AUCTION SALE

BY C. S. BARTOW.

REGULAR SALE!

THURSDAY, MARCH 23rd,

At 10 A. M., at Salesroom, will be Sold,

A General Assortment

— OF —

Merchandise!

FURNITURE!

By Order of Mr. Younghee, Executor of the Will of Young Sheong, deceased, will be sold,

FURNITURE, Consisting of:

Hair Cloth Sofa, Centre Table, Book Case, Cane Chairs, Rocker, Vases, Washstand, Small Tables, Koa Bedstead, Mattrass, Bedding, Toilet Set, Lamps,

PLATING APPARATUS AND CHEMICALS,

ELEGANT

Specimens of Gold & Quartz!

A VERY SUPERIOR

DOUBLE BARREL FOWLING PIECE!

BREECH LOADER.

SELF WINDING SILVER WATCH

—ALSO—

CARRIAGE HORSE, HARNESS!

Double Seat Covered Wagon.

C. S. BARTOW. Auct'r.

VALUABLE

Real Estate

AT AUCTION!

I am instructed by the Trustee of S. U. Maikai,

TO SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON SATURDAY, - - - - APRIL 1st,

At 12 o'clock m., at Salesroom,

ALL THAT PARCEL OF LAND!

CONTAINING 605 CHAINS & 18 FEET,

Situate at the corner of Punchbowl and Queen Streets, Honolulu, together with all

BUILDINGS & IMPROVEMENTS THEREON

☞ For further Particulars apply to the Auctioneer, or to Edwin Preston, Solicitor, 29 Fort Street.

C. S. BARTOW. Auct'r.

CARRIAGES!

— AND —

CARRIAGE MATERIAL!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED from the East and San Francisco, in addition to his usual large assortment of Carriage Material, the following Goods:

HICKORY SPOKES,

from 1 inch to 3½ inches.

OAK AND HICKORY RIMS,

from 1 inch to 2½ inches.

FINE ASSORTMENT HUBS, ALL SIZES.

Felloes for Ox Carts, Assorted Sizes, Oak and Ash; Hickory Wagon and Buggy Shafts, finished and rough; Poles, Wagon and Carriage, finished and rough, Whiffletrees, Doubletrees, Crossbars, Yokes, Seat Rails, Seat Spindles, Wagon and Buggy Bows,

—ALSO—

CARRIAGE HARDWARE

Consisting of Steel and Iron Axles, Spring Stay Braces, Foot Rails, Step Pads, Body Loops, Whiffletree Couplings and Ferules, Stake Irons, Cockeyes, Hub Bands, plain, silvered and oroide, screw capped—Central Park Pattern, Pole Crabs, Step Treads, Body Steps, Wear Irons,

FINE Asst. of OVAL MOULDINGS

in Brass and Gold, from ¼ to ½ inch.

Cross Strap Mountings — consisting of Diamond Centres, Buckles, Strap Holder Loops—gold & oroide

A FEW SUPERIOR ENGLISH & AMERICAN STYLES

BASKET PHAETON BODIES!

☞ One and Two-seated, which will be put up in the best possible manner to order, at short notice.

CARRIAGES ALWAYS ON HAND

Or manufactured with dispatch—First Class Workmen employed in all branches.

A continuance of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

ALL ISLAND ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

G. WEST,

no6 Nos. 74, 76 and 78 King St. Honolulu, H. I.

THE OLD CORNER

Coffee and Billiard Saloon,

TOBACCO & CIGAR STORE!

ESTABLISHED IN 1858,

OFFERS FOR SALE A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

HAVANA, GERMAN & MANILA CIGARS

Light and Hard Pressed

NATURAL LEAF TOBACCO,

Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco,

AN ASST. OF CUT SMOKING TOBACCO!

And a Large Assortment of

BRIAR WOOD AND OTHER PIPES!

Tobacco Pouches, Pipe Stems, Amber and Horn Mouth Pieces, Pipe Buttons, Cigarette Paper, etc., etc.

H. J. NOLTE,

ja15 qr Corner of Queen and Nuuanu Sts.

INVOICE OF AMERICAN CLOCKS!

FOR SALE at SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

ja8 H. HACKFELD & CO.,

AUCTION SALE

BY E. P. ADAMS.

Working Oxen at Auction!

By Order of S. B. Dole, Esq. Executor of the Estate of John B. deceased.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, March 18,

At 12 o'clock noon, at Salesroom, will be sold,

THREE PAIRS

— OF —

WORKING OXEN

E. P. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

By order of Jno. Montgomery, Esq.,

At his Residence, Emma Street, Corner of Emma Square,

ON TUESDAY, March 21st,

At 10 o'clock A. M. will be sold, the entire

HOSEHOLD FURNITURE

CONSISTING OF

Parlor,

Dining Room,

Bed Room,

AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

☞ Particulars in Posters.

E. P. ADAMS, Auct'r.

REGULAR CASH SALE!

On Friday, : : : March 24th,

At half-past 9 A. M., at Salesroom, an

ASST. OF NEW GOODS

—NAMELY—

Fine Prints, Muslins, Linen Drills,

Brown Cottons, White Cottons, Merino,

Victoria Lawns, Silk Handkerchiefs,

Hemmed Linen Handkerchiefs,

FANCY FLANNEL OVERSHIRTS,

Harvard Shirts, Wool Shawls,

Turkish Towels for Bathing,

Blankets, White Shirts, Amoskeag Denims,

Amoskeag Stripes,

Cotton Drill, Brilliants,

Fine Tweed Suits,

Bed Quilts, Merino and Cotton Undershirts,

FELT AND STRAW HATS!

Ladies' Hose, Men's Socks,

Bridles and Bits, Travelling Bags, Etc., Etc.

GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS, &C.!

Best Brands Kerosene, Card Matches,

Yeast Powder, Sardines, Soda Crackers,

Clothes Pins, Hams, Bacon, Candles,

Pickles, Tobacco, Cigars, Fine Tea, Oysters,

Axe Handles, Salt, Wash Blue, Pain Killer,

Wrapping Paper,

—ALSO—

Brown Sugar, Crushed Sugar.

E. P. ADAMS, Auct'r.

REAL ESTATE

On Queen Street.

BY ORDER OF MR. M. G. ROSE,

ON SATURDAY, MARCH 25th,

At 12 o'clock Noon, at Salesroom,

Will be sold at Public Auction,

THAT CERTAIN

PIECE or PARCEL of LAND

On Queen St., makai of the New Government Buildings,

WITH THE BUILDINGS & IMPROVEM'NTS

THEREUPON.

Being the mauka portion of the lot as conveyed by F. H. Harris to Myron J. Rose, as per deed recorded in Registry Office, Liber 32, pages 178 and 179. There is a large and

Comfortable Cottage & Outbuildings on the property

IN GOOD REPAIR.

ALSO, IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE ABOVE SALE,

Will be sold,

THE LOT IN THE REAR,

Of above described property,

With Buildings & Improvements thereon.

Plan of property can be seen at Auction Room.

TERMS, CASH.—Deeds at expense of purchaser.

E. P. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

MORE LIME,

BOLLES & CO., HAVE RECEIVED PER D. C. MURRAY AND M. B. ROBERTS, 300 Barrels of Best California Lime, which will be sold at the Lowest Prices—in other words, we will not be UNDERSOLD in this article.

STEINWAY PIANO FORTE FOR SALE

ONE OF THE BEST INSTRUMENTS ever brought to these Islands. Enquire at the office of W. G. IRWIN & CO.

ja29

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Preserved Meats, Fruits, Vegetables.

FOR SALE BY BOLLES & CO.

BARTLETT SALOON,

By D. W. GLOVER,

Corner of Hotel and Fort Streets.

THE CHOICEST AND BEST OF ALES, WINES AND SPIRITS always to be found at the Bar. sep25 1y

UNION SALOON,

E. S. CUNHA.....PROPRIETOR.

MERCHANT STREET, HONOLULU.

Choice Ales, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

985 1y

Russian Caviar and Roedreu Champagne,

tf AT THE HOTEL.

BALTIMORE OYSTERS!

FRESH FROM THE FACTORY OF LOUIS McMurray & Co., received per Ceylon, in cases of two dozen each—600 Dozen—in one and two pound Cans. For sale low by (au14) BOLLES & CO.

California Lime and "White Brother!"

ENGLISH PORTLAND CEMENT, BEST Quality. For Sale by (mh11) BOLLES & CO.

Shipping.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S

SAN FRANCISCO,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND LINE!

THE SPLENDID STEAMSHIP

CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO!

LACHLAN, Commander,

Will Leave Honolulu

—FOR—

KANDAVU, F. I., & SYDNEY, N. S. W.

connecting at Kandavu with Company's steamer for AUCKLAND, N. Z., PORT CHALMERS, and intermediate ports,

On or about the 7th of April!

For Freight and Passage, and further information,

mh11 Apply to H. HACKFELD & CO., Agents.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE FINE AMERICAN BARK

MARY BELLE ROBERTS!

L. C. GRAY, Master,

Will Have Quick Dispatch for the Above Port!

☞ First class accommodations for passengers in 1st and 2d Cabin, and Steerage. For passage, apply to

mh11 H. HACKFELD & CO., Agents.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S

SAN FRANCISCO,

Australia and New Zealand Line

THE SPLENDID STEAMSHIP

Grenada!

CAVARLY, COMMANDER, WILL

LEAVE HONOLULU FOR SAN FRANCISCO

On or about March 29th.

☞ For Freight and Passage, or any further information

mh4 Apply to H. HACKFELD & Co. Agents.

BOSTON & HONOLULU PACKET LINE!

C. BREWER & CO., AGENTS.

Favorable arrangements can always be made for Storage and Shipment of Oil, Bone, Wool, Hides and other Merchandise to New Bedford, Boston, New York and other Eastern Ports. ☞ Cash Advances made.

o2 1y C. BREWER & CO.

REGULAR

DISPATCH LINE FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

C. BREWER & CO., AGENTS.

Merchandise received STORAGE FREE and liberal cash advances made on shipments by this line. (o2 1y) C. BREWER & CO.

TIME-TABLE OF THE

STEAMER "KILAUEA,"

MARCHANT, : : : MASTER.

March 20.....Circuit of Hawaii
March 30.....Nawiliwili

☞ When there are no cattle to land at Mahukona Bay, an effort will be made to reach Honoiulu Saturday P. M.

☞ On down Trips the Steamer will not leave Kaaluaiu until 9 A. M. or later; Makena until 6 A. M. or later; and Maalaea Bay until 8 A. M. or later, without due notice of any change being given.

Rates of Passage will be

To or from Kaunakakai, Molokai	$ 5 00
" " Lahaina, Maui	6 00
" " Maalaea, Maui	7 00
" " Makena, Maui	8 00
" " Mahukona, Hawaii	10 00
" " Kawaihae, "	10 00
" " Kailua, "	10 00
" " Kaawaloa, "	10 00
" " Hilo, "	12 50
" " Kau Coast "	15 00
Circuit of Hawaii, Round Trip	22 00
To or from any Port on Kauai	8 00
Circuit of Kauai, Round Trip	12 00
Deck Passage for natives only	2 00

No Credit for Passage Money!

TICKETS AT THE OFFICE ONLY.

No berth will be considered as taken until paid for. Not responsible for baggage unmarked or any Freight or Parcels unless receipted for.

FREIGHT MONEY DUE ON DEMAND!

☞ An effort will be made to have the Steamer reach Honolulu on the evening of the same day she leaves Maui.

SAMUEL G. WILDER, Agent.

Office with Wilder & Co., corner of Fort and Queen Streets.

996

REGULAR PACKET FOR LAHAINA.

THE SCHR. NETTIE MERRILL,

E. D. CRANE, Master.

Will Run Regularly between This Port and Lahaina,

LEAVING

Honolulu Saturdays and Lahaina every Wednesday.

958 3m H. HACKFELD & Co., Agents.

A New Work Just Completed!

HUBERT H. BANCROFT'S

NATIVE RACES of the PACIFIC States.

5 VOLUMES. 4,091 PAGES, 19 COPPER-PLATE MAPS, and 425 Illustrations.

Bound in Cloth, Sheep, Half Morocco, Half Russia, Half Calf, Full Russia and Three Calf.

The undersigned, appointed agent for these Islands for the above really exhaustive work, takes pleasure in announcing its completion, and will receive subscriptions for the same in any style of binding that may be desired.

Circulars and opinions of the world's literati concerning it furnished on application.

Vols. 1 to 4 now on view.

ja1 THOS. G. THRUM.

WATCHES,

DIAMONDS, JEWELRY!

—AND—

Silver Ware!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS ON HAND THE FOLLOWING LINE OF

FINE GOLD AND SILVER WARES!

CONSISTING OF

Ladies and Gents Superior Cluster and Solitaire Diamond Rings,—a Full Line,
Ladies and Gents Emerald, Ruby and Garnet Rings,
Ladies French Sapphire Rings, a Full Line of Asstd Rings,

LADIES' GOLD WATCHES!

Stem & Key Winder, both French & American,

Ladies Gold Opera Chains,
Ladies Neck Chains,
Ladies Gold and Silver Thimbles,

Gents' Gold and Silver Watches

STEM AND KEY WINDER,

Including the Celebrated E. Howard & Co., Appleton, Tracy & Co., and all the other Renowned Makers,

Gold Lockets and Chains, Gold Charms,

Gold Pens, Massive Gold Bracelets,
Gold Breastpins, (Ladies and Gents)
Gold Ear Rings, Gents Gold & Silver Chains,

Solid Silver Table Forks & Spoons,

Solid Silver Dessert Forks and Spoons,
Solid Silver Tea Spoons, Solid Silver Sugar Shells,
Solid Silver Salt Spoons, Solid Silver Pie, Cake, and Fish Knives, Solid Silver Butter Knives,

In Fact, a Neat Line of Wares in the Above Goods,

WHICH WILL BE

SOLD AS LOW AS THE LOWEST,

☞ The Public will do well to Call and Examine these Nice Goods before Purchasing Elsewhere.

ja15 M. McINERNY.

THE PACIFIC

Commercial Advertiser.

SATURDAY, MARCH 18.

By Authority.

ALL employees of the Government, and other persons to whom moneys may be due at the Hawaiian Treasury, on or before March 31, 1876, are requested to present vouchers for settlement on or before that date, and persons having moneys on account of the Government are requested to make their returns promptly, in order that there may be no delay in closing the accounts for the fiscal period ending on the above named date.

J. O. CARTER,
Registrar Public Accounts.

Hawaiian Treasury,
March 10, 1876

BRIEF MENTION.

PERHAPS,—Guffins suggests, in view of the heavy and long continued rains this year, that perhaps the Superintendent of Water Works will reduce the rates.

THE "GRAVE DIGGER," whose little "gonk" appeared last Thursday, is supposed to have been a *memento mori*-alist; but although eloquent on shirts and frocks he never once mentioned *hie jac(k)et.*

THE AMERICAN GRAPHITE—is the name stamped on a new pencil, of which we have received a sample. After a few days' use, we can say that we prefer it on many accounts to the generality of Faber's.

TICHBORNE AGAIN.—A Mr. Jackson, in the Sydney Morning *Herald* of Feb. 11, declares his belief—for reasons given—that Mr. Souper, now said to be managing an estate near Brighton, Sussex, England, is the veritable Sir Roger Charles Doughty Tichborne.

ON THEIR TRAVELS.—At Chicago, Messrs. Macfarlane and Pfluger, lately from Honolulu, were interviewed by a reporter of the *Times* of that city, and everything they said appeared in print next morning, together with particulars as to the personal appearance of each of the gentlemen.

THE MEASLES.—On Thursday last, another of the passengers per *Mikado*—this time a lady—was found to have the earlier symptoms of the disease, and was promptly removed by order of the Board of Health to the quarantine hospital on the reef. It is to be hoped that the disease will spread no farther.

PUNAHOU.—The examinations at Oahu College were held during the week, beginning on Tuesday and ending yesterday. The bad weather prevented so full an attendance as might otherwise have been expected, but we learn that the recitations and exercises were highly creditable to both teachers and pupils.

MUSIC THIS AFTERNOON.—The band will play at Emma Square this afternoon, commencing at half past four o'clock. Following is the programme:

Prince Victoria, Festal March.....Berger
Overture, Opera, Poet and Peasant.....Suppe
Concert Cavatina, B Clarinet Solo, new.....Schreiner
Grand Selection, Opera, Maritana.....Wallace
Farewell Serenade, Flugelhorn Solo, new.....Herfurth
New Vienna, Waltz.....Strauss

KONA STORM.—The barometer at the Haleakala Boy's School began to fall on the first of the month, and has ranged as follows: 29.97 ;-91 ;-87;-87;-87; 87;-87;-88;-81;-87;-81. Time each day, 6 o'clock A. M. Wind calm until the 10th. From that time from the S., moderate. 13th. 3 P. M., 29-71, with squalls of wind and rain from S.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S BIRTHDAY.—Wednesday next will be the 79th anniversary of the birth of the grand old Christian gentleman who occupies the throne of United Germany. We are requested to say that our German fellow-citizens have employed the band to play at Emma Square in honor of the day, from 4 to 6 o'clock P. M. and that the public generally are invited.

MARCH WEATHER.—It has rained on East Maui almost every day this month. So far the measure foots up 5 inches in the Makawao district. Although the first part of the winter was exceptionally dry, yet if March keeps up its reputation for storms the district will be well watered. On the 7th inst, the rain-fall in twenty minutes, was at the rate of eighty-six millions, sixty-six thousand one hundred and fifty barrels per hour; on an area five miles long, and two miles wide. Querey: How much rain fell?

THE WEATHER certainly deserves an item. During a residence of many years in Honolulu we cannot remember another just such "spell" of southerly winds and frequent rains as has been experienced with brief interruptions since the year came in. Since Wednesday the wind has been fresh from about due south, and as to rain—the quantity of water that has fallen is something huge. Talking with an old resident about the anomalous weather, he ascribed it all to the transit of Venus, which occurred some fifteen months since!

THE CURS.—The "City Fathers" of New York have recently passed a law, which was approved by the Mayor, that provides that "a Magistrate may have killed or removed from the city limits any dog whose barking or howling may annoy any sick person or citizens generally, the testimony to the fact of annoyance having been received by such magistrate." This is a sensible law; and were we a number of the Hawaiian legislature, we should advocate the passage of a similar law here, where the annoyance from curs at night-time is often fearful.

ERRATUM.—In the published address to His Majesty, issued March 4, there occurs an omission of the words, "which while necessary for the industrial interests of the country" in the paragraph commencing—"what action indeed!" which should continue to read thus "why we have procured a few Chinese male laborers, and we are expecting a few hundred more, which while necessary for the industrial interests of the country will add to the present disproportion" etc., and it so reads in the manuscript copy presented His Majesty. The name of E. Preston, omitted in the published list of names is subscribed to the address laid before His Majesty.

THE VOLCANO HOUSE.—By advertisement in today's paper it will be observed that from and after Saturday next, the 25th inst., the eating and lodging establishment at the Crater of Kilauea, known as the Volcano House, will be closed. This will be regretted by all who may hereafter visit Kilauea, for the efforts of the proprietors, Messrs. Jones and Richardson, to render the house comfortable and respectable during the years that it has been in their hands, have been fully appreciated. They are now however compelled to give it up, owing to a change in business arrangements; and hereafter visitors to the eighth wonder of the world will have to provide themselves at Hilo with all the paraphernalia for camping out. We trust however that ere long the increase of visitors to the Islands will be such that it will justify some one in reopening the Volcano House for the accommodation of tourists.

PLANTATION ITEMS ON MAUI.—Our attentive correspondent writes under date of the 14th inst: "It is reported that Capt. Makee and H. Cornwell have bought the Bailey Plantation at Wailuku, for the sake of the water to irrigate the kula land lately purchased by them from the Board of Education. They have already fenced and planted a small field towards Kalepolepo as an experiment.

"Capt. Makee has fenced, plowed and planted 30 acres for seed cane adjoining the Haleakala School, Makawao, as the commencement of a planation there.

"W. T. Mossman and Akana are planting cane on the Wilcox or Gower place, which they bought of Mr. C. B. Andrews.

"Messrs, Delemar and Armstrong are plowing, building, etc. preparatory to starting a plantation at Lilikoi on land leased principally from Geo. Miner."

(Prepared for the P. C. Advertiser.)

A Statement

Of the Origin and History of a Memorial, in respect to Repopulation, addressed to His Majesty.

In consequence of an "Address to the Hawaiian People," by W. M. Gibson, issued January 31, just previous to the late elections of representatives of the people for the Legislature, much discussion took place in this community, among foreigners as well as native Hawaiians, in regard to the decrease of the native people, the disproportion of sex, and the consequent danger to the independence of the country, if energetic measures were not adopted to promote repopulation

This discussion led to an informal meeting at the residence of Mr. Gibson on the evening of 10th February last, when Messrs G. Rhodes, H. A. P. Carter, J. C. Glade, P. C. Jones Jr., F. A. Schaefer, A. S. Cleghorn and Dr. F. B. Hutchinson were present; and a subsequent meeting occurred at the same place on the 18th of February, when in addition to the above gentlemen, His Ex. the Minister of Finance, and Messrs. J. B. Atherton and J. P. Cooke were present.

On both these occasions the subject of an Immigration Company, with a capital of $30,000 to $50,000 was presented for consideration by Mr. Gibson. He said he had been assured in private conversations that such a company could be formed; he would invest in it $2,000; and he urged that such a company should act in concurrence with the Government, and that its agent abroad could only promote effectually the objects intended by the company, as the diplomatic agent of the Government. This company would obtain the bonus or subsidy of $25 per capita offered by Government to various parties for bringing immigrants into the country. This scheme however mainly contemplated the introduction of families for population, and embraced in the scope of its provisions a careful survey and personal inspection of available lands, with an allotment for permanent settlers.

Mr. Rhodes, and subsequently Mr. Carter, both said that the great measure of immigration should be undertaken by Government alone. Mr. Carter thought that Government might devise a scheme of taxation to meet the demands of the country for the object in view, and did not think that planters would invest $5,000 in a scheme of this kind at this time; although it was admitted they might do a great deal if the treaty of reciprocity went into operation. It may be said in this connection, that planters gave about ten thousand dollars to a special agent named McCook, to advocate in 1869-70, at Washington, in cooperation with a Chargé paid for by this Government, a treaty of reciprocity. And it may be said also, that every great national measure has originated in the private enterprise of citizens cooperating with Governments. The British Indian Empire was commenced by private citizens of London. And the greatest work of America, a transcontinental railroad, which had been discussed and memorialized about for over a quarter of a century, like our repopulation question would perhaps be a mere subject for discussion to this day, if some enterprising private citizens of America had not first taken it in hand. The chief duty of a Government is to protect private enterprise.

But it must be said of Hawaii's great need of people, that the question is so vital, that a Hawaiian Government should regard its prosecution as almost their chief duty;—therefore Mr. Gibson cordially joined with the gentlemen, who formed the meeting, in sustaining a motion made that His Majesty be memorialized on the subject. A Committee composed of Messrs. Gibson, Rhodes and Cleghorn were chosen to prepare an address to be subsequently submitted for approval. It will of course be understood that the Minister present was not a party to the action of the meeting.

On the 24th of February, the Committee held a meeting in company with Messrs. Carter, Schaefer, Jones, Glade, Atherton, Cooke and Hutchinson in the room of the Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Gibson read the prepared address. After some amendments it was unanimously adopted, ordered to be copied, and circulated for signatures. All who read the address cordially endorsed the object it had in view. Venerable and respected men readily signed their names. Among these appear clergymen of the American Mission, the Catholic Bishop, the Anglican Bishop, members of the House of Nobles, members of former Cabinets, and even the business partners of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs, and of Finance.

As the document was lengthy, it took sometime for perusal and to obtain signatures. Whilst in the course of circulation, it was rumored on the street on the 28th February, that a Privy Council was to be held the next day, to discuss among other matters, the subject of immigration. On this assurance it was resolved to present the address to His Majesty previous to the Council, and not wait for more signatures, as no doubt but for this hurry the list might have been, and would have been increased very largely, including no doubt the names of citizens and residents of every occupation and condition.

On the 29th February, at 11 A. M., the address was presented to the King by Messrs. Rhodes, Cleghorn, Gibson, Whitney and Glade. Mr. Rhodes as chairman on this occasion read the address. His Majesty responded by reading a written reply, containing an expression of thanks for the patriotic motives that had prompted the memorialists, and said with other remarks, that "owing to a defect in the law," Ministers had not acted upon the subject of immigration as much as was desired, but this important matter should be submitted to the next Legislature.

On the 4th March there appeared in the *Advertiser* a "Ministerial reply" to the memorialists. The manuscript of this reply was not handed to any of the Committee of memorialists until after it had been put in type and proof read by the Minister for Foreign Affairs. This reply is signed by their Excellencies W. L. Green and J. S. Walker, and understood to be prepared by them as a Committee of the Privy Council. On the 11th March, appeared a printed circular letter, signed by His Ex. W. L. Green, and dated at Aliiolani House. These circulars addressed to memorialists, were enclosed in official envelopes, "On His Hawaiian Majesty's Service," and many were addressed to parties not momorialists, and endorsed "with the compliments of Mr. Green."

Such are the leading facts connected with the history of the memorial to His Majesty. This address was intended as an earnest reminder of duty, but not an attack; for if the latter, the Ministers' business partners and many personal friends, would surely not have signed it. But there appeared in the Press, simultaneous with the publication of the "Ministerial reply," some sharp animadversions upon Ministers, and Minister Green unwisely associating these strictures with the address, issued his objectionable and utterly uncalled for letter to the memorialists.

Mr. Green lays great stress in his letter upon the fact, that there are no Hawaiian names appended to the memorial. This must be regarded as an attempt on the part of His Majesty's Minister for Foreign Affairs to antagonize the native people with the foreign memorialists. It is well known that the translation of the address to the King into the Hawaiian language was somewhat delayed, and owing to various misunderstandings it was a long time witheld from circulation; but now it has a large number of the names of His Majesty's native subjects subscribed to it, more than are signed to the foreign memorial in the English language; and there will no doubt be many more added to the list of native memorialists, when the points at issue between the foreign memorialists and Minister Green are more fully understood.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs has assisted in misapplying, or at any rate has countenanced the misapplication to various purposes of a large portion of the appropriation of $50,000 designed for the encouragement of immigration and agriculture, and has only recommended the application of a small portion, and that only partially, of the appropriation, as intended by the Legislature. He agrees to offer a subsidy for the introduction of Chinese male laborers, and he does not propose to make any efforts for the increase of population by the introduction of races kindred to the Hawaiian; whilst on the other hand the memorialists urge the introduction of brown races, that will assimilate with the Hawaiian People, even as Kamehameha IV. recommended to a Hawaiian Legislature. At the same time, they urge the other great purpose of Liholiho to save his people by sanitary measures; as he and his consort Queen Emma, so nobly illustrated in their beneficent Hospital.

This Minister also endeavors in his letter to mislead natives and others, by referring to the introduction of new people, "as having an effect to reduce the value of their own people's labor;" and yet he has before him in the Foreign Office, Mr. Wyllie's "Report on Land, Capital and Labor," showing that in 1847, during the reign of Kamehameha III., "the average of the wages earned by natives in Ewa, Oahu, Wailuku, Makawao, Wailua, Hilo and Waioli amounts to about 15¾ cents per day." Also the report of Rev. T. Coan and other Missionaries that labor could then be obtained for from "six to eighteen cents a day." And consequently, Mr. Green, had he studied the matter as he ought, would have seen, as anticipated by Mr. Wyllie, that as since that period, there has been a considerable introduction into this country of new people, Chinese, Japanese, and Polynesians as well as white foreigners, the effect that has followed their coming, has been a great increase of wages; an average of about 40 cts. per day at the places mentioned, and much more in this city.

Had the Minister for Foreign Affairs studied, as it was his duty to do, the official records of his illustrious predecessor in office, he would have avoided the many serious official blunders he has made, and he would have learned from one who was a true Minister and a man, that "The power of a King's Minister is a *delegated* trust for the honor of the Sovereign, and for the public good; and it ought never to be exercised for any other object. A becoming humility of deportment, and all courtesy towards others, are not incompatible with the most tenacious regard to all the King's rights, on the contrary, such qualities in his Ministers will best recommend those rights to the regard of all enlightened people."

To the Editor of the Pacific Commercial Advertiser:

SIR: Our learned but unwise Foreign Minister has thrown at the heads of the memorialists two Latin quotations; may I, with profound respect, lay two others as coals of fire on his? *Quem Deus vult perdere, prius dementat.*

And in view of his demagogic course of action—*Quousque tandem, Catalina, abutere patientia nostra?* I quote from memory.

AN OLD SCHOOLBOY.

MR EDITOR.—During the present political excitement in which economy is one of the outcries, it seems a little contradictory in the *Gazette*—though not strange—that it should advocate pensions to old servants of the Government, as was done in its issue of March 15. The finances of the country can ill afford salaries to its numerous officials, nor are just the right men readily found to fill the right places.

Perhaps the editor deemed this an excellent way of getting rid of a public servant to make room for the appointment of himself, or of some one who could be influenced to allow him the freedom of the

MAIL BAGS.

To the Editor of the Pacific Commercial Advertiser:

SIR: The sensible editorials which have lately appeared in your columns in regard to needed reforms to be brought before the coming legislature, prompts me to hope that you will lend a small space in your paper to the consideration of a matter of importance in the administration of justice.

I allude to the matter of hearing the testimony of the parties to a suit or of prisoners on their trial for criminal offenses. The experiment has been made in several of the United States, notably in California, and with the most beneficial result.

In many cases, facts are known only to the accused which may be of vital importance in the decision of the case, and such facts can only be eliminated by his testimony.

Of course such evidence must be weighed by the jury, taking into consideration the amount of interest the accused may have and his character for truth and veracity, and only giving the credence due it; but, for all that, if the accused knows facts which are necessary for the showing of the truth, the jury ought to have them.

I do not want to be understood, that a prisoner should be compelled to testify; but merely to be allowed to do so, for otherwise he might be obliged to criminate himself, or at least prejudice himself in the minds of the jury, and that would be contrary to all rules of justice.

It is to be hoped that the legislature will consider this subject as of enough importance to act upon, and will pass an act allowing such testimony.

Yours Truly, JUS.

To the Editor of the Pacific Commercial Advertiser:

SIR: Hearing horrid shrieks of blasphemy and terror such as would put one in mind of hell, I rushed out the house to see what was the matter? Looking into the yard near by, I saw two natives (both as drunk as they could stand) in deadly conflict. One having succeeded in getting the other down and was trying to choke or stifle him. Not being able to do this, he reached out his hand and grasped a stone nearly as large as a man's head, and with both hands was aiming a blow which would have broke the head of his prostrated victim. This was fortunately averted by a friendly looker-on who, at his own peril snatched the weapon from his hands and saved a murder.

Now Mr. Editor, in the name of humanity I ask, is it not time that the good people of every class rise in the majesty of right and demand who it is that is responsible for this state of things? We all know that natives generally, as well as many others, are unable to resist the temptation of drink, and these need the protection and guardianship of government, and it is their duty to give it.

If a ship should arrive here with an infectious desease on board, she would very probably be quarantined. But where is the quarantine for rum?

A building has lately been put up in town, and after being neatly painted, the front was lettered in large capitals THE BEE HIVE. At first I said to myself, this is to be a place of industry—some useful occupation where poor people may earn a living. Afterwards the windows were darkened with paint and a big screen was placed before the door, and the windows were labeled "Fancy Drinks." Alas, said I to myself, Another trap; a place to get stung. The landlord gets the honey, but who gets the sting. Have the government done all they could to stop this?

Yes Mr. Editor, at the rate we are going on we shall soon need foreign immigrants or our streets will be vacant and our grave yards full.

A. B. C.

(Written for the P. C. Advertiser.)

Gossip and Critic.

Gossip—Well, Critic, the memorialists and the Ministry are still at it.

Critic—Yes, Gossip, but the matter must be tiresome to both sides. If the memorialists could change their base, as Little Mac used to on the Peninsula, until something turn up under cover of which they could retreat in good order, how they would seize upon the opportunity.

Gossip—You seem to think the memorialists worsted; you certainly cannot read our papers closely or you would be better advised.

Critic—Not worsted perhaps, but they don't appear to good advantage. The M's have not fought together long enough to know each other. Think, Gossip, of the Shepherd, His Majesty's Special Commissioner &c., &c., and the Champion opponent of cession of Pearl Harbor eating out of the same mess kettle!

Gossip—It does excite one's risibles, ha-ha! to think of this trio banded together to inculcate "lessons of morality and sanitary care" to the poor Hawaiian, "notwithstanding the opposition of others."

Critic—My dear Gossip I shall have to say to you as the Shepherd says to his yoke fellows: "Your levity is unbecoming." Should you not rejoice that we are permitted to have a foretaste of the Millenium season.

Gossip—Perhap I should be serious, but, ha-ha! I can't help it Critic, the sight of these three innocents in the same trundle-bed would make a corpse smile.

Critic—I wish you would stop; your humor is catching and I desire to be serious on such a grave matter as the salvation of a state and an interesting people.

Gossip—You read a memorialists' answer in the ADVERTISER?

Critic—Yes. I felt it to be a duty and so performed it.

Gossip—The references to matters of religious belief and snakes were good hits.

Critic—How differently we view this matter; to me these allusions were matter for regret. My religious belief is to me a sacred thing, a personal matter, on this point I warn all men "touch me not," and I credit my fellow man with the same reverence and respect for his faith and belief and would therefore keep hands off. The snake story is a thread bare one, it records the mistake, and which of us has not made many, of an enthusiast, a scholar and a gentleman, one who scorned to buy men. No, Gossip, a cause that needs to be bolstered by such "hits" must be a lame one.

Gossip—You are quite serious, a moralist and critic, a heavy part to play. Well, the answer of the other memorialist, in the *Gazette*, how did that suit you?

Critic—I would handle this letter delicately. I feel a pride in the attainments of the writer; but if you must have criticism it is this: A poor joke marred an otherwise able composition.

Gossip—Well how about the meeting of the memorialists; you certainly attended it?

Critic—No, I was not a memorialist; but curiosity prompted me to look in upon the assembly. To call it a meeting of memorialists reminds me of the "swallow and spring" proverb.

Gossip—The *Bulletin* said it was a large and enthusiastic meeting, if I mistake not.

Critic—Either you or the *Bulletin* were mistaken. I counted thirty-six people at 8 o'clock, half of which were memorialists. It was a heavy, lagging, affair. Why, imagine three hundred chairs in rows with here and there a man, putting you in mind of a thinly inhabited pin cushion, and then invest the affair with enthusiasm if you can.

Gossip—I imagine the memorialists look upon the memorial now very much as a grouty Scot did upon Niagara Falls. When asked if they were not wonderful, and if he had ever seen anything so grand? he replied: "There's a fair mair wonderfu concern no twa miles fra whar I was born." What is it? "Weel, mon, its a peacock wi a wooden leg."

Critic—Well the whole affair has become lean and shrunken; but, "some pork will bile that way."

Gossip—Why the papers laud the whole affair.

Critic—Yes. The Great Absentee once said to a Department Clerk who was silly enough to ask how he should vote on election day: "We *must* support the Government Mr. Clerk!" I suppose for the reason that the Government supported him.

Gossip—Do you really suppose the memorialists meant to oust the Ministers.

Critic—It is hard for me to say what they did mean. I fancy they are not quite clear on this point themselves, although all but a baker's dozen disclaim any such intention.

Gossip—If they are so minded they might propose to pension them off.

Critic—Ha! ha! ha! a good joke, but not original; that is the method of a certain journalist with a certain P. M. G. It is too costly a plan; not to be thought of in there days of retrenchment.

Gossip—The Shepherd was very quiet at the meeting.

Critic—Yes, another proverb comes to mind of "rats and ships." The Shepherd is a keen observer, he reads the signs of the times.

Curios for the Government Museum.

The *Morning Star* brought up for the Hawaiian Government the following curios, corals, &c. Two sets Gilbert Island armor complete with helmets; also sharks teeth sword and spear, mats and native dresses; eel basket; common fish basket; umbrella coral, three feet six inches in diameter, perfect, from Apian by Mr. Randolph.

From Marshall Island: Spears, Male fringe petticoats and woman's mat dress; carved figure-head; model of canoe fully rigged; paddles; red coral; black coral; platter coral, bone adzes from Strong's Island.

From Caroline Islands, Mortlock and Bonabe: native costume for male and female; neck-laces; ornaments of human teeth; canoe models; paddles, &c; handles of javelins and spears; Mortlock hat; hair pins and turtle