andria Republican Club was out in full force. The speaker of the evening was Hon. Charles L. Henry, candidate for Congress from this district. Senator A. E. Harlan happily introduced the speaker, who spoke on the campaign issues. He deals in stern facts and figures that strike terror and conviction to the Democratic heart. Much enthusiasm was manifested, and the Republicans of this end of Madison county will do their part to redeem it.

WON'T VOTE FOR CLEVELAND.

General Sickles, Although a Democrat, Will Veto Grover at the Polls.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, the renowned soldier Democrat, of New York, who it was recently announced by the Democratic national committee would take the forum and justify Mr. Cleveland's pension vetoes and record of hostility to the soldiers, said here to-day: "I once voted for a man who hired a substitute, but I shall never vote for another one. Mr. Cleveland is not the soldiers' friend and the boys should not be deceived." General Sickles paid President Harrison a high tribute for his statesmanship and patriotism.

Weaver and Lease Cause a Row.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Sept. 22.—The third-party meeting here to-day drew together about eight hundred persons, one-third of whom were third-party men. General Weaver and Mrs. Lease arrived this morning. At the opera-house General Weaver spoke, denouncing the Democratic party, and charging that all the evils of poverty and disorders were attributable to that party. He was followed by Mrs. Lease, who sailed into the Democratic party lively. She extolled Weaver and the third party, and was particularly severe on the Democratic press, and characterized the Atlanta Journal as a lying sheet and its representative as a liar. Thad Horton, the Journal reporter who got the affidavits of parties in Pulaski setting forth Weaver's brutality during the war, was on the stage, and immediately sprang forward, stating he had affidavits in his pocket to prove the correctness of the Journal's report and would read them. Weaver declared that he had engaged the house and Horton should not read the affidavits. Great confusion ensued, through which could be heard cheers and hisses. Finally Horton was taken from the stage. He told Weaver that he could not resent the insult from a woman, that her sex protected her, but he would hurl the lie in the teeth of any man who would step out as her champion. Afterwards Horton made a speech in front of the opera-house, in which he upheld the publications in the Journal, and was loudly cheered. General Weaver and his party left in the afternoon for Macon. There was no demonstration at their departure, and a handful of people saw them depart.

Alleged Evidence Against Peck.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The Herald's Albany correspondent says, in regard to Labor Commissioner Peck's report: "The reliance of the prosecution is on the burned paper taken from the furnace, which stenographer Rodgers temporarily turned into a crematory. Some of these fragments have been photographed for the Herald, and show clearly that records were destroyed by burning. On these fragments, which are of the exact color, texture and print of the forms sent out by Mr. Peck's bureau to collect information for his tariff report, appear part of the written answers to his questions. Some show the words "Infants' wear," indicating the industry to which the query was addressed. Others have the figures "1890" and "1891," showing the years embraced in the inquiry. By far the most damaging testimony is furnished by a great mass of the fragments that are too much charred to permit of photographing. On these blackened pieces can be distinctly read the names of New York and Brooklyn firms engaged in the woolen and clothing business. At present the fragments are held sacred, and are kept alike from the air and the public gaze in the big fire-proof safe of the district attorney's office.

Adlai Still Talking to the Tar-Heelers.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., Sept. 22.—The Democrats of this section held a rally here to-day in honor of "General" Stevenson. Mr. Stevenson's welcome was an enthusiastic one. He was escorted to the base-ball park, where about ten thousand people listened to his address.

The "General" spoke at Rocky Mount this afternoon. His campaign trip through the State was completed with his visit there. The State executive campaign committee estimates that since he entered North Carolina he has addressed 80,000 people, 60,000 of whom are voters. Through the very earnest and active efforts of the State executive committee he believes, he says, that all danger from the third party has been averted. That danger, he acknowledges, was very serious at one time. To-morrow General Stevenson will speak at Richmond, Va.

Senator Davis and the German Catholics.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Sept. 22.—In the German Catholic convention, after a long debate, in which much feeling was shown on both sides, the resolutions denouncing Senator Davis for his reference to Cahenslyism were reconsidered, and a special committee appointed to draft a new set. The new resolutions, which were adopted, though clothed in milder language than the first, are practically the same, and still demand a retraction by the Senator or his defeat for re-election. The next convention will be held at St. Louis.

Fusion in Wyoming.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Sept. 22.—At the State convention of the People's party, held yesterday at Douglass, a basis of fusion on the State and national tickets was agreed upon by the People's party and the Democrats of Wyoming. The Cleveland electors will be withdrawn and the Weaver electors supported. The People's party will put no State ticket in the field, but will support the Democratic State ticket.

What Terrible L-a-s.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 22.—The People's party State Central committee announces that a careful poll of the State just completed shows they will have a plurality of 17,000 votes for the Weaver electors, out of a total of 71,000 votes.

THIS IS IN THE CZAR'S LAND.

Woman to Be Beheaded and Her Body Burned at the Stake.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 22.—In April last Mrs. Aina Sainaio, the wife of a professor in the State College at Tavastehus, Finland, was found guilty of poisoning her husband, and, in accordance with the medieval law, which is still in force there, she was sentenced to be beheaded and her body to be affixed to a beacon and burned. She was charged with having a lover in the person of a student, but she strenuously denied this and said that her motive in killing her husband was to get the insurance of $2,500, as she was deeply in debt. After her conviction the case was carried to the Court of Appeals and to-day a decision was handed down affirming the judgment of the trial court and adding to the punishment to be inflicted on the unfortunate woman. It transpired during the trial that Mrs. Sainaio had forged her husband's name to checks for small sums some time before his death, and for this offense the Court of Appeals orders that her right hand be cut off. Then she will be decapitated and her body fastened to a stake, covered with inflammable material and set on fire. All information that had been gathered about Mrs. Sainaio seems to confirm the belief that she was a spoiled child. In order to satisfy her great desire for sweets, with which her husband supplied her liberally, she stole and deceived without the slightest hesitation. She is said to have all the characteristics of a poisoner. Her head is unusually large, her forehead greatly developed, while the jaws, on the other hand, are small. She was never handsome, but her liveliness made her attractive.

Centennial of the First French Republic.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—One hundred years ago to-day was the first day of the year one of the republic, following the revolution. To-day is also the centennial of the "Cannonade of Valmy," the first triumph of the republican arms. The events were fittingly celebrated at the Pantheon. President Carnot was present. Minister Loubet delivered the oration. Two street parades took place this afternoon. In the line were cars filled with men representing famous characters in history. In one Lafayette and Washington stood hand in hand.

This Is in the Czar's Land.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Chronicle's Odessa correspondent says: "A recent measure passed prevents Jews giving their children names identical with that of Christians, such as Matthew, Mark, Paul, etc."

Abeille's Slayer Now a Free Man.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The pardon for Edward Parker Deacon was sent to the prison authorities at Nice, and Deacon was released to-day.

Cable Notes.

The Porte has revived the question of closing the American mission schools in Turkish dominion unless they are controlled by Turkish officials.

Saturday and Sunday last two thousand students were arrested, in Constantinople, and placed aboard two steamers in the Golden Horn, and these vessels sailed away on Sunday night with secret orders. An official announcement has been made to the effect that this action on the part of the authorities is due to a desire to relieve the pressure of students in the public schools. Several Turkish journals have recently been confiscated.

$3.50—To Chicago—$3.50
Via Pennsylvania Line from Indianapolis.

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

Chose Death Rather than a Continued Life of Misery as an Invalid.

William J. Moran, of Fort Wayne, Swallows a Quantity of Morphine and Dies—De Pauw Faculty Doesn't Like Criticism.

INDIANA.

Suicide of a Well-Known Fort Wayne Citizen Who Was an Invalid.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FORT WAYNE, Sept. 22.—At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon William J. Moran, a well-known citizen of Fort Wayne, took a quantity of morphine and then went to bed. He has been an invalid for years and was unable to do any work. He has not slept a night for many months on account of his affliction, and he has frequently threatened to take his own life in order to relieve himself of his misery. At 6 o'clock his wife discovered that his limbs were cold and saw the empty drug boxes on the table. Stomach pumps, emetics and everything possible were applied to bring the fast dying man back to life, but without avail.

Student Taylor's Horrible Offense.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENCASTLE, Sept. 22.—It was near 2 o'clock, this morning when the the last of the recalcitrant students of DePauw University had been summoned before the examining committee of the faculty, and interrogated by them in reference to their connection with the college publication known as the Mirage. Only one of the number (Mr. Isham Taylor) avowed the authorship of the objectionable articles, and his associates were thereupon admitted to the university without prejudice. An exception was made in the case of Mr. Taylor, and it remains to be seen what disposition will be made of his case. His associates, and the members of the senior class generally, are in sympathy with the alleged offending editor, and are disposed to make his cause their own. The animadversions complained of were directed at the trustees, rather than the faculty, and were based on what the students conceived to be the non-progressive policy that governs the board.

M. E. Conference at Rushville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RUSHVILLE, Sept. 22.—Conference opened its second day's session this morning with a half-hour devotional service, led by C. A. Van Anda. Bishop Ninde took the chair at 8:30. A great deal of committee work is being done that is of no interest to the public. It was decided to hold a memorial service at 2 o'clock on Saturday. Earl Cranston, D. D., of the Western Book Concern, addressed the conference this morning. The Bishop announced the following committee on conference relations: R. Roberts, E. A. Campbell, E. B. Rawls, C. Linsley and Jesse Milles. H. C. Weakley, of Cincinnati, corresponding secretary of the Christ Hospital and Deaconess Home spoke this afternoon. To-night a large audience listened to Dr. Hamilton, of Boston, assistant secretary of the Freedman's Aid and Southern Education Society.

Shiel Elected President.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SEYMOUR, Sept. 22.—The old soldiers of the Eighth and Thirty-ninth Indiana Cavalry and the Thirty-seventh, One-hundred-and-forty-fifth, Eighty-second and Thirty-second Indiana Infantry closed a two days' reunion in this city, this afternoon. Last night a regular old-fashioned camp-fire was held, at which many a battle was fought over. To-day was devoted to the transaction of business and the election of officers for the ensuing year. Mr. R. R. Shiel, of Indianapolis, was elected president, William Shilling secretary, and James Carpenter treasurer. Indianapolis was selected as the place to hold the reunion next year, at the time of the National Encampment.

Died of a Broken Heart.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

AUBURN, Sept. 22.—Monday occurred the funeral of Miss Delia Shoner, who died of a broken heart. She was engaged to wed Edward McDaniels, of Archibald, O., a brakeman on the Lake Shore railroad. The wedding was to have occurred Sept. 13, but Mr. McDaniels was killed in a wreck at Coldwater, Mich., about one month ago. At the very hour of the accident Miss Shoner was seized with a strange premonition of some terrible happening. She never recovered fully from the great shock on learning of the death of her betrothed. She was a woman of remarkably good health, and was not sick an hour up to the time of her death.

Friends' Yearly Meeting Adjourns.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PLAINFIELD, Sept. 22.—The delegates and ministers to the thirty-fourth session of Western Yearly Meeting of Friends have finished their labors and departed for their homes. The last session was held this morning. Devotional exercises were conducted in the tent until 10 o'clock. It was a sort of love feast, and was of an interesting character. At 10 o'clock the last business session was held, and consisted merely in hearing reports from the evangelistic committee, the committee on minutes and order of business, and the appointment of delegates to attend the opening of the Oregon Yearly Meeting.

Big Enterprise at Hammond.

HAMMOND, Sept. 22.—The United States Coldroller Wire Company has been organized for the purpose of manufacturing cold-rolled copper wire. Such well known Chicago capitalists as H. J. Furber, Thomas B. Bryan, Frank Weeks, Judge Van H. Higgins, the Jennings estate, S. D. Ward and others are interested. The company intends to locate the plant in this city and will begin the erection of the buildings about Oct. 1. The plant with machinery will cost nearly $1,500,000. They have selected a site on the north side of the Calumet river, near the Calumet steel-works.

Damaging Charges by Schoolma'ams.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RUSHVILLE, Sept. 22.—A petition was filed in Commissioners' Court here, Tuesday, asking for the removal of R. F. Conover, county superintendent, alleging that he has used his office for immoral purposes. Several instances are cited, alleging he refused certain lady teachers licenses to teach unless they would be compromised. There are affidavits from five of the teachers supporting the facts. Mr. Conover denies the allegations, and says he will clear himself.

Death by the Cars.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

UNION CITY, Sept. 22.—Frederick J. Denton was killed in the Big Four yards this evening. He was a young man and has been telegraphing on the Indianapolis and St. Louis division of the Big Four. His parents reside in Winchester. In attempting to get on a freight train to go home he struck a switch-stand and was thrown under the train. Both legs and one arm were cut off, while his head and body were mangled.

Fatally Injured in a Runaway.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ATTICA, Sept. 22.—Mentzer Brothers' 'bus team ran away at midnight last night, and A. J. Augustine, a passenger, fell while attempting to get out, and is still unconscious from concussion of the brain. The chances are against his recovery. The injured man is a salesman for Duhme & Co., of Cincinnati, and his home is in that city.

Minor Notes.

Stella, the young daughter of C. Anderson, of Tipton, fell from a tree, alighting on a paling fence, and sustaining injuries which will result fatally.

Benjamin Wing, charged with killing Frank Adams, near Brownsburg, a few weeks ago, has been indicted by the grand jury for manslaughter, and released from custody on $5,000 bail.

Melvin Moudy, son of Martin Moudy, a farmer living a few miles from Fort Wayne, while drilling wheat, Wednesday, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

The coroner's verdict explains the mysterious death of Charles Jones, a farmer near Wheatland, Knox county. Jones's body was found in a stable, and it was believed to be a case of murder or suicide. When the remains were viewed a circular bruise on the side showed that he had been killed by a kick from his horse.

The Jay county fair will begin at Portland, Sept. 26, and everything points to success. This society has spent several thousand dollars building a new track and new buildings, and as the premiums for speed are larger than ever before it is expected this will be the best fair the society has yet held.

Dr. J. H. Hensley, one of the leading physicians of Vincennes, was injured by a vicious horse on the stock-farm of John Monicle, east of that city. Mr. Monicle and George Barrowman were handling the horse, when the animal backed them into a dangerous position. Dr. Hensley, seeing their danger, sprang to their rescue. He saved both his friends, but he himself was injured.

ILLINOIS.

Cullings from Correspondents and Gleanings from Exchanges.

The State Auditor of Public Accounts has issued a permit for the organization of the State Bank of Bement. The capital stock is $25,000. The incorporators are T. C. Dum, Thomas Ater, J. C. McCone, W. G. Snyder and R. B. Monroe.

The saloon license of the city of Sullivan has been raised from $750 to $1,000 per annum by the City Council.

Governor Fifer has issued a proclamation declaring Oct. 21, the day of the dedication of the world's fair, a legal holiday.

Mrs. S. O. Stillman and Mrs. Jesse Crooks, of Galena, were thrown from a buggy by a runaway horse and fatally injured.

A disease is prevailing among horses in the southern part of Jo Daviess county. It resembles distemper, but is more fatal and causes more sudden deaths. Several horses died last week and other cases have been reported.

MORE CHOLERA SUSPECTS

Two More New Yorkers Seized with Illness Resembling the Asiatic Plague.

One Man Who Roomed Above an Immigrant Employment Agency Sent to the Floating Hospital—Mail Carrier Found Sick.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Henry Frick, fifty-five years old, was hurried to the reception hospital to-night by the health authorities, who believe he is sick with cholera. The man was suddenly seized with vomiting at 6 o'clock and two hours later he was among the "suspects" on the floating hospital. Frick's appartments are above an immigrant employment agency, which has recently been visited by arrivals from Hamburg. It is believed that they brought the germs of the plague which Frick contracted. The house has been disinfected and quarantined.

Up to date there have been six deaths from cholera in this city. The result of the bacteriological examination in the case of John Carr, owner and captain of the canal-boat Harry Cahill, who died at his home in New Brunswick, N. J., was reported to the Health Board to-day by Professor Biggs. Germs of Asiatic cholera were found. The New Brunswick Board of Health was notified to-day that Carr's death was due to cholera. The steamship State of Nevada, on board of which fireman Knox died from cholera last Sunday night, left her dock at daylight this morning and went back to quarantine headquarters under orders from Health Officer Jenkins. President Wilson said to-day that he would send to Colonel Weber for the Nevada's passenger list, and an effort would be made to trace them.

The condition of Louis Weinhagen, who is in the reception hospital suffering from cholera, was reported to be good this morning. He is said to be recovering. The woman, Mary Murphy, who was taken from Cherry street yesterday is not thought to have cholera. A suspicious case reported to-day was that of Emanuel C. Peschia, a letter-carrier, who was found sick this morning and taken to a hospital.

There are twenty-three people on the sick list to-night, five of cholera symptoms. The surgeons declare, however, that there is little ground for believing they will develop cholera.

Action was begun in the United States Court here to-day by W. S. Van Rensselaer to recover $30,000 damages from the Hamburg-American Packet Company. Mr. Van Rensselaer was one of the passengers of the Normannia detained in quarantine. He claims that when he was booked for passage the company's agent told him there would be no steerage passengers on board.

Almost Stamped Out at Quarantine.

QUARANTINE, Staten Island, Sept. 22.—Things at quarantine are now getting into their normal state, and Dr. Jenkins says that although he still cannot relax any of his vigilance he thinks that cholera's attack on the port of New York is over. There are no new cases on the islands, and a coterie of medical experts, including Dr. Jenkins, have been discussing the necessity of Hoffman island quarantining against New York. The cholera is to all intents and purposes well under control. There are only two cholera ships now at lower quarantine—the Scandia and the Bohemia—and on the first there are no passengers, her cabin passengers being on board the New Hampshire, with those of the Bohemia, and her steerage passengers on Hoffman island. The steerage passengers on the Bohemia will be removed to Hoffman island as soon as those on the Scandia are transferred back to their ship, which will be after they are thoroughly disinfected and the ship fumigated. Dr. Jenkins said to-night that they ought to be back aboard the steamer by Friday or Saturday. No more cabin passengers will be sent to Fire island unless a new arrival brings further cholera. The cabin passengers from the two steamers now on the New Hampshire will be released as soon as they have been on board five or six days, which will probably cause them to be released on Saturday. There are no new cases reported down the bay.

Following are the movements of the different ships now in quarantine: The steamer Hermann will be detained here a few days longer. The Adratic will be detained for one or two days more. The Bendi, which arrived to-day from Hamburg, via St. Johns, N. F., without passengers, will be disinfected and permitted to go up. The Scandia's passengers on Hoffman island will be transferred back to the steamer as soon as the vessel has been thoroughly disinfected. The Moravia's passengers were landed at Ellis island to-day.

The captain of the brig Morning Light, from Barbadoes, which arrived at midnight, reports that three steamers are anchored at the lower quarantine. Some ship must have glided into the bay without signaling, as there were only the Scandia and Bohemia anchored there at 10 o'clock.

Situation at Camp Low.

CAMP LOW, Sandy Hook, Sept. 22.—There have been no new patients admitted to the hospitals to-day, but there are five cases of diarrhea in the camp, which are being closely watched by the physicians. Mrs. Gutel Gomez, who was the second patient in camp to be stricken with Asiatic cholera has so far recovered that she was removed this evening to a new tent. There are twenty-two persons on the sick list in the camp, but the doctors declare most positively that with the exception of the case of Mrs. Gomez there is no cholera here now. The Normannia's passengers will probably be released on Saturday and sent to Ellis island, after which the vacated tents and rooms will be thoroughly cleaned, fumigated and disinfected, previous to their occupation by the passengers from the Scandia and Bohemia, who are expected to be worse afflicted than those in camp. Much confusion was caused at noon to-day by the arrival of the steamer William Fletcher with half the baggage belonging to the detained passengers in camp. It was sent from Hoffman island, but as Dr. Jenkins sent no certificate of disinfection General Hamilton refused to receive it.

General Hamilton left here for New York today on the revenue cutter Grant.

General Hamilton Relieved from Duty.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Surgeon-Gen. J. B. Hamilton has been relieved from further duty at Camp Low, and ordered to return to his regular station at Chicago, stopping at Washington on the way to confer with the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to the cholera situation. Surgeon Sawtelle, formerly on duty in Boston, has been placed in charge of Camp Low.

Movements of Steamers.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 22.—Arrived: Pennsylvania, from Antwerp; British Prince, from Liverpool.

BREMERHAVEN, Sept. 21.—Arrived: Spree, from New York.

BROWHEAD, Sept. 22.—Passed: Britannic, from New York.

SCILLY, Sept. 22.—Passed: Kaiser Wilhelm, from New York.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Arrived: Lydian Monarch, from New York.

GENOA, Sept. 22.—Arrived: Fulda, from New York.

ACTIVITY IN REAL ESTATE.

Big Demand for Lots in the New Town of Whitely—$50,000 Worth of Property Sold Yesterday.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., Sept. 22.—The result of the first of the two days' second auction lot sale at the new town of Whitely is highly gratifying to all, and even better than was anticipated. About two hundred lots were sold this afternoon, the aggregate amount being $19,000. Since the sale was begun nearly seven hundred lots have been sold, the aggregate amount being about $130,000. The hundreds of visitors are being shown the wonders of natural gas to-night, and it is expected that to-morrow's sale will double that of to-day. Nearly five hundred men are at work in Whitely making improvements.

FAST GOING AT COLUMBUS

Fastest Six Heats and Fastest Single Heat Ever Trotted in a Race.

Little Albert Under the Wire in 2:10¼. Lowering All Race Records—Czar's New Three-Year-Old Record—Events at Wabash.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Sept. 22.—There were five races on the programme to-day, three of which were carried over from yesterday on account of rain. The races were called promptly at 1 o'clock and were unfinished at dark. For record-breaking they were a success. The first heat in the 2:16 trot was trotted yesterday in the rain in 2:18¼, while to-day Little Albert made in the third heat the remarkable time of 2:10¼, which was the fastest time ever made in a race on a regulation track. The race ended with six of the fastest heats ever trotted on a regulation track. In the three-year-old trot Kentucky Union was favorite, and won the race, but Czar won the first heat in 2:13¼, and this beat the world's three-year-old race record, being within 1¼ second of Axtell's three-year-old record of 2:12 against time. Summary:

The 2:16 trot; purse, $1,000:

Little Albert	7	3	1	1	3	1
Ermine	3	5	4	2	1	2
Gillette	1	2	3	3	5	3
Grace Napolian	5	1	6	6	6	4
So Long	2	4	7	7	2	ro
Lyland	4	7	2	4	4	ro
Aline	6	6	5	8	8	ro
Ben Wallace	8	8	8	5	7	ro

Time—2:18¼, 2:14½, 2:10¼, 2:14½, 2:13¼, 2.13¼.

The 2:25 pace; purse, $600:

Nellie McCorry	4	5	5	1	1	1
Gallietta	3	1	1	2	5	2
King Medium	1	3	3	5	4	3
Kissel's Pointer	6	4	2	3	2	ro
Texas Jack	2	2	4	4	6	ro
Mambrino Boy	5	6	6	6	3	ro
J. J. C.	Dis.					

Time—2:20, 2:16¾, 2:16¼, 2:19¼, 2:18¾, 2:25.

Three-year-old trot; purse, $500:

Kentucky Union	2	1	1
Czar	1	2	3
Ambrosial	3	3	2

Time—2:13¼, 2:13½, 2:16¼ and 2:18¾.

The 2:28 trot; purse, $700; (unfinished)

Ollie Wilkes	2	1	1
Snowden	1	2	3
Jake	3	3	4
Wonder	4	4	2
Geneva Wilkes	5	5	dr
Midvale Prince	Dis.		

Time—2:16¼, 2:17, 2:19¼.

Following are the races for to-morrow: The 2:17 pace, free-for-all trot, 2:20 pace, 2:27 trot and free-for all pace.

Poem, 2:16¼, on a Half-Mile Track.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WABASH, Ind., Sept. 22.—The second day's races at the Wabash fair were in themselves stirring and exciting events. The wonderful performance of the stallion Poem, who recently got a mark of 2:14 at Independence, was appreciated. Poem got a mark of 2:21 last year on the half-mile track here, to an ordinary sulky, and to-day he went to a bicycle sulky to beat it. To the surprise of twelve thousand people who saw the effort, he trotted the mile in 2:16¼. He will be given another trial to-morrow, and his owners are confident he can do even better. Homer Hale is the driver. Poem is a black horse, by General Washington, dam Sonnet by Jay Gould, and went into winter quarters last fall with a mark of 2:16½. Following is a summary of the races to-day:

The 2:20 pace; purse, $300:

Blue Bell	0	2	1	1	1
Tom Smizley	0	1	2	3	4
Dr. Hate	3	3	3	2	2
Jay Girl	4	4	4	3	4

Time—2:23½, 2:20¼, 2:19¾, 2:27, 2:26.

The 2:45 trot; purse, $200:

Miss May	3	1	1	1
Chieftain Laddie	1	5	2	2
Mamie Case	4	2	3	3
Screw Pin	2	6	4	5
Ergot	5	3	5	4
Langward	6	4	6	6

Time—2:37½, 2:32¼, 2:31¼, 2:28.

Three-year-old trot; purse, $150:

Ollie K.	1	1	1
Black Vic	2	2	4
Bessie Wilkeswood	4	4	2
Jolly Wilkes	3	3	3

Time—2:44, 2:35, 2:38.

The events for to-morrow are a 2.30 pace, 2:20 trot and three-year-old pace, with purses aggregating $650.

Hal Pointer Duplicated His Record.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 22.—To-day Hal Poiner, in an attempt to lower his own record, paced a mile in 2:05¼, equaling the world's record made at Washington Park. Though the official time given was that stated, the watches of half a hundred experienced horsemen who were watching the feat gave the pacer credit for having gone in 2:05. The other events included those unfinished from the day before, and trotting in the 2:17 and 2:25 classes and the race for four-year-olds.

Wardwell took the unfinished 2:30 trot in straight heats; Picket second, Harry McNair third. Best time, 2:15.

In the 2:20 class, Bush won; Tom Arden got the second heat, and Delmar the fourth. Best time, 2:16.

The 2:15 pace fell to Chronus in straight heats; Monkey Rolla second, Henry F. third. Best time, 2:15.

Bellwether defeated Stoneridge in a match race. Best time, 2:26.

The 2:17 class went to Jean Valjean; Abbie V. took the fourth heat and Diamond the third. Best time, 2:14.

Three Horses Killed at Gravesend.

GRAVESEND RACE-TRACK, Sept. 22.—During the races this afternoon Ha'penny stumbled at the end of the stretch, turned a couple of somersaults, striking Midgley Wahjim's rider and cutting his head open. Ha'penny then fell to the track and rolled on top of his rider, Penn, who is a colored boy, and the same lad that rode Julio when the latter was killed at Monmouth Park. He was thought to be dead, but recovered consciousness in about ten minutes. One of Ha'penny's legs was broken, and a pistol shot ended his racing career, which has been somewhat of a disappointment. In the next race, about a sixteenth of a mile beyond where Ha'penny fell, Warpath toppled over, threw jockey Sloan, breaking the latter's collar-bone. At the same instant John Cavanaugh was coming up fast, and he, too, went down. Hamilton, the latter's rider, was somewhat bruised about the face and head. Warpath could not get up, and was dragged off the track. Both Cavanaugh and Warpath were killed this evening. Gideon & Daly owned Ha'penny, Freddy Gebhardt owned Warpath and William Lakeland owned Cavanaugh.

Bad as Garfield Park.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 22.—"Craps, shells, three-card monte, and even bunco, are scarcely in it with the skin game across the river," is the sentiment expressed by patrons of the Latonia race-track. Starter Ferguson, it is claimed, is "in and in" with the betting, and leaves good horses at the post. Several days ago a well-known stake-horse known as Footrunner was entered at Latonia. He was to start with poor company, and should have easily won in a walk, considering his form and past performances. He carried three-fourths of the money on his race. His backers almost fainted when they saw Footrunner left at the post. After the race his owner, O. O. West, jr., preferred charges against starter Ferguson, and an investigation was begun. Just when the public was promised the truth the investigation was suddenly broken off. This did not satisfy the betters, and complaints to-day were loud and long against the management of the track.

Crooked Racing Alleged.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 22.—At the Porter county fair, to-day, Ferne C. won the three-year-old trot. Best time, 2:25.

The 2:34 trot, purse of $250, went to Benny C.; Jim Knox second, Dexter L. third. Best time, 2:32.

Free-for-all pace went to American Boy, jr.; Meacham second, Max third. Best time, 2:24¼.

The 2:34 trot appeared as if "fixed" for Benny C. The judges were severely censured for not punishing the driver of Jim Knox.

Running Race Winners.

At Latonia—Laura Dexey, Protection, Goldstone, Judge Cardwell, Anna.

At Hawthorne, Chicago—Immida, Fannie S., Leccotus, Tom Jones, Oregon, Eclipse, Rosemont.

At Gravesend—Lovelace, Candelbra, Normad, Yorkville Belle, the Wayne gelding, Oscar.

Thursday's Ball Games.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 6; Louisville, 2.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; Cincinnati, 2.
At Chicago—Pittsburg, 9; Chicago, 0.
Umpire gave the game to Pittsburg because Chicago did not attempt to put out the third man.
Rain interfered with the games scheduled at New York, Philadelphia and Washington.

Johnson Rides a Mile in 1:56 3-5.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., Sept. 22.—Johnson, of Minneapolis, made a final stab at the bicycle mile record, flying start, to-day. His own time of 2:04 4-5, standing start, was the speediest yet recorded, but to-day's mile is almost beyond belief. It is, however, authentic, the time being taken by seven timers, judges and a referee. The time by quarters was :29¼, :58¾, 1:28½, 1:56 3-5.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

AMUSEMENTS.
EMPIRE THEATER
MATINEE, 2; TO-NIGHT, 8.
General Admission Seat 25 cents.
CHAS. McCARTHY IN One of the Bravest

CLOSE OF THE ENCAMPMENT

[Concluded from First Page.]

spondent a member of the organization of the army with which he was associated. Mr. Reid expressed his sense of the honor conferred upon him by the resolutions of the reunion committee inviting him to the meeting, but said the letter reached him at too late a date to permit him to postpone other engagements.

The Fifty-first Ohio held a reunion, as did the Fifty-first Indiana regiment, known as Streight's regiment. Samuel Slade was elected president of the Fifty-first Ohio. The Fifth Corpse held their reunion in Grant tent, Dr. J. F. Raub presiding. There was no lack of speakers among the men who fought under the Greek cross.

SOCIAL EVENT OF THE WEEK.

Receptions to Members of the Encampment—Addresses by Morton and Palmer.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The leading social event of the week in honor of the Grand Army was the reception to the members of the National Encampment given by the citizens of Washington this evening in the spacious court of the Pension Office building. The interior of the building had been handsomely decorated. At either end of the hall near the top were the portraits of Lincoln and Grant, and on the side walls were those of Harrison and Morton. The committee having the reception in charge had wisely restricted the invitations to a limited number of citizens and to the officers and members of the encampment. The crowd, therefore, while large, was at no time uncomfortably so, and locomotion was easy. A large platform had been erected in the center of one side of the court for the accommodation of those persons participating in the exercises. The Marine Band and Choral Society, of Washington, furnished music. Among the prominent persons on the platform were Vice-president Morton, who took the President's place; ex-President Hayes, Secretary John Foster, Postmaster-general Wanamaker, Gen. John Palmer, the retiring Commander-in-chief of the G. A. R.; District Commissioner Douglas, Private Secretary Halford, Senator Manderson, and Mr. Grinnell, the Third Assistant Secretary of the State. After taking their places on the platform, Commissioner Douglas introduced Vice-president Morton, who delivered the speech of welcome as follows:

Delegates to the Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic—The pleasant duty devolves upon me to extend to you, the official representatives of the great and patriotic order, the natural successor of the armies of the republic that during the dark hours of the nation's trial followed our glorious flag until it waved in triumph in every State with no star effaced, words of greeting and of welcome. This I do on behalf of all the citizens of the national capital, and more especially for the executive and other committees, to the members of which so much is due for the abundant success that has crowned their every effort. Difficulties arose only to be overcome, and during all the months of active preparation and vigorous effort they permitted no obstacles to block the way to the complete fruition of their aim to make the twenty-sixth encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic one that should ever remain as a cherished memory and live in history. The committee represents not only the citizens of Washington, who have given such generous aid and valuable support, but the patriotic people of the whole land, rejoicing in a Nation saved, whose hearts go out in appreciative love to her defenders. The wisdom of Congress decreed that the burden of this entertainment should fall wholly upon the residents of this city. There are many all over the land who felt that the government itself should have assumed it, but the glorious success we here enjoy proves so conclusively the self-sacrificing patriotism of the citizens of Washington that no man will hereafter dare to say that they are lacking in public enterprise or individual spirit. As you and your comrades marched down the avenue hundreds of thousands gathered to witness your steady movement, shouted acclaim and rejoiced in your triumph. To-night I simply make feeble echo of their welcome and hearty greeting.

When the applause following the Vice-president's speech had subsided, Gen. John Palmer responded as follows:

"Mr. Vice-president, Comrades of the Grand Army of the Republic, Ladies and Gentlemen—The committee did me great honor in again assigning to me the pleasure of speaking for my comrades, but after the tax to which I have been subjected I feel that my health and strength are scarcely equal to my will to serve you or to do justice to this grand occasion, and to speak for my country as it deserves to be spoken of, or to give voice to the emotion which must thrill every American's heart as he thinks of what it was, what it is and what, under the providence of God, it must be in the future. I speak to-night for a class of men, none more resolute in adversity, none more brave in danger, and none more magnanimous in victory. The soldier is sometimes charged with egotism; it is pardonable egotism, I am sure, which causes him to contemplate the dangers and vicissitudes through which he passed, with so much service to his country—nay, may I not say with so much credit to himself? The grandest pages in our country's history our volunteer soldiers furnished, traced with their guns and punctured with their swords. They conquered as brave an army as ever stood in battle array. We respected the gallantry of those men as only those can respect them who tested their endurance and valor on many battle-fields; and to-night we glory in the fact that they share in all we fought to preserve. If these festivals of patriotism serve no other purpose they will point out to the people of the Nation, to our children and our children's children, that love of country, that reverence for the Constitution and the laws, which, in the future, as they have been in the past, must be the anchors which hold us firmly to a solid, permanent and prosperous nation in existence. And, from the time the weapons were put aside and they returned to the vocations of civil life, they have been as loyal to law and order, as citizens, as they were faithful and heroic in the cause in which they served as soldiers; and the man who stands ready to give his life for his country in time of peril can safely be trusted in time of peace, I care not to which party he may belong.

"To the citizens of Washington, to the committee who gave so generously of their time and energies, I have no words at my command to express for my comrades their grateful appreciation for the magnificence of this reception, and for the generous hospitalities showered upon all who have visited your city on this memorable occasion. And to the loyal women who have so generously aided in adding to our pleasures, and who are present to-night, I can only say for my comrades, God bless them all.

"Looking to-night upon these national emblems which so beautifully adorn this building, I am reminded that out of this grand structure goes the certificates of a nation's substantial gratitude to her sons; that lighten the burdens of their toil, and