

IDAHO WORLD.

GEO. AINSLIE, EDITOR

IDAHO CITY, I. T.

THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1872.

THE DEMOCRATIC TERRITORIAL CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Democratic Territorial Central Committee will be held in Boise City, I. T., on Saturday, March 9, 1872, for the purpose of calling a Territorial Convention and for the transaction of other important business. A general attendance of the members of the Committee is earnestly requested. R. T. MILLER, Chairman of Central Com. SILVER CITY, I. T., Feb. 5, 1872.

A SLUR.—The Statesman of February 29th, after indulging in about a quarter of a column article, complimentary of Messrs. Bomar and Morris, agent and superintendent, respectively, of the Northwestern Stage Company, concludes the column with the following fling at the Boise, Idaho and Placerville line. "Mathews' pack-train of one animal leaves daily at 7 A. M., for Idaho City, carrying the U. S. mail and Wells, Fargo & Co's Express." What complaint has the Statesman against the Basin Stage line? The people up here make no complaint except against the roads. We have been in Idaho a little longer than the editor of the Statesman, and can say that we have never before seen the roads in as bad condition as they have been for the past three weeks. We have considered ourselves fortunate in getting mails at all. It has been impossible for any kind of a vehicle, either on wheels or runners, to get over the roads for a couple of weeks or more past; and taking it through on pack animals only shows that Mr. Mathews, the proprietor of the stage line, is disposed to accommodate the people in this section in any way that he can. He has not only forwarded our mails by "pack-train" but he has, when the roads were in such condition that a horse couldn't travel, hired men to carry the mail and express on foot to the different mining camps. We are at a loss to account for this slur at the Basin line, as we believe that if any person had grounds for complaint, it would be not our neighbor in the valley, but we unfortunates who reside above the snow line.

A BIG BLAST.—On the morning of February 24th, a blast of 700 kegs of powder was exploded in the Dutch Flat Blue Gravel mine in California, doing tremendous execution. Over an acre of ground was broken up ready for washing. The blast, which was divided into 16 different sections, was exploded all at the same time, by electricity; the affair being conducted by Mr. Stephen D. Field, electrical engineer of the Electrical Construction Company of San Francisco. The success which has attended the use of powder in mining deep placer claims, especially where the gravel is firmly imbedded in cement, has resulted in its general adoption, as an aid in mining operations, by owners of such diggings, and they find that they save money and time by it. Tompkins & Lambing, of Idaho City, tried blasting with gratifying results, and we have no doubt but that it will eventually be generally followed out in many of the deep placer claims in this Basin.

DEVINE CONVICTED.—The trial of John Devine, alias "The Chicken," for the murder of August Kamp in May 1871, in San Francisco, was terminated in the Twelfth District Court, in that city, on February 28th, the jury returning a verdict of "Guilty of murder of the first degree." His counsel gave notice of a motion for a new trial, and the Judge announced that on Wednesday, March 6th, he would pass sentence on the prisoner. The evidence, although mostly of a circumstantial character, was conclusive, and there is no doubt but that the convicted murderer will suffer the full penalty of the law.

ALDERMANIC CONVICTS.—The prosecutions against the corrupt Chicago Aldermen are being vigorously conducted. Four of them have been convicted, and three of those are now serving out their time in the county jail, while the other, Burns, although convicted, has been released until the next September term of the court. If the prosecutions continue, it will probably be necessary to call a special election to fill vacancies, as the Board will, in all probability, be left without a quorum. The people will probably be a little more choice in their selections hereafter.

GIANT POWDER.—The miners of Grass Valley, California, have declared war against giant powder. Two men, who would not affiliate with the strikers, while returning home from the Eureka mine, where they had been working, were fired on by would-be assassins and one of them, named Slesce, was struck twice but not dangerously hurt.

ON THE STUMP.—Ex-Senator Neamith, of Oregon, is engaged in making political speeches throughout that state. He is a prominent candidate for the Democratic nomination for Congress, and as he is a shrewd politician, will, in all probability, stand a good show in the next convention.

BIG SALE.—The Eureka Sentinel states that the Flagstaff mine at Little Cottonwood, with the Buell furnaces, has been sold for one and a half million dollars.

THE LIBERAL MOVEMENT.

The movement inaugurated by the Liberal Republicans of Missouri for the holding of a National Convention in Cincinnati, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President, is assuming such formidable proportions as to create great uneasiness among the friends and lackeys of Grant. The platform adopted by the Missouri Liberals, is warmly endorsed by leading conservative Republicans throughout the whole country, and is rapidly consolidating and uniting all the elements of opposition to the bribed occupant of the White House. Senator Trumbull, of Illinois, in the course of some remarks recently made by him in the Senate, announced his unqualified approval and endorsement of the resolutions above referred to, while such other, hitherto prominent Republicans as ex-Secretary Cox, of Ohio, and ex-Senator Ross, of Kansas, have given in their adhesion and declared their intention of participating in the proceedings of the proposed Cincinnati convention. Grant, stolid though he is, has become thoroughly alarmed at the success which is attending the fusion of all the elements of opposition to his re-election, and his wire-pullers are already at work endeavoring to bring about a reconciliation between Grant and his disaffected brethren. Col. John W. Forney has been hastily summoned from Philadelphia, and the dispatches announce that he is actively engaged in endeavoring to heal the dissensions existing in the Radical ranks. The disaffection has existed too long, and Col. Forney will receive but his labor for his pains. Such men as Sumner, Trumbull and Schurz cannot be so easily coaxed into the abandonment of a policy which they have determined to pursue under the conscientious belief that the best interests of the country will be promoted thereby. Grant has been implacable in his hostility toward them and all their friends heretofore; and his wish at this late day to bury the hatchet, springs only from his desire and anxiety for a re-election.

Forney attempted the role of mediator between Grant and Sumner once before, but utterly failed to induce the Massachusetts Senator to bate one jot or tittle of his opposition to the plundering and thieving schemes of the Administration. Having failed to reconcile Sumner in that way, coercion was then resorted to, and he was removed from the position of Chairman of the Senate committee on Foreign Relations. They have finally become convinced that coercive measures have also failed to accomplish their object, as Sumner's hostility towards the Administration assumed a more vigorous aspect than before. Grant has therefore abandoned that line of attack, and falling back upon his old base of reconciliation, calls for his reserves in the form of mediators to pacify the ire of these recalcitrant Senators in the hope of again inducing them to enlist under the banner of the hero of Vicksburg. We have little idea that "dead duck" Forney will meet with any success in his negotiations. The dark cloud of radicalism in developing a silver lining in the shape of those liberal Republicans who, rising above party, have the honesty and manliness to openly denounce the frauds and corruption existing within their own ranks, the dishonesty and incapacity of the Administration, and, regardless of the party lash, openly proclaim their intention of supporting an honest man and a statesman for the Presidency. Well may Grant shiver in contemplating his chances for a re-election. The infamies perpetrated under his rule have rendered his administration a stench in the nostrils of the people; and the verdict of the honest masses will send the bribe-taker reeling from the White House, followed by the curses and execrations of all honest men throughout the length and breadth of the land.

REMOVAL OF MEACHAM.—The removal of Mr. A. B. Meacham from the Superintendency of Indian affairs for Oregon, seems to have been a matter of surprise to men of all parties in that State. The Oregon papers of both political parties differ as to the cause of his removal, as he was known to be a friend and admirer of ex-Senator Williams of that State, and that he labored earnestly for his re-election. The Kalama (W. T.) Beacon takes the liberty of "dipping in" on the subject and suggests the following query:

How far is his removal connected with the disbursement of that \$55,000 that the Indian Department sent through the influence of (then) Senator G. H. Williams, for the ostensible object of removing the Snake Indians from the Harney Lake country? The Indians were not removed, the money expended—and Meacham is on his travels!

If Meacham used the money to aid Williams in his endeavors to secure a re-election to the Senate, he must have done so advisedly, and in accordance with orders received direct from headquarters at Washington. We know Mr. Meacham personally, and, unless he has changed greatly in the past eight or nine years, if he is not an honest man and a gentleman, we don't believe there is one in his party. If Williams made a tool of him, and induced him to use the government funds in his interests, and to advance his chances for re-election, then old "Flax-brake" should be kicked out of his recently acquired position, and Meacham got but his deserts.

THE SCOURGE.—Smallpox has become so alarmingly on the increase in Eureka, Nevada, that the Sentinel states that where they had a population of fifteen hundred or two thousand a few weeks ago, not over eight hundred people now remain in that place.

ELECTED BY BRIBERY.—The Bribery Investigation Committee recently appointed in the Kansas Legislature, made a report to the House, on February 24th, fully substantiating the charges made against Senator Caldwell of buying the position of United States Senator. The investigation has unearthed a little more bribery and corruption than was even anticipated by the movers of the resolution of inquiry. The report, which is very long, is signed by every member of the committee, and charges bribery and corruption on both Caldwell and ex-Congressman Clarke. It was also developed that in 1861 Pomeroy secured his election to the Senate by the free use of money, and that Governor Curry and others were also mixed up in the same corrupt transaction. It was clearly proven that Caldwell himself had stated that his election cost him \$60,000, and that he had offered to refund to Clarke, his competitor for the position, all his expenses, if he (Clarke) would withdraw from the contest. The report charges that Alexander Caldwell "used bribery and other corrupt and criminal practices by himself and his friends, with his full knowledge and consent, to secure his election to the United States Senate." Fifty thousand copies of the report and evidence were ordered printed, and it was also ordered that copies of both be forwarded to each Kansas Senator, and one to the Vice President to be by him laid before the Senate. It now remains to be seen whether the United States Senate, with this mass of evidence before it, will permit a man of Caldwell's character to pollute longer a seat in that once august body. The Sacramento Union concludes that it is a question of doubt as to whether he will be expelled, for the reason that so many of the Senators are sailing in the same boat with Caldwell, that is, hold their seats under like circumstances, having procured their elevation to the Senate by the same species of bribery and corruption practiced so successfully by Pomeroy and Caldwell; rather a humiliating admission on the part of a Radical journal. If every Senator who had bought his way to the position should be expelled from that body, there would be very few outside of the Democratic members, who would retain their seats, consequently we have very little idea that the purification process will even be attempted, or if attempted, a white-washing committee will be appointed to gloss over, palliate, conceal or excuse the criminal acts of Radical Senators.

A CORPSE SOLD AT AUCTION.—The Oregon Bulletin of February 22d contains an account of the sale of a corpse, in Portland a short time ago. It appears that an auction was had of unclaimed boxes and packages that were in the warehouse of the Oregon Steam Navigation Company, which were, of course, sold pended. A man named Mitchell purchased, for a few dollars, a box which was about six feet long, tightly nailed up and fastened with cords. Upon opening it the body of a man was found wrapped in an old white blanket and partly covered with straw. The body was very much decayed, but the skeleton indicated that the man was about five feet nine inches high and of slight build. The right arm, above the elbow, appeared to have been broken or injured during the man's lifetime, and the hair, which was not long, was of a light brown color. In the box was also found a stake, such as is ordinarily driven at the head of a grave, upon which something was written with a lead pencil, but it was all illegible except the name of "Campbell." The box was marked "Michael Thomas, P. D., and H. Co., Portland." The box and contents were removed to an undertaker's establishment, and several doctors examined the remains. They found, on removing the collar and cravat, that the throat had been cut just below what is known as "Adam's apple," and the shirt at the throat also bore the appearance of having been cut with a sharp instrument. The entrails and stomach, etc., had been removed and the abdominal cavity filled with salt. A coroner's jury was impaneled, and endeavors are being made to unravel the mystery; but further than that the box was shipped from Umatilla nothing is known.

A HORRIBLE AFFAIR.—In Gold Hill, Nevada, two men named P. O'Rourke and G. W. Prentice had a difficulty in a drinking saloon, in which O'Rourke came out second best; and after Prentice went to his room to go to sleep, O'Rourke followed him and demanded a fight with pistols. Prentice, not being able to pacify him, finally told him he would go and get his pistol and gratify him. O'Rourke had his pistol in his hand, and Prentice took up a double-barrel shot-gun, and walking out of his room he met O'Rourke and turned both barrels of the gun loose on him, striking him in the stomach and cutting him nearly in two, blowing his entrails, with strips of flesh and skin all over the side of the hall. Notwithstanding the horrible nature of his wounds, the man lingered for about an hour before death put an end to his sufferings. Prentice gave himself up to the authorities, claiming that he acted in self defence.

ELECTION OF SENATORS.—The California Assembly, on February 23d, adopted a concurrent resolution, offered by Mr. Days, of Nevada county, providing for the election of United States Senators by the people instead of by the Legislature. The vote stood ayes 34—noes 21.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The celebration in honor of the recovery of the Prince of Wales, on February 27th, was the grandest ever witnessed in England. The streets of London were magnificently decorated and festooned, and spanned by triumphal arches. The royal procession left Buckingham Palace at 11:30, A. M., the Queen and the Prince in the same carriage, and as they left the Palace they were greeted with the national anthem "God save the Queen," sung by 30,000 children. One hundred and ten thousand soldiers, besides the whole London police force were out engaged in keeping the streets free for the passage of the procession from the Palace to St. Pauls, where religious services were held, the Archbishop of Canterbury officiating. The number of spectators who witnessed the procession, was estimated at four millions. It was the grandest outpouring of the people ever witnessed in Great Britain, and it is said the day was celebrated by the British everywhere throughout the world. The Senate bill setting apart the Yellowstone Valley, in Wyoming and Montana for a public park, has passed the House, and now goes to the President for his signature.

It is reported that the bar of San Francisco have united in recommending ex-Judge John Curry for the vacancy on the Supreme bench, caused by the death of Judge Sprague. General Sickles, American Minister to Spain, and George P. Marsh, Minister to Italy, are both charged with intermeddling in the politics of those two countries, and their recall requested.

General Porfirio Diaz, the leader of the Mexican insurgents, is dead. The new charter for New York City, proposed by the Committee of Seventy, passed the New York Assembly, on February 27th, by a vote of 89 to 28. The Pope of Rome has addressed a letter to the French bishops, requesting them to support the Count de Chambord for ruler of France.

CONSUMMATED.—The Statesman says that the Supreme Court, after deciding the case of Lindsay vs. Bryon in favor of the latter, then adjourned "without date." Such an infamous partisan decision is of itself sufficient cause for the adjournment of that detestable body for all time to come. We were foolish enough to "indulge in the delusions of hope" to such an extent as to believe that our supreme judicial tribunal, as at present constituted, was elevated above the narrow-minded bigotry, fanaticism and partisanship which had heretofore distinguished not only that body but Radical Courts generally. We cannot say, however, that we have any reason to be surprised at the nature of the decision announced. Radical Courts have reversed the maxim, and vox populi is not recognized as vox dei. Lewis and his negro West, have triumphed, and the people are coerced into submission. No Democrat elected to office by the voice of the people, is permitted by a Radical Court to retain his position, if the right to the office is contested by one of the "truly loyal." The day is not far distant when Radicals will be taught a wholesome regard for the rights of the people, and we only exclaim "God speed the day."

A WORK OF MERCY.—\$150,000.00 in 3000 Cash Prizes is to be distributed, Legally, March 28, 1872, at Omaha, in aid of the Sick and Destitute, at Mercy Hospital. This enterprise is endorsed by the Governor and best business men of Nebraska. The Tickets are \$3 each, or \$2 for \$5. For full particulars, address—Pattee & Gardner, Business Managers, Omaha, Neb.

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Postoffice at Idaho City, on the 7th day of March, which, if not called for within thirty days, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office:
Briggs Geo Collins John Perrin N
Bell Edw Gashwiler J W Pike John
Butler Michael Geany John Patten P S
Belle Mary Harris T S Turner F S
Cogswell A C Lass W C Train E H
Connally Mich Mesplie Rev T Wheeler N A
Chamberlain Geo Mercier Perre Wible John
Cousron Louis
Persons calling for any of the above letters will say "advertised," and give date of list.
JAMES A. PINNEY, P. M.

BORN: In San Francisco, February 26, 1872, to the Wife of A. D. SAUNDERS, a Daughter.

New Advertisements.

THOMAS BARRY COMMERCIAL STREET, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, CLOTHING, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes—a full stock. Ladies' Misses' and Children's ware, Leather and Shoe Findings, Paints Oils and Glass, Carpeting and Wall Paper, Hardware Iron and Steel; Quicksilver, Patent Medicines, and Acids; Cigars and Tobacco, Fresh Garden Seeds, etc. [mar7if]

Administrator's Notice. ESTATE OF WILLIAM BAIRD, DECEASED. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against, said deceased to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from the first publication of this notice to the undersigned at the store of Eckhart & Judge, on Main street, in Idaho City, Boise county, I. T.
JAMES JUDGE, Administrator.
Idaho City, March 7, 1872-76

ST. PATRICK'S BALL! A Grand Ball will be given by **MICHAEL GARRATY,** AT PIONEER CITY, Monday Evening March 18, 1872. Committee of Invitation: IDAHO CITY, JOHN GORMAN, STEVE BALDRIDGE, HUGH CRAIG, JOHN DONOHUE, TIM SCANLON, MATT ZAPP. GRANITE CREEK, QUARTZBURG, PIONEER CITY, JAMES MCKAY, W. COUGHANOUR, JOHN DANSHIN, JOHN NOON, DAD KNIGHT, PAT NOONAN, PETER TOWEY, JOHN SULLIVAN, JOHN VESKY. Floor Managers: W. A. Sifers, Ben Hayes. A cordial invitation is extended to all GOOD MUSIC SELECTED FOR THE OCCASION. TICKETS (including Supper).....\$5 00.

New Advertisements. WILLIAM KNOPP, PROPRIETOR. **IDAHO MEAT MARKET** Cor. Wall and Montgomery Streets. **KNOPP & CO.,** PROPRIETORS. **FRESH BEEF, PORK, MUTTON** AND MEATS OF ALL KINDS. For Sale at Wholesale or Retail. **35,000 POUNDS** OF GRAIN-FED SUGAR-CURED **HAMS, SHOULDERS & BACON** —ON HAND— Warranted to be as Represented. Which we Offer at Reasonable Rates. **WHOLESALE OR RETAIL** —AND— **WILL DELIVER BY THE QUANTITY** AT ANY POINT IN THE BASIN. **ALSO, 300 CANS** OF **FRESH SWEET LARD** FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT. Orders for Sausage, Bologna, Head Cheese, Dried Beef, Pickled Pork, Pig's Feet, &c. PROMPTLY FILLED. Idaho City, Jan. 18, 1872m3

CITY MEAT MARKET Boise City, I. T. **JOHN HAILY, PROPRIETOR.** Beef, Mutton, Pork, Lard, &c. THE FINEST IN THE TERRITORY. **CONSTANTLY ON HAND** —ALSO— **GRAIN-FED AND HOME-CURED BACON, HAMS & SHOULDERS** THE BEST IN THE MARKET, AT **WHOLESALE or RETAIL** I have also established a

SOAP FACTORY IN BOISE CITY, WHICH IS NOW IN RUNNING ORDER. And I am prepared to furnish **ANY QUANTITY** —OF A— **NO. 1 ARTICLE OF SOAP** For Family Use, Cheaper than can be got Elsewhere.

TALLOW, SUET AND OLD GREASE OF ALL KINDS, Taken in Exchange for Soap, Lard or Meat. Boise City, I. T., Jan. 18, 1872f

C. JACOBS, BOISE CITY, I. T., MANUFACTURER. ...AND... **WHOLESALE and RETAIL** ...DEALER IN... **CORN, RYE** AND WHEAT

WHISKIES A LARGE STOCK OF **HOME-CURED BACON, LARD, FLOUR, CORN MEAL** AND **PURE VINEGAR** CONSTANTLY ON HAND. Orders Solicited from all parts of the Territory. Boise City, I. T., Feb. 8, 1872f