AUCTION SALES

BY C. S. BARTOW.

Assignees' Sale

—OF—

DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE

IN HONOLULU,

AT AUCTION!

THE ASSIGNEES OF THE ESTATE of Walker, Allen & Co. will offer for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION,

THIS DAY,

Saturday, the 20th day of April, 1867,

On the Premises, at 11 o'clock, noon,

The Premises on Alakea St., Honolulu

At present occupied by SAMUEL C. ALLEN, Esq.,

And extending through to Richards street. The Lot comprises about two-thirds of an acre, and has a good and substantial

Dwelling House and Out-buildings thereon,

The whole forming a desirable family residence. TERMS AT SALE.

For further particulars apply to

C. R. BISHOP,
J. W. AUSTIN,
565 4t Assignees of the Estate of Walker, Allen & Co.

ASSIGNEES' SALE.

REAL ESTATE.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, in front of the Court House Door in Honolulu,

THIS DAY!

Saturday, the 20th Day of April, 1867,

At 12 O'clock, M.,

All the right, title and interest which the Assignees of Walker, Allen & Co., have, to redeem a mortgage deed originally given by S. L. Austin, of the

Onomea Sugar Plantation!

With all the property connected with and belonging to the Plantation, and by said Walker, Allen & Co., assigned to secure the sum of about Sixty-four Thousand Dollars.

The Plantation consists of about 3,000 acres of land, of which 500 acres are now planted with Cane, and the crop of Sugar Cane now on the land. The land is well watered and well wooded. The Mill has a fine water-power attached thereto, and the Mill Buildings are within half a mile of the landing.

TERMS AT SALE.

For further particulars apply to

S. L. AUSTIN, Hilo, Hawaii.

J. W. AUSTIN,
C. R. BISHOP,
565 6t Assignees of the Estate of Walker, Allen & Co.

ON MONDAY, : : : : : APRIL 22d,

AT THE STORE OF L. SYLVESTER,

ON THE CORNER OF FORT AND MERCHANT STS.,

At 10 O'clock, A. M., will be sold

The Balance of Stock on Hand,

—Consisting of—

White Cottons, Denims, Black and Blue Broadcloths, Tweeds, Fancy Skirts, Boots and Shoes, Ladies' Gaiters, Muslin Dress Patterns, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

1 CASK OF MARTEL BRANDY, IN BOND.

REGULAR SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, - - - APRIL 24,

At 10 O'clock, A. M., at Sales Room,

Will be sold:

A General Assortment of Merchandise

—Consisting of—

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., &c.

1 Piano Forte, 1 Hay Cutter, and Sundry other Articles.

—ALSO—

Cases California Port Wine and Oregon Cider.

For Sale at Auction,

One-seventh of Lihue Plantation.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, in front of the Court House, in Honolulu,

On Tuesday, the 30th day of April next,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

The Entire Interest—being One Undivided Seventh Part—of J. S. Walker and S. C. Allen,

....IN THE....

LIHUE SUGAR PLANTATION,

Situated in the District of Puna, on the Island of Kauai,

With the rights, privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging, including

ALL LAND, BUILDINGS, CARTS, HORSES, CATTLE, MILLS, MACHINERY

And other Property to the same belonging.

There are in this Plantation about 2,400 acres of Land, owned in fee simple, of which about 600 acres are Cane Land, and about from 125 to 140 acres can be cultivated and irrigated each year. There are also about 6,000 acres of leased Wood and Pasture Land. The crop for the present year is estimated at 275 tons of Sugar, including that made from Cane ground on shares. The next crop to take off consists of about 18 acres of Plant Cane and 130 acres of Rattoons on the plantation, and 20 acres of Plant Cane and 64 acres of Rattoons to be ground on shares.

The place is well furnished with Horses, Oxen, Carts, Tools, Implements, &c.,

Stock of Merhcandise in the Store

Valued at about $2,500, and

A HERD OF CATTLE. Numbering about 500 head.

For further particulars inquire of P. ISENBERG, Esq., at Lihue, or of the undersigned.

TERMS AT SALE. J. W. AUSTIN,
C. R. BISHOP,
565 5t Assignees of Estate of Walker, Allen & Co.

DRYING.

20 CASES BENZOLE. For Sale by
566 5t L. L. TORBERT.

4000 HENRY RIFLE CARTRIDGES!

FOR SALE BY
567 3m L. L. TORBERT.

ROUGH REDWOOD BOARDS

For Sale by

GEORGE C. HOWE.

ALSO A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Redwood Lumber, Northwest Boards and Scantling,

Shingles, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Paints, &c.

For Sale Low, at my Old Stand on the Esplanade.

566 3m

Just Opened!

NEW STYLES

Ladies' Hats!

At Mrs. BLACK'S,

Fort Street.

567-1m

HONOLULU FEMALE ACADEMY,

Kawaiahao, Honolulu.

THIS INSTITUTION, NEAR THE KAWAIAHAO CHURCH, is now

Opened for Boarders & Day Scholars

INSTRUCTION WILL BE GIVEN IN

Both the Hawaiian and English Languages.

Every attention will be paid to the intellectual culture and domestic education of the pupils, and especially to their moral training.

TERMS, per Year, Payable Quarterly:

For Boarders at the School Table..........................	$ 50 00
For Boarders at the Teachers Table..........................	150 00

REFERENCES:

Rev. L. Smith, D. D.	Rev. E. Corwin,
Rev. S. C. Damon,	Rev. H. H. Parker,

President W. D. Alexander.

For further information inquire at the Institution, or of Dr. L. H. GULICK. 567 4t

---

ROUND RUBBER PACKING!

FOR STEAM ENGINES, 1, 1-2 and 3-8 inch; warranted of best quality.

For Sale at Half Price by

565 5t L. L. TORBERT.

---

15 CENTS.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, THE PRICE —of the—

Commercial Advertiser!

Will be

FIFTEEN CENTS

Per Single Copy, or

SIX DOLLARS A YEAR.

Reals will only be received at 10 cents.

562 3m March 2 1867.

AUCTION SALES

BY E. P. ADAMS.

ON TUESDAY, - - - - - - APRIL 23.

At 10 O'clock, A. M., At Sales Room,

Will be Sold:

A Variety of Merchandise & Sundries

—Consisting of—

Dry Goods, Clothing, Crockery,

AND GROCERIES.

Best English Pie Fruits and Pickles, Yeast Powders, Perfumery, Soaps, Brown and White Cotton Half Hose, Prints, Linen, Havana Cigars, Cal. Potatoes, Tobacco, Pilot Bread, Crushed Sugar, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

1 Superior Gentle Saddle Horse.

LARGE SALE OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

--AT THE--

RESIDENCE OF J. C. PFLUGER, ESQ.,

Corner of Beretania and Alakea Streets,

Will be Sold:

ON THURSDAY, - - - - - - APRIL 25th.

At 10 O'clock, A. M.,

All the Furniture of the House,

Consisting of

Drawing Room, Dining Room and Chamber Furniture, Crockery Ware, Glass Ware,

PIANO FORTE, FRAMED ENGRAVINGS,

One Large Family Carriage Horse!

And a Variety of Household Articles.

—ALSO—

One Large Double Carriage, if not disposed of prior to Sale.

FIRE ENGINES!

At Auction.

ON SATURDAY, - - - - APRIL 27th,

At 12 O'clock, M., at Sales Room, will be sold

One Fire Engine in Perfect Order,

Built in San Francisco, from 7 to 9 inch stroke, 6 inch cylinder, with *HOSE CARRIAGE* complete.

ONE FIRE ENGINE. (Thayer, Boston, maker,) 6 inch cylinder, 15 inch stroke, and with slight repair can be made good, with *HOSE CARRIAGE*.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

By virtue of an order of Sale issued by the late Hon. G. M. ROBERTSON, First Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, to J. KAHAI, Administrator of the Estate of *KAILIKOLE* (w), late of Honolulu, deceased,

I will Offer For Sale at Public Auction!

At the Court House Door, in Honolulu,

On TUESDAY, the 30th day of April!

At 12 O'clock, M.,

ONE HALF OF THE AHUPUAA OF

Kaapuhu!

Situated in Hamakua, Island of Hawaii.

E. P. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BY ORDER OF W. H. REED, Esq., Administrator of the Estate of *L. A. PAVIE*, I will Offer For Sale

AT AN UPSET PRICE OF $400 FOR COST.

In front of the Collector's Office in Hilo,

On Saturday, the 11th day of May!

At 10 O'clock, A. M.,

A Certain Tract of Land Situated in Waiakea, Hilo,

Consisting of 5 1-2 ACRES, more or less, belonging to the Estate of L. A. PAVIE.

For particulars apply to W. H. REED, Hilo.

567 3t J. H. CONEY, Auctioneer.

The Lands of Kahuku and Keana

KOOLAULOA, OAHU.

CATTLE and SHEEP

For Sale at Auction.

THE EXECUTORS OF THE WILL OF R. C. WYLLIE will offer for sale, at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of May, 1867,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

In front of the Court House door, in Honolulu,

The Land of Kahuku, containing 4,266 acres,

....AND....

The Land of Keana, containing 1,500 acres.

Situated in Koolauloa, Island of Oahu,
Lately the property of Charles G. Hopkins, Esq.

Also, 369 Head of Cattle,

2 superior Bulls of fine breed, 1 yoke of Oxen, 1,373 Sheep and 15 Rams of superior breed.

A Piece of Land, situated in Laie,

Koolauloa, consisting of 298 acres,

And adjoining the land of Malaekahana. These lands are well suited for grazing, and are among the best on the Island for that purpose. The Cattle and Sheep are in good condition.

For further particulars apply to

J. W. AUSTIN,
C. R. BISHOP,
S. N. CASTLE,
Quorum of the Executors of the Will of R. C. Wyllie.
or C. G. HOPKINS,
566 7t Malaekahana, Oahu.

STEAMER FOR SALE!

The Hawaiian Steamer

"KILAUEA,"

417 Tons Register,

IN GOOD ORDER, AND READY FOR SEA,

Is now Offered For Sale on Reasonable Terms,

If applied for before the 4th day of May next, on which date she will be withdrawn from the Inter-Island routes.

For further particulars apply to

567 4t H. HACKFELD & Co., Agents.

Norway Shapes.

1-2 BY 5-8, 3-4 BY 1-2, 3-4 BY 3-8.
For sale by
568 2m C. BREWER & CO.

TO PLANTERS AND SUGAR BOILERS.

SACCHAROMETERS, MICROSCOPES,
METAL THERMOMETERS, 4 FEET LONG.
200 *IRON COOLERS*, 7 feet by 4½ feet.
LOUISIANA CANE KNIVES.
568 2m For Sale by C. BREWER & Co.

CEMENT.

BARRELS ROSENDALE CEMENT.
BARRELS PORTLAND CEMENT.
568 2m For Sale by C. BREWER & Co.

REDWOOD LUMBER!

Ex MILTON BADGER.

VIZ:

ROUGH BOARDS, 1 INCH;
PLANED BOARDS, 1 inch,
TONGUED AND GROOVED SIDING, 1 inch;
LONG SIDING, ½ inch; *5 FOOT PICKETS*.
567 1m For Sale by L. L. TORBERT.

For Toilet Purposes, &c.

UPHAM'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS For sale by the Undersigned.

Upham's Hair Gloss or Curling fluid.

Upham's Freckle Tan and Pimple Banisher—infallible,

Upham's Depilatory Powder, removes superflous hair in five minutes after its application without injury to the skin.

Upham's Marachetta, for promoting the growth of the beard and hair.

Upham's One Minute Toothache Cure, warranted to cure the worst case of toothache in one minute.

Japanese Hair Stain, only one preparation.

&c. &c. &c. &c.

C. F. PFLUGER, Agent.

Fort Street, between King and Merchant Sts., Honolulu.

Orders from the other Islands promptly attended to.

567 5t

Notice.

WHEREAS, THE UNDERSIGNED has bought from the Administrators of the Estate of L. Haalelea, the following lands, viz:

KEALAHEWA, in Kohala District, formerly belonging to M. Kekauonohi, and PUUEPA, in Kohala District, formerly belonging to M. Kekauonohi.

All parties are hereby forewarned from trespassing upon the said lands.

A. CHRISTIANSEN,
567 5t Honoipu, Kohala, Hawaii.

E. O. HALL & SON,

Have Just Received,

DRY GOODS, &c.

BRADLEY'S NEW PATENT SKIRT,
Duplex Elliptic Empress Trail,
Bleached and Unbleached Cotton, fine quality;
Bleached Cotton Sheeting 72, 80, 90 and 108 inches;
Bleached Linen Sheeting, 72 and 90;
Bleached Pillow Case Linen and Cotton,
Lace and Muslin Curtains,

Fine Fancy Prints, Pink Prints,

Plain and Figured Turkey Reds,

BUFF, PINK, BLUE AND GREEN CHAMBRAYS,

Ginghams, assorted colors;
Black Bombazine, Black Alpaca,
Black Dress Silk, two qualities;
10-4 Wool Shawls,
Gent's Plaid Shawls,
Black Crape, Water Proof Tweeds,
Gent's Linen Bosom Shirts,
Gent's Regatta Shirts,
Blue and Scarlet Flannel,
Saxony White Flannel, Fancy Linen Drill,
Green, Crimson and Scarlet Wool Damasks,
White Mosquito Lace,
Silk Cravats, Mohair Braid,
Gent's Buck Riding Gloves,
Ladies' Buck Riding Gloves,
Gent's Brown Cotton ½ hose, asstd.;
Boy's Brown Cotton ½ hose, asstd.;
Ladies' and Misses' White Cotton Hose,
Cotton and Silk Umbrellas, Oiled Silk,
Men's Fancy Wool Shirts,
Lace Veils, Love Veils,
Enameled Duck, best quality.
Figured Enameled Duck, for table covers, &c., &c. 568 3t

J. O. HANSCOM, H. S. SMITH.	T. PENDERGAST, W. H. HANSCOM.

HANSCOM & Co.,

Ætna Iron Works!

Southeast corner Fremont and Tehama Streets,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Practical Machinists and Iron Founders,

MANUFACTURE

STEAM ENGINES!

Quartz Mill Machinery of all kinds, Saw Mills,

FLOUR MILLS.

DUNBAR'S IMPROVED SELF ADJUSTING PISTON PACKING,

Now so extensively used in the East and in this State. Requires no springs or screws; is always steam-tight; without excessive friction, and never gets slack or leaky.

HANSCOM'S CRUSHER.

The best of the kind now in use in this State or anywhere else.

AMALGAMATORS AND CONCENTRATORS

Of all kinds furnished to Order.

Tyler's Improved Water Wheel,

Giving greater power, at lower cost, than any wheel in use. Send for one of our circulars, giving full tables.

All Wheels warranted to give the power as set forth, or the money will be refunded.

Sole Makers for this Coast of the

"PENDERGAST WHITE IRON STAMP SHOES AND DIES."

None genuine unless obtained from us. Every one warranted. Patented Machinery of all kinds will be furnished by us at market prices. Particular attention given to drawings and specifications of machinery, which will be made to order. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 568 3m

---

GERMAN BOARDING HOUSE

—AND—

Cosmopolitan Coffee Saloon,

By Mrs. SINGER,

NUUANU STREET.

☞ BOARD PER WEEK, $5. 566 3m

BY SYREN!

HARD PINE HEADING,	1¼ and 1½ Inch.
HARD PINE PLANK,	3 Inch.
HARD PINE FLOORING,	1¼ inch T & G.
HARD PINE FLOORING,	1¼ inch surfaced.
HARD PINE DECK PLANK,	2 inch grooved.

For Sale by
568 3m L. L. TORBERT.

Notice.

Office of H. B. M.'s Commissioner and Consul General,

HONOLULU, April 5, 1867.

AS THERE ARE AT THE PRESENT time many cases of distress amongst our countrymen here resident, and as the Funds of the Society are at a low ebb, I hereby request all those Members of the St. GEORGE'S BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, who have not yet paid up their subscriptions for the year ending April 23, 1867, to remit the same to Mr. CLEGHORN, the Treasurer.

JAMES HAY WODEHOUSE.
H. B. M.'s Commissioner and Consul General, President.
567 3t

Window Glass for Sale.

ALL SIZES—FROM 7x9 TO 30x40—AT the very lowest figure, by the box or single light

568 6m L. L. TORBERT.

NOTICE.

MR. THOMAS CROSS IS MY AUTHORized agent during my absence from this kingdom.

568 3t R. NEWCOMB.

NOTICE.

AS IT IS MY INTENTION TO LEAVE this Kingdom in the D. C. MURRAY, I hereby call upon all persons to whom I am indebted to present their claims, and all persons owing me to settle forthwith.

568 2t* Z. A. COTTON.

TOBACCO.

DIFFERENT BRANDS, FOR SALE AT *REDUCED PRICES BY*

568 6t BOLLES & Co.

CLEAN WATER.

PATENT DIAPHRAGM FILTERS TO attach to Valley Water Cocks. For sale by

568 2m C. BREWER & CO.

Stoves, Stoves.

AN ASSORTMENT OF BEST PATTERNS of

Cooking Stoves, for Families,

Complete with Ware. [568 2m] C. BREWER & CO.

WAGONS.

EXPRESS WAGONS.
Light Business Wagons, Concord Wagons,
Heavy Butcher Wagons.
563 2m For Sale by C. BREWER & Co.

JUST RECEIVED!

....PER....

R. W. WOOD, FROM EUROPE,

....AND....

SYREN, FROM THE UNITED STATES.

DRUGS, MEDICINES!

—AND—

Toilet Articles!

In Great Variety,

AND PROCURED FROM THE VERY BEST MANUFACTORIES.

All of which are now Offered to the Public.

The Following are a few of the many Articles Received:

Seidleitz Powder, superior;
Toilet Powder, fine; Epsom Salt, in doses;
French Capsules,
Syringes of all kinds,
Henry's Magnesia,
Fluid Magnesia,
Sarsaparilla,
Bronchial Troches,
Soothing Syrup,
Medicinal Fluid Extracts,
Barinem Oil, Collodion,
Thorn's Extract, Grafenberg Medicines,
Grafenberg Eye Lotion,
French Rheumatic Remedy,
Silver Soap,
Night Lights, Nursing Bottles,
Citrate of Magnesia, Soaps and Cologne,
Superior Trusses, Flea Powder,
Hair Brushes and Tooth Powder,
Combs,
Assorted Tooth Powders,
Bath Brushes,
Benzine, for cleaning dresses, etc.
Sponges,
Hamburg Tea, etc., etc.

AT VERY LOW PRICES!

By E. HOFFMANN.

ATWOOD'S QUININE TONIC BITTERS!

The Best Aromatic Tonic Ever Offered to the Public. And recommended by the Medical Faculty for its Medicinal Qualities.

Dr. S. P. Ford's Celebrated CATHARTIC PILLS

Made According to his Formula.

SUGAR COATED PILLS.

COSTAR'S RAT POISON!

New from the Manufacturer.

566 2m ED. HOFFMAN

THE PACIFIC
Commercial Advertiser.

SATURDAY, APRIL 20.

Reconstruction in the United States.

After several ineffectual attempts to bring about the restoration of the political status of the Southern States, recently in rebellion against the authority of the general government, Congress has at length, in both branches, adopted a "Reconstruction Bill," which appears to have been carefully and wisely drafted, and if carried into effect—as it is likely to be, in spite of the President's opposition—will eventually secure to the Southern States their forfeited position and rights under the Union. The President withheld his assent, but the Radical party in Congress was strong enough to pass it over his veto by the requisite two-thirds vote. In this course they were sustained by the sentiment of almost the entire North and West. The States which have won the victory in the late contest are fully determined that if the South—the conquered but still rebellious States of the so-called "Confederacy"—come back, it must be on such terms as will effectually and forever prevent the recurrence of any future devastating and sectional wars.

The bill, as finally adopted by both Houses, provides:

First—For the division of the ten Southern States into five military districts, each to be under the command of an army General appointed by the President, and for the establishment of martial law in the said districts.

Second—For the re-organization of the States concerned, in defining a new system of suffrage upon which State Conventions are to be elected to make new State Constitutions, and State Legislatures, &c., subject to the approval of Congress. Universal male suffrage, whites and blacks, is the system adopted, excepting such persons as have been guilty of treason or rebellion, after having taken an official oath in any capacity to support the Constitution of the United States. In other words, in this preliminary work of Southern re-organization the rebel-disabling section of the constitutional amendment is applied.

Third—The bill provides that when any one of the ten States concerned shall have framed a State Constitution, on the terms laid down, and shall have ratified the constitutional amendment, and when this amendment shall have been proclaimed part of the Federal Constitution, such State shall be eligible for readmission into full communion in the general Government, all these local proceedings, meantime, being subject to the approval of Congress.

The bill further provides that until the local civil governments of the several States concerned shall be recognized and accepted by Congress, they shall be regarded as merely provisional (including President Johnson's State establishments) and subject to the will of Congress.

The foregoing are substantially the main features of this reconstruction measure, and it is quite apparent that the North will not offer or accept anything of a milder or more conciliatory nature. If the South will adopt it as it is offered, and honestly adhere to and carry out its provisions, they may soon be readmitted to their representation at Washington and to a voice in the Government, and once more—or it might more properly be said, for the first time—fairly embark on the full tide of American national prosperity. The only motto for them to adopt now, in order to retrieve past losses, is the progressive, peaceful motto of the age—"Manhood suffrage and equal rights for all."

If, however, the Southern States continue sullenly to refuse the terms of reconciliation thus offered, then they will inevitably continue in their present humiliating condition of a conquered and disfranchised people, and neither Mr. Johnson, their political leaders, nor the Supreme Court, can restore to them the rights which they forfeited under the Constitution they foreswore.

In any case, it will require years of peaceful intercourse, and the exercise of mutual forbearance between the people of the two sections, before the feelings of bitterness can be forgotten, and a hearty sentiment of fraternity, pride of country, and pride in a common ancestry can be aroused. The wounds inflicted by each on the other have been too deep to quickly heal. Perhaps, however, the negro, who, after all, was the inspiring cause of the war, may, under Providence, eventually prove an active agent, now that he is free, of causing the hatchet to be buried, and of restoring peace, good will and fraternity between the North and the South. Having been most emphatically the bane of American politics, the main cause of "irrepressible conflict," he may now in turn become the antidote.

Here is something in point. By recent telegraphic news from the South, particularly in two of the most bitterly rebellious and fire-eating of the States—South Carolina and Georgia—some of the leading politicians have been holding meetings to discuss public affairs, in which the late slaves, now freedmen, took part with the whites. There may be, and no doubt is, a good deal of policy in this, with the view to secure the freedmen's votes, but it certainly indicates a great change in Southern sentiment when men, who have held and still hold high places in politics, can so far swallow pride and prejudice as to take the black man by the hand, like any other "man and brother;"—truly, the lion and lamb are lying down together. When such things as these occur at Columbia and Savannah, we may fairly say that there is yet hope for the return of Southern prosperity, and that it will be of a degree far in advance of anything yet known in that hitherto unfortunately mismanaged section.

Then indeed will the *United* States, free from Maine to Texas and from the Atlantic to the Pacific, become the great, powerful, prosperous and enlightened nation that God and nature has marked out for its destiny.

Official Notifications.—For the information of those of our readers who do not take the government *Gazette*, for the reason that they decline to patronize a ministerial speculation that interferes with private enterprise, we shall hereafter each week compile a summary of the official and legal notices which are published in the organ. In Wednesday's paper we find the following:

Stephen H. Phillips is appointed a member of the Board of Immigration, *ad interim*.

J. Mott Smith is appointed as a member of the Board of Education, *ad interim*.

Capt. James Smith, as pilot for the port of Honolulu, vice Capt. Berrill, resigned. (Under date, 10th inst.)

The Collector General notifies that "From and after the first of June, 1867, it will be required that all invoices of "Return Goods, Empty Bags, &c.," intended to be entered free, must be accompanied by the Hawaiian Consul's, of port of shipment, certificate, that they are the same goods and in original packages as shipped from this port.

The Board of Education advertises for an "Assistant Matron" for the Reformatory School at Kapalama, applications to be made to Mr. W. J. Smith, Secretary of the Board.

The following legal notices appear:—Mrs. S. S. Robertson and J. W. Austin, Executors of the Will of the late George M. Robertson, notify all persons having claims on the estate, and all indebted, to settle with J. W. Austin. . . . Application has been made to R. A. Lyman, Circuit Judge at Hilo, by W. H. Reed, for the appointment of an administrator on the estate of C. Beaky, deceased,—to be heard May 1st. . . . T. W. Everett has been appointed administrator on the estate of G. W. Walker, of Makawao, Maui, and gives the usual notice to debtors and creditors of the said estate. . . . The creditors of Myron J. Rose, bankrupt, are notified that the election for assignees of said estate will be held at the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, on the 25th inst., at 12 o'clock M.

NOTES OF THE WEEK.

Musical Concert.—On Thursday evening, as announced, came off the *Concert* at the Fort Street Church. A slight shower about sundown dampened the hopes of a good many as to the prospects of a large house, but, the weather clearing up, at eight o'clock a very fair, and certainly an appreciative audience were found assembled. The stage was neatly and appropriately decorated with flowers, and two Hawaiian flags at the sides served as screens, concealing the performers between the pieces. It is a difficult and delicate task, that of the musical critic, and we attempt it with diffidence. In the first place, the Concert as a whole was good, the pieces well selected and well sung; rarely indeed have we heard better music in Honolulu, even under the skillful direction of Prof. Hasslocher and other professionals, whose performances will long be remembered. The choir of the Fort Street Church and the friends who assisted them, deserve all praise for their very creditable performance, especially when we consider that they were all amateurs, and had no director except one from among themselves—the leader of the choir—and have been in rehearsal less than one month. We could have wished that the programme had embraced a larger variety of the simple and more popular class of songs and glees, like "Wake, Nicodemus!" sung by the gentlemen, and even a comic piece or two would have been acceptable. The popular ear more readily appreciates familiar music, well executed, exhibit the skill of the performers, as no other music can, yet nothing touches the popular heart so quickly or creates greater pleasure than songs and ballads.

The duett from "Lucretia Borgia" was most exquisitely rendered by Miss Mary Cook, soprano, and Mr. Fenard, tenor, and we venture to say that for purity and richness of tone, and delicacy of execution it would be difficult to surpass it in any of the larger cities of the world. This may be considered as lavish praise, but our criterion is what *pleases* the most. The "Pirates' Chorus" from the "Enchantress," being a Solo for soprano and an accompaniment of male voices, in which the well-known air "Ever be Happy" occurs, we consider the best sung chorus, and the Quartette, "I waited for the Lord," by Mendlessohn, the best Quartette. Miss Holden, with her rich alto voice, sang with great effect a descriptive ballad by Russell, "The Gambler's Wife," and with Mr. Fenard the Duett, "Sunset," which Mdme. Bishop and Mr. Lascelles made so popular in Honolulu a year ago. Prof. Drescher kindly lent his assistance, and delighted the audience with the very beautiful "Serenade" and "Ave Maria," by Schubert, on the clarionette, which was one of the gems of the evening. Miss Theodora Paty, one of his pupils, accompanied him, very appropriately on the piano. Miss Cooke's, Scena and Prayer from the German Opera, "Der Freischutz," was, perhaps, the finest piece of the evening. It is very difficult music, so says Dr. Hoffmann, who accompanied her on the piano, and ought to know; but Miss Cooke was fully equal to it, and though the strain on her voice was great, she answered to the encore of the audience by singing a verse of "Bird of Beauty."

We cannot specify all the pieces, for our space is limited, but must mention the finale, which was the very popular "Soldier's Chorus" from "Faust;" it only needed the accompaniment of a brass band and scenic preparations to carry us back to the Opera Houses of the East.

We learn that the gross proceeds of the Concert were about $305, and speak for the public when we hope that the *second* concert for the *organ* fund will not be postponed later than June, on which occasion we promise a larger attendance and greater profits.

The Supreme Court was in session the first three days of this week, *In Banco*, to hear arguments of Counsel in several cases before the Court. On Monday the case of Emmes & Co., *vs.* Schooner *Marilda*, an account for repairs, was argued and submitted. In the case of R. E. Wakeman *vs.* Queen Kalama, a motion for a new trial on the ground of error was submitted. On Wednesday, Mr. Henry Thompson, counsel for the man who stands convicted of rape, made a learned and ingenious argument in arrest of judgment, the principal point urged being that the indictment was defective, inasmuch as it was indefinite in not charging that the female was either over or under ten years of age, the Statute making a distinction. The Attorney General replied on the part of the Crown, and the Court, having taken the motion under advisement, adjourned over until Monday next.

Served him right.—Last Wednesday some of the boat boys, in search of a runaway sailor, came across a man who belonged to the American Hospital, and in spite of his assertions to that effect, seized and overpowered him and dragged him down to the wharf. On the way down, proving to be rather refractory, one of the natives struck him a severe blow in the face. On getting to the wharf they found out that they had got the wrong man, and let him go, whereupon Jack, singling out the fellow who had struck him when he was powerless to resist, with two or three well directed blows paid him back with interest. The native was arrested and held to answer the charge of assault, but the sailor, with characteristic magnanimity, refused to testify, as he had had all the satisfaction he wanted.

Refused.—It is reported that an application for a license to retail spirits at the establishment on Nuuanu street, known as the "Shades"—*Hades* would be a more appropriate name—was refused by the Minister of the Interior. This is another proof of the praiseworthy determination evinced by that Minister to curtail the illegal sale of intoxicating liquor to natives which has been so long and extensively carried on in this city, in *defiance of the law of the land*, for the determined violation of which there can be no excuse whatever. If any law be wrong or unwise, alter it; but while it remains a law, let it be enforced at all perils.

Removed.—Dr. Hoffmann so long and so well known as the occupant of "the corner," has removed his Dispensary to another corner, opposite the Bookstore, where he appears to be thoroughly prepared to prescribe for all the ills that human flesh is heir to. In the same building, up stairs, we notice that Dr. J. S. McGrew, lately of Cincinnati, Ohio, has established his office as Surgeon. This gentleman comes among us with a high reputation in his profession, having served with distinction as Surgeon in both the Mexican and the late American wars, besides having had other extensive practice.

Sperm Whales.—Capt. Hathaway, of the *Lydia*, reports having seen a large school of sperm whales off Kohala, which he estimates were not far from a hundred in number. He succeeded in capturing three. The coast of Hawaii between Kealakekua and Kohala, was in old times a favorite resort for whalers, and many a "sparm" has been picked up there. Admiral Abe Russell could tell of a number of good fares which he has taken in that neighborhood when he was in command of a whaleship.

A New Mode.—The late Legislature of Kansas passed a law prohibiting the granting of licenses to retail liquor in any town or ward, unless a majority of the men and women petitioned for the license. If that were the law in all countries, there would not be many places open for retailing liquor; as nearly all the women, and certainly half the men, would refuse to sign such a petition. That is certainly a most effective temperance movement.

Lithography.—We have seen some very creditable specimens of lithographic printing, done at the book-bindery. It is a native song, with music, composed by the Hon. Mrs. Lydia K. Dominis. For music and certain kinds of work, lithography will supply a desideratum long felt here.

The American Agriculturist.—To our farming friends in search of an instructive and interesting farming monthly, we can commend this as among the very best of publications issued especially for farmers. It is illustrated, and filled with a great variety of reading matter. A few setts from January, 1867, can be supplied at the bookstore.

About Whitewashing.—Nothing adds more to the beauty and attractiveness of a city or village than to see its cottages surrounded with clean and neatly-kept premises. Strangers on landing here remark "how green and charming everything appears!" Compared with the dry and barren hills of San Francisco the contrast is very great. But even among our own villages there is a great contrast, as any one will observe who leaves the green grass, neatly-painted cottages and whitewashed fences of Hilo, and enters the dry and dusty streets of Lahaina. Much of this dilapidated appearance may be removed by keeping fences and outbuildings coated with whitewash, and as a wash well prepared and put on will outlast three coats slovenly done, we insert the following from a farming journal for the information of such as wish to try a good recipe:

Brilliant Whitewash.—As the white-washing, house-cleaning and general renovation season is at hand, the following recipe for a whitewash nearly as durable as paint, which retains its brilliancy for many years, answers for wood, brick or stone, and is quite cheap, will prove of service to many. Take half a bushel of good unslacked lime, slack it with boiling water, cover it during the process to keep in the steam. Strain the liquid through a fine sieve and add to it a peck of salt, previously well dissolved in warm water; half a pound of powdered Spanish whiting, and a pound of clean glue, which has been previously well dissolved by soaking, and then hang it over a slow fire in a small kettle within a large one filled with water. Add five gallons of hot water to the mixture, stir it well and let it stand for two or three days covered from the dirt. It should be put on quite hot. For this purpose it can be kept in a kettle on a portable furnace. Coloring matter may be put in, if desired, and make any shade you like. Spanish brown, Yellow ochre, etc., are usual.

Good Friday.—Yesterday was the anniversary, according to Roman Catholic and Episcopal tradition, of the day on which our Saviour was crucified, and the usual services of the Season were held in the churches of those persuasions. By public notification, the Government offices were closed during the day.

— Sailors used to regard Friday as an unlucky day. It is, however, a curious coincidence that the *Great Eastern* left the Irish coast on a Friday, and on Friday Columbus set sail for the new world. On a Friday too, the *Great Eastern* reached Heart's Content, and on a Friday, Columbus first saw the shores of the Western World. It may be added that more criminals have been hung on a Friday than all the other days of the week.

All about a Woman.—Last Thursday a native got drunk for consolation because his wife had deserted him for some more fortunate (?) swain, and in a state of crapulence undertook to cut his own throat. Either he did not try very hard, or the knife was very dull, for the cut did not penetrate further than the skin. This is a case which we beg to recommend to the consideration of Mr. *, the correspondent of the *Gazette*, as an illustration of his favorite theory that drunkenness and immorality is on the decrease among the Hawaiians.

Speed of the Telegraph.—Recently a dispatch was sent by telegraph from San Francisco to Liverpool, leaving the former place at twelve o'clock, and an answer was received at twenty minutes past four—four hours and twenty minutes from the starting point. The message had to be repeated back from four different stations. It is not unfrequent for messages between New York and San Francisco to receive replies within the same hour, though they more often have to wait hours, owing to press of business or other causes.

St. George's Day.—Next Tuesday, the 23d inst., is the anniversary of the patron Saint of Old England. By advertisement in to-day's paper, it will be seen that a meeting is called on the evening of that day at 7 o'clock, of the members of the St. George's Benevolent Society. This Association, like kindred organizations in Honolulu of other nationalities, has done no little good among the sick and destitute of their compatriots. Its objects are purely benevolent and charitable, and it should therefore enlist the sympathies and support of every Englishman.

Strawberries.—This fruit is becoming more abundant, and meets with a ready sale at exhorbitant prices. Some are of enormous size and of much better flavor than the fruit of former years raised in this vicinity, and remind one of home and langsyne. By the way, everybody does not know the derivation of the word strawberry. It came about thus. In olden times, in England, the country lads and lasses used to bring them to market strung on straws, and hence the name.

Closed.—Yesterday was generally observed among the Germans by closing their places of business after 11 A. M., Good Friday being strictly kept in Europe by the Lutherans as well as the Catholics.

Editor Commercial Advertiser:—Sir—In last Wednesday's *Hawaiian Gazette*—which, it is well understood by all, is the mouth-piece of the government, somebody, writing over the signature of a star (*), undertakes to criticise an article which appeared in your journal of March 30, on the increase of crime in these islands of late years, and the causes of that increase. I beg you will allow me a small space in your columns to criticise the statements of this sapient critic, with twenty-four years' residence in Honolulu.

To begin, Mr. * must assuredly have been star-gazing, and paid no attention to sublunary affairs during that long period of twenty-four years' residence here, during which he looked at it "from the inside and the outside, and never knew the 'freedom' less in former years than it is now." He says that it would have been better if you had added lying to the list of crimes which are on the increase, and, on the whole, I think so too; for there never was a more palpable and notorious falsehood put in print than the assertion that drunkenness, more particularly among the Hawaiians, has not been on the increase since 1859–60.

The Chief Justice, in his report to the Legislature for the year 1866, in submitting the statistics of crime during 1864–5, says:

"By reference to these statistics it will be seen that drunkenness continues to be the more general offense, and it is the prime cause of many others. It is very seldom that an assault and battery is committed, or any disturbance of the public peace made, unless the parties are stimulated by intoxicating liquor. It is often estimated in other countries that seven-eighths of the crimes are caused by it. It is for your wisdom to devise measures better to protect the people against this practice, which is so fatal to morals and life."

Why, Mr. Editor, a blind man could not but be aware of the fact that the natives, during the years preceding 1859–60, "the famous beer-shop period in Honolulu"—very rarely went near a bar-room, and that the invariable and well understood rule amongst the liquor dealers was, that it was tabu to sell to them, and they were not served. Now, however, instead of swilling the cheap "hop beer," which, though bad enough, was comparatively harmless to "doctored" draft ale and strychnine whisky, they go boldly up to the bar of some of the public houses, and, planking down their money, get what they ask for, and often what they don't bargain for—a sick stomach and an aching head. These are facts, which people who have lived here less than "twenty-four years" are perfectly well aware of, and which cannot be denied.

But this old resident takes the pains, in proof of his argument that drunkenness has decreased, to go to the Station-house for statistics, which he triumphantly parades in print. These statistics were no doubt carefully compiled, and represent pretty near the facts. Now, Mr. Editor, I do not wish to say anything which might be construed as reflecting in any way upon the police, for the present members of the force are undoubtedly very efficient and praiseworthy officers. Still, they, like all government officials, are more or less influenced by those in authority over them, and it is well understood that a general laxity has of late years prevailed in the matter of the arrests for "drunk" and other offenses against morality. I can recollect the time—and I have not lived here twenty-four years—when a white man could'nt walk out of a bee-line or speak above his breath in the streets without being taken up by the police,—made to appear drunk on the way to the Station-house by rough usage, and summarily locked up, to be fined next morning through sturdy swearing. Why, I have known natives to be arrested because the police said their breath smelled of beer, and for no other cause.

It was in 1860, if I remember rightly, when the old system was abolished of giving the Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs one-half the fines collected for drunks, etc., and it is truly wonderful how the "statistics" since then show a falling off in the convictions for such offenses! No man with his eyes open and who has any regard for truth but must acknowledge that to conclude from those "statistics" that the evils spoken of were really decreasing, would be an utterly false conclusion. The very contrary is the case, as all know, and I am only astonished that any one could write, and an editor could be found willing to print, such a mess of nonsense as that of Mr. *. Its one redeeming feature is, that it reprints some paragraphs of your perfectly sound article which it attempts to review, and thus amusingly shows up its own shallowness.

As to your remark that "Political degradation invariably results in moral debasement"—I take it that that is an undeniable aphorism, which neither the *Gazette* or its correspondent can upset. We see the proofs of it about us every day. I have written more than I intended at the outset, and will wind up by asking, in the words of the immortal *, "What then remains of [his] the article under review? Nothing but the remembrance of its deviation from truth, and its well-deserved exposure."

Yours, * *

LATE FOREIGN NEWS!

Telegraphic and other.

The million dollar appropriation for the relief of the South was agreed to by Congress March 22d, as was the resolution providing arms for the militia of Tennessee.

In the Senate, Mr. Wilson offered a preamble and resolution declaring that justice and honor demand that Jeff. Davis shall be either brought to a speedy trial or admitted to bail. Cole introduced a bill, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee, dividing California into two Congressional districts. A bill amendatory of the Bankrupt Act of last session was discussed and referred.

A mass meeting, irrespective of color, has been held in Charleston, at which radical resolutions were adopted. In Virginia the chivalry are about to follow the example of Wade Hampton, and try their persuasive arts on their unbleached fellow citizens.

Governor Geary, of Pennsylvania, has signed the bill compelling the railroad companies to carry all passengers, irrespective of color.

The Stephens branch of the Fenian Brotherhood have made overtures for union to the Roberts faction, but the Senate of the latter are too busy maturing plans for an advance on Canada to consider them.

The heaviest gale known for years past occurred in March upon the Atlantic coast.

The New York firm of Robinson & Ogden, dealers in Government securities, have failed for two millions of dollars.

A secret association of coal miners in the Schuylkill District, Pennsylvania, are said to be committing outrages, and to have things pretty much their own way. The aid of Governor Geary has been invoked to enforce the law.

It is announced from Paris that Napoleon favors the alliance of France, Holland, Belgium and Switzerland against Prussia. If this announcement is made officially, it may outline another bloody war upon the continent.

Ireland.—It is difficult to get a correct idea of "the situation" in Ireland from the dispatches received. There seems to be a studied confusion and incomprehensibility in the accounts, which all come through English sources. One thing is evident—a "rising" has taken place.

An Irish quadrilateral, formed by Cork, Limerick, Waterford and Kilkenny, will be most likely, says a recent letter, the headquarters of the Fenian forces. With possession of these four towns they command the whole south of Ireland.

Colored Suffrage.—Both Houses of the Kansas Legislature agreed to submit to the people the question of altering the constitution to allow negroes to vote by itself; and also a seperate proposition to vote. The Senate receded from the educational test.

Census of Alabama.—The new State census of Alabama shows a total population of 945,244. Of this number 442,415—about one half—are negroes. The total decrease since 1860 is 18,957.

Public Debt.—The New York *Tribune* of the 11th ult., says;

"The Government of the United States owes in all the round sum of $2,543,346,748, over and above the sum of $142,423,791, which it held on the 1st instant, whereof $97,354,603 were coin."

The Temperance Cause in San Francisco.—The annual report of F. E. R. Whitney Cammander-in-Chief of the Temperance Legion, shows that during the past year 708 persons signed the muster roll, 158 ladies signed the Ladies' Roll of Honor, 85 lads joined the Cadets, and over 700 became members of the Lincoln Temperance Legion.

Washington, March 20.—In the House, a resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire why claims of American citizens against the British Government, commencing with those reported by the President in January 1859, and including all since that date, have not been paid, and to report what ought to be done to secure a speedy settlement of such claims.

The Massachusetts Supreme Court has decided that a bequest, to aid in securing the right of voting to women, is not a legal charity, and has decreed that $5,000 left by Francis Jackson for that purpose shall be divided among his heirs.

It is said that the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Edinburgh, the Duke of Cambridge, Lord Stanley, and all the members of the English Commission, are to be present at the opening of the Universal Exhibition. The Sultan will, it is rumored, visit Paris during the Exhibition.

Fast Time.—The cars of the Union Pacific Railroad are now running to a point 106 miles west of Fort Kearney, or 384 miles east of Denver. When the stages and trains have what is called "good luck," the trip from this city to Omaha can be made in seven days—just about half the time it took to make the trip one year ago. This is annihilating space with considerable vigor, considering the obstacles that have to be overcome.—[Salt Lake Telegraph.

New York, March 17.—During the passage of the procession on East Broadway of the Irish societies, to-day, a truckman in endeavoring to remove his team from the route according to orders from the police, the members of one society, deeming his motions too slow, made a serious attack on him. The police endeavored to protect the truckman, when the Irish attacked them, driving them off. Being reinforced, the police endeavored to make arrests, when they were attacked by a large force of Irish, who seriously wounded fifteen officers. Larger reinforcements came to the succor of the police, and the assailants withdrew. Later in the day several rioters were taken from the procession to the station house. All sorts of weapons were used by the Irish, including bludgeons, clubs, swords, pistols and muskets.

New York, March 19.—The *Tribune's* Columbia (S. C.) last evening's special says one of the most remarkable meetings ever held in South Carolina took place to-day, the occasion being the celebration by the negroes of the passage of the bill enfranchising the blacks. By invitation, General Wade Hampton, ex-United States Senator Desausure, Edward Arthur, Hon. W. J. Talley and James G. Gibbs addressed the meeting; also the Rev. David Pickett and Beverly Nash, both colored. Sentiments were expressed highly honorable to both sides. The negroes are gratified with the spirit and political affiliation with which they are being met, and citizens are equally pleased to find the colored people identified with the true interests of the State. Should a State Convention be called, the latter would probably nominate and support the best men in the country, and as declared by Nash, will urge Congress to repeal the disfranchising clause which deprives them of the services of those in whom they have the greatest confidence.

New York, March 22.—The *Times* says private advices represent the coal miners of Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, as committing the most serious outrages. The ruffians are mainly Irishmen, known as "Molly Maguires," banded together in secret organization for the purpose of controlling the mines, and resort to murder and robbery. It is impossible to punish them, as when arrested and tried juries are packet with their compeers, and they escape. On Friday last Mr. Littlehale's superintendent was murdered with the hope of securing the money he was supposed to have. Threats were made against other superintendents, and all live momentarily in fear of violence. Governor Geary has been applied to for protection.

Naval.—Captain Joseph P. Sanford is relieved from duty as Fleet Captain with the Pacific Squadron on the arrival of the *Pensacola* at San Francisco, and ordered to the command of that vessel.

Captain John L. Worden is relieved from the command of the *Pensacola* on her arrival at San Francisco, and ordered to return to New York.

Commander Paul Shirley is relieved from command of the *Suwanee* on the arrival of the *Pensacola* at San Francisco, and ordered to duty as Fleet Captain of the North Pacific Squadron.