

THE DAILY JOURNAL

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REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT. BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana. VICE-PRESIDENT. LEVI P. MORTON, of New York.

ELECTORS-AT-LARGE. JAMES M. SHACKLEFORD, of Vanderburg. THOMAS H. NELSON, of Vigo.

DISTRICT ELECTORS. First—CICERO BUCHANAN, of Vanderburg. Second—THOMAS J. BROOKS, of Martin.

Congressional. First District—FRANK B. POSEY. Second—THOMAS N. BRANTON. Third—STEPHEN D. SAYRE.

Legislative and Judicial. STATE SENATORS. FERDINAND WINTER. WILLIAM E. TOUSLEY.

JOINT SENATOR MARION AND HANCOCK. SIDNEY CUNGER, of Shelby.

REPRESENTATIVES. MILLEARD F. CONNERT. GEORGE F. MCNEVIN.

JUDGES NINETEEN JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. JOHN V. HADLEY, of Hendricks.

PROTECTING ATTORNEY NINETEEN JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. HARRISON T. TINSCHER, of Marion.

State Ticket. GOVERNOR. ALVIN P. HOVEY, of Posey.

ATTORNEY GENERAL. BRUCE CARR, of Orange.

COMMISSIONERS. BENJAMIN F. OSBORN. FIELDING BEELER.

County Ticket. LEANDER A. FULMER. MAHLON H. FLOYD.

It would be pleasant to hear Sackville West's remarks to himself about this time.

This may be "a campaign of intellect," but it is evidently a trifle too much for the intellect of Sir Lionel S. Sackville West.

The Sentinel's statements respecting A. M. Hardy, of Washington county, is pronounced by that gentleman as a regulation Democratic lie.

Mr. THOMAS TAGGART declined to meet the Republican proposition, and call off both the proposed party parades for Saturday night, Nov. 3.

For a sample of what Indiana workmen can do in the way of Republican demonstrations in a busy season, yesterday's turn-out was pretty fair, thank you.

Mr. BYNUM was in town yesterday and took a look at the laboring men's demonstration. The Journal violates no confidence in saying that he was not pleased with it.

In our local columns will be found the first installment of facts regarding proposed Democratic frauds. This is but the beginning. Indiana will be made uncomfortably hot for the Democratic criminals before election day.

All those thousands of hard-working men took a "day off" just to show that they favored Harrison and the Republican principles which he represents.

Mr. BYNUM's typical Indianapolis workman must have been kept at home yesterday by the baby and the exigencies of his wife's laundry business.

It should not be necessary to contradict the Sentinel-Democratic lie that General Harrison has received money for use in the campaign. So scrupulous has the General

been in this regard, that he has steadily declined all offers to assist in the payment of his necessary personal campaign expenses, which have been unusually heavy, even for a presidential candidate.

The workmen who turned out for Harrison and protection were not of Mr. Bynum's kind. Not one among them was ever obliged to idle four months in the year while his wife took in washing.

WHAT Governor Hill and Grover Cleveland seem to want more than anything else just now is a certificate of character from each other. The character which needs bolstering up by either of these gentlemen may be regarded as decidedly shaky.

The Sentinel having run short of fresh campaign material, returns to its original charge that General Harrison is not tall enough to be President.

LIONEL SACKVILLE WEST's letter has placed the Democratic campaign on the correct basis. It is English, you know, and Mr. Cleveland meets My Lord's hearty approval.

LITTLE concealment is made by New York prohibitionists of the fact that Democratic managers are furnishing their party with funds. They openly announce that they desire the defeat of the Republicans, and apparently have no shame over their alliance with the free-whisky party.

INDIANAPOLIS Republicans have no cause to complain of the weather. Considering the almost continuous rains of the past few weeks they have been remarkably fortunate in choosing days for their out-door demonstrations.

CHAIRMAN TOWNSEND, of the Ohio Democratic committee, has notified federal office-holders in that State who have been delinquent in the matter of campaign contributions.

The Philadelphia Record is a Cleveland organ, which prides itself on its calm and judicial attitude and its freedom from excitement.

It is a well-known fact that the noise and shock of battle are often accompanied by a deluge from the clouds. The rattling of the musketry and the roaring of the cannon are followed by showers of rain.

YESTERDAY'S parade may not have been of proportions entirely satisfactory to eminent Democratic "workmen," but it was twice as large as any bona fide parade of the like composition which the Democrats can turn out under similar circumstances.

DECOMPOSITION of the administration party has begun in advance of its total demise, which is billed for Nov. 6. The New York Star, an official organ, went into the hands of the sheriff some days ago, and has been appearing upon one leg, so to speak, since that time.

NOTHING shows the desperate straits of the Indiana Democracy more clearly than the infamous manner in which the party emissaries are trying to deceive the old soldiers in the matter of pensions.

Campaign committees have about completed the work which they were organized to perform, and campaign orators can do little more. A vast amount of literature has been distributed, the State has been polled, Republican clubs have been organized, and the party machinery put in working order.

SENIATOR SPOONER closes a very successful series of meetings at Marion, Grant county, this evening. He left appointments for which he had already been advertised in his own State of Wisconsin, and came to Indiana a week ago, at very urgent request, and has made eight speeches in six days to audiences ranging from one thousand to twenty-five hundred people.

Mr. SPOONER is a native of this State. He was born at Lawrenceburg, Dearborn county, and removed to Wisconsin with his parents in 1830, when quite a lad.

The Democratic managers are desperate and unscrupulous, and will hesitate at no possible fraud to accomplish their ends. With the eyes of watchful Republicans upon their every

public life than Senator Spooner, and the service he has done the Republicans of Indiana will not be forgotten.

NEW LIES FOR OLD ONES.

General Harrison yesterday put the stamp of his indignant denial on the old stock campaign lies that have been so industriously circulated thus far by the Democratic newspapers. The life has been crushed out of them; but in their place new and even more alimny calumnies will be invented and sprung upon the country.

THE WORKINGMEN'S DEMONSTRATION. The workingmen's demonstration yesterday was unique, interesting and impressive. It was gotten up entirely by themselves, and managed without any assistance or interference by the regularly-organized Republican committees.

The meeting in the afternoon was one of the most interesting of the campaign. Tomlinson Hall was crowded with workmen, and their enthusiastic reception of General Harrison left no doubt of their purpose to stamp out, so far as they could, the infamous lies that have been forged concerning him.

INDIANA DEMOCRACY AND THE SOLDIERS. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Volume 2, page 672, of Horace Greeley's "American Conflict" contains a list of fourteen States whose Legislatures had made provisions for their soldiers in the field to vote in the presidential election of 1854.

MICHIGAN VETERAN. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 20. We have not the data at hand for a reply as to the other States, but so far as this State is concerned the soldiers in the field were disfranchised by a Democratic Legislature.

HAND TO HAND. Democratic organs have been filling themselves up lately with all manner of articles and paragraphs misrepresenting prominent Republicans, and resorting to the same tactics that were so prevalent before the Chicago convention, trying to create the impression of a want of harmony in the Republican party of this State.

THE LIQUOR LEAGUE. The Liquor League has undertaken to boycott the Republican party. We have received several copies of a circular printed here for the brewers of this and other cities, and sent to saloon-keepers all over the State, in which they attack the principle of local option and arraign the Republican party for advocating it.

Senator Ingalls on Harrison. "General Harrison has appeared a wonderful advantage before the people. He has astounded his friends with the versatility of his abilities. I presume no man in public life today could equal him in ready adaptation to the requirements of all situations.

General Harrison's Course. The course of General Harrison through the campaign now nearly ended has been one of credit and has increased his popularity immensely. His modesty, ability and discretion have been demonstrated to the country without the necessity of swaying around in the circle or resorting to any tricks of a sensational sort.

When cooler grows the blood, And clearer are the skies, When thrown is all the mud, And milled are all the lies.

When speakers cease to speak, And hushed is the election din, When torches are put out, And flags are taken in.

When's ceased of war the tug, And all becomes serene, Full many a new silk plug, Will on the streets be seen.

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"that not one man nor one dollar be voted to prosecute it." This action of the Legislature made the soldiers furious, and many of them wanted to come home and "clean the traitors out."

The course of this Legislature gave great encouragement to the rebels, as it was intended to do. They construed it as indicating the existence of a strong anti-war party in Indiana which would eventually become strong enough to compel a separation of the Union and recognition of the Confederacy.

The incident reported in yesterday's Journal as occurring at the funeral of a former Chicago postoffice employe, was a remarkable indication of the deep feeling which exists upon the subject of civil-service abuses.

The dead man had been assistant postmaster for nineteen years; but faithful and efficient as he was acknowledged to be he had been reduced to a subordinate clerkship in order to make room for a Democratic worker and was afterwards suspended.

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tribute all in its power to that end. In making war on the people they challenge and invite the people to make war on them.

THE Sentinel prints, with approval, in big black letters, this quotation from Groves Cleveland:

"It is of the highest importance that those who administer our government should jealously protect and maintain the rights of American citizens at home and abroad, and should strive to achieve for our country her proper place among the nations of the earth; but there is no people whose home interests are so great, and whose numerous objects of domestic concern deserve so much watchfulness and care."

Observe the language: Cleveland says it is highly important that our country should "take its proper place among the nations of the earth." His theory is that free trade alone will enable us to do this.

The New York Evening Post has at last tackled a paper of its size, having engaged in acrimonious political discussion with the Indianapolis Reporter. The two able organs can be safely left to fight their own battle.

The National W. C. T. U., before its adjournment at New York, passed a resolution extending the sympathy of the White Ribbon Army to Mrs. Grever Cleveland. Now, why in the world do they sympathize with her?

INDIANA Democrats are said to be engaged in a "bull hunt." Indications, noted at barbeques and other gatherings, lead to the belief that a considerable number of them have found it.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Did Grover Cleveland attend the funeral of Thomas A. Hendricks? If not, why not? GLENSBORO, Oct. 25. SUBSCRIBER.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Lieutenant Warren, of the Columbus, Ga., police force, was a good officer and gave the best satisfaction to everybody in the discharge of his duties, until last Monday, when it was discovered that he had a slight trace of negro blood flowing through his veins.

Editor Moore, of the Nashville Telegraph, is the Republican candidate for Congress in the Second New Hampshire district. His address to the voters has the right ring to it. He says: "I cannot meet money with money. I have neither the means nor the inclination. If I cannot be elected to a seat in Congress except by purchased votes, I have no desire to be elected at all. A man corruptly elected to Congress could only be depended upon to betray his trust when the emergency and the temptation confronted him."

Mr. William H. Grace, a leading Democrat of Brooklyn, and the organizer of the Home and County Protection Brotherhood of Workmen, is doing great work for the National Republican ticket. His club has an actual membership of 1,500 workmen, 1,000 of whom never before voted a Republican ticket, but will cast one this year. The club is working actively on the protection issue, and is trying to defeat free trade candidates for Congress.

J. M. Calkins, one of the leading Greenbacks of Michigan, has written a letter to the Detroit Tribune raking the Democratic party for its free trade tendencies, and its treatment of old soldiers who have asked for pensions. He will vote for Harrison, and advises all his late party friends to do likewise.

Political Notes. A United States mail carrier, in full uniform, distributing Democratic hand-bills, is a daily sight in Des Moines, Ia.

A notable feature of the campaign is the large number of Hebrew recruits to the Republican ticket in New York and other cities.

Of the thirty-four members of the Democratic committee which welcomed Governor Hill to Newburg, N. Y., last week, twenty-seven were liquor-dealers.

The Evening News, Buffalo, says that city will give Harrison and Morton between 2,300 and 3,000 plurality. In 1884 Mr. Haines received a plurality of 1,650.

Cleveland's plurality in St. Louis in 1884 was 577 in a total vote of 43,000. This year the Republicans say that Harrison will carry the city by not less than 2,000.

Matilda Fletcher, who has been speaking with great success in New York, is now speaking in Michigan, making speeches under the direction of the Republican State central committee of that State.

Every safeguard of law should be thrown around the ballot-box until fraud in voting and frauds in counting shall receive the sure penalties of the law as well as the reprobation of all good men.—General Harrison.