



FOR PRESIDENT:
GEN. ZACHARY TAYLOR,
Of Louisiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
MILLARD FILLMORE,
Of New York.

WHIG ELECTORAL TICKET.
FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:
JOSEPH G. MARSHALL, of Jefferson.
LODLOVE S. ORTH, of Tepecahnoe.

- DISTRICT ELECTORS:
- 1st Dist.—JAMES E. BLYTHE, of Vanderburg.
 - 2d " JOHN S. DAVIS, of Floyd.
 - 3d " MILTON GREGG, of Dearborn.
 - 4th " DAVID P. HOLLOWAY, of WAYNE.
 - 5th " THOMAS D. WALPOLE, of Hancock.
 - 6th " LOVELL H. ROUSSEAU, of Greene.
 - 7th " EDWARD W. MCGUAGHEY, of Park.
 - 8th " JAMES F. SWEET, of Clinton.
 - 9th " DANIEL D. PRATT, of Cass.
 - 10th " DAVID KILGORE, of Delaware.

CITY OF EVANSVILLE:
TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 3.

A CHANGE.—Our readers will perceive that we have reduced the size of the Daily Journal to that of the other daily papers in this place. It was not our intention when we commenced the publication of our daily paper, to continue it at so large a size, but at that time we had made contracts to advertise several columns of patent medicines and we had either to enlarge the paper beyond the size we intended to furnish it permanently so as to accommodate our patrons, or to suffer loss by throwing such advertisements out. We preferred to keep our contracts and benefit our patrons, notwithstanding it occasioned us considerable inconvenience as well as much extra expense. The time for which we were to publish the most of these advertisements in our daily paper has expired, and we are now able to reduce the size of the paper to that we originally intended, which we think will be ample for the business of this place for a year or two. We do not intend to curtail the amount of reading matter in the least, so as we shall have room for all the favors our advertising friends may hand us, and at the same time room for as much reading matter as formerly, we presume no one will be likely to complain.

THE PROSPECT IN INDIANA.—The editor of the Brookville American who has lately been through the counties of Franklin, Decatur, Rush, Bartholomew and Jennings, says: "We are cheered with the prospect for Gen. Taylor. If other parts of the State do their duty as well, and we have no doubt of it, Indiana is safe for the candidate of the people. The Whigs are awake to the importance of the contest. If activity and energy be applied until the election, we have but little doubt of the State and none of the nation."

From other parts of the State we hear the same cheering accounts. In this part of the country we assure our friends the People's candidate will come out ahead, and every day from now until the election will add to his strength.

There was a mistake of ten thousand in the vote of Maine, as published in the papers of this city on Saturday last. The Whig candidate received 29,933 votes, instead of 39,933, as then stated. A material difference.—Democrat.

We take pleasure in correcting the Democrat. The mistake is just no mistake at all. Hamilton, the Whig candidate for Governor in Maine, received 29,933 votes and not 29,933, as the Democrat would fain have its readers believe. The telegraph so announced it, and the Louisville Journal and Louisville Democrat so give it. The Louisville Courier made a mistake in a figure, which was enough for our neighbor to hang a hope upon. The truth is this routing of the locofoco party in Maine is playing the very duce with the hopes of the sanguine, office-expectant locos out here. They now see no earthly hope for Cass, and they are, consequently, in great tribulation. Well, we told them all along how it would be, and now they begin to see for themselves. But if they are compelled to cry out now, at the little skirmishing which is taken place along the lines, what will they say when the great battle begins and Old Zack himself rides out on the field!

BATTLE OF THE AUX CENARDS.—The following is a full and complete history of this celebrated battle and the unparalleled exploits of the indomitable hero of the broken sword, as given by the Illinois Journal:
"Nobody killed—nobody hurt—the British fled—and Cass retreated to Detroit to be out of John's way!"

The State elections in Ohio and Pennsylvania take place this day week. Ohio will elect twenty-one members of Congress, and a State Legislature which will choose a U. S. Senator for six years in place of Mr. Allen.—Pennsylvania will elect twenty-four members of Congress, and her Legislature will also elect a U. S. Senator for six years, in place of Mr. Cameron. We have not the least doubt that the Whigs will carry Ohio by large majorities, in fact many of the locofoco papers give it up. In Pennsylvania the prospects of the Whigs are highly flattering and every day growing brighter. We warn our locofoco friends to look out for thunder after Tuesday next.

The Harrisburg Union advertises for "500 Pedlers" to peddle political nostrums. We trust the party advertising will pay its own salaries, as the people are tired of having their office-holders engaged on this work.

"BACK AGAIN."—Our late minister to Russia, Hon. R. J. Ingersoll, of Connecticut, returned in the Hibernia, having been absent long enough to be entitled to two years salary, outfit and outfit. We do not hear that he has effected any great good during his absence—in fact he has accomplished nothing; and now the Hon. Arthur P. Bagby is on his way to St. Petersburg to assume the same responsible position.

Somebody has threatened to scalp the editor of the Cincinnati Commercial for publishing an account of a romantic elopement of a gentleman of the Army with a young heiress. The gentleman first made love to the young lady's mother, who was a widow, but afterwards seeing the daughter, transferred his affections, was accepted, ran away with her and was married. The Commercial man sticks to it that he told the story without coloring and thinks there was nothing very wonderful in it. He says scalping is a barbarous practice—has no desire to witness an operation of the kind, and is resolved he won't hold still should any one attempt anything of the kind on him.

A Boston Correspondent of the Newark Advertiser says: "Travelling is essential to a finished education. The eye is the great inlet of knowledge." If this assertion be an axiom, Gen. Cass and the leaders of the locofoco party will become very finished savants after the November election. Of one thing at least we are certain, their trip up Salt River will be of very "essential" benefit to the country if not to them.

The Philadelphia Ledger says that the Central Railroad—which is to connect that city with Pittsburg—continues to be actively prosecuted, and that the individual instalments on the stock are paid up with promptness.

RAPID TRAVELLING.—The journey between Cumberland, Md., and Boston, a distance exceeding 600 miles; is habitually made in 48 hours, or less, in each direction without the loss of ample rest for the preservation of health.

The New York Evening Post (Barnburner) announces that Mr. Collector Lawrence, of that port, has turned out John Scott, one of the employees in the custom-house. Mr. Scott is a leading Hunker or Cass man.

Every voter should be reminded that the Presidential election takes place this year on Tuesday the 7th day of November next.—Reader, speak to your neighbors on this subject.

Mr. Winthrop, speaker of the United States House of Representatives, made an eloquent speech at the Massachusetts Whig State Convention. The following is the closing sentence: "As to myself, there is no mistake in regard to the views which I entertain. I am a Whig, and not merely a Boston or a Massachusetts whig, but an American whig; not merely a Northern whig, but a National whig, not merely a Free States whig, but a United States whig; I am for standing by the old platform—the party—I desire to see beneath my feet, no other Soil than the common soil of our glorious Republic. I desire to take my direction from no other sky than that which shall include on its azure field, the whole thirty stars of our glorious Union."

We understand that Gen. Taylor's family were on the steamer Concordia, at the time of her explosion, recently. Fortunately, none of them were in the least injured.

A young gentleman in Maine, writing to his father in Cambridge, says: "We have elected our new member of Congress, a friend of Taylor. Good! We have increased the majority against the Cass candidate several thousand votes. BETTER! We shall give the electoral vote of Maine to Gen. Taylor. BEST!"

The New York Evening Post makes merry over the "heroism" of some of the candidates of the rival wing of the party. There is bitterness enough in Locofocoism when its elements become disappointed.

"HEROES."—The Hunkers have a most heroic set of managers and candidates. They have now before the country—
Cass—the Hero of the Broken Sword.
Cushing—the Hero of the Broken Leg.
Crawell—the Hero of the Broken Bank.
Walworth—the broken down Court of Chancery.

The following communication was handed us for publication by a merchant of our city. We make it a rule to admit all articles of concern to the public, and especially do we feel bound to do so where they are—as in this case—accompanied by a responsible name.—The author of the following article, although a Whig, we feel very certain would not suffer his prejudices to blind his reason and condemn the Postmaster unless he believed he had been injured by a wrong decision of that officer and his interest made to suffer thereby. We know how vexatious it is to be without a mail for a week, and how anxious every one is to receive his mail matter when one does arrive, and it is hard, indeed, "hard if it is fair"—to be compelled to wait until 8 o'clock in the morning for a mail that arrived at 7 o'clock the evening before. We cheerfully bear testimony to the accommodating spirit of our former Postmaster, Mr. Chute, spoken of by our correspondent.—Under his administration the office was kept open for two or three hours on Sunday and to a late hour on the night the mail arrived; long enough to enable our business men to receive their letters and to answer them by return of mail. We also desire to say we have received such accommodation as we thought we had a right to lay claim to from our present Postmaster, others, however, of both political parties, we have heard complain bitterly of the decisions of the present incumbent, which they pronounced wrong and ruinous to their interest. We think the Postoffice should be for the accommodation of the Public and not for that of the Postmaster. Unless it is so conducted, the public, and our business men especially, must suffer.

ARRIVAL OF THE N. Y. STEAMER AMERICA.
Seven Days Later From Europe!

REBELLION BEGUN IN IRELAND!!!
Difficulties anticipated in France.—Disorders in Spain and Italy.—Decline in Cotton.—Reduction in the prices of Grain and Provisions, &c.

New York, Sept. 29, 8 P. M.
The steamer America arrived to-day. She sailed from Liverpool on the 16th.

Fair qualities of cotton were unchanged.—Upland fair, 4½¢, Orleans 4½¢. The lower qualities were considered ½¢ lower and very dull. The sales of the week were 25,000 bales.

Wheat has declined from 1 to 2¢ per bushel. Flour is quoted at 33 to 34¢. Corn for Ireland has declined 1 to 2¢ per quarter, and is quoted at 35¢ 6d a 36¢ per 480 lbs. Meal is 6¢ per bushel lower. Holders of Rice are anxious to sell. The recent arrivals from Carolina brought 23 a 24¢.

Provisions are languid. Bacon has declined 1¢. Shoulders are unchanged, the market being bare. Beef is unchanged. The late advance in pork has checked the demand, and prices are below those current at our last advices. New prime mess 40 a 60¢; old 46 a 45¢. Leaf lard in barrels 41¢, in kegs 44 a 45¢.

Paris.—The advices from Paris are that the Socialists were gaining great strength, and Thier's speech recommending to the Government to prohibit all clubs created much dissatisfaction. It was thought that the red Republicans would carry the elections in Paris. Cavaignac was not on good terms with Lamoriciere, because the former had lately leaned too much toward the Democratic party. Cavaignac was so much alarmed at the prospect of the Bonapartists that he determined to propose a decree illegalizing the election of Napoleon on the ground that he is a pretender. If Louis Napoleon is excluded Pierre Napoleon who is already a member, will start for the Presidency.

The Sardinian fleet had sailed from Trieste to blockade Venice. In consequence of the rejection of the armistice by Schleswig, Holstein, and the acceptance of the mediation by Austria, it was reported at Paris that the Government was dissolved, and it was presumed that the plan of forming an army of observation on the Rhine had been adopted. The troops on the Italian frontier will be removed for that purpose, except 20,000 which will be left to guard the Italian frontier.

Cangarnier will be the general of the Rhine. Some officers, while working in Cavaignac's garden were fired at. One of them was doubtless taken for the General.

Spain.—Gen. Parvia has resigned the Government of Catalonia in consequence of ill health. Cordova will probably succeed him. Nine thousand Carlists are against the Government.

Hostilities have doubtless recommenced in Schleswig and Holstein, although the German troops had commenced evacuating the Duchies and raised the blockade.

Ireland.—Extract from a letter dated Clonmel, Sept. 13: Real rebellion has come at last. The rebels have posted themselves in almost inaccessible positions at New Iron near Carrick on Kilmac Thomas mountain. Doherty is in command at Waterford. The troops yesterday captured nine scouts. Last night a general rising of the peasantry took place. A large body marched and attacked the police station at Clonmel. On the 14th September thirty-six Buffs came in with the 25th regiment they were handcuffed for shouting "repeal!" The insurgents have encamped seven miles from Clonmel, where they roast bullocks and sheep upon iron grates, pressing all to join them. At Glenbowra a party of police were attacked. A fight ensued. A large number of the assailants were killed, and several of the police were wounded. The police fled everywhere from out of their stations. It is expected to-night that several awful scenes will occur. The insurgents were club uniforms, and have captured several pieces of cannon. The bridges near Waterford have been blown up to prevent the troops from approaching.

The Cork Examiner says that the leaders in some of the Patriot camps are men of military experience and are constantly drilling the peasants, their arms being pikes, with some rifles. O'Gorman is among them.

Lord Russell has been summoned as a witness in the case of Smith O'Brien, and he will be compelled to attend.

Italy.—Leghorn has been the scene of much disorder. The populace rose in consequence of an attempt to suppress a political club. A conflict ensued, and one hundred and twelve soldiers were killed upon the spot.

The Bank of England has resumed the discount business. Consols are quoted at 86 1-8 for account.

Mr. STEVENSON, the celebrated English engineer, died recently.

Democrats to propose some one of their number who will attend to the duties of the office with an eye to the serving of the public, and I doubt not they will be ably seconded by the whigs in placing him in the chair of the present incumbent, a consummation devoutly to be wished. A CITIZEN.

ARRIVAL OF THE N. Y. STEAMER AMERICA.
Seven Days Later From Europe!

REBELLION BEGUN IN IRELAND!!!
Difficulties anticipated in France.—Disorders in Spain and Italy.—Decline in Cotton.—Reduction in the prices of Grain and Provisions, &c.

New York, Sept. 29, 8 P. M.
The steamer America arrived to-day. She sailed from Liverpool on the 16th.

Fair qualities of cotton were unchanged.—Upland fair, 4½¢, Orleans 4½¢. The lower qualities were considered ½¢ lower and very dull. The sales of the week were 25,000 bales.

Wheat has declined from 1 to 2¢ per bushel. Flour is quoted at 33 to 34¢. Corn for Ireland has declined 1 to 2¢ per quarter, and is quoted at 35¢ 6d a 36¢ per 480 lbs. Meal is 6¢ per bushel lower. Holders of Rice are anxious to sell. The recent arrivals from Carolina brought 23 a 24¢.

Provisions are languid. Bacon has declined 1¢. Shoulders are unchanged, the market being bare. Beef is unchanged. The late advance in pork has checked the demand, and prices are below those current at our last advices. New prime mess 40 a 60¢; old 46 a 45¢. Leaf lard in barrels 41¢, in kegs 44 a 45¢.

Paris.—The advices from Paris are that the Socialists were gaining great strength, and Thier's speech recommending to the Government to prohibit all clubs created much dissatisfaction. It was thought that the red Republicans would carry the elections in Paris. Cavaignac was not on good terms with Lamoriciere, because the former had lately leaned too much toward the Democratic party. Cavaignac was so much alarmed at the prospect of the Bonapartists that he determined to propose a decree illegalizing the election of Napoleon on the ground that he is a pretender. If Louis Napoleon is excluded Pierre Napoleon who is already a member, will start for the Presidency.

The Sardinian fleet had sailed from Trieste to blockade Venice. In consequence of the rejection of the armistice by Schleswig, Holstein, and the acceptance of the mediation by Austria, it was reported at Paris that the Government was dissolved, and it was presumed that the plan of forming an army of observation on the Rhine had been adopted. The troops on the Italian frontier will be removed for that purpose, except 20,000 which will be left to guard the Italian frontier.

Cangarnier will be the general of the Rhine. Some officers, while working in Cavaignac's garden were fired at. One of them was doubtless taken for the General.

Spain.—Gen. Parvia has resigned the Government of Catalonia in consequence of ill health. Cordova will probably succeed him. Nine thousand Carlists are against the Government.

Hostilities have doubtless recommenced in Schleswig and Holstein, although the German troops had commenced evacuating the Duchies and raised the blockade.

Ireland.—Extract from a letter dated Clonmel, Sept. 13: Real rebellion has come at last. The rebels have posted themselves in almost inaccessible positions at New Iron near Carrick on Kilmac Thomas mountain. Doherty is in command at Waterford. The troops yesterday captured nine scouts. Last night a general rising of the peasantry took place. A large body marched and attacked the police station at Clonmel. On the 14th September thirty-six Buffs came in with the 25th regiment they were handcuffed for shouting "repeal!" The insurgents have encamped seven miles from Clonmel, where they roast bullocks and sheep upon iron grates, pressing all to join them. At Glenbowra a party of police were attacked. A fight ensued. A large number of the assailants were killed, and several of the police were wounded. The police fled everywhere from out of their stations. It is expected to-night that several awful scenes will occur. The insurgents were club uniforms, and have captured several pieces of cannon. The bridges near Waterford have been blown up to prevent the troops from approaching.

The Cork Examiner says that the leaders in some of the Patriot camps are men of military experience and are constantly drilling the peasants, their arms being pikes, with some rifles. O'Gorman is among them.

Lord Russell has been summoned as a witness in the case of Smith O'Brien, and he will be compelled to attend.

Italy.—Leghorn has been the scene of much disorder. The populace rose in consequence of an attempt to suppress a political club. A conflict ensued, and one hundred and twelve soldiers were killed upon the spot.

The Bank of England has resumed the discount business. Consols are quoted at 86 1-8 for account.

Mr. STEVENSON, the celebrated English engineer, died recently.

- LIST OF LETTERS.**
REMAINING in the Post Office at Evansville, Ind., on the 1st day of October, 1848.
- Ashley Wm Col
 - Adams Elizabeth Miss
 - Asmus Charles
 - Beatty Hugh
 - Burkum E G
 - rewer L
 - Born Jacob
 - Michels Knott
 - Bush Mr Boot & Shoemaker
 - Bernard Grace Mrs
 - Blevins Envelope Miss
 - Blevins P Miss
 - Boppet Peter
 - Bowman Thomas R
 - Brown Thomas
 - Breed Rufus
 - Barker John W
 - Bates Elizabeth Mrs
 - Beyerly John care of
 - J Hall
 - Bausel John
 - Basket Thomas
 - Barriss Julian Miss
 - Beach Joseph O
 - Bonn Jacob
 - Beard Adolphe
 - Blevins R Miss
 - Billman Adam
 - Barrh Casper
 - Buller Adam
 - Beeler C L
 - Brewer Louis care of
 - T. M. Johnson
 - Carter Mikel
 - Conner James
 - Clain George W
 - Corkman John
 - Chism Elizabeth H
 - Casidy Patrick
 - Collins John S
 - Conaway Jacob
 - Chapp. Linah B
 - Cameron Charles
 - Cambon Charley
 - Calloway H F
 - Cabell N B
 - Clark H
 - Cravley Vinson
 - Crawley Mrs
 - Cumings William
 - Cearing Johnmas
 - Davis John D
 - De Bruler Eveline
 - Doolley Milow A
 - Duncan John
 - Dike Nathan
 - Dury Lorenz
 - Duty Daniel H
 - Dunker Samuel
 - Dobbins T D
 - Dougan Peter
 - De Vos T
 - Eichle Mathias & Jacob
 - Evens John
 - Ewing Jedediah
 - Easton B G & Co
 - Elles August
 - Eskridge Wm
 - Ehertown Wm Mrs
 - Elderkin R E
 - Evans Paul
 - French John N
 - Fulier P S
 - Ferrell Hugh
 - Fidlian A
 - Fidley Radley
 - Fingernaul Christopher
 - Farqu Hiram
 - Glazier Spencer
 - Grant Mary Ann
 - Grayham Chrs T
 - Gregory James
 - Gray Robert
 - Griffith Edward Dr
 - Griffith Henrietta M Mrs
 - Guise Jacob
 - Grenn Mason F
 - Gi man D L
 - Germain Reuben S
 - Gibbons A K Mrs
 - Glen John G Capt
 - Gilbert John
 - Josea Daniel
 - Harrison Wm M
 - Harrison James B
 - Harrison J B Col
 - Harrison Eliza Ann
 - Hough T
 - Hord Reuben
 - Hunt B Y
 - Harford Samuel
 - Harris Catherine
 - Hord A T care of
 - Mrs E J Hord
 - Humphreys Wm Doc
 - Hunt Samson
 - Humphrey Nonh
 - Hunt Thompson B
 - Higginbotham Frances
 - Harden C A Miss
 - Harrison J B
 - Haitten Matthew & Mollis Harriett
 - Hart Robert
 - Hart Caroline
 - Hart Eunice
 - Hoderly Victor M
 - Huey Joseph
 - Hord Benjamin
 - Hord Benjamin T
 - James Robert
 - Jglehart W T care of
 - John Erskine
 - Isrlz L
 - Jarvis W B
 - James Alton W
 - Jacobs George
 - Ingraham John W
 - Irvine Henry
 - Jewell Juncan
 - Kelley John
 - Keller & Roberts
 - Kirk & Randolph
 - Lord Ralph H
 - Lemmon Mr
 - Lindsay Alex J
 - Leonard Amos
 - Lereaux V
 - Lewis Henry James
 - La Fon J M Dr
 - La Fon John Doct
 - Persons enquiring for any of the above letters will please say they are "advertised."
- Evansville, Oct. 3, 1848. B. F. DUPUY

LOTS TO LEASE.
I HAVE leases on four lots on Main street and on several on First street, having nine and ten years to run, which I will lease or sell on favorable terms if application be made soon.
W. M. WALKER

LAND FOR SALE.
I AM authorized to sell at private sale 98 acres of land, the east half of the south east quarter of section 21, in town 6, south range 11 west. Said land is well located and the title indisputable. For terms apply to
Jy 31
R. W. DUNBAR.

FOR SALE.
TWO Family Carriages of superior finish and Workmanship. They will be sold low for cash, or traded for good Horses or Mules. Apply to Messrs. Harrington Crane & O'Riley, or to the owner at the Sherwood House, Evansville. Sep. 19.

LAND AND TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.
I WILL sell at private sale a tract of Land adjoining Evansville, containing about twenty seven acres; also, ten or fifteen Lots in the upper enlargement of Evansville, all of which I will sell on reasonable terms in quantities to suit purchasers. These wishing to purchase Land or Lots, will find it their best plan to apply immediately to
E. A. CORBET, Agent.

ROOMS TO RENT.
THREE rooms suitable for a dwelling for a small Family or for offices, situated over the subscribers store, corner Main and Second streets. Apply to [aug 30] WILLIAM HUGHES.