THE LOCATION AT THE FAIR

No Clover-Leaf Building for Four of The States, as Proposed to Be Built.

Indiana Will Have Her Own Structure, and That, Too, in a Place to Secure Best Advantages for Her Exhibits.

At the direction of President Studebaker, notices were being sent out yesterday by Secretary Noble, of the Indiana world's fair board, to the members of the executive committee, notifying them to meet in Chicago Tuesday, Aug. 11. The meeting is for the purpose of selecting a site for the building, and formally determining the question of whether it shall be an individual structure or built jointly with Ohio, Wisconsin and Michigan. Practically, as stated in yesterday's Journal, this matter has been decided, but it will be passed formally upon at the meeting Aug. 11, at which time the other three States interested will be represented by the executive committees of their boards. The members of the Chicago committee on grounds and buildings regards with disfavor the project of putting up one big building to represent all four States, claiming that such a structure would overshadow most of the other State buildings. Four small buildings, they think, with separate grounds, beautified in a manner befitting the importance of the several States occupying the flat, would prove far more attractive. The sentiment in Indiana is decidedly in line with this idea, and it is thought that neither of the four States now regard with much favor the one-building suggestion. The board of reference and control meets in Chicago Aug. 11, and the matter will be disposed of without further delay.

E. B. Martindale, chairman of the national board's committee on buildings and grounds, received yesterday a blue print showing the location of the State buildings in the northern part of Jackson Park. When space was originally allotted to the several States, Indiana's was found to be on the extreme north, too remote altogether, and literally buried among Wyoming, New Mexico, Arizona, Montana, Idaho and Nevada, which ranged along in a tier, with Iowa and Utah on either end. The importance of the Hoosier State demanded a far better location than the one originally assigned, which it would take Indianaians half a day to find after getting into the grounds. Commissioner Martindale lost no time in protesting against being side-tracked in that way and was assured by Secretary Butterworth and other officials that there wasn't the slightest intention of relegating the Hoosier State to the background, but that the location was thought desirable, one of its chief advantages being an almost continuous cool lake-breeze. Mr. Martindale replied that the breeze didn't cut much figure in the matter. What Indiana wanted was a central location, easily accessible and where her building and her exhibits could be seen. He told the officials that a large percentage of the visitors to the fair would come from the four States of Indiana, Ohio, Michigan and Wisconsin, and they should therefore be given a prominent location. The result was the four States named were assigned a triangular piece of ground containing 118,941 square feet, bounded by the two main thoroughfares, and near the entrance to the grounds.

INDIANA'S SITE.

It is one of the finest locations that could be chosen. Indiana was allotted the point of the triangular-shaped space, the area being 29,115 square feet. This piece of ground is north of and almost directly opposite the bureau of information, while just to the southeast is the Illinois building and across on the west the California building, a feature of the grounds of which is to be a beautiful orange grove. Being the first of the four States to file its application for space, Indiana has the choice of ground on the allotted piece. Ohio has what forms the base of the triangle, and while its space contains 40,876 square feet, and is about a third again as large as that of the Hoosier State, it is not regarded as good a location, though there really appears to be little choice between the two. The spaces given to Michigan and Wisconsin in the center of the triangle front on one thoroughfare, while Indiana and Ohio are really bounded by three, two of them main thoroughfares.

This blue print which marks the space given to the States can be seen any time at Secretary Noble's office in the State-house. In a short time pictures of the proposed buildings will be sent to him for exhibition here.

Accompanying the blue print yesterday was a letter to Mr. Martindale from Edward T. Jeffery, chairman of the local committee on grounds and buildings, which contains much interesting information and several valuable suggestions in reference to Indiana's space. "The triangular piece of ground set aside for Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin and Ohio," writes Mr. Jeffery, "is defined, but the locations therein of the four States are only suggestive. Indiana and Ohio could exchange, that is the positions of Indiana and Ohio could be reversed if deemed advisable by you and your conferees. The areas of the four lots of land referred to are: Indiana, 29,115 square feet; Michigan, 24,750 square feet; Wisconsin, 24,200 square feet, and Ohio, 40,876 square feet. It will be seen that the last named State plat is 33 per cent. larger in area than the one designated for Indiana. If you prefer the construction department can place Indiana at the north end and Ohio at the south end of the triangle, reversing the positions. My own preference would be, if I were representing Indiana, to hold to the location which is marked in her name, because it is the most prominent and accessible one.

THE BOUNDARIES.

"It is bounded by two main thoroughfares. California, with her large building and elaborate display, will be on the west, the small interior lake upon the east, the art palace in full view on the northeast, the Illinois State building to the southeast, and the bureau of information directly south. Indiana's location would be as important almost as the key-stone in an arch. By placing a handsome little building in the northern part of the lot, and adorning and beautifying with lawn, shrubbery and flowers the rest of it you can have one of the most inviting, attractive and prominent habitations in the exposition grounds. We cannot at this time give the particular place for the location of the State building upon each of the four lots in consideration. It will probably be necessary in each case to remove a few trees, but the number should be limited as much as possible. I would not advise a large building for your State, but would strongly urge that it be kept of moderate or even small dimensions, the principal outlay being made upon its architectural and decorative features."

The Bedford stone people are preparing to make a great display at the big fair in 1893. They want to send to Chicago a dressed stone sixty-five feet long and four feet square, and say it will be the largest ever quarried. Concerning this, Mr. Jeffery has something interesting to say. "The chief of construction," he writes, "doubts the practicability of safely transporting the stone, 65x4 feet, to Chicago, and he cannot make suggestions as to how it can be used or properly exhibited if taken to the exposition grounds. For my own part I should like to see it placed on exhibition, and if I were in your place I would be tempted to place it on end, imbedded in a substantial masonry foundation, in the center of the curve at the south end of your lot. The stone would stand there a monument, sixty-five or more feet high, of the productive capacity of Indiana stone quarries, and if nicely set, with a cut-stone base surrounding it, would prove a distinguishing feature in the location of your State."

Drainage at Cedar Lake.

The owners of land around Cedar lake, Starke county, recently petitioned the State Board of Health to abolish a nuisance in the shape of a drain which some one had cut into the lake, and which lowered the water until vegetation was exposed. This vegetation decayed and was a fruitful source of disease. The board turned the matter over to Dr. Boner, of Knox, the county health officer, and he visited the place and found it in just the condition described in the petition. A letter from him, yesterday, stated that the property-owners are willing to bear the expense of damming the drain, provided the State board notifies the offenders that they will be prosecuted if they attempt any further drainage of the character referred to. The State board will take such action at once.

CULLINGS FROM THE COURTS.

Parties Sued for Using Certain Plans in the Construction of Bridges.

The only suit filed in the federal court yesterday was that of the Indiana Bridge Company, of Muncie, against Hunt & Adams, of this city, and David B. Zimmerman, trustee of White River township, Hamilton county, for damages for alleged infringement of a bridge patent, and for an injunction restraining them from further using the patent. The complaint charges that the Indiana Bridge Company owns the patents upon an invention of Solomon H. Godman, of Indianapolis, for an improvement in bridge construction; that Hunt & Adams are illegally using this invention in bridges which they build, and that Zimmerman bought and is using such a bridge in his township. The principle of the Godman invention is the construction of a bridge or culvert wherein the girders that support the road-way rest upon legs or posts which, in turn, rest upon timber or other foundations below. By means of this invention the use of trusses, piers or abutments is dispensed with and the bridge becomes a unitary structure, its strength not depending solely upon the strength of the timbers or girders which support the road-way.

The First Appeal.

The first case to be appealed from this district to the new Appellate court established at Chicago recently by the government, is the patent suit of P. P. Mast & Co., of Springfield, O., against Rude Bros. Manufacturing Company, of Liberty, Ind. On May 20 last Judge Woods, of the federal court here, decided this case in favor of the defendant, and yesterday the plaintiff appealed as indicated above.

Notes from the Dockets.

Joseph T. Murphy qualified yesterday, with bond of $1,100, as administrator of the estate of Joshua B. Murphy.

John Holliday and others brought suit on attachment yesterday, in the Superior Court, against W. W. Hale and one Lyneman, proprietors of the Hale Medical Dispensary. The demand is $250 for advertising. A writ of garnisment was granted against the manager of the company. A quantity of furniture was seized.

AMUSEMENT MATTERS.

The Eggleston-Arthur Row Over the Latter's Alleged Plagiarism.

The accusation by Edward Eggleston that Joseph Arthur borrowed liberally from his book, "Roxy," when writing the well-known play, "Blue Jeans," is taking up considerable of the time and attention of Eastern dramatic critics. Much space is being devoted to the case, and the latest is a card from Robert F. Roden, of New York, a man who is considered excellent authority in the East on subjects dramatic. "I have been much amused in past years," says Mr. Roden in this card, "at Mr. Eggleston's facility for seeking cheap notoriety. His last effort, therefore, was not surprising to me, although it surpasses everything he has done so far. If he will read Joseph Arthur's letter in your issue of last week he will see that the author of 'Blue Jeans' is prepared to defend his own work. But I don't think that Mr. Eggleston will take the trouble to bring the case to court. He surely has enough sense to refrain from wasting his time and money in so fruitless a case. Why, his whole charge against Mr. Arthur has not the slightest foundation! Any one who has read 'Roxy' thoroughly [will laugh at the idea of plagiarism. Mr. Eggleston should make acquaintance with the authoress of 'Wilfred' and the authoress of 'Washington Life.' They would make a very pretty group. However, we never hear of these people after their sensational charges have been dismissed. They seem to sink immediately into oblivion."

The charge against Mr. Arthur has precipitated other accusations of plagiarism, and now A. M. Palmer and Gus Thomas are charged with stealing "Alabama" from a play written by J. J. Wallace, while De Mille and Belasco are said to have taken "Charity Ball" from the old play.

Opening of the Park.

"Devil's Mine" will be the opening attraction of the Park, Aug. 10. The company is the same as was seen here in the spring, with one or two exceptions. The scenery for this season's production is all new, and from the brush of Edward Hendley, the scenic artist of Chicago. A number of new effects are promised, among which is a rushing cataract of real water in the third act.

In Memory of General Browne.

The survivors of the Seventh Indiana Cavalry met at the residence of J. H. Lowes recently and adopted a tribute to the late Gen. Thomas M. Browne. After reciting events in his distinguished career, it read:

Whereas, The angel of death which comes alike to all, by the divine decree, appointed to all men, has visited our ranks, and removed therefrom a prominent and beloved figure in the person of Comrade Thomas M. Browne; it is meet and right that we, a portion of his surviving comrades, should make fitting mention and pay just tribute of affection to his name and memory; therefore, be it

Resolved, That while bowing in submission to the divine mandate of the allwise Father, who is alike the God of battles and the prince of peace, we extend to the family of our deceased comrade whom we learned to love and esteem in camp, on the march and on the field of battle, our heart-felt sympathy; and be it further

Resolved, That the State and Nation has lost a wise and useful counselor, the legal profession a bright and shining light, and the soldiers of the late war a zealous advocate in the national Congress; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of the above tribute be furnished the family of our deceased comrade.

The resolutions were drafted by John W. Senior, James H. Lowes and Aaron L. Jones.

Train Service on the Old Bee-Line.

E. A. Peck, general superintendent of the Big Four lines, is quite determined that the patrons of the Indianapolis division of the Big Four (the old Bee-line) shall have no room for complaint of the train service. Commencing with Sunday next, the train leaving Indianapolis at 6:30 A. M. running only to Muncie and only on week days, will leave Indianapolis daily at 6 A. M. and run through to Bellefontaine, there making close connection for Sandusky. An answering train will leave Bellefontaine at 4:45 P. M., a train from Sandusky connecting with it, and reaching Indianapolis at 10:50 P. M. This train will also run daily. As arranged it bids fair to be a popular train in both directions, and one which will be a great convenience to patrons of the road. It will carry mail in both directions.

Condition of the Banks.

The movement of wheat makes very heavy demands on the banks, and that those of Indianapolis are prepared for them is shown by the following report to the clearing-house yesterday:

Loans	$6,969,625.12
Deposits	10,107,536.42
Cash reserve	5,829,816.06
Loans decreased	39,089.59
Deposits increased	337,002.40
Cash reserve increased	390,023.85

The banks hold $2,493,970.59 cash in excess of the 33 1/3 per cent. required by the clearing-house rule.

Imports the Past Week.

The imports here for the week ending yesterday were: For Murphy, Hibben & Co., 11 cases sundries, $408.70; Chas. Mayer & Co., 91 cases toys and china, $1,378.80; D. P. Erwin & Co., 10 bales crash, $519; Kipp Bros., 37 cases sundries, $432.10; Hollweg & Reese, 157 crates earthern ware, $4,070.75; Griffith Bros., 2 cases cotton velvet, $380.92; The H. Lieber Company, 1 case paper, $165.55; M. McManus, 2 bales linens, $184.25; Casper Schmalholz, 1 cask brandy, $120. Total, $7,660.07.

OFFICE desks at Wm. L. Elder's.

SUICIDE OF A MINISTER.

The Aged Rev. J. N. Wright, Fearing He Was a Burden, Throws Himself Into Broad Cut.

About 9 o'clock yesterday morning the body of the Rev. J. N. Wright, who was born in Bourbon county, Kentucky, in 1814, was found in Broad Cut by a young man, who at once notified Girton, the undertaker, who took the remains in charge. Mr. Wright was a superannuated Methodist minister. For some time he had been living at No. 317 East St. Clair street, but he was troubled with the thought that he was a burden to his family. There was nothing, though, to warrant him in having any such idea, as his treatment had always been of the most considerate and affectionate character.

Charles Wright said yesterday that his father's mind was not right, and that there was no doubt but that he deliberately drowned himself. "Thursday morning my mother," continued Mr. Wright, "overheard him say to himself, 'I will get away from these people.' He immediately walked out of the house, and we heard nothing more of him until this morning. He had taken his watch off and put it, chain and all, in the pocket of his pantaloons. That indicates that he had prepared himself for the deed. About five years ago he was visiting among his relatives in Kentucky, and had been there some time, when I received a letter from him, in which he said his welcome was worn out there, and as he had no home he was of a mind to drown himself. I immediately took him to live with me at Crawfordsville, and he remained there until about two months ago. Then he grew dissatisfied, and we had him and mother come down here, and since then they have been keeping house. Their two daughters, Anna E. and Mrs. Mary F. Booth, have lived with them."

Mr. Wright was a pioneer preacher, most of his service being about New Albany. The body will be taken to Crawfordsville for interment. The widow is in a dangerous condition, caused by the shock of her husband's suicide. When she heard of it she fell to the floor unconscious.

Colored Baptist Sunday-Schools.

The State convention of the Colored Baptist Sunday-school-workers closed its sessions yesterday. Much of the time was taken up with speeches and action relative to pushing the interests of the schools in every locality. For this purpose the State was divided into districts, over which a superintendent is to have supervision. The districts by counties are to be as follows:

First—Vanderburg, Gibson, Warrick and Spencer. Superintendent, Albert Harris.

Second—Knox, Daviess, Sullivan, Lawrence and Monroe. Superintendent, Rev. T. J. Huston.

Third—Vigo and Clay counties, with Paris, Ill. Superintendent, Rev. M. C. Anderson.

Fourth—Montgomery, Tippecanoe and Parke. Superintendent, Rev. M. C. Anderson.

Fifth—Hamilton, Madison, Delaware, Howard and Grant, with Battle Creek. Superintendent, Rev. Richard Bassett.

Sixth—Marion. Superintendent, A. Dudley.

Seventh—Johnson, Bartholomew, Shelby and Rush. Superintendent, Rev. S. C. Manuel.

Eighth and Ninth—Jackson, Floyd, Clark, Harrison, Jefferson, Ohio, Wayne, Fayette, Henry and Union. Superintendent, Rev. E. H. Fletcher.

The committee on temperance offered a resolution that caused considerable discussion. A sentence practically committing the convention to the Prohibition party was the cause of controversy. Revs. L. M. Leonard, of this city, and A. W. Newson, of Madison, led the talk in favor of the objectionable matter, while Rev. E. B. Martin, Allan Dudley and others as vigorously opposed it. The latter gained their point, and the resolution, as adopted, read: "We will not connive at this evil (the liquor traffic), but will use every available means of right for its extermination, whether these means be our influence, voice or vote, or any other legitimate agency; and furthermore, we heartily indorse the work of the W. C. T. U."

The convention will meet next year at Edinburg.

The Stenographers.

The annual meeting of the State Stenographers' Association will be in session at the Denison House on Aug. 5, 6 and 7. City stenographers are earnestly requested to be in attendance at as many of the sessions as possible, whether members of the association or not, and help entertain the visiting members. Entertainments will be provided for two evenings during the session, and the Mayor will deliver an address of welcome on Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Isaac S. Bement, the champion short-hand writer of the United States; Jerome B. Howard, partner of the celebrated author, Ben Pitman, and other prominent members of the short-hand profession will be present. The local short-handers should see to it that those in attendance at this convention from out of the city are welcomed in a fitting manner and their stay made pleasant.

Local News Notes.

A shed on the property of Robert Jones, No. 8 Mill street, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The flames also slightly damaged two other sheds.

The shooting match between Charles Cook and Silas Eaglen, which was postponed Thursday on account of rain, will take place next Tuesday afternoon at Brighton Beach.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to James W. Pollard and Minnie A. Springer, John Conder and Sarah A. Heiser, George W. Verbarg and Florence N. Piercey, Charles Sphan and Margaret Bly.

R. W. Gilbreath, of No. 162 Bellefontaine street, foreman of the carpenter-work at the Indianapolis cabinet-works, was badly hurt yesterday by falling from a roof fifteen feet and striking on the floor. He was taken to his home by Kregelo.

The only warrant issued by Auditor of State Henderson yesterday was one of $500 on the special appropriation of $2,500 for remodeling the old boiler-house at the Institution for the Blind. One thousand dollars of the appropriation has now been drawn.

Al Taffe Not a Candidate.

Al Taffe says he is not a candidate for city clerk. "I have been assured," said he to a Journal reporter yesterday, "that I would have the active support of influential Republicans, but I am not in shape just at present to make a race. I have no doubt but I could be elected, for I ran 800 ahead of the ticket two years ago. The stay-at-home Republicans beat us all then, but I think they learned a lesson they will not forget this year.

Events to Occur.

The George H. Thomas Post will complete arrangements for going to Detroit at the meeting Tuesday night.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Indiana Bankers' Association, the date of the next meeting was changed to Aug. 26, and the place to West Baden Springs. The committee is negotiating for railway and hotel rates, and the programme will be announced at an early date.

At the Seventh Presbyterian Church, an entertainment will be given Tuesday evening, for the benefit of the South-side Gymnasium, which is to be built next the church. An excellent programme has been prepared, including the Excelsior Quartet, J. Fremont Frey, Sam Taylor, Willis L. Scudder, Herman Frey, and other well-known local musicians. A lawn social will close the evening's enjoyment.

Religious Notes.

Miss May Johnson and Mr. John Geiger will sing the offertory at Christ Protestant Episcopal Church this morning.

At the jubilee meeting at Crown Hill Park, to-day, Rev. C. H. Clark, D. D., of Owensborough, Ky., and Rev. I. A. Thornton, of Decatur, Ill., will preach.

The Rev. Ben Mitchell will preach at the Third Christian Church this evening, at 7:45 o'clock, on "The Religions of India." Mrs. Mitchell will talk to the ladies at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

Robbed in an Alley.

Frank Dewald, an employe in the New York store, was assaulted and robbed by three men at 9 o'clock last night on Maryland street between Pennsylvania and Meridian. While one man stood watch the other two forced Dewald into an alley, and relieved him of his gold watch, worth $75, and $19 in money. The robbers made good their escape. A boy was an observer of the transaction, but was two much frightened to raise an alarm.

Visitors from Louisville.

A special train from Louisville, last night, brought three hundred members of the Order of Chosen Friends to the city on a social visit to local lodges. The acting supreme commander, George W. Bercau, and supreme grand sentinel Dr. P. V. Peyton, were among the guests. The visitors were entertained with refreshments in True Friends' Hall, which were served after several speeches and musical selections had been given. The Louisvillers returned home on a late train.

Taken Sick on His Beat.

Patrolman W. M. Caldwell was taken sick last night while on his beat. He was taken to the station-house in a carriage, and attended by Dr. Earp, who pronounced the trouble congestion of the stomach. He was then removed to his home.

The Metal-Polishers.

A union of metal-polishers and buffers was organized last night by T. M. Gruelle. Most of the artisans in the trade are charter members, and a strong organization is expected to be developed.

BRAZILIAN SPANISH.

Bishop Granbery Tells of the Trouble a Missionary's Bride Had in Pronouncing a Word.

Louisville Times.

Bishop Granbery, of the Methodist Church, South, who for many years was stationed in the empire of Brazil, in the days of Dom Pedro, recently related to a friend in this city some of the woes of a missionary to foreign lands that usually do not become public or get into the newspapers. They were the domestic life and trials of the missionary and his wife in lands with which all their habits and training are not in accord. One of these stories illustrates how the good missionary wrestles with the unaccustomed languages of the countries to which he goes—and gets thrown.

The Bishop's friend, the Rev. Mr. Blank, had been a missionary in Brazil for some years with the Bishop, and both spoke Spanish, or the Brazilian Spanish, like natives. But they both foresaw, with some amusement, that there was going to be trouble on the score of the language when the Rev. Mr. Blank informed the Bishop that he was coming back home to the United States to get his bride and take her back to Brazil. But the bride, anticipating the trouble, studied the Spanish diligently, and, for a time, there was some hesitation and embarrassment, but no trouble. Thinking she was getting on famously, she soon gained more confidence.

So all went well till the young couple set up an establishment and secured a man-servant with the fine manners of a Spanish grandee. The reverend gentleman's wife stood in awe of him from the start. And her greatest trial was when her husband would be detained from home during the dinner hour, when she had to dine alone, except for that grand man-servant. One day that functionary was standing elegant and impassive, when she had occasion to ask him to hand her the cheese. The man stood immovable like a lay figure in a clothing-house, but she noticed a curious twitching of his mouth. She detected that he had heard her, and she began to get angry that he didn't move to do her bidding.

She repeated her command, as she thought! "Give me the cheese." This time the grandee of a man servant perceptibly laughed, but was immovable. In indignation, supposing him to be impertinent, or, worse still, crazy, she rushed to the front door to call assistance, when she met the belated missionary, her husband, and promptly explained the situation.

"What did you say, my dear?" was his smiling query.

"'Give me the cheese,' was what I said."

"Yes, but the word," he insisted.

"I said 'beso,'" replied the wife, still puzzled.

Then the unfeeling missionary fairly roared with laughter. His wife had begun to think that he, too, had gone mad, when he managed to keep calm long enough to explain. It was only a mistake in the sound of one letter that she had made, but it was a funnily fatal one that time. She should have said "queso" instead of "beso." And instead of asking the man servant for the "cheese" she had asked him without any qualification for a "kiss."

Secretary Foster at a Base-Ball Game.

Washington Special to Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Washington bureaucrat, who is the personification of dignity, with the bearing of a statesman of the old school, shuts his eyes and feels chills run down his back when he contemplated the apparent absence of that impressive quality in Secretary Foster. Excessive dignity seems to be despised by Mr. Foster. He ignores it in others and discards it himself, and the old fossils in the department who have nothing else to recommend them are greatly disturbed at the shrinkage in the market value of their stock in trade. It is a very unusual thing for a Cabinet officer to attend a base-ball game. Probably none have ever done so before, but Mr. Foster believes in the national game, grows enthusiastic over a good play, and is not going to let his official position weigh upon him so heavily as to interfere with his enjoyment. Yesterday he was among the devotees of the game watching the struggle between the Washingtons and the Cincinnatis. When the Ohio boys made a good play his hat went into the air, and his voice sounded loud among the cheerers. Director of the Mint Leech, who used himself to belong to a team, was with him, and was a champion of the Washingtons.

A Study in Black and White.

Washington Post.

The car was pretty well filled, but the bright-faced miss who tripped in with her music roll and parcels managed somehow to squeeze in beside an old colored man, who, half asleep, opened his eyes for a moment and then slept right on. Whether it was the warm weather, or the lulling speed of the car, or the remembrance of dreamy music, or of cleverly-concluded bargains cannot be determined, but this is certain, that the young lady fell beautifully asleep and gently her head rested on the shoulder of the old colored man. The passengers began to get out in a little while, and presently the two sleepers were the only occupants of their side of the car. How sweetly they slumbered, and how sympathetically the observer smiled until it became irresistible, and the smile broke into a laugh, and the laugh into the old fellow's dreams, and his great hand slipped and fell upon her little one and she awoke. Her face was a study.

HAVE COME HERE TO STAY.

One Month Free.

The Psycho-Medical staff of physicians and surgeons are now permanently located at 220 N. Tenn. st., near Vermont. All who visit these eminent gentlemen before Aug. 10th will receive services free of charge, the only favor desired being a recommendation from those whom they cure. They treat all varieties of disease and deformity, but will not accept for treatment any incurable case. If your malady is beyond all hope they will frankly tell you so. Remember hours and come early, for their offices are crowded from morning till night. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.; Sunday from 10 to 4.

Detroit Encampment.

If you have decided to go call on the Travelers' Insurance Company and get an accident ticket. It will cost you only 25 cents per day, and if killed your family would be paid $5,000; if injured you would receive $15 per week indemnity. You should not start without one, as it costs so little. Tickets are now on sale at 70 East Market. No medical examination required. L. G. HOUGH, City Agent.

Elegant and Stylish.

Beautiful vehicles in all styles—surreys in oak, village and road carts, box-bed driving wagons, etc., etc., at the Parry Manufacturing Company's Repository, 99 South Illinois street.

MESSRS. A. B. GROVER & CO. will offer the new and handsome cottage, No. 1119 North Tennessee street, at public auction, on the premises, on Thursday, July 30, 1891. The sale will be absolute and without reserve, and will be conducted by L. N. Perry, the well-known auctioneer. The property is situated on the highest part of the street, has natural gas, and is in every way desirable. Full particulars may be found in the real-estate column of this paper.

CALL AND SEE

The "M. & D." Gas Range. Perfection in broiling baking and roasting. Can show it in operation Also, "M. & D." Wrought-steel Ranges, for gas, coal or wood. Refrigerators at cost. "Slate City" Filters very cheap. "Quick Meal" Gas and Gasoline Stoves. New Process Gasoline Stoves. Wood and Slate Mantels.

WM. H. BENNETT, 38 South Meridian street.

A CIRCUS HAND.

Jerry—Lovely white hand Miss Simpkins has!
Joe—Yes. Reminds me of Barnum's big show.
Jerry—It does!
Joe—Yes, It has so many rings.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

We have more rings than all the circuses put together, in all kinds—Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires, Garnets, Pearls, etc., etc., and besides they are more lasting. Come and see them.

Bingham & Walk,

JEWELERS. 12 E. Washington St.

General agents Patek, Philippe & Co. and Vacheron & Constantin's celebrated Swiss Watches.

COOL IN SUMMER

PARQUETRY

Rich and warm in winter, with rugs.

It must be properly put down.

We do it that way.

EASTMAN, SCHLEICHER & LEE

CARPETS, DRAPERIES, WALL-PAPER.

The Largest House in the State

DOES YOUR HUSBAND WEAR SHIRTS, COLLARS AND CUFFS?

We can Launder his Shirts, Collars or Cuffs so he will be more than pleased. Do not wear yourself out these hot days by trying to iron them so that he will not complain, but give us a trial and save all work, worry and perhaps a family jar. Our wagon will call if you drop us a postal card, or Telephone No. 1089 CAPITAL LAUNDRY, 26 N. Mississippi st.

HAZELTON PIANO

Is a marvel of sweetness and power, of grace, beauty and brilliancy. Every note is clear as a bell. Every chord is perfect harmony. Every part is evenly balanced. The action is light, firm, elastic responsive. The scale is scientifically correct and musically perfect; the workmanship the highest skill can make them, and the materials are the best.

BEAUTIFUL NEW STYLE FOR 1891 JUST RECEIVED.

LOW PRICES! EASY TERMS!

PEARSON'S MUSIC-HOUSE,

82 and 84 North Pennsylvania St.

Tuning and Repairing.

PACKARD ORGANS.

TO LET.

Two Beautiful and Complete HOUSES,

Nos. 269 and 271 North New Jersey St.

These houses are new and complete in every detail. In each are ten rooms, with bath, furnace, grates and mantels, all rooms being beautifully papered. The houses are absolutely first-class and the rent for each is only $40 a month

POWELL & HANCKEL,

No. 66 East Market St.

OIL-PAINTING MATERIALS.

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REMOVAL NOTICE.

The Indianapolis Water Company's Office has been removed from No. 23 South Pennsylvania street to No. 75 Circle street.

The Sunday Journal, $2 Per Annum.

LAST WEEK.

This is *positively* the last week you can buy dry goods of us in Indianapolis. We propose to close out all odds and ends at 10c on the dollar this week.

Do not miss the chance to buy *Silks, Black Cashmeres, Dress Goods, Table Linens, Corsets, Gloves, Infants' Cloaks, etc.*, at less than half price.

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THE ENTERPRISE MINING CO.

INCORPORATED 1891. STOCK FULLY PAID AND UNASSESSABLE. NO INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY WHATEVER.

Capital $2,500,000

In 500,000 Shares at $5 Each.

OF WHICH 400,000 ARE NOW OFFERED FOR SUBSCRIPTION, PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:

$1.00 per Share on Application.
$2.00 " " " Allotment.
$2.00 " " " Aug. 25.

Lists will open at 10 A. M. Monday, July 27, and will be closed on or before Monday, Aug. 3, at 3 P. M.

LLOYD I. SEAMAN, President.
GEORGE CRAWFORD, Secretary and Treasurer.

DIRECTORS:

LLOYD I. SEAMAN, New York.
GEORGE CRAWFORD, New York.
HUGH L. COLE, New York.
JOHN E. WARD, Morristown, N. J.
W. A. BOLAND, Boston, Mass.
JAMES MCKAY, Pittsburg, Pa.
WM. M. MCKELVY, Pittsburg, Pa.
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SECRETARY AND OFFICES:
33 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

The company is organized to operate a group of mines near Rico, Dolores county, Col., a section wonderfully rich in minerals.

The group comprises the Enterprise, Laura, Eureka, Ontario, Hiawatha, Kitchen, Bell, Night Watch, Snow Flake, Song Bird, Thompson, and Anaconda Lode mining claims; the Jumbo group, comprising the Jumbo and Headley Lode mining claims; the Group Tunnel Site and the Onomoo Tunnel Site with all plants, material, appurtenances, &c., belonging thereto as on Jan. 1, 1891. An area of about 125 acres is covered by the claims.

There is a full working equipment at the mines, including shafts, engine houses for hoisting, complete machinery, an electric light plant, ore houses and sorting rooms, blacksmiths' shops, miners' boarding houses, &c.

The Enterprise property began to produce in the latter part of 1888. Shipments were made in 1889 and 1890, from which 2,562 tons produced a net value of $896,260.23, an average of $350 per ton. Many of the shipments run from four to five ounces in gold per ton, worth $20 per ounce, and from 400 to 500 ounces in silver per ton, worth $1 per ounce.

The present output from these properties is greater than it has ever been. It is safe to estimate that the profits to be paid in dividends during this year, out of the ore mined up to Jan. 1, 1892, will not be less than Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, ($500,000.) and during the first year to July 1, 1892, One Million Dollars, ($1,000,000,) or 40 per cent. per annum on the capital stock. These are virgin mines, and the territory is so large it will require many years to exhaust them.

The ores produced are smelting ores. They are shipped direct from the ore houses to the various smelters. The company therefore requires no smelting plant, and the cost of production is confined to mining and marketing the ore. For further improving the working facilities and systematic prospecting of the various claims for new ore bodies, a working capital of $150,000, fully ample, has been provided. Shipments will at once be facilitated and expenses lessened by a railroad, now so nearly completed to Rico that it is expected to be ready for operation by Aug. 1.

Mr. George Crawford, who has been connected with many mining properties of Colorado, among them the Yankee Girl, New Guston, and others, has agreed to become general manager of the property. He takes a large number of shares in this company, and his interests are bound up in the future success of the undertaking. He believes these are the greatest mining properties in which he has ever been interested. The immense bodies of ore already intact, and the very large amount of productive ground undeveloped, will enable this company to pay very handsome and regular dividends.

Mr. O. P. Posey, who has been for many years associated with Mr. Crawford in his mining operations, fully concurs in Mr. Crawford's opinion of these properties. He has made a thorough personal examination of the mines, and says that he considers them the most valuable properties which he has ever examined, and that they can easily pay $1,000,000 per annum in dividends.

The right is reserved to reject any subscription or to accept it in part. Receipts will be given for all payments made, and engraved company's certificates will be delivered as soon as practicable after the final payment.

Dividends will be paid at the office of George Crawford, 33 Wall street, New York, or will be sent by mail to shareholders on request.

It is intended to list the shares and apply for Stock Exchange quotations.

Subscriptions will be received by GEORGE CRAWFORD, 33 Wall street, New York, and Room 506, Lewis Block, Pittsburg, Pa.

EDWARD L. BREWSTER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, Dearborn and Monroe streets, Chicago.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK, Wood street, Pittsburg, Pa.

MARKET NATIONAL BANK, 89 State street, Boston.

Registrar of Stock: THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, New York.

PROSPECTUSES, WITH FULL DETAILS, INCLUDING A TABULAR STATEMENT OF ORE SHIPPED FROM THE MINES TAKEN FROM THE ORIGINAL SMELTERS' SALES NOTES, AND FORMS OF APPLICATION CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE OFFICES OF THE COMPANY, 33 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, AND FROM THE DIFFERENT BANKERS AND BROKERS WHERE SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE RECEIVED.

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