

THE INDIANA STATE SENTINEL

WEEKLY.

WILLIAM J. BROWN, Editor.
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NO. 22.

THE INDIANA STATE SENTINEL: A GAZETTE OF THE PEOPLE.

OFFICE IN THE TOMLINSON BUILDINGS
Corner of Washington Street and Hickory Alley,
SIGN OF THE HICKORY POLE.

AUSTIN H. BROWN, Publisher.

FOR SINGLE SUBSCRIBERS:

The Weekly Indiana State Sentinel,
IS ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

Eleven Copies for Ten Dollars!!
TO BE PAID IN ADVANCE IN ALL CASES.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1852.

Democrats stand to your Arms!

We have achieved a glorious victory over a most unscrupulous and vindictive opposition. We have appalled the Scottites by the magnitude of the grand result. Our triumph has cheered the hearts of our Democratic brethren in every State in the Union. Well and nobly have the Democracy done their duty. They have the applause of their brethren everywhere. But they must not cease their exertions, or pause to celebrate their first victory until the great battle is won.

The work is only half done. We have "scotched the snake, not killed it." We must now close our columns and advance to the shock. Every Democrat knows his duty. On the election day he will do it.

The question is not whether the State will vote for Pierce and King; but the question is, shall Indiana be the Banner State of the Union? By energy and activity the Democracy can make it so. On the third of November, the day after the great contest, let the wide-mouthed cannon proclaim our triumph. Let bonfires blaze from every hill. Every Democrat in Indiana is appointed a committee of vigilance. "One fire more along the whole line and the day is ours!"

Electoral Votes that Pierce and King will Get.

Maine	8
New Hampshire	8
New York	35
Pennsylvania	27
New Jersey	8
Delaware	3
Maryland	8
Virginia	15
North Carolina	10
South Carolina	7
Georgia	10
Florida	3
Alabama	8
Arkansas	4
Mississippi	7
Louisiana	6
Texas	4
California	4
Missouri	9
Tennessee	12
Ohio	23
Indiana	13
Illinois	11
Michigan	6
Wisconsin	5
Iowa	4
Total	265

Necessary to a choice one hundred and forty-nine.

We make this estimate with all the lights and shadows of the contest before us. We ask our readers to lay the paper by and compare it with the result.

CLASS A—CATTLE.

No. 1—Short Horns, thorough bred	48
No. 2—Devons	10
No. 3—Hersfordshire and Ayreshire	10
No. 4—Native and Grade	23
No. 5—Working Cattle and Steers	10
No. 6—Fat Cattle	14
No. 7—Milch Cows	6
No. 8—Foreign	17
No. 9—Best ten head from one county	2
No. 10—Sweepstakes	12
Total entries of cattle	151

CLASS B—HORSES.

No. 1—Blooded horses	139
No. 2—Quick Draft and Saddle Horses	139
No. 3—Heavy Draft Horses	44
No. 4—Jacks, Jennets, and Mules	38
No. 5—Horses for general purposes	12
No. 6—Colts one year old and under	12
Total entries of Horses, &c.	290

CLASS C—SHEEP.

No. 1—Fine Wool	42
No. 2—Middle Wool	29
No. 3—Long Wool	42
Total entries Sheep	73

CLASS D—HOGS.

Entries	18
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CLASS E—POULTRY.

Entries of all kinds—Chickens, Ducks, Turkeys, Pigeons, &c.	25
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CLASS F—FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.

Entries of all kinds	178
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CLASS G—BUTTER, CHEESE, HONEY, &c.

Entries	32
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CLASS H—DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Entries	314
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CLASS I—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

Entries	164
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MISCELLANEOUS.

Entries	120
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Total Entries, 1,365.

The Entries are mostly by citizens of this State. Nearly, if not quite all, the Foreign Stock and implements on exhibition, are for sale. Among the stock, we noticed some extraordinary fine specimens.

The number of entries—1365—indicates over 1,000 competitors. A large number of persons were in attendance all day yesterday, and a still larger number is expected to attend to-day.

We shall to-morrow notice at length a number of articles on exhibition.

On election day Nicholas McCarty voted and immediately went home to attend to his business, while Joe Wright peddled tickets all day at the polls.—*Indiana Journal.*

A Few Spoonfuls of Soup.

SCOTT ON THE DISTRIBUTION BILL.

In a letter written by General Scott, dated October 25, 1841, he says:

"If I had the honor of a vote on the occasion, it would have been in favor of the land distribution bill."

SCOTT ON A UNITED STATES BANK.

In the same letter he says:

"I have long been under a conviction, that in peace, as in war, something efficient in the nature of a Bank of the United States, is not only necessary and proper, but indispensable to the successful operations of the treasury, as well as to many of the wants of our commerce and currency."

SCOTT ON THE BANKRUPT LAW.

In the same letter he says:

"If I'd the honor to vote on the occasion, it would have been in favor of the Bankrupt bill."

SCOTT ON NATIVE AMERICANISM.

In a letter dated November 10, 1841, he says:

"I now hesitate before extending the period of residence before naturalization, and a total repeal of all acts of Congress on the subject—my mind inclines to the latter."

SCOTT ON ABOLITIONISM.

In a letter written February 9, 1843, he says:

"I suppose I scarcely need say, that in my opinion Congress has no color of authority under the Constitution for touching the relation of master and slave within a State. I hold the opposite opinion in respect to the District of Columbia."

"I have from the first been of the opinion that Congress was bound by the Constitution to receive, to refer, and to report upon petitions relating to domestic slavery."

"But I am persuaded that it is a high moral obligation of masters and slaveholding States to employ all means, not incompatible with the safety of both colors, to meliorate slavery, even to extermination."

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Mississippi	7
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FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 22, 1852.

The State Fair.

It is supposed that fifty thousand persons visited the Fair yesterday. The ground was thronged the whole day, and strangers were constantly arriving. The articles on exhibition are very numerous and varied, and, of course, of the very best quality.

Among the Cattle, the most numerous specimens are the thorough bred short horns, there being 45 entries of these alone. Prominent among these are the two cows and the yearling heifer of Mr. Hatcher of Kentucky, and the bull "Earl of Soham" belonging to Mr. Dennis, the Superintendent, which have heretofore been noticed in our paper. "Oregon," a white Durham, also from Wayne county, is a splendid animal, probably fully equal to the "Earl of Soham." "Gold Coin," a son of "Oregon," and "Boston," belonging to Mr. Dusen, of Clark county, Ky., are also very fine animals. Mr. Smith, of Hendricks county, and Mr. Drury, of Wayne, and several other persons whose names we could not learn, also exhibited some very fine short-horns.

The most beautiful cattle on the ground, however, in our opinion, are the Devons. There are about a dozen of these, and they attract considerable attention. We believe they belong to Mr. Collins, of Hamilton county, and to Mr. Kenyon, of Wayne county.

A number of very fine oxen and steers are present. One steer is nearly six feet high, and is said to weigh nearly 2,000 pounds, although he is far from being fat. We did not learn who is his owner.

Mr. Downing has a large number of Merino bucks, from New York. They are for sale, and are said by judges to be of a superior quality.

There are also a few Cotswold and Leicester sheep, which are fine animals.

A number of very large hogs are on exhibition, though the variety is not so great, nor the stock so good as might be looked for in a State which raises so much pork as Indiana does.

Next to the Cattle, the Horses make the best show. We found it, however, extremely difficult to learn anything about them, as, in but very few instances, did we find any one at the stalls who could give information concerning them.

Mr. Reeves, of Putnam county, has a fine bay stallion—"Sir Archie Ranger," two years old, and "Boxer Whip," belonging to Mr. Levi Cook, of Hamilton county, is also a fine animal.

The poultry makes a considerable show. Among the chickens are the Poland, Bantam, and Shanghai varieties; there are Muscovy and Poland ducks, wild geese, some large turkeys, and a few very beautiful pigeons and doves.

"Mechanic's Hall" contains a fine display of machinery and farming implements. Prominent among all are the scales from Durry & Co.'s manufactory, in Rochester, New York. There are any quantity of threshing machines, reapers, plows, corn planters, corn shellers, straw cutters, &c. Among the reapers, we are inclined to give the palm to Dismore's self-raking reaper. Getling's Wheat Drill receives considerable commendation.

There are some beautiful specimens of Carriages and Buggies. A Carriage by Messrs. W. P. & A. Applegate, of Connersville, and a Buggy by H. R. Gaston, of this city, are equal in workmanship, beauty of style, and finish to the best we ever saw anywhere. Mr. Lippincott, of Richmond, and others, also contribute some fine specimens of carriage architecture.

The "Cincinnati Artists' Union" exhibits a copy of Cole's "Voyage of Life," by Sonntag, a western artist of great merit. These pictures are said, by competent judges, to be equal to the originals, and a view of them is well worth the price of admission. The series will be distributed at the next drawing of the Union, which will be in January next.

The same Union also exhibits two beautiful engravings—"In a Quarry," and the "Teachings of Nature." These engravings are to be given to every subscriber to the Union. They are each worth the subscription price—five dollars.

"Manufacturers' Hall" is always crowded, because it contains the "fancy work" and the "flowers"—what there are of them. The season, however, is so far advanced that but few flowers and plants are on exhibition. Among them are a beautiful bunch of roses, deposited by —; two lemon trees, bearing fruit; some very fine Dahlias; and a Cactus and Century Plant, by Mrs. Orr, of this city.

There are some beautiful specimens of needle-work on exhibition by Miss Anna A. Jordan, Mrs. Wygant, and Miss Henderson, of this city, and Miss Cummins, of Madison. Miss Savitz, of Jeffersonville, contributes a lot of beautiful articles of flowers, accompanied by a very creditable letter to Gov. Wright. Miss Redfield exhibits a beautiful specimen of crocheted work. But the most beautiful and elaborate specimens of needle work we ever saw are those deposited by Mrs. Charlesworth, of Madison, and Miss Sallie Benbridge, of St. Mary's of the Woods. The Washington, by this latter lady, resembles, at a short distance, a fine painting, and is altogether the most artistic needle work we ever saw. The lady undoubtedly possesses considerable genius.

Talbot exhibits a splendid case of Hoosier made Silver Ware. It is not excelled in chasteness and elegance of design and execution by any we ever saw. It shows, in a very favorable light, the state of that art in our own State.

Mrs. Boies contributes a beautiful pyramid of shell work, "to the memory of Henry Clay." It is a beautiful article in design and execution.

Mr. Lindley, of this city, importer of Queensware, contributes a beautiful set of China ware.

Mr. Vajen exhibits a case of Carpenters' Tools, of home manufacture, which shows that Indiana can be beaten in that branch of manufactures.

Mr. Ott exhibits a lot of splendid furniture; giving evidence that he needs no protection but his own taste, skill, and industry to enable him to compete successfully with furniture makers in any part of the world.

Miss Ellen Whitney exhibits some beautifully worked collars and capes. Orr, of Madison, and Hall, of Indianapolis, show fine clothing, trunks, &c.; and McGinnis, of Indianapolis, and Levering & Hunt, of Lafayette, a case each of fine Hats.

Among the most attractive articles in the Hall were the specimens of Porcelain Ware exhibited by Mr. Morris, of this city, and Messrs. Winchel, Phelps, & Co., agents for the manufacturers. It is of American manufacture, the first that has ever been exhibited, we believe, in the West—at least the company at present manufacturing it is the first one to succeed in making good American porcelain—and they have succeeded. Their ware in every respect is much better than the foreign, and only about half as costly. During the day yesterday, we frequently saw persons amusing themselves by striking fire with a piece of steel, from the

bottom of a saucer, or some other equally frail article of a ten set. We have spoken of this war before.

A large crowd was always standing round the "Perfection Seal Press" of P. Evans, Jr. This is one of the most convenient and useful little articles on exhibition. It is used with greater ease and less consumption of time than any press ever before invented, and seems to be the *no plus ultra* of seal presses. It is light, elegant, and durable, weighing only about two pounds, and can be carried in the pocket. It is cheap too—seal and press all complete, costing only five dollars—considerably less than half the price of the old press. All that is required to produce an impression equal to the weight of a ton, is a quick hard blow with the open hand. Every business man should have one. Vajen, of this city, has them for sale.

Among the threshing machines, the "Improved Machine for threshing and cleaning Grain," from the manufactory of A. Gaar & Co., Richmond, attracted the most attention. It was a beautiful specimen of workmanship, and was awarded the first prize—a silver cup—as the best reaper on exhibition. On Thursday it threshed several bushels of wheat at the rate of one bushel in 45 seconds, or eighty bushels in an hour.

Probably the best specimen of neat and elegant workmanship on the ground was a buggy manufactured by H. R. Gaston, of this city. The wood is all, or nearly all, oak, and is not painted, but varnished and polished. The slightest defect in the wood or workmanship could thus be readily detected, but we believe there is not the least in either. It was altogether the most beautiful carriage at the Fair, and is highly creditable to the skill and taste of the manufacturer.

The best Saddle we ever saw was deposited by G. L. Fears, of Connersville. The price asked for it is fifty dollars, and from the labor which evidently must have been expended upon it, the quality of the materials used, and the ease which the Saddle would apparently afford to both horse and rider, we are inclined to think fifty dollars a low price for it.

A Spinning Wheel invented by Mr. Matheny, of Dearborn county, and exhibited by Joseph Stoops, of this county, who wears the right, attracted much attention from the farmers' wives and daughters. So did an improved Hand Loom, exhibited by Quackenbush & Davis, of Morgan county. These machines gave evidence that even in the good old "spinning wheel and cottage loom," much improvement can be made.

A Locomotive Lamp, manufactured by Olcott & Brother, Rochester, New York, appeared to be well fitted for what it was designed to give a brilliant light. A fire proof Safe, from the manufactory of Durry, Forshy & Co., Rochester, elicited much commendation from business men.

S. Rea, of this city, exhibited in two large frames, Daguerotypes of the members of the last Senate and House of this State. Also, likenesses of many of the young ladies of this city—beautiful, of course, or they would not have been likenesses. These Daguerotypes were executed in Rea's best style, which is equivalent to saying that they cannot be excelled in the world.

Mr. Weilding, from Connersville, also exhibits some excellent Daguerotypes. Many of his pictures very nearly, if not quite, equalled Rea's, and were highly creditable productions.

Messrs. W. H. & E. Carr, of Rushville, J. Salvage, of this city, and R. St. John, of Terre Haute, each contributed specimens of splendid Harness. Mr. A. Wigginton & Brother, of Martinsville, exhibited a beautiful Ladies' Hooped Saddle, which was much admired.

A Stave and some Flour-Barrels—the best we ever saw—and a lot of lasts, were exhibited by J. R. Osgood, of this city.

Mrs. E. Kirk, and Mrs. Miller, of this city, exhibited some "dear Bonnets," as the ladies said, and other "fixings" for the ladies, the names of which we did not know. One, a cross between a cloak and a sack coat, was marked "\$50.00," and many a bachelor incontinently blushed himself for his callidity as he passed it.

Cases of fancy articles and perfumery were deposited by Messrs. Craighead & Browning, and J. P. Pope & Co., Druggists, of this city.

Mr. Roberts, Druggist, of this city, had on exhibition two bottles of excellent Cologne, manufactured by him. A number of ladies who appeared to be *au fait* in the matter, said it was the best they had ever seen, and, though not much of a judge in such things, we fully agreed with them. The scent is the most fragrant we ever inhaled—equal to that of the most delicate flowers. Cologne made from the same recipe, Mr. Roberts informed us, has taken the prize at the recent State Fairs in Connecticut, Massachusetts, and New York.

Messrs. A. M. & P. G. C. Hunt, Dentists of this city, exhibited some specimens of their work, which we heard a lady say, almost tempted her to have all her teeth pulled, and her mouth filled with those of Hunt's manufacture—they looked so white, even, and natural.

Pumps of all sorts were plentifully exhibited. The "Hydraulic Force and Lift Pump," manufactured by G. D. Winchel & Co., Cincinnati, being the most novel in its construction, attracted the most attention.

The foregoing are only a few of the many articles on exhibition, and are such as attracted our attention in passing. The Executive Committee failed to make any arrangements for the accommodation of Reporters, and the exhibitors, in many instances, were not present, so that many articles which merited a notice escaped attention. This was peculiarly the case with the horses, and the fruit and vegetables.

The fair passed off pleasantly; the weather was fine the whole time, and not a single serious accident occurred. Some pockets were picked, and some money and other articles were lost, as was to be expected, but probably no serious inconvenience followed to the sufferers. We believe all, or nearly all who visited this city, found some kind of accommodations—as good as could be expected, considering the crowd, which on Thursday was estimated to be from 45,000 to 50,000 persons.

We have not heard what the receipts were, but presume they were considerably more than enough to pay expenses.

We shall publish a list of the premiums as soon as we can get them.

[For the Daily Indiana State Sentinel.]

Correction.

I have just learned from several quarters at the State Fair, that most exaggerated reports are circulating over the country respecting sickness at Greensdale, founded, it is said, on a private business note, which I addressed some weeks ago to an acquaintance in Cincinnati, and which by some means, I know not what, found its way into the Cincinnati papers.

It is true that during the latter part of August, and the early part of September, some sickness, and several deaths occurred at Greensdale, from flux, a disease to which every place in the United States is occasionally liable. But it has wholly disappeared, and general health has returned. I have lived in Greensdale twelve years, and I have never known a place, east or west, so healthy, as is that town usually.

W. C. LARABEE.

Indiana, October 21, 1852.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 1852.

To the Democracy of Indiana.

The following is the secret circular issued by John D. Defrees, editor of the Indiana State Journal, and chairman of the Whig State Central Committee. As chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, I have thought it due to the Democracy to publish this circular entire, that they may be fully advised of the desperate means the Whigs will employ to carry the State for Gen. Scott. Here is the address. Read it:

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 17, 1852.

GENELEMEN—We think the official returns will show that Wright's majority is not over twelve thousand. This unexpected majority was occasioned by the greatly increased foreign vote, whom the Locofocos have succeeded in prejudicing against us.

In many counties where the Whigs have long been in the minority, local candidates have made no effort for the State ticket, in the hope of securing Locofoco support for themselves. Wright, through influences which cannot operate against Gen. Scott, received many votes in every neighborhood. A great number of illegal votes were given, which can be extended next month by the proper vigilance at the polls.

Although the majority is greater than we expected, it is no less our duty to make every possible effort to overcome it. It may be done. Contributing much toward that object is the following plan:

Send two active Whigs into each township to make arrangements with the leading Whigs in each township to have every man who will support Scott at the polls. In every neighborhood may be found those who voted for the Locofoco ticket at the recent election, that can be induced to vote for Scott. Let those most likely to possess influence over them, exercise it. Such persons might be furnished with tickets before the day of election, so that they could vote their preference unawed by party leaders at the polls. It would be a good plan for those canvassing the townships to leave tickets in every house, as there are many that would secretly vote for Gen. Scott.

Our opponents, feeling secure on the large majority received by Governor Wright, will not make the same effort they did at the recent election. There is nothing about the character of their candidate to induce them to rally warmly in his support.

Let us appeal to you to aid us in making more effort to repel our State from the curse of Locofocoism, and in our duty to make every possible effort to overcome it. We believe Gen. Scott will be elected, even should he not get the vote of this State—yet there is not a true Whig in it that would not give it to him. Go to work, then, we conjure you, and cease not until the last ballot is cast on the first Tuesday in November, and if defeated we shall all have the proud satisfaction of having performed our duty.

JOHN D. DEFREES,
Chairman Central Committee.

Forewarned—be forearmed. Here are the Whig plans of secret operations unveiled. The first paragraph, contains a wilful misrepresentation. Gov. Wright's majority will exceed eighteen thousand. I deem it unnecessary to make any comments on this extraordinary circular. It speaks for itself. It is only necessary for our Democratic friends to know the secret plans and operations of the Whigs to counteract them. The Democrats issue no secret circulars. All their plans and operations are open to the inspection and criticism of their opponents. W. J. BROWN,
Chairman Dem. Central Committee.