## COMMERCIAL.

*SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1865.*

**Monthly Review.**

Since our last monthly report, the following merchantmen have arrived at this port:

March 1—Am bark N. S. Perkins, Robinson, 25 days from Puget Sound, with lumber to H. Hackfeld & Co.
2—Eng ship Bacchante, Taylor, 29 days from Kanagawa, Japan, en route for San Francisco.
2—Am bark Comet, Chase, 19 days from San Francisco, with mdse to H. Hackfeld & Co.
3—Bremen bark Libelle, Kreper, 124 days from Bremen, with mdse to Hoffschlaeger & Stapenhorst.
11—Haw brigantine Nuuanu, Hager, 16 days from S.F. in ballast, en route for Hongkong.
14—Am bark Smyrniote, Burditt, 16 days from San Francisco, with mdse and passengers, to Aldrich, Walker & Co.
15—Russian transport bark Gyllack, 6 guns, Enguist, 44 days from Valparaiso.
23—Eng clipper ship Imperial, 16 days from San Francisco en route for Hongkong.
24—Am bark A. A. Eldridge, Williams, 13 days from San Francisco, with mdse and passengers to Aldrich, Walker & Co.
25—Eng ship Blackburn, Murphy, 13 days from San Francisco, en route for Hongkong.

WHALERS.—There have arrived at Hilo, Lahaina and Honolulu, up to our latest advices, 25 whalers, mostly from the Lower California coast, bringing 5280 barrels of whale and 740 sperm oil. The vessels out from home ports have done very well, while those from the lower coast will hardly average 200 barrels to each. There are some twenty-five or thirty whalers yet to be reported.

From the various memoranda at hand we have the following reports of vessels not yet arrived:

| | |
|---|---|
| Milo, 7 whales, | John P. West, 500 bbls. |
| Isabella, 3 whales, | Armida, 3 whales, |
| Hercules, 3 whales, | Victoria, 9 whales, |
| Canton Packet, 3 whales, | Euphrates, 200 bbls whale, |
| Eliza Adams, 5 whales, | Nimrod, 100 sperm, 60 bbls whale. |

DOMESTIC EXPORTS.—The following table shows the exports of domestic produce from this port for the quarter ending March 31, 1865:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Jan'y | 14—Per Comet, for San Francisco | $15,261 10 |
| | 18—Per Smyrniote, for San Francisco | 38,579 99 |
| | 28—Per Shelikoff, for Sitka | 3,248 95 |
| | 30—Per A. A. Eldridge, for San Francisco | 15,451 87 |
| | 30—Per Constitution, for Teekalet | 921 89 |
| | 31—Per Yankee, for San Francisco | 22,487 48 |
| | 31—Per Light of the Age, for China | 2,966 55 |
| Feb'y | 14—Per Demotila, for Victoria | 23,557 78 |
| | 15—Per Morning Star, for Marquesas | 169 18 |
| | 18—Per Constantia, for China | 1,515 80 |
| | 23—Per Augusette, for San Francisco | 18,669 19 |
| March | 1—Per Whistler, for San Francisco | 41,918 48 |
| | 6—Per Cambridge, for Portland | 29,254 16 |
| | 6—Per N. S. Perkins, for Teekalet | 1,257 11 |
| | 9—Per Onward, for San Francisco | 27,324 20 |
| | 24—Per Libelle, for China | 1,626 84 |
| | 29—Per Imperial, for China | 3,795 30 |
| | 28—Per Smyrniote, for San Francisco | 36,567 64 |
| | Total domestic exports | $283,883 42 |

As compared with 1864, our domestic exports show a considerable gain, which will be more marked as the season advances, and new plantations and agricultural enterprises now under way throw their produce into the market.

The bark *Smyrniote* sailed on the 28th, with a full cargo, consisting mostly of sugar, molasses and rice.

The *Comet* is nearly loaded and will sail on Monday or Tuesday, taking also a full cargo of sugar and molasses, with a very large list of passengers.

We are without later foreign advices than those given last week. The ship *Sea Serpent* is fully due and may bring the New York mail of February 23.

Gold in New York at latest dates—198.

The exchange of the U. S. Consulate, amounting to $8,000, was taken by bids at from par to 1 per cent. premium, for gold drafts. The drafts of the Legation were taken at par.

The sale of the condemned whaleship *Gen. Teste* took place yesterday. The ship sold for $4050, to Messrs. Hackfeld & Co., who will fit her up for the merchant service. She will be commanded by Capt. James M. Green.

COMMERCIAL ITEMS.

There are 319 Petroleum companies now. Capital $219,110,000.

A salt lake has been struck near Grand Rapids, Mich., at the distance of one hundred feet from the surface.

A cotton speculator, who has just returned from Mobile, says there are over 10,000 bales of cotton stored in that city, held principally on French and English account. The total number of bales of cotton in the Confederacy at the present time is estimated by rebel cotton dealers at 700,000 bales. They have not succeeded in getting out more than 1,000,000 bales since the war began.

SEAMEN IN NEW YORK.—Seamen continue very scarce and difficult to be had, even at the enormous wages current. The large bounty offered for naval recruits by the Government has worked very injuriously to the mercantile marine. The current rate of wages to all parts of the world is $50 per month, with an advance of $150@$200 to the Pacific ports, China and East Indies. It will be seen by these rates that the old order of things has been reversed, the largest advance now being paid for long voyages.

WHY GOLD IS SO HIGH.—There is but one cause of the high price of gold, and that is the excessive quantity of our paper currency. The thing that fluctuates so in value is not the incorruptible yellow metal, but the green notes that promise to pay their face in this metal at some future time.

When our currency was all specie-paying, and therefore of the same value as specie, the quantity in the country amounted to some 200 or 250 millions of dollars. This was the quantity that fell to our share in the natural distribution of the money of the world by the inexorable laws of trade. It was the quantity that we needed to effect the exchanges of property that we were in the practice of making in the course of our trade. If we had wanted any more we should have sent abroad some portion of our sixteen thousand millions of property and exchanged it for the desired amount of money. If we produced more in our own borders, so we did not want it we sent it abroad and brought in property that we did want in exchange.

We now have in circulation some six hundred or seven hundred millions of paper money, and its aggregate value is just the same as the two hundred or two hundred and fifty millions of the old specie-paying currency. This aggregate value of our currency is fixed by the laws of trade and we cannot alter it. If we should increase the amount of our currency to one thousand millions, it would, provided its credit was unimpaired, be worth twenty cents on the dollar—in other words, the price of gold would be five hundred. But if we should diminish the paper in circulation to two hundred millions, it would be worth 100 cents on the dollar, or gold would be at par.

We hear of powerful combinations of the Wall street brokers to keep the price of gold from rising, or to keep it from falling. These gentlemen might just as well get up powerful combinations to keep the tide from rising and falling. As the thing that fluctuates is the value of treasury notes, and as the value of these depends upon the quantity in circulation, no person can exert any material influence upon this value except the man who has control of the issue of the notes, and that man is the Secretary of the Treasury. If William Pitt Fessenden decides to increase the circulation of treasury notes, the value of the notes will fall, in other words, gold will rise; but, if he decides to retire a portion of these notes from circulation, their value will increase, or gold will fall. Military successes or disasters, or the combinations of brokers have but a temporary influence upon the price of gold.—*Scientific American.*

## PORT OF HONOLULU, H. I.

### ARRIVALS.

March 25—British ship Blackburn, Murphy, 13 days from San Francisco, sailed on the 27th for Hongkong.
26—Am wh ship Onward, Allen, from Cal. Coast, with 450 bbls oil, via Kawaihae.
26—Brig Nahienaena, Irving, from Hilo.
26—Schr Mamokawai, Marchant, from Hana.
27—Am wh ship Cornelius Howland, Homan, from Cal. Coast, with 80 bbls oil, via Kawaihae.
27—Schr Moi Keiki, from Kahului.
28—Haw wh brig Kohala, Cogan, from Cal. Coast, with 175 bbls oil.
28—Am bark Martha 2d, Macomber, from Hawaii, with 60 bbls sperm.
29—French wh ship Gustave, Vanspres, frm Cal. coast.
29—Schr Ka Moi, Wilbur, from Kahului.
30—Am wh bark Camilla, Thomas, from Lahaina, with 20 bbls whale.
31—Schr Hannah, Antone, from Nawiliwili.
31—Schr Moi Wahine, Kuheana, from Koloa.
31—Steamer Annie Laurie, Mitchell, from Koloa.
April 1—Haw bark Kamehameha V., Long, from Cal. Coast.

### DEPARTURES.

March 25—Am wh ship Josephine, Chapman, for Ochotsk.
25—Bremen bark Libelle, for Hongkong.
25—Schr Active, Kapuhi, for Hilo.
26—Eng ship Imperial, Hutchings, for Hongkong.
27—Steamer Kilauea, McGregor, for Windward Ports.
27—Schr Marilda, Howard, for Hilo.
27—Schr Prince, Hatfield, for Hanalei.
27—Steamer Annie Laurie, Mitchell, for Kauai.
28—Schr Mamokawai, Marchant, for Makee's Landing.
28—Schr Moi Keiki, for Kahului.
28—Am bark Smyrniote, Burditt, for San Francisco.
28—Schr Mary, Nika, for Maliko.
29—Am wh ship Onward, Allen, for Ochotsk.
29—Brig Nahienaena, Irving, for Hilo.
29—Schr Helen, Johnson, for Maliko.

### PASSENGERS.

For WINDWARD PORTS—per Kilauea, March 27—Miss Brown, Mrs A S Cooke, Mr and Mrs H Turton, W F Brown, S Bigelow, B D Hunt, J S Wiseley, C E Williams, R K Chamberlayne, Master Clarence Cooke, D S Miller, jr., E D Warren, J Perham, Rev Mr Snow and wife, Ah Chow, Mr Wilise, C F Hart, H Holstein, C S Bartow, D Pickford—22 cabin and 80 deck pass.

For SAN FRANCISCO—per Smyrniote, March 28—Mrs Johnson and 2 children, Mrs Watson, R B Armstrong, A E McGregor, Geo J Brooks, B D Jones, T Sorenson, V Davis, Mr McGraw, J G Waterhouse—12.

From KOLOA—per Annie Laurie, March 31—Mrs James Fuller, Mr and Mrs J B Williams, Mrs Gough—4.

For SAN FRANCISCO—per Comet, April 3—Mrs S E Bishop and 3 children, E O Hall and wife, Miss Carrie Hall, Misses Julia and Sarah H Dimond, Miss Louise Johnson, Miss Anna Paris, Rev Lowell Smith and wife, Miss Emma Smith, Master A Smith, Miss Annie E Alexander, Julia Bond, Mr and Mrs J A Rawson, Mr and Mrs L L Tozhert and two children, Mrs J Mound, W F Jourdan, J L Barnard, A H Weeks, Stephen Spencer, A S Cleghorn, Wm Andrews, Capt Rowland, Mr McNitte, Mr Fitch, Capt James Smith, H M Whitney, Hervey E Whitney, Mr Abpep, G H Parke, B F West, J Crowell, and two on three others—43.

☞ We would call the attention of those interested in shipping, to an article on our first page relative to "Gisborne's anti-fouling paint for coating ships' bottoms." From the statements made by those who have used it, it appears to serve its purpose well, and must rapidly come into general use for coating iron ships, or for other vessels, whose iron-work is exposed to salt water.

### Ships' Mails.

For WINDWARD PORTS—per Kilauea, Monday.
For SAN FRANCISCO—per Comet, on Tuesday next.

### EXPORTS.

For HONGKONG—per Libelle, March 25—103 bags fungus, (9668 lbs), 15 bbls beef. Value of domestic produce, $1,628 84.

For HONGKONG—per Imperial, March 26—416 bags fungus, (25163 lbs). Value of domestic produce, $3,791 30.

For SAN FRANCISCO—per Smyrniote, March 28—60 qr casks wine, (21764 galls), 3734 kegs sugar (487118 lbs), 666 bbls molasses, 160 bags rice, (16000 lbs), 5000 oranges, 870 cocoanuts, 1 bbl pork, 3 bbls beef. Value of domestic produce, $36,567 64. Value of transhipped produce, $1,303 64.

## PORT OF HILO.

### ARRIVALS.

March 19—Am wh bark Isabella, Winslow from Cal. Coast, with 2 whales.
20—Am wh ship Gov. Troupe, Ashley from Cal. Coast.
22—Am wh bark Gratitude, Herendeen, from Maria Island, clean.
24—Am wh bark Euphrates, Hathaway.

### MEMORANDA.

☞ Bark *Isabella* reports, ship Mt. Wallaston, Willis, 3 whales, Hercules, 5 whales.

### MARRIED.

TURTON—SMITH—On the 27th ult., at the Cathedral, by the Rt. Rev. the Lord Bishop of Honolulu, assisted by the Rev. P. Gallagher, H. Turton, Esq., of Lahaina, to Miss Annie Smith, of this city.

### DIED.

BATES—In Honolulu, March 26, Helen Louise, daughter of Dudley C. and M. Louise Bates, aged 6 months and 15 days.

CATTERSON—In Honolulu, March 30, of consumption, Thos. D. Catterson, aged about 37 years, of Lincoln, Placer County, Cal. He came passenger in the *Comet*, hoping to receive benefit from the change of climate.

WHEELER—On the morning of the 31st March, J. S. Wheeler, first officer of steam schr. Annie Laurie. He fell overboard and was drowned.

## NOTICE.

The undersigned intends leaving, in the bark *Comet*, for San Francisco, New York and Washington, to be absent about six months. During his absence, Mr. JOSEPH O. CARTER will be empowered to act for him, and will have the entire charge of this paper. HENRY M. WHITNEY,
Publisher P. C. Advertiser.


THE PACIFIC
# Commercial Advertiser.

*SATURDAY, APRIL 1.*


PIUS IX., recognized as Sovereign Pontiff by the largest division of the Christian Church, necessarily exercises throughout the world an immense influence, which, though too weak to excite alarm, cannot be ignored. That influence in its proper sphere, (the realms of Dogmatic and Moral Theology,) is a question we leave to Doctors of Divinity to settle among themselves; but when the "Holy Father" descends to the arena of politics, condescending to use the public journals for the dissemination of his peculiar political principles, he then and there exposes himself to criticism, all the more damaging, if he be found not only in error, but in exploded error. It is one thing to be hurried into faults by over zeal towards progressive excellence, and quite another to persist in hanging back in the rear of the onward march, through timidity of being rash. But what is that to actually going back, staying back, and then anathematizing the great army of modern society for striding ahead without the politeness of promising some day to return? Whether such is the position of the Roman Pontiff, we leave our readers to judge by an extract from his "Encyclical Letter," under the date of 8th December last. Referring to "a great number of men in the present day," he says:

"Contrary to the teaching of the Holy Scriptures, of the Church, and of the Fathers, they do not hesitate to affirm".... "that the best condition of society is that in which the power of the laity is not compelled to inflict the penalties of law upon violators of the Catholic religion, unless required by considerations of public safety."

"Actuated by an idea of social government so absolutely false, they do not hesitate further to propagate this erronious opinion, very hurtful to the safety of the Catholic Church and of souls, and termed *delirium* by our predecessor, Gregory XVI., of excellent memory, viz: 'Liberty of conscience and of worship is the right of every man—a right which ought to be proclaimed and established by law in every well constituted state, and that citizens are entitled to make known and declare, with a liberty which neither the ecclesiastical nor the civil authority can limit, their convictions of whatever kind, either by word of mouth or through the press, or by other means.'"

From this quotation, we shall not be accused of unfairness in deducing the following propositions:

1st. That Church and State should be united.

2d. That the temporal should enforce the spiritual power.

3d. That liberty of conscience is erronious, and comparable to the ravings of insanity.

Before entering into an examination of these propositions, we would premise that "His Holiness" does not intend to define them as articles of faith, but as His own opinions worthy of credance; that they are not to be found in any printed work of Roman Catholic Theology; and that they have all been repudiated by the press of Italy and France, the ultramontane papers alone excepted, the paid agents of that party in Europe, who would of course support any possible course which "His Holiness" might pursue. We believe that all people agree upon this point,—that the essential ends and aims of government are protection of life and property, so as to compel us to satisfy our wants, not by rapine, but by industry; so as to compel us to decide our differences, not by the strong hand, but by arbitration; so as to direct our whole force, as that of one man, against any other society which may offer us injury. These are propositions not to be disputed by mere anathemas. No matter what a man's religion may be—whether Idolater, Jew or Christian, he desires all those benefits which can alone be enjoyed where life and property are secure. To be murdered, robbed, exposed to pillage, or being sold into slavery, are alike repugnant to men of all beliefs or no beliefs. Consequently, in these essential points of government, there is a common and identical interest in regard to every individual whatever.

It is true that man universally believes in a hereafter, and in the existence of a Great First Cause, or God; but here all unanimity is at a standstill. Whether there be one God or many—in what relation His creatures stand to Him—whether He has revealed Himself or not to mankind, further than by His glorious works—what the nature of that revelation may be—these are questions about which the utmost difference of opinion has ever existed, and concerning which, the majority of mankind has ever been deplorably in error. But here are two great objects so completely distinct, that they will bear no comparison. The one belongs wholly to the visible and concrete world in which we live, and the other belongs to things beyond our reach of sensation. The former belongs to this life; the latter to that which is to come. Men who perfectly agree upon the advantages of protection of life and property, differ as widely as possible as to the manner of securing their well-being hereafter. Now we say that before a church be allied to a State, we want to have it proved that such addition be *necessary*. To attain the essential end of government, we want to have it proved that the State has means superior to those of private individuals, by which to judge what particular religion or sect may be most agreeable to God, and the essential end proposed. If this cannot be shown (a slight matter of omission, recommended to "His Holiness" for his next "letter,") it has no more to do with the government than the trade of shoe-making. Indeed, we cannot see for the life of us what the mysterious doctrines of the Nicine Creed have to do with the Budget or army and navy estimates.

We think we have disposed of the first proposition. The second proposition, that the temporal power should enforce the spiritual power, is but a necessary consequence of the preceding; and rests upon the same basis,—the government having chosen a religion (ways and means of so doing unknown,) it must enforce conformity; but unluckily for His Holiness, force might deprive him of as many adherents as He might otherwise gain. When you put aside argument and sound reasoning for persecution, it is just as easy to rack a Papist into Mahometanism, as a Protestant into Romanism. If a government is bound to profess a religion, it certainly is bound to suppress heresy and false doctrine, be it by burning or the sword. Will you punish a man who steals a dollar, and acquit him who robs the Creator of his honor? At the same time will you punish a poor kanaka for riding in an unruly manner through the streets, and yet be unable to summons before any tribunal the wealthy miser who has amassed a million, but has just allowed an old friend and benefactor to die of starvation in a work-house?

The truth is, these matters belong to two different orders of things. The government has the fullest and most undoubted right to punish thieves who steal real tangible dollars, but has no mission or business to meddle with any question of Theology. Whether "The Father be consubstantial" or not, is a mere matter of discussion, properly reserved to the interested. The evil of unruly riding, to the detriment of His Majesty's subjects, is an evil against which the government can protect us, but heartlessness belongs to the moral order, and is a matter of conscience. So much for the second proposition. The third proposition is enough to make one really ashamed of the nineteenth century's representative Pontiff.

Fortunately the sacred right of the liberty of conscience is in no danger, though we are told that it is no more nor less than "delerium." Fortunately in the sacred tribunal of conscience, no intruder can with sacrilegious steps force an entrance, and fortunately that best of rights has been purchased at so dear a rate, that it is more secure to us than the proudest dynasties on earth. Rather than sacrifice it, many men would spurn existence as a burden too great to bear, and rush to death as a deliverence from a pandemonium that needed but one more evil to make it hell, and that evil privation of "liberty of conscience."

LOST OVERBOARD.—As the steamer *Annie Laurie* was approaching the harbor early on Friday morning, on her return from Kauai, Mr. John S. Wheeler, her first officer, fell overboard and was drowned. The vessel had just tacked, and Mr. W. was at the bow, handling the jib, which he had made fast. He was next seen in the water. The steamer's headway was immediately stopped, a boat lowered, and every effort made to save him; but he sank and was not seen after. It is supposed he had a fit, or was injured by a bullock, which was loose in the fore part of the vessel. The conduct of a native seaman on board the steamer is worthy of mention, who jumped overboard as soon as the accident was known, but Mr. Wheeler sank so quickly that no traces of him could be found, although the vessel remained near the spot for half an hour. He was a native of Massachusetts, about 45 years old, and had been on the Islands some 24 years or more.

NEW PLANTATION IN PROSPECT.—We have seen a sample of sugar made from cane grown by Mr. M'Bryde on his estate at Wahiawa, Kauai. It has a sparkling, lively grain, and shows that the best of sugar can be made there. From two acres of cane, *measured*, eight tons of sugar were produced. The land is quite elevated, and located on the lee side of the island, occupying very much the position on Kauai that the Ulupalakua plantation does on Maui. With such a prospect before him Mr. M'B need have no fears of embarking in the manufacture of sugar, and the sooner the better. There are said to be other good tracts for cane growing in the same region, and ere many years have passed there will be cane fields where now few look for them.

ROYAL COMMISSIONER TO CHINA.—Dr. Wm. Hillebrand leaves in the first ship for China and India, probably the *Sea Serpent*, which is now due from San Francisco. He goes as Commissioner to procure coolies, and to visit the principal Chinese and Indian ports and agricultural districts, to gather information regarding laborers, the labor system, and the best mode of treatment of that scourge, now increasing among us, known as the Asiatic leprosy. He will be accompanied with his wife and son, and will probably be absent about one year, returning via San Francisco. They will carry with them the best wishes of a large circle of friends, and we trust the Doctor will gain such information as will prove of great benefit to this Kingdom.

ROBBERY AT MAKAWAO, MAUI.—On the evening of the 11th inst., the store of Mr. Needham, Makawao, was feloniously entered, and the sum of $17 abstracted from a desk. Suspicion having attached to a youth named Keoni, in the employ of Mr. Cummins, the former was apprehended, and, when taxed with the robbery, admitted his guilt. He was brought before the Hon. A. M. Kahalewai, at Makawao, on the 17th inst., pleaded guilty, and was committed for trial next June, at the Circuit Court, Lahaina.

CHEAP PASSAGES.—A California paper says that the steamer fare from San Francisco to New York, on the 3d of March, was lower than it had been during ten years. Steerage passengers were taken to New York by the steamers at the exceedingly low rate of $20. Cabin berths were sold for $100.

TO JURORS.—We are requested by the Marshal to inform the jurors drawn for the April term of the Supreme Court, that their services will not be required till Monday the 17th of April, at 9 A. M.

WHAT THEY SAY OF IT.—The Otsego (N. Y.) *Republican*, one of the best exchanges on our list, has the following regarding the fund raised in aid of the U. S. Christian Commission:

HOW OUR HANDS ARE STAYED UP.—A late number of the *Commercal Advertiser*, published at Honolulu, records practical expression of the sympathy and good will felt for our cause by the inhabitants of the islands of the sea. It appears by the *Advertiser's* statement that some ladies—God bless 'em—were talking one evening about the noble and successful efforts made by their sisters of America for the alleviation of the sufferings of those who wear army blue and stand in danger's front, when it was suggested that they might also add a mite to the general fund, or at least make the effort. They immediately went to work with that energy which characterizes woman-kind when engaged in a good work, and making use of those various means which they so well know how to render available,—such as subscription papers, mite societies, fairs, etc., etc.—they soon were enabled to secure a draft (including the premium of gold) for $5,500, which has been remitted to that philanthrophic organization, the Christian Commission. Contributions to this fund were received from nearly all the Sandwich Islands. They are still engaged in securing money for the same purpose. Truly, in the language of the *Advertiser*, "when America has such daughters scattered beyond her borders, in distant lands, she need fear no rebellion or treason at home."

COTTON PLANTING.—We learn that two American gentlemen have leased about one hundred acres of land in Puna, Hawaii, and have made arrangements to plant twenty-five acres with cotton. Foreigners who cultivate this article should take special care to keep the short and long kinds separate. Several bales of *mixed* cotton sent to the United States last year, were found wholly unsaleable, while the pure short or pure long kind sells well. The machinery used in cotton-mills is adapted to short *or* long, but not to both; hence one or the other passes as waste cotton. If mixed, it is not merchantable.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Sacramento *Union*, in one of his last letters, has the following. Mr. Colfax is from Vermont, and is one of the most prominent and distinguished Americans in public service:

BOUND FOR CALIFORNIA.—During the early summer coming, Speaker Colfax proposes to pay a visit to California, going overland, "if the Indians are not troublesome," said the unsophisticated Colfax, who is not "posted" on the Holladay Indian raids. After a tour through the Golden State, Colfax will, go to the Sandwich Islands, where he has relatives, and return to this side of the republic by water, during the latter part of the summer. For the sake of the genial Speaker and his thousands of friends on the Pacific coast, I hope that nothing may happen to interfere with his prospective trip "the plains across."

NEEDLESS ACCIDENTS.—Dr. Hillebrand, has within a week amputated two arms, which have been crushed by being drawn between the cog wheels of sugar mills. Such accidents are inexcusable, for the wheels of the rollers should always be covered over with a loose box, which can be removed at pleasure. Strangers are always curious to observe the working of the mill, and frequently approach so near that their clothes get caught in the wheels unless covered as above.

EASTWARD BOUND.—The *Comet* sails on Monday or Tuesday next, taking a larger list of passengers than any vessel that has left for many months past. The names of such as are "booked" up to yesterday, will be found in another column. Most of those leaving return in the summer or fall.

☞ Col. Hardy, of Copperopolis, California, has recently sold his copper mine for $650,000. He is a brother of Judge Jacob Hardy, late of Kauai, who, we believe, had an interest in the estate, and who has been the principal manager of it for the last four years. "Fortune" could not have found more worthy recipients for her gifts than the gentlemen named. There is a story about this estate, which will bear repeating, as illustrating how small an incident may make a man's fortune. The person who formerly owned the small farm which Colonel Hardy lately sold, was "hard up," and very anxious to dispose of it, and, after repeated efforts, at last induced the Colonel to buy, a mule being thrown in to carry the bargain, and the land changed hands. It was not till some years after, that copper was discovered on the place, and the mining of it commenced, which has proved to be a source of almost fabulous wealth, as it is said to yield its hundreds of thousands annually.

CANARIES.—There is nothing which strangers so quickly notice as the absence of singing-birds among our trees and in our gardens. We have to rely on imported birds, and among these the canary is the finest songster. The house that has a canary bird, has in it at least one happy creature, which from early dawn till twilight, warbles its cheerful strain. Those wishing to procure these birds, can find a large collection at B. F. Ehlers' in Fort street, lately received from Bremen.

THE KILAUEA.—This boat has lately been thoroughly overhauled and painted, and sailed last Monday for windward ports. Notwithstanding the increased rates of deck-passage, she had a large number of natives, with the usual number of cabin passengers.

DEPUTY SHERIFF.—The Marshal has appointed Mr. David Dayton as Deputy Sheriff for Oahu, in place of Mr. Jourdan, who leaves for the United States on account of ill-health, after having filled the position for twelve years.


To all Whom it may Concern.

OWING TO THE RESIGNATION OF J. L. BARNARD, Esq., who goes on a visit to his relatives and friends in the Eastern States: I have this day appointed ALFRED D. CARTWRIGHT, Secretary of the United States Legation at Honolulu. And I hereby request all persons to regard and respect him as such.
JAMES McBRIDE,
U. S. Minister Resident.
U. S. Legation, Honolulu, April 1st, 1865. 1t

HONOLULU, March 28th, 1865.
DURING MY ABSENCE HAS CONSTITUTED Dr. J. Mott Smith, my Attorney in Fact.
462-2t WM. HILLEBRAND, M. D.

FOR SALE.
THREE PINE TANKS, Complete, Two of them from 85 to 100 barrels each—the other 65 barrels, suitable for Plantation use.
LEWIS & NORTON, Coopers,
462-1m King Street, Honolulu.

CANARIES.
A FINE COLLECTION OF CANARIES, received by the *R. W. WOOD*, from Bremen.
For sale by
462-1m E. F. EHLERS.

NOTICE.
DURING MY ABSENCE FROM THIS Kingdom, I have appointed John S. Smithies by power of attorney to act for me.
A. S. CLEGHORN.
Honolulu, 25th March, 1865. 462-2t

THE UNDERSIGNED BEING ABOUT TO visit the United States has appointed A. F. Judd, under a power of attorney to transact all business for him during his absence.
461-4t LOWELL SMITH.

Co-Partnership Notice.
THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE known as *CHUNG HOON & CO.*, expires this day by limitation. All outstanding accounts will be settled by Chung Hoon or Young Sheong.
CHUNG HOON,
ACHU,
(By his attorney Young Sheong.)
YOUNG SHEONG.
Honolulu, 31st March, 1865.

Mr. Achu having withdrawn from the firm, the business will hereafter be continued by the undersigned under the old firm style and name of *CHUNG HOON & CO.*
CHUNG HOON,
YOUNG SHEONG.
Honolulu, 31st March, 1865.

Notice.
Lately received from China via San Francisco
A FEW PIECES OF
VERY SUPERIOR WHITE PONGEE:
Suitable for Gentlemen's Undershirts and Pajammas.
462-

NEW BOOKS
RECEIVED FROM
New York via San Francisco!
Per A. A. Eldridge.
MOTLEY'S DUTCH REPUBLIC, 3 VOLS. Sheep.
Motley's History of the United Netherlands, 2 vols. sheep;
Abbott's Life of Napoleon, 2 vols.
McCulloch's Geographical Dictionary,
Anthon's Classical Dictionary, Smith's Classical Dictionary,
Liddell's and Scott's Greek and English Lexicon,
Latin and English Lexicon,
Hannah Moore's Works, Addison's Works, 2 vols. sheep.
Macaulay's History of England, 5 vols.
Hume's History of England, 8 vols.
Queen's of Scotland, 3 vols.; Thackeray's Four Georges,
Thackeray's Round About Papers,
Thackeray's Vanity Fair, Three Clerks,
Small House at Arlington, by A. Trollope,
Orley Farm, by Anthony Trollope,
West Indies, by Anthony Trollope,
North America, by Anthony Trollope,
Castle Richmond, by Anthony Trollope, Doctor Thorne,
Social Condition of the English People,
Rienzi, by Bulwer Lytton,
Ivo Chadlin's Africa, Livingstone's Africa,
Capt. Speke's Journal of the Discovery of the Source of the Nile.
History of the Hawaiian Islands,
Haswell's Engineer's Pocket Guide,
Loomis's Practical Astronomy, Loomis's Algebra,
Zumpt's Latin Grammar, Reading Without Tears,
Streaks of Light, More About Jesus,
Knapp's French Reading Book, Student's Home,
Barnes' Notes on the New Testament,
Liddell's History of Rome, Dr. Smith's History of Greece,
Franby Barsonage, Harry's Ladder to Learning,
Mrs. Sherwood's Works, 16 vols., Religious Training.
Besides others too numerous to mention. Also On Hand and Just Received, a large and varied collection of NOVELS
For sale cheap at the
462-1m BOOKSTORE.

HAWAIIAN PACKET LINE
FOR
PORTLAND, OREGON.
THE A 1 CLIPPER BARK
A. A. ELDRIDGE!
JOSEPH WILLIAMS, Master.
Having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will have dispatch for the above port. For freight or passage apply to
ALDRICH, WALKER & Co.
Agents at Portland.
462-2t Messrs. RICHARDS & McCRACKEN.

HAWAIIAN PACKET LINE
—FOR—
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
—AND—
PORTLAND, OREGON.
FIRST CLASS CLIPPER PACKETS in this line will be dispatched regularly for the above ports.
Have superior cabin and steerage accommodations fitted up expressly for the comfort and convenience of passengers.
Passenger and freight taken at the lowest current rates.
Apply to
ALDRICH, WALKER & Co.
Agents of the Line
Messrs. CHAS. W. BROOKS & Co., San Francisco.
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J. H. WICKE,
CABINET MAKER,
ALAKEA STREET BELOW THE THEATRE.
Furniture made and repaired at reasonable prices. 462-1y

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.
WILLSON'S SERIES OF SPELLERS and READERS, including:
Primary Speller for beginners,
Standard Spellers, Willson's Primer,
Willson's 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Readers.
—ALSO—
Willson's School Charts, for teaching object lessons. Beautifully illustrated. In sets of 22 cards. For sale by
462-2m H. M. WHITNEY.

Photographic Gallery!
NEXT DOOR TO THE POST-OFFICE.
CARTE de VISITES AND LARGER PHOTOGRAPHS, Ambrotypes, Melainotypes, Locket Pictures, &c, &c., taken as cheap as at any place in the city.
On hand an assortment of Frames and Cases.
Also at H. M. Whitney's Book Store and at the Gallery, photographs of the Volcano Kilauea, the Five Kings Kamehameha, and a variety of scenes illustrating Island scenery.
Photographs retouched, plain or in colors, in the best manner.
People on the other islands wishing for Card Photographs, can obtain the same by sending any picture they wish copied—the copies returned with promptness.
H. L. CHASE.
P. S.—No one can purchase another's picture except with written permission. 462-

Royal Hawaiian
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
A GENERAL MEETING WILL BE HELD in the COURT HOUSE on Saturday, the 1st of April, at noon. A full attendance is requested, as it will be proposed to make arrangements to procure new plants and animals from China, by our Corresponding Secretary, Dr. Hillebrand, and to amalgamate the Society with the new Planters' Society.
L. McCULLY,
Secretary R. H. A. Society.
Honolulu, March 29th, 1865. 462-1t

LOWE, BROTHERS,
Commission Merchants!
Victoria, Vancouver Island.
—REFER TO—
THE HON. HUDSON'S BAY CO.....Victoria, V. I.
Messrs DANL. GIBB & CO.....San Francisco.
Messrs. ALDRICH, WALKER & CO.....Honolulu.
Mr. JAMES I. DOWSETT..... do.
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J. L. LEWIS. G. W. NORTON.
LEWIS & NORTON,
COOPERS.
3000 BARRELS NEW OIL SHOOKS.
OIL CASKS AND SHOOKS, Constantly on hand and for sale.
Cooperage on King St., Corner of Bethel St., Honolulu. 462-6m

To Produce Dealers,
AND
COUNTRY TRADERS.
Hides, Goat Skins,
Old Composition, Old Copper,
Tallow, Old Iron,
Cotton, Wool,
BOUGHT AT THE HIGHEST MARKET rates by C. BREWER & Co.,
Market Wharf.
N. B.—Consignments from the other islands will have prompt attention. 462-2m

Rosewood Pianos For Sale.
ONE 7 1-2 OCTAVE.
ONE 6 1-2 OCTAVE.
Can be seen at W. FISCHER'S Furniture Room on Hotel Street. 461-1m

DAILY EXPECTED!
PER BARK

ARCTIC!
FROM BOSTON
FOR SALE BY
C. BREWER & CO!

COALS
LACKAWANA STEAM COAL
CUMBERLAND COAL.
IRON, &c
Hoop Iron for barrels and kegs
Boiler Iron, ½ and ¾ inch
Rod and Bar Iron.
200 CASES FARRAR'S COAL OIL!
Guaranteed Equal to any in the Market.
75 Nests Shipping Trunks,
20 Cases Card Matches,
400 Coils ¼ and ½ Manilla Rope.
CASES WHALELINE
3 NEW BEDFORD WHALEBOATS
SMOOTH BOTTOM.
Casks PILOT BREAD!
STATIONERY
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Memoranda Books
Account Books
Pass Books
Day Books
Cargo Books
Receipt Books
Inkstands
Wafer Trays
Thermometers
Pencil Leads
Red Tape
Rubber Bands
Stationer's Gum
Pen Holders
Blotting Pad
Blank Cards.
BEST ENVELOPES, &C., &C.
1 Complete Butcher Wagon and Harness!
GROCERIES
Kitts Mackerel
Boxes Codfish
Lemon Syrup
Sago
Saleratus
Soda
Ginger
Pimento
Casia
Black Pepper
Cranberry Jams
Cloves
Assorted Meats
Corn Starch
Oysters
Sago
C. O. Soap, S. W. Soap
Cases Lard.
CASES WHITE COTTON THREAD!
FURNITURE
SOFAS
Hair Cloth Easy Chairs
Hair Cloth Parlor Chairs
Hair Cloth Tete a Tetes
Cane Seat Rotary Library Chairs
SUNDRIES
Cases Clocks
Saws and Horses
Barrels Bungs
Scrub Brushes
Chopping Trays
Blacking Brushes
Blacking
Bushel Baskets
Covered Buckets
Hide Poison
Lamp Black
Benzole
Chalk
Beeswax
Fire Sand
Ships Side Lights
HARDWARE AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
Hoe Handles, Hunt's Axes
Hunt's Hatchets, Shafts
Copper Tacks, Lanterns
Scythes and Snaths
Planters Hoes
Willietrees
Crowbars, Hoes
Cane Knives
Ox Bows
Steel Plows
Ox Yokes
Nails
Brass Wire Cloth
Lanterns
Horse Collars and Harness
Lamp Wick, Kerosene Lanterns
BARRELS SHOOKS
KEGS SHOOKS.
400 Pairs Blinds, assorted sizes!
400 Pairs Window Sash, assorted sizes!
400 Doors, assorted sizes.
TWO EXPRESS WAGONS!
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