutlery.

Pocket knives, and sheath knives of every description. Anything you want, you will find at

Cheap John's Emporium,

From a chew of Tobacco to a Mackinaw Blanket

REMEMBER THE PLACE

Next Door to Higby's Old Corner,

July 15, 1865. 381f

Administrator's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of George B. Sheldon, deceased.

In the Probate Court of Boise County, Idaho Territory.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT BY THE petition presented and filed by Samuel K. Goldtrap, the Administrator of the estate of George B. Sheldon, deceased; praying for an order to sell real estate, that it is necessary to sell the whole of the real estate to pay the debts outstanding against the deceased, and the debts, expenses and charges of the administration:

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that all persons interested in the said estate, appear before the said Probate Court on Monday, the 2d day of July, A. D. 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Probate Court, in Idaho City, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Administrator to sell the entire real estate of said deceased, or so much thereof as shall be necessary; and that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the Idaho World, a newspaper printed and published in said Idaho City, in Boise County, Idaho.

J. M. SHEPHERD, Judge of Probate Court of Boise County and Ex-Officio Clerk of said Court.

May 28, 1866:32w5

Territory of Idaho, County of Boise.

I, J. M. Shepherd, Judge of the Probate Court of Boise County, and ex-officio Clerk of said Court do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and correct copy of an order duly made and entered upon the minutes of said Probate Court.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Probate Court this 28th day of May, A. D. 1866.

J. M. SHEPHERD, Judge of Probate Court of Boise County n32w5 and ex-Officio Clerk of said Court.

Summons.

Territory of Idaho, County of Boise—S3. Delilah Caster vs. J. S. Caster.

In the District Court, for the Territory of Idaho, Second Judicial District.

To J. S. CASTER:

In the name of the people of the United States in the Territory of Idaho: You are hereby notified that there is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of said Territory, in Idaho City, County of Boise, the complaint of Delilah Caster, plaintiff, praying that the bonds of matrimony between you and the said plaintiff be dissolved, on the ground of neglect of the defendant, for the period of more than two years, to provide the common necessities of life; and that unless you appear and answer to said complaint within ten days after the service hereof, if served within Boise county, and within twenty days if served out of said county, but within said Judicial District, and within forty days if served out of said district, [exclusive of the day of service] default will be taken against you and a decree of divorce will be entered as prayed for in plaintiffs complaint.

In testimony whereof, I, W. B. Smith, Clerk of said District Court, have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court at Idaho City this 31st day of June, A. D. 1866. W. B. SMITH, C. D. C. C. Sims, attorney for plaintiff. n32w4

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a judgment of foreclosure of mortgage and order of sale issued out of the District Court, in and for the county of Boise, upon a judgment rendered in said Court, wherein William P. Hart is plaintiff and A. Edward Calloway, Thos. B. Hart, C. C. Higby, J. P. Butler and Wm. T. Calloway are defendants for the sum of Eight Hundred and Seventy Six Dollars, judgment and costs of suit, duly tested the 9th day of May, A. D. 1866, by which I am commanded to sell certain property, to wit: The one-fourth undivided of that certain water ditch and water right situate in Boise county, Idaho Territory, known as the "West Creek Ditch" located, constructed and used for appropriating and conducting the waters of West Creek, a tributary of Payette river, across the divide to the Placerville Basin for mining purposes, together with all the rights, privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging, or in anywise appertaining, and also all the right, title, estate and interest which the said W. P. Hart, Quimby held and owned therein on the 14th day of May, 1864, in accordance with the requirements of said order of sale.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of June, A. D. 1866, at 12 o'clock M., I will sell in front of the court house door in Idaho City, at public auction for cash the above described property to the highest bidder, to satisfy said execution and all accruing cost.

J. I. CRUTCHER, Sheriff.

Dated Idaho City, May 10, 1866:29w3

The above sale is postponed until the 16th day of June, 1866, by order of the Court.