oo long, perhaps, for any Democratic Senator to remember—the Senate had unanimously stood up for American rights and directed the President what he ought to do, and had given him the power to do it. And now, eighteen months afterwards, the British lion had opened his mouth and, as the Irishman would say, hoped to swallow them all by making a new treaty still better for British interests than any previous one. As to the act for transportation in bond, Mr. Edmunds expressed the belief that until the present Democratic administration came in, the construction put on that act had been quite more favorable to American interests and less favorable to British interests than that put upon it by Mr. Manning under the advice of the Democratic law-officer of the government. In his [Mr. Edmunds's] opinion, that construction was incorrect, but, as usual under this administration, where there was any doubt in the meaning of a statute, that doubt was always solved in favor of the foreigner, not because the administration loved the foreigner, but on account of the generosity of its disposition, and of its love of universal human nature.

Mr. Gorman said there could be no earthly excuse for the Senator from Vermont making such personal allusions to him except the principle which he might have learned when practicing in the lower courts many years ago—when he had no case, then to abuse his opponent. He [Mr. Gorman] in what he said, had referred to no individual and to no party. The Senator from Vermont ought to be the last member of the Senate to refer to the connection of any of his brother Senators with railroad business. He [Mr. Gorman] had made no personal reference to that Senator, and had not alluded to the fact that, while legislating on the great questions in the Senate, his time and his services had been taken and paid for by some of the great railroad corporations of the country. That was not the way for Senators to treat each other. A school of hypocrites and Pharisees had grown up in this country from both parties, who traduced public men on all occasions and intimated that they were controlled by bad, corrupt or personal motives, and this had gone on until he had sometimes thought that both houses were cowed under such charges. But it was an outrage for the Senator from Vermont, the leader of his party, to descend to that low plane. As to the construction given by Mr. Manning to the act of 1886, allowing transportation in bond, if it were not correct, why had not the chairman of the Senate committee on judiciary [Mr. Edmunds] reported a measure to correct it? The responsibility was on the Senator from Vermont, and "no guilty man should escape."

Mr. Cullom closed the discussion, declaring in conclusion that if it were necessary that the flag of the American nation should float over Canada in order to protect the American people, he should be in favor of it before the subject was got through with.

The resolution was then adopted without a division.

The resolution of yesterday, fixing the hour of daily meeting at 11 A. M., was adopted—yeas 24, nays 23—a party vote; and a resolution offered by Mr. Gray, that when the Senate adjourn today it be till Monday, was also adopted—yeas 21, nays 19.

The Senate then proceeded to consider the fisheries treaty in open executive session, and was addressed by Mr. Teller in opposition to its ratification. He was followed by Mr. Morgan, and Mr. Vance then obtained the floor and the Senate resumed legislative business. Senators Allison, Plumb and Gorman were appointed conferees on the army appropriation bill. Adjourned until Monday.

TRYING TO SUPPRESS HOVEY.

Efforts of the Democrats to Prevent Delivery of His Pension Speeches.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—"It seemed to me that I never would get an opportunity to speak on the subject of pensions," said General Hovey, of Indiana, in discussing, to-night, the ordeal through which he passed in securing recognition for the delivery of his speech in the House yesterday. "If I have asked the Speaker once during the session to recognize me to talk on the pension question since this session began, it seems to me I have asked him about fifty times," continued the General, "and I was steadily and persistently refused. Finally I got recognition to speak, the first time, on the 20th of April. Very soon after I began, the Democrats discovered that I intended to rasp them on their dereliction toward the soldiers, and they entered every conceivable objection, and finally succeeded in cutting me off. General Henderson, of Iowa, yielded me the time which was due him, and I was permitted to proceed. At the expiration of the Iowan's time I was again cut off, and Gov. Long, of Massachusetts, gave me his time. When this was consumed I was again stopped, although prominent men on the Republican side begged the Democrats to permit me to proceed to a finish, as I needed but a few minutes. There was such a shameful objection that Mr. Foran, of Cleveland, who is a loyal Democrat, became disgusted with his party and yielded me sufficient of his time to complete my speech. Yesterday, after months of diligent effort to secure recognition, I began to talk, and the Democrats attempted to frustrate me as soon as I began. Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, was determined that he would keep me from speaking, and kept interrupting until my five minutes was exhausted. Four times I was completely shut off by the Democrats, and it was a terrible ordeal that I passed through in securing enough time to complete what I had to say."

HOLMAN'S METHODS.

The Cheese-Paring Statesman Denounced as a Fraud by a Democratic Paper.

E. W. Ayers, in Kansas City Times (Dem.)

As foreshadowed in special dispatches published in the Times of the 21st instant, Mr. Holman, of Indiana, chairman of the public lands committee, made an unworthy effort on the 25th instant to work through the House the Voorhees town-site scheme bill, attaching No Man's Land to the State of Kansas for judicial purposes. This bill was sneaked through the public lands committee by Mr. Holman, who, instead of pursuing the usual and honest course, quietly kept the same in his desk without report until an opportune moment was presented for playing the same sneak game in the House. Then he drew the bill from its hiding-place and asked the House to consider it without going through the form of regularly reporting the measure. Fortunately, the friends of the Oklahoma bill were on the alert, and quickly and effectively checked Mr. Holman's little game, which had for ulterior purpose the injury of the Oklahoma measure.

The fact really is, however, Mr. Holman only afforded another potent demonstration of his tricky tactics. No Representative in Congress enjoys a more undeserved reputation for official integrity, economy, philanthropy and reform proclivities than Mr. Holman. He is held up everywhere as one of the special watch-dogs of the Treasury, an anti-monopolist and great reformer, when all of these virtues with him are honored more in the breach than the observance. He is notoriously small and unfair and therefore has lost prestige with his colleagues without respect of party. He does well enough to figure as a scarecrow to new members and tyros, but those who know him best rate him in the small measure which he deserves.

He has no compunctions in attacking the Treasury when such inroads may benefit his own district or advance his individual purposes, but so long as he can interpose objections where other members are concerned he hews closely to his pretended principles of economy. When legislation is desired by the Northern Pacific railroad Mr. Holman insists that this company is opposed to it, and presses its passage by the committee and the House on the assertion that Northern Pacific is against it, when it is known that he is a Northern Pacific man, body, soul and breeches, and aids its purposes, whether to retard or advance legislation, by this cunning indirection. In other words, Mr. Holman's preaching and his practices are different commodities, but his crafty tactics do not now puzzle the membership so much as formerly. When he rises and makes his favorite gesture of putting his right forefinger in his left palm his colleagues wink at each other and exclaim, with Charles Dickens, "Wonder what is Hawkshaw's little game!" Brother Holman, like the Bishop of Grenada in "Gil Blas," ought to retire from public life on his ill-deserved reputation for economic reform, else in the end he may be discovered in his true colors by a confiding public and dubbed a congressional charlatan. The press-gallery people, who are good judges of men and things, unite in the opinion that he is, so to speak, considerable of a fraud.

MINOR MATTERS.

Cleveland's Letter of Acceptance Undergoing Revision in New York.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—A Democratic member, who returned from New York to-day, says President Cleveland took with him on his fishing trip, last week, a rough draft of his letter of acceptance, and that it has been in New York for several days for the criticism of party leaders there. It is understood that Speaker Carlisle's visit to New York this week was for the purpose of meeting some of the prominent Democrats of the country, who went over the President's letter, and who have submitted suggestions intended to improve its political tone. The President was asked to-day by a visitor when he would issue his letter to the public, and the chief executive smiled as he replied: "Oh, I think that is a matter of indifference to the party, and of little consequence to the country. I do not see any use of hurrying this hot weather." It is believed that the letter has been delayed for the purpose of seeing what the Senate is likely to do on the tariff question, and also to give time for consulting various prominent Democratic leaders.

Indiana Pensions.

Pensions have been granted the following-named Indianians:

Jane Austin, Vincennes; Almira J. Bryant, Brownstown; J. T. Kesoe, Corydon; J. S. Girard, Vevay; J. E. Hyden, Spencer; Jas. Cole, Buck Creek; A. H. Bisker, Newville; Eleazer Smith, Fountain City; Elias Beard, Altoga; J. P. Flinn, Fort Ritner; A. J. Neill, Whitehall; Jas. Costello, Indianapolis; Geo. C. Bye, jr., Milltown; John I. Stevens, Columbus; Amos Davis, Poneto; J. L. Bricken, Portland; W. L. Taylor, Middle Fork; J. L. Kuntz, Butlerville; E. T. Hite, Wolf Lake; W. C. Compton, Shelbyville; Chas. Laswell, Versailles; Peter Bamberger, Bretzville; E. Berhomar, Milford; Wm. Murgur, Vevay; J. S. Cragun, Alto; J. K. Hawkins, Bartlettsville; W. R. Smith, Whitestown; G. W. Martin, Union City; Dennis Gearing, Arcola; Chas. Brown, Salem Center; Abraham Lutz, Napoleon; J. H. Braggs, Harveysburg; T. C. Gillespie, Staunton; Amos Ballenger, Richmond; Geo. Livingston, New Richmond; H. W. Ballard, Medaryville; S. N. Bailey, Aldine; Jas. Bond, Schooner; A. C. Miller, Rigdon; N. Prater, Fortville; Benj. Turner, Harrisburg; J. B. Rollin, Indianapolis; Richard Deeren, Upland; Jas. R. Mills, Windfall; D. A. Brewin, North Indianapolis; Samuel Roberts, Pierceville.

Nominations by the President.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Postmasters—Henry Jayne, Taylorville, Ill.; Philip Heinkel, Sheldon, Ia.; John W. Beatty, Mexico, Mo.; Frank P. Thompson, Cloquet, Minn.; Mary F. Winfield, Forest City, Ark.; Jesse L. Cravens, Fayetteville, Ark.; Thomas Beesely, Provo City, Utah. Capt. Winfield Scott Schley, to be chief of the Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting, with the rank of commodore.

General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Representative Tom Bayne, of Allegheny City, Pa., said to-day that there was no truth in the report circulated that he had sent out a large number of copies of the tariff speech of Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, under the impression that they were the speech of McKinley, of Ohio. The story seems to have been circulated as a hoax by some of Colonel Bayne's colleagues.

Gus M. Roberts, of Lawrenceburg, is at the St. James.

Hon. G. Roberts and wife, and Hon. J. R. Crestman, of Indiana, called upon President Cleveland this morning.

By direction of the Secretary of War, to complete the record, the muster into service of George Lindsey as first lieutenant, Company B, One-hundred-and-first Indiana Infantry Volunteers, Dec. 19, 1864, is amended to take effect Sept. 17, 1864; his discharge as first lieutenant, same company and regiment, June 24, 1865, is amended to date April 30, 1865; he is mustered into service as captain, same company and regiment, to date May 1, 1865; mustered out and honorably discharged as captain June 24, 1865; and he is mustered for pay in said grades during the periods embraced between the aforesaid dates.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Mrs. Langtry yesterday made the statement that this would be her last season on the stage.

Corporal Ford, Third Infantry, from Ft. Snelling, in attempting to board a St. Paul cable-car, Thursday evening, fell under the car and was killed.

Samuel Luckett was arrested at Dewitt, Ark., Thursday, charged with the murder of his brother, Felix G. Luckett, near that place, Tuesday. Luckett acknowledges the killing, but claims it was done in self-defense. Mob violence is feared.

J. L. Legare, of Wood mountain, will meet an officer of the American government at Regina and offer testimony as to his claim to have assisted in the capture of Sitting Bull, for which he asks a large sum. He inveigled Sitting Bull's band into Canada.

The examination of Messrs. Shotwell and Clerihew, of the recently assigned wholesale dry goods firm of Shotwell, Clerihew & Lothman, of Minneapolis, was concluded yesterday. Judge Mahoney announced that he would hold Mr. Shotwell for action by the grand jury and discharge Mr. Clerihew. The decision created a sensation.

Policeman Mysteriously Killed.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 3.—At 1:30 o'clock this morning the policemen on the various beats on St. Anthony Hill heard the report of a pistol, coming from the direction of Virginia and Summit avenues. Those who heard it immediately made their way toward that section of the hill, but failed to find anything suspicious. The policeman on the Virginia-avenue beat could not be found, however, and this fact set the officers to searching for him. After three hours' search the missing man was found lying stone dead on Virginia avenue, about 100 feet north from Summit avenue, with a bullet wound just below the right eye. The dead officer, whose name is Hans Hanson, joined the force last September. He was about twenty-nine years of age, and married. He was formerly employed by the Merchants' National Bank. When found at 4:30 the body was lying on Virginia avenue, with the feet on the curb-stone and the body in the roadway. In his hand was grasped his revolver at half-cock, and he wore his rubber coat. The bullet which caused his death had shattered the right eye. Chief Clark, speaking of the occurrence, said: "It is probable that Hanson was killed by burglars, but if so we have failed to find that a single house in the neighborhood has been disturbed. Another theory is that he was shot by some person who mistook him for a footpad. This might be the case, as Hanson wore his rubber coat over his uniform. So far we have no trace of the murderer." Coroner Quin says that death was instantaneous, and that Hanson could not have had time to move his feet.

Cast-Steel Shells.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 3.—While awaiting the governmental test of the Hainsworth cast-steel gun, the Pittsburg Steel-casting Company has produced at their works a cast-steel shell, the first ever made in the United States, or, in fact, in the world, which indicates success. Superintendent Hainsworth says a few hundred steel shells have been made in England, but they were cut from a forged ingot and then bored, necessarily making them very expensive. The shells which the Pittsburg works are manufacturing are conical in shape, 6 inches in diameter at the largest end and tapering to a point 2¾ inches, including the opening at which the cap is placed. It has an elongation of 21½ inches, and weighs 95 pounds, requiring five pounds of powder for a charge, making the total weight 100 pounds. Fifty pounds of powder will throw the projectile a distance of six and one-half miles, and it will travel at the rate of 2,000 feet per second. Mr. Hainsworth experimented with the manufacture of cast-steel shells two years ago, but did not meet with success. The failures in England, France and Germany, in recent attempts to produce a serviceable cast-steel shell, urged him on to greater determination, and he is now confident his shell will fill the expectations of the world. The Pittsburg Steel-casting Company has received an experimental order for 500 shells, which will be followed by one of 2,000.

Unparalleled Storms at Duluth.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 3.—Two separate storms of rain, hail, thunder and lightning visited Duluth last evening within a few moments of each other. During two hours the rain was the heaviest ever known here. Several houses were struck by lightning, but no one injured. A policeman and five men, standing on a corner watching the floods, were knocked down by lightning, but recovered. Upward of fifty firms suffered loss through flooded stores and basements, the losses ranging as high as $4,000 in some instances. Fred Bayhi, who was the heaviest loser, has been flooded out three times. Travel on street-car lines was immediately stopped by floods of water rushing over the tracks at some places two and three feet deep. The electric-light station was flooded and the lights all over the city went out. Washouts of sewers, sidewalks and cross-walks are too numerous to enumerate, extending all over the city. Telegraph and telephone wires were badly broken and mixed, and railroad yard and road tracks undermined and carried away. The losses will aggregate to the city, county, railroads and private individuals at least $150,000.

Driven Insane by Cigarette Smoking.

PARIS, Ky., Aug. 3.—Henry M. Vimont, of Millersburg, Ky., was yesterday sent to the Lexington Insane Asylum. Those who were acquainted with his habits say that his loss of reason was caused by his inveterate cigarette smoking, he having been known to smoke over one hundred per day. At the time that his mind commenced to give way he was holding a lucrative position in Leadville, Col., a couple of years ago, and was a model young man.

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

The Daily Chronicle of Happenings of Various Kinds in the Two States.

Three Evansville Citizens Die from Effects of Heat—Death from an Accidental Blow—Troubles of an Indian Medicine Man.

INDIANA.

Three Evansville Men Prostrated by Heat, All Dying from the Effects.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EVANSVILLE, Aug. 3.—Prof. Otto A. Schmidt, director of the Evansville Liederkranz, was found dead at his residence at 2 o'clock this afternoon. He was in good health this morning, gave four music lessons, and about 10 o'clock went home. When found he was lying on the floor, partially undressed, and blood coming from his lips. The physician says that he had suffered a sunstroke and died from its effects. His wife was away on a visit, and there was no one in the house. Professor Schmidt was thirty-six years old, and came here a year ago from Buffalo, N. Y. He was the director of the State sängerfest, at Fort Wayne, a few years ago, and previous to this was the leader of a German society in St. Louis. He was a splendid musician, and a man of many brilliant parts and social qualities.

Mr. Conrad Ziener, an old and prominent citizen, went to Ash-Iron Springs this morning to secure a much needed rest, and at 7 to-night was brought back a corpse, having died at the springs three hours after he reached there. His death was due to heat prostration. Mr. Ziener leaves a wife and five children.

Thomas Wilson, a commission-broker, was prostrated about 10 o'clock this morning and died at sundown. He was a young man, well known and popular.

Sandbagged and Robbed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WARSAW, Aug. 3.—A young man by the name of Fred Nieman was sandbagged in this place, last night, and at noon to-day was still unable to intelligibly give an account of the affair. He was found at an early hour wandering about the streets in a semi-unconscious condition, and has remained so ever since. The young man's friends claim that he had $60 in his possession at the time. This was taken. All he had in his pockets when discovered was a lead pencil and a revolver. Suspicions point to a couple of very tough young rascals of this place, both of whom have been in former scrapes.

Bartholomew County Teachers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 3.—The meeting of the teachers which has been in session here during the past five days closed this afternoon. There was a full attendance of teachers and the institute is pronounced as being the most successful ever held in the county. Prof. W. W. Parsons, of the State Normal College, and Prof. A. Parsons, of the Depauw Normal, at Greencastle, were the instructors.

Death from an Accidental Blow.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ELKHART, Aug. 3.—Jacob Ratz died here today from the effects of a blow from a hand-car handle in its upward movement, received yesterday. It was charged that he had been fatally kicked by a companion, and an official investigation was made, which disposes of the charge.

Minor Notes.

Citizens of Peru are arranging to form a board of trade.

The dwelling of Alonzo Lamphir, six miles from Columbus, burned on Thursday. Loss, $800; insured in the Connecticut for $500.

Thomas Hines, a farmer near Moore's Hill, was bitten in the hand by a copperhead snake. His arm is terribly swollen and his life imperiled.

At Vincennes, yesterday, Mr. John B. Yost, proprietor of the St. John's Hotel, was sunstruck, and died in fifteen minutes. He was thirty-two years old and married.

The dwelling of Elizabeth Abernathy, on her farm, about eight miles from Columbus, burned on Thursday from defective flue. Loss, $1,000; insured in the Orient for $700.

During a heavy rain-storm, at Seymour, on Monday, a large number of fish of a variety unknown, some of them four inches in length, fell in that neighborhood. The occurrence excited a good deal of curiosity, but no one has been able to explain the phenomenon.

Mrs. D. P. Mays and her daughter keep a toll-gate east of Columbus. A man and woman in a buggy drove through at a late hour Thursday night, the man firing a revolver at Mrs. Mays, the ball striking the wrist, coming out at the elbow, tearing her arm fearfully. No arrests yet.

The fourth annual camp-meeting at Willow Branch commenced Aug. 1, and will last ten days. The meeting is conducted on the "holiness line," by John T. Hatfield and A. M. Patterson, of Charlottesville, and L. B. Kent, of Jacksonville, Ill.; Charles Harvey, of Fountain City; Robert Reed, of Dublin; Rev. Gild, of Philadelphia, are in attendance. The meetings are well attended.

ILLINOIS.

An "Indian Medicine Man" Who is Having Large Experience with the Law.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARSHALL, Aug. 3.—A "much-tried man" truly is Blue Mountain Joe, the "Indian medicine man" who held forth here for eight weeks, recently. While here he was arrested on three different charges for selling medicine and practicing medicine without a license, the prosecutions being instigated by the State Board of Health, and he gained every suit. He is now in Robinson, Crawford county, and has already beaten several suits that have been brought against him. But he has now a suit of greater magnitude on his hands, the State Board of Health having sued him for $20,000 in the Circuit Court of Crawford county.

Senator Cullom's Daughter to Be Married.

SPRINGFIELD, Aug. 3.—The engagement is announced of Miss Carrie Cullom, the youngest daughter of the Senator, to Robert Gordon Hardie, the portrait painter of New York. The wedding is to take place the latter part of October or the first of November, at the First Presbyterian Church of Springfield.

Brief Mention.

A petition thirty feet long was sent to Governor Oglesby, Thursday, asking for the pardon of Dr. C. H. Bean, of Cherry Valley, who was sent to Joliet for one year for criminal assault.

At York, Neb., Wednesday evening, William P. Wilson, a drummer, aged twenty, to avoid arrest married Miss Ella Moore, of Macomb, Ill., aged twenty-five, whom he was accused of betraying. Miss Moore was accompanied by her father, sheriff of McDonough county.

A disastrous storm visited Richview and vicinity, Tuesday afternoon, and caused great damage to the fruit crop and corn. Robbie Stinde, of St. Louis, and Bert Eastman, two boys, had taken refuge in a barn. The barn was blown down and they were caught in the debris and received fatal injuries.

Sheridan Does Not Improve.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 3.—There are rumors at Nonquitt that there is some change in General Sheridan's condition. He seems to have reached a stage in his convalescence where no change can be perceived in forty-eight hours, or even in twice that period. As far as can be ascertained, the improvement has been made during the first eighteen days at Nonquitt, and since then there has been hardly any perceptible alteration. He has become used to the routine of the sick room, and it fatigues him much less than previously. He reads the proofs of his book every day, and sees the children in the evening. Dr. Pepper will arrive probably on Saturday. That there is any special reason for his coming is denied. He saw Sheridan at his worst in Washington; saw him at Lewes, about a month later, and now, when Dr. Pepper is on his way to Bar Harbor, to see a patient, there is a convenient opportunity to visit Nonquitt. So say the physicians.

Long Chase After a Criminal.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—United States detectives left this city for San Francisco on Sunday, for the purpose of arresting Wm. Rains, alias Raymond, alias Colby, Baptist minister, spiritualist medium, gambler and train robber, for whom they have been searching since 1877. They expect to reach San Francisco to-day and to arrest him at once at 45 Sixth street, where he is now playing the role of slate-writing medium. The officers allege that in 1872 he robbed a mail car near Austin, Tex., binding and gagging the clerk, and securing about $3,000. In 1875, under the name of Rains, he held a successful revival meeting in Hearns, Tex. While it was in progress a train was held at the depot because of an accident and the train men attending the revival services. Rains pleaded illness and was not present. The mail-car was robbed of $4,000. Rains was arrested, convicted and sentenced to four years' imprisonment for the crime. In prison he developed all of the symptoms of consumption, and was finally pardoned by President Hayes, in 1877, and disappeared completely for a time. Subsequently he appeared as a slate-writing and materializing medium in New York and Chicago. Last week the detectives located him in San Francisco, and left, as stated, for the purpose of taking him into custody.

A FLOUR TRUST.

A Close Organization Which Proposes to Regulate Both Prices and Production.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 3.—Circulars have been issued by Alex. H. Smith, secretary of the St. Louis Millers' Association, calling a meeting of millers of Missouri, Illinois, Kansas, Indiana, Tennessee, and of all winter-wheat States, for the purpose of forming a flour trust. The meeting is to be held in St. Louis Aug. 31. An agreement has already been signed by all the prominent millers of St. Louis, the St. Louis association having a capacity of 17,500 barrels per day. The agreement is very rigid in its stipulations. It is proposed to call the trust "The Central Millers' Association," the object being to secure to members a legitimate profit on products. The following stipulation will be found in the agreement:

"Absolute submission to authority, of which the individual member is only an integral part. The power of the directors is made absolute. They are to fix prices, may order reduction in output or closing down of mill, and contract with brokers to act for members of the association. Credits are not to exceed thirty days. Mills at points tributary to St. Louis, Detroit or Toledo shall not pay over the current prices for same grades of wheat or flour in those markets, less two-thirds of the freight rate thereto. All sales of less than car lots must be 10 cents higher than current minimum prices."

The Trust proposes to control, absolutely, the output, price and sale of flour in the territory it will govern. The circular has been kept a profound secret until to-day, and the promoters of the project are very angry over its gaining publicity.

FALLEN FROM GRACE.

An Evansville Pastor Charged with Insulting One of His Lady Parishioners.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 3.—A sensation was created in church circles to-night by the arrest of Rev. Thomas McEwen, acting pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, on the charge of using grossly insulting language to Mrs. W. S. McCallan, wife of the master of transportation of the Evansville & Terre Haute railway. Mrs. McCallan was on her way home from a neighbor's house, and was followed by McEwen, who made a vile proposition to her to take a walk with him. This took place as the lady was entering her own gate. The insulted woman called to her husband and McEwen took to his heels, and was followed by McCallan until they met an officer, who arrested McEwen. He was positively identified by Mrs. McCallan and then locked up. He denies his guilt, and says it is a case of mistaken identity. McEwen is from Galesburg, Ill., and a divinity student. He came here only a few days ago to take charge of St. Paul's Church during the pastor's summer vacation. The church people are greatly incensed, and are attempting to keep the matter quiet, but your correspondent has stated nothing but facts obtained from the officer and the insulted lady.

A Reverend Smuggler.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Aug. 3.—Among the passengers by the Rotterdam, which arrived yesterday, was the Rev. J. V. Dunadas, of Rice county, Minnesota, who declared that he had no dutiable articles in his baggage. A customs officer, however, found in his trunk a fine white India crape shawl and a quantity of men's and ladies' underwear, and 5,000 cigars in boxes snugly fitted in the false bottom of his trunk. The trunk was seized.

Lesson for a Black-Mailer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 3.—Something of a sensation was created this afternoon by one Eisfelder, representative of a small paper here, rushing down the steps of the Nevada Bank crying "Murder." Eisfelder had secured an interview with ex-Senator James G. Fair, who is president of the Nevada Bank, and threatened Fair with the publication of a scurrilous article against him if he did not at once give Eisfelder $5,000. The demand so enraged Fair that he felled the man with a blow. Eisfelder then drew a pistol. Fair, drawing his own, struck the black-mailer on the head, when the clerks of the bank rushed in and joined in defending their president. Eisfelder fled.

About the Late "Blinky" Morgan.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—Charles Morgan, who was hanged at Columbus, O., this morning, was known in this city as Charles Wood, alias Blinky Morgan. Chief of Detectives Wood was well acquainted with the thief and murderer. At the time of the murder of Detective Hulligan a picture of "Blinky" was sent to this city but was not recognized. The picture of Morgan in Chief Wood's rogues' gallery was taken about two years ago. The Mrs. Nellie Lowrey, of Cleveland, O., to whom Morgan refers in a letter to Tom, alias "Shang" Draper, is also known to Philadelphia detectives. She is said to be the wife of "Bull" Lowrey, a notorious thief, formerly of this city.

Steamship News.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Arrived: Persian Monarch, from New York.

BREMEN, Aug. 3.—Arrived: Main, from Baltimore.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 3.—Arrived: Michigan, from Boston.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Arrived: Italy, from Liverpool; Lahn, from Bremen; Rotterdam, from Rotterdam.

Triple Drowning in Iowa.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Aug. 3.—A triple drowning accident is reported from Fayette county. A party came to Motor, a small town on Turkey river, last Thursday, to put in the day fishing. During the afternoon three of their number got into a deep hole and were drowned before help could reach them. Their names are: Charles Ray, Mary S. Wales, and John Martin. The two former were to be married next week. The other was a boy of fourteen. His father and mother stood helpless on the bank and saw him drown.

Lawyer Sweezy Again Arrested.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Lawyer Field W. Sweezy, who was arrested in Marion, Ind., and brought to this city to answer a charge of complicity in a criminal operation on Miss Annie L. Murphy, who was then supposed to be dying, obtained his release on bail when she got out of danger, but has again been arrested in a civil suit, brought by the girl for the recovery of $25,000 for breach of promise of marriage. He was released on $500 bail.

Old Grudge Ends in Murder.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 3.—At the corner of Beach street and the Warsaw Pike, Price Hill, to-night, at 8 o'clock, Thomas J. McNamara, a blacksmith, shot and killed William Prout, a carriage-maker. The two men were neighbors, and the killing was the result of an old grudge. Prout was shot three times, one of the bullets passing through the heart, killing him instantly. The weapon used was a bull-dog revolver. McNamara is in jail.

Shot to Death on a Public Road.

TEMPLE, Tex., Aug. 3.—A bloody tragedy occurred on the public road near Rogers, on Wednesday. H. R. Lemmon and Hank Emmons were traveling from Rogers toward their home, and were met by J. M. Crow, with whom Lemmon had previously had trouble. Shooting commenced at once. Both Lemmon and Emmons were shot to death, and their bodies were left lying in the road.

Suicide of Professor Parker.

STOCKTON, Cal., Aug. 3.—The remains of Prof. F. A. Parker, principal of the high-school of Dubuque, Ia., have been brought here en route to the East. He was one of a party of Eastern teachers who visited the Yosemite valley. When at the station on the return trip, yesterday morning, he shot himself while suffering from an attack of intermittent fever.

Murdered at the Polls.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 3.—Yesterday, at a voting precinct in the Tenth district of Caliborne county, Burnside Yokum shot and killed James Smith, the independent Republican candidate for county trustee. Smith and Yokum's brother were engaged in a hot discussion over the election, when Yokum shot Smith through the temple. Yokum escaped.

INDIANA POLITICS.

Mr. Crumpacker Discusses the Tenth District and the Gubernatorial Candidacy.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DELPHI, Ind., Aug. 2.—Mr. E. D. Crumpacker, Republican chairman of the Tenth congressional district, was in the city to-day on his way home to Valparaiso. He was seen by your representative, and had none other than words of encouragement for the Republicans of the district.

"I've been to Logansport to attend a meeting of the district committee," he said, "and I was surprised at the reports that came from all the counties. Accessions to the Republican ranks are reported from all sides. The great principle of the protective tariff is at stake, and the Democratic position on this question is driving scores of recruits into the ranks of Harrison and Morton. I had heard that Cass county was not organized, but was agreeably surprised, not only to find them organized thoroughly, but pushing the fight right along. The same satisfactory reports come from all parts of the district."

"Where will the congressional convention be held?"

"At Rochester, the home of the Democratic candidate. There will be no opposition to Congressman Owen. He will be at the convention, and we will give him a send-off that will raise the hair on the head of his Democratic opponent."

"Now that Porter is out of the race, who do you think is the choice of this district?"

"Governor Robertson, by great odds. I find the people consider that it is due him. You see he was elected Lieutenant-governor, and the Democrats robbed him of his seat. The treatment he received was regarded outrageous, and scores of Republicans consider that he must be nominated. I find this especially true in the country. The Republican papers made an issue out of Robertson's treatment. Now that Porter is out of the race, they cannot understand why Robertson should not receive the nomination. They take it for granted that he will be nominated. It is well to keep near the people in matters of this kind."

"Will Porter's declination weaken us in Indiana?"

"Not at all. The protective tariff is the candidate in Indiana this year. It is greater than any man. Porter will be on the stump and he will be just as powerful as if he headed the ticket. From my observation I feel confident in saying that we will carry Indiana by a big majority."

For the Old Ticket.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., Aug. 3.—A large meeting was held here this evening, at which A. J. Beveridge delivered a stirring address. The court-house was full, and the people were very enthusiastic. A resolution was passed by a unanimous vote, the entire audience rising to their feet, indorsing the old ticket of 1880—Porter and Hanna. The speaker's reference to Porter as a prince of the people, and to Hanna as a combination of common sense and uncommon sand, was considered particularly happy. The following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, The sweeping victory of the Republicans in Indiana in 1880 was everywhere received with an enthusiasm that contributed to our national success; and,

Whereas, Ex-Gov. Albert G. Porter, ably seconded by ex-Lieut.-Gov. Thomas Hanna, led the Republican party in that brilliant campaign; therefore,

Resolved, That we recommend the old ticket—Albert G. Porter and Thomas Hanna—to the Republicans of Indiana, believing that they will win for us a splendid triumph.

A Slanderous Lie.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Aug. 3.—William P. Records, of whom it was published in Democratic dailies all over the country that he, together with his sons, sons-in-law and grandsons, to the number of twenty-seven, had renounced their allegiance to the Republican party and would support Cleveland, has come out in a card denouncing the report as a "slanderous lie." He says: "I voted for William Henry Harrison in 1836 and 1840, and believe General Ben Harrison to be an able, sound and safe man, and if I live to go to the polls this fall will support him, supported by the twenty-seven above named, except one." Mr. Records is a highly-respected citizen, and lives a few miles north of this city.

Another Club in Shelby County.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Aug. 3.—The Republicans of Marion township met last night at Marion and organized a Harrison and Morton club, with the following officers: President, Este Bass; vice-president, Will Rhoades; secretary, Arthur Bowers; treasurer, Jesse Rhoades; executive committee, Robert Gordon, Taylor Gordon and Will Bass. The club was addressed by E. S. Powell and James T. Caughey. The first man to become a member of the new organization was Boynton Chapman, who voted for Van Buren in 1840, but who is sorry for it, and will vote this year for General Harrison.

Another Railroad Club.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Aug. 3.—The railroad men of this city held a most enthusiastic meeting at the rink this evening. A Harrison and Morton club of 117 railroad members was organized, and the number will be increased to 300. The railroad men of this city are all right for Harrison and protection. The meeting was addressed by Hon. Mahlon Chance, of New York. He gave one of the best tariff speeches ever delivered in this city, which aroused much enthusiasm. The Republicans of this county are all in line, and will make material gains.

Meeting at Bloomington.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Aug. 3.—The Harrison Club held an enthusiastic meeting this evening. Mr. Chas. Zaring gave a lucid exposition of the Democratic free-trade tendencies, and made a fair and logical plea for protection to American industry. The Harrison Club has sent speakers and organizers into different parts of the county. All reports are encouraging.

Soldiers Will Visit Harrison.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Aug. 3.—The soldiers of Bartholomew county are arranging to call on Gen. Harrison, at Indianapolis, in a body at an early date. They have held two meetings here recently, and already have a membership of several hundred who announce they will attend. The date of the visit has not yet been fixed.

Hon. J. L. Griffiths at Bedford.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BEDFORD, Ind., Aug. 3.—The Hon. J. L. Griffiths, candidate for Reporter of the Supreme Court, made one of his best efforts, this evening, in his address to the First Voters' Club, which numbers 100. His audience was large, and highly appreciated his eloquence.

Political Scraps.

The newly-elected officers of the Young Men's Republican Club, of Peru, consist of: President, John Switzer; vice-president, Charles Reader; secretary, George Lockwood; treasurer, Fred Mowbray. A large club is being formed.

The Republicans of Crothersville have organized a Harrison and Morton club. The greatest enthusiasm was shown, and among the first to enroll their names were five voters of 1840, and quite a number who have heretofore adhered to the Democratic party. The club starts with a membership of 115.

A magnificent showing is being made throughout Miami county, in the number of 1836 and 1840 men who will vote for the Republican nominee this coming November. The Peru Republican, up to date, reports 103 names, and there are fully seventy-five others whose names are not yet reported. The prospects of the party in Miami county are decidedly favorable.

Henry W. Booth, of Scottsburg, a life-long Democrat, has decided to support Harrison and Morton. He says that he has been studying the platforms of the Democratic and Republican parties for three weeks, and that he could find no encouragement in the former for either the poor man or the soldier who fought to save the Union. Mr. Booth served four years in the late war, having enlisted in Company E, Twenty-second Indiana Veteran Volunteers, July 4, 1861.

Organization in Illinois.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARSHALL, Ill., Aug. 3.—A Harrison and Morton club was organized here last night and over 130 names were signed to the roll at once. The membership will reach fully 200 in less than a week. This is in marked contrast to the Democratic club, which started off three weeks ago with a membership of 49, and now numbers only 86. As Blaine's majority in this township was only 9, there is a peculiar significance in this great disparity.

Prof. Gray's New and Wonderful Invention.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Prof. Elisha Gray, of Highland Park, Ill., has obtained letters-patent dated July 31, 1888, for a combination of instruments called the telautograph, consisting of a transmitter and a receiver, and designed for transmitting messages by wire between distant points by the sender in his own handwriting, thus doing away with skilled operators. The invention is based on the discovery of a new principle in controlling the electric current, whereby a pulsatory current is produced—all previous attempts to transmit handwriting having been based on the use of a variable current.

THE NEW JERSEY LIQUOR LAW.

Opinion of the Supreme Court on Local Option and "Special Legislation."

Judge Van Syckle's Opinion.

In discussing the local-option branch of the law the court thought it pertin