From the N. O. Delta.

Battle of Buena Vista.

Description of Gen. Taylor's Position—Cannonading on the 21st—Gen. Taylor's exposed situation—His white horse—Battle of the 22d February—Death of Colonel McKee, Col. Clay, Col. Hardin, Adjutant General Lincoln, Col. Yell, Capt. Willis—Colonel Marshall's charge—The gallant Mississippians—General Taylor's left flank turned—Demand to surrender—Killed and wounded—Minon's discomfiture.

We had the pleasure of an interview on Friday with Major Coffee, of the Army, who brought over Gen. Taylor's despatches. This gallant officer—a son of the distinguished General who fought so bravely on the Plains of Chalmette, and in various other battles, by the side of the illustrious Jackson—acted as the Aid of Gen. Taylor in the bloody fight at Buena Vista. We are greatly indebted to him for many particulars of this hard-fought battle.

General Taylor had fallen in love, at first sight, with the position at which he finally made his stand—at Buena Vista. His movement towards Agua Nueva was merely a ruse to decoy the enemy into the field which he had selected for his battle-ground. As soon as McCulloch's men, who were invaluable as scouts, informed him of Santa Anna's approach to Agua Nueva, General Taylor quietly broke up his camp, and fell back to his first love—Buena Vista. This position was admirably chosen. It was at the foot of a mountain, or rather of two mountains, between which ran the road through a narrow valley. On his right there was a deep ravine, which protected that flank more effectually than half a dozen regiments could have done. The left of General Taylor's line rested on the base of a mountain. The road in the centre was entrenched and defended by a strong battery. In front the ground was uneven—broken into hills and deep ravines—well adapted to the mode of fighting suited to our volunteers, and by its peculiarities supplying the disadvantage of a great inferiority of numbers.

On the 22d the enemy were descried, approaching over the distant hills. At their appearance the volunteers raised a great shout, and gave three tremendous cheers. Their engineers and officers were seen flying over the field, and dragging their cannon about to get them into position; but the nature of the ground did not favor the undertaking, and it was late in the day before the big guns began to open.

The enemy had with them thirty-two cannon, mostly of large calibre. Their fire, though kept up very briskly, and apparently well manned, did so little execution in our ranks that it was not considered necessary to return their fire. Our cannon were therefore silent the whole of the 22d. Eight or ten killed and wounded were the extent of the casualties sustained by our army on the 22d. During the day an officer approached our lines with a flag of truce, and requested to be shown to General Taylor. The brave old man was sitting quietly on his old white charger, with his leg over the pommel of the saddle, watching the movements of the enemy, when the Mexican officer was presented. In a very courteous and graceful manner the officer stated that "he had been sent by his Excellency Gen. Santa Anna, to his Excellency General Taylor, to inquire in the most respectful manner, what he (General Taylor) was waiting for." From the silence of General Taylor's batteries, and the quiet manner in which he received Santa Anna's terrific cannonading, the Mexican supposed he was asking a very pertinent question, to which, however, old Rough and Ready gave the very pertinent reply that "he was only waiting for General Santa Anna to surrender." The Mexican returned hastily to his lines. This message proved to be a ruse to ascertain where General Taylor's position was, for after the return of the Mexican officer to his own ranks the whole Mexican battery seemed to open upon General Taylor's position, and the balls flew over and about him like hail. Utterly indifferent to the perils of his situation, there sat the old chief, on his conspicuous white horse, peering through his spy glass at the long lines of Mexican troops that could be seen at a great distance on the march. The persuasion of his aids could not induce him to abandon his favorable point for observation, nor to give up his old white horse. To the suggestion of his staff that old whitey was rather too conspicuous a charger for the commander, he replied "that the old fellow had missed the fun at Monterey, on account of a sore foot, and he was determined he should have his share this time."

At sunrise on the 23d February, the battle began in earnest. The Mexicans were drawn out in immense numbers. The dark columns of infantry extended as far as the eye could reach, and the cavalry seemed to cover the whole view with their interminable lines. At intervals between the infantry and cavalry, their big guns, strongly protected by a large artillery force, kept up an incessant cannonade against our lines. Their forces were soon in motion. Our artillery was thrown forward to meet them, protected by the volunteers. General Wool led the main body in person, and was seen every where rallying and encouraging the volunteers. The two armies were soon engaged in hot conflict. The broken nature of the ground divided the forces, so that instead of one general engagement, the regiments were compelled in a great measure to fight on their own hook. Our officers were always in the advance, leading their troops—hence the great mortality among them. In this general *melee*, one of our small regiments, of 400 men, would be attacked by a whole Mexican brigade of several thousand. Thus the Kentucky infantry was attacked at the foot of a hill, in a deep ravine, by an immense force of the enemy. A large number of the officers were killed here—among them was Col. McKee, who fell badly wounded, and was immediately despatched by the enemy, who pierced him with their bayonets as he lay on the ground. Lieutenant Colonel Clay was shot through the thigh, and being unable to walk, was taken up and carried some distance by some of his men, but owing to the steepness of the hill, the men finding it very difficult to carry him, and the enemy in great numbers pressing upon them, the gallant Lieutenant Colonel begged them to leave him and take care of themselves. Forced to leave him on the field, the last that was seen of this noble young officer he was lying on his back, fighting with his sword the enemy who were stabbing him with their bayonets. The veteran Captain William S. Willis, of the same regiment, at the head of his company, with three stalwart sons who fought at his side, was badly wounded, but still continued to fight, until he was overcome with the loss of blood.

In the meantime, the Indiana brigade, who were drawn out and ordered to charge the enemy, were seized with a panic, and displaying some hesitation, Assistant Adjutant General Lincoln rushed to their front, and whilst upbraiding them for their cowardice, was shot, several balls passing through his body. In justice to this brigade it should be stated, that they subsequently rallied, and fully redeemed their reputation by the most gallant and effective fighting.

Colonel Hardin led the Illinoisians in very handsome style, and the sturdy "suckers" fought like lions. Their intrepid Colonel fell wounded, and experienced the fate of Colonels McKee and Clay, and was killed by the enemy—not however before he had killed one of the cowardly miscreants with a pistol, which he fired whilst lying on the ground.

Colonel Yell led, the foremost man, a charge of his mounted volunteers against a large body of lancers, and was killed by a lance, which entered his mouth and tore off one side of his face.

The Mississippians, the heroes of Monterey, after doing hard duty as skirmishers, were ordered into line to receive a charge of cavalry, which they did with their rifles, delivering at the same time a most destructive fire among the crowded columns of cavalry. The enemy were completely repulsed. The distinguished commander of this gallant regiment, Colonel Jefferson Davis was badly wounded, an escopette ball having entered his foot and passed out of his leg. He was, however, doing well when last heard from. The chivalrous Lieutenant Colonel McClung was prevented from doing his share of the brave deeds of this brilliant fight, by the grievous wound received at the battle of Monterey, which still confines him to his bed, and from which it is much feared by his best friends he will never recover.

Col. Humphrey Marshall's splendid regiment of Kentucky Cavalry were impatient for an opportunity of showing their mettle, and avenging the capture of their brethren, then in the hands of the enemy. They were soon favored with the desired opportunity, by the approach of a force of more than 2000 lancers and Hussars, who gallantly charged them. The Kentuckians stood their ground with immovable steadiness, and receiving the enemy with the fire from their carbines, charged in the most gallant style through the column on the right, and wheeling, fell on their left, dispersing and killing a great many of them. A like charge was made by Col. May, at the head of a squadron of Dragoons, and one of Arkansas Cavalry, against a large body of the enemy's Cavalry, with like results.

During the engagement on the right, Santa Anna, seeing that General Taylor's force was not well protected on the left flank, sent a large force of Cavalry around that point, and outflanking Taylor, succeeded in throwing 2000 men into his rear. But General Taylor immediately sent Capt. Bragg, with his artillery, against this force, who succeeded in cutting them off from the main body. Lieut. Crittenden was despatched, with a flag of truce, to demand the immediate surrender of this force. The Mexican officer, pretending not to understand the character of his mission, insisted that he should be blindfolded, according to the rules of war, and thus had the Lieutenant carried into the camp of Santa Anna himself. This was a ruse to get time to extricate the Mexican Cavalry from their dangerous position, and pending this truce they were all drawn off by a different road from that by which they had gained their position.

Lieutenant Crittenden was conducted blind-folded to the tent of the Mexican General-in-Chief, which he found a long distance from the scene of action, and which he thought the safest place he had been in during the whole day. As he approached Santa Anna's tent he was greeted with a most tremendous flourish of trumpets, which might have been heard a mile off, but produced no very great terror in the mind of the Kentuckian. His blind was taken off, and he found himself in the presence of the famous Mexican Chief, surrounded by a brilliant Staff of bedizzened, gilded, and moustached officers. Santa Anna apologized to the Lieutenant for the act of his officers, in having him blindfolded, saying, that so far from having any desire to conceal his situation, he was desirous of exhibiting to General Taylor the utter folly of resisting so powerful an army as he had under his command. To which the Lieutenant replied, that his simple message was to demand his (Santa Anna's) immediate surrender to General Taylor. When this extraordinary demand was translated to the Mexican, he raised his hands and eyebrows in utter astonishment at the temerity and presumption of such a message, and replied, that he would expect General Taylor to surrender in an hour, or he would destroy all his forces. Lieutenant Crittenden's reply, which we have already given—"*Gen. Taylor never surrenders!*"—terminated the interview, and the battle recommenced, and was continued until night.

Santa Anna took three small pieces of our artillery, which, under Lieutenant O'Brien, had been posted too far in advance to be covered by our infantry. All the gunners were shot down, and when the guns were captured there was not a soldier left to man them. One of these pieces was an old Texan 6-pounder, which, during the Texan Revolution, had done good execution among the Mexican ranks. As to the flags he boasts of having taken, they are very probably mere company markers, which were dropped on the field and picked up by the valiant Mexicans. His Excellency of the War Department, to whom Santa Anna has sent these trophies, will no doubt be sorely disappointed in the size, texture, and beauty of these standards. Mexican pride is easily satisfied when such feeble mementoes of their prowess and valor as these console them for so inglorious a defeat.

All the officers on our side, in this hard-fought battle, distinguished themselves. The details of the battle were confided to General Wool, who nobly justified the confidence of his commander and brother-veteran, by the most active, zealous, efficient and gallant conduct. Throughout the whole action he was constantly engaged in the disposition of our forces, and in rallying them to the onset. It was a miracle that he escaped the thick-flying balls which thinned the ranks he was marshalling. There was but one complaint made against him, and that was, that he exposed himself too much. Brigadier General Lane, also, showed himself to be a brave and capable officer. Although wounded early in the action, he kept his horse until it closed, and never for a moment left his post.

The old General-in-Chief remained at his original and much exposed position, superintending the battle and narrowly watching its events. An escopette ball passed through his overcoat—that some old brown, so familiar to all the officers and men who have ever been under his command, and which has seen several campaigns in Florida, in Texas, and in Mexico.

On the night of the 23d, both armies drew off from the field of battle. Our men were engaged all night in bringing in the wounded and taking care of them—the Mexicans as well as their own men. There were, however, but few of our men found on the field wounded. They were, to use Santa Anna's significant words, in his despatch, "all dead," the cowardly miscreants having killed every man whom they overtook, wounded and helpless on the field. With like turpitude and treachery, they left their own dead unburied and their wounded uncared for, on the field where they fell. The latter were carried to Saltillo, in our own wagons, the former were buried by the alcalde, under the orders of Gen. Taylor.

A number of officers were taken prisoners, and an exchange was effected, by which all our men who are now in their hands were released. Cassius M. Clay's party are understood now to be in the city of Mexico.

Among the killed and wounded of the Mexicans are, three general officers and twenty colonels and commanders of battalions. Gen. Minon, it appears, has not as yet realized the brilliant career of which he considered his capture of Maj. Borland an earnest. He was ordered by Santa Anna to attack and carry Saltillo during the engagement at Buena Vista. With this object, he made a demonstration against the town with 2000 cavalry. Lieutenant Shover, with sixty men and two small pieces of artillery, went out to meet the valiant General, and at one discharge of his cannon, sent him and his large force to the right-about in double-quick time.

In concluding our necessarily imperfect sketch of the few details of the brilliant deeds of American valor performed at Buena Vista—details gathered from a hasty conversation, we must be allowed to express our satisfaction to find that the anticipations we have so confidently and so frequently expressed of the bravery and efficiency of our volunteers, have been more than realized. Let those who have heretofore made our citizen soldiers the theme of their ribaldry and ridicule, be forever hushed into silence by the unparalleled gallantry and glory which have consecrated in American history the bloody field of Buena Vista.

Great Railroad Meeting.

A meeting of the citizens of Indianapolis and surrounding country, will be holden at the *Court House*, on *Saturday*, April 17th, at one o'clock, P. M. *Every person* in favor or opposed to the project of a great chain connecting the principal cities of the west, and all with the east, is earnestly urged to be present. Committees appointed for the purpose have luminous reports to make, which will make the subject one of vast interest to the whole community. Come to the meeting, then, and see and hear for yourselves. See communication in another column.

RAIL ROAD MEETING COMMITTEES.—The committees appointed at the two last meetings, are requested to meet at Dr. J. S. Bobbs's office, on Thursday evening next, at 7 o'clock.

The following gentlemen compose the committees: N. McCarty, J. S. Bobbs, A. H. Davidson, S. V. B. Noel, Jas. C. Yohn, Geo. A. Chapman, J. D. Defrees, Douglass Maguire, David Wallace and Wm. Sullivan.

Copper Mining.

The citizens of Indianapolis are requested to attend at the Court House on Saturday, April 17th, at two o'clock, P. M., to hear an address, accompanied with important statistical information, relative to the Lake Superior Copper Mining operations. It will also be proposed to form a company, several of our citizens having already engaged in the business. Specimens of the ore may be seen at the Sentinel office.

LAND SALES.—We would respectfully call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of land sales in this day's paper. Those disposed to purchase in the fertile regions of Iowa and Wisconsin can now learn for themselves what fine opportunities are offered.

☞We are requested to announce JOHN DOUGLASS as a candidate for Treasurer of Marion county, subject to the decision of the Whig county convention.

☞We are authorized to announce JACOB LANDIS as a candidate for Treasurer and collector of Marion county. ¶

State of Indiana, Marion County,

IN CHANCERY IN THE MARION PROBATE COURT.

Jeremiah Foote, administrator of the estate of John Wood, deceased, vs. William Cherry, Jethro Wood, Julia Ann Wood, an infant, Belvia S. Wood, John Cain, Joshua Hinesley, William Sullivan, administrator of the estate of John Jamison, deceased, William Spir ing, and Lewis Laforgue.

THE said defendants, William Cherry, Jethro Wood, Julia Ann Wood, Belvia S. Wood, William Spirring, and Lewis Laforgue, who are not residents of the State of Indiana, are hereby notified that the said Jeremiah Foote, administrator as aforesaid, has filed his bill of complaint in the Probate Court of said county of Marion, against the defendants above named, and that said bill is now pending in said Court, and that they appear in said Court and answer said bill of complaint under oath on the first day of the next term thereof, and that in default thereof the same will be taken as confessed, and held as true against them, and decree be rendered accordingly. R. B. DUNCAN, Clerk.

L. BARNOUR, Sol.

March 24, 1847. 93-3w

State of Indiana--Hancock County, SS.

HANCOCK PROBATE COURT, MAY TERM, 1847.

John Hilliard, administrator of the estate of Washington Jones, deceased, vs. the heirs of the said Washington Jones.

Application for sale of Real Estate.

THE said John Hilliard, having filed his memorial suggesting the insufficiency of the personal estate of the deceased to pay his debts, and praying an order of this court for the sale of the real estate, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that Samuel Sanders is an heir of the said Washington Jones, deceased, and not a resident of the State of Indiana; it is therefore ordered that notice of the pendency of said memorial be given, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted three weeks in succession in the Sentinel, a weekly newspaper published in Indianapolis, in the State of Indiana, before the first day of the May term next, that the said Samuel Sanders may be warned to appear in this court at the next May term thereof, to be holden at the Court House, in Greenfield on the first Monday in May next, to show cause, if he can, why the said real estate shall not be sold and made assets for the discharge of the said debts by the court

97-3w Attest, JOHN HAGER, Clk.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have been appointed by the Marion Probate court, administrator of the estate of Hiram Jackman, and that letters have been issued to me as such. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same for payment according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment. The estate is probably solvent. apr 1 95¶ LORENZO VANSCYOC, Admr.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I will offer for sale the personal property belonging to the estate of Hiram Jackman deceased on Thursday the 6th day of May, 1847, at the late residence of said deceased, in the town of Wellington, township of Washington, near Broad Ripple, property consisting of Lumber, Wagons, Oxen, Household and kitchen furniture, and other articles of value. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M., of said day, and continue until said property is all sold. A credit of nine months on all sums over three dollars, secured by note with good freehold security to administrator's approval, and without any relied whatever from valuation or appraisement laws. Sums under three dollars, cash in hand. apr 1 95¶ LORENZO VANSCYOC, Admr.

By the President of the United States.

IN pursuance of law, I, James K. Polk, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known that public sales will be held at the undermentioned Land Offices in the State of Iowa, at the periods hereinafter designated, to-wit:

At the Land Office at Du Buque, commencing on Monday the twelfth day of July next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships, to wit:

North of the base line, and west of the fifth principal meridian.

Township eighty nine, ninety, and ninety one, of range ten.
Township eighty-nine, ninety, and ninety one, of range eleven.
Township eighty-nine and ninety, of range twelve.
Township eighty-nine and ninety, of range thirteen.
Township eighty-six, eighty-seven, eighty-eight, and eighty-nine, of range fourteen.
Township eighty nine, of range fifteen.

At the Land Office at Iowa City, commencing on Monday the nineteenth day of July next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships and parts of townships, to wit:

North of the base line and west of the fifth principal meridian.

Township seventy-nine, of ranges thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, and sixteen.

The northwest quarter, and the east half and northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section seven; the east half of the northwest quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of section seventeen; sections eighteen and twenty; the east half and northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-one; the south half of section twenty-two; the west half and southeast quarter of section twenty-six; the north half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-seven; sections twenty-eight, thirty, thirty-two, and thirty-four; the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirty-five, and the west half and southeast quarter of section thirty-six, in township seventy-six; and township seventy nine, of range seventeen.

All the sections with even numbers in township seventy-six, and the south half of section one (except the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter) in the same township; the east half and northwest quarter of the northeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section nineteen; sections twenty and twenty-eight; the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty nine; sections thirty, thirty-two, and thirty-four, and the east half and northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section thirty five, in township seventy-seven; and township seventy nine, of range eighteen.

The east half and northwest quarter of township seventy-eight, and townships seventy-nine, eighty, and eighty-one, of range nineteen.

At the Land Office at Fairfield, commencing on Monday the twenty-sixth day of July next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned sections, to-wit:

North of the base line and west of the fifth principal meridian.

All the sections with even numbers in townships seventy and seventy-one, and sections one, three, five, nine, eleven, thirteen and fifteen, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section seventeen; section twenty-three, (except the south half of the southwest quarter,) and section twenty-five, (except the south half of the southwest quarter,) in township seventy-one, of range eleven.

All the sections with even numbers in townships seventy and seventy-one, the south half of the southwest quarter of section nineteen; the south half of the southwest quarter of section twenty nine; section thirty-one; and the southwest quarter, and the south half of the southeast quarter of section thirty three, in township seventy; and the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section one, in township seventy-one, of range twelve.

All sections with even numbers in township seventy-one, of range thirteen.

The north half and southeast quarter of section two; the northeast quarter of section three; and the north half of section twelve, in township seventy-two; all the sections with even numbers in township seventy three, (except the west half of section eighteen, the southwest quarter of section twenty, and sections thirty and thirty-two;) the northwest quarter of section seven, and the northeast quarter of section thirty-three, in the same township; and all the sections with even numbers in township seventy-four, of range sixteen.

The northwest quarter and the west half of the southeast quarter of section one, and the northeast quarter of section twelve, in township seventy three; all the sections with even numbers in township seventy-four, (except the south half of section thirty, section thirty-two, and the west half and southeast quarter of section thirty-four;) and the south half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-seven; the south halves of the northeast and northwest quarters of section twenty-nine; and the southeast quarter, the south half of the northwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirty-five, in the same township, and all the sections with even numbers in township seventy-five, of range seventeen.

Sections two and four, the north half (except the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter) of section five; the northwest quarter, the west half and southeast quarter of the southeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section nine; sections ten, twelve, and fourteen; the west half and southeast quarter of the northwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of section fifteen; the southeast quarter, the west half and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty three; and section twenty-four, in township seventy-four; all the sections with even numbers in township seventy-five, and the south half, the west half and southeast quarter of the northwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirty-one, in the same township, of range eighteen.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military, or other purposes, will be excluded from the sales.

The sales will each be kept open for two weeks, (unless the lands are sooner disposed of,) and no longer; and no private entries of land in the townships or sections so offered, will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks from the commencement of said sales.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this first day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven

By the President: JAMES K. POLK.

RICHARD M. YOUNG, *Commissioner of the General Land Office.*

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS.

Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any lands within the limits of the townships above enumerated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the Register and Receiver of the proper Land Office, and make payment therefor, *as soon as practicable after seeing this notice*, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimed; otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

RICHARD M. YOUNG,

98-4 Je 17-10w *Commissioner of the General Land Office.*

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree to me directed from the clerk's office of the Marion circuit court, I will expose to public sale, on the 7th day of May, 1847, at the Court House door, in the town of Indianapolis, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years, of the following real estate, to-wit: Lot number 5, in square number 27, in the town of Indianapolis; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Isaac Harris and S. J. Patterson, at the suit of the Indianapolis Insurance Company.

A. W. RUSSELL,

98 Sheriff of Marion County.

PROCLAMATION.

THE qualified voters of the city of Indianapolis are hereby notified that an election will be held in the several wards of said city, at the places hereinafter mentioned, on Saturday, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1847, for the election of a mayor for said city, and also, at the same time and places in wards Nos. one, two, three, four, and seven, to elect one councilman for each of said wards.

The election to be held at the places and inspected as follows, viz:
First ward, at John Little's tavern, S. V. B. Noel, inspector.
Second ward, at the Court House, Henry P. Coburn, inspector.
Third ward, at Armstrong's tavern, H. Griffith, inspector.
Fourth ward, at Sheets's paper mill, John Douglass, inspector.
Fifth ward, at the Brewery, Daniel Carlisle, inspector.
Sixth ward, at Washington Hall, Charles Cox, inspector.
Seventh ward, at the District School House, Samuel P. Daniels, inspector.

The polls to be opened at one o'clock, P. M., and closed at four o'clock, P. M. on said day.

All voters in favor of the establishment of city free schools, will endorse upon the back of their ballots "FREE SCHOOLS," and those opposed to said schools will endorse in like manner "NO FREE SCHOOLS."

The inspectors and judges of said election will meet at the council chamber on the Monday next succeeding thereafter, at one o'clock, P. M., to compare the votes and award certificates of election.

By order of the common council. JOSEPH A. LEVY,

Attest: President of the Common Council.

JAMES G. JORDAN, Secretary. 97-1A24

Sale of Lands and Lots,

Mortgaged to the School Funds for failure to pay Interest.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Greenfield, March 11, 1847.

THERE Will be offered for sale at the Court House door, in the town of Greenfield, Hancock county, Indiana, on Thursday, the 29th day of May, A. D., 1847, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M of said day, all the following tracts or parcels of land and town lots, or so much of each as will pay the principal, interest, and costs, that may be due thereon; for failure to pay interest as it became due, in conformity with the provisions of law in relation to the School Funds.

Congressional School Fund.

No. 124. Southeast quarter of the northeast quarter sec 24 t 16 n r 7 e. Loan and interest $37.00. Mortgaged by Francis Cluft

No. 123. West half of lot number eighteen, Greenfield. Mortgaged by Edward Anderson. Loan and interest $25.75.

No. 140. West division of the west half of the northwest quarter, sec 21, t 16 n r 7 e. Mortgaged by Thomas Casteel. Loan and interest $22.44.

No. 141 and 142. Southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of sec 12 t 16 n r 6 e. Mortgaged by Isaac Cragan. Loan and interest $110.90.

No. 164. Northeast quarter of the northwest quarter, sec 29 t 17 r 7. Mortgaged by Stephen Jackson. Loan and interest $152.15.

No. 165. Southeast quarter of northwest quarter of section 8 t 17 r 7, mortgaged by Andrew Jackson. Loan and interest $53.20.

No. 176. East half of the southwest quarter of section 14, t 16 r 6. Mortgaged by James Alexander. Loan and interest $45.30.

No. 179. West half of the southwest quarter, section 2, t 15 n r 6 e. Mortgaged by Ovid Pierson. Loan and interest $126.25.

No. 180. Lot No. 79 in the town of Greenfield, mortgaged by Orson Pierson. Loan and interest $212.98.

No. 235. Southwest quarter of the northeast quarter sec. 30 t 17 r 8. Mortgaged by Hicks Combs. Loan and interest $100.90.

No. 263. West half northeast quarter sec. 23 t 16 r 7; also the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter, sec 23 t 16 r 7. Mortgaged by John P. Caley. Loan and interest $56.81.

Surplus Revenue.

No. 72. Northeast quarter of sec 33 t 16 n r 7 e. Mortgaged by J. B. Milroy. Loan and interest $469 05.

No. 78. West half northwest quarter sec 34 t 16 r 7 e. Mortgaged by S. M. Milroy. Loan and interest $156.61.

No. 265. Lot number twenty-five, in the town of Philadelphia. Mortgaged by A. W. Ogle. Loan and interest $27 05.

No. 81. East half of lots numbers 27 and 57 in the town of Greenfield. Mortgaged by Thomas W. Sargent. Loan and interest $223.22.

Cost and damages added on the day of sale. JOHN MYERS,

90-9w Auditor Hancock County.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of execution (Fi. Fa.) to me directed from the clerk's office of the circuit court of the United States for the district of Indiana, I will on the 10th day of May next at the Court House door in the town of Indianapolis between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., offer for sale the rents and profits for seven years of the following described real estate, situate in Marion county, to-wit: all of in-lot number three (3), in out-lot H., original plat of the town of Indianapolis; and on failure to realize a sufficient sum to satisfy the demand, I will at the same time and place offer for sale the fee simple of said above described real estate, taken as the property of James B. Ray, at the suit of George Luckey vs said James B. Ray et al. A. C. PEPPER, Marshal U. S.

For District of Indiana.

94—ts By GEO. MCOUAT, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two decrees to me directed from the clerk's office of the Marion circuit court, I will expose to public sale, on the 17th day of April, 1847, at the Court House door, in the town of Indianapolis, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years, of the following real estate, to-wit: The west half of lot number two in square number 13, in the town of Indianapolis; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Edward Davis, at the suit of Alfred Harrison and Hugh O'Neal.

A. W. RUSSELL,

92-3w-$1,62 Sheriff Marion County.

By the President of the United States.

IN pursuance of law, I, JAMES K. POLK, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, do hereby declare and make known, that a public sale will be held at the Land Office at MINERAL POINT, in the TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN, commencing on *Monday the sixteenth day of July next*, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships, to wit:

North of the base line and west of the fourth principal meridian.

Township seventeen, eighteen, and nineteen, of range three.
Township seventeen and eighteen, of range four.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military, or other purposes, will be excluded from the sale.

The sale will be kept open for two weeks, (unless the lands are sooner disposed of,) and no longer; and no private entries of land in the townships so offered, will be admitted, until after the expiration of two weeks from the commencement of said sale.

Given under my hand at the city of Washington, this first day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty seven.

By the President: JAMES K. POLK.

RICHARD M. YOUNG, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE EMETION CLAIMANTS.

Every person entitled to the right of pre emption to any lands within the townships above enumerated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the Register and Receiver at Mineral Point, and make payment therefor, *as soon as practicable after seeing this notice*, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimed; otherwise such claim will be forfeited. RICHARD M. YOUNG, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

98-t Je 17-10w

SALE OF MORTGAGED LANDS.

AUDITOR OF STATE'S OFFICE,
Indianapolis, April 6, 1847.

The following tracts, parcels, or lots of land, or so much of them as will sell for the amount due from the respective mortgagors, will, on Saturday, the 22d of May next, between the hours of 8 o'clock, A. M., and six o'clock, P. M., at the Court House in the town of Indianapolis, be offered for sale to the highest bidder, in conformity with the provisions of the 13th chapter of the Revised Statutes of 1843, and an act amendatory thereof, approved January 19, 1846; the said tracts, parcels, or lots of land having been mortgaged to the State to secure the payment of loans made of the several trust funds as hereinafter specified, and the mortgagors thereof having failed to pay the interest due as required by law. No bid of a less sum than that due for principal, interest, damages and costs, will be received.

Should the premises specified, or any of them, not sell for so much cash in hand as will satisfy the amount chargeable upon them, they will, (if deemed advisable) be bid in for the benefit of the State, and be immediately offered to the highest bidder, (the bid being equal to the amount due,) on a credit of five years, the purchaser to pay interest annually in advance, and the premises to forfeit to the State immediately on the failure to pay principal or interest when due. Where lands are sold on credit the purchaser will be required to pay, at the time of sale, the amount due for interest, damages, and costs.

College Fund.

Lots Nos. 7 and 8 in square 24, in the town of Noblesville, mortgaged by Albert S. Cole. Total amount due, $568 98.

The south fraction of the n e and the north fraction of the n e quarter of section 2, in township 14 n, range 1 w, containing 140 83-100 acres, in Hendricks county, mortgaged by John E. Johnson. Total amount due, $398 75.

Lot No. 69, in square 55, in the town of Indianapolis, mortgaged by Alexander F. Morrison. Total amount due, $568 07.

The east half of the n e qr of section 2, town 15 n, range 2 e, containing 84 acres and 37 hundredths, also 16 acres to be laid off in the n w corner of the west half of the n w qr of section 1, town 15 n, r 2 e, in Marion county, mortgaged by George McCaslin. Total amount due, $574 64.

The west half of the n w qr of sec 27, and the e half of the n e qr, sec 18, town 19 n, range 2 e, in Boone county, containing 160 acres, mortgaged by Wesley Smith. Total amount due $572 39.

The e hf of the n w qr and the n w qr of the n e qr of sec 26, in town 19 n, range 12 e, containing 120 acres, in Randolph county, mortgaged originally by James and Eleanor Pugh, forfeited and sold to Bazel Hunt. Total amount due, $355 39.

The east half of the n w and the west half of the n e qr of sec 7, town 26 n, range 3 w, in the county of White, mortgaged by Wm. M. Kenton. Total amount due, $667 68.

The w half of the s e qr of sec 33, town 16 n, range 8 e, containing 80 acres, in Hancock county, mortgaged by William Guston. Total amount due, $264 12.

The s e qr of the n w qr and the n e qr of the s w qr of sec 32, town 21 n, range 2 e, containing eighty acres, in Clinton county, mortgaged by Aquila Amos. Total amount due, $256 98.

The n e qr of sec 36, town 15 n, range 4 e, containing 160 acres, in Marion county, mortgaged by Daniel Peery. Total amount due, $366.

The w half of the n w qr of sec 35, town 23 n, range 4 w, containing 80 acres, in Tippecanoe county, mortgaged by Loyal Fairman. Total amount due, $469 74.

All that part of the s w qr of sec 10, in town 12, range 6 e, which is included in the following boundaries, viz: Beginning at the centre of said section, and running thence south 50 poles to a stake, thence west 160 poles, to a stake on the west line of said section, thence north 50 poles to the n w corner of said quarter, and thence east 160 poles to the place of beginning, containing 50 acres, in Shelby county, mortgaged by Jno. Simpson. Total amount due, $187.

Saline Fund.

Lots Nos. 1, 3, and 4, in square 73, in the town of Indianapolis, mortgaged by Nathaniel Bolton. Total amount due, $241 44.

Seventy acres off the south end of the southeast qr, to be designated by a line east and west through said quarter of sec 35, town 15 n, range 3 e, in Marion county, mortgaged by Edward Thomas. Total amount due, $415 88.

Part of the n e qr of sec 32, town 18 n, r 14 e, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake in Green's Fork of White Water on the sec line 18 poles s of the n e corner of said qr sec; thence north 18 poles to said north east corner of said qr sec; thence w 160 poles to the n w corner of said qr sec; thence south 160 poles to the centre of sec 32; thence west 40 perches to a stake in the creek; thence up said creek with the meander's thereof to the place of beginning; containing 109 acres more or less, in Wayne county, mortgaged by Reuben Joy. Total amount due, $366 18.

The west half of the n e qr of sec 21, township 14 n, range 2 w, in Hendricks county, mortgaged by Levi Jessup. Total amount due, $638 91.

Fractional n w qr sec 1, town 33 n, range 1 e, containing 160 acres and 23 hundredths, in Marshall county, mortgaged by Wm. C. Edwards. Total amount due, $345 88.

The n half of the e half of the n e qr of sec 33, town 36 n, range 5 w, containing 40 acres, in Porter county, originally mortgaged by Josiah Reed, and forfeited and sold to T. A. E. Campbell. Total amount due, $440 67.

The north half of the s e qr of sec 27, in town 14 n, range 4 e, containing 80 acres, in Johnson county, mortgaged by Jos. Brenton. Total amount due, $350 51.

Part of lot No. 195, in the town of Vincennes, in Knox county, bounded as follows: On the s w by Vigo street, being 84 feet on said street, and running back the same width to lot No. 194; on the s e by Fifth street, and on the n w by the lot of Wm. J. Hebert, mortgaged by John Myers. Total amount due, $616 78.

Surplus Revenue Fund.

Out lots, Nos. 21, 22, 23, 25, 36, 37, and 38, in the town of Martinsville, Morgan county, mortgaged by George Winter. Total amount due, $654 02.

Bank Tax Fund.

The s w qr of the n w qr of sec 14, town 16 n, r 1 e, in Hendricks county, containing 40 acres, mortgaged by John Merit. Total amount due, $121 32.

The e hf of the s e qr of sec 23, and the s w qr of sec 24, in town 4 n, of range 7 e, in Scott county, containing 240 acres, more or less, mortgaged by Michael G. Bright. Total amount due, $628 26.

A fraction of lot No. 33, in the town of Madison, Jefferson county, bounded as follows: Commencing at the s e corner of said lot; running from that point 64 feet north, thence west 84 feet, thence south 64 feet, and thence east 84 feet to the place of beginning, mortgaged by Jesse D. Bright. Total amount due, $93 40.

At Private Sale.

The tracts described below, having heretofore been forfeited and bid in by the State, for failure to pay principal and and interest when due, are subject to private sale under the provisions of the act approved January 19, 1846, entitled "an act providing for the better payment of the mortgages due the University fund and other Trust Funds."

College Fund.

The s e qr and s w qr of sec 20, town 19 n, r 12 e; also the west half of the s w qr of sec 21, town 19 n r 12 e; also the w half of the n e qr and the e half of the n w qr of sec 34, town 19 n, r 13 e, containing in all 439 acres, more or less, in Randolph county, mortgaged by Miles and Bazaleel Hunt, forfeited and sold to James P. Drake and Joshua M. Laugsdale, and by them forfeited. Total amount due, $1355 86.

The w half of the n e qr of sec 34, town 18 n, range 1 e, and the s w qr of the n e qr of sec 11, town 18, r 2 e, containing 120 acres, in Boone county, mortgaged by William Lee. Total amount due, $308 93.

The east half of the s w qr of sec 3, town 17 n, range 1 e, in the county of Boone, mortgaged by Jesse Smith. Total amount due, $359 48.

The e half of the s e qr of sec 36, town 3 n, r 6 w, containing 80 acres, in Daviess county, mortgaged by Joseph Miller. Total amount due, $343 95.

The e half of the n w qr of sec 15, town 18 n, r 2 e, [except 16½ acres off the n end deeded to R. Dodson) containing 63½