

The Polynesian.

Vol. XIX.

HONOLULU, JULY 19, 1862.

No. 12.

The Polynesian:
PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT HONOLULU,
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Abraham Fornander, . . . Editor.

Business Cards.

BISHOP & CO.,
BANKERS,
Office in the East corner of 'Makee's Block,' on
Kauahuanui street, Honolulu.

W. A. Aldrich, J. S. Walker, S. C. Allen,
ALDRICH, WALKER & Co.,
Importers and Commission Merchants—Dealers in General
Merchandise, and Agents for the Sale of Island Produce.

JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE,
Importer and Dealer in General Merchandise,
Honolulu, H. I.

C. A. Brewer & Co.,
Commission and Shipping Merchants,
Honolulu, Oahu, H. I.

MELCHERS & CO.,
Importers and Commission Merchants
Stone Store, Kauahuanui Street, Corner Merchant,
AGENTS FOR THE

JANION, GREEN & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Fire Proof Buildings, Queen Street,
HONOLULU, OAHU, S. I.

B. F. SNOW,
DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Honolulu, Oahu, H. I.

Von HOLT & HEUCK,
General Commission Merchants,
Honolulu, Oahu, S. I.

H. HACKFELD & CO.,
General Commission Agents,
Honolulu, Oahu, H. I.

CASTLE & COOKE,
Importers & Wholesale and Retail Dealers
in General Merchandise.
Agents for Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

C. BREWER 2d,
General Merchant and Agent for the sale of the
Brewer Plantation.

A. S. GRINBAUM & Co.,
Importers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
**FASHIONABLE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES!**

JOHN RITSON,
DEALER IN WINES, SPIRITS, ALE & PORTER,
Honolulu.

WM. WEBSTER,
Land Agent to His Majesty.
Office in the King's Garden, Beritania Street 11 4

GODFREY RHODES,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
WINES AND SPIRITS, ALE AND PORTER,
Near the Post-Office, Honolulu. 11 4

SAM'L H. DOWSETT,
LUMBER MERCHANT,
Will furnish Building Material of every description, at low
prices. Orders from other Islands solicited. Yard on corner of
Port and Queen streets. 38 4

GEORGE G. HOWE,
Lumber Merchant,
Lumber Yard Corner of Queen and Nuanuu Sts
on the Paschard Premises. 24 4

UTAI & AHEE,
Wholesale Merchants,
Agents for the Aiko and Iwo Sugar Plan-
tations, Hilo, Hawaii. 23

C. H. LEWERS,
Lumber and Building Materials, Port St., Honolulu. 14 4

D. N. FLITNER,
CONTINUES his old business at the new store on
Kauahuanui street.
Chronometers Rated by observations of the sun and
stars with a transit instrument accurately adjusted to
the meridian of Honolulu. The most
conscientious attention will be given to their
repairs. Particular attention
given to fine watch repairing. Sextant and Quad-
rant glasses silvered and adjusted. Charts and
Nautical instruments constantly on hand and for
sale. 38 4

W. FISCHER,
Cabinet Maker and French Polisher,
Hotel street, opposite the Government House
32-4

Business Cards.

THOMAS SPENCER,
SHIP CHANDLER,
DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Island Produce, &c., &c., and Commission Merchant,
BYRON'S BAY, HILO, H. I.
Will keep constantly on hand, an extensive assortment of every
description of goods required by Ships and others.
The highest price paid for Island Produce.
Money advanced for Bills of Exchange at reasonable
rates. 41 4

CALIFORNIA LLOYDS.
MARINE INSURANCES.
OFFICE, Southwest corner of Washington and
Battery Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED TO
issue Marine Insurance Policies, each being responsible
for the sum written on the Policies against his own name only,
and not for the name of any other person.

F. S. PRATT & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
**WINES, SPIRITS, MALT LIQUORS,
TOBACCO AND CIGARS,**
HONOLULU, S. I.

GEORGE CLARK,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER!
Hotel Street, between Nuanuu and Mauna Kea Sts.

CHUNG HOON,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL MERCHANT,
Importer of China and other Goods; dealer in Sugars, Molasses,
Coffee, Rice, Fungus, &c. On King street, next door to
Messrs. Castle & Cooke. 43 4

Chas. F. Guillou, M. D.,
LATE SURGEON UNITED STATES NAVY
Lecturer on Anatomy to the Hawaiian Navy,
AND GENERAL PRACTITIONER.
OFFICE corner of Kauahuanui and Merchant streets
Residence at Dr. Wood's mansion, Hilo street.

R. E. WAKEMAN,
Contractor of Building and Jobbing.
45 4

B. F. EHLERS,
DEALER IN DRY GOODS, SILKS, &c.
FORT STREET, HONOLULU. 50 4

J. O'NEILL,
Painter, Paper-Hanger, &c.
Opposite Lewis & Norton's Coopers, King st. 50

ALLEN & BERRILL,
SUCCESSORS TO
GEORGE W. MACY,
Hawahiae, Hawaii.

J. WORTH,
AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed
Agent for the above Company, beg leave to inform the
public that they are now prepared to issue
MARINE INSURANCE POLICIES
On cargo, freight and treasure to all parts of the world.
Honolulu, Aug. 21, 1861. 17 4

LUMBER!
The Cargo of the barkentine "Constitution,"
NOW LANDING,
CONSISTING OF

40,000 feet tongued and grooved Boards,
20,000 feet assorted Boards,
100,000 feet assorted Scantling,
7,000 five feet pickets,
50,000 Cedar Shingles.

Sisterhood of the Sacred Hearts,
HONOLULU,
Fort St., near the Catholic Church.

THE FOURTH ANNUAL SESSION of this
Institution will commence on August 21, 1862.
Young Ladies of every religious denomination will be admitted,
provided it be previously agreed that they will conform to the
general regulations of the house.

TERMS.
BOARD & TUITION, per Quarter of Twelve Weeks, \$45.
Music, Drawing, Painting, German Language, and Artificial
Flowers, will form extra charges.

NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT THE
privilege of gathering Pua, Fungus and Arrowroot on all the
Government lands on the Island of Hawaii (with the exception
of those lands which may be sold or leased during the con-
tinuation of this privilege), has been this day granted to Mr. C.
Harris. 15 4

Foreign Advertisements.

CHAS. W. BROOKS & Co.,
Shipping and
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
128 SANSOME ST.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Particular attention given to the purchase, shipment and
sale of Merchandise, to forwarding and transhipment of goods,
the chartering and sale of vessels, the supplying of wharves,
and the negotiation of Exchange.

McRUER & MERRILL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND
AUCTIONEERS!

REGULAR DISPATCH LINE
OF
HONOLULU PACKETS

Particular attention paid to forwarding and transhipment of
merchandise, sale of wharves' bills, and other exchange, in-
surance of merchandise and specie under open policies, supply-
ing wharves, chartering ships, &c.

AGENTS OF THE
REGULAR DISPATCH LINE
OF
HONOLULU PACKETS

A. P. EVERETT,
COMMISSION MERCHANT!
VICTORIA, V. I.

WILL ATTEND TO THE SALE of Merchandise,
exported from that country. Mr. Everett is the Commercial
Agent for the United States at that port, and having already
resided there for about five years, is enabled by his acquaintance
with the country, to offer many advantages in the discharge of
any business that may be entrusted to his Office.

W. T. COLEMAN & Co.,
117 and 119 California street,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

MESSRS. C. A. FLETCHER & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND
GENERAL AGENTS
HAKODADI, JAPAN,

DEO TO INFORM OWNERS AND MASTERS OF SHIPS
about the port of Hakodadi, that they are prepared to
take consignments and do business on the usual terms. Agents,
FLETCHER & CO. can take risks on Oil, or other shipments of
Freight and cargo, and will be pleased to receive orders for
Hakodadi, Yesso, Japan, 4th July, 1860. 18 4

CHARLES BREWER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Boston, U. S. 25 4

WM. FAULKNER & SON,
131 SANSOME ST., SAN FRANCISCO,
AGENTS FOR JAMES CONNER & SONS, U. S.
Type Foundry, and Dealers in all kinds of Printing Materials.
Printers will find it to their advantage to call on us be-
fore purchasing. 8 1/2

ON SALE;
EX RECENT ARRIVALS!
THE FOLLOWING CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF GROCER-
IES at store of the undersigned.

Preserves
Fresh apples
do quinces
do peaches,
do Pears
Raspberry jam
Cranberry jam
Strawberry do, &c. &c.
Wine
French mustard
Sage
Sweet savory
Summer savory
Curry powder
Ground cassia
do black pepper
Whole do
Pimento
Ground cloves
do ginger
Cream Tartar
S. C. Soda
Fresh raisins
do currants in the
do do

100 BARRELS ONLY ON HAND!
Of the well known
KAUAI BEEF!
PACKED BY E. KRULL, at Kealia.

NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED has been informed on
good authority that great irregularity exists in the taking
and selling of the wild cattle on the mountains on Hawaii, be-
longing to His Majesty and to the Government, by parties who
claim or pretend to claim right under his Majesty's title, and
under the title of UNION & GREEN, for the transference of
the country and other causes it is almost impossible to place
agents to guard the interests of His Majesty and of the Govern-
ment, and whereas all parties having legal claims on the said
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Advertisements.

POLYNESIAN
BOOK & JOB
Printing Office!

ABRAHAM FORNANDER, PROPRIETOR.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
IN EVERY
VARIETY OF STYLE,
Executed promptly and neatly
ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

WE HAVE A MOST VARIED
assortment of material appertaining to a complete
Printing Office, and we would particularly call the attention
of our friends and the public generally, to our large
and beautiful assortment of Plain, Orna-
mental and Illuminated

CARD STOCK!
And Plain and Fancy NOTE and other Papers, which those
desiring a really good article, neatly printed, are
especially invited to call and examine.

POSTERS, BILLS LADING,
BILL HEADS, BILLS RECEIPTS,
CONSULAR BLANKS, BLANK RECEIPTS,
BUSINESS CARDS, ADDRESS CARDS,
CIRCULARS, BILLETS.

In fact, say kind of Printing, either Plain or Ornamental, on
any quality of Stock that may be desired, on terms as re-
asonable and in a style equal to anything ever executed
in Honolulu. Our specimen books are open to the
inspection of the Public, who are respectfully
invited to call and examine
for themselves.

JUST RECEIVED!
4-4 BEST FAMILY COTTONS;
American Prints (ass'td patterns):
Ladies Congress Boots,
" Calf do,
" Buff do,
" Jenny Lind do,
P. R. Denims,
Extra heavy Tickings,
Fancy Ribbons,
Black and colored Silk Velvets,
Lining Cambrics,
Ladies' and Gents' Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs,
Sup's assortment of Neckties,
American Saddles and Bridles, &c. &c.

HAIKU SUGAR COMPANY!
The undersigned offer for sale the
Sugar and Molasses!
Of their FIRST CROP, now com-
ing in!

JUST RECEIVED!
AND FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED,
Dr. S. P. Townsend's Compound Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla.
18 4

Firewood! Firewood!
FOR SALE at very reasonable rates, at
MELCHERS & Co.
47

ADVERTISE! ADVERTISE!
THE PERMANENT establishment of the "Star
of the Pacific" (Hoko o ka Pikipiki), newspaper to be
printed in the Hawaiian language, having become a fixed
fact, the undersigned respectfully notifies those desirous of
availing themselves of its columns as an advertising medium,
that its issue will be on Thursday of each week, and that
the edition to be printed is over two thousand copies. Terms
reasonable and advertisements translated gratuitously.
G. W. MILLIS, Manager.
Interior Office, 1
No. 24, 1862. 45 4

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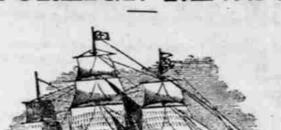
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The Polynesian.
FOREIGN NEWS!



By the arrival of the clipper bark Comet, Captain J. Smith, in 12 days from San Francisco, we have received dates from that city to June 29th, embracing telegraphic dates from the East to June 26th.

Since the battle of Chickahominy, or Fair Oaks, there has been almost daily skirmishing between McClellan's and the Rebel forces before Richmond. The former, though apparently often invited, has not thought proper to accept another battle, but is approaching the city scientifically by parallels, the first of which was made ready on the 25th.

In the Shenandoah Valley the Rebel General Jackson, with some 12,000 or 15,000 men, has out-generalled Fremont, Banks and Shields, and at one time spread consternation and terror through Washington, by his near approach to the Potomac—so much so that the Secretary of War, Mr. Stanton, hurried the most urgent request to the Governors of the loyal States to forward all the disposable forces possible for the defence of the Capital.

There is much said about Unionism in North Carolina, but, notwithstanding, Gen. Burnside is making very slow progress in that State, and the railroads leading from Richmond through that State were still in the hands of the Rebels. An expedition of 6,000 men had been dispatched from Norfolk to cut off the Petersburg and Weldon railroad, and thus prevent the retreat of the Rebels.

The Federal gunboats in the James' River had not yet been able to pass above Fort Darling, on account of obstructions in the river.

Beauregard, it is said, is at Richmond, having, after the evacuation of Corinth, succeeded in bringing his forces away in the face of Gen. Halleck, directing them eastward, and probably dividing them between Richmond and Charleston.

Gen. Price, who has already been killed some half a dozen times, is also at Richmond, and it would seem that the West of Seecession is pretty much left to its own resources.

Rumors were that Fort Morgan, at Mobile, had been abandoned, but nothing certain.

Gen. Pope, who pursued Beauregard after the evacuation of Corinth, has arrived at Washington, and between him and Beauregard there are some tall stories in regard to the losses and forces of the latter at Corinth. No one says he took 20,000 prisoners, but having no means to feed them he let them go on parole. Beauregard says that 100 or 200 will cover the amount.

There were rumors current that the Secretary of War, Stanton, would be removed, and Gen. Scott put in his place; another rumor was that Scott would replace McClellan; but they are only rumors, and not at all probable.

The Federals, having occupied Stone Inlet and river, near Charleston, S. C., landed a considerable force on James' Island, where a severe battle was fought with the Rebels, who seem to have had the best of the fight. This was on the 16th June.

Generals Buell and Mitchell were converging upon Chattanooga. What forces were there, if any, to oppose them, is not stated, unless some remnant of Beauregard's army.

The Pacific Railroad Bill passed the House on the 24th, 1862, and only awaits the signature of the President. The San Francisco journals were mighty jubilant over the event, as well they might.

In New Orleans and Memphis, the newspapers, with their titles retained, have been put under loyal (i. e., Federal) editors.

What of cotton that the owners had left unburnt in Mississippi is being destroyed by guerrilla bands.

The official reports of the respective losses at the battle of Chickahominy, Fair Oaks, Va., are thus given: Federals killed, 890; wounded, 3,627; missing, 1,217; total, 5,734. Secessionist loss, as per Richmond Dispatch, 8,000.

Utah has formally asked for admission as a State, and Brigham Young has made a speech declaring that Congress has no right under the Constitution to prescribe what laws should be enacted in the new States or Territories, because the people made their own laws, so long as they were not contrary to a Republican form of Government.

The Mississippi river was not yet open to the Federals. The space between Vicksburg and Memphis, some 400 miles, being yet held by the Rebels.

The British steamer Labanon, seized off the Rio Grande, for alleged running of the blockade, has been released by a Prize Court in Philadelphia.

We find nothing further in regard to the reclamations of the U. S. Government upon the *Emily S. Pierre*, that was retaken from a prize crew some time ago.

treats, and elude with apparent ease the decisive battle so long expected. They have sustained as yet no reverse that cannot be remedied; and although their affairs look gloomy in comparison with the progress of the Federals, still they are what might be expected in a civil war, in which one side is fighting for independence and the other for empire. Till a crisis is brought about to make the Confederates fight a great battle, and be forced to lay down their arms, or forced to negotiate, we need not anticipate a peace; but as yet no crisis is visible. The Northern press, as in duty bound, professes to believe firmly in the final success of the North. But if Northern Generals allow the Confederates to continually elude their grasp, instead of forcing matters to the last extremity, the latter may retreat from section to section of their vast country, rendering subjugation impossible."

The London Times, arguing on the slavery question, says:

"Notwithstanding all that is said on behalf of the negro, his real position is very simple. He is the denizen of a country, eight millions of the inhabitants of which are willing to allow him to exist there in the capacity of a slave, and eighteen millions are unwilling to allow him to exist there in any capacity at all. The South-frees him to labor, but not to own a home, and a home. The North insists that he shall no longer be forced to labor, but refuses him a home in the land of his birth, and, while emancipating him from slavery, denies him all the privileges of freedom. The opinion of Russia has decided that the emancipation of a portion of the land for their subsistence. No such idea is maintained in America. The black must either be a slave or an outcast. He has no choice—no immediate state between forced labor and expulsion. The opinion that would protect him against the terrible question of property has been evoked and rejected, and it may well turn out that the only point on which the two Confederates, who are pouring forth each other's blood like water, may be able to agree, will be in the destruction or expulsion of that unhappy race which has served as a pretext for their quarrel."

The New York *Times* *Record* refutes indignantly the stories of Southern barbarities got up by a certain class of politicians, and declares them to be a tissue of lies from first to last, and then goes on to say:

"Assuming, however, that all these statements are true, is the whole South to be branded and stigmatized for these exceptional atrocities? But two short years ago, we of the North would have been foremost in repelling so odious, so revolting a charge upon our National character. If these Southern men are Americans—if they are of the same blood and descended from the heroes of our Revolutionary struggle—if we are sincerely desirous of still living in union with them—is it the part of policy or patriotism to denounce them as the vilest of wretches, and to hold them up to the execration of mankind? Let us for the sake of our incalculable enemies of the Republic. Let not the people be deceived. If these Southerners are as black as they are painted, why are we so desirous of a renewed association with them? Can it be that after all this damning array of evidence they are good enough company for us as a nation? It is a strange inconsistency indeed. But this is not all; for when we bring them back we shall not only be willing to associate with them but most anxious and desirous to have them as friends. Away, then, with these vile deceptions by which the Northern enemies of the Union would create and foster an undying hatred between the two sections of the Republic. It is not by such a system of warfare that the Union can ever be established; and only those whose cowardice keeps them out of the battle-field will have recourse to such dishonorable shifts. If we must, for the preservation and integrity of the country, inflict upon them their physical and mental suffering, let us, for the sake of our national reputation, leave their character unimpaired."

Oswing Up.—We recommend the following from the *Richmond Whig* to the consideration of Northern journalists and telegraph purveyors in particular, and to the reading public of all countries in general:

"Why the report of a battle by telegraph, by letter, or by word of mouth, should deprive a man of every spark of common sense, we know not; but the fact is so. A battle is no sooner begun than we are notified by a 'reliable' dispatch that the 'whole army of the enemy will certainly be killed or captured.' This we heard in regard to Donelson, Elkhorn, Shiloh, and every other battle which has been fought. It has been claimed that the people of the North are liars, and that we of the South are truthful. This is a delusion. We are fast learning to tell as many lies, as big lies, as foolish and self-evident lies as the Yankees. Everybody knows that 'the whole army of the enemy will certainly be killed or captured,' means that the Confederates will be defeated next day. But why choose a preposterous falsehood to convey disagreeable truth? Let us say the advantage is so far on our side, but the battle is not decided yet; the enemy's reinforcements may come up? Or, when the stories of passengers by the cars are given, why not sift them, rejecting rightly all that savors of the least doubt, and reporting only what is well authenticated? Why raise false hope and false fear in the people? Another piece of stupidity on the part of our newspapers and telegraph men, is the inordinate puffing of this or that General. Endless ridicule has been heaped upon Mr. Davis by comparing him to Washington; and we have been pained to see Mr. Beauregard's name mentioned in dispatches from the battle of Shiloh. His name had his leg shot off, but the battle is not decided yet; the enemy's reinforcements may come up? Or, when the stories of passengers by the cars are given, why not sift them, rejecting rightly all that savors of the least doubt, and reporting only what is well authenticated? Why raise false hope and false fear in the people? Another piece of stupidity on the part of our newspapers and telegraph men, is the inordinate puffing of this or that General. Endless ridicule has been heaped upon Mr. Davis by comparing him to Washington; and we have been pained to see Mr. Beauregard's name mentioned in dispatches from the battle of Shiloh. His name had his leg shot off, but the battle is not decided yet; the enemy's reinforcements may come up? Or, when the stories of passengers by the cars are given, why not sift them, rejecting rightly all that savors of the least doubt, and reporting only what is well authenticated? Why raise false hope and false fear in the people? Another piece of stupidity on the part of our newspapers and telegraph men, is the inordinate puffing of this or that General. Endless ridicule has been heaped upon Mr. Davis by comparing him to Washington; and we have been pained to see Mr. Beauregard's name mentioned in dispatches from the battle of Shiloh. His name had his leg shot off, but the battle is not decided yet; the enemy's reinforcements may come up? Or, when the stories of passengers by the cars are given, why not sift them, rejecting rightly all that savors of the least doubt, and reporting only what is well authenticated? Why raise false hope and false fear in the people? Another piece of stupidity on the part of our newspapers and telegraph men, is the inordinate puffing of this or that General. Endless ridicule has been heaped upon Mr. Davis by comparing him to Washington; and we have been pained to see Mr. Beauregard's name mentioned in dispatches from the battle of Shiloh. His name had his leg shot off, but the battle is not decided yet; the enemy's reinforcements may come up? Or,