Times says, will be the United States, though England and India will have their share.

The Finnish Senate will propose to prohibit the exportation of rye. Otherwise it is feared Russia will cut off supplies from Finland. This will upset the plans of Russian merchants who hoped to export rye via Finland.

MISHAP TO THE EISTEDDFOD.

Welch Gathering Visited by a Cloud-Burst, and 10,000 People Get a Drenching.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—A dispatch, just received from Swansea, Wales, brings news of the soaking, by a cloud-burst, of ten thousand people who had assembled there at the National Eisteddfod. In and out an immense pavillion, covered with canvas, an audience estimated to have amounted to over ten thousand people, had gathered to listen to the Eisteddfod competition in minstrelsy. The weather during the early part of the day was fair, but, as time passed, clouds began to gather over Swansea and its neighborhood, a huge black cloud, particularly, being noticed hovering over the neighborhood of the Eisteddfod pavilion. Suddenly the wind increased in volume until it assumed the proportions of a squall and the black cloud mention increased in size and density until, with a sullen report, the canvas covering over the pavilion was torn asunder, and at almost the same moment the huge cloud burst and deluged ten thousand people with water until they were soaked to the skin. A stampede followed the carrying away of the canvas roof and the drenching downpour, women and children rushing for any place of refuge available. Many little ones were knocked down and trampled under foot during this wild rush for shelter, but, luckily, nobody was seriously injured.

It is now considered almost certain that the directors of the National Eisteddfod will favorably consider the proposition communicated to them from the United States yesterday on behalf of the Welsh residents of America asking to have the Eisteddfod of 1893 held in Chicago. The Welchmen of the United States, it has been announced, offered, upon this occasion, to raise a fund of $30,000 to guarantee the expenses of the visiting Welsh competitors, and offered to furnish the money for substantial prizes for a choral contest of three hundred voices, for a contest of sixty voices, as a bardic choir, as well as for other prizes.

BELLE BILTON'S FRIEND.

An Admirer Who Became Bankrupt by Giving Presents to the Now Countess.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The examination of Mr. Isadore Wertheimer, the friend of the Countess of Clancarty, previously known as Belle Bilton, the variety-hall singer, in bankruptcy proceedings, was continued today. In the Queen's Bench division of the High Court of Justice, on June 28, it will be remembered, a jury decided that Wertheimer, who was co-respondent in the unsuccessful suit for divorce brought against the Countess of Clancarty when she was simply Lady Dunlo, was liable for the sum of $400 due for fodder supplied to the horses of Lady Dunlo under his [Wertheimer's] name. Later an order was made against him, and during the past six months a number of judgments have been recorded against the same person. Wertheimer was, previous to his experience with the concert-hall star, a man of considerable money. He belonged to a celebrated family of bric-a-brac-dealers, and his father is said to be a millionaire. The family, however, as well as the Earl and Countess of Clancarty, it is said, have completely given Wertheimer the cold shoulder, with the result that his creditors are now clamoring for their money.

Wertheimer to-day testified to the fact that his income had been $10,000 a year, but that it did not suffice for his requirements. He also said that he had four horses, and that he gave three of them to the Countess of Clancarty. A few months after, he said, he gave her his fourth horse as she claimed that he had promised to give it to her. Wertheimer, continuing, said that he also owed $2,000 for jewelry which he had distributed as presents. Replying to a question on the subject, Wertheimer said that he had not made any gifts during the last five months to the Countess of Clancarty. He admitted later in the examination that the Countess very kindly lent him $600 last November, and explained that he understood that the Countess did not intend to press the claim against him. The registiar in bankruptcy at this point asked where the examination was leading to, saying: "Can you not conduct this examination without mentioning names?"

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Austrian Village Partially Destroyed by a Cloud-Burst and Forty Lives Lost.

VIENNA, Aug. 18.—A dispatch from Botzeb, an Austrian town at the confluence of the Talfer and the Eisach, announces the partial destruction of the village of Kollman through a cloud-burst. The cloud, it appears, burst over the mountains near Botzen, which is protected from inundation by a strong dyke two miles in length. The fall of water flooded the low lands and converted a mountain stream into a torrent, which swept through the village of Kollman, carrying away men and cattle and destroying half the houses of that place. Many persons were drowned and the Bremer railroad track was flooded.

The cloud-burst occurred at midnight. The water loosened an avalanche. Forty persons were drowned. The railway was destroyed for many miles.

Saluted Each Other.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—The British Mediterranean squadron, upon arriving at Ville Franche to-day, was received with much pomp and ceremony by the French war-vessels there assembled. The latter saluted the British flag and their bands played "God Save the Queen," as the British ironclads settled down to their anchorage there. In return the British admiral's flag-ship returned the salute and the bands of the fleet played the "Marseillaise." To this compliment the land batteries of Ville Franche replied with another gunpowder salute and everybody was satisfied. Ville Franche has been gaily decorated with flags in honor of the British warships and out of grateful recognition of the efforts being made in England to give Admiral Gervais's squadron a hearty reception at Portsmouth. On all sides the utmost cordiality is manifested and all gloomy talk as to the evacuation of Egypt or other somewhat unpleasant matters seems to have been entirely forgotten.

Hawaiian News.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—The steamer Zealandia arrived from Honolulu this afternoon bringing the following advices:

Complete census returns show the population of the Hawaiian islands to be 96,030.

The Queen is making a tour of the capital island. She is being cordially received and royally entertained everywhere.

H. A. Wideman, director of finance, has resigned owing to ill health and has been succeeded by J. Mott Smith, an old resident, who was Minister of Finance in the reign of Kamehameha V, and Minister of the Interior in the late King's reign.

Annexation to the United States is being agitated.

The Queen dowager has been stricken with paralysis.

Barrillas Fomenting Revolution in Salvador.

SAN SALVADOR, Aug. 18.—Generals Ayala, Letona, Hernandez and Rivas, en route to Guatemala, were on board the steamer City of Panama. It is stated that President Barrillas, of Guatemala, offered them arms, money and men for a revolution against Salvador. This is why these passengers were demanded from the steamer officials. General Ezeta, President of Salvador, has telegraphed to Senor Rodriguez, the charge d'affaires of Salvador in Mexico, to ask Mexico to interfere.

French War-Ships in English Waters.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The fleet of French war-vessels which has recently been visiting Cronstadt, and whose officers have been received with such marked and significant enthusiasm at that port and at St. Petersburg, was off Dover this morning. This fleet was slowly steaming down the channel, and will be in the Solent between the Isle of Wight and the mainland of England to-morrow. Portsmouth is en fete in honor of the French fleet. Bunting is diplayed everywhere. The hotels are crowded with guests and the harbor is full of yachts. The committee of British officers met to-day and finally settled the programme for the entertainment of the visiting Frenchmen.

Execution of Manipur Princes Condemned.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 18.—The execution of the Manipur princes has created a profound sensation throughout India. The newspaper press of India which is printed in the native language, otherwise the vernacular press, strongly condemns the so-called "hurried orders" issued for the execution, which, the native press declares, was hastened lest English opinion should undergo a change in favor of the condemned princes after the publication of their defense. The manner of the Tongal general's execution, particularly, greatly shocked public feeling. It is said that he was too ill to stand up and that his executioners were obliged to lift him upon a stool before the drop fell.

Ten Killed and Many Injured.

BERLIN, Aug. 18.—A terrible collision occurred to-day at a point between Ostrowo and Loswiz, in Prussian Poland. Two passenger trains collided while going at full speed. The trains were terribly wrecked, and ten persons were killed and many injured. Coals from the locomotives set fire to the wreck, and some of the injured burned to death while men were striving to rescue them.

A Foreign View of Office-Seeking.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Times argues that many of the office-seeking abuses in the United States are due to the power to reelect the President, and that it would be better if re-election was forbidden. The Times is of the opinion that the only argument against such a change appears in Mr. Cleveland's question: "What will you do with the ex-Presidents?"

Caprivi Confers with the Kaiser.

KIEL, Aug. 18.—Chancellor Von Caprivi conferred with the Emperor to-day aboard the imperial yacht Hohenzollern. The Emperor and Empress landed this evening and attended a banquet at the castle, given in honor of the birthday of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria-Hungary. The Austrian embassador and Austrian embassy were invited to the banquet.

Commissioner Grosvenor at Zurich.

ZURICH, Aug. 18.—C. H. Grosvenor, of the chicago fair commission, has arrived here to explain to the merchants of the city and vicinity the advantages of exhibiting at the fair. It is his second visit here. He reports having received satisfactory assurances from the merchants and government officials of Switzerland.

Cable Notes.

The Duke of Mecklenburg's paralysis is increasing, and he is not expected to live a week. A regency is contemplated.

King Alexander, of Servia, and his father, ex-King Milan, are the guests of President Carnot, of France, at Fontainebleau.

Forty-six of the recalcitrant Russians in the poor-house at Berlin have declared that they would rather pay to return to Russia than work for Germans. They produced the necessary money. All the others who refused to work will be sent to the frontier.

William Turner, the murderer of little Barbara Waterhouse, was hanged at Leeds, England, yesterday. Turner protested his innocence to the last. At Chelsmford, Saddler, the man who stabbed and killed the husband of his paramour, suffered the death penalty for his crime.

At the election for president of the French Councils, General M. Rouvier, M. Ferry and many others made speeches, in which they referred to the visit of the French fleet to Cronstadt, the firm position France is gaining in Europe, her stability at home, and renewal of respect had for her by foreign nations.

HORSE-WHIPPED IN COURT.

Millionaire and a Lawyer Chastised by a Woman Whose Virtue Had Been Impugned.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—In two minutes, and before a crowded court-room, Mrs. Edward McMahon to-day horse-whipped a millionaire and his lawyer, and then fainted in her husband's arms. The millionaire was Peter Smith, the contractor, and the lawyer was P. McHugh. The cause of the double assault was the reading of a deposition by a Canadian detective, impugning the chastity of Mrs. McMahon. The horse-whipping is the climax of a series of sensations growing out of a long-standing family quarrel. Edward McMahon's marriage, some months ago, to his second wife, who wielded the raw-hide in court, to-day, was very displeasing to his mother and sister, the latter the wife of millionaire Smith. McMahon's little son Milton had a fortune of $30,000, and it was asserted that the step-mother's chief motive in marrying McMahon was to obtain possession of this sum. McMahon and wife on one side, and his mother, sister and millionaire Smith on the other, have charged each other with attempting little Milton's death by poison to prevent the opposing party from securing his custody. The Canadian deposition read yesterday was in furtherance of the legal fight by the Smith faction. Mrs. McMahon, shortly after entering Judge Kohlsaat's court-room to-day, walked quickly to where Smith and McHugh were sitting, and, with a black-snake whip, before the astonished bailiffs or spectators could prevent; slashed Smith and McHugh repeatedly across the face and neck. Judge Kohlsaat took no action in the matter, and intimated that the child would not be given to either faction to the controversy.

Business Embarrassments.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The firm of Johnston, Tallman & Co., importers and dealers in fire-works, notions and toys, on Barclay street, made an assignment to-day to John M. Young, without preferences. Mr. Tallman, a member of the firm, stated this afternoon that the cause of the assignment was a shortage in cash. The members of the firm had an agreeable arrangement as to discontinuing business. The liabilities of the firm, he said, were $100,000, and the nominal assets about $150,000.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug 18.—The Standard Fire Insurance Company of this city has reinsured with the Phœnix of New York in order to protect its policy-holders. The company was organized almost three years ago by local capitalists and business men, and had been doing a good business. Lately its business has fallen off somewhat, and the managers of the company thought it best to reinsure.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 18.—The general Western branch—located in Kansas City, Kan.—of the English and American Mortgage Company of London, Eng., was taken possession of to-day by the United States marshal under an attachment in favor of the National Bank of Commerce, of this city.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 18.—The H. Van Seggern Planing-mill Company made an assignment to-day. Liabilities, $20,000; assets, $18,000.

Movements of Steamers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Arrived: Wilkommen, Bremerhaven and Westernland, from Antwerp; Siberia, from Glasgow; Teutonic, from Liverpool.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Sighted: Spaarndam and Majestic, from New York.

SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 18.—Arrived: Havel, from New York.

GLASGOW, Aug. 18.—Arrived: Ethiopia, from New York.

Many Cattle Killed by Sunstroke.

WICHITA, Kan., Aug. 18.—The past week, which has been unprecedently warm in the Southwest, has witnessed the death of large numbers of cattle in the counties of Pratt, Barbour, Kiowa and Comanche counties. It was at first feared that some fatal disease had found its way into the herds, but the leading stockmen have now satisfied themselves that the animals have died from sunstroke.

BILIOUSNESS, constipation, torpid liver, piles, cured by Dr. Miles's Nerve and Liver Pills; 50 doses 25c. Samples free at druggists, by mail 25c. MILES MED. CO., Elkhart, Ind.

FIRE SPREAD BY DYNAMITE

Fifty-Five Buildings Consumed at Jacksonville, Fla., With $500,000 Loss.

Flames Scattered in All Directions by a Terrific Explosion—$300,000 Blaze at Cambridge, Mass.—Fires at Other Places.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 18.—A path of smoldering ruins two blocks wide and six blocks long, extending from Bay street to Beaver street and one block on each side, is the result of a fire which started last midnight. It caught in R. D. Knight & Co.'s grocery, adjoining the large Hubbard Building, and in a very short time the block was a mass of flames. Then they were carried diagonally across to the Tremont Hotel; thence to Colonel Burbridge's large block, in which the Seminole Club was domiciled. The fire spread on all sides, being fanned by a stiff breeze. The firemen worked heroically throughout, but nothing could stay the flames until exhausted for want of materials. From the Hubbard Block the fire jumped across the street to the Smith Building and the Mather Building. In the Smith Building a large amount of dynamite had been stored. This exploded and started fires through the blocks away to the northwest. The sound was not heard, but the effect of the explosion was seen fifty miles away. In the city the effect was stunning. Men fell in the streets and many were injured. Plate-glass for four and five squares was shattered, and the sidewalks covered with broken glass. The firemen could have stopped the fire at this point, but for the explosion. That rendered them almost helpless. Residences, stores and hotels broke into flames, and the fire became a terrible conflagration, and was not stopped until after daylight in the middle of the square bounded by Church, Ashley and Laurel and Main streets. The larger buildings burned are: Knight's crockery store, the Hubbard Block, the Seminole Block, the Smith Building, the Mattier House, the Freedmen's Bureau, the Tremont Hotel, Hotel Placide, Ritzwell's residence, the Chelsea House, St. Joseph's Academy, the Tilton House, the Murray & Baker Carriage Repository, and nearly all buildings from and including Simmons & Scott's shoe store to and including Lloyd Bros.' grocery store, corner of Church and Main streets. The total number of buildings of all kinds burned is fifty-five, and the total loss about half a million dollars. The insurance is not obtainable. It will be small compared with the total loss. No lives were lost.

LOSS WILL REACH A MILLION.

Another dispatch says the loss will foot up $1,000,000, with insurance of $650,000. For six hours the firemen fought the flames, during which time the Hubbard Block, Tremont Hotel, Burbridge's Seminole Block, the Freedman's Bank Block, Smith's two elegant blocks on Forsythe and Main streets, the Convent of St. Joseph, McMursey & Baker's large carriage manufactury, the Plaisance, Chelsea, Tillon Hotel and other fine business blocks, also forty dwellings were burned to the ground. Among the heavy losers are: J. A. Heran, tobacco warehouse, $1,000; Chas. Morrison & Co. from moving and water, $1,000; Rives & Koopman, from water, $1,500; J. F. Robinson, wall-paper, $1,000; Greenleaf & Crosby, jewelers, moving stock and water, $2,000; J. C. Lengle, damage to building, $1,500; Emery Bros., three dwelling-houses, $4,000; S. Ritzwoller, residence, $1,500; Mrs. B. A. Bailey, $2,000; Mechanics' engine-house, $3,000; E. P. Webster, $1,000; Judge Younge, $3,500; Mrs. J. T. Walker, $3,000; Mrs. P. Moody, $1,400; Mrs. Henderson's three dwelling-houses, $2,500; convent, $20,000; McMurray & Baker, $10,000; John Taylor, three dwellings, $5,000; Wm. Ledwith, $10,000; Bigelow House, $10,000; Archie Hall, $1,200; Mrs. Stoughton, $3,500; Parkhurst estate, $2,000; Dr. Sabel, $1,000; J. E. Ivers, market, $1,000; Dr. Guy Hutchinso, drugs, $3,000; Mrs. Miller, millinery, $500; J. Hildebrand, two dwellings, $8,000; Parkhurst estate, $3,000; Mrs. Mary Rover, two dwellings, $7,000; Conroy estate, two dwellings, $10,000; D. U. Fletcher, $5,000; Mrs. H. T. Baya, $11,000; George S. Wilson, $12,000, J. D. Bucky, $20,000; Wm. Byrne, $35,000; Lengle's estate, $7,000; Jacob Huff, $25,000; Placid Hotel, P. Tichler owner, $65,000; Tremont Hotel, $50,000; S. Hubbard, building, $65,000; Hubbard & Co., hardware, $50,000; Burbridge Block, $15,000; Freedman Bank, C. O. Livingston, $30,000. Besides these there were scores of losers ranging from one hundred to several thousand. The exact insurance cannot be ascertained, but the net loss will be $300,000.

The burned district covers about ten blocks in area, six long and two wide, embracing some of the finest blocks and best dwellings in the city. The city looks desolate to-night; many families camping out in the park, as the weather is warm and they have not had time to engage new quarters. This is the heaviest blow in this line the Jacksonville people have ever sustained.

$300,000 Loss at Cambridge, Mass.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—Cambridge was visited this morning by a destructive fire. The Damon iron-works are now a mass of ruins. The building was owned by Mr. Damon, and was valued at $50,000. The two-story wooden structure adjoining the Damon building, owned by Mr. Damon also, and leased to Edward Kendall & Co., machinists, also succumbed to the flames. The entire loss to the Damon Safe and Iron Company will approximate $200,000, on which there is $143,000 insurance. In the Kendall's shops $20,000 worth of patterns were destroyed, and the stock of machinery ruined was valued at $60,000. There is $50,000 insurance. The men employed in both places numbered about 250. A majority of these owned their tools, in many cases, valued at $100 to $150. The loss suffered in this way will be in the vicinity of $10,000. The Harvard Dry-plate Company, in the building owned by Mr. Damon, was burned out, their loss being about $7,000, with $1,500 more on the building; partly insured.

Factory Burned at Boston.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—Three alarms were given in quick succession this afternoon for a fire in the six-story brick building occupied by Putnam & Co., manufacturers of spring bedsteads. The firm employs about seventy men and thirty-five girls, all of whom were at work at the time. They all got out alive. The building, which is owned by Putnam & Co., (H. L. and H. S. Putnam) is practically a total loss and its contents also. Mr. S. P. Putnam, senior member of the firm, states that the loss on building will be about $20,000 and on stock from $50,000 to $60,000. Insurance, $35,000; on contents, $36,000.

Other Losses by Fire.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 18.—The Pocock can factory, an extensive establishment on the corner of Franklin avenue and Second streets, was destroyed by fire this morning, and two or three other smaller adjoining concerns were gutted, entailing a total loss of about one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The Pocock loss is about one hundred thousand dollars, with insurance of $78,000. The other property was well insured.

LEADVILLE, Col., Aug. 18.—The Louisville, a leading mine, and one in which St. Louis and Chicago capitalists are largely interested, caught fire last night from the explosion of a lamp, and the flames are still tearing their way through the shaft. This lays to waste a work that has cost in the neighborhood of fifty thousand dollars.

Young People's Christian Union.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 18.—The second annual convention of the Young People's Christian Union of the Universalist Church is in session in this city. This morning Miss Mildred Rohm Smith, of Towanda, read a paper on "Ways of Promoting the Growth of a Society," and Marion Young, of Philadelphia, one on "Denominational Reading." The executive board recommended that the convention in 1893 be held in Chicago.

Chinese Exclusion Act Interpreted.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 18.—United States District Judge Hanford to-day made an important interpretation of that part of the Chinese exclusion act requiring the deportation of Chinese that come into this country in violation of exclusion acts. Heretofore all Chinese who have entered and who have been caught have been sent to China. Judge Hanford decides that they shall hereafter be sent to the country from which they came. This will send all the Chinamen who come in here after this back to British Columbia. The case in which the Judge made the decision was that of Lee Hem Bow, one of the Chinamen recently brought over the line at Sumas by Cowboy "Terry," and over whom Deputy Sheriff Peor was killed.

FUN AT CAMP CARNAHAN.

After the Parade Sir Knights Attend the Opera and Otherwise Enjoy Themselves.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CAMP CARNAHAN, WARSAW, Aug. 18.—The first day of the Pythian encampment has been a great success. The first movement of the brigade was to form for a parade through the little city of Warsaw. The parade was to have occurred at 10:30 o'clock this morning, and Brigadier-general Ross and staff and the regimental officers, all mounted, rode in from the camp to the city before that time. The divisions were to go in by rail, but owing to the action of the Pennsylvania company a delay of two hours occurred, and then but little more than half of the divisions succeeded in getting to the city, one entire regiment, the Third, being left in camp. The parade finally moved at noon, and passed through the principal streets, and was reviewed at the public square by Major-general Carnahan and staff and Grand Chancellor Elmer F. Williams. All regiments in the brigade were represented except the Third and Sixth, no divisions belonging to the latter being in camp. The officers and men participating in the parade numbered about five hundred, and made a very good showing. The weather still continues very warm, but the streets all along the line of march had been thoroughly sprinkled, and the heat was not oppressive. The city is profusely decorated throughout and certainly gave the Sir Knights a hospitable reception. This evening, at 6 o'clock, the several regiments went on dress parade on the parade ground, affording visitors a very pleasant entertainment.

Last night, while the incoming multitudes were getting settled, the camp was the scene of much hilarity, and a few irrepressibles kept the ball rolling nearly all night. Chief among the merry-makers and mischief-doers were some of the Logansport boys who have almost a national reputation in that line. They made frequent trips to the tent of their captain, George B. Gouser, and, finally, spying him outside his tent alone about midnight, captured him and threw him in a pool of ice-cold water at one of the numerous springs. Then he turned the tables on them, and succeeded in giving three of them a plunge-bath in the same place. This cooled their enthusiasm, and, after the Wabash Band, which came into camp after midnight playing one of their "show pieces," got settled, the camp was quiet until morning, and those who had been longing for an opportunity to sleep were accommodated. To-night, while the crowd in general is witnessing "Mikado" at the opening of the Auditorium, the officers of the brigade are holding an important business meeting. The military exercises tomorrow will consist of exercises in battalion formations in the morning and dress parade of the brigade at 6 o'clock in the evening.

THE SEAL PIRATE ETHEL.

Commander Hooper's Report of the Capture of an American Schooner in Behring Sea.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Captain Hooper, commanding the revenue steamer Corwin, reports to the Treasury Department, under date of Ounalaska, July 31, 1891, that while cruising in the vicinity of the Pribyloff islands July 28 he seized the schooner Ethel, hailing from San Diego, Cal., for violation of the President's proclamation of June 15, 1891, in regard to sealing in Behring sea. He says he towed the vessel to Ounalaska and turned her over to the senior naval officer present, on the 4th. The Ethel, he says, sailed from San Francisco May 2 on a hunting and fishing voyage and entered Behring sea July 3, and appears to have remained near the seal islands until seized. Continuous thick fogs prevented her being seen before. The master admitted the firing of guns from his vessel, but said that some of the crew had merely fired at a tin can for amusement. He expressed surprise when told of his close proximity to the seal islands, and said he thought he was thirty or forty miles from them. When seized there were found on the Ethel 181 salted fur seal skins, twenty-nine fresh fur skins, eleven unborn pup seal skins, two other skins, one hair seal skin and two hundred pounds of whale-bone. The vessel had a complete sailing outfit, with boats, guns, ammunition, salt, etc. She was surrounded by seals at the time. So plentiful and fearless were they, said Captain Hooper, that several might have been killed from the Corwin's deck while she was lying near the Ethel. At the date of his report the United States steamers Mohican, Alert and Thetis, H. B. M. steamers Porpoise and Nymphe and the steamer Alki were at Ounalaska.

Change in Mexican Customs Regulations.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Bureau of American Republics is informed that a very important change has been made in the Mexican custom-house regulations. Under the old system all goods imported were subject to two examinations—one at the port of entry and another in the custom-house where the goods were delivered. By a rule just adopted the last inspection is now dispensed with. Goods are thoughly examined upon their entrance into the country, sent to their destination with due precautions and delivered to consignees upon presentation of the proper documents. The change is warmly welcomed by the mercantile community as it saves vexatious delays and does away with the expense of repacking and other expenses.

What Insects Cost Our Farmers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Association on Economic Entomologists had its first meeting yesterday and was addressed by the president, James Fletcher, entomologist and botanist to the Dominion of Canada. In referring to the great loss to crops occasioned by the ravages of insects, he said that the value of agricultural products of this country is estimated at about $380,000,000, and of this an average of about 10 per cent. is lost; in short $38,000,000 is given up almost without a struggle by the people of the United States.

General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Miss Belle Pudney, of Shelbyville, Ind., a clerk in the Pension Office, has resigned. The lady severs her connection with the government to enter into matrimony. She will be united in marriage to-morrow evening, at 5 o'clock, with Oliver Perry Hazard, of Louisville. Mr. Hazard formerly lived in Indiana, and now represents D. H. Baldwin & Co. The bridal trip will embrace Old Point Comfort, the Virginia watering places and mountain resorts.

Acting Secretary Nettleton has informed a New York banker, who asked for information on the subject, that the privilege of extending four-and-a-half-per-cent. bonds at 2 per cent. will be extended to bonds held abroad, that may be shipped in good faith prior to Sept. 2, notwithstading they may not arrive at Washington until after that date, provided proper notice of such shipment is given to the department.

Secretary Foster has returned from Cape May Point and was to-day at the Treasury Department.

Advices were received at the Navy Department of date July 24, from Rear Admiral Belknap, commanding the Asiatic station. He reports the condition of affairs in China as unchanged. The situation is gradually becoming more peaceable.

Switchmen Strike at Peoria.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 18.—All switchmen, both union and non-union men, employed in the Peoria & Pekin Union railroad went out on a strike to-night. This means the tying-up of all freight business on seven roads which enter from the South and West. The switching for these seven roads is done by the Peoria & Pekin Union men. The strike was caused by an objection to W. G. Bell, the yardmaster, who is not acceptable to the men. All Lake Erie & Western brakemen here are out also.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SHOCKING CASE OF CRUELTY.

An Old Man Kept in Solitary Confinement for the Purpose of Shortening His Life.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 18.—A revolting case of cruelty came to light this evening in the suburbs of this city. Detective Thomas Hayden, accompanied by several police officers and a reporter, acting on information received, proceeded to the house of James Lindberg, demanded admittance, and asked for the "old man." Unwilling, Lindberg led the way through a lamentably filthy house, and in one corner, in a room 5x7 feet, the door to which was heavily barred and locked, they found Andrew Spangberg, said to be eighty-one years old, literally reeking with vermin. Buzzing flies and other insects roused at the gleam of the light which one of the party carried, danced in swarms over the poor old man, whose days are evidently numbered. On a hard bed, not two feet wide, he tossed and chattered incoherently, and his almost sightless eyes told of abject fear at the sound of voices. He was wrapped in quilts and removed to one of the hospitals. Inquiry developed the fact that he had been a comparative prisoner in the room for years, his reason slowly ebbing away. He came to America, leaving a wife in Sweden, twenty years ago. He acquired considerable property, and when decrepitude came on him he willed it to the children of Lindberg, and it is believed that a deliberate attempt has been made to hasten the old man's death by ill treatment, coupled with frequent beatings and other abuses.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Mrs. J. J. Ford was burned to death in her home at Oklahoma City, I. T.

Two thousand acres of wheat was destroyed by hail-stones, near Deer Creek, Minn., Monday night.

D. J. Clemens, charged with chloroforming and robbing Colonel Frayser, the Memphis banker, has been released from custody, Mr. Frayser failing to identify him as the thief.

Cardinal Gibbons arrived at Milwaukee last night to assist in conferring the pallium on Archbishop Katzer, of the Archdiocese of Milwaukee, on Thursday morning.

Foster Thomas, president of the Louisville steam bakery, accidentally killed himself yesterday while shooting in the Muldraugh hills, twenty miles south of Louisville.

Anton Hoersch, a farmer living at Harrison, Wis., killed Frank Koehn, a neighbor, because Koehn interfered to prevent him from beating his children. Koehn was shot through the heart.

There seems to be a hitch in regard to the sale of the Stickney tract to the Chicago packers' syndicate. P. D. Armour, of the "Big Three," says that A. B. Stickney made the contract of sale without the consent of the stockholders.

Three hundred and fifty nailers and packers at the Minneapolis flour-mills went on strike yesterday, and were out for two hours. They demanded 25 cents more per day. It is the busiest time of the year, and there was nothing for the millers to do but to submit.

Avon Taylor, a farmer, returned to his home near San Mateo, Cal., Monday evening, after a drunken spree, and with a pick-handle, beat his wife over the head, inflicting horrible wounds, and then seriously injured his eight-year-old son with the same weapon.

J. L. Webster, ex-sheriff of Covington county, Mississippi, was assassinated at his residence near Williamsburg on Saturday night. Mr. Webster stooped down to pick up his child from the back gallery, when he receives a load of buck-shot in his abdomen, and died four hours later.

At Gloucester, N. J., Robert Brazier, a jockey, was thrown from his horse Monday, during a race, and received a fracture of the skull. He was taken to the hospital, where it was stated that his injuries would probably result fatally. Brazier is only fourteen years old, and came from Salina, Kan.

Secretary Dillon, of the American Flint-glass-workers' Union, says that all scales have been signed. The only difficulties were in the shade and cutting departments, but these have been settled. There are eleven scales in the association and all have been fixed, and the factories will all be in operation the first week next month.

Small Tornado in Michigan.

JACKSON, Mich., Aug. 18.—A storm last evening developed into a small tornado and swept across the townships of Leoni, Napoleon and Norvell. At Michigan Center, the barn of Mr. Hewing was unroofed. In Leoni a large barn of Michael Hoon was destroyed. In Napoleon the roof of the barn of Verona Watson was carried to the woods. Orchards were badly damaged, many trees being uprooted. The volume of water that fell was very great. On the line of the storm houses were wrecked and the inmates sought safty in cellars. Near Brookiyn a fierce storm of hail did considerable damage. In Jackson great quantities of rain fell which flooded the streets and injured pavements. Considerable damage was done to trees.

Stricken with Paralysis.

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 18.—Lyman C. Draper has suffered a stroke of paralysis which leaves him entirely helpless and which is likely to prove fatal. He has long been regarded as an oracle on Western topics among historians. He was for about thirty years the head of the Wisconsin Historical Society. He is the author of many historical works.

MOBILE, Ala., Aug. 18.—Alfred Goldthwaite, of New Orleans, State Senator of Louisiana, and distinguished as counsel in the celebrated Gaines case, was stricken with paralysis in the left side last night while at Point Clear, a summer resort on the eastern shore of Mobile bay. His condition is serious.

Obituary.

LINCOLN Neb., Aug. 18.—Oliver P. Mason, one of the foremost members of the Lincoln bar, and ex-Judge of the Supreme court, died in this city this morning, aged sixty-two. He was leading counsel for Governor Thayer in the recent proceeding in ouster of James E. Boyd.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Aug. 18.—Hon. R. F. Beck, four times Mayor of Vicksburg and twice sheriff of this county, did this morning, of malarial fever, aged forty-eight years.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Ben K. Johnson, postmaster for forty years at East Coldenham, died at his home there to-day, aged seventy-three.

A Bogus "Holy Coat."

TREVES, Aug. 18.—A fragment of the "holy coat," exhibited at Argenteuil, near Paris, on Saturday last was brought to this city by a deputation for comparison with the "holy coat" which is to be exhibited here. A microscopic examination revealed the fact that the Argenteuil coat is made of camel's hair, while the Treves garment is made of linen. The members of the Argenteuil deputation remain to join in the adoration of the Treves garment.

Bank Officers Arrested.

NEVADA, Mo., Aug. 18.—Upon information of Charles Trummer, a depositor of the suspended Citizens' Bank, President William Christian, Cashier O. K. Caldwell and Director W. H. Robinson were arrested to-day. Each gave bond in $5,000. The bank had on deposit $130,000 when it suspended. Depositors will not get 10 cents on the dollar.

Drunken Fight at a Christening.

ASHLAND, Pa., Aug. 18.—A number of Huns employed at the Good Spring colliery, and living in that vicinity, had a terrible fight among themselves last night, in which four of the number were so badly beaten, kicked and stabbed that their lives are despaired of. One of their number had a child christened and all of the colony were invited. The whole crowd was drunk. Knives, clubs and stones were freely used, and the fight lasted fully two hours. No one interfered, and they were left to fight it out with the above result.

The Charleston Soon to Sail.

VALLEJO, Cal., Aug. 18.—The Charleston will get away Wednesday, about noon. She is taking on stores for other ships in the Asiatic squadron. Her destination is China, and she will leave there for New York, by way of the Suez canal, to take part in the naval maneuvers of the White Squadron next fall.

Not a Teaser.

Life.

Aunt Fanny—Don't you believe, Emmy, that God answers little girls' prayers?

Emma (Sunday-school scholar, aged seven)—Yes, I know it.

Aunt Fanny—And do you say your prayers every night?

Emma—No. Aunt Fanny, I hate people who, the more they get, the more they want.

Dangerous Dead-Head Riding.

Robert Cunningham, a tramp stealing a ride to this city from Cincinnati, was knocked from the top of a Big Four passenger coach at midnight by the Noble-street bridge. He was discovered in a conscious condition by patrolmen James and Wheeler, who telephoned for the City Hospital ambulance. His injuries were in his back and on his head. It was not thought that they are of a fatal nature. He gave his age as twenty-four years, and said he lives on Twenty-sixth street, in Pittsburg.

Missing People.

Calvin Monroe, an ex-soldier and pensioner, sixty-eight years of age, disappeared from home yesterday after drawing $100 from the bank. He was last seen going south on the Columbus pike in a vehicle with Henry Keen, an ex-convict. His sons have asked the police for assistance in finding him.

Charles Capliner, six years of age, wandered from home last night and could not be found. He lives at No. 335 Bicking street.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLES.

From Indianapolis Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

East—West. North—South.

Trains run by Central Standard Time.

Leave for Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York. d 4:45 a m, d 2:00 p m, d 5:30 p m

Arrive from the East, d 11:40 a m, d 1:25 p m and d 9:00 p m.

Leave for Columbus, 9:00 a m.; arrive from Columbus, 3:45 p m; leave for Richmond, 4:00 p m; arrive from Richmond, 9.00 a m.

Leave for Chicago, d 11:50 a m, d 11:30 p m; arrive from Chicago, d 3:20 p m; d 3:30 a m.

Leave for Louisville, d 3:40 a m, 8:00 a m, d 3:30 p m. Arrive from Louisville, d 11:15 a m, 6 p m; d 10:50 p m.

Leave for Columbus, Ind., 4:30 p m. Arrive from Columbus, 10:25 a m.

Leave for Vincennes and Cairo, 7:30 a m, 4:10 a m; arrive from Vincennes and Cairo, 10:55 a m, 5:05 p m.

d, daily; other trains except Sunday.

VANDALIA LINE—SHORTEST ROUTE TO ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST.

Trains arrive and leave Indianapolis as follows:

Leave for St. Louis 7:30 am, 11:50 am, 1:35 p m, 11:00 p m. All trains connect at Terre Haute for E. & T. H. points. Evansville sleeper on 11:00 p m. train. Greencastle and Terre Haute Accom'dation, 4:00 pm.

Arrive from St. Louis, 3:30 am, 4:15 am, 1:55 p m, 5:20 p m, 7:45 p m.

Terre Haute and Greencastle Accom'dation 10:00 am.

Sleeping and Parlor Cars are run on through trains.

For rates and information apply to ticket agents of the company, or W. F. BRUNNER, District Passenger Agent.

MONON ROUTE THE VESTIBULED PULLMAN CAR LINE.

Leave Indianapolis.

No. 32—Chicago Lim., Pullman Vestibuled coaches, parlor and dining car, daily ..... 11:35 am

Arrive in Chicago 5:20 pm.

No. 34—Chicago Night Ex., Pullman Vestibuled coaches and sleepers, daily ..... 12:40 am

Arrive in Chicago 7:35 am.

No. 38—Monon Acc. ..... 5:20 pm

Arrive at Indianapolis.

No. 31—Vestibule, daily ..... 3:20 pm

No. 33—Vestibule, daily 3: