

Handsome New Silks FOR Shirt Waist Suits

All the pretty new silks now being shown, including a fine assortment in checks, hair lines and fancy stripes in black, white, silver shades and all fashionable colors. \$1.00 per yard upwards.

WASH TAFFETA SILKS in black, white and all colors. Will not crack and guaranteed to wear. \$1.00 per yard.

PURE WHITE PONGEE SILK, guaranteed to wash and wear. Width 27 inches. 90 cents per yard.

WOOL ETAMINES in black, white and colors. Double width at 90 cents per yard upwards.

HANDSOME ALPACAS in black, white and all the newest shades. From 75 cents a yard upwards.

PRETTY LACE CURTAINS. A complete line of the most up-to-date patterns including: Nottingham, White Bobbinet, Swiss Ruffled, Fancy Net, Arabian, Irish Point and the new Cottage Curtain.

Another lot of new goods came in the "Alameda" and will be opened in a few days.

N. S. SACHS' DRY GOODS CO., LTD., Cor. Fort and Beretania Sts.

Camara & Co. LIQUOR DEALERS

Corner Merchant and Alakea Streets.

BOCK BEER, \$2.00 A DOZEN QUARTS.

White Seal Champagne, qts. and pts., European Wines and Brandy, Bulldog Brand Stout and Ale, A. B. C., Budweiser, Pacific, Rainier and Primo Beers, In qts. and pts.

Telephone Main 492. P. O. Box 664

CONVENTION

The Republican Territorial convention will be called to order next Monday morning at ten in Progress hall. The present plan is to adjourn until 7:30 in the evening and do the business of the session then. One evening's session, it is believed, will be enough.

Senator W. C. Achi is mentioned among Oahu members for chairman of the convention. A. G. M. Robertson has also been spoken of, but as he is a candidate for delegate to Chicago, he is not considered in the fight for the chairmanship. Senator Crabbe is in favor of having a Hawaiian man in the chair, and H. L. Holstein is spoken of. One objection urged against him is the case of Robertson, in that he has been chairman already.

The Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai delegates are expected on the Saturday and Sunday island steamers. The

half rates offered for delegates by the steamship companies has served to encourage travel, and it is believed that there will be a very fair attendance. Senator Crabbe, chairman of the Territorial committee, will call the convention to order.

The contest for the national delegations is little changed. The result is largely dependant upon the decision of the convention as to the methods of nomination and election, whether the choices of the respective districts shall be controlled or not.

Some of the delegates to the convention want to make changes in the Territorial Central Committee, and an effort will probably be made to reorganize the committee. This may give rise to some lively contests aside from those for the delegations, in which there is great interest.

TO LEGALIZE SIX MONTHS' BILL

The Senate took important action this morning as the result of the decision yesterday by the Supreme Court in declaring the warrants issued under the six months appropriation measure illegal. Just before the close of the session this morning Senator McCandless, chairman of the Finance Committee, moved a reconsideration of House Bill No. 1.

The Supreme Court had, said Senator McCandless, knocked out the six months appropriation bill and all warrants up to June 30, 1904 are illegal. In order to legalize them it was necessary for the legislature to put in an item in the House Bill No. 1 covering those items. It was preferable to amend the present bill as that could be done in a day whereas to pass a new bill would require six days. He offered the following amendments to the bill, which had been suggested by the Governor Carter, strike out of the title the word "appropriating" and insert "providing for," and strike out "during the period commencing with the first day of July 1904, and ending with the thirtieth day of June 1905" so that the title will read as follows:

"An Act Providing for Salaries and Pay of Employees of the Territory."

NEW SECTION.

"Section 6.—This act shall take effect on the first day of July 1904, except section 5 thereof, which shall take effect on the date of its approval."

Owing to some slight error in the typewriting the Senate referred the matter to the Finance Committee. The committee will probably report on the measure at the session his afternoon.

Senate Bill No. 17 providing for the sale of bonds empowering the governor to dispose of the bonds as he decides best came up on third reading. There was little discussion over the measure but when the vote was taken the ballot stood 4 to 5. Senator Achi gave notice that he would move for a reconsideration of the vote at 2 p. m. A few minutes later a reconsideration was taken on motion of Senator Kalaupokalani. The report of the Finance Committee recommending the passage of the measure was read. A vote was then taken and the measure passed by a unanimous vote.

Senate Bill No. 15 regarding a public depository for government funds came up on second reading. The finance committee reported in favor of tabling the measure. This report was adopted and the measure tabled but subsequently through a mistake on the part of Senator Kalaupokalani a motion to reconsider the matter was made. He desired to bring bill No. 17 up for reconsideration but No. 15 was mentioned by him through mistake. On the reconsideration of Bill No. 15 the measure was again tabled.

House Bill No. 5 relating to malicious injury came up for second reading and was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Senate took a recess until 2 p. m. today. It is expected that the Senate will complete its work by Saturday.

Is your house insured?
And your furniture?
Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Ltd.,
Insurance Department.
I'll be glad to write policies for you.

June 11th Races

(Continued from page one.)
dash free for all. Purse \$150 and Primo Cup to be won twice by same owner.

TWO BILLS SENT TO GOVERNOR

The House killed the new jury law this morning, voting to indefinitely postpone it. This is the law passed by the Senate and it was on second reading in the House. It cuts out all jury fees as far as the Territory is concerned, forcing jurors in criminal cases to serve free and requiring litigants who want jurors to pay for them. Yesterday the House put back appropriations for jury fees in the expenses bill, and when the jury law came up this morning its indefinitely postponement was moved.

Andrade, who is one of the authors of the bill, objected. He said that the bill had been prepared with care by a number of attorneys and moved that it be referred to the Judiciary Committee. The vote was a close one, but the motion to indefinitely postpone carried. In a caucus held later efforts were made to bring about a reconsideration and it is understood that another effort to pass the bill will be made.

The Torrens land court bill passed third reading and now goes to the Governor. It provides for a fee system un-

der which the Torrens court may be maintained and repeals the appropriations for salaries of judge and clerks as contained in the original Torrens act. Senate Bill Nos. 12 and 13, relating to the payment of current accounts, passed on second reading. House Bill No. 4, amending the law regarding payments of salaries to deputy assessors, came back with the slight amendment made by the Senate. The House immediately concurred in the amendment, and the bill now goes to the Governor.

On motion of Kellinoh, Senate Bill No. 1, which passed final reading yesterday, was taken up for reconsideration, in order that it might be amended so that it would include provision of appropriations to cover expenses incurred since January 1 last, in view of the Supreme Court's decision yesterday in the test case.

Representative Kellinoh introduced a petition from Maui, for payment of the expenses incurred under the County government act, during the brief reign of county officers on the island. The amount is over \$3,000. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee.

THE ISTHMIAN CANAL PROJECT

Panama canal treaty between the United States and Colombia signed January 23, 1903.
Treaty ratified by the United States Senate March 17.
Rejected by Colombian Senate August 17.
Panama revolts and establishes a new republic November 3.
Republic of Panama officially recognized by the United States November 13.
Canal treaty between the United States and the Republic of Panama signed November 18.

The treaty with Colombia provided for the payment to that country of \$10,000,000 upon the ratification of the convention and for the annual payment of \$250,000 after the lapse of nine years. The width of the canal zone was fixed at ten kilometers, or about six miles. The treaty with the Republic of Panama provides for the payment of the same amount of money, but the canal strip is increased to ten miles. This zone, the cities of Colon and Panama with their harbors excepted, is granted to the United States in perpetuity with all the rights, power and authority of sovereignty. The Republic of Panama also grants to the United States in perpetuity a monopoly for the construction, maintenance and operation of any system of communication by means of canal or railroad across its territory between the Caribbean sea and the Pacific ocean. Other salient features of the treaty are:

The United States guarantees and will maintain the independence of the Republic of Panama.

The United States is given the right of eminent domain over lands within the cities of Panama and Colon that may be necessary for canal work or for the construction of public and sanitary works.

No customs duties are to be collected by the Republic of Panama at any of the ports leading to the canal, that being left to the United States. These ports are to be free to the commerce of the world and no duties or taxes are to be imposed except upon merchandise for consumption in the rest of the republic.

The canal shall be neutral in perpetuity.

Panama agrees to annul all treaties that may be in conflict with the present one.

The United States shall have the right to use its police and its land and naval forces and to establish fortifications for the protection of the canal and the ships using it.

Lands for coaling stations are granted to the United States.

A commission of four men, two to be appointed by each country, is to decide all disputes that may arise.

President Roosevelt in his message to the first session of the 58th Congress said regarding the canal:

By the act of June 28, 1902, the congress authorized the president to enter into treaty with Colombia for the building of the canal across the Isthmus of Panama; it being provided that in the event of failure to

Continued on page 6.

Governor Takes Up Results Of Test Case

Governor Carter and Auditor Fisher began early this morning on preparations of amendments to Senate Bill No. 1, which passed yesterday in the house and was about to be sent to the governor, to meet the situation created by the decision of the Supreme court yesterday in the appropriation test case. The bill was taken up for reconsideration today. Chief Justice Frear was also in conference with the other officials during the morning.

The Supreme court's decision of yesterday afternoon in the "test case" makes all the warrants drawn under the six months bill since January 1, last illegal. Most of the warrants in question are not registered having been held by the auditor, but some of the salary warrants were sent out and have been registered and some have been cashed. The banks took some of these though they were in doubt, while refusing some of the 18 months warrants which were never in question. The court held that the governor and treasurer might draw warrants under the appropriation bills of 1901, but these are declared to be wholly unfit for the present conditions. Since the bills were passed there have been numerous departmental changes and the scale of appropriations is very different in the six months bill from those of 1901. There are also positions in the late bill not existing at all in the former, which would make it impracticable, it is claimed, to draw warrants under the 1901 bills for the expenses which have been incurred while running under the six months bill.

The items of expense represented by the illegal warrants will be added as new appropriations, to the bill now nearly through the legislature. This will make an extension of the session unnecessary, while introduction of a new bill at this time would force an extension at least until next Tuesday. Members of both the Senate and House who came from the other islands are intending to return to their homes by the steamers of next Tuesday.

The Supreme court decision would have forced an immediate call for a special session now, if the legislature were not already in session.

WORKERS FOR THE CHINESE HOSPITAL

A meeting of the Ladies' Society of the Chinese Hospital was held on Wednesday afternoon at Mrs. Dickey's residence, where the following officers were appointed: President, Mrs. S. M. Ballou; vice-president, Miss Whitman; second vice-president, Mrs. Webb; treasurer, Mrs. C. H. Dickey; secretary, Mrs. Ernest Waterhouse; assistant secretary, Mrs. Ah Sue. The members of the Ladies' Committee are as follows: Mesdames Fuller, Berger, Ballou, Dickey, Webb, Ah Sue, Tong, Wong Leong, L. Ahlo, Kim Chang, Ayau, Goo Kim, Chuck Hoy, Miss Pinder, Miss Whitman, Miss Wood, Mrs. Merrill and Mrs. Waterhouse.

Mrs. Berger, Mrs. Webb and Mrs. Chang were appointed to investigate furnishing nurses' rooms.

It was voted to hold future meetings the first Monday of every month at Mrs. Fuller's residence, Corner Nuuanu and School streets, at 10 a. m.

The committee wish to express their thanks to the public and to everyone who helped to make the fair a success. The sum of nine hundred dollars was realized at the fair.

CASE DISMISSED.

Judge Gear this morning dismissed two cases of the Hawaiian Electric Company vs. W. W. Thayer, trustee in bankruptcy for W. C. King. There is no funds in the estate to pay the amounts sued for, and the cases were abandoned. The case of the Oriental Life Insurance Company vs. W. S. Shing was also dismissed this morning, plaintiff consenting to a nonsuit.

MORE CARE WITH MAIL

The Federal Grand Jury made its final report this morning having finished all its work in four days. The jurors returned eleven indictments and made a report in which greater care is urged in the post office in the delivery of mail matter. Saburo Adachi is indicted again for perjury.

The term business was very quickly disposed of. The jurors were sworn in on Monday and this morning they were discharged, paid off, and happy that they didn't have to go feebly like the Territorial jurors. Judge Dale thanked the jurors for their earnest work and public spirit. The report is as follows:

"Honorable Sanford B. Dole, Judge of the United States District Court of the Territory of Hawaii.

"Sir: The Grand Jury, empaneled, sworn and charged by you on the 11th day of April A. D. 1904 having concluded its duties, begs to submit herewith the following report:

"The United States Attorney has brought to the attention of this Grand Jury several cases, all of which have been carefully investigated and considered, and in eleven cases true bills have been found and are now returned to your Honorable Court; and in two cases no bill has been returned, as the evidence presented was not deemed sufficient to warrant a conviction.

"Referring to one of the two cases in which no bill was returned, that of the United States v. Juan Storer, charged with taking and detaining mail directed to another person, we desire to express our opinion that the post office authorities at the post office at Honolulu should exercise more care in seeing that mail is delivered to the persons to whom the same is addressed than was shown to have been exercised in the case we have investigated.

"In one of the cases investigated by the Grand Jury it appeared from the evidence that a Japanese man and woman were intermarried in the Territory of Hawaii during the present year, notwithstanding the fact that the woman in question had been previously married to another man in Japan. While we were uncertain as to whether or not the man and woman so intermarried were informed that a marriage consummated in Japan was valid in the United States, we nevertheless deemed it advisable to return indictments in the case in question, in order that the Oriental population resident in this Territory should be fully advised that marriages consummated in their own country will be recognized here, and that violation of the marriage laws will be punished.

"No other investigations were taken up but those presented by the United States Attorney.

"A list of the cases investigated by this Grand Jury and in which true bills of indictment have been found, is hereto attached and made a part of this report.

"In conclusion we desire to express to the Court our appreciation of the manner in which cases were brought to our attention. Through our session no delays whatever have occurred; the cases presented were well prepared by the United States Attorney; and his assistant; and through the efforts of the United States Marshal, witnesses in these cases were always on hand. It was largely through the work of the United States Attorney's office and the Marshal's office that we were enabled to complete our work in so short a time."

List of cases examined, in which true bills or indictment have been found:

United States v. Saburo Adachi; perjury.

United States v. Torakichi Shoda; importation of women for purposes of prostitution.

United States v. Hikotaro Yoshinaga; adultery.

United States v. Kobuke Niuchi; forgery postal money order.

United States v. Shichiro Murakami and Maska Makumoto; adultery.

United States v. Naka Matsumoto; bigamy.

United States v. Ougi Shigematsu, Kunitaro Suga and Nadi Tsunekichi; holding a person to a condition of peonage and selling a person into involuntary servitude; two counts.

United States v. Ougi Shigematsu, Kunitaro Suga and Nadi Tsunekichi; conspiracy.

United States v. Nadi Tsunekichi; adultery.

United States v. Yonekichi Kimura; illicit distilling and carrying on business of distiller. Two counts.

United States v. Frank Testa; mailing obscene matter.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Pursuant to a Decree made by the Honorable J. T. De Bolt, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, filed on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1904, in a cause entitled H. Hackfeld & Company Limited, vs. J. M. McChesney and The First National Bank of Hawaii at Honolulu. Bill to foreclose a mortgage, Equity Division No. 1385, the undersigned, as Commissioner duly appointed, will expose for sale at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, subject to confirmation by the court.

ON SATURDAY, MAY 14TH A. D. 1904 at 12 o'clock noon of said day at the mauka (front) entrance to the Judiciary Building, in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, all the right title and interest of the Mortgagor in and to the following described property to-wit:

- First. All that certain piece or parcel of land situate at Kalia, Waikiki, Honolulu aforesaid, and more particularly described as follows:
- Beginning at a point on mauka side of Waikiki road, 250 feet on S. 27-40 E. True from the East corner of Waikiki and Kalia Roads and running as follows, to-wit:
1. S. 27-40 E. True 219 feet along Waikiki Road.
 2. S. 68-30 W. Mag. 128 feet.
 3. N. 29-00 W. Mag. 78.5 feet.
 4. S. 63-30 W. Mag. 114.2 feet.
 5. N. 36-30 W. Mag. 128.5 feet.
 6. S. 87-00 W. Mag. 178 feet.
 7. N. 52-15 W. Mag. 84 feet.
 8. N. 19-30 W. Mag. 67 feet to the Kalia Road.
 9. N. 49-20 E. True 72 feet along Kalia Road.
 10. N. 47-20 E. True 178 feet along Kalia Road, to Lot 9 for Lau Yin.
 11. S. 27-40 E. True 300 feet along Lots 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13.
 12. N. 47-20 E. True 116 feet along Lot 13 and road 16 feet wide to the corner of Lots 6 and 7.
 13. 27-40 E. True 50 feet along Lot 7 to James Powell.
 14. N. 47-20 E. True 110 feet along Lot 7 to James Powell to the initial point; containing an area of 85,511 square feet, more or less; and being parts of L. C. Award 2081 to Kaoneanea and Apana 2, L. C. A. 2083 to Kahloahoa and being the same premises conveyed to said Mortgagor by Lau Chong by deed dated July 8th, 1896, of record in the Hawaiian Registry of Deeds in Liber 167, pages 13 to 15.

Second.—All and singular those three certain pieces or parcels of land situate at Puueo, District of Hilo, Island of Hawaii, being Lots 1, 2 and 15, in Block 2 respectively, of the survey of the Puueo Lots, made by E. D. Baldwin, which said Lots are more particularly described as follows:

- Lot Number 1, Block 2: Beginning at the Southwest corner of this Lot on Puueo Street, which point is North 18-20 West (true) 190 feet from the Southwest corner of Lot 1, Block 4, and running: North 18-20 West (true) 75 feet along Puueo Street, North 79-15 East (true) 150 feet along Lot 2; South 18-20 West (true) 75 feet along Lot 18; South 79-15 West (true) 150 feet along Lot 1, to the point of beginning and containing an area of 11,124 square feet.
- Lot Number 15, Block 2: Beginning at the Southeast corner of this Lot, on Kennedy Avenue, which point is North 79-15 East (true) 225 feet from the North corner of Puueo and Kennedy Streets, said North corner of streets, being North 18-20 West (true) 190 feet from the Southwest corner of Lot 1, Block 1, and running: South 79-15 West (true) 75 feet along Kennedy Avenue; North 18-20 West (true) 150 feet along Lots 1 and 2 to ship's spike; North 79-15 East (true) 75 feet along Lot 5, South 18-20 East (true) 150 feet along Lot 17 to the point of beginning and containing an area of 11,124 square feet and being the same premises conveyed to said mortgagor by the Hilo Sugar Company by deed dated April 22nd, 1897 of record in the said Registry of Deeds in Liber 167, pages 350 to 352.
- Terms of sale are cash in U. S. Gold Coin. Deed at expense of purchaser. For further particulars inquire of Messrs. Kinney, McClanahan & Cooper at their offices, Rooms 302-306, in Judd Building on Fort Street, Honolulu, T. H., or to the undersigned at his office in the Judiciary Building.
- P. D. BELLETT, JR.,
Commissioner.
- Dated at Honolulu, Oahu, April 8th, 1904.
- April 11, 14, 18, 21, 25, 28, May 2, 5, 9, 12 and 15.

TESTA IS INDICTED

F. J. Testa, editor of the Independent was indicted this morning by the federal Grand Jury on a charge of sending obscene matter through the United States mail. There are three separate counts in the indictment, setting forth three dates on which it is alleged that the independent contained matters unfit for the mail. Testa surrendered himself in court after hearing of the indictment and at the suggestion of District Attorney Breckons his personal bond for \$1,000 was taken.

BY AUTHORITY

NOTICE.

Traffic across the Waikiki Bridge, Honolulu, (near the Park), will be stopped between the hours of 3 a. m. and 3 p. m. on Monday, April 18, 1904, while the present timber bridge is being moved to the mauka side of the H. R. T. & L. Co.'s track.

C. S. HOLLOWAY,
Superintendent of Public Works,
Department of Public Works, April 14, 1904.

Want ads in the Star bring quick results. Three lines three times for 25 cents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE SITUATED AT KALIA, WAIKIKI, DISTRICT OF HONOLULU, ISLAND OF OAHU, AND AT PUUEO, DISTRICT OF HILO, ISLAND OF HAWAII, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

Pursuant to a Decree made by the Honorable J. T. De Bolt, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, filed on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1904, in a cause entitled H. Hackfeld & Company Limited, vs. J. M. McChesney and The First National Bank of Hawaii at Honolulu. Bill to foreclose a mortgage, Equity Division No. 1385, the undersigned, as Commissioner duly appointed, will expose for sale at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, subject to confirmation by the court.

ON SATURDAY, MAY 14TH A. D. 1904 at 12 o'clock noon of said day at the mauka (front) entrance to the Judiciary Building, in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, all the right title and interest of the Mortgagor in and to the following described property to-wit:

- First. All that certain piece or parcel of land situate at Kalia, Waikiki, Honolulu aforesaid, and more particularly described as follows:
- Beginning at a point on mauka side of Waikiki road, 250 feet on S. 27-40 E. True from the East corner of Waikiki and Kalia Roads and running as follows, to-wit:
1. S. 27-40 E. True 219 feet along Waikiki Road.
 2. S. 68-30 W. Mag. 128 feet.
 3. N. 29-00 W. Mag. 78.5 feet.
 4. S. 63-30 W. Mag. 114.2 feet.
 5. N. 36-30 W. Mag. 128.5 feet.
 6. S. 87-00 W. Mag. 178 feet.
 7. N. 52-15 W. Mag. 84 feet.
 8. N. 19-30 W. Mag. 67 feet to the Kalia Road.
 9. N. 49-20 E. True 72 feet along Kalia Road.
 10. N. 47-20 E. True 178 feet along Kalia Road, to Lot 9 for Lau Yin.
 11. S. 27-40 E. True 300 feet along Lots 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13.
 12. N. 47-20 E. True 116 feet along Lot 13 and road 16 feet wide to the corner of Lots 6 and 7.
 13. 27-40 E. True 50 feet along Lot 7 to James Powell.
 14. N. 47-20 E. True 110 feet along Lot 7 to James Powell to the initial point; containing an area of 85,511 square feet, more or less; and being parts of L. C. Award 2081 to Kaoneanea and Apana 2, L. C. A. 2083 to Kahloahoa and being the same premises conveyed to said Mortgagor by Lau Chong by deed dated July 8th, 1896, of record in the Hawaiian Registry of Deeds in Liber 167, pages 13 to 15.

Second.—All and singular those three certain pieces or parcels of land situate at Puueo, District of Hilo, Island of Hawaii, being Lots 1, 2 and 15, in Block 2 respectively, of the survey of the Puueo Lots, made by E. D. Baldwin, which said Lots are more particularly described as follows:

- Lot Number 1, Block 2: Beginning at the Southwest corner of this Lot on Puueo Street, which point is North 18-20 West (true) 190 feet from the Southwest corner of Lot 1, Block 4, and running: North 18-20 West (true) 75 feet along Puueo Street, North 79-15 East (true) 150 feet along Lot 2; South 18-20 West (true) 75 feet along Lot 18; South 79-15 West (true) 150 feet along Lot 1, to the point of beginning and containing an area of 11,124 square feet.
- Lot Number 15, Block 2: Beginning at the Southeast corner of this Lot, on Kennedy Avenue, which point is North 79-15 East (true) 225 feet from the North corner of Puueo and Kennedy Streets, said North corner of streets, being North 18-20 West (true) 190 feet from the Southwest corner of Lot 1, Block 1, and running: South 79-15 West (true) 75 feet along Kennedy Avenue; North 18-20 West (true) 150 feet along Lots 1 and 2 to ship's spike; North 79-15 East (true) 75 feet along Lot 5, South 18-20 East (true) 150 feet along Lot 17 to the point of beginning and containing an area of 11,124 square feet and being the same premises conveyed to said mortgagor by the Hilo Sugar Company by deed dated April 22nd, 1897 of record in the said Registry of Deeds in Liber 167, pages 350 to 352.
- Terms of sale are cash in U. S. Gold Coin. Deed at expense of purchaser. For further particulars inquire of Messrs. Kinney, McClanahan & Cooper at their offices, Rooms 302-306, in Judd Building on Fort Street, Honolulu, T. H., or to the undersigned at his office in the Judiciary Building.
- P. D. BELLETT, JR.,
Commissioner.
- Dated at Honolulu, Oahu, April 8th, 1904.
- April 11, 14, 18, 21, 25, 28, May 2, 5, 9, 12 and 15.

TRENT & CO.

928 FORT ST.
Commission Merchants
AGENTS AND BROKERS
Telephone Main 261.