The Polynesian.

VOL. XIX. HONOLULU, JULY 26, 1862. No. 13.

The Polynesian:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT HONOLULU, Hawaiian Islands.

Abraham Fornander, ... Editor.

Business Cards.

CHAS. R. BISHOP. WM. A. ALDRICH.

BISHOP & CO.,
BANKERS,

Office in the East corner of 'Makee's Block,' on Kaahumanu street, Honolulu.

Draw Bills of Exchange on Messrs. Grinnell, Minturn & Co., New York; Henry A. Peirce, Esq., Boston; and Messrs. Morgan, Stone & Co., San Francisco.
Will receive deposits,
Discount first class business paper,
Attend to collecting, &c. &c. &c. 3-tf

W. A. Aldrich. J. S. Walker. S. C. Allen.

ALDRICH, WALKER & Co.,

Importers and Commission Merchants—Dealers in General Merchandise, and Agents for the Sale of Island Produce.
—ALSO—
Agents for the Lihue, Metcalf, and Princeville Plantations. 36-1y.

JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE,
Importer and Dealer in General Merchandise,
Honolulu, H. I.
—REFERENCES.—
His Ex. R. C. Wyllie, ... Honolulu.
B. F. Snow, Esq., ... do
C. A. Williams & Co., ... do
Chas. Brewer, Esq., ... do
Wilcox, Richards & Co., ... do
Dimond & Son, ... do
Thos. Spencer, Esq., ... Hilo.
H. Dickinson, Esq., ... Lahaina.
B. Pitman, Esq., ... San Francisco.
McRuer & Merrill, ... do do
C. W. Brooks & Co., ... do do
G. T. Lawton, Esq., ... do do
Tobin. Bros. & Co., ... [276 1y] do do
Field & Rice, ... New York.

SHERMAN PECK, Honolulu. CHAS. H. LUNT, Boston. H. A. P. CARTER, Honolulu.

C. BREWER & CO.
Commission and Shipping Merchants.,
Honolulu, Oahu, H. I.
—REFER TO—
JOHN M. HOOD, New York.
JAMES HUNNEWELL, Esq., CHARLES BREWER, Esq., H. A. PIERCE, Esq., } Boston.
MESSRS. MCRUER & MERRILL, CHAS. WOLCOTT BROOKS, Esq., } San Francisco.
MESSRS. WM. PUSTAU & Co., Hongkong.
MESSRS. PEELE, HUBBELL & Co., Manila. 20-tf

MELCHERS & CO.,
Importers and Commission Merchants
Stone Store, Kaahumanu Street, Corner Merchant,
AGENTS FOR THE
Hamburgh-Bremen Fire Insurance Company;
Pioneer Flour Mills, San Francisco;
Sale of Asegut & Reinhardt's salt beef;
Sale of sugar, molasses and other Hawaiian produce.
Consignments respectfully solicited, and all orders from the other islands and abroad promptly executed.
GUST. C. MELCHERS, Bremen;
J. D. WICKE, Honolulu;
F. A. SCHAEFER, Honolulu.
13-tf

JANION, GREEN & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Fire Proof Buildings, Queen Street,
HONOLULU, OAHU, S. I. 52-tf.

B. F. SNOW,
DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Honolulu, Oahu, H. I.

H. VON HOLT, C. TH. HEUCK.
Von HOLT & HEUCK,
General Commission Merchants,
Honolulu, Oahu, S. I 35-tf

H. HACKFELD & CO,
General Commission Agents,
Honolulu, Oahu, H. I. 35-tf

SAM'L. N. CASTLE. AMOS S. COOKE.
CASTLE & COOKE,
Importers & Wholesale and Retail Dealers in General Merchandise.
Agents for Dr. Jayne's Medicines.

C. BREWER 2d,
General Merchant and Agent for the sale of the products of the Brewer Plantation. 14-1y

A. S. GRINBAUM & Co.,
Importers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES!
And every variety of Gentlemen's superior Furnishing Goods. Store in Makee's Block, formerly occupied by W. A. Aldrich, Esq., fronting on Queen street, Honolulu, Oahu.

JOHN RITSON,
DEALER IN WINES, SPIRITS, ALE & PORTER,
Honolulu.
14-tf

WM. WEBSTER,
Land Agent to His Majesty.
Office in the King's Garden, Beritania Street tf 4

GODFREY RHODES,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
WINES and SPIRITS, ALE and PORTER,
4] Near the Post-Office. Honolulu. [tf

SAM'L H. DOWSETT,
LUMBER MERCHANT,
Will furnish Building Material of every description, at low prices.
☞ Orders from other Islands solicited. Yard on corner of Fort and Queen streets. 38 tf

GEORGE G. HOWE.
Lumber Merchant,
Lumber Yard Corner of Queen and Nuuanu Sts on the Punchard Premises. 34 tf

UTAI & AHEE,
Wholesale Merchants,
AND
Agents for the Aiko and Iwo Sugar Plantations, Hilo, Hawaii.
83] KING STREET, HONOLULU. [tf

C. H. LEWERS,
Lumber and Building Materials, Fort st., Honolulu. 14-tf

D. N. FLITNER,
CONTINUES his old business at the new store on Kaahumanu street.
Chronometers Rated by observations of the sun and stars with a transit instrument accurately adjusted to the meridian of Honolulu. Particular attention given to fine watch repairing. Sextant and Quadrant glasses silvered and adjusted. Charts and Nautical instruments constantly on hand and for sale. 28-tf

W. FISCHER,
Cabinet Maker and French Polisher,
Hotel street, opposite the Government House
48—tf

Business Cards.

THOMAS SPENCER,
SHIP CHANDLER,
DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Island Produce, &c., &c., ... and ..... Commission Merchant,
BYRON'S BAY, HILO, H. I.
Will keep constantly on hand, an extensive assortment of every description of goods required by Ships and others.
☞ The highest price paid for Island Produce.
☞ Money advanced for Bills of Exchange at reasonable rates. 41 tf

CALIFORNIA LLOYDS.
MARINE INSURANCES.
OFFICE, Southwest corner of Washington and Battery Streets.
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED TO issue "Marine Insurance Policies," each being responsible for the sum written on the Policies against his own name only, and for himself and not for others or any of them.
JOHN PARROTT, GEORGE C. JOHNSON, N. LUNING, JAMES PHELAN, LAFAYETTE MAYNARD, | JAMES DONAHUE, WILLIAM E. BARRON, JAMES OTIS, JAMES B. HAGGIN, J. MORA MOSS.
ALDRICH, WALKER & CO., Agents, Honolulu, H. I.
51 tf

F. S. PRATT & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES, SPIRITS, MALT LIQUORS, TOBACCO and CIGARS,
HONOLULU, S. I.
REFER BY PERMISSION TO
Messrs. C. A. Williams & Co., ... Honolulu.
" Wilcox, Richards & Co., ... "
C. Brewer 2d, Esq., ... "
A. J. Cartwright, Esq., ... "
J. D. Richards & Sons, ... Boston, U. S.
H. Webster & Co., ... San Francisco.
J. Spalding, Esq. ..... Salem, U. S.

GEORGE CLARK,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER!
Hotel Street, between Nuuanu and Mauna Kea Sts.

CHUNG HOON,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL MERCHANT,
Importer of China and other Goods; dealer in Sugars, Molasses, Coffee, Rice, Fungus, &c. On King street, next door to Messrs. Castle & Cook. 49y

Chas. F. Guillou, M. D.,
LATE SURGEON UNITED STATES NAVY
Late Consular Physician to American Seamen,
AND GENERAL PRACTITIONER.
OFFICE corner of Kaahumanu and Merchant streets
Residence at Dr. Wood's mansion, Hotel street.
☞ Office hours from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M., at other hours inquire at his residence. 26-tf

R. E. WAKEMAN.
Contractor of Building and Jobbing,
☞ ALSO—Wheelright, Carriage Making and Repairing.—King street, Honolulu, opposite the City Market.
43 tf

B. F. EHLERS,
DEALER IN DRY GOODS, SILKS, &c.
FORT STREET, HONOLULU. 50y

J. O'NEILL,
Painter, Paper-Hanger, &c.
Opposite Lewis & Norton's Cooperage, King st. 50

ALLEN & BERRILL,
SUCCESSORS TO
GEORGE W. MACY,
Kawaihae, Hawaii.
Will continue the General Merchandise and Shipping business at the above port, where they are prepared to furnish the justly celebrated Kawaihae Potatoes, and such recruits as are required by Whale Ships, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. 9 tf

J. WORTH,
AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
☞ Ships supplied with Recruits and money advanced on Bills of Exchange.
HILO, Hawaii. 43 y

CALIFORNIA MUTUAL
MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
SAN FRANCISCO.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed Agents for the above Company, beg leave to inform the public that they are now prepared to issue
MARINE INSURANCE POLICIES
On cargo, freight and treasure to all parts of the world.
H. HACKFELD & CO.
Honolulu, Aug. 21, 1861. 17-tf

Sisterhood of the Sacred Hearts.
HONOLULU,
Fort St., near the Catholic Church.
THE FOURTH ANNUAL SESSION of this Institution will commence on August 2d, 1862.
Young Ladies of every religious denomination will be admitted, provided it be previously agreed that they will conform to the general regulations of the house.
The course of Education for Boarders will comprise Reading, Writing, Grammar, Composition, Elocution, Arithmetic, Geography, use of Globes, History (sacred and profane), Chronology, Mythology, Logic, French and German Languages, Book-Keeping, Music (Vocal and Instrumental), Drawing, Painting, and all kinds of Fancy Needle-Work.
The Sisters being aware that all education is imperfect without the knowledge of the Law of God, will devote themselves with the most sedulous care, to the religious instruction of their Catholic pupils, without neglecting to inculcate in the minds of the others the general principles of Christian morality. The most conscientious attention will be given to form their manners and to train them up to habits of order, neatness and industry.
The diet will be wholesome and abundant.
The health of the pupils will be the object of constant and maternal solicitude, and at all times they will be under the immediate superintendance of their teachers.
TERMS.
BOARD & TUITION, per Quarter of Twelve Weeks, $45.
Music, Drawing, Painting, German Language, and Artificial Flowers, will form extra charges.
☞ No extra charge for the French Language.
Payments to be made quarterly in advance. Persons residing at a distance are requested to have a responsible agent in the city of Honolulu.
No reduction made in case of children being withdrawn before the expiration of the quarter.
Tuesdays and Saturdays will be the appointed days for parents to visit their children.
On the first Saturday of each month the Boarders will be allowed to go out with their parents or guardians, but never with any other, without a written permission from said parents or guardians. They must return to the establishment before 6 o'clock, P. M., the same day.
Postage, stationery, washing and mending, Doctor's fees and medicines, will be chargeable to the parents.
For further particulars, application may be made to Sister MARIA JOSEPHA. 40 y

ADVERTISE! ADVERTISE!
THE PERMANENT establishment of the "Star of the Pacific," (Hoku o ka Pakipika), newspaper to be printed in the Hawaiian language, having become a fixed fact, the undersigned respectfully notifies those desirous of availing themselves of its columns as an advertising medium, that its issue will be on Thursday of each week, and that the edition to be printed is over two thousand copies. Terms reasonable, and advertisements translated gratuitously.
G. W. MILLS, Manager.
☞ At the Polynesian Office. 2.-tf

For Sale.
AT THIS OFFICE—Counting House Almanac and Hawaiian Register.

Foreign Advertisements.

CHAS. WOLCOTT BROOKS, W. FRANK LADD, EDWARD F. HALL, JR
CHAS. W. BROOKS & Co.,
Shipping and
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
123 SANSOME St.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
☞ Particular attention given to the purchase, shipment and sale of Merchandise, to forwarding and transhipment of goods, the chartering and sale of vessels, the supply-ing of whaleships, and the negotiation of Exchange.
☞ EXCHANGE ON HONOLULU in sums to suit.
ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
—REFER TO—
B. F. Snow, ... Honolulu.
C. Brewer & Co., ... "
J. S. Walker, ... "
H. Hackfeld & Co., ... "
B. Pitman, ... Hilo.
James Hunnewell, ... Boston.
Henry A. Peirce, ... "
Chas. Brewer, ... "
Thayer, Brigham & Field, ... "
Sutton & Co., ... New York.
Swift & Allen, ... N. Bedford.
33 tf

D. C. McRUER, J. C. MERRILL.
McRUER & MERRILL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND
AUCTIONEERS!
AGENTS OF THE
REGULAR DISPATCH LINE
OF
HONOLULU PACKETS
Particular attention paid to forwarding and transhipment of merchandise, sale of whalemen's bills, and other exchange, insurance of merchandise and specie under open policies, supplying whaleships, chartering ships, etc.
117 and 119 California-street,
SAN FRANCISCO Cal.
REFER TO—
Messrs. D. C. Waterman & Co., ... Honolulu
" C. Brewer & Co., ... "
Capt. B. F. Snow, ... "
A. P. Everett, Esq., ... "
Messrs. Gilman & Co., ... Lahaina.
B. Pitman, Esq. ..... Hilo. [23-tf

A. P. EVERETT,
COMMISSION MERCHANT!
VICTORIA, V. I.
..... REFERENCES: .....
Messrs. McRuer & Merrill, ... San Francisco.
" C. W. Brooks & Co., ... "
His Ex. R. C. Wyllie, ... Honolulu. H. I.
B. F. Snow, Esq., ... "
Messrs. Aldrich, Walker & Co., ... "
48 tf

RICE & Co.,
Shipping and Commission Merchants,
DEALERS IN
SHIP CHANDLERIES, &c.,
HAKODADI, JAPAN,
WILL ATTEND TO THE sales of Merchandise, as also to the purchase and shipment of all kinds of Goods exported from that country. Mr. RICE is the Commercial Agent for the United States at that port, and having already resided there for about five years, is enabled by his acquaintance with the country, to offer many advantages in the discharge of any business that may be entrusted to their House.
..... REFER TO .....
Wm. T. Coleman & Co., ... New York,
John H. Aldrich, Esq., ... "
I. Howland, Jr., & Co., ... New Bedford.
Charles Scudder & Co., ... Boston.
Alden Sampson, Esq., ... Augusta, Me.
Richard D. Rice, Esq., ... "
McCondry & Co., ... San Francisco, Cal.
C. Wolcott Brooks & Co., ... " "
D. C. Waterman & Co., ... Honolulu, S. I.
Aldrich, Walker & Co., ... "
49 tf

MESSRS. C. A. FLETCHER & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND
GENERAL AGENTS
HAKODADI, JAPAN,
BEG TO INFORM OWNERS AND MASTERS OF SHIPS about to visit the port of Hakodadi, that they are prepared to take Consignments and do business on the usual terms.
☞ By arrangements with Home Insurance Offices, Messrs. FLETCHER & CO. can take risks on Oil, or other shipments of Produce hence.
Hakodadi, Yesso, Japan, 4th July, 1859. 18 tf

CHARLES BREWER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Boston, U. S. 35 tf
☞ Refer to R. W. Wood and C. Brewer 2d.

WM. FAULKNER & SON,
131 SANSOME ST., SAN FRANCISCO,
AGENT FOR JAMES CONNER & SONS, U. S. Type Foundry, and Dealers in all kinds of Printing Materials.
☞ Printers will find it to their advantage to call on us before purchasing. 8 1y

On Sale;
BY RECENT ARRIVALS!
THE FOLLOWING CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF GROCERIES, at the store of the undersigned:

Preserves	Fresh oysters
Fresh apples	do lobsters
do quinces	Sardines
do peaches,	French capers
do Pears	English pickles
Raspberry jam	do pie fruits
Cranberry jam	do sauces
Strawberry do, &c, &c, &c.	do mustard
Mince meats	French mustard
Sage	Hops
Sweet savory	Soap
Summer savory	Tins of water, butter, sugar,
Curry powder	oyster, soda and wine crack
Ground cassia	ers
do black pepper	Smoked hams
Whole do	do herrings
Pimento	Best Oolong tea
Ground cloves	Preserved salmon
do ginger	Green corn
Cream Tartar	Crushed sugar
S. C. Soda	Loaf do
Fresh raisins	Haxall flour
do currants in tins	&c. &c. &c.

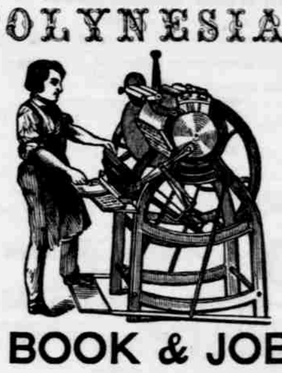
N.B. Fresh Island Butter and Ground Coffee always on hand.
17 tf H. McINTYRE.

100 BARRELS ONLY ON HAND!
Of the well known
KAUAI BEEF!
PACKED BY E. KRULL, at Kealia.
For sale by
VON HOLT & HEUCK,
83tf Corner Fort and Merchant streets.

NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT THE privilege of gathering Pulu, Fungus and Arrowroot on all the Government lands on the Island of Hawaii (with the exception of those lands which may be sold or leased during the continuation of this privilege), has been this day granted to Mr C. C. Harris. L KAMEHAMEHA.
Home Department, 30th July, 1859. 15 tf

Advertisements.

POLYNESIAN



BOOK & JOB
Printing Office!
ABRAHAM FORNANDER, - - PROPRIETOR.
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
IN EVERY
VARIETY OF STYLE,
Executed promptly and neatly
ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
WE HAVE A MOST VARIED
assortment of material appertaining to a complete Printing Office, and we would particularly call the attention of our friends and the public generally, to our large and beautiful assortment of Plain, Ornamental and Illuminated
CARD STOCK!
And Plain and Fancy NOTE and other Papers, which those desiring a really good article, neatly printed, are especially invited to call and examine.

POSTERS,	BLANKS,
BILL HEADS,	BILLS LADING,
CONSULAR BLANKS,	BLANK RECEIPTS,
BUSINESS CARDS,	ADDRESS CARDS,
CIRCULARS,	BILLETS.

In fact, any kind of Printing, either Plain or Ornamental, on any quality of Stock that may be desired, on terms as reasonable and in a style equal to anything ever executed in Honolulu. Our specimen books are open to the inspection of the Public, who are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.
☞ N. B. All kinds of FANCY PRINTING in Colors and in Bronze, done with care and in a style not to be surpassed on these Islands.

TABLES
OF POSTAGE TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES
The Asterisk indicates that in cases where it is prefixed, unless the letter be registered, the prepayment of Foreign Postage is optional; the Hawaiian Postage to be prepaid *in all cases.*

	HAW.	U. S.	TOTAL.
United States, East, *	5	12	17
San Francisco City, *	5	3	8
Inland California, Oregon & Utah Ter, *	5	5	10
Mexican Ports,	5	12	1
Panama (New Granada),	5	22	27
Peru,	5	24	29
Bolivia, Chile and Equador,	5	36	41
Canada & Brit N American Provinces, *	5	17	22
Great Britain, *	5	31	36
German States, Prussia and Austria, *	5	32	37
Russia and Poland, *	5	39	44
Belgium and Holland, *	5	23	28
Lauenburg, Lombardy and Altona, *	5	35	40
Denmark, Holstein and Switzerland, *	5	37	42
Norway, *	5	48	53
Sweden, *	5	44	49
Brazils,	5	47	52
Canary Islands and Maderia,	5	67	72
Cape of Good Hope,	5	35	40
Cape De Verd Islands,	5	67	72
Cuba and British West Indies,	5	22	27
West Indies not British, (except Cuba)	5	46	51
St Thomas,	5	30	35
Azores, (via Southampton and Lisbon)	5	65	70
St Helena and Mauritius,	5	35	40
Ports in the Pacific by Ships direct,	5		

All letters to and from foreign countries, (France and the British North American Provinces excepted), are to be charged with single rate of postage, if not exceeding the weight of half an ounce; double rate if exceeding half an ounce, but not exceeding an ounce; quadruple if exceeding an ounce, but not exceeding two ounces, and so on, changing two rates for every ounce or fractional part of an ounce over the first ounce.

To France and Algeria.

Foreign postage on letters for the above countries is 15 cents not exceeding the weight of ½ ounce; double that rate if exceeding ½ ounce but not exceeding ½ ounce, and so on, an additional rate being charged for each ½ ounce or fractional part of a ½ ounce, with the addition of Hawaiian postage, at the rate of 5 cents for each ½ ounce or fractional part of a ½ ounce in weight, with 2 cents sea postage added to the total amount.

By Sealed Mail to Great Britain direct.

Hawaiian Postage *only*, collected at the rate of 7 cents for each ½ ounce in weight.

Postage on Newspapers must be prepaid.

	HAW.	U. S.	TOTAL.
Any part of the United States,	2	1	3
Great Britain,	2	2	4
France,	2	2	4
German States,	2	6	8
British North America,	2	1	3
Pacific South American Ports,	2	6	8
Mexico and Panama,	2	2	4
Islands in the Pacific—Australia, China and East Indies, by Ship direct,	2		

Pamphlets and Bound Volumes.

Hawaiian Postage *only*, collected on pamphlets and bound volumes to *all* foreign countries.
For each pamphlet containing 40 pages or less, 4 cents.
" " " " from 40 to 150 pages, 8 "
For bound volumes, 2 cents an ounce or fraction of an ounce.
Newspapers and periodicals to foreign countries, (but particularly to the Continent of Europe,) must be sent in narrow bands open at the sides or end, otherwise they are chargeable with letter postage. A. K. CLARK, P. M. G.
Post Office, Honolulu, Aug. 1st, 1859.

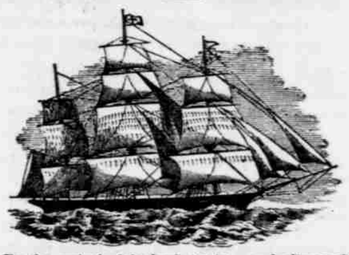
NOTICE.
WHEREAS THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN INFORMED on good authority that great irregularity exists in the taking and killing of the wild cattle on the mountains on Hawaii, belonging to His Majesty and to the Government, by parties who claim or pretend to claim right under bills of sale from His Majesty or from the Government, and whereas, from the nature of the country and other causes it is almost impossible to place agents to guard the interests of His Majesty and of the Government, and whereas all parties having legal claims on the said wild cattle have already had time sufficient, if they have used due diligence to remove the same:
Now therefore, the undersigned hereby gives notice to all parties who purchased wild cattle running on the mountains on Hawaii, previous to the 1st day of January 1857, to remove the same if not already removed, on or before the 1st day of May next, after which time, parties taking wild cattle will be prosecuted
Interior Office, Jan. 24, 1858. } L. KAMEHAMEHA. 48-tf

NOTICE!
THE undersigned beg to inform their friends that they have established a branch of their house at VICTORIA, V. I., under the management of Mr. Henry Rhodes and under the style of JANION & GREEN, for the transaction of a general Commission business. Particular attention will be paid to consignments of Sandwich Island produce.
JANION, GREEN & CO.
Honolulu, May 10, 1859. 2-tf

Wanted,
10,000 LBS. TAMARINDS.—The subscriber will pay 3 cents per pound for Tamarinds in the shell, or 5 cents without the shell.
6 tf FREDERICK HORNE.

The Polynesian.

FOREIGN NEWS!



By the arrival of the bark *Kathleen* and clipper ship *Storm King*, the former on Saturday last, in 16 days, and the latter on Monday, in 15 days, from San Francisco, we have dates from same place to July 5th, Eastern Atlantic to July 2d (telegr.), European to June 15.

The bark *Yankee*, Claxton, arrived at San Francisco, hence, on the 3d, in 16 days.

No vessel from San Francisco would be likely to touch here until the return of the *Yankee*, unless the bark *Delaware*, advertised for Shanghae, by Messrs. C. W. Brooks & Co., did oblige us by leaving some later dates explanatory of the second Chickahominy battle and its results.

The telegraphic intelligence, so far as it goes (July 2d), is, as usual, extremely vague and unsatisfactory. From the small and often confused information that it does give; it is evident, however, that a most severe and sanguinary battle had been fought before Richmond, in which the Federal troops were not victorious, on the 26th and 27th of June. Of the details of the battle it is impossible to gather any connected or coherent account. It would seem that the Federal right wing was outflanked, and obliged to fall back, that the center and portions of the left sustained a most terrible fight during the greater portion of the two days, during which time its base of operations from the White House, a place in connection by railroad with West Point and the York river, was evacuated, and all its stores, ammunition, etc., embarked for Fort Monroe, there to await the orders of McClellan. It is further stated that after considerable fighting on the left, McClellan had passed with 40,000 men through White Oak Swamp, on which his left rested previous to the battle, and succeeded in opening communication with the Federal gunboats in the James' river, having his new base of operations at about Key Bend, a place 12 miles above City Point by river, about 6 miles W. by S. by land from Fort Darling, about 11 or 12 miles below Richmond by land, and about 21 miles by water. The San Francisco journals endeavor to give the impression that Gen. McClellan had previously determined to change his base of operations, so as to reduce Fort Darling and be able to approach Richmond on the left bank of the James river, supported by the Federal gunboats; and that, in the act of thus changing his position, he was attacked at disadvantage by the Rebels. Whether this be a correct solution or not, the telegrams afford no means of deciding. All we know is that the telegrams of the 25th June, so far from giving any indication of such a change, spoke of a very successful attack by Hooker's division, by which an important advance had been gained; that a first parallel had been constructed, and that heavy siege guns had been ordered up from Yorktown, some of which had already arrived. This being on the very day before the battle, certainly did not look like an intention to change the entire base of operations, especially as by so doing the whole country northeast of Richmond was left open for so enterprising a man as Jackson to intercept and fight in detail McDowell's *corps d' armee*, which, it was said, had received marching orders to join McClellan from Fredericksburg. Be this as it may, the only definite thing we can gather is that Gen. McClellan, instead of resting on the head of York River, has swung round so as to rest on some portion of the James River, accessible to the gunboats. Of the losses of this terrible battle, there are no reliable accounts; some place the Federal loss at 10,000 and the Rebel loss at 5,000; but nothing is certain. Another levy of 200,000 volunteers is talked of. Up to July 2d the War Department at Washington had not received exact information of the state of affairs in front of Richmond, but as soon as received would publish them, good or bad. In Washington, it was believed, on the 27th, that Jackson was still in the Shenandoah, when, as reports from the battle-field state, he and his whole force was engaged during both days before Richmond.

Vicksburg had been attacked by Porter's mortar fleet on the 27th. Generals Bragg and Pillow had collected an army of about 30,000 men in the neighborhood of Vicksburg.

The repulse of the Federals on James Island, opposite Charleston, S. C., on the 16th June, is confirmed. Reported loss, 668. Gen. Hunter had returned to Beaufort, leaving Gen. Benham intrenched on James Island, under cover of the gunboats, with orders not to attempt another attack until reinforced. Later intelligence says that the steamer *Vanderbilt* and two schooners had been dispatched to James Island to convey the Federal troops back to Hilton Head.

The forces under Fremont, Banks and McDowell have been consolidated into one army, called the Army of Virginia. Gen. Pope has been especially assigned by the President to the chief command. Fremont, Banks and McDowell still remain in command of their respective corps.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The Senate to-day passed a bill granting the proceeds of sales of public lands in alternate sections on each side of the Northern Pacific Railroad, to aid its construction, beginning at Superior City, on Lake Superior, thence to a point on the west line of Minnesota, and through the Territories to the head waters of the Columbia river, with a branch to Puget Sound. It is provided that no money shall be drawn from the Treasury to build the road until it is derived from the sale of lands. A Board of Engineers is appointed to locate the route provided for.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The President has approved and signed the Pacific Railroad Bill and Internal Tax Bill.

The latest quotation of gold in New York was 9 1-4 per cent. premium; but reports by the *Storm King* has it that gold was at 17 per cent. premium.

The currency question in the United States as between gold and Treasury paper are assuming prominent proportions in the discussions of the day. It is admitted that Treasury paper is a legal tender, but, seeing the great discount at which it is held compared with gold and silver, the question is whether it is honorable to pay in paper now what is only worth $91 or $83 in specie, for $100 in specie obtained when paper and specie were at par.

We copy from the *Bulletin* of the 5th inst. the following, as throwing some light on the condition of things, commercially, in that country:

"In passing to other items of telegraphic news, we are struck, first with the rapid appreciation of gold and the advance in Sterling Bills; and in casting about for the causes of this fluctuation, nothing is apparent, save only the projected increase of legal tender notes to the extent of $150,000,000 more—a bill to that purport having passed the lower House of Congress. Whether this be sufficient to account for the surprising result advised, in the very face of the Revenue Bill, which has been looked forward to as the great bulwark of National Credit, our readers must judge. We can hardly so regard it, but must believe that other causes have been operating, which, in the brevity of telegraphic communication, are not disclosed. In this connection we may remark that a sudden and somewhat important decline had taken place in British funds. Consols had receded more than 2 per cent. within a week; and from our regular advices we learn that the abundance of the British money market was giving place to some indications of stringency, and an advance in the rate of interest. An exchange paper says: 'Applications for discount were very heavy, not only at the Bank and in London, but throughout the country. Merchants in England do not wait, as we do here, till pressure comes upon them, to seek money; but upon the first appearance of any probability of a corner, crisis, or movement, rush into the discount market at once, and lay ample anchorage to the windward. This demand was not attributed to the Turkish and Russian Loan payments, but to an undefined fear of some great political movement being about to occur—some castling by the unfathomable Napoleon.' Another paragraph in the same paper speaks of uneasiness in regard to the American question, as tending to restrict loans, and stiffen the pockets of capitalists. The existence of a speculative feeling is also alluded to as leading to the same result. We are unable to judge fully of the significance of these circumstances, but deem it proper to lay them before our readers. They may indicate one of those merely ephemeral changes which not unfrequently arise from causes purely imaginary, and our next reports may exhibit no trace of them. In glancing at other points of interest presented in our commercial advices as adapted to affect financial matters in a greater or less degree, we may mention a decline in breadstuffs: and a considerable advance in the price of cotton. Upon these two articles a large amount of the foreign exchanges of the country is predicated. Although but a small portion of the latter is usually dispatched from northern ports, yet the great volume of bills drawn against it centres there for negotiation and re-exchange. Such was the case last year, but it is not so the present year. The crop has not been moved. Of course the bills have not been drawn, and their absence in Eastern markets is now felt to be a serious inconvenience. Says a leading New York paper: 'The necessity of opening up the southern ports for the shipment of cotton, tobacco, and other articles of southern produce, in order to keep our foreign exchanges in a safe condition, is becoming every week more apparent.' The advance in cotton is not a favorable indication, and yet we are advised of demonstrations of loyalty at New Orleans, showing a very marked and gratifying change since the date of our previous intelligence. The incongruity of these two statements we cannot explain, but venture to suggest that whatever may be the fate of last year's crop, it may be true, as stated, that the planting of the present year has been upon a greatly reduced scale. It may also possibly be true, that other editors have been placed in charge of the New Orleans *Bee* and *Delta*, of whose new-fledged loyalty the telegraph informs us, by General Butler himself in lieu of those expelled by him, and for the express purpose of teaching the rebels sound doctrine 'nolens volens.' These and some other points must be cleared up before we can arrive at satisfactory conclusions. In regard to breadstuffs, we observe that the arrivals in market continued to be very heavy, and prospects of the growing crop had greatly improved, promising another abundant yield; the demand for export had fallen off; freights to Europe were declining. From England and the Continent advices of the growing crop in the various grain districts of the Old World were exceedingly favorable. The years of dearth had, apparently, been succeeded by a year of great plenty. As yet, however, it is too soon to speak with any degree of assurance; but should expectations be realized, grain must inevitably rule low, and its value in our schedule of exports figure much beneath the aggregates of the preceding year. An Eastern writer says: 'If Europe has an average harvest this summer, the large exports of breadstuffs and provisions we have been enabled to ship for the last two years, owing to deficient crops there, must decrease seriously after July, and this change in our foreign exports will aggravate dangerously the foreign drain of specie, because our imports promise to be larger than those of last year.'"

The following private dispatch from A. A. Sargent, member of Congress, dated Washington, July 1st, has been received here (San Francisco): "The Senate Tariff Bill has passed the House unchanged. The duty on paddy, ¾ of a ct. per lb.; cleaned rice, 1¼c., but may be changed in Senate. Warehousing privileges extended for one year."

Europe—Dates to 15th June.

In Italy, Victor Emmanuel is following up his voyage to the South by passing over to Sicily; everywhere received by the liveliest sentiments of affection and trust.

Nothing yet decided upon as regards Rome. Great difference of opinion is said to obtain between the advisers of the Pope, whether, in view of certain eventualities, it would more comport with the dignity of the Pope to leave Rome or to remain. Pius IX. has personally pronounced in favor of the last. Should the first alternative prevail, it appears that Wurzburg will be the choice of residence.

Francis II., ex-King of Naples, is very sick with the small-pox.

The rumors of the approaching evacuation of Rome by the French are constantly gaining in consistency and strength.

It is thought that the meeting of several hundred Catholic Bishops and Prelates at Rome, in the month of May, had not solely for object the canonization of the Japanese Martyrs; but that the present state of the Church and of Christendom, and the peculiar position of the Pope, would receive the most careful and thorough consideration of the representatives of that Church from every part of the world.

The news of an offensive and defensive treaty between France and Italy is confirmed.

The Vice King of Egypt arrived at Rome on the 8th of May, and at Marseilles a few days after.

The gambling houses and lotteries at Wisbaden have been prohibited.

Insurrections had taken place in several places in Portugal, but been suppressed.

In Ashton, England, a town represented in Parliament by Mr. Milner Gibson, one of the Cabinet Ministers, a public meeting had been held for the purpose of petitioning for the recognition of the Confederate States. The meeting was moved by the manufacturing districts of the country, and was looked upon as opening the ball for others in the same direction.

The Archduke Maximilian, in a letter to the Emperor Napoleon, has declined the Mexican throne.

A military conspiration among a great number of Russian officers, in favor of Poland, had been discovered at St. Petersburg.

From China we learn that Prince Kung, the Regent during the minority of the Emperor, has issued an edict instituting a quasi representative government in China, composed of a grand council of the provinces, meeting every year, for two months, in Pekin. The council will consist of two members from each province, chosen by the Emperor from a list of ten names selected by the Governor and fifty of the most prominent men of the province. The members of the Grand Council are chosen for six years.