The Daily Journal.

MONDAY MORNING.....SEPTEMBER 16

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" " " " club of five (to one address) 5 00
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Organization of the Militia.

Major Gen. John Love, of Indianapolis, appointed to organize and command the First Division of the Indiana Legion, to be formed in the counties bordering on the Ohio river, came down on Friday for the purpose of executing his trust. Gen. Love is a West Point graduate, has had experience as an officer in the regular army, and in Western Virginia during the present war, as Brigade Major on General Morris' staff. He is a gentleman in every respect qualified for the difficult task set before him.

Great anxiety is felt in the more Northern portions of the State, in regard to the exposed position of the river counties, and a determination is expressed by Gov. Morton and others in authority, to do all in their power to put the Border in a state of speedy and complete defense.

On Saturday, Gen. Love met with the County Commissioners, and had a conference with them in regard to the organization of the militia, regularly under the law of last May. The Commissioners take hold of this matter with energy, and will do their duty in the premises. A meeting of Gen. Love with the Commissioners and the officers of companies now organized in the city, and other citizens, was arranged for evening, which was accordingly held. The meeting was informal.

Gen. Love explained to those present the plan of organization of the militia of the State. He was here with full power to set the movement on foot, and to approve of the preliminary papers, &c., without the necessity of their reference to Indianapolis, and the delay consequent thereon. Prompt measures are necessary, and the whole system can be set in operation by him in a very short time, *provided* our citizens—and especially those most interested, the property holders—take hold with a will, and assist in these measures intended for the protection of property and life.

Gen. Love stated that $70,000 had been appropriated by the Legislature to aid in organizing the militia, and with the help of the fines that the organization had the power to impose on delinquents, a sufficient fund could be formed for all practical purposes. The uniform might be cheap, and the other expenses would be light.

Gen. Love also expressed the opinion—and it was concurred in by the legal gentlemen present—that the militia organized as proposed were not subject to an order to leave the State, from the Governor.

The General, after finishing his remarks, distributed copies of the Militia Law, and also of forms recommended by the authorities for the organization of the Militia.—The law we have already published in these columns. The forms of general interest we copy below.

After Gen. Love closed, an informal conversation was carried on for a few minutes in order that a correct understanding of the subject might be arrived at, and the ball set rolling.

James E. Blythe, Esq., proposed that all the military companies in the city meet at their respective armories on *Tuesday evening*, to consider and decide whether they will organize under the Military Law of the State; and he also proposed that a public meeting of the citizens be held at Mozart Hall, *this (Monday) evening*, Sept. 16th to consider this matter of so vital importance to every one. The meeting concurred in Mr. Blythe's suggestions, and the meetings will be held as above specified. Let there be a full attendance. No man who has the welfare of the community at heart ought to fail to attend, and lend his aid in the important work of preparing to defend our homes against the dangers of war, now threatening our borders, and soon, may be, destined to burst in terror over our heads.

The forms referred to are as follows:

INSTRUCTIONS.

In order to insure uniformity in the organization of Volunteer Military Companies, under the Military Law, the following forms are recommended for general use:

No. 1.—FORM OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION.

We, whose names are hereto subscribed, being citizens and residents of the State of Indiana, agree to form ourselves into a Volunteer Military Company in the Indiana, Legion, under the provisions of "An Act for the organization and regulation of the Indiana," &c., approved May 11th, 1861.

We severally undertake that we will each uniform ourselves in accordance with the requirements of said law.

The Company will be organized without delay, at———in———county, in said State, and to be called the———

Witness our names, this——— day of ———1861.

NAMES. NAMES.

No. 2.—FORM OF UNDERTAKING TO UNIFORM.

We, the undersigned, undertake and bind ourselves as security for the members of the ———a Volunteer Company, organized under the provisions of the "Act for the organization and regulation of the Indiana Militia," &c., approved May 11th, 1861; that they will each uniform themselves in accordance with such law.

Taken and approved by me, the——— day of———1861.

[L. S.] Witness my hand and seal,
———Auditor of———Co.

TRAITORS IN THE CAMP.—We alluded the other day to the fact that wagons loaded with contraband goods had left Henderson for the Southern Confederacy. An investigation into the affair proves that these wagons were from Evansville, having been ferried over the river, either here or below, at night, and thence started South. It is high time that the night police were on duty. If we have traitors among us who are engaged in the dirty business of supplying the thieves of Tennessee River with food, it is time they were rooted out. All such, if discovered, had better leave for a more genial clime, or insure their traitorous and rope-deserving necks. Since the opening of hostilities, there has been a class of men along the border, who have been willing, for the sake of money, to give aid and comfort to the rebellion, by selling goods to avowed secessionists. By the means of forged orders, false pretenses, and hard lying, they have succeeded in getting permits, and thus indirectly Evansville has been adding fuel to the flames. This night business is a new feature in the smuggling art, and the only way to effectually stop it is to place loyal men on the night police.

Presentation of the Colors of the 25th Regiment.

During our sojourn in St. Louis, the colors of the 25th Regiment were presented to the officers and soldiers by Col. Veatch in behalf of JUDGE FOSTER, the liberal donor of the splendid flags. We have delayed our notice of the event, in the hope of being able to lay before our readers, the able and patriotic letter of our fellow townsman which accompanied the colors. It was read to the regiment at Dress Parade on the evening of the 4th, and could JUDGE FOSTER have witnessed the enthusiasm with which it was received, he would have been abundantly satisfied. The colors are acknowledged to be the finest in the St. Louis camps, and we are confident they could not be entrusted to a more gallant company than that of Captain Hastings. Col. Veatch expressed the determinatian of the whole regiment, when he promised for the men under his comm[illegible] the Banner of the Stars, in their hands would be bravely and resolutely defended. JUDGE FOSTER has had the satisfaction of presenting to one of Indiana's first regiments, the finest regimental colors to be found in the Grand Army of the West.

A NICE BUSINESS TRANSACTION.—An enterprising Green river secessionist has just made a very profitable coffee transaction, the proceeds of which, in gold, were seen by our informant. On the pretense of being a Union man, or having an order from a Union man, or some other of the thousand and one lies, by which the traitors get supplies, he purchased in this city a lot of coffee—how many bags we are not advised. It was shipped up Green river to Bowling Green, thence to Nashville, when it was sold to the Commissary General of the Confederate army for *forty* cents a pound! Furnishing coffee for Jeff. Davis' army may be a very pleasant and profitable business, but it *might* lead to unpleasant consequences. This is our opinion—but ask the Major *he* knows.

☞Gen. Smith is now in command of the troops at Paducah, having arrived there on Saturday night, the 7th inst. When the troops took possession of the city they captured about $18,000 worth of flour, provisions, and goods. Among the goods were sixty bolts of army cloth. The books of the freight depot show that from one to five car loads of flour and as many of bacon went South every day for the last two months. We shouldn't wonder if some of the provisions shipped from here to sustain the destitute Union men in Paducah, constituted a part of these cargoes.

COOL RECEPTION OF COM. BARRON.—When Commodore Barron and his officers descended to the deck of the flag ship Minnesota where Commodore Stringham was stationed on the quarter deck to receive him, General Butler presented Barron to the gallant old Commodore, saying "Commodore Barron! Commodore Stringham." The latter raised himself up to his full height, looked the traitor straight in the eye, and barely inclining his head, replied, "I have seen Mr. Barron before." Barron, who has always prided himself on the *hauteur monde*, fairly winced under the whole volumne of honest sarcasm contained in that look and sentence.

NATIONAL LOAN.—We call attention to the advertisement of the Government Treasury note loan. Those who have funds which they wish to place safely and at good interest should avail themselves of this opportunity. In doing so, they will secure a reliable investment to themselves and at the same time aid the Government in putting down rebellion and restoring peace to the country.

This is the People's Loan, and capitalists in all parts of the country are subscribing freely to it. We feel assured that a liberal amount will be promptly subscribed by those among us who have the means to spare.

☞The Government is about investigating frauds by army contractors. The Government Inspector at Perrysville has, within ten days, condemned nearly five hundred army wagons, and notified the manufacturers to remove them.

☞Recorder McBride is raising a company for the 42d Regiment.

Another Railway Massacre—A Railroad Engineer Purposely Wrecks a Train—A Nephew of Gen. Lyon Killed—The Murderer Arrested.

[New York Herald's Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9, 1861.

A detachment of the Harris Light Cavalry, Col. Mansfield, arrived here at five o'clock, this afternoon, after sad experience and narrow escapes from the diabolical treachery of fiendish railroad engineers by the way. The detachment consisted of three hundred men and fifty-one horses, under command of Lieut. Col. Kilpatrick. The rest of the regiment was already here.

Col. Kilpatrick left New York at 4 P. M. on Saturday, proceeding by way of the New Jersey Central Railroad to Easton, and the Reading and Lebanon Valley Railroads to Harrisburgh, where he arrived at 6 o'clock on Sunday morning, and immediately upon the arrival of the train, the engine was detached, and the passengers were left in the cars upon the track at the depot. From that hour until eleven o'clock, Col. Kilpatrick was searching for some officer of the road to furnish an engine to take the train across the river to the Northern Central Road, leading to Baltimore. At last he sent a party of his men to the engine house, with orders to fire up one of the locomotives of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and place it in charge of an engineer, who belonged to one of his companies. His action was resisted by the Railroad employees, and he was accosted by the Assistant Superintendent, Samuel D. Young, who demanded to know if Col. Kilpatrick intended to take the engine by force. He said that he was under orders to take his men to Washington, and intended to do so, for which purpose he he must have a locomotive, and he intended to take one by force if necessary, and that he should take the Assistant Superintendent along with it, tied and gagged, if such treatment was requisite.

Upon this exhibition of determination to go ahead the Superintendent promised to provide an engine and engineer. This was finally done. Upon arriving at the depot of the Northern Central Road no train was ready, and to avoid a repetition of the experiences at the other depot, and further delay, as his men were without food, Col. Kilpatrick concluded to come on to Baltimore with the train he had, and directed the engineer accordingly.

They proceeded safely, at a rate of about eight miles an hour, until within four miles of Cockeysville, when the engineer put on the steam, and began to run the train at a fearful speed. Col. Fitzpatrick and his wife, and most of the officers, were in the last car. The brakesman left his post and came into the car, declaring that he could not manage the brake-wheel, the train was crashing along at such a speed.—In going around a sharp curve, as soon as the engine reached the straight road, the steam was suddenly let on, fearfully increasing the rate of speed. Lieut. Lyon, nephew of the late Gen. Lyon, volunteered to man the brake of the last car. Aided by Sergeants McDonald and Fuller, and one of the privates, he had managed to put down the brake, when the four cars immediately in front of it were violently thrown from the track, and the breaking of the coupling of the last car let it escape the same fate.—Lieut. Lyon and Sergeants McDonald and Fuller and the private, who were manning the brakes, were instantly killed. They had gallantly exposed themselves to danger, and lost their lives, but saved those of the occupants of the last car.

As soon as the cars were thrown off, the engineer detached the locomotive and tender from the train, and started ahead, exclaiming, "There, your G—d d—n train is a wreck, and I hope the whole party is killed." Col. Kilpatrick promptly gave orders for his arrest, and some of the men started after him, and endeavored by hurling stones to knock him off the engine. The fireman beside him was thus knocked insensible, but the engineer at that time made his escape.

Finding in the command an expert operator, Col. Kilpatrick had the wires cut, and the ends burnished and a message sent to General Dix, at Baltimore, informing him of the occurrence, and desiring him to arrest the fugitive engineer.

The message of course went in both directions. It was promptly responded to by General Dix. An extra train was sent out from Baltimore to arrest the engineer.—When he was met he denied that any accident had occurred, and professed to be only in charge of a detached engine. He was, however arrested. He had already cut the wires, but not until the message had been sent. Upon his arrival at Cockeysville, he had a whispered conversation with the telegraph operator, from whom he learned that the message had gone before the wire was cut.

It is reported that when intelligence reached Harrisburg, Assistant Superintendent Young expressed gratification at the result, and hoped that Col Kilpatrick was among the killed.

In addition to the four killed instantly, three were so badly wounded that they have since died. Fifteen others were badly wounded, and a number received contusions more or less severe. Two valuable horses were also killed.

Except the three men who were too badly mangled to be moved, all the wounded were brought on to Baltimore, and conveyed to the hospital there. They were met at Baltimore by Major Bolger, Quartermaster at Baltimore, who had prepared ambulances for the dead and wounded, and a substantial meal for the living, and took charge of the dead to have the bodies forwarded to New York to-day.

The detachment arrived at Baltimore last night. The intelligence of the affair was suppressed in order to effect the arrest of the guilty parties.

At the Camden depot, en route to Washington, another difficulty was experienced in procuring cars, but Col. Kilpatrick again took possession of a train, and arrived here at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Colonel Kilpatrick is a graduate of West Point, and was wounded in the battle of Big Bethel. This detachment of details is procured from him. He is full of energy. The affair will be subjected to legal investigation, and the cold-blooded murderers who planned and executed this hellish outrage will be punished.

☞A fellow by the name of Spider or Spidel, who prints a secession sheet in Henderson, states that some of the United States soldiers at Paducah, a few days since, amused themselves by running naked through the streets. This, of course, is a naked lie, and just about as probable as the thousand stories put afloat by the rebels to gull such sapheads as Spider, or whatever his cognomen may be.

MORE CONTRABAND.—A lot of goods consigned to an Evansville house, but intended for parties in Henderson, were overhauled by the Surveyor last Friday. They contained contraband goods, and were carried off by the remorseless Collector of Customs.

☞Wheat and flour have materially advanced in New York in the last few days.

Army Correspondence.

CAMP HENRY CLAY, Mo., September 9, 1861.

DEAR JOURNAL:—Since my last communication, our camp has been removed a distance of half a mile, to a delightful ground, and here we are free from the dust, which did much abound in our former camp. As you will see, our camp has been named in honor of old Kentucky's noblest son—the immortal Clay.

As when I last wrote, the whole regiment are in fine spirits, and anxious to see active service. True, some little dissatisfaction is manifested by some, on account of not yet receiving their arms and saddles, but as a general thing all are impressed with the conviction that "Uncle Sam" is doing as fast as he can, and that all will be right soon. Our noble commander, Col. Baker, returned to camp yesterday morning (Sunday,) looking still, as when he left us, in fine health. As he justly deserves to be, Col. Baker is honored and esteemed by the whole Regiment—officers and privates. As regards his fitness for the post he occupies, no one doubts it, and the fullest confidence is possessed by all, that he will lead us to honor and to victory, over our country's foes.

Some twenty-five of our regiment, are ill in the hospital—but owing to the skill of 1st Surgeon Casselberry, and assistant Surgeon Bracket, they are rapidly recovering, and will soon be able to return to duty. In this connection, I cannot refrain from speaking of the kindness shown to our sick by the Union ladies of the city of St. Louis.—Through their kindness the sick have been supplied with mattresses, beds, quilts, blankets, and many other articles of comfort which, but for their kindness, they would have been forced to have done without.—They have also furnished to the sick, books, pamphlets, magazines, and newspapers to while away the tedious hours. Their kindness will never be forgotten, but will ever live in many bossoms, enshrined with home, friends, and *all* that is dear to memory.

We enjoy the blessings of religious service here, twice each Sunday. The Rev. Mr. Wood is our chaplain. He is doing much, *very* much of good—and is generally beloved and respected by all.

As regards the people of St. Louis and the surrounding country, the majority of them, I think, are for the Union. Of course there are many disunionists, but they do not come out openly, with their treasonable sentiments. News has just come to camp, that we are to receive our arms, saddles and equipments to-morrow, but we have had like promises so often, and have been disappointed, that none entertain any very great hopes of getting them now.

There is a rumor current through the camp that we are to leave here in a week for Paducah, Ky. I do not think there is any confidence to be placed in the report. I think we will be needed here where we are, more than anwhere else. However, time will show.

As for our officers, as far as I have been able to form an opinion, I think they are all high-minded and honorable gentlemen. But of Capt. Walker and First Lieutenant Bingham, of Company B., I would speak for the present in particular. They are indefatigable in the discharge of their duty—enjoy the respect and fullest confidence of the men under their command; and wherever or in whatever position they may be placed, they will be found equal to the emergency, and will perform their duty with honor to their country and themselves. I doubt not but you will hear of some warm times here soon.

I will keep you posted regarding everything of interest.

For the present, I remain, as ever,
W. H. P.

THE NEW GUN-BOAT FLEET.—The new gun-boats, thirty in number, are now building at the Government navy yards and in private shipyards. They will be ready for sea within two months. The following table shows the places where these boats are constructing, with their tonnage and armament:

BUILDING AT NAVY YARDS.

BOATS.	YARDS.	TONS.	GUNS.
Kearsarge	Portsmouth, N. H	1,020	13
Ossipee	" "	1,020	13
Housatonic	Charlestown, Mass	1,020	13
Wachusett	" "	1,020	13
Juniata	Philadelphia	1,020	13
Tuscarora (unch'd	" "	1,020	13
Adirondack	New York	1,020	13
Oneida	" "	1,020	13

BUILDING BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

BOATS.	STATE.	BOATS.	STATE.
Aroostook	Maine.	Unadilla	N. Y.
Katahdin	"	Ottawa (unched)	"
Penobscot	"	Pembina	"
Kineo	"	Seneca (unched)	"
Marblehead	Mass.	Chippewa	"
Sagamore	"	Winona	"
Chocore	"	Itasca	Penn.
Huron	"	Sciota	"
Owasco	Conn.	Wissahickon	"
Kenanhatt	"	Ishoma	Del's
Cayuga	"	Pinola	Md.

The armament of the gun-boats building by private contract has not been determined.

UNION CAMPS.—Two new camps are to be formed in Kentucky, one at Falmouth, thirty-nine miles south of Covington, on the Covington and Lexington Railroad, and another at Carlisle, in Nicholas county, between Cynthiana and Lexington. This camp will be situated on Colonel Metcalf's farm, three miles from the railroad. The camp at Metcalf's farm will be opened by a regiment from Camp Dick Robinson.

☞A number of ladies have requested us to solicit from the dry goods merchants, contributions of yarn for the soldiers' socks. In other places large quantities have been donated. The ladies are ready to knit the socks as soon as the yarn is furnished. A late letter from a member of an Evansville company says that many of them are greatly in need of woollen socks. The boys must be cared for in this particular.

☞A Washington telegraphic dispatch on Friday evening, that we didn't get, says that the report circulated that General Fremont is to be superceded by General Meigs, is contradicted by the highest authority. Meigs' visit to the West is on business connected with his department.

☞Where is Jesse D. Bright? Is he at Richmond or Manassas? We all know where he ought to be, but where is he?—That's the question.

☞Capt. Evans' Zouaves passed our office on parade, Friday evening. They are decidedly the best drilled company in the city.—They saluted the Journal flag with "three cheers and a tiger."

☞While it is conceded that Mr. Rarey has done a great deal for the horse, it is equally certain that the horse has done a very great deal for Mr. Rarey, that gentleman having made some $150,000 out of the speculation.

☞By a dispatch from St. Louis we learn that the 25th Indiana Regiment received marching orders last Friday. Their destination is Jefferson City, Mo.

☞The new block on the corner of First and Locust streets, is being rapidly pushed forward to completion. It will be an ornament to the city.

MORE FINE FRUIT.—Mr. Collins, who lives on the Newburg road, left at our office, on Saturday, some fine grapes of the Catawba and Isabella species. They were delicious. We return our heartfelt thanks.

☞The river is about at a stand at this point, but a further rise is anticipated.

HOME INTERESTS.

☞The Star Grey Eagle is the packet for Louisville to-day, at 10 A. M.

Attention Zouaves.

The Independent Zouaves will meet at their Armory, on this (Monday) evening at 7 o'clock, to discuss the propriety of organizing under the new militia law. By request of GEN. LOVE.

C. RUSH, O. S.

☞J. Perry Elliott will remove his picture gallery, this week, to the beautiful suit of rooms in Klusman's new block, near the corner of Main and Second streets. The location is a good one, and the rooms are unsurpassed in the city.

Attention Company.

The undersigned would inform the military companies of Evansville and the public generally, that he has fitted up the spacious Hall on the corner of Main and First streets, (late Masonic Hall) as a "*shooting gallery*." All persons desiring to practice with the Rifle and Pistol are invited to call. The best weapons will always be kept on hand. Visitors to the Gallery are informed that good order will always be insisted on.

GEORGE W. NEXSEN, JR.

CRESCENT CITY HOTEL.—Good boarding, permanent or transient can be had at this house, opposite steamboat landing, Water street, between Main and Locust, at prices to suit the times. Two small families can be accommodated.

Official.

EVANSVILLE, Sept. 15th, 1861.

A LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post Office at Evansville, Indiana, Sept. 15th, 1861. Persons calling for these letters will please say "Advertised," and give date of list. Advertising fee, one cent.

LADIES' LIST.

Ashley Mrs Lydia	Hardiman Mrs
Ashbey Elizabeth	Harmen Mrs M E
Ashby Miss Mary C	Hickey Miss Mary
Bullen Mrs Geo	Hendrinon Mrs Lucinda
Banlard Mrs Evaline	Hagan Mrs Geo B
Bridges Mrs Mary L	Huntington Mrs Pancy E
Brown Miss Mary E	Hannel Miss Mary
Blanth Miss Hannah	Heeimer Mrs Eliza
Baker Miss Cutharine	Jonedon Catharine
Bolcourt Mrs Mary I	Johnson Miss Laura
Busher Mrs Catharine	Lamar Miss Mary
Bissell Mrs Lettie N	Ludwig Mrs Ann J
Bond Mrs Mary A	Linzwiler Miss Rosie
Bryar Miss Louisa	Longhine Mrs Martha
Baker Marinh	Leonard Mary Ann
Brian Mrs Anna	Lenox Miss Maria
Bowers Miss Mary Ann	Marrus Miss Francis
Brown Mrs Mary L	Mulligan Mrs Sarah
Carroll Mrs Emma E	Meeks Mrs Martha
Collins Mrs Melvina 2	McGuire Elizabeth
Cartrr Miss Eliza J	McAffee Miss Eliza
Carrica Margaret	McDonald Miss A C
Clark Miss Martha	Nightingale Mrs A
Cook Miss Elizabeth E	Powers Mrs A
Collins Miss Melvina	Patent Miss Emma
Chapman Miss Caroline	Rouse Miss Nancy
Clark Miss Mary	Robertson Mrs Rebecca
Calvert Miss Sarah E	Bertson Judith Ann
Cash Mrs Martha	Robertson Mrs Rebecca J
Carroll Mrs Emma E	Shook Elizabeth J
Clark Miss Lavina S	Stinson Miss L
Dougherty Mrs Nancy	Simpson Mrs Mary H
Dewee Mrs Anna	Stinson Mrs Hannah
Dutton Mrs Emaline 2	Sampson Mrs
Dugan Catharine	Shraferman Mrs L
DeMoret Miss Cynthiana	Schogeld Miss Nancy
Egan Miss Maggie 2	Thompson Mrs Malinda
Elmon Sophia	Tailor Miss Martha J
Fitzgerald Anna E	Tomlinson Betsy
Fitzpatrick Miss Mary	Tomlinson Mrs Elizabth
Fairchild Miss Crd'lia M	Topman Mrs Mary E
Fields Miss Mary Ann	Tibby Mrs Mary
Graham Mrs Rachel H	Thomas Miss M M
Glasier Mrs Mary	Temple Harriet
Goin Mrs Josephine	Vaughn Mrs S
Gorner Mrs Asa	Vanszant Mrs Hester
Gover Mrs Sarah	Wallace Mrs Harriett
Grant Miss Amy	Weaver Amy
Granger Miss Louisa	Williamson Mrs Nancy 2
	Wright Mrs Minda

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Austin Thomas	Jeronie W R
Adams Benj	Kintz Geo
Abbett R B	Kinker Chas
Asbry Chas	Kahn J G
Bell Will	Knickerbocker Wm H
Barrett Jas	Kramer Henry
Bullis Mr	Knoulton David
Bissell D P	Longnecker Wm
Brose Dan'l	Long Nicholas
Burtriss Wm	Lockwood A W
Brower Sam'l	Morgan Nicholas
Bayne Geo	Maser Jacob
Barber Wm R	Martin Jesse
Beard F A	Miller Geo
Bishop Wesley W	Milon Patrick
Brooklocker Henry	Marshall Thos M
Bacon Wm C	Meisner Wm
Barber Wm	Morrison Jas
Barnet Henry	Mills Cleveland
Burkhardt Wm	Morgan Amos
Burrett J G	Morton Josiah H
Brown John	Martin Wm
Barnett J A	McWaters Mike
Braschler Rev H 1	McQuirk Jno
Butterworth John	McNamare Dennis
Cook Chas W	McDeffit Andy
Coy Sam'l	McDermid A
Clark Wm	McCollum John
Clark Amgi	McCracken John S
Clark Tall	McElmver Jno
Cammell D M	Nunn Lhos
Cravens Ira	Newman Coonrod
Cous Frank	Neale S R
Crooks Stephen C	Nolan Wm
Camron Chas	Nalagan Thos
Catlett Julius S	O'Brien Jno
Davis John 2	O'Reilly Jno
Daniel Philip	O'Brien Timothy
Dawson Timothy	Priest Jno
Dennis Jno J Sen	Pickeri h Martin
Deacon John	Pottinger D R & Co
Dempinger Michael	Rones Jas
Dewitt Geo	Ringer Jas
Emrich D	Rudder Edward
Eiched Chas Buck	Reed & Sargent
Effinger Jno	Smith Milton 2
Ferguson Ferdinand	Staffan
Georget George	Shaw Jas
Green Rob't	Juyper J S
Gentry Jas	Storck Christian
Griffith Jno W	Studer Geo
Grant Jno	Smith Sam'l V
Genick Philip	Schofield Jno S
Hartin D S	Teamer Wm
Hartin Harmon	Thomas S
Hulburt E J	Twyman E Briant
Hull Rob't T	Thompson J W
Heldt Chas	Vaughn Wm
Hunter R H	Ward Wm
Hawkins J N	Winkles Nicholas
Holman Washington	Wise Grank
Hutchison Chas	Westfall Daniel
Hopkins Thos	Waterman Simon
Hodson Jno	Williams Syras
Inwood Jno	Williamson Sam'l
Johnson A T M 2	Wallace Richard
Jordan Harvy	Willis Edward
Johnson Wm J	Wise Wm
	Whitlang Wm

JAMES M. McNEELY, P. M.

sep16-d&w1t

A Card.

The American House, formerly known as the Pavilion Hotel, Water street, corner of Sycamore, Evansville, Ind., J. J. PILLSBURY, formerly of steamboat Masonic Gem, and W. W. BOICOURT, formerly of City Hotel, Proprietors.

To the Public.

We desire to call your attention to the fact, that the above house has recently been enlarged, thoroughly repaired, and newly furnished in a very superior style; and that we are now prepared, and will use every exertion to accommodate our guests, in a most excellent manner. We most earnestly solicit your patronage and influence.

tf BOICOURT & PILLSBURY.

List of Arrivals at the American House, September 13.

W G Ralston, Boonville; C C Mathewson, do; E R James, Mt Vernon; J Fackney, Carmi; Martin Inman, Illinois; T S Ridgeway, do; R A Menthew, Rockport; A Adkins, Ohio, T S Starling, Hopkinsville; Ned Campbell, do; O H Sampson, New York; J Morrison, Cincinnati; G G Niblack, Gentryville; H C Hicks, Greenville; G Schruder, Chicago; M Pell, Brooklyn; M Meanly, do; S R Morris, Owensboro; C Barnet, St Charles, Mo.

BOICOURT & PILLSBURY, Pro's.

RAILROAD RECEIPTS.

SEPTEMBER 14, 1861.

6 cks bacon, 50 bxs tea, 6 pigs tin, S Orr; 2 bgs sks, Wheeler & Rigss; 1 bx books, J Healy; 1 bale, 3 bxs, Miller & Niehaus; 14 bales shovels and spades, C S Wells; 1 car horses, J A Hull; 8 boxes, J H Maghee & Co; ½ bbl soap, S Glass, Shawneetown; 1 coile cpe, Slaughter & Dunkerson; 29 bxs boots and shoes, Mackey, Henning & Co; 8 bags pepper, 201 bgs coffee, S E Gilbert & Co; 4 bbls oil, A Reis; 2 cannons, 1 caisson, 1 car load arms and ammunition, Col J E Blythe; 31 bgs coffee, 4 bgs cassia, S E Gilbert & Co; 93 cases, Read & Lawrence.

A. E. SHRADER, Act.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NATIONAL LOAN.

Pursuant to instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, a book will be opened on the 23d day of September, (inst.) at the Evansville Branch Bank, for subscriptions under my superintendence for Treasury Notes, to be issued under the act of July 17, 1861. These notes will be issued in sums of fifty dollars, one hundred dollars, five hundred dollars, one thousand dollars, and five thousand dollars each, dated 19th August, 1861, payable three years after date, to the order of the subscriber or as directed, and bearing interest at the rate of 7-3-10 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually; such interest being at the rate of two cents for each day on every hundred dollars. For the convenience of the holder, each note will have coupons attached, expressing the several amounts of semi-annual interest, which coupons may be detached and presented for payment separately from the notes.

Subscriptions for such Treasury Notes will be received during fifteen days from the day of opening the books as aforesaid. No subscription for less than fifty dollars, nor for any fraction of that sum, can be received. Subscriptions of fifty dollars or one hundred dollars must be paid in lawful coin of the United States at the time of subscribing. Subscriptions of more than one hundred dollars may be paid as once; or, if preferred, one-tenth at the time of subscribing, and one-third of the whole amount on every twentieth day thereafter until the whole shall be paid. No payment of less than fifty dollars can be accepted, that being the smallest sum for which Treasury notes can be issued.

Certificates will be granted in duplicate to subscribers for the amounts so paid, the original of which the subscriber will transmit by mail to the Secretary of the Treasury, when Treasury Notes, as aforesaid, will be issued thereon to such subscriber or his order, carrying interest as expressed in such certificate; but in cases where only a part of the amount subscribed is paid at the time of subscribing, Treasury Notes will be issued only for the payments made subsequently to the first, which will remain until the whole amount subscribed by such person shall be paid, when Treasury Notes will be issued for such first payment also. On payment of each deferred instalment, the subscriber will pay, in addition thereto, a sum equal to the interest accrued thereon from the 19th August to the date of payment, and on final payment like interest on the amount paid on subscription, which payments of interest will be reimbursed to the subscriber in the payment of the first coupon.

The Treasury Notes issued upon such certificates by the Treasury will be sent to the subscribers by mail, or such other mode as may be indicated by them, when they transmit their original certificates. The duplicate certificates may be retained by them for their own security.

SAM'L BAYARD, Cashier,
sep16-d1wd&w2t Subscription Agent.

Arrived at Last.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large lot of the famous Ebenezer Yarn, of all colors, which will be sold cheap at wholesale and retail. SCHAPKER & BUSSING,
No. 49 Main Street.

Evansville & Crawfordsville R. R.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Evansville, Ind., Sept. 14, 1861.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders in this Company will be held at the Court House, in the City of Evansville, on Monday, the 6th day of October, next, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time an election will be held for thirteen Directors, to serve for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board.

sept15-dtilld J. E. MARTIN, Sec'y.

PIANOS AT A GREAT SACRIFICE!

As consignees of the factors, we have directions to close out our entire stock of Piano Fortes at prices below the cost of manufacturing, viz:

One Center Serpentine 7 Octave Instrument, retail price.....$400 00
Three Round Corners, Serpentine, 7 Octave Instruments, retail price.....$375 00
One Center Finished Rosewood Piano, retail price.....$375 00
One Round Corner, 6½ Octave Instrument, retail price.....$280 00

The above Instruments will be sold at 30 per cent. less than retail price.

These Pianos are warranted equal to any made in the country. Those who need Instruments will do well to buy now. If not sold within three weeks, the Pianos will be shipped back to the owners.

JOHN HEALY,
sep16-1m Late Healy & Warren.

For Sale Very Cheap For Cash.

Two good Work Horses, suitable for family buggy use. Enquire at this office. sep16-2wd

50 SADDLE AND HARNESS-MAKERS wanted immediately. Enquire of or address TOPF & LONG, or J. P. ELLIOTT, Evansville, Ind. sep14-1w

GREAT BARGAINS!!!

—IN—

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.

TERMS CASH.

J. S. Jaquess & Co.,
No. 10 First St.,

Offer great inducements to RETAIL Cash Customers in the selection from their Large, New, and Elegant Stock of Fashionable Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,

AT WHOLESALE PRICES!

LINENS.....HOSIERY
WHITE GOODS, and.....DOMESTICS

Offered at 25 *per cent less* than heretofore retailed at in the city.

All are invited to come and compare quality and price with any other house in the city.

J. S. JAQUESS & CO.,
sp11-1yd-c12t No. 10 First street.

New Dry Goods.

SCHAPKER & BUSSING, No. 49, Main street, have received a large assortment of all kinds of Dry Goods, and will continually receive new supplies in spite of the war, and will sell cheap. aug2

$2 PER BAG For Extra Family Flour, warranted to give satisfaction, at VICKERY BROS.,
aug17 No. 82 Main Street.

NEW CODFISH. Extra new Codfish, just received at
sep13 H. A. COOK'S.

CANDIDATES.

For Prosecuting Attorney.

We are requested to announce Louis C. Stinson as a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of the Circuit Court in the 15th Judicial Circuit, at the ensuing October election. ddw

For County Commissioner.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce my name as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner at the ensuing October election.

W. PRUITT.

For Auditor.

EDITORS JOURNAL:—Please announce the name of WILLIAM BINGHAM as a candidate for Auditor, at the ensuing October Election. He will be supported by MANY FRIENDS.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—You will please announce the name of WM. H. KLUSMAN as a candidate for Auditor of Vanderburgh county, at the ensuing October election.

VICTOR BISCH has, at the solicitation of many citizens, become a candidate for Auditor of Vanderburgh County at the ensuing October Election.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—You will please announce my name as a candidate for Auditor of Vanderburgh County at the ensuing October election.

J. B. COX.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—You will please announce the name of S. M. GIBSON as a candidate for Auditor of Vanderburgh County, at the ensuing October election.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

Families of Volunteers in need of Relief, will make application to the following gentlemen:

First Ward—A. C. Hallock,
Second Ward—G. W. Bellside,
Third Ward—Christ Decker,
Fourth Ward—Wm. Hollman,
Fifth Ward—A. Reis,
Sixth Ward—Victor Bisch,
Seventh Ward—Mr. Jones,
Eighth Ward—G. H. Boelker,
Ninth Ward—Jno. F. Glover,
Suburbs—Edward Burtis and Jno. Wayman.

To facilitate the distribution, the Committee has procured a Store on Locust Street, between First and Second, where the orders for goods will be received on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays, twelve o'clock.

Citizens from the city and farmers who will leave provisions and other articles necessary for relief at the store on Locust Street, or at Philip Decker's, will, through the Association, receive the thanks of the destitute families of our volunteers. Those who desire to give the use of vacant houses or tenements for these poor families, will leave notice at Mr. A. C. Hallock's office.

VICTOR BISCH, Sec'y.
sep11

FLOUR. 75 bags extra Flour, 50 half bags " at
sep13 H. A. COOK'S.

BRAN. at 40 cents ⅌ 100 lbs, at
sep13 H. A. COOK'S.

COFFEE. 6 lbs for $1.00, at
sep13 H. A. COOK.

SWEET POTATOES. 25 bush prime Sweet Potatoes, for sale at
sep13 H. A. COOK'S.

CHESS MACKEREL. Large No. 2 Mackerel at $2.25 ⅌