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THE KING'S TOUR ROUND THE WORLD.

ROYAL DIARY IN EUROPE.

[From our European Correspondent.]

LETTER No. 56.—LONDON, July 30th, 1881.

THE KING IN BELGIUM—VIA COLOGNE TO BERLIN.

From the *London Gazette*, July 26th:—"Chancery of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, Downing Street, July 23d. The Queen has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following appointment to the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George; to be an Honorary Member of the First-class or Knights Grand Cross of the said Most Distinguished Order—His Majesty King Kalakaua of the Hawaiian Islands."

My last letter closed with the King's departure from England and I have now to chronicle the details of the four day's stay at Brussels. The Royal party left Charing Cross Station, London, at 8 P. M. on Sunday, July 24th, a Royal saloon carriage having been attached to the mail train. The departure was entirely quiet and private, only Mr. Hoffnung, the Hawaiian Emigration Agent, and Mr. Synge of the Foreign Office, being present,—the latter accompanying the King as far as Dover. This place was reached at 10 o'clock, and the boat found waiting. During the passage the King enjoyed a short rest in the special cabin, prepared for him. On arriving at Calais at midnight, the Royal party took a light meal in the private rooms at the station and left again by the 1 o'clock fast train, occupying a first-class sleeping coach. At 6 A. M. on Monday morning, July 25th, Brussels was reached, the Hawaiian Consul-General, M. de Carmart d'Hamale de Wittegracht, and his attachés being at the station in full uniform to receive His Majesty. The entire party were then taken in four carriages to the Hotel Belle-Vue in the Rue Royale, where apartments were found prepared for the King and his suite. His Majesty rested till the afternoon from the fatigues of the long night's journey, and at 4 P. M., after having received the Consul-General in audience, took a drive with him and Col. Judd through the Belgian capital to see the prominent buildings and monuments. Returning for dinner at 7, the Royal party then attended the concert at the Eden Theater in Vauxhall Gardens.

Tuesday, July 26th, being a cool, rainy day, the King remained in his apartments nearly all day, on account of a slight indisposition. A number of callers were received by Messrs Armstrong and Judd. In the evening, however, the King attended a grand Soiree, given in his honor by the Consul-General, M. de Carmart d'Hamale, at his residence. The Royal programme printed in gold on white satin, announced: "Musical Evening Entertainment, given on the 26th of July, 1881, by the Count and Countess de Carmart d'Hamale de Wittegracht, Consul-General to His Majesty of the Hawaiian Islands, and Municipal Councillor at Brussels, in Honor of His Majesty King Kalakaua I."

Wednesday, July 27th, in the forenoon the King and suite paid a visit to the Museum of paintings and to the Panorama of Cairo, in a large circular tent. This was found to be very natural and life-like by His Majesty, who, it will be remembered, had seen the original only a short time ago. At noon the King with his attendants and the Consul-General took a drive to Waterloo to view this memorable field of battle. Returning at 5, the King went to the evening garden concert and called on Madame de Carmart d'Hamale at her residence. During the day some presents of Belgian porcelain and glassware, [illegible] pipes, &c., were [illegible] His Majesty [illegible] received at the hotel for [illegible] Majesty. The French and Spanish Ambassadors and several members of the consular corps called and left their cards.

Thursday, July 28th, the King and suite paid a visit to the Hotel de Ville, the court house or city hall of the Belgian capital, where he was received by M. Buls, the Bourgmestre, or Mayor, of Brussels, with whom he conversed in English while being conducted over the building. His Majesty repeatedly expressed his admiration for this fine edifice and for the masterpieces which it contains. In passing through the grand Gothic Hall, the King expressed a desire to witness the ceremony of two civil weddings, which were just taking place before M. Becquot, the Municipal Sheriff for civil state, the French formula being translated for the King by M. Sassen. After the ceremony His Majesty sent two of his portraits to the Mayor as presents for the two young couples, in memory of his presence at their weddings. Before leaving the building he wrote his name in the book for distinguished visitors. At 3 P. M. King Leopold II, of Belgium, in the full uniform of the Commander-in-Chief of the Belgian Army, arrived at the Hotel Belle-Vue to pay a visit to King Kalakaua; he was accompanied by his Aide-de-Camp, General de Villiers. His Majesty received his Royal visitor at the entrance to the inner corridor and conducted him to the reception room. After a cordial greeting King Leopold expressed his regrets that he had been unable to call before, having been detained by the National fetes at Liege. The conversation, which took place in English, which the Belgian Sovereign speaks excellently well, then principally turned on geographical subjects, in which, it is wellknown, King Leopold takes a great interest. After an interview of exactly 20 minutes he took his leave and a quarter of an hour later two Royal gala carriages arrived to take King Kalakaua and suite to the Palace on the return visit to King Leopold. General Nicaise was selected to conduct His Majesty to the court. At 11 P. M. the Royal party left Brussels on the night train for Berlin, by way of Cologne. The Consul-General Count de Carmart and the Consul for Venezuela accompanied His Majesty as far as Aix-la-Chapelle and then returned.

Friday, July 29th, at half-past 5 in the morning, the King arrived at Cologne, where he was received at the station by Mr. Hackfeld, of Bremen, Hawaiian Consul for Germany, Judge Widemann, of Honolulu, and Mr. Banning, former Consul for the Netherlands, at Honolulu. After a breakfast at the Hotel du Nord, His Majesty and attendants paid a visit to the Cathedral, the highest edifice in the world, and after purchasing some genuine Eau de Cologne at Johann Maria Farina's, left by the 8:30 train for Berlin. At 8:10 P. M. this day, King Kalakaua arrived at the Capital of the German Empire.

LETTER No. 57.—London, August 3d, 1881.

THE ROYAL PROGRESS—THE KING IN BERLIN.

During his six days' stay in Berlin King Kalakaua has been lionized over the German capital. Before his hotel, and at all points visited by him, large crowds have continually assembled to see and greet the foreign sovereign; great military spectacles have been arranged for him, and interviews have taken place with all the Royal Princes now present at Berlin. Unfortunately, however, both the Emperor Wilhelm and the Crown Prince and Prince [illegible]enry were absent, the former at Gastein, and the latter in England; but probably a meeting with them will be arranged later.

Friday, July 29th, at 8:10 in the evening, the Royal party arrived at Berlin, from Brussels, by way of Cologne. As the King's coming had not been officially announced, there was no public reception, and the party drove quietly to the Hotel de Rome, where the same fine suite of apartments had been prepared for His Majesty which the Morocco Embassy occupied some years ago.

Saturday, July 30. All morning the King remained in his rooms writing letters. Meanwhile, his arrival had been notified to the Court officials, and at noon General von Berken, the military Commandant of the city, called on His Majesty. At the same time a double guard of honor of the 2nd Guard Regiment were posted at the main entrance of the hotel, remaining during the entire stay. Royal carriages were also placed at the King's disposal, but he preferred to retain a private coach with a white team. At 1 o'clock the General conducted the King and his attendants to the Royal castle, where the King enjoyed for the first time the novel sight of Prussian military evolutions, as the relief of the Royal castle Guard was just taking place as he arrived. His Majesty was then conducted through all the prominent parts and apartments of this great edifice, by the Royal Castellan, Count Perponcher, and then drove to the National Gallery, which contains the finest collection of paintings in Germany, and thence to the Museum. Here he was received by the eminent Professor, Bastian, who visited Honolulu two years ago. The King remained several hours examining all the collections, and especially taking great interest in the ethnological department, probably the finest in Europe, where Prof. Bastian showed him the Hawaiian collection, which is very rich and comprehensive. After returning to the hotel at 5:30 P.M., the King received a visit from the Prince Romuald de Giedroye, Chamberlain to the Russian Emperor, and Grand Officer of the order of Kalakaua. Having taken dinner, the Royal party took a drive through the *Thiergarten*, the city park, where the King particularly admired the great triumphal column and the statues of Queen Louise and of Goethe, leaving his carriage to examine them. At 7 he arrived at the zoological gardens, where he met Prince Frederick of Hohenzollern. As this was a concert evening, many people were present, and as soon as the news of the King's arrival spread, he was surrounded by dense crowds. The evening was finished at Kroll's establishment, where the King first heard Lortzing's opera, "The Armorer," and then listened to the concert in the illuminated gardens. He also saw there a celebrated automaton, called King-Fu, which replies to all questions. On the King's placing a paper, on which he had written, "On what day do we leave Berlin?" in the left hand of the figure, the latter wrote at once with his right hand, "in four days." The party returned to the hotel past 11 o'clock. During the day the following persons called: Herr von Kusserow, of the Foreign Office, who negotiated the German-Hawaiian treaty with Mr. Carter, in 1879, Captain von Kake, Chief of the political police, Prince Giedroye, Professor Bastian, Professor Lepsius, the eminent Egyptologist, Dr. Tobbert, Director of the Royal Museum, and Major von Viebahn, Aide de Camp of the Governor.

Sunday, July 31st, at 10 A. M. the King left the hotel with his suite and took a drive through the principal streets and parks. He then visited the Hohenzollern Museum and was much interested in this fine historical collection of the Prussian Royal family. After lunch the King and suite set out for Potsdam to meet the Princes. When his carriage passed the Brandenburg gate, the guards rushed out, drew up in line and presented arms, with drums beating. At the station where His Majesty occupied the Royal waiting room, a large crowd had assembled to greet him. The King wore a dark suit with the ribbon and cross of the Kamehameha Order and a grey high hat. On arriving at Potsdam by the 1 P. M. train several Royal carriages in waiting, took the party to the castle, where the King met Prince William, the eldest son of the Crown Prince, and Prince Charles, the Emperor's brother. After a long interview the [illegible] and the Princes, with their suites, [illegible] drive through the magnificent [illegible] gardens of Potsdam and [illegible] spected the numerous [illegible] Returning to Berlin at 6 o'clock, the King took dinner at the hotel and then went to the Frederick-William City theater, where he saw the pretty operetta "Fledermaus" by Strauss, which so pleased him that he afterwards visited the stage and green rooms to thank the director and the performers. Another pleasant hour was then spent in the Winter garden of the Central Hotel, in listening to the peculiar melodies of the Hungarian Gypsies' band.

Monday, August 1st. At 8 A. M. Captain von Rosenburg of the Kaiser Franz Guards Regiment, who has been appointed by the War Department to attend on the King during all military exercises, called at the hotel, and accompanied by him and Col. Judd, His Majesty drove to the artillery shooting field at Tegel, where a grand maneuvre and sham fight by the 2nd Guards Field Artillery Regiment had been especially ordered for him. I am in possession of full descriptions with all the details of this as well as of the subsequent military spectacles, but the limited time before the close of the mail compels me to postpone them for another letter. It suffices to say that the 32 six-horse guns of the regiment (8 batteries of 4 guns each) executed its evolutions and fired continuous rounds of together over 500 shots with shells at targets representing imaginary enemies with a precision and an exactitude, which filled His Majesty with the greatest admiration. After the maneuvre the King sat down with some officers to a *dejeuner* in the pavilion of the officer's Casino, while the trumpeter band of the regiment furnished table music. Returning to town at 1 o'clock the Royal party then drove to the Victoria Hall and the Aquarium, where the King remained over one hour while Inspector Lentz showed and explained all the wonders of this aquatic establishment. After taking a cup of tea at Hiller's celebrated restaurant "Under den Linden," His Majesty visited the Industrial Exhibition at the Red Castle and then inspected the "Ruhmeshalle, or Hall of Glory," in the former Arsenal, which contains one of the first collections of arms, armor and artillery of all times and nations in Europe. At 4:30 P. M. the King and suite again travelled to Potsdam, and after taking another drive in a Royal carriage through the parks, at 6:30 attended a state dinner at the Schloss, for which Prince William had sent a telegrapic invitation the previous evening. At 10 o'clock His Majesty returned to his hotel in Berlin.

LETTER No. 58. LONDON, AUGUST 8th, 1881.

THE KING IN BERLIN.—TRIP TO ESSEN.—ARRIVAL AT VIENNA.

Tuesday, August 2nd. At 10 A.M. the King, accompained by Mr. Armstrong, Colonel Judd and Captain von Rosenberg, as interpreter, arrived in his private carriage at the Temple parade grounds, where he found the 2nd battalion of the 24 Guards-Regiments under Lieut. Col. von Freyend drawn up in line awaiting him. As he approached, the troops presented arms with the band playing and the drums beating. After His Majesty had inspected the ranks, a manœuvre took place in the shape of a sham fight and attack, ending with a general advance in line *tambour battant*. A full description of this interesting military spectacle I must hold over for my next letter. The battalion then marched past the King in parade step; and after having expressed his thanks to the generals and other officers present, His Majesty left the field at 11 o'clock. Returning to Berlin the Royal party drove at once to the Central station of the Fire department, where he was received by Gen. von Berken, the Governor of Berlin, and by Chief of Police von Heppe. After having inspected all the details of the establishment, under the guidance of Fire director White, a general alarm was sent out to the five chief stations. In a short time some 26 different vehicles, including steam fire engines, hook and ladder wagons, hose carts etc, had arrived with full equipments, whereupon a manœvre, as if a great fire took place in the court of the building, all signals being given by horn calls. A crowd numbering by thousands had meanwhile assembled, large numbers of policemen were busy keeping order, and altogether the King enjoyed an interesting and to him novel sight. At the close a march past in quick step by all the engines and their crews took place before the King in the Linden Strasse. At 4:30 P.M. the King traveled by rail to Potsdam to dine with Prince Charles. On this occasion he wore for the first time his new general's uniform, which is very similar to that of a Prussian guard, and a Prussian helmet with white and red feathers. He was decorated with the broad ribbon and cross of the Red Eagle order of Prussia. Mr. Armstrong not being quite well, His Majesty was only accompained by Col. Judd, who wore a court-chamberlain's uniform with heavy gold embroidery, and by Count Perponcher, the Emperor's court marshal. On arriving at Potsdam the party were taken in a Royal carriage to Schloss Glienicke, the Prince's residence. At the dinner there were also present the Prince and Princess William, Prince Frederick Charles, the "Red Prince" and celebrated cavalry leader, and the Prince and Princess of Meiningen, the Crown Prince's son-in-law and daughter. At 7:30 the King returned to town, and at 10 o'clock he left by the Lehrter Railroad for Essen to visit the cannon and machine foundries of Herr Krupp, probably the greatest iron and steel establishment in the world. He was accompanied by Col. Judd and Baron von Friesen, who was the King's guest at Honolulu last year.

Wednesday, August 3rd. The express train with the Royal party arrived at Alten Essen at 6 A. M. and notwithstanding the early hour a large crowd had assembled at the station to greet the King. As Herr Krupp was indisposed, Director Jencka received His Majesty, and at once took him with his attendants in carriages to the steel foundry, where breakfast was served at 7 o'clock. At 10:30 the King inspected all parts of the establishment. He was particularly interested in the cannon foundries and asked to have their different construction explained to their smaller details. When in the steel foundry, a gigantic block of cast steel was placed under the steam-hammer, which though of enormous size and strength is operated by a single man, and then before the eyes of the King this block was worked into a cannon tube. At 11 a *dejeuner dinatoire* took place, at which the Director General of Saxon Railroads, von Tschirochky, and the Marquis de Nouillac, were also present, after which the fire department of the establishment executed some manœuvres before the King. At 1:40 P.M. the Royal party left, returning to Berlin at 10:15 in the evening.

Thursday, Aug. 4th. At 10 A. M. the King with his suite and Captain von Rosenberg arrived again at the cavalry parade grounds at Tempelhof, where the 5th squadron of the 1st Guard Dragoons Regiment, under the command of Captain von Blumenthal, executed some evolutions in trotting and galop before the King and then went through a sham fight ending with a brilliant cavalry attack. In another letter I shall give full descriptions of this, as well as of the other two military spectacles in the three different branches of the Prussian army, before the King. After the final march past, the Royal party drove to the barracks of the Kaiser Franz Guards Regiment, No. 2, where the King was received by the entire officers' corps of this regiment at the grand entrance.

As the carriage entered the court, the guards presented arms and the Imperial German flag was hoisted over the building All the officers were in full uniform with the helmet. Under the Colonel's guidance His Majesty inspected all parts of the building, paying particular attention to the arrangement of the men's quarters. Some of the best men were detailed to perform some gymnastic exercises, which [illegible] interested the King, who then accepted an invitation to lunch with all the officers in their casino. [illegible] band played during which the regiment's March was played. His Majesty then also paid a visit to the barracks of the 2nd Guards Dragoons, and Pion[illegible] Prussians on the opposite side of the [illegible]arned beer strasse, where he was received with the same honors. At 1 o'clock the Royal party drove to the Panorama of St. Privat, which is a circular view of this great battle before Metz, between the Prussian and French guards on Aug. 18th, 1870. The King remained there over half an hour examining this great battle picture, while Director Riehery explained all the details. The rest of the afternoon was passed in preparations for the departure. Shortly before 5 o'clock the Royal party left the hotel and drove to the Anhalter station. As the King does not travel officially, none of the authorities were present, only Captain von Rosenberg being there to take leave. A large crowd had however assembled to see the foreign monarch off and a large body of police were occupied in keeping them back. The King, who wore a light grey overcoat and a high grey hat, took a cup of coffee in the Imperial waiting room, and after shaking hands with Captain von Rosenberg, entered the sleeping car which the Austrian Northwest R. R. Co. had placed at his disposal, where he took a seat at an open window. As the train drew off at 5.17 precisely, the assembled people cheered loudly, waving hats and handkerchiefs, while the King bowed repeatedly.

THE KING AT VIENNA.

Travelling by way of Dresden and Teschen the Royal party arrived at the Austrian Capital at 8.53 A. M., on Friday, Aug. 5th. At the station the King received a public reception by Field-marshal-Lieutenant, Baron von Tiller, a representative of the Emperor, and Captain von Czedik of the Imperial Navy, both of whom have been appointed to attend on His Majesty during his stay at Vienna. The Hawaiian Consul, Herr Schoenberger and secretary were also present. The entire party then drove to the Hotel Imperial, where a suit of apartments had been prepared for the King. I must to-day confine myself to giving the diary of the King's visit to Vienna, full details of which will follow by the next mail.

Friday, Aug. 5th. Visit to the Imperial Arsenal at 1 o'clock, thence to the Belvedere picture gallery. At 5 return to Hotel and after dinner to the "Volksgarten." concert by Strauss. At 8 to the Imperial Opera House to see the ballet.

Saturday August 6. At 7 A. M. to the parade grounds; manœuvres and sham fights by one company of 52nd Infantry, one battery of 11th Artillery and one squadron of 2nd Uhlan Cavalry Regiments.—At 11 a call on the Archduke Albrecht at his palace; at 12 return visit from the Archduke in full Field Marshal's uniform.—Visit to the Hofburg, the Emperor's castle, returning to the Hotel at 1 o'clock.—Call by the Japanese Ambassador, Ida Yndzurn.—At 5:30 dinner with Mr. Phelps, the American Ambassador at Vienna.—At 9 to the Imperial Opera House to see Mozart's "Figaro's Wedding."

Sunday, Aug. 7. To the Weilburg at Baden, near Vienna, to dine with the Archduke Albrecht.

Monday, Aug. 8. Departure for Paris.—An interview with the Emperor Francis Joseph could not be arranged, as he is himself travelling.—From Paris to Lisbon and Madrid, and back to Paris, thence to London and Edinburg.—To sail from Liverpool for New York on September 13th.

Latest Particulars.

From other sources we learn that the Royal party left Vienna for Paris at 7 P. M., being escorted to the railway station by Baron von Tiller, Captain von Zedick and Herr Schoenburger. The arrival at Paris on the morning of the 10th was private. The Hawaiian Consul and Mr. Hankar were awaiting the King's arrival, and had secured apartments for His Majesty and suite at the International Hotel, where everything that could conduce to the comfort of the Royal party was provided. Here His Majesty experienced a disappointment, no mail from Honolulu being to hand. It was, however, expected that Mr. George W. Macfarlane would join the party on the following day, and bring a budget with him.

His Majesty had been very much struck with what he had seen in Germany and Austria. He and the German Princes whom he met seem to have promptly become fast friends, and he was urged not to come *incognito* when he next visited Germany. "Your Majesty puts us quite off our feet," was the remark of Prince Charles; "we do not know what to do or how to act. A ruling monarch to be received *incognito* is not known to us. When you come again you must come as King Kalakaua."

His Majesty expected that Mr. Hoffnung would be in attendance upon him before he left Paris, and that he would accompany the Royal party during their visit to Portugal.

By telegram we learn that the King had visited Lisbon, and subsequently Madrid. The King of Portugal and the King of Spain had received him in a distinguished manner, and his Majesty had exchanged decorations with each. The Royal party had returned to Paris. Their programme remained unchanged. After a visit to Scotland and a trip to Portsmouth, to see that great naval arsenal, and dine with the Prince of Wales, His Majesty will embark in the Steamer "Celtic," on the 13th inst., and intends to reach home on 29th October, by the Pacific Mail Company's steamer.

Additional Particulars of the King's Tour.

ORIGINAL TELEGRAMS TO KING KALAKAUA IN BERLIN.

Herren Judd Kammerherr S. M. der Konig Kalakaua, Berlin, Hotel de Rome.

Kl. Glienicke, den 30—7—1881.

His Royal Highness Prince Charles will be enchanted to see His Majesty to-morrow at 3 o'clock P.M.

COUNT BRUHL, Chamberlain.

Potsdam, 30—7—1881.

Two carriages of H. R. H. the Prince Charles, will await His Majesty at half-past two at the station in Potsdam.

COUNT BRUHL, Chamberlain.

Hearing that His Majesty intends a drive through the royal gardens before paying his visit to Glienicke and will arrive at Potsdam at half-past one, the Prince Charles offers his carriages for that time. Please to answer if arrangement will suite you.

COUNT BRUHL, Chamberlain.

Whilst the King was at the Hotel de Rome in Berlin, he received on one occasion, a bouquet and a lady's card, and observing the name of Berger, His Majesty being informed that this was the mother of Professor Berger of Honolulu, with prompt courtesy sought an interview, and met Madame Berger, and her daughter. The old lady expressed a strong desire to visit Honolulu; but on being informed by His Majesty, that she would miss the delightful Sunday concerts to which she was accustomed in Berlin, she began to have doubts about the desirability of Honolulu as a residence.

The King in London.

As King Kalakaua has been photographed at least one since his [illegible] to the Hawaiian Islands, [illegible] sovereign [illegible] stealer's window before long, there can be no reasonable objection to describing his personal appearance as that of a well-grown, broad shouldered man of the warm olive hue of the Hawaiian race. His features express extreme good humour and *bonhommie*, and a soft rich musical voice almost veils the slight, very slight, Bostonian accent. The King was educated at a college at Honolulu, where they appear to teach English remarkably well. It is needless perhaps to explain that he is a thoroughbred Hawaiian, and not a halfbred like the interesting Queen Emma, concerning whom the Queen made many inquiries at the reception at Windsor on Monday last, when King Kalakaua was charmed by the cordiality of the English Royal family. As a matter of course he wears, when he receives visitors, the ordinary costume of a private gentleman, with the usual complement of rings, and the gold bracelet, originally brought into fashion by Prince Achille Murat. A very few minutes conversation convinces the visitor that King Kalakaua is an extensive reader. It is, in fact, his wide reading which impelled him to see the world of which he had read so many descriptions. The cricket at Lord's astonished him not at all, for as he will quietly say, in his musical tones, "We have several clubs in Honolulu, and I know of others in India." He is very fully informed as to the scope and bearing of our volunteer organization, and and greatly impressed by the display at Windsor. His Majesty is also charmed by the manner in which he has been received in this country, at the Review and again at Windsor Castle by the Queen, by the visits of the Prince of Wales and by the kindly attention shown to him by Mr. Gladstone, Lord Granville and other Ministers of State, Members of Parliament and distinguished Englishmen of all kinds. He was especially gratified at Lady Spencer's reception at South Kensington, where he headed the procession with the charming hostess. At the conclusion of his visit His Hawaiian Majesty will take his departure for France, Belgium, Germany and Portugal.—*London Daily News.*

King Kalakaua and the Chinese.

From Japan the King went to Shanghai, when the Mandarins met him with every demonstration of cordiality, and thence to Tientsin, where his arrival was awaited by Li-hung-Chang, the generalissimo of the Chinese armies, and at this moment the most important living member of the Celestial Empire. At a dinner at Li-hung-Chang's the host caused a toast to be read proposing King Kalakaua's health, and thanking him in the name of the Emperor of China for the kind and just treatment that his subjects had received from the Hawaiian Government.

Considerable importance is attached to this toast of Li-hung-Chang's by the Hawaiian King, for it is to the fair treatment they have received in his dominions that the great immigration of Chinamen is due.

King Kalakaua, who converses freely on this and other matters affecting his Kingdom, is not inclined to take a gloomy view of the situation. The reciprocity treaty which enables Hawaii to find an American market for her large make of sugar has greatly enriched his country, the revenue of which has enormously increased during his reign. Hence he is hopeful that the great rewards held out to the emigrant will secure in time a population other than Chinese. Help in this way is expected from a long unlooked-for source. Times are not good in the Azores, and it is not improbable that a large emigration will take place to the archipelago on the other side of the globe. Doubtless Li-hung-Chung is perfectly aware that coolies from his own country are as little liked in Hawaii as elsewhere; but he nevertheless could not refrain from testifying to the fair treatment they had received from the authorities. Accordingly King Kalakaua parted from him on very friendly terms.—*London Daily News.*

The King and the Pope.

Pompeii and Rome were visited in turn, and the King had a special audience of the Pope, who was possibly not aware that he was receiving a Freemason of the highest grade (33), an enthusiast in the craft whereof there is no lack of lodges in Honolulu, who had delivered a lecture on Freemasonry during his stay in Cairo.—*London Daily News.*

European Notes and Items.

[From Our Correspondents' Letter, July 30th.]

The *Daily Telegraph* has received the following wonderful news from its New York correspondent:—"It is reported here that the object of King Kalakaua's visit to Europe, is to dispose of his Kingdom to some European power. While the United States do not desire any annexation themselves, they would regard the acquisition of these islands by any other Government as an act of hostility to American interests. The *New York Times* says, that foreign governments should be notified that any attempt on their part to acquire possession of these islands, by purchase or otherwise, would be regarded as an unfriendly act by the United States." The *Times* correspondent at Berlin also sends a piece of news for Hawaiians:—"King Kalakaua is expected here next week. You need not therefore be surprised to hear that His Majesty has come to make overtures for his admittance into the Austro-German alliance with the view on one hand of frustrating the commercial encroachments of England and on the other of counteracting the opium trade of the East."(?!) A telegram to the *Standard*, dated, Lisbon, 19th inst., states, that "King Kalakaua is expected there shortly, who entertains sanguine hopes of inducing Portuguese emigrants to settle in Hawaii. It seems that several Portuguese families are already established there and according to a Portuguese journal, the King calculates on augmenting this colony by the introduction of a thousand new Portuguese emigrants." The following item has made the round of European papers:—"Warning against Emigrants to Honolulu. A Swede, named C. Clausen, who has recently returned from Honolulu to San Francisco, reports, that several hundreds of Scandinavian laborers, who have been engaged by a certain Captain Lorange for the Sandwich Islands, are there being treated like slaves. They were apportioned to the planters in an arbitrary manner, and although the latter do not at all strictly follow the contract conditions, they demand the fulfillment of every letter of the contract on the part of the emigrants. It has therefore been decided to send warnings to Norway and Sweden against the machinations of the Hawaiian agents." The following despatch dated San Francisco, July 16th, will probably startle Honolulu readers: "Advices from Honolulu report that a lava stream from Maunaloa appears likely to destroy a portion of the harbor." This would be a long lava stream, and although it is evident that the words "of Hilo" have dropped out at the end, all the papers here, have published the news as above. At the Foreign Office, June 24th, the Queen has appointed Chas. Edw. Goodman to be Her Majesty's Consul for the Hervey Islands, and to reside at Rarotonga.

Address of the Catholics of Honolulu to Bishop Hermann.

TO THE RIGHT REVEREND HERMANN,
LORD BISHOP OF OLBA.

My Lord:

With swelling hearts, the flock over whom Your Lordship has been called to exercise spiritual jurisdiction, hasten to welcome you back to the scene of your past labors, and to an enlarged field of future profitable exertions in the Divine Government of the world.

They are humbly grateful for the blessings which for many years past they have experienced, with scarce a cloud to darken the serene sky of their happiness, under the guidance of the venerable and holy man to whose assistance in weakness and failing health, amid arduous and responsible duties, it has pleased Divine Providence to summon you; and they confidently look forward for others yet to come through your instrumentality. They expect much in the future from the experience of those Christian virtues, which for the past twenty-five years have so endeared you to all dwellers in Hawaii nei, but especially to your own spiritual flock, to whom you are most intimately known. They expect as much from your firmness and decision of character in the exalted station to which you are called, as they have hitherto experienced from the kindness of heart which has signalized your labors in the holy rank [illegible] Priesthood. They have full [illegible] discus- [illegible] And this is often [illegible] that under your paternal care and direction their march onward to a better world will continue steady and uninterrupted.

The commencement of the sacerdotal labors here of him to whose aid you come, was marked by pains, penalties and banishment for himself and other members of the Priesthood; by persecution and proscription of their religion for their flocks. These persecutions were borne by the suffering victims with Christian resignation and fortitude, under the precept and example of that noble and pure minded gentleman, but were happily at an end before your Lordship was called as a laborer to this part of your Master's vineyard.

Your Lordship, it is hoped, will never be called upon to bear up under acts of tyranny and oppression, but at all times to take a commanding stand in directing affairs, and organizing the forces of Holy Mother Church in her perpetual warfare with sin and evil.

The Catholics of this diocese pray their Heavenly Father for a long, useful, and happy life in His service for your Lordship. They also beg of you, in conjunction with that man of God with whom you are associated, your episcopal benediction.

New Advertisements.

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— OF —
HIS MAJESTY.

ALL SOCIETIES, LODGES OR PERSONS on this or the other Islands, wishing to join in erecting arches, or in decorating the route from the landing to the Palace, on the occasion of His Majesty's Reception, are requested to address
H. A. P. CARTER,
Chairman of Committee on Decorations.
All Societies, Lodges, or associations of persons wishing to join in the procession of welcome will please address
CAPT. A. N. TRIPP, or
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Cases Cutter No. 1 and O K Whisky,
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Cases Gin,
Baskets Gin,
Cases Duff Gordon Sherry,
Cases Best English Port Wine,
Cases Best California Port Wine,
Cases Claret, best brands;
Cases Old Maderia and other Wines,
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