THE PACIFIC
Commercial Advertiser.

Foreign Summary.

The cavalry, volunteer and regular, now in service under the U. S. government, is said to number over 50,000.

The Paris papers announce the death of the distinguished French naturalist, Mr. Isidore Geoffroy Saint Hilaire.

King Victor Emanuel opened the new railway at Ancona on the 12th Nov. amid immense popular enthusiasm.

By the arrival of the *West African*, mail intelligence has been received of Dr. Baikie, the missing traveller. Another hideous massacre was about to be perpetrated at Dahomey. "The New Year season" was to be celebrated by "a grand custom," at which 3,000 human beings were to be beheaded. The present King appears to surpass even his father in revolting cruelty.

The jury, in New York city, on the *Savannah* Privateers, failed to agree—eight for guilty and four for not guilty. This will excite surprise, as their guilt was not denied. Does a New York jury think that sea robbers with Jeff. Davis' commission, are not Pirates!

It is contemplated in New York among the moneyed men, to raise a sufficient sum to purchase 5000 reams of paper, to be presented to George D. Prentice, of the Louisville *Journal*.

London, with a population of three millions, has six bridges. Paris, with one million inhabitants, has twenty-four. Three of the London bridges are heavily taxed.

The venerable Robt. J. Breckinridge—uncle of the traitor John C. Breckinridge—is writing a series of articles for the Louisville *Journal* on the Rebellion. It is hardly necessary to say that he denounces it as the blackest crime that ever stained our National history, and insists that it must and shall be crushed, whatever the cost or consequences.

The report of Secretary Chase, of the Treasury, estimates the expenses of the U. S. Government for the year ending June, 1862, at $543,500,000 and states that should the war continue to June 1863, the public debt will be $900,000,000, a sum which the nation may pay off in thirty years.

COMMODORE OF THE PACIFIC SQUADRON.—Commodore H. H. Bell has succeeded Commore J. B. Montgomery as flag officer of the Pacific squadron, and was expected at San Francisco from Panama in a few days. It is customary to relieve Commodores of stations every three or four years.

TELEGRAPHING.—The President's message was telegraphed from Washington to New York over three wires, and the time occupied in its transmission was one hour and thirty-two minutes.

The French creditors of Spain, after long negotiations, have renounced the interest on her debt to them of one hundred million francs, and consented to take the principal, payable in instalments within four years.

ENGLAND'S NEW SHIPS OF WAR.—The *London Times* of the 9th Dec., states that there are now fifty-four ships of war under construction at the Royal Dock and other private yards, many of which are in a very forward state for launching. These vessels will carry an aggregate of 1264 guns, and of 10,930 horse power, and 92,255 tons. Truly this is a formidable accession to the war marine of a power now at peace and threatened with no hostile signs in the future.

The Parisian prefect of police amuses the citizens by frequent displays of eccentricity. A few weeks ago he issued a decree against barmaids joking with their customers. He now comes out with an order prohibiting cabmen and coachmen in general from using whipcord, and with a formal ordinance against kite flying by children, lest the telegraph wire should be injured.

A GREAT VOYAGE.—The ship *James Arnold*, Capt. Sullivan, arrived in port Monday afternoon, from a whaling voyage in the South Pacific Ocean, having been absent since Aug. 1857, during which time she has taken 5600 bbls. of sperm oil, worth at the present low price nearly $100,000. The ship, however, was fitted expensively, and we understand will not make a great deal of money for the owners.

MAKING THE WAR PAY ITS OWN EXPENSES.—A recent correspondence says that at Port Royal affairs seem to be in the best possible condition. All of the islands about that place have been seized, and are now held by the Union troops, and the cotton upon those islands is being picked by the contrabands, under the direction of our officers. About two million dollars worth of cotton has already been secured; and this sum will almost pay the expenses of the expedition. There is something practical in such proceedings.

The Postmaster at New Orleans advertises that letters for any part of the United States to go by Costa's foreign mail, will be received at that Post Office if sent in open. They will be examined, sealed and forwarded if they convey no improper intelligence to the enemy. The rate of postage will be $1 15 per half ounce, double and triple rates in proportion.

A great exhibition is to take place in France in 1863, in which every attempt will be made to outstrip all that may have been done previous to that time. Sir Joseph Paxton, it is said, has been retained by the Imperial Government, and a crystal edifice of unheard of proportions will rise on an elevated spot near St. Cloud. A dome 500 feet high, and of span capacious enough to enclose both those in course of construction in London, will crown the new design.

Wm. H. Webb of New York, has obtained a contract for building two iron clad screw frigates for the Italian Government, in spite of great opposition on the part of English contractors who wanted the job. It will require two years and a half to build them.

The town of Beaufort was the Saratoga or Newport of the South. Its white population was small, but made up of the wealthiest, best educated and most refined of the people of South Carolina. It was a resort of those classes from all quarters.

The comments of the English press on the Seward-Lyons correspondence have already been noticed at considerable length in the columns of the *Evening Post*; but there is a small bit from the vitriolic *Saturday Review*, which admits a truth while it covers a sneer:

"Mr. Seward has for once made a hit. In his recent correspondence with Lord Lyons he has developed, possibly from a novel consciousness of being in the right, an unexpected self-restraint, and writing like a gentleman, is victorious as a diplomatist."

An eccentric old gentleman died suddenly of apoplexy in the Tuileries garden the other day. In his will he provided that after death his face was to be coated over with pitch, his mouth and nostrils hermetically sealed, and an incision made in his heart. He was to be buried also without a coffin, and the earth well trod down over him. He left a little fortune of £600 a year. His monomania was the fear of coming to life again after interment.

INTOLERANCE TO PROTESTANTS IN FRANCE.—It was stated in some of the French papers that the cantonal delegation of Sevres, near Paris, had recently rejected a school girl, whose mistress had awarded her the prize of excellence, on the ground that she was a Protestant. A contradiction of the story was inserted in the *Opinione Nationale*; but M. Passa, pastor of the Reformed Church of Versailles, now comes forward to give it his guarantee.

Letters from Havana, under date of Dec. 6th, state that two more Commissioners from the rebel government, in the persons of Messrs. Hunter, of Virginia, and Pierre Soulé, of Louisiana, have arrived there and were to start for Europe on board the British mail steamer *Clyde*, on the 7th inst., to fill the places of Mason and Slidell. The same letter which communicates this piece of information, adds: "The Confederate flag is in high favor here, and the Spanish ships of war salute it regularly."

FROM CUMBERLAND INLET.—The bark *Black Eagle*, Capt. Allen, arrived at this port on Sunday, having left Cumberland Inlet Oct. 12th, with 1100 barrels of whale oil and 18,000 pounds of whalebone. She has been absent not quite 18 months. She has taken one whale since the bark *Antelope* left the Inlet, and was obliged to come away before the whaling season was over on account of the ice making so fast that there was danger of being shut in for the winter. The ship *Daniel Webster*, of this port, is to winter in the Inlet, and the *Ansel Gibbs* sailed for home in company with the *Black Eagle*.—*N. B. Paper.*

BOSTON NAVY YARD.—The utmost activity prevails at this yard, and 2,470 men are constantly employed. Five vessels are being fitted out, and will be ready to proceed to sea during the coming week. Crews for each are also in readiness. These vessels mount from four eight-inch shell guns to eight heavy ones, and some will carry the Parrott gun. The new gunboats are on the stocks, and will be ready for sea in in a few weeks. A large number of guns, principally thirty-two-pounders, are also being got ready for immediate use.

THE FLOOD RAISING THE SITE OF SACRAMENTO CITY.—Many lots and blocks of land in Sacramento, says the *Bee*, have been much elevated by deposits left by the flood. In the eastern portion, whole blocks have been covered to the depth of from four to eight feet with sandy soil, so that the eaves of one-story houses and out-houses are on a level with the new-made soil. The east levee in the vicinity of the Fort has secured a backing which no press of water can break throug. In some young orchards the tree tops just peep above the soil, while elsewhere the vines are all under. The B street levee is a total wreck for its entire length, there being in many places no semblance of it left, and the east levee is not in much better condition. Babe's tannery property and his dwelling seem to be secured against the current of the American.

Prizes captured by United States naval vessels since the war began: Steamers, 3; ships, 7; barks, 8; brigs, 23; schooners, 61; sloop, 1—total, 105. Vessels seized in Southern ports, captured by privateers, etc; Steamers, 5, ships, 10; brigs, 16; schooners, 24—total, 74. It must be remembered, however, that over half of these prizes, taken by the Confederate authorities were surreptitiously obtained, while lying unsuspiciously in the Southern ports, at the time of the breaking out of the war, and are to be fairly reckoned as having been stolen from their natural owners.

THE PONY AND TELEGRAPH.—The lightning has distanced the Poney, and he quits in disgust. The little fellow did good service in his day, but improvement has left even him as a useless old fogy affair. At Salem, we get news in four days from New York, and at San Francisco they receive it three hours (by the clock) earlier than it starts. Sundry rich "gosks" are published as dispatches to and from prominent individuals. The following has not been transmitted:—"Deere geff—How are you gittin along with your offis. Me and breck had a noshin to contest old linkin on the rip of hideas carkas i havn't see sead yit tho breck he has and I see sites shure. The abolishoness is tuck this land an is a tromplein on the konstitushin i stand where i did

gosef Lain

"p s (part second) Ef you fellars down thar (i love you all) can't agree and want a president out of me of nashional karactur that stands buy the sowth i conscente."—*Oregon Statesman.*

PERU.—Since the increase of the Peruvian army under Gen. San Ramon at Ariquipa, wheat has risen to $19 the fanega and flour to $15 per 100 pounds, and the General had solicited the Chief of the State that, in virtue of the law of circumstances, he would allow articles of necessity to be imported free of duty, which gave general satisfaction. Considerable attention is devoted to cotton-growing in Peru, and already large shipments are being made to England. The Pacific Steam Navigation Company's steamer *Callao* brought up to Panama for transportation to England nearly 600 bales from the estate of Señor Elias, and a much larger quantity was going by sailing vessels round Cape Horn. This cotton is said to be of very superior quality, and can be grown very extensively throughout the country.

FROM CHINA—TWO MONTHS LATER.—By the arrival, at S. F. of the ship *White Swallow*, in seventy days from Hongkong, we have China news to the 12th November—fifty nine days later. Previous advices were to the 14th September:

The late Emperor's eldest son has succeeded to the throne, and will reign by the name of Kisiaing, under a council of Regency, consisting of eight members, the name of the Prince Kung being excluded. [It will be remembered that Prince Kung, the late Emperor's brother, was looked upon by foreign residents in China as the probable successor to the throne.

The press says that the late treaties may be deemed as engrafted on the institutions of the empire.

The northern rebels have appeared in great force in the province of Shontung. The rebellion seemed to be rolling eastward, bare subsistence having consumed all the resources of the districts previously occupied.

Affairs in Japan continue quiescent.

Servile Insurrection in South Carolina.

We are permitted, says the Philadelphia *Inquirer* of Nov. 30th, to copy the following letter, written to a lady in this city, from a relative in Charleston, South Carolina. The statements made therein may be relied upon as an accurate description of affairs in that city at the present time:

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 23d.—* * * Disguise the truth as we may, all thinking men here feel their position peculiarly unsafe; and those who are surrounded by female relatives have their anxiety increased a thousand fold. We do not fear for the clash of contending armies, though this is sufficiently terrible to excite much apprehension; even amid the carnage of war the veriest boor within the armies would respect women; though traitors try to teach us that the Northern war cry is "Beauty and Booty!" but we dread last at midnight the fearful sounds of servile insurrection shall salute our ears. You know the negroes are far superior in number to the whites, and now that so many are absent in the army their majority is greatly increased. If they rise, we are in their power. Do you know what that means? Remember the history of all servile insurrections, and recall the horrors enacted by the race whom oppression has helped to brutalize. Of course the masters would fight desperately, but how could the small number of male whites defend their helpless wives and daughters against a tenfold force of maddened slaves, whose strength and ferocity are well known.

No general insurrection has taken place, though several revolts have been attempted; two quite recently, and in these cases whole families were murdered before the slaves were subdued. Then came retaliation of the most fearful character. At any time where servants assail or murder white persons, speedy and severe punishment is administered; but now they do not wait for the action of the law; Lynch law prevails. In these revolts, which occurred in the interior of the State, most of the servants who participated were either shot in the conflict or as soon as captured, and two of them were burned to death. To say they were burned to death seems a simple sentence, devoid of any special horror; but the scene as described to me by a witness was too dreadful for mortal eyes. Imagine the poor wretches, red with the blood of their masters, cowering in the hands of those from whom they need not look for pity; not even for the time to repent of deeds which exclude them from hope hereafter. They are dogged and defiant toward their captors, until their doom is pronounced—a fate of which they have a special horror. Dragged to the place of execution, within sight of their own houses, surrounded by their fellow servants, who are compelled to witness the sight, they are bound to strong trees, with great heaps of pine knots piled close around their persons. When the blaze reaches the bodies, and the sensitive flesh peels and crackles, their cries are too fearful to be heard by human ears. Nor is the torment soon over. The flames scorch the upper part of the bodies, producing exquisite agony, but slowly burn into the vitals, until the wretched sufferers go to judgment with all their crimes upon their heads. I undertook to say the apprehension of servile insurrection lost its power when, as time passed, all seemed peaceful; so we easily fell back into dreams of security until these events aroused us to watchfulness. This news is suppressed as far as possible, and kept entirely from the papers, for the negroes hear what is published if they do not read it, and such examples might produce disastrous consequences.

Eastern Pine

Ex "GEORGE WASHINGTON."

30,000 feet

7-8 Clear Pine, planed on one side.

For sale by

298-3m GEORGE G. HOWE.

ARRIVAL OF Eastern Lumber!

JUST RECEIVED

Per "GEORGE WASHINGTON,"

AND FOR SALE

100,000 Superior White Cedar Shaved Shingles, warranted to lay 100 square feet to the thousand.

7,000 feet ¾ in., T. and G. and planed boards—clear pine.

9,000 feet 1¼, 1½, 2 and 3 in. clear pine plank, *wide*.

10,000 feet clear pine and spruce 4 feet clapboards.

15,000 feet 1 in. clear pine boards—planed one side.

—ALSO—

Per late arrivals from San Francisco

HAVE RECEIVED

Clear Redwood Boards and Siding and Shingles.

C. H. LEWERS,
298-3t *King and Merchant streets.*

European.

France.

With respect to Continental affairs, the conflict understood to have been raging between M. Fould and the rest of the French Ministry, has terminated in a victory for the financier. He claimed the power of a Premier, and insisted that any expenditure ordered by a minister should be previously approved by him. His colleagues resisted and the Emperor was supposed to be unwilling to concede such authority, but the situation was too pressing even for His Majesty, and the *Moniteur* of the 12th Dec. contains a decree granting M. Fould the power for which the contended. At the meeting of the Senate on the 2d M. Baroche laid before it a *Senatus Consultum*, authorizing the voting of the budget by sections, and forbidding supplementary credits except by virtue of a law. As yet, however, M. Fould has not produced the plan by which the deficit of £40,000,000 is to be covered. The expenditure of the Empire is not perceptibly reduced in any quarter; and a statement has been issued showing that the occupation of Rome has cost the French Government since 1848 nearly five millions sterling.

THE BUDGET FOR 1862.—The last number of the *Bulletin des Lois* publishes an Imperial decree of the 7th November, dividing by chapters the credits of the Budget of 1862. The credits opened to the nine ministerial departments amount to the sum of 1,969,769,081f., (£78,790,760 sterling,) apportioned as follows: Ministry of State, 18,042,620f.; Justice, 31,584,016.; Foreign Affairs, 11,135,930f.; Interior—general and departmental services, 170,810,118f.; Finance—public debt, donations and expenses, general services, expenses of the Government monopolies, collection of taxes, reimbursements, restitutions, &c., 983,819,901f.; war—general government of Algeria, 392,576,233f.; marine and colonies naval and colonial services, 149,337,819f.; public instruction and worship, 73,024,848f.; agriculture, commerce and public works, 139,439,546f—total, 1,969,769,081. Although those credits are divided among 325 chapters, of which the Budget of 1862 is composed, the Legislative Body was only called on by the terms of the Senatus Consultum of the 25th December, 1852, to give a single vote for each Ministry. It is that mode which a new Senatus Consultum is to regulate on other bases, in order to restore to the Chamber a greater measure of control.

Prussia.

CORONATION OF THE KING.—The Coronation of the King took place in the Church of Castile, at Konigsberg, on the 18th. The splendor of the various processions was very great. After the ceremony various addresses were presented, to which the King replied as follows:

"The kings of Prussia have now worn the crown 160 years. I am the first king to ascend the throne since the crown has been surrounded with institutions in harmony with our times. But, remembering that the crown comes from God, I have been notified by my coronation in this sacred place that I received it in humility, and know that the prayers of my people accompanied me in this solemn act. The love and fidelity displayed toward me since my accession to the throne, and which has just been manifested toward me in such a touching manner, are tokens that I may reckon, under all circumstances, of the fidelity, devotedness, and self-sacrificing spirit of my people. Trusting in these qualities, I could renounce the custom of requiring the oath of allegiance and fidelity from my faithful people. The gratifying proofs of their affection and devotion, afforded on occasion of a late event, have strengthened this confidence.

"The providence of God has preserved the blessings of peace to our dear fatherland. My valiant army will protect it from dangers without. As regards dangers in the interior, Prussia will remain free of them, because the throne of her kings remains strong in the power and right of unity between the king and people, which has made Prussia great. While it continues to exist we shall be enabled, on the ground of acknowledged rights, to resist the dangers of an agitated period and all threatening storms. May God will it so."

The Minister of State then read several orders; also, an act of amnesty, and several grants of nobility, &c. The King accepted an invitation to the ball to be given by the Earl of Clarendon in honor of the event.

Russia.

During the fortnight a great constitutional change has been introduced in Russia which, in connection with the emancipation of the serfs must, in the course of time, exercise an almost incalculable influence in the future destinies and history of that country. The Emperor has issued a ukase, by which his ministers, instead of being as heretofore mere secretaries carrying out his orders, are to be formed into a Cabinet associated with him in the government of the empire. These are to consider all important questions conjointly and report on them as a Council. This innovation is to be followed by an extension of the Council of the Empire, which will be increased by the addition of independent persons, and invested with some legislative authority. It is strange to see English institutions, growing up in the midst of the most autocratic empire of ancient or modern times.

E. O. HALL

HAS IN STORE, AND

JUST RECEIVED.

Hardware, &c.

FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,
Bay State cooking stoves, 4 sizes; grindstones,
Cast steel, Norway shapes,
Nail rods, Boxes glass, asst'd sizes,
Broad axes, Hunt's adzes,
Broad and axe hatchets, Solder,
Boxes I. C. tin, Sheet iron,

Zinc, crowbars, sheep shears, lead pipe, asst'd, feather dusters, picks, clinch and horse nails, boat nails, raw hides large size, sand and emery paper, brushes all kinds, hose with couplings & pipes, belting, from 2 to 6 in., shot,

Cart boxes, saw clamps, locks, bolts, butts, hinges, screws, rivets, spring fish-hooks, gimlets, carpenters' tools large assort't, plated spoons and forks, Brittannia and glass lamps, chimnies, cotton twine, augers, ink,

Shoe nails, tacks, brads, saws, auger bits, Seine twine, lamp wick, Jews harps, spectacles, I. R. balls, Gillott's steel pens, powder, Ely's caps, pistol caps, steelyards, castors, Tea and coffee pots, ox bows, yokes, chains, Plows, corn shellers, grain mills, hand carts, C. S. shovels, boys' C. S. spades, hand screws, Bench vises, clamp screws, Manila rope, Lines, window line, saucepans, bake kettles, Ladies' saddles, bridles, girths and leathers, Preserving bottles, framed skates, Spaulding's glue, copper, brass and iron wire, Letter, bill, foolscap and wrapping paper, Pencils, blank books, envelopes, Looking glasses, dividers, erasers, and a large assortment of SHELF HARDWARE.

Dry Goods, &c.

Assorted prints, Hosiery, ladies' childs, and gents, Blue cotton, Ticking, Cotton flannel, Wool flannel, Angola flannel, Cambrics asst'd colors, Mosquito netting, Ruches, Bleached drilling, Emb'd curtains, Dotted Swiss muslin, Linen toweling, Trimming fringe, Gauntlets, Jaconet muslins, Corsets, Ribbons, Mitts, Gloves, Buttons, Cottonade, Linen drill, Hooped skirts, ladies' and misses, &c., &c.

Paints, Oils, &c.

Pure white lead, Verdigris,
Red lead, Boiled and raw linseed oil,
Paris green, White varnish,
White zinc paint, Copal and Grecian varnish,
Deep black, Putty,
Umber, Whiting,
Prussian blue, Yellow ochre,
Chrome green, Vandyke brown, &c.

GENT'S CALF BOOTS,
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS & SHOES AND RUBBERS.

HATS! a variety,

ALSO—A general assortment of

HARDWARE, DRY GOODS, &c., &c., &c.

To arrive by the 'ARCTIC,' in all March.

298-2m

I BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public, that having completed and put in operation,

MY BARREL MACHINERY!

I am prepared to furnish all kinds of containers for Sugar, Molasses, Provisions, Rice and other articles at a cheaper rate, than any imported.

Orders addressed to my Agents MESSRS.

E. HOFFSCHLAEGER & STAPENHORST

Will be promptly attended to

HENRY BRUNS.

Honolulu, January 15, 1862. 295-3m

Special Notices.

A. F. & A. M.—LE PROGRES DE L'OCEANIE LODGE No. 124, under the jurisdiction of the Supreme Council of the Grand Central Lodge of France, working in the ancient Scotch Rite, holds its regular meetings on the Wednesday nearest the full moon of each month, at the old Lodge Room, in King street. Visiting brethren respectfully invited to attend.

August 18. [293-3m] P. C. JONES, Secretary

SOOTHING AND BRACING.—There is no preparation in existence which has such a soothing effect in cases of nervous excitement as DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Although the fame of this renowned invigorant rests mainly on its astonishing cures of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and intestinal disorders, it is equally efficacious in nervous complaints. Thousands of ladies resort to it as a remedy for hysteria, fluttering of the heart, nervous headache, vertigo, general debility and all peculiar disturbances and derangements to which, as a sex, they are subject. It cheers and lightens the depressed mental powers as well as strengthens the body, and its use is never followed by any unpleasant reaction.—Sold by all Druggists and dealers everywhere. 297-1m

New Flour!

EXTRA SUPERFINE.
Superfine,
Fine,
Wheat Meal,
Corn Meal,
Ground at the Honolulu Steam Flour Mill Co.'s.

For sale by S. SAVIDGE.

100 BBLS. CALIFORNIA FLOUR, ex *A. A. ELDRIDGE*,

For sale by S. SAVIDGE.

300 SACKS CALIFORNIA OATS, EX *A. A. ELDRIDGE*,

For sale by S. SAVIDGE.

297-1m

ALDRICH, WALKER & CO.

HAVE ON HAND, AND

JUST RECEIVED!

FROM BOSTON

AND

SAN FRANCISCO!

THE FOLLOWING

MERCHANDISE:

WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF

At LOW RATES

Cases Milford denims,
Cases hickory stripe,
Cases brown drills,
Cases brown cottons,
Cases bleached cottons,
Cases madapolams,
Cases American fancy prints,
Cases blue & white thread,
Cases hickory shirts,
Blue and white blankets,
Bales ticking,
Blue figured alpaca,
Men's half hose,
Women's hose,
Hemp twine,
Cotton twine,
Fancy cassimere,
Colored cambric,
Bales burlaps,
Ginghams,
Cotton flannels,

Cases American Saddles and Bridles,

BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions.

Cut nails, assorted,
Stoves,
Planters' hoes,
Hunt's axes,
C. S. shovel,
Iron shovels,
Shingling hatchets,
Axe hatchets,
Broad hatchets,
Pocket knives,
Shot, assorted Nos.
Butcher knives,
Assorted files,
Charcoal irons,
Garden rakes,
Hay forks,
Rice reapers,
Grain cradles,
Eagle plows,
Steel plows,
Bundles sheet iron,
" Russia iron,

Complete ass't Round and Flat Iron,

Wheel barrows,
Axe handles,
Ox bows,
Cal. flour, Cal. barley,
Fresh packed salmon, in bbls. and half bbls.,
Boxes smoked herrings,
American beef in bbls. and half bbls.

298-1m

Advertisements.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

EXPECT

TO ARRIVE!

In all March,

BY THE HAWAIIAN BARK

"R. W. WOOD!"

FROM HAMBURG.

A WELL-ASSORTED CARGO OF DESIRABLE GOODS, consisting of

Dry Goods.

Bales Fancy Prints, various new styles,
" Pink and yellow prints,
" White ground " "
" Mourning " "
" Two blue " "
" Gingham " "
" White shirtings,
" Fancy printed jaconets,
" Mourning muslins,
" Linen, Scotch and fig. ginghams,
Cases Victoria lawns,
" Cross bar muslin,
" Plain and fig. black alpaccas,
" " " royal blue alpaca,
" Black and colored coburgs,
" Superior black orleans,
" Dimity and Himmalaya book muslin,
" Black and fancy colored cotton velvets,
" Union and cotton sheetings, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4
" Muslin hdkfs. fancy printed border,
" " " lace border,
" Fancy printed cotton hdkfs.,
" Turkey red hdkfs.,
" White cotton drill,
" White moleskin,
" White linen drill,
" Blue and black broad cloth,
" Blue twilled flannel,
" Fine white and colored flannel,
Linen cambric handkerchiefs,
Superior white linen,
Berage,
Huckabuck towels and Traveling stuffs,

Shirts, Hosiery, &c.

Bales blue and scarlet flannel shirts,
" hickory shirts,
Cases white cotton shirts,
" white linen-bosom shirts,
" fancy printed cotton shirts,
" brown and fancy regatta undershirts,
Silk undershirts,
Silk stockings, assorted,
Lisle thread stockings and socks,
Mixed, white and brown cotton stockings and socks,
White merino undershirts, a large assortment of pants.

Silks, &c.

White and black figured silk,
Gros de naples,
Plain black silk,
Moire antique,
A large assortment of plain and fancy silk bonnet ribbons,
Black silk hat ribbons,
Velvet ribbons,
Black silk neck ties and handkerchiefs,
Alexandre's superior kid gloves,
Black silk umbrellas.

Hats, &c.

Gentlemen's superior Leghorn hats,
" " French felt hats,
Ladies' silk and crape bonnets, new styles,
Ladies' Leghorn hats, plain and trimmed, new styles,
Children's " " " " "

Saddlery.

Superior English hogskin saddles, complete,
English hogskin seat saddles, "
Pelham bridles and bitts,
Silver plated and iron tinned bitts,
Woolen and cotton saddle girths, &c., &c.

Wines, &c.

Superior claret in hogsheads,
" " cases,
" sherry and portwine,
Bbls. of bottled ale in quarts and pints,
Superior English draught ale in hogsheads,
" Holland gin, genuine, in baskets,
" " " in cases.

Crockery & Glassware.

White granite plates,
" bowls,
" granite wash basins and ewers,
" chamber pots,
Cut bar tumblers,
Cut glass decanters,
Lamp chimneys,
Water coolers.

Hardware, &c.

Best English refined bar and tire iron,
" " hoop iron ⅛, ¼ and 1 inch,
Iron tinned saucepans,
" " teakettles,
Superior scissors,
Cocoa handled butcher knives,
Tailors' thimbles,
Superior needles,
Sheet Zinc.

Groceries.

Superior Westphalia hams,
Malaga raisins,
Crushed sugar,
Loaf sugar,
Stearine candles,
Olive oil,
Vinegar in demijohns,
English pie fruits.

Ship Chandlery.

Best English hemp cordage, Russia duck,
English sail and roping twine,
Russia bolt rope and spunyarn, marline housing,
Flag lines, log lines, Swedish tar, Rosin,
English boiled linseed oil, in iron cans,
" best white lead, "
Black paint, chrome green, chrome yellow,
Prussian blue, celestial blue, vermillion,
Bronze paint, gold leaf, paint brushes,

Sundries.

Blue and gray woolen blankets, carpet bags,
Wool and pulu bags cement in barrels,
Liverpool salt in oak barrels, wrapping paper,
Printing paper, note paper,
Letter, foolscap and bill paper,
Letter copy books, corks, matches,
Soda water bottles mahogany chest of drawers,
Black, white and brown linen thread,
Hair oil, Macassar oil,
Buffalo dressing combs,
Turtle shell back combs, ivory combs,
Tooth brushes, gilt framed looking glasses,
Metal and bone buttons, agate buttons,
M. of pearl buttons, blacked calf skins, French,
Black Amazone feathers and plumes,
Feather dusters, curtain fringes, ruche.

FIRE BRICK!

Best English Steam Coal.

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

297-3m

AUCTION SALE

BY J. H. COLE.

GENERAL SALE!

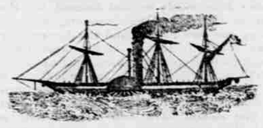
ON WEDNESDAY,
FEBRUARY.....26,
At 10 o'clock, A. M., at Sales Room,
Will be sold,

MERCHANDISE AND SUNDRIES!

Shipping.

For KONA, Hawaii.

THE STEAMER



'KILAUEA,'

Will leave Honolulu for KONA!

AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS,

On TUESDAY, February 25th,

At half-past 4 P. M. precisely.

JANION, GREEN & Co.,
Honolulu, Jan. 2, 1862. Agents H. S. N. Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. DIRECT.

THE STAUNCH GOOD SHIP

GEO. WASHINGTON,

Is now ready to take in cargo.

WILL HAVE IMMEDIATE DISPATCH

Freight wanted at a low rate. Apply to

WM. STOTT, or
299-2t D. C. WATERMAN & Co.

For Portland, Oregon! Via VICTORIA, V. I.

THE A 1 CLIPPER BARK

A. A. ELDRIDGE,

O. S. CALOTT, Master,
Will sail for the above ports,
ON SATURDAY, 15th inst.

Can take a few tons more freight, and has superior accommodations for Cabin and Steerage Passengers.

Apply to
298-2t ALDRICH, WALKER & Co.

REGULAR HILO PACKET.

Nettie Morrill,
Will leave Honolulu for Hilo
REGULARLY EVERY WEEK!
CABIN PASSAGE to or from Hilo.....$5.
293-3m S. SAVIDGE.

FRENCH HOTEL!

On Fort street, above Hotel—private entrance from Hotel street.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS WELL-known and popular establishment, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened this house for the accommodations of those who kindly wish to bestow their patronage on him.

Strangers visiting the islands, would do well to call and see the accommodations, as the proprietor feels sure that none like them can be had on as reasonable terms.

The sleeping apartments are thoroughly ventilated—the locality is pleasant and agreeable, and the tables will always be furnished with the choicest the markets afford.

The proprietor is confident, from his long experience and strict attention to the business, that he can give full satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

JOHN DAVIS, Proprietor.
Late of National Dining Saloon.

N. B.—Ladies may depend upon Mrs. Davis sparing no pains to make them comfortable. 297-3m.

S. H. DOWSETT,

LUMBER MERCHANT!

IS NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH BUILDING Material of every description at the lowest Market rates.

Orders from the country, and other islands solicited.
Lumber Yard on corner of Queen and Fort Streets. 296-6m

T. MOSSMAN & SON,

Corner of KING and NUUANU Streets.

Bakers, Grocers, and General Dealers in Merchandise.

Constantly

IN RECEIPT OF FRESH GROCERIES BY EVERY SAN FRANCISCO PACKET.

FRESH BREAD AND BUTTER, For sale at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

FRESH GROUND COFFEE.—Every Day at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

SUGARS,—DIFFERENT QUALITIES, AT T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

FRESH HAWAIIAN CORN MEAL, at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

FRESH CALIFORNIA MUSTARD AND Cheese, at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

YEAST POWDERS, AND GUN POWDER at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

ALL THE SPICES AND CONDIMENTS necessary for a well regulated family, at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S. 297-3m

RAISINS Currants, and Citron Peel, at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

HAMS, Mess Pork and Superior Salmon, at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

CORN STARCH, Tapioca, and Sago, at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT of Crockery and Glass Ware of all kinds at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

CHOICE BRANDS SUPERIOR TOBACco, at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

PRESERVES, JELLIES AND A LARGE Assortment of fruits in tin and glass, at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

SAUCEPANS AND TEA KETTLES, at T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

—ALSO—

A Large and Neat Assortment of

PRINTS

And other Dry Goods.

297-3m AT T. MOSSMAN & SON'S.

1050 Barrels

SUPERIOR SALMON, PACKED THIS fall, now landing ex Russ. Am'n Co., ship *Czaritza*.
For sale in quantities to suit by
H. HACKFELD & Co.
Honolulu, Nov. 16, 1861. 287-3m

Exchange

ON SAN FRANCISCO,
ON NEW YORK,
ON LONDON,
ON BREMEN,

In sums to suit purchasers, by
293-3m EDs HOFFSCHLAEGER & STAPENHORST.

Book Safe

FOR SALE BY B. F. SNOW,—1 DENIO & ROBERTS large size Book Safe, with Cash Box.
295-3m

AUCTION SALE

BY H. W. SEVERANCE.

Closing Out Sale of MERCHANDISE! AND Lease Of Real Estate.

ON MONDAY,
February.....24,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.
At the store of
NICHOLAS GEORGE,
Nuuanu Street,

The Entire Stock!

Consisting of

English and American prints, Sheetings, Felt hats, Wool hats, Leghorn hats, Straw hats, Navy caps, Boots, Brogans, Gents. gaiters, Ladies' gaiters, Slippers, Satinet pants, Cassimere pants, Grey wool shirts, Blue wool shirts, Hickory shirts, Fine cotton shirts, Merino undershirts, Woolen yarn, Cotton and wool socks, Linen and duck pants, Denim pants and jumpers, Pea jackets, Oil suits, Fine alpaca coats, Fine silk and worsted shirts, Umbrellas, Pocket knives, Saddles and bridles, Martingales, Saucepans, Crockery ware, Pipes, Cologne, Jewelry, Hardware, Lead pencils, Quadrants, Groceries, Lamps, Soap' westers, Soap, etc.

—ALSO—

The Lease of the Store and Land, 22 1-2 x 27 Feet, on NUUANU STREET.

Household Furniture!

ON TUESDAY!
February.....25,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.,
At the residence of the late
George Thomas!
On EMMA STREET, will be sold, per order of
ALFRED CALDWELL, Esq., U. S. Consul
And Ex Officio Curator of Estate of Geo. Thomas, deceased.

The Household Furniture, &c.,

Consisting of

Hair cloth chairs, Center table,
Hair seat easy chairs, Library of books,
Hair seat rocking chairs, Pictures in gilt frames,
Hanging lamp, Carpets,
Curtain fixtures, Vases,
Gilt mirrors, Secretary with drawers,
Japanese curiosities, Bedstead,
Hair mattrass and pillows, Wardrobe,
Lounge, Desk,
Iron safe, Bureau,
Dressing room furniture, Sideboard,
Clock, Bath tub,
Garden tools, 1 double barrel gun,
Gold watch,
1 saddle horse,
Saddle and bridle, and a variety of

SUNDRIES.

BUILDING MATERIALS AT AUCTION!

ON THURSDAY!
February.....27,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.,
At the Store House of GEORGE THOMAS, on King street,
Consisting of

Bbls. Cement, Fire Bricks, Cal. Lime, Hawaiian Lime, Composition, Rolls Felting, Bundle Laths, Bbls. Kreoline, Plaster Paris, Fire Clay, German Bricks, Masons' Tools, Three Stone Carts,

—ALSO—

The said Store House, subject to a ground rent of $75 per annum.

Cottage To Let!

THE PLEASANT TWO-ROOMED Cottage, centrally located on Fort Street, now occupied by the undersigned. For particulars, apply to
H. M. WHITNEY.

TO LET!

THE RESIDENCE IN NUUANU VALley formerly occupied by Mr. Robert C. Janion. For particulars apply to
295-2m W. L. GREEN.

A Tenant Wanted.

FOR THE ROGERS HOUSE. Water will be let on and the place put in thorough repair.
G. P. JUDD,
Honolulu, Nov. 21, 1861. 287-3m Guardian.

ALEX. CAMPBELL,

MERCHANT TAILOR, on Fort Street, opposite Burgess' Saloon, between King and Merchant Streets.
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings always on hand, and clothing made up in the best style. 296-1y

SEEDS! SEEDS!

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS,
FLOWER SEEDS,
FRUIT AND TREE SEEDS,
TOBACCO AND COTTON SEEDS,

Of all varieties, arriving by every steamer at SILVESTER'S New Seed Store, 317 Washington street, between Battery and Front Streets, San Francisco.

ALSO—On hand, *FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREEN SHRUB