

The Inaugural.

We presume that all of our readers have by this time perused the Inaugural Address of Gov. ROBERT J. WALKER, and formed their opinions upon its merits or demerits. It must be confessed, as a general thing, that something better might have been expected of the man. His ideas in regard to the public lands, Schools and Railroads, are no doubt correct; but as far as political matters are concerned, he has made a poor job of it. He beats all around the bush, seemingly desirous of satisfying all parties, but not likely to satisfy any. His arguments for a while go to prove that it is impossible for Kansas to become a Slave State, and he sets forth a line of policy, whereby a Slavery Constitution cannot be adopted; and the next thing we see, he is laboring to prove that Slavery is a great blessing, and that various interests require that Kansas should become a Slave State.

The Governor is unquestionably right in desiring to remove the agitation of the Slavery question from the Halls of Congress, and from Presidential elections; but he should have set the example, and not have made the bulk of his Inaugural an argument on the question, the agitation of which he so sincerely deprecates. Sometimes, during the composition of his address, he evidently imagined himself the President of the United States, which is shown by the glowing manner in which he hints upon the annexation of Cuba. Of course, we will not be so uncharitable as to insinuate that the much dreaded slavery question entered his mind, while dwelling upon the Cuba business. Again, he writes as if the permanency of the Union, and the fate of human freedom, depend upon the manner in which he governs Kansas; and seems impressed with the idea, that the combined despots of Europe are watching him, and are ready to pounce upon and crush America, if Kansas should fail to speedily and peaceably become a State. Surely, then, if he conceives that such awful responsibilities rest upon his shoulders, he will endeavor to dispense his powers with a spirit of justice and impartiality.

In one respect, the Governor is safe—whether Kansas comes in as a Free or a Slave State, he can point to his Inaugural, and clearly prove to one party, that such was the end he advocated and secured; and to the other party, that he didn't!

GOOD PROSPECT FOR MAILS.—Mr. Eaton, the gentlemanly Mail Agent, was here last week, in company with Gov. Bigler, and planned out mail arrangements, to be completed in the shortest possible time, by means of which, White Cloud will be favored with as good mail facilities as any other place in the Territory.

The horse mail from Doniphan to Archer, in Nebraska, the route of which lies just West of here, is hereafter to make this place a point in the route; and the hack which runs from Doniphan, by way of the Mission, as far as Iowa Point, will, by the new arrangement, make White Cloud the northern terminus of its route. A route is also to be established, by which a tri-weekly mail will be carried from Oregon, Mo., by way of White Cloud, to Padonia, Plymouth and Richmond, in Brown and Nemaha Counties. The latter arrangement will probably have to await Congressional action; but the balance will not be subjected to that delay.

The quarrel between Brown, of the Herald of Freedom, and so-called Governor Robinson, is growing hotter and more interesting. The Free Soil papers of the East have taken it up, and poor Brown receives no mercy at their hands—all seem to favor Robinson. Of course, the cause of Freedom, just now in such a critical situation in Kansas, is expected to be greatly benefited by the quarrel. It was our fortune, last Fall, to belong to a small but glorious party, who supported Millard Fillmore for the Presidency; and many is the time we have heard ourselves and others stigmatized as "Border Ruffians," for saying less harmless things about these worthies, than they are now casting up to each other. Murder will out!

There was quite a scrimmage, on Wednesday afternoon, among the laborers employed in grading the streets. One man was pretty well battered up. We will say, by way of filling up, that the combatants were persons who commenced their earthly career on a small spot of land, surrounded by water, where there are no snakes, some three thousand miles north of east from the United States—which land is known by the euphonic names of Hibernia, Erin, and "swate cold Ireland!"

The Missouri River is now getting on its regular June "high." Having taken an extensive spree of this kind in April, it is hoped she will not get higher than necessary to make navigation easy.

Messrs. JENKINS & BROWN have dissolved co-partnership. Mr. BROWN is retiring from the firm. The mercantile business will hereafter be continued by Mr. C. F. JENKINS, at the old stand.

Warlike Rumors.

Rumors have reached us, that domestic difficulties are again brooding in the Territory, arising out of preparations by the officers to collect taxes, and the refusal of the Free State men to pay them. Bellicent preparations are said to be making, on an extensive scale, in the vicinity of Lawrence, Topeka and Leocompton, where the nest-egg of discord usually lies hidden. We cannot vouch for the correctness of the report, but so Mrs. Rumor has it.

It had been confidently hoped, by all peace-loving people, that contentment had ceased in Kansas; but no one need be surprised to see as hot times, before the close of the season, as any that have heretofore been witnessed. Gov. WALKER may come here with a hickory gun in one hand, and a lump of sugar in the other, armed with all the authority the Government can give him; he may fulminate his inaugurals, that can be construed into any meaning, by persons of every belief; he may deliver his conciliatory speeches from one end of the Territory to the other, and think he will be able to govern Kansas by a wink of his eye; but he will find himself able, in the end, to effect about as much as REEDER, SHANNON and GEARY did.

The fact is, Kansas has got a wrong start. On the one hand, the Pro-Slavery party have been recognized in their proceedings by the Government; and on the other hand, the Free State men refuse to acknowledge or acquiesce in any measure proposed or enacted by rulers whom they contend have been foisted upon them through fraud and violence, by citizens of a neighboring State.

Such being the state of affairs, harmony is impossible. The only remedy is for Congress to take the matter in hand, and make an entire new beginning. Not only must a new beginning be made, but the leaders of both parties, who have disgraced the name of Kansas for three years past, will have to be ignored. It is impossible for affairs to run smoothly, as long as the least particle of the old leaven remains. As long as the smallest quantity of cat is allowed to step in on one side, the little remnant of dog on the other side, will be worrying it. Let us have a new beginning, and new men all round, then we shall have peace—we fear, not till then.

We will suggest, that we have no anxiety to be appointed Governor of Kansas, nor elected as Delegate to Congress, nor booted into a Judge, Sheriff, Marshal, or anything of the sort—but we are decidedly in favor of having the political "innards" of the Territory puked, purged, drenched and scoured. She has an awful foul interior, and it is impossible for her to enjoy health, until she undergoes a complete cleansing.

IMPROVEMENTS.—The spirit of improvement pervades this community to a gratifying extent. The sound of the carpenter's hammer is heard from morning to night, and new buildings are seen rising in every direction—yet many buildings are kept back, from the fact that the saw mills cannot furnish lumber as fast as it is demanded, and a sufficient number of carpenters cannot be obtained; notwithstanding, we are informed, carpenters receive some fifty cents more per day than even in Omaha or Leavenworth, and boarding is not as high as in either of the above places.

Of the buildings going up, we may mention some six or seven to be occupied as Dry Goods, Drug, Grocery and Provision Stores, one Hotel, several shops, a public hall by the City Company, and quite a number of dwelling houses.—This is only a sprinkling of what will be, after the Lot Sales, on the Fourth of July.

A friend, writing us from the East, says he contemplates paying White Cloud a visit, sometime during the season, and wants to know where the shall land, to get here. As near as we can get at it, he would better land at White Cloud, unless he wishes to come part of the way by land—in which case, he can go ashore anywhere down the river.—But we would advise him to keep on board until he gets here. He will not find it difficult to land here—the boats lie up to the shore, with the guards on a level with the bank, and he will find it as easy stepping ashore, without the aid of a plank, as to step from one room of a house into another—then he will be in White Cloud.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.—In our advertising department, will be found an advertisement of valuable lands for sale, in this Territory, and in Missouri, on the opposite bank of the river. The land in Brown County, lies within several miles of White Cloud, and is of the best quality, and will no doubt soon become very valuable. The land in Missouri is also said to be very fine. Any person wishing information in regard to the price, terms, etc., can obtain the same by calling at this office.

We would again refer our readers to the advertisement of the Land Agency of Likens & Boyd, of St. Jo. As reliable business men, they have a reputation unsurpassed by any other Agency in the West.

The most appropriate name of any medicine we know of, is "Dr. Gollap's Pills."

COAL COMPANY.

A Company has been formed, called the White Cloud Coal Company, whose object is to work the coal mines West of here, and keep a supply of the article constantly on the wharf, to boats, or to any person who may want it. The arrangements are not yet completed, but no doubt will speedily be. They can make a handsome thing of it, by getting into successful operation soon, and while navigation is open. The St. Joseph Gazette thus speaks of the project:—

WHITE CLOUD COAL COMPANY.—We understand that this Company is now actively engaged in mining the extensive coal beds on their lands near White Cloud, and that it is their intention to keep a large quantity at that place on the wharf to supply boats. We would call the attention of our citizens to this important fact, and urge upon the formation of a company among us, to have this city well supplied with fuel on opening of next winter. We are now in the midst of the "heated term," and are apt to become forgetful of the difficulty we all encountered last winter in procuring wood, and the enormous cost of it when it could be obtained.—(Kansas we can put a check on the extortion our citizens have suffered from dealers in wood, we must witness a serious check to our prosperity, for men who labor with their hands for a living, cannot stand up under such prices. Shall we suffer our laboring classes to be driven from among us by such a cause, when we can by a union of our capital and energy reduce the price of fuel within reasonable bounds, and thus also confer an important benefit on every class of people? The river is now open, coal is abundant and of the best quality at White Cloud, only fifty miles distant by water, and we have boats constantly making down trips past the coal depot at that place; let us resolve that we will have it here, and it can be done.

We suggest that all who see the importance of this movement will meet at this office on tomorrow evening. We have money enough here to accomplish a revolution in the fuel trade, and speaking for the majority of our citizens, we say that it shall be done, and that wood can never again be sold at from five to ten dollars a cord in this city. We intend to spare no pains to effect the reduction of fuel, satisfied as we are that no greater benefit can be conferred on the people in this latitude than cheap wood and coal, and that without these necessary elements of prosperity in abundance at decent prices, the growth and welfare of St. Joseph must be greatly retarded, if not permanently injured.

STEAM GRIST MILL.—Mr. Horace B. Smith has entered into an agreement with the White Cloud City Company, by which he has bound himself to establish here a large steam grist mill, with five run of burrs. He has purchased the ground which it is to occupy, and will soon commence its erection. He has bound himself to have the building up, and two run of stones in operation, by the first of January next. Such an establishment is one that must be a benefit to any place. It will furnish a market for all the wheat in this part of the country, and supply, in return, the best of flour, at the most reasonable rates. By next season, we may expect to see extensive golden wheat fields occupy what at present is a vast, verdant prairie. The destiny of White Cloud, is onward.

Affairs in Utah now engage much of the attention of the Administration. The President experiences a difficulty in finding a suitable person to appoint Governor of that hethenish Territory; and whomsoever he may be, will doubtless be accompanied by a regiment of troops. On the other hand, Brigham Young is as stubborn as ever, and it is said that he has gone out among the Indians, to enlist them in hostilities against the Government. If the truth were known, nine-tenths of the Indian depredations and outrages upon the Western frontier, would no doubt be found to originate through the instrumentality of Brigham Young and his cannibals. The best thing Government could do, would be to wipe Mormonism out of existence.

ANOTHER GREAT IMPROVEMENT.—Mr. Spaulding advertises this week for 100,000 Brick. They are required to be ready to lay, by the 1st of September next, at which time, the erection of his large Hotel is to be commenced. The building is to be 44 feet long by 30 feet wide, and four stories high. The first story will be built of cut stone, and the other three of brick, finished off in the best style—the whole to cost \$15,000. Such a building will be an ornament and honor to White Cloud, and, by the time it is finished, will not be a bit too large to correspond with the wants of the place. Next Spring an extension is to be built to the Hotel, running 130 feet back.

Some people think that an editor writes every line that is printed in his paper, no matter whether it is original or selected. We once copied an article into our amusement column, regarding some of the freaks of a mean man, and three subscribers discontinued their papers in consequence of it, thinking we were reflecting upon them!

A considerable quantity of freight landed at our wharf, last week, from the steamer Admiral, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., for a new store on Walnut Creek. The people of the back country are beginning to realize that this is most suitable point to which to ship their goods.

Hon. Wm. A. Richardson, late a member of Congress from Illinois, has been appointed Governor of Nebraska, vice Mark W. Izard. We believe Richardson enacted the part in the House that Douglas did in the Senate, in securing the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska Bill.

We learn that Judge CLAYTON, one of the proprietors of Claytonville, the County seat of Brown County, in this Territory, has been arrested and lodged in jail, in Chicago, for passing counterfeit money.

Hon. John Wentworth, Mayor of Chicago, was recently arrested for mail robbing—eighteen stolen bags having been found on his farm. The placing of the bags there, was no doubt the work of his enemies.

Ten Dollars Reward for a horse strayed or stolen. See MONAS FRELEY'S advertisement.

DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.—Our town was visited, on Friday last, by Ex-Governor Bigler, of Pennsylvania, now United States Senator, and Hon. Wm. Montgomery, member of Congress elect from the Washington District, in the same State. As a natural consequence, they were delighted with the town; and the surrounding country—so much so, that they "refused to be comforted" until they were permitted to invest in town stock. They are men of taste and judgment, and can easily perceive where a good location lies. Being men of extensive influence, the town cannot fail to be benefited by it. They intend, if possible, to be here on the glorious Fourth.

The distinguished Pennsylvanians visited our office, on Saturday morning. The Governor was formerly a printer, before he descended from his profession, to become Governor and Senator; and as soon as he entered the office, he intuitively approached the case, and picking up a stick, set up the following puff for his companion. We did not feel authorized to make any alterations in his composition, and therefore we insert a translation of the same, as Mrs. Garrison would say.

The Hon. William Montgomery member of Congress from Washington Pa arrived in town yesterday afternoon and took lodgings at the Spaulding House, where he will be glad to meet his numerous friends of the border ruffian school. Mr. M. is one of the distinguished and talented members of his party; he is beside a farseeing and energetic business man, and the proprietors of White Cloud could do no wiser act than to induce him to take an interest in their flourishing town.

We will say, for the Governor, that he yet knows the boxes; but having so long abandoned his former high calling, and so steadily pursued the devious ways of politics, it is no wonder that he somewhat lost the hang of the thing, especially when he undertook to set type without copy before him—unless, indeed, the subject of the article may be called copy—and fat copy he is, too, but troublesome enough to bother the best compositor.

INDIAN MASSACRE.—Intelligence has lately been received at Leavenworth, of the massacre and total destruction of a California Overland Emigrant Train, which occurred about 100 miles West of Fort Kearney. It was attacked by a party of Sioux and Cheyenne Indians, who killed every person in the train, without respect to age or sex, drove off the cattle, and burnt the effects which they were unable to carry away, including the wagons, seventeen in number.

An emigrant train left Oregon, Mo., for California, the past Spring, but they had in all probability reached a much greater distance from Fort Kearney, at the time the massacre is said to have been perpetrated.

The Free State Legislature is now in full blast, at Topeka. Without passing upon the merits of the cause, in the name of which they are convened, we should like to know what they expect to accomplish. They are not recognized by the Government, and cannot succeed in obtaining a favorable consideration of any of their proceedings, in either House of Congress. They must be fond of legislating for their own amusement, and paying their own expenses!

GRADING AND CLEARING.—A number of hands have been busily engaged, for a week past, in clearing the hazel bushes from the town site, which gives it a much better appearance than formerly. Main Street, near the wharf, is undergoing a process of grading, which helps the appearance of the place. Surveyors have also been busily engaged in laying off lots; and everything necessary is being pushed ahead preparatory to the great sale of Lots, on the Fourth of July.

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AN IMPORTANT REMOR.—We have just learned, from a person who left Leavenworth a day or two since, that just before he left, a man arrived there from Leocompton, bringing word that Gov. Walker had resigned the Governorship of the Territory. The reason alleged is, that because he determined that the Constitution shall be submitted to a fair vote of the people, the Pro-Slavery men have threatened his life—calling him an Abolitionist, and swearing that they would shoot him.

We can hardly credit the rumor. Surely, after all the pomp attending his appointment, and the almost unlimited powers with which he has been invested, he would not beat a retreat at the commencement of his operations, in consequence of such threats. But whether the rumor be true or false, we think he will find it harder work to govern Kansas than he anticipated. He might as well have come out flatly on one side or the other, at the start. It is impossible for matters to terminate satisfactorily to both parties.

We have received one of the new Cents, about which so much fuss has been made. It is a thick, clumsy thing, and were it white, might be mistaken for a worm lozenge. To our mind, old red cent looked more like money than the new one, which has not the ring of genuine metal about it, but sounds as dead as a chunk of lead.

The people of Oregon have procured a press, and will have a paper issued there shortly, to be called the Holt County News. It is to be under the control of Mr. S. H. B. CUNIFF.

We are under obligations to Mr. W. H. King, of Bellevue, Ohio, for late copies of Kansas papers.

The boiler of the Kickapoo ferry boat exploded, a short time since, killing several persons.

Population of Kansas.

We had hoped to learn something of the population of Kansas, by the census lately taken in the Territory, but it is so miserably botched that we can make nothing of it.

A number of counties are reported "no returns," while those from which returns are made, are sadly deficient in accuracy. As far as the returns are made, as taken from acting Governor Stanton's election proclamation, they foot up as follows:

Table with 3 columns: County, Voters, Population. Lists counties like Doniphan, Atchison, Leavenworth, etc.

The returns from the remaining counties are all reported defective, and we should say from the figures that the above are far from being accurate. Above are 12 counties; there are in all 21 counties in Kansas.—St. Joseph Cycle.

A NEW KANSAS PROJECT FORESHADOWED.—The New York Herald of yesterday has a telegraphic despatch from Washington foreshadowing a new mode of settling the Kansas difficulties, which is said to be the plan of Robert J. Walker. It states that Governor Walker's programme is to allow the pro-slavery party to go on and frame their slave State Constitution; to allow the free State party, at the same time, to hold as many conventions and pass as many indignation resolutions as they please, and to throw all the proceedings of both parties into the next Congress, with a splendid manifesto in behalf of his new compromise. And what is that? The simple scheme of giving the lion's share of Kansas, as now organized, to the Free State party for a free State, and of forming the boundaries for a new slave State by adding to a small slice of Southern Kansas, a large slice from the splendid Indian country South of it; the slave State and the free State to come into the Union together. Gov. Walker is now on his way to Kansas, and a short time will suffice to show what truth there is in the foregoing statement.

The Kansas correspondent of the Cincinnati Times writes, under date of June 2d: Gov. Walker gives assurance, in private, that if it shall be proved that gross carelessness and fraud have existed in the recent registration, he will annul it, and order another. Should he do so, none of the Free State men in the Territory would hesitate to vote, as doing so would not be recognizing any action of the Shawnee Legislature as valid. Gov. Walker is said to have remarked in conversation, that "with the present climate and physical character of Kansas, God Almighty couldn't make it a Slave State!"

SHAKERS.—The Oswego (N. Y.) Palladium says that a Mr. Crozier built a fire against the side of a projecting ledge of rocks in his sugar bush. After the fire had been burning a short time, a rattlesnake made his appearance, and soon others followed. Mr. Crozier finally succeeded, without the least resistance, in killing eighteen large rattlesnakes, one of them measuring seven feet three inches in length, with six rattles on his tail.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette, says he has watched the crops for forty years, and thinks that in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Kentucky there will be a larger crop of wheat harvested the coming season than ever before.

Society in Illinois—A Man Killed by Gov. Bebb.

Ex-Governor Bebb, formerly of Ohio, but now a resident of Seward, Winnebago County, Illinois, had been molested at his residence by a mob of men, and had fired upon and shot two of them, killing one man instantly.

It appears that for some time past, a good deal of coldness, and in many instances actual bad feeling had been growing up among some of the Governor's neighbors, as against himself and family, springing, it is said, more or less out of jealousy of his pecuniary circumstances, and a belief that he was somewhat aristocratic in his tastes and associations. The return of his son with his wife, on Thursday night from the East, with her had been to get married, was fixed upon by the rowdy portion of the young men of the neighborhood, as a proper occasion to manifest their ill-feelings. They accordingly prepared themselves with cow bells, guns, tin pans, and other articles ordinarily used upon such occasions, and repaired to the residence of the Governor at a late hour in the night, and commenced making all manner of noises, clamors and outcries, assailing the house with stones, and firing towards it with their guns.

After enduring this assault for some time in silence, Gov. Bebb made his appearance at the front of his house, and remonstrated with the mob, requesting them to desist. This request was received with hootings and howlings, and an increase of clamor. After a little time he came forward and remarked that patience had ceased to be a virtue, and that if they did not desist and leave the premises, he would be compelled to use violence. This threat only seemed to exasperate the assailants, who replied that they had come there to fight, and were only waiting for him to commence, or words to such import. He then went into the house and brought out a double barreled shot gun, firing one barrel at the feet of the ring-leaders of the mob, which took effect upon one of the party, crippling him in the leg. At this some of them dispersed, while the others rallied and made a rush upon the Governor, who raised his gun and discharged the other barrel at the foremost man, hitting him in the head, and killing him instantly, whereupon his assailants suddenly decamped.—Rockford Republican, 21st.

An Exciting Case in Switzerland County, Indiana.

The Evansville Enquirer gives the following account of an exciting case, which lately occurred in Switzerland County, Indiana:

The lamentable state of morals that exists at present in some of our larger cities, seems to be extending over the rural districts. Information has come to us in reference to a crime, case, which is now in the ears of the citizens of Switzerland County, in this State. The particulars, so far as we could glean them, were as follows: A respectable mechanic, whom we shall designate as Mr. Dean, having suspicions that an improper intimacy existed between his better half and Mr. Gurley, an attorney of some note, "set his pegs" to ascertain the facts. Mr. D. informed his wife that in a few days business would require his presence at Cincinnati, and appointed the evening of his departure. The time rolled around, and, bidding his wife an affectionate "good-bye," he proceeded, carpet-bag in hand, on his way to the town of Paris, the nearest point of embarkation. A short time after dark he retraced his steps; and, meeting one of his neighbors, unfolded to him his suspicions, and solicited his aid in detecting and punishing the supposed offender. The two approached the house, which exhibited no light from the windows, although early in the evening. This, together with the fact that a horse was discovered hitched near the house, led Mr. D. to suppose that his suspicions were well founded, and hurried him to accomplish his desperate determination. He placed his friend at the front door as sentinel, and proceeded to the back part of the house, where he noiselessly effected an entrance through a window. Here he lit a lamp, and approached the door of his bed-room, which he suddenly opened, and discovered Mr. G. in the act of dressing himself. With the fury of a tiger he pitched at Mr. G., and plunged his knife into him several times, and would have killed him on the spot, had not the faithless wife seized her husband's arm, and extinguishing the light, bid G. make his escape under cover of darkness, which he did in double-quick time. He succeeded in reaching his home, and at last accounts, was in imminent danger of paying for his folly at the expense of his life.

SENECADE TO EX-PRESIDENT FILLMORE.—About a hundred of our citizens, with Starkweather's fine Band, visited Washington Township last evening, and made ex-President Fillmore, who is on a visit to his brother-in-law, Mr. Harris, a friendly call. After the Band had played in an excellent manner, several spirited airs, Mr. Fillmore appeared amidst enthusiastic cheers, and was greeted by Mr. J. C. Epsy, in behalf of the assembled citizens of Toledo, in a brief and highly appropriate speech. Mr. Fillmore replied in some exceedingly happy remarks, in which he expressed his earnest and warm gratitude for the compliment his Toledo friends had thus, unexpectedly, paid him. He alluded, in a felicitous manner, to the vast commerce of Lake Erie—the importance of that commerce to Buffalo and Toledo, and predicted for the latter city a brilliant future. He retired amid enthusiastic cheers, when Mr. Harris opened the doors of his hospitable mansion and a half hour was spent in the very agreeable society of the Ex-President.

The whole affair, although entirely impromptu, passed off very pleasantly. The word "politics," we perhaps should add, was not spoken.—Toledo Republican.

THE MAN WHO TAUGHT FENIMORE COOPER his alphabet was in Buffalo a few days since. He is a veteran turned ninety years. He prides himself upon his agility and the firm steady steps by which he can walk off two or three miles with little fatigue, and more firmly than many of the young men of the present day. He was a graduate of Union College, and emigrated to Cooperstown, Oswego Co., in its early history, where he followed the vocation of school teacher. He has filled a seat in the New York State Legislature with credit.

The Washington Union says that the Democratic party is very certain not to go asleep. Perhaps it can't go to sleep for the same reason that the woman's hair by couldn't—its face is so dirty that it can't shut its eyes.—Louisville Journal.

The Last "Red Cent."

Sanished by law are becoming the old red cents." Congress has provided a new cent, not red, but the color of a quindron, South, or a negro roter, North. It is about one third the size of the old red cent.

The first of the new coinage appeared at the Mint at Philadelphia on Monday last. There was a great rush to get them—old red cents and old Spanish coin were taken in exchange. The way the old Buntown coppers and Spanish pistareens flew about was a caution. A correspondent thus describes it:

"Those who were served rushed into the street with their money bags, and many of them were immediately surrounded by an outside crowd, who were willing to buy at small lots at an advance on first cost. We saw quite a number of persons on the steps of the mint, dealing out the new favorites at an advance of from thirty to a hundred per cent, and some of the outside purchasers even huckstered out the coin again in smaller lots at a still heavier advance. The great majority of those who came out "made tracks" with their bags of money, and not an omnibus went eastward past the mint for several hours that did not, like the California steamers, carry "specie in the hands of the passengers."

Those who made their way homeward afoot attracted the attention of passers-by for their display of specie bags, and we doubt much whether, in the history of the mint, the waver ever so great a rush inside the building, or so animated a scene outside of it. It was, in effect, at once the funeral of the old coppers and of the ancient Spanish coins and the giving of a practical working existence to the new cents.

In the course of a few weeks the new coin will be plentiful enough at par, the Spanish coins will go out of the hands of the brokers just as they already have disappeared from ordinary circulation, and as regards the old cents there will be "nary red" to be seen, except such will be found in the cabinets of coin collectors.

HORRIBLE CASE IN NORTH CAROLINA.—The Charlotte (North Carolina) Democrat, of the 12th instant, gives the particulars of a horrible affair, which has just been brought to light in the neighboring village of Concord, in Mecklenburg county. It says:

A quack doctor, known by the name of Nugent, applied to a man to assist him in taking up a child that had been buried a few days before. The man made the request known, and intimated that two little girls, daughters of a very respectable gentleman residing in the vicinity, had been removed from their graves by this man Nugent, for the purpose of extracting medicinal properties from their flesh and bones. To ascertain the truth of the rumor, the father had the graves reopened, and found the coffins and bodies missing. Of course this created a deep sensation, and we are informed that it was determined to inflict summary punishment upon Nugent; but on visiting his house he was found very sick and in a dying condition. One report says that he took poison, after learning that his operations were known to the public—and another, that he died from a disease contracted from frequent handling of decomposed bodies. Nugent died on Wednesday last. His frequent made a statement before death, that he had exhumed about sixteen dead bodies in Concord and elsewhere, and after using them (for making medicine) he buried the flesh, coffins and everything, after using them in detection. His ash pile was burned and teeth and bones were to be examined.

His theory appears to have been that medicine could be made by boiling the liver of a human being that would cure liver complaint; and so with regard to other diseases. We learn that Nugent was from Forsyth county, and had been living in Concord about two years. He once lived in this town, we are informed, engaged in selling peppermint and cinnamon drops. Before he died he gave the names of three or four of his accomplices, one of whom, a white man, named Boggs, was arrested in this place last week, and committed to jail.

What the fellow did with the medicine he has been making, no one knows. He has agencies in Salisbury and Goldsboro', where one or more of his accomplices reside.

GRAND INDIAN SOBBERS IN NEBRASKA.—A company of Omaha Indians have been giving concerts in Omaha city. Their performances are thus noticed by the Nebraskan:

"The music was instrumental as well as vocal. Around a large drum, made by stretching the skin of some animal on a tub, a dozen or more of the Indians sat each armed with a stick, and accompanied their vocal jargon by inflicting vigorous blows on its head—a larger party, formed outside, conducted the treacherous department of the entertainment by keeping time to "hoose numbers wildly sweet" in a still, half-bent posture, treading first with one foot and then the other, like a duck waddling over hot coals—each performance concluding with the most ear-piercing and unearthly yell.—All this in a close room, with the addition, (not put down in the bills,) of dance fumes of kinkinick and the peculiar odor of the Indian, intensified by the physical exertions of so many unwashed savages, made up a novel and rare entertainment, which contributed to the evening's enjoyment in a manner better imagined than described."

A RELIC OF BRADDOCK'S TIMES.—A gentleman named Irvin found on the piece of ground known as Braddock's Field, last week, a large knife, which is undoubtedly a relic of Braddock's defeat. The knife bears every appearance of great age, and is fashioned differently from any now made. The finder is an old revolutionary soldier, and resides near the Field. The knife will be exhibited to any one who has curiosity enough to call at the house of the possessor.—Pittsburgh Post.

A COMEDIAN TURNED FARMER.—Hackitt, the comedian, has recently purchased a twelve hundred acre farm in Clinton county, Illinois, and will hereafter be simply "Farmer Hackitt." The farm is said to be one of the handsomest places in the Western States.