2,000 NEW CASES OF PNEUMONIA AND "FLU" IN CHICAGO DAILY

City Health Commissioner Says "Contagion Will Probably Continue Until It Has Hit Every Person Who is Not Immune to It."

Chicago, Jan. 24—Influenza and pneumonia continued to spread in Chicago today at the rate of more than 2,000 new cases every 24 hours, after having established yesterday a high death record for the present epidemic. One hundred and one lives was the toll of the diseases.

Predictions of the city health commissioner today assumed a pessimistic tone. "The contagion probably will continue until it has hit every person who is not immune to it," he said.

Industrial establishments began to report seriously depleteed working forces, some as much as ten per cent.

Dr. Tarl C. Carr, senior grade lieutenant in charge of the Main Laboratory at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, has isolated the influenza germs, he announced today.

"It is the real influenza bacillus discovered by Pfieffer in England," Dr. Carr said. "I took the sputum from a person near death from influenza, washed it in a salt solution, plated on blood media, picked out the influenza bacillus colonies and transferred them to a separate media. There can be no doubt about it. "The bacillus is very small—about one-fourth the size of the tuberculosis bacillus—it is non-motile and grows in clumps. The presence of this bacillus makes people just as sick as they were last year, and in my opinion the death rate per thousand cases is as high. There are not, however, as many cases as there were last year."

BAD SANITATION IS BLAMED FOR TYPHUS EPIDEMIC

Unless Outside Help is Given There Is Little Hope of Checking It.

Warsaw, Jan. 24—Inferior sanitary arrangements on the Russo-Polish frontier are said to be responsible for the alarming epidemic of typhus which is raging in Poland and the Baltic provinces. More than a million cases of the disease have been reported to Red Cross officials.

Refugees from Russia cross the Polish border without being inspected by health authorities it is said, and many of them are said to be suffering from typhus or to be infested with vermin which carry the disease. Regulations are so lax that these people are permitted to mingle with the people on this side of the frontier and typhus has spread with amazing rapidity. The only way of handling the situation is to erect sanitary stations, with delousing plants, at frequent intervals along the border, but Poland and the Baltic states are unable to aid financially, in this undertaking. Unless outside assistance is forthcoming it is said, there is little hope of combatting the epidemic.

MRS. M'GOVERN'S MOTHER IS DEAD AT HER HOME

Great sympathy is expressed for Mrs. James L. McGovern, wife of Collector of Port on the announcement of the death of her mother, Mrs. Bridget O'Hara, which occurred yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. McGovern, 319 East Main street.

Mrs. O'Hara had been ailing since Christmas with a general nervous breakdown and infirmities of old age. She was 72 years of age and had been a resident of Bridgeport for more than fifty years.

She formerly lived on Center street and was a member of St. Augustine's parish but for the past 18 years she has lived with her daughter on East Main street. She is survived by her daughter and a number of grand children. The funeral will be held from her late home Monday morning and from St. Mary's church where a solemn high mass of requiem will be celebrated. Burial will be in the family plot in St. Michael's cemetery

RESCUE LEAGUE ASKS PEOPLE TO FEED BIRDS

The Bridgeport Animal Rescue League wishes to call the attention of the people to the fact that as the earth is completely covered with a sheet of ice it is impossible for the birds to obtain food of any kind and as a result are desperate with hunger. The League asks that when people go abroad tomorrow and each day that the ice lasts, they take with them seeds, bread crumbs or suet and scatter it about on the ground in order that the suffering of the birds may be relieved.

TRANSPORT DOCKS AT HOBOKEN WITH 271 PASSENGERS

Had on Board Last of A. E. F.—Towing Line Parts Again on Powhatan.

New York, Jan. 24 — The army transport Northern Pacific, carrying the last contingent of the American Expeditionary Force in France and the 271 passengers of the disabled transport Powhatan, reached port early today and expected to dock at Hoboken during the forenoon.

The Powhatan's passengers, who were removed from the helpless transport about 20 miles off Halifax after she had wallowed in high seas for six days and nights, included 11 women and two children, in addition to army officers. The Powhatan sailed from New York for Antwerp on Jan. 16 and was disabled last Sunday.

Latest wireless messages received here said the Powhatan was being towed to Halifax today by the Canadian steamer Lady Laurier.

Halifax, Jan. 24—Misfortune again today attended the attempt to bring the disabled United States transport Powhatan to port. Captain Travis, master of the Canadian government steamer Lady Laurier, which yesterday was slowly but steadily towing the Powhatan towards Halifax, advised the marine agent here this morning that one of the tow lines had parted and that progress had stopped.

Although they suffered from the cold while the leaking Powhatan was tossed about on a storm swept sea far off the Nova Scotian coast, the passengers here were rather inclined to treat their discomfort as a lark. Only one of them was ill when the Northern Pacific reached her pier. That was Mrs. John A. Worden, of McKinney, Texas, wife of a lieutenant colonel who is attached to the American delegation in Paris, who is suffering from a light attack of pneumonia.

The transfer of the passengers, who included 11 women and eight children, was made without accident late Thursday. The perilous task began at 7 p. m. and was finished 3 1-2 hours later. Advantage was taken of the first calm sea after the vessel sprang a leak last Sunday.

The civilians on the disabled transport were praised for their calmness and courage by the army officers who were their fellow passengers. The pluck of the women was praised especially. When they went aboard the Northern Pacific they were laughing and singing and showed few signs of the hardships they had undergone.

When it was found that the pumps of the Powhatan could not keep down the water flowing into the ship, the passengers were not kept in ignorance. Captain Randall called them together before dawn Sunday morning and explained that something had gone wrong with the ash ejector which sends ashes and cinders from the engine room into the sea. He assured the men and women gathered about him that there was no danger and they took him at his word. There was no signs of panic then or afterwards.

When the water rose until it flooded the engines, putting out the fires and leaving the ship without heat or light with a tempest raging the passengers took their discomforts philisophically. It was impossible to serve them even with hot food, but the cooks did the best they could and the coffee was at least lukewarm.

Sunday night, when a still heavier storm blew up and there were many cases of seasickness, Captain Randall told them rescue ships were on their way and that there was no danger of the Powhatan going down for days even if help did not arrive and the storm did not abate.

Reports taken to Halifax by the British steamer Bardic that eight lives had been lost in an attempt to transfer the passengers were without foundation. Not a life was lost and no one was injured. Two boat loads of seamen from the Northern Pacific had narrow escapes, however, when they tried to reach the Powhatan in a heavy sea. They failed in their attempt and then headed for the destroyer Leary. Their boats were sent crashing against the side of the warship but all the sailors clambered aboard unhurt.

All the way up the bay from Quarantine the Northern Pacific was greeted as a rescue ship and every craft in the harbor whistled a welcome to her. The rails of the transport were lined with the Powhatan's passengers and they manifested their delight at being near shore. The pier where they landed was crowded with relatives and friends waiting to welcome them.

Among the women taken off the Powhatan were Misses Dorothy M. Dunn and Edith Gardner, army nurses.

MATAJCZUK IS BOUND OVER FOR SHOOTING WOMAN

Alleged to have shot Mrs. Helen Dymyisajka, of 627 Jane street, Chrisimas afternoon, John Matajczuk, of 486 Arctic street, was this morning bound over to the February term of the superior court, under charges of assault with attempt to kill. Bonds were fixed at $2,500. During a hearing which was held in the city court on Dec. 26, Matajczuk claimed that he had an argument with the woman, and that she snatched a revolver from his pocket and attempted to kill him. A struggle for possession of the weapon ensued, and the gun was discharged. The bullet entered the woman's body near her heart. She was but recently discharged from a hospital.

WANT RELIGION KEPT OUT OF LEAGUE

Washington, Jan. 24—Vigorous protest against representation of religious organizations in the League of Nations was presented to President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing today by the Federal Council of Churches.

"The Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America," the protest said, "representing 31 evangelical denominations with more than 20,000,000 communicants and a constituency of not less than 35,000,000, earnestly protests against the official representation of any religious organization in the League of Nations."

ANTI-SEDITION LEGISLATION IS AGREED UPON

Rep. Blaton of Texas Vigorously Attacks Gompers.

Washington, Jan. 24.---Eenactment of anti-sedition legislation was agreed before the House rules committee today by Representatives Blaton, Democrat, Texas, and Davey, Democrat, Ohio. The Texas member vigorously attacked President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, for his opposition to such legislation, and charged that the department of labor was "honeycombed with anarchy."

Asserting that Mr. Gompers had not been patriotic during the war, Mr. Blanton charged that when Provost Marshal General Crowder issued his "work or fight" order, the labor leader openly opposed it, declaring he "would call a revolution." Blanton added that six thousand strikes occurred in this country during the war and that at that time President Wilson had to "compel men to work." "Congress must either pass a sedition law which would squelch anarchy or else bear the mark of having bowed to Gompers," said Mr. Blanton. He added:

"It is simply a question of whether you want to be re-elected."

Attacking the department of labor, Blanton said he hoped the Republicans would be victorious in the coming presidential election "if it is impossible to obtain a Democratic cabinet officer who stands for Americanism."

"The Republicans will win anyway," Chairman Campbell interected.

"Not if you vacillate on this bill," Representative Blanton retorted. "The people won't stand for you bowing to Gompers."

Representative Davey, who introduced Attorney General Palmer's anti-sedition bill last November, told the committee he was a "friend of labor until it joins hands with anarchy."

Davey criticized the American Federation of Labor for participation in the Boston police strike, but said Mr. Gompers was the dominant influence which stood between organized labor and anarchy.

WILL EXTEND ALL AMERICAN CABLE SYSTEMS

Steamer on Way From Plymouth, England to Santos, Brazil.

New York, Jan. 24 — The cable steamer Colonia is on her way from Plymouth, England, to Santos, Brazil, with 2,600 miles of cable which will be used for extension of the All-American cable systems, from Buenos Aires, Argentina, to Santos and Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, John L. Merryll, president of the cable company, announced here today. The cable will be laid in two sections, the first from Santos to Monteviedo, Uruguay, where it will connect with a short line to Buenos Aires, and the other from Santos to Rio de Janeiro.

The cable steamer left Plymouth on Jan. 16. Work on the extension, which will place the United States in direct touch with Brazil over wholly American owned cables, will begin within a few weeks. It is expected that the cable will be completed and ready for operation before the end of the year. Mr. Merryll says the establishment of the American cable service to Brazil will give the newspapers of that country an opportunity to receive direct the news service furnished by American press associations to the papers of other sections of South and Central America.

GERARD ACCEPTS MONROE'S "DEFI" FOR A DEBATE

New York, Jan. 24.---James W. Gerard, former American ambassador to Germany, whose name was filed as a Democratic candidate for president at the South Dakota primaries, has accepted the challenge of George D. Monroe, of Chicago, an independent candidate, for a joint debate on the presidential issues. The challenge was made and accepted in compliance witth the South Dakota laws.

The debate will be held at Sioux Falls, March 2, Mr. Gerard announced.

5,000 GALLONS OF DISTILLED LIQUORS STORED IN STATE

Hartford, Jan. 24—There are 5,000 gallons of distilled liquors stored in this state, regardless of all privately owned stocks, according to the report of Commissioner of Internal Revenue Daniel C. Roper, who is in communication with the House Ways and Means committee at Washington with respect to government relief for holders of warehouse receipts.

Senators Confer On Peace Pact

To Consider Proceedure in View of Protests on Compromise.

TO GIVE LODGE TIME TO CONSULT

Washington, Jan. 24—Republican senators met in informal conference today to consider procedure with the peace treaty in view of the protests against further compromise made yesterday by the eight Republicans headed by Senators Johnson of California, and Borah of Idaho.

In order that the Republican conference might proceed freely, Senator Lodge, the Republican leader, cancelled the meeting planned with the Democratic committee, headed by Senator Hitchcock, to discuss compromise reservations. Mr. Lodge called a number of Republicans, including those of the "mild reservation" group, to his office to consider the situation presented by the threatened defection of the Johnson-Borah group.

After the conference, Senator Lodge announced that his informal committee on compromise would meet with the Democratic committee again on Monday.

MASSACHUSETTS WOMAN WANTS TO TAKE CHILD

Writes Mayor Asking About Baby of "Broken Blossoms."

The "Broken Blossom" baby story has created so much sympathy throughou tthe country that the city officials are receiving letters from residents of distant places inquiring if by any possibility they can get possession of it.

In this morning's mail Mayor Wilson received a letter from a woman living in Massachusetts who states that she owns her own home and hens and said that she wanted a baby in her home and was willing to take a chance.

The letter is addressed to the mayor and reads as follows:

"Reading the Boston American I noticed the enclosed article about the dear little baby. As you see it does not give the name of the hospital the child is in and I thought by writing to you probably you could tell me the name of the institution it is in.

I would love to have it. We own our own home in Atlantic. I have hens, and fruit trees and all the children we have is a girl 14 years old, and all of us want a baby in our home so much, so seeing this in the papers I thought that it might be a chance to get one. I would be willing to take the chance.

Will you pass this letter to some one that can find out for us or let me know yourself.

Thanking you in advance, I am
Anxiously waiting,
Mrs. Wm. P. Landeck,
157 Newberry St., Atlantic, ass.

The letter was forwarded to Angus Thorne, Superintendent of Charities.

PAPERS ARE FILED IN $10,000 SUIT AGAINST RIKER'S

Collins and Gannon Allege Company Imitated Product.

Papers in the $10,000 suit against the Louis K. Liggett Co. which caused the closing of the Riker drug store in this city for 24 hours recently, were filed today in the Superior court by counsel for R. J. Gannon and W. H. Collins, who claim damages against the Liggett Co. The suit is returnable to the February term of court.

It is alleged by Collins and Gannon that they manufactured a medicinal tablet called "Nupirin" from the sale of which they derive large profits. They claim the Liggett Co. fraudulently prepared an imitation of this tablet and sold it under prescriptions written by physicians and calling for "Nupirin." This practice was a source of great injury to the plaintiffs, they say. It is also alleged that the Liggett Co. charged such a high price for the preparation that purchasers were discouraged from buying "Nupirin" after that.

EX-MINISTER OF JUSTICE DIES.

Paris, Jan. 24 — Senator Ernest Valle, who held the post of minister of justice from 1902 to 1905, died this morning. He was born in 1845.

STORM WARNING

New York, Jan. 24—The weather bureau issued the following storm warning today:

Point Judith to Newburyport, Mass Moderate disturbance over southwest Virginia, moving east with strong high pressure to northward.

ARMED MEN GET PAYROLL.

Red Bank, N. J., Jan 24 — Three armed men held up four employes of the Sigmund Eisner Company while they were driving into the factory grounds today and robbed them of $20,000, the company's payroll.

EX-EMPEROR NOT SURPRISED AT REFUSAL

Amerongen, Jan. 23—Former Emperor William of Germany was not surprised by the formal refusal of the Dutch government to comply with the allied demand for his surrender, it was declared today at Bentinck Castle, where the ex-ruler makes his home. News of the decision was first communicated to the castle by The Associated Press correspondent here.

A refusal of extradition had been expected from the first, the correspondent was told, but the castle's residents had never been officially informed that such a decision had been or would be reached.

TWO INJURED WHEN POWDER IS EXPLODED

Pulaski Known As "Zimmer" Suffers Wound in Side.

George Pulaski, of Berkshire avenue, and Miss Pauline Bednar, of 728 Arctic street, were painfully injured this morning when a pound of powder on a paper shot shell machine at which they were working, in the plant of the U. M. C. Co., exploded. Fragments of the machine which were ripped off by the explosion entered Pulaski's side, and Miss Bednar also received a quantity of shot in the side The man and woman were removed to their homes after they had been treated at the company's hospital.

Pulaski left his machine to ask a question of a man working at a nearby bench, and as he turned around to return to his work, the pound of loose powder exploded. The front of the machine was blown to pieces by the force of the discharge. Had Pulaski been standing in front of the machine it is likely that he would have been instantly killed.

Pulaski is well known in Bridgeport under the name of "George Zimmer.' He is a football player of considerable ability, and a member of the Thundever club team. It is expected that he will be confined to his home for several days at least.

CORONER FINDS KENNEDY DEATH WAS ACCIDENTAL

Deceased Thought Elevator Shaft Was a Room.

That Thomas Kennedy of Greenwich fell down an elevator shaft to his death because he thought the shaft was a room, was the finding of Coroner Phelan made today. He finds that Kennedy's death was due to accidental causes. The deceased was a stone mason 52 years old.

On January 8 he went to the garage of the Greenwich Cab Co., where his employer, John L. Duge, was assigning men to work. It was decided that Kennedy was to work at Bruce Memorial park but as the weather looked threatening Kennedy did not care to go. It is thought that he opened the door leading to the elevator shaft thinking he was stepping into a room and would thereby escape Duge's observation. Later Kennedy's body was found at the bottom of the shaft. The man fell about ten feet.

WILL PAY IF SHE CAN FIND REAL CLAIMANT

Two Men Assert They Are Entitled To Commission.

Stating that she is willing to pay a commission of $560 to the person entitled to the money, Josephine Jackman of this city today filed a suit in the Common Pleas court asking that Samuel Dworkin and Aaron Dworkin be summoned to court to present their claims for the money. Each claims a commission for the sale of property by the plaintiff to Hyman Dworkin for $28,000.

The complaint states that as both defendants claim the commission Mrs. Jackman does not know to whom it should be paid. She asks that the defendants be restrained from suing her for the commission until their claims have been passed upon by the court. The action is returnable to the February term.

MEN SUPPOSEDLY IMPLICATED IN MURDERS HELD

Mexico City, Jan. 24—Several men suspected of being implicated in the murder of Earl Boles and F. J. Roney, American oil men, are under arrest at Tampico, according to reports from Colonel Francisco Orozco, in charge of military police there. None of the prisoners has confessed, but one of them is said by the police to have been wearing a sweater belonging to one of the Americans. This garment was bloodstained, and the man, whose name is Castro, is alleged to have tried to get rid of it when apprehended.

New York, Jan. 24—Nathan Corning Kingsbury, first vice president of the American Telephone & Telegraph Co., died suddenly at his home

PREMIERS TO CONFER AS TO NEXT MOVE IN EXTRADITION PROGRAM

CORONER WILL NOT HOLD STRANK FOR SHOOTING

Finds Manager of Bond Company Was Defending Life.

Joseph P. Strank was justified in killing the unidentified robber because he was acting in the defence of his life and property, Coroner Phelan decided today in a finding in the case of the young manager of the United Bond Co. office who fired at a highwayman January 14. The coroner declares Strank should not be held criminally liable for the death of the robber.

Strang, who is 22 years oldd, was seated at a desk in his office on the night of the fatality. He said two men entered and cried, "Hands up." Strank seized a pistol from a drawer and fired, fatally wounding one of the men.

Both men were advancing toward Strank at the time of the shooting and one of them pushed the desk over as Strank fired. The robber who was not shot fied and has not been captured.

At the time of the crime there was $1,000 in cash and $1,750 in bonds in the office and the coroner finds that the two men planned to rob the office. He also declares Strank was custodian and part owner of the valuables.

TWO MEN ARE BADLY HURT IN SHOOTING AFFRAY

One, Assailant Fractured Skull Plunging Through Window.

Hoboken, N. J., Jan. 24—One man was shot four times and another sustained a fractured skull in plunging through a window during a shooting fray in a hallway of a water front house near the army debarkation piers here early today. Emil Lange, 42 years old, a restaurant proprietor, who was wounded, and William Siegel, 36 years old, are in a hospital in Jersey City. The condition of both is serious.

According to the police a crowd of gangsters had planned to hold up members of a club on an upper floor of the building but were discovered in the hallway and the shooting began. The restaurant proprietor rushed into the hallway and was shot four times.

Thomas Brennan, of this city, was arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the shooting. George McCarthy, John Portizio, both of Jersey City, and Eugene Lange, a nephew of the wounded man, were detained as witnesses.

GIRL HAS NOT SPOKEN SINCE SHE WAS FOUND

Local authorities are now puzzled over the identity of an unknown girl who was found in a hysterical condition in Beardsley park about 6:30 o'clock last night, and who, since her admittance to the Bridgeport hospital has refused to utter a single word. The young woman is conscious and there seems to be no marks on her body which would indicate that she met with violence. Physicians have failed to diagnose her case as yet, and persons who have addressed her in several different languages failed to make her speak.

According to the story told to the police, the young woman was discovered lying in the snow in Beardsley park by Geo. Watmouch and Michael Kubasek, both of Sylvan avenue. The men claim that a Ford machine drove off just before they reached the spot where the girl was found, but they were unable to secure the number of the car.

Dr. Gouerke of the Emergency hospital was summoned and he ordered the girl's removal to the Bridgeport hospital. The young woman was in a hysterical condition when discovered by Watmouch and Kubasek, but she recovered control of her senses a short time after she had been admitted to the hospital.

Since entering the hospital the girl has not uttered a single word. Questions have been put to her in several different languages, but she refused or was unable to answer. An attempt to talk to the woman by the sign language of mutes was unsuccessful.

The girl is described as being of either Italian or Spanish descent. She is about 19 years old, five feet, six inches in height and weighs about 126 pounds. Her hair and eyes are dark.

GERMAN ENVOY REACHES PARIS

Paris, Jan. 24—Dr. Wilhelm Mayer, the German charge de affairs, whose appointment was announced some days ago, arrived here this morning. He was met at the station by Kurt von Lersner, head of the German peace delegation, and went directly to the German embassy in Rue Lille.

Question May Be Settled Eventually Through Diplomatic Channels—Next Demand May Be Addressed to Berlin.

Paris, Jan. 24—Conferences between premiers of Great Britain, France and Italy will be held before the next move in the proceedings to extradite former Emperor William from Holland is decided upon, according to information given The Associated Press by the French Foreign Office. Whether the next demand for the surrender of the erstwhile kaiser will be directed to The Hague or Berlin will be the main subject to be determined by the three governments.

The next meeting of the premiers of the three countries will be held in London, but as no date for this meeting has been fixed and the matter cannot be left pending a long time, the foreign office expressed the opinion that the question might eventually be settled through diplomatic channels between Rome, Paris and London.

It is understood that at least one premier is not averse to asking Berlin to call for the return of Count Hohenzollern to Germany and then demanding that Germany deliver him over to the Allies in accordance with the provisions of Article 228 of the Treaty of Versailles.

Sentiment in official circles here is against such procedure, as there is no desire that the former emperor return to Germany. It is doubtful whether Germany would give acquiescence and make representations to Holland, and it is also problematic whether she would deliver up the erstwhile sovereign in the event she should obtain possession of him. It is also feared the presence of Count Hohenzollern in Germany would solidify the monarchist party, which is reported to be gaining strength daily.

Holland, in refusing to accede to the demand of the allies for the extradition of former Emperor William of Germany, recognizes no duties but those imposed by her laws and the tradition that her soil is sanctuary for the vanquished in international conflicts. This in effect, is the reply of the Netherlands government to the powers which would place the erstwhile Kaiser on trial for "a supreme offense against immorality and the sanctity of the treaties."

Having had no part in the framing of the treaty of Versailles, Holland holds she is not bound by the provisions of that pact, and does not consider herself obligated by them. For this reason she refutes the implication that international duties which may arise out of the treaty are applicable to her. The reply states that if in future the society of nations should establish an international tribunal competent to try, in case of war, deeds which were placed in the category of crimes by statute antedating the acts committed, Holland will participate in its deliberations. As the crime charged against Count Hohenzollern is not based on any such statute, little encouragement was given the powers by this phase of the Dutch reply.

While the Dutch government is positive in its refusal to acquiesce to the desires of the Allied powers, the language employed in the note sent to The Hague on January 15 seemed to reflect determination on the part of the Allies to secure custody of Count Hohenzollern. Holland was told it was "the powers' duty to bring the former emperor to trial, "not allowing themselves to be stopped by arguments," and the note concluded by an assertion that it "is to the best interests of the Dutch people not to appear to protect the principal author of this catastrophe." The intimations the powers sought to convey by these clauses of their note have not been divulged.

THREE DIVORCE SUITS FILED IN SUPERIOR COURT

Desertion is the ground in two of three divorce actions filed today in the Superior court. Robert B. Jennings wants a decree from Frances E. Jennings of this city. He alleges that the defendant left him January 15, 1917. The couple were married Dec. 25, 1915. The wife's maiden name was Frances Coons.

Maude F. Dupey of this city seeks freedom from George P. Dupey of Winsted. The marriage took place February 20, 1909, and desertion in January, 1916 is alleged. The wife's maiden name was Maude Mallery.

Ethel K. Kouvar of this city sues Philip S. Kouvar of this city. She alleges infidelity but does not name a co-respondent. The couple were married October 22, 1916, the wife's maiden name having been Ethel Cornell.

New York, Jan. 24—The White Star liner Baltic and the Cunarder Carmania arrived here today from Liverpool, bringing a total of 1,910 passengers. Among the Carmania's passengers were W. D. Yeats, Irish poet and playwright, and Vice Admiral Napier of the British Navy.

CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY DEAD.

Yonkers, N. Y., Jan. 24 — Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, well known author and Episcopal clergyman, died of pneumonia at his home here today.