## SUNDAY FIRE AT LAFAYETTE

### Taylor Company's Sash and Door Factory and Two Residences Destroyed.

### Loss on the Former $35,000, and on the Latter $1,600—Liquor Seller Shot by a Doctor—Baseball Players Arrested.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., July 30.—Another disastrous fire occurred here this afternoon, which destroyed the sash and door factory of the H. Taylor Lumber Company. The flames originated in the engine room, and, owing to the protracted drought, spread rapidly. The entire department was out, every foot of hose being laid. The flames spread to adjacent residences, and the dwellings of Robert Shealey and Arthur Williams were destroyed, involving a loss of $800 to each. Williams had $400 insurance in the Teutonia. Several families moved out, their homes being on fire, but the flames were extinguished. The Taylor Lumber Company's loss is estimated at $35,000, with insurance of $23,000. It had a large amount of finished work in the factory, including the inside fittings for the new postoffice. The electric light wires were burned, and the streets are in darkness to-night. A complete list of the insurance could not be obtained to-night. Following are losers: on the Taylor building and contents: Liverpool, London and Globe, $2,000; Insurance Company of North America, $2,000; Sun Fire Company of London, $2,000; Penn Fire of Philadelphia, $2,000; American of Newark, $500; Phenix of Brooklyn, $2,700; British America of Toronto, $500; American of New York, $600; National of Hartford, $1,000; Milwaukee Mechanics', $500; German of Freeport, $500; British American, $500.

#### Dropped from the Pension Rolls.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COLUMBUS, Ind., July 30.—There is excitement here among the old soldiers to-day on account of the dropping of old veterans' names from the pension rolls. At the opening of the morning mail more old soldiers were at the postoffice than has been seen there at any one time for a year or more. They had come to see if Hoke Smith had sent them a letter from the pension department at Washington. In some way word had reached the veterans that they might expect "lightning" to strike them about the last of this month, and this is believed to be the reason why so many were anxious about their mail. Some were heard to remark: "If it was on the eve of a battle in which we had an equal show and could enter the conflict with guns loaded we would not care, but here we are done up, completely surrounded, and must submit." Not every one received a letter, but a few did and walked quietly away; two, however, were persuaded to show the contents of the letters they received. Their names were John Gulley and Dr. Bowers. Their notices were short, and simply stated they were suspended from the pension rolls pending investigation of their application for a pension upder the law of 1890, and that they would, therefore, not be permitted to execute pension vouchers on the coming pension day. It was impossible to ascertain the names of all that had been dropped from the pension roll here, but the current report on the street to-day is that the number is twenty-one. It will be but a few days, however, until the number will be known.

#### Ball Players Arrested.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., July 30.—The Dalton ball team, of Indianapolis, and the Elwood team played a game at Athletic Park, in this city, to-day. The capital city club played a listless game, were clearly outplayed and were defeated 9 to 2. Score:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Elwood | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | —9 |
| Daltons | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —2 |

Batteries—Elwood, Holowell and Close; Daltons, Derrick and Bright. Hits—Daltons, 3; Elwood, 11. Errors—Elwood, 2, Daltons, 4.

But eight innings were played, the game being stopped by the police, who took both teams to police headquarters. Four members of each club were fined in all about $100. The clubs came here on invitation of Superintendent Gotshall, of the Citizens' Electric Street-railway Company, who owns the park, and he settled the fines. The warrant was taken out by Rev. S. S. Clark, of the Ministerial Association, which organization say they will stop the Sunday ball playing. It is a violation of the law only when an admission fee is charged and the games will likely continue to be played.

#### Degree of Chivalry Conferred.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DANVILLE, Ind., July 30.—Last evening the Odd Fellows here had a big time. The occasion was the bestowal of the degree of chivalry on three candidates, Major Lowse, Major Strong, of Indianapolis, and Grand Master Hogate, of Danville. The exercises were given in public, in the courthouse park, and were preceded by a drill of Canton No. 42, of Indianapolis, and a canton of Daughters of Rebekah. The address of welcome was by George W. Scearce, and the response was by John B. Cockrum. The degree was then conferred, and impromptu speeches were made by Grand Master Hogate, Past Grand Leedy, Major Kennedy, of Winchester, and others.

#### Death at Last Claimed Him.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., July 30.—Charles Osborne, the Big Four brakeman who was injured last Tuesday night, died at Crawfordsville yesterday morning. It will be remembered that he was sent back to flag a passenger, near Jamestown. He is supposed to have gone to sleep sitting on the end of a railroad tie, and the engine struck him in the back of his head. He was taken to Crawfordsville, and for six days the doctors did all in their power to save his life. It was a remarkable case in that the man lived as long as he did after having his head crushed in and losing a part of the brain.

#### Short Prize Fight.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., July 30.—There was a prize fight between feather weights about 2 o'clock this morning, near Linden, Montgomery county. The contestants were Billy Harris, of Litchfield, Ill., and C. S. Moore, of Lafayette. The fight lasted thirty-two seconds. At the first rush Harris missed his mark and fell, arose again, hit Moore over the left eye, received a return in the mouth and another on the jaw, knocking him out. The party left here at midnight and was back at 3 o'clock. The winner took 75 per cent. of the receipts.

#### Arrested on His Way to Chicago.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., July 30.—J. E. Hobson was to-day arrested here, charged with obtaining goods under false pretenses. The arrest was made on the strength of a telegram from Bedford. Hobson was in the company of two ladies, and was en route to Chicago.

#### Wealthy Farmer Killed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RUSSIAVILLE, Ind., July 30.—Christley Wilhelm, the wealthiest farmer in Clinton county, whose home was near this place, was instantly killed at 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning. He was working in a clearing, and was standing near a burning tree stump which burned off and fell on him. His head was crushed horribly. He was about sixty-five years old, and leaves a large fortune to his family.

#### A Saloon Keeper Shot by a Doctor.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 30.—Dr. Griffin one of the best known men in the southern part of the county, shot a saloon keeper at Riley last night, the bullet passing through the body near the shoulder. It is not thought to be a fatal wound. The Doctor was brought here and released on bail. He had quarreled with the saloon keeper and claims that he shot in self-defense.

#### Indiana Notes.

The Christian churches of Delaware county held a basket meeting yesterday at the Muncie fair grounds, and several thousand people were present. Elder D. R. Lucas, of Indianapolis, preached in the morning, afternoon and night.

## ARATA AND HIS VICTIM BURIED.

### The Former in a Casket Costing $300, and the Latter in a Plain, Cheap Coffin.

DENVER, Col., July 30.—It was announced that B. C. Lightfoot, the Grand Army man who was murdered by Dan Arata, the Italian saloon keeper, would be buried at 2:30 this afternoon. It was also given out that Arata, who was lynched for the killing of Lightfoot, would be buried at the same hour. The citizens in general expected that a collision would occur between the rough element now in town and the funeral train of the dead murderer. Shortly before 2 o'clock it was learned that Arata had been privately buried early in the morning, and any possibility of trouble was averted. Arata's remains were inclosed in a handsome casket costing $300. The only mourners were his two sisters, a brother-in-law and an unknown man. A great demonstration had been planned for Lightfoot's funeral. By 2 o'clock fully two thousand people were in the vicinity of Lincoln Hall, ready to follow the remains to the grave. Shortly after 2 o'clock a heavy rain storm broke forth and the crowd hurriedly sought shelter. The funeral was not postponed, however, but started at the appointed time, being followed by about three hundred Grand Army men and Odd Fellows. Lightfoot's coffin cost but $65, a noticeable contrast to Arata's elegant casket. No trouble occurred during the day and everything is quiet to-night.

Three hundred additional unemployed men arrived in Denver this morning from points in the State. The cheap transportation of 1 cent per mile hitherto existing, but which was withdrawn last night, prevented many leaving for the East who desired to go. There were, however, a hundred or more persons carried out on freight trains. Camp Relief fed a thousand or more people to-day. It will be closed Thursday. This is because the majority of the inmates are professional tramps. A committee of this element will wait upon the executive charity committee to-morrow and ask it to continue the relief camp. It is a feast for many of them. The petition will scarcely be complied with.

#### Will Test the Chinese Act Again.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Thomas D. Riordan, attorney for the Chinese Six Companies, states that in connection with Joseph Choate, of New York, and other counsel he is preparing to make a second test of the constitutionality of the Geary Chinese registration law at the October session of the United States Supreme Court. He states that at a former hearing of the case Justice Harlan was in Paris, and that it is the practice of the Supreme Court to consent to reconsideration of points involved in a decision given by other than a full bench, where important constitutional questions are concerned. He also cites the fact that the death of Justice Blatchfor has removed one of the five jurists who upheld the law.

#### Trainmen Injured by a Collision.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 30.—An empty engine on the Delano division of the Lehigh railroad ran into passenger train No. 14 near Mahonoy City this morning. The engineer of the empty engine thought the passenger train was not due until ten minutes later and was on the main track when the collision occurred. Neil Gallagher, baggage master, and W. Hatterick, conductor of the passenger train, both of Mauch Chunk, were badly injured about the body. The passengers, of whom there were many, were shaken up, but none was hurt as far as could be learned. Engineer Miner, of White Haven, of the passenger train, was also injured on the head. Both engines were wrecked.

#### Sunday Ball Games.

*At Louisville*—(Attendance, 4,700.)

| | | | | | | | | | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Louisville | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0—10 | 10 | 4 |
| Cincinnati | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 1— 7 | 13 | 4 |

Batteries—Menefee, Hemming and Grim; Parrott and Murphy.

Second game.

| | | | | | | | | | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Louisville | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0—2 | 7 | 1 |
| Cincinnati | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0—1 | 6 | 0 |

Batteries—Hemming and Grim; King and Vaughn. Called; darkness.

*At Chicago*—(Attendance, 6,677.)

| | | | | | | | | | | | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 0—8 | 11 | 4 |
| St. Louis | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 1—9 | 17 | 4 |

Batteries—Mauck, McGill and Schriver; Clarkson and Gunson.

#### Sunday at Gray Gables.

BUZZARD'S BAY, July 30.—President Cleveland spent Sunday quietly at Gray Gables. The greater part of the day was passed on the veranda with Mrs. Cleveland and Dr. Bryant. At 6 o'clock President Cleveland and Dr. Bryant drove to the station and Dr. Bryant boarded a train. President Cleveland then returned to Gray Gables. Before going, Dr. Bryant said that his visit at Gray Gables was ended. He should go to Sorrento, Me., to pass a week with his family and then he should return to New York.

#### Costly Fire at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, July 30.—The L. H. Harris Drug Company's store, Nos. 46 and 48 Seventh avenue, was destroyed by fire this evening. The building was owned by John Bandley, of the Bandley Hardware Company, and is a complete wreck. A. C. Henderson's drug store, in the same building, was damaged by water. The loss to the two drug firms and owner of the building will approximate $140,000.

#### Annual Convention of Architects.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The twenty-seventh annual convention of the American Institute of Architects will be held in connection with the Architectural Congress, which opens to-morrow at the Art Institute. The papers which are usually read at these conventions will be merged with those of the congress.

*"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup"*

Has been used over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. 25c a bottle.

FAMILIES visiting New York will find the Madison Avenue Hotel, 58th street and Madison avenue, a most delightful home. Now under the management of Mr. H. M. Clark, formerly of the Murray Hill and Hoffman House. Single rooms and en suite at moderate terms. Reference, by permission, Louis Reibold, of the Bates House.

TIME flies, and so do diseases of the skin when that incomparable purifier of the cuticle and beautifier of the complexion, Glenn's Sulphur Soap, is used to disperse them. Pimples, blotches, sores and bruises, and the like, are invariably removed by it.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

## THE UNITY OF THE FAITH

### Rev. H. A. Buchtel's Morning Sermon at Central-Avenue Methodist Church.

### Bringing Men to a Condition of Manly Character—A Sermon by Rev. Dr. Van Anda of Roberts Park.

#### FOUNDATION OF THE CHURCH.

Rev. Mr. Buchtel Preaches on the Measure of Christ's Stature.

Rev. H. A. Buchtel preached an interesting sermon, yesterday morning, to a good audience, at the Central-avenue Methodist Church. His text was as follows:

Till we all attain unto the unity of the faith and of the knowledge of the Son of God unto a full grown man, unto the measure of the stature of the fullness of Christ.—Eph. iv, 13.

The following is an excerpt from the sermon:

The letter to the Ephesians is sometimes called a catholic epistle, for the reason that it did not spring out of special conditions which called for specific teachings. The apostle has always before his mind here a large and dignified programme. He directs attention to the foundation, the work and the aim of the church. This three-fold division is held clearly in view in every part of this letter. In the paragraph from which this text is taken it is evident that the apostle is considering the aim or purpose had in view in the organization of the church. That is, first, to bring men to the unity of the faith and knowledge of the Son of God, and, second, to bring men to a condition of full growth; the measure of Christ's stature.

There is a religion for children and for the feeble-minded. It has no requirements at all. There is also a religion for the poorly instructed—for the unhappy millions who have always been in the majority in this world. It has few requirements. The Judge of all the earth will do right. He will know those who would have exhibited St. John's character if they had had St. John's opportunities.

Then there is also a religion for men and women who have had their life in the midst of the light of Christian civilization. This has two requirements in harmony with the two purposes for which the church is organized.

The first of these purposes of the gospel for men and women is to bring them to a condition of unity of faith and of knowledge of the Son of God. At our first thought this will appear impossible. We are accustomed to remind ourselves that men are unlike in their mental constitution even as they are unlike in their physical aspect. And from this diversity we hastily conclude that there are no points of unity among men. But when we look more carefully into human nature we find marks of likeness which are as striking as the diversity which we have noted. The soul of man in its normal condition shows certain strong and universal characteristics, such as the capacity for friendship and the hunger for love. In nothing is this unity of human nature more surprisingly exhibited than in the manner in which men have estimated Jesus Christ. The Roman Catholics, the Greek Catholics and all the Protestant bodies speak practically one language in making estimate of Jesus Christ. Not only so. The whole world of sincere and honest men of every nation is in substantial agreement concerning Jesus Christ, where there have been reasonably favorable conditions to consider the person and the teaching of Jesus.

The condition of unity of knowledge of the Son of God follows as a necessary result of true faith. The walking by faith brings one very quickly into a large and delightful place where one walks by sight. The life of companionship with Jesus Christ is as intensely real as any fact in the material world.

The second purpose of the gospel is to bring men to a certain condition of manly character, described here as the measure of Christ's stature. The gospel is not a religion of faith and worship only. The partial and imperfect religions have these features in some measure. But Christ's religion is pre-eminently and exclusively the religion of character. The ultimate purpose of faith and knowledge is to reach the grade of full growth in manliness. I must urge you to fix it clearly in your minds that this is not merely incidental and subsidiary to some other purpose, but this is the ulterior purpose of religion. The church is organized for this. Christian truth is believed for this. Everything in the church points to the securing of character as the final and glorious aim of the gospel.

Consider how worthy of God is this true conception of the purpose of the gospel. It is not to minister to the glory of God in some indefinite and obscure sense, but in a very definite and rational sense, that is by the improvement of man. Man is the offspring of God, and God is pleased with man and glorified by man only as man sets his face to the light and makes himself to become something in character.

The attention of the world is just now attracted to a most conspicuous illustration of the manner in which the gospel has improved man, stimulated him to high achievement, and quickened him in his entire being.

In the Midway Plaisance you see illustrations of the fact that missionary operations are necessary. In the world's fair you see a glorious demonstration of the fact that missionary operations have succeeded. In the Midway Plaisance you see illustrations of the low level of the life of men who have not been influenced by Christ's gospel. An hundred years of time will make practically no difference in the life of men who are without that intellectual and spiritual stimulus which is the soul of Christian civilization. In the world's fair you see the high level of men who have been touched by the gospel into the newness of life. An hundred years in the life of these men shows a tremendous advancement, for the reason that they have accepted the inspiring gospel which is the soul of civilization. In the Midway Plaisance you see illustrations of the moral conditions which Jesus Christ found in the world when He came to save it. In the world's fair you see what He has done for that part of the race that has received the light of His truth.

If the inspiring source of all this marvelous development should be properly recognized at the world's fair one would see great crosses, higher than the Ferris wheel, at the north, at the south, at the east and at the west side of Jackson Park. But men and women with fine eyes and pure hearts can see the crosses standing by every exhibit in all the great buildings, where anything is shown which relates to the comfort, the well-being, the improvement and the refinement of man.

#### THE BURDEN OF TROUBLES.

Rev. Dr. Van Anda's Morning Sermon at Roberts Park M. E. Church.

The text of the sermon that was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Van Anda at the Roberts Park Church, last night, was taken from St. Matthew, xi, 28-30:

Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavy laden and I will give you rest. Take my yoke upon you and learn of me, for I am meek and lowly in heart, and ye shall find rest unto your souls. For my yoke is easy and my burden is light.

The minister said that there was a great class of people in the world who were always thinking of their troubles, both those which were self-imposed and those which were imposed on them by others. He said that they would take the troubles of the present, add to them those of the past, and then spend all the rest of their time in imagining those which were likely to happen. He said:

"There is no use of either carrying those of the past, or of imagining those of the future. The former are gone, and the latter may never occur. Those of the present which are impose on us by others are all that we need care about. It is doubtless the fault of the ministers and teachers of the word of God in talking continually about the divinity of Christ, that people are led to forget His humanity. He was a man who went about among men, and who knew of their burdens and sufferings. He knew what hard toil meant, and He knew what almost daily want meant, for He had personal contact with it. It was He who said when a certain man came to Him, and expressed a desire to follow Him: 'The foxes have their holes, but the Son of man has not a place to lay His head.' For that reason He knows when humanity is suffering, and when men are weary and heavy laden, and He knows of what He is speaking when He tells them that He will give them rest." He went on to say that it was not meant in that invitation that men should have literal rest; that the farmer might leave his fields and the crops grow of themselves; that the merchant may fold up his ledger some night and never look in it again, or that the artisan may cast aside his tools and never touch them again, but that they may enjoy the rest that comes from a clean heart and a clear conscience.

He recommended that every person in his audience read at least once a year for the rest of their lives, Pilgrim's Progress. He said that there were but three geniuses in the seventeenth century, and that they were Milton, Shakespeare, and Bunyan, and that the last was the greatest of them all. Continuing, he said:

"Young man don't ever delude yourself with the idea that you can ever forget a sin. It will make a scar on your conscience that can never be erased. What a glorious thing it is to have a clear and quiet conscience! It is the greatest of all human blessings. How happy would the bankers of New York be to-morrow if they could have the $300,000,000 that is spent in one year in this country for one sin alone."

He concluded by saying that it was an impossibility to permanently injure a Christian, and that Christ was in honor bound to look after the members of His family, and that He did so. "It is not a permanent injury to lose money in a bank, nor is it a permanent injury to lose your business credit, providing that your conscience tells you that you have acted honorably in the matter."

## IN ACTON'S SHADY GROVES

### Services on the First Sunday of the Present Camp Meeting Season.

### A Love Feast Is Held in the Morning—Three Sermons Are Preached During the Day—The Attendance.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CAMP ACTON, July 30.—The first Sunday at Camp Acton proved a quiet, restful Sabbath day. The cottages had all been well filled by the Saturday evening trains, and in the early morning many social groups were recalling the friendships of past years. As the day advanced the people began arriving by train and vehicle, until by noon the grounds presented a lively appearance. Several members of the Zigzag Cycle Club took a run down and enjoyed a good meal at the hotel. The visitors of the day were markedly a church-going crowd, and seemed to care more for attending the services than for picnicking in the groves.

At 9 o'clock the opening love feast was led by Rev. T. B. McLain. Many who had been kept away from the meetings by the business of the week here took their first opportunity of greeting one another in a social meeting. Many of them had been on the ground for a score of years, and experiences were related back to the time of the burning of the camp during the war. The whole meeting partook of the earnest religious tone of the years past, and spoke wonderfully for the good the camp had done to the lives of many people.

At the beginning of the morning service a musical treat was furnished by the choir, Acton is fully keeping up its long-standing reputation for good music this year. Mrs. Chidester, of Indianapolis, rendered a beautiful solo, and at each succeeding meeting excellent musical numbers were given.

The morning sermon was by Rev. L. H. Pattison, of Kalamazoo, Mich. He took as his text: "And the spirit of God rested upon them." He then went on to speak of the need there is in the church of men with the spirit resting upon them. His address was earnest and impassioned, and was sent directly to the hearts of his hearers. It was a strong and eloquent presentation of the gospel, and held all his hearers in close attention through the morning heat.

In the afternoon Rev. R. R. Bryan, of the California-street Church, spoke from Matthew xvii, 8. He spoke of the lessons to be drawn from the scene of the transfiguration; how it illustrates the different dispensations; Moses standing for the dispensation of the law, Elias representing the prophets. The gospel dispensation represented in the person of Christ was introduced by these two great leaders, as representative of their two great institutions, the law and the prophets. The law was indeed perfect, but it failed in provision for happiness, for it knew no mercy. The only hope was in keeping the law. Hence the sky of man's life was overclouded and dark. The promise in the garden was the first break in the clouds; they were rent asunder when Christ was born in Bethlehem, and the sunny side of them was turned full upon man when Christ rose from the dead. It supplied this element of mercy to the law. Prophecy on the other hand was only the promise of something to come; the gospel dispensation was its fulfillment. Isaiah saw the blind come seeing and the lame come walking as they did in following the Savior at his coming. This gospel dispensation was for showing God's love to man that He might win them to Him. And Christ still lives in the world even to this day, shedding light to all the world.

In the evening Rev. Chas. Asbury delivered a sermon, closing in a successful way the services of the day. To-day's services promise to be interesting. Dr. J. H. Ford will lecture in the afternoon on the subject, "Man in God's Image." In the evening Rev. Lathrop will preach.

## THE DAILY RECORD SUSPENDS.

### Lack of Finances Cause It to Turn Its Toes to the Daisies.

The Daily Record has ceased publication, and the paper fails to make its appearance this morning. There is a probability that the company which has been publishing the paper will attempt to establish a Sunday paper, but nothing definite has as yet been decided upon. The cause of the supension is lack of finances with which to continue without borrowing, and this the proprietors did not desire to do, and decided to discontinue publication. Ed Divine was seen at his home, last night, and said that the paper went out of existence as a daily without any indebtedness, and that all the employes would be paid in full to-day. The subject of a Sunday paper is still under consideration by them, and it will be announced within a few days whether or not the attempt to establish one will be made.

The Record began its career a few months ago with a neat, well-executed little sheet, which was at first sold for 2 cents a copy and published daily except Sunday. In a very short time the price was reduced to 1 cent and a Sunday paper was printed also. It was born at an unfortunate time, and the great stringency in the money market coming so soon after its birth made the road a difficult one to travel, and it proved too much so for the young paper. All the property was recently transferred by the company which began the publication to Divine & Powell, but it was again transferred to the original owners late Saturday afternoon.

#### GENERAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

Forecast for To-Day.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—For Indiana and Ohio—Light local showers; winds shifting to westerly; warmer in northern Indiana and northeastern Ohio.

For Illinois—Fair Monday in northern, occasional showers, followed by clearing in southern portion; warmer in northeast section; winds shifting to northerly.

Local Weather Report.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 30.

| Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Prec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 A. M. | 30.00 | 77 | 57 | East. | Cloudy. | 0.00 |
| 7 P. M. | 29.88 | 85 | 53 | West. | Cloudy. | 0.00 |

Maximum temperature, 95; minimum temperature, 68. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation for July 30, 1893:

| | Tem. | Pre. |
|---|---|---|
| Normal | 74 | 0.14 |
| Mean | 82 | 0.00 |
| Departure from normal | *8 | —0.14 |
| Excess or deficiency since July 1 | *73 | —3.86 |
| Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1 | —310 | —0.86 |

*Plus.

EDWARD E. PADDOCK,
Observer Weather Bureau.

## THE HORIZON BRIGHTENS

### Industrial Situation in Indianapolis Takes a Turn for the Better.

### Several Factories Resume and Others Will Increase Their Forces—Bakeries Having Heavy Business—With Other Interests.

The industrial situation in Indianapolis, from a cursory review made at the close of last week, shows a brightening, and manufacturers expect business to pick up from now on. While a number of factories reduced their forces and a few shut down, a good part of them announce that they will increase their forces this week over those of last week. Orders are beginning to come in. Indianapolis manufactories have always found the South a market for their products, and the movement of cotton in the South within a short time will bring money from abroad. Cotton exporters in the South draw on foreign firms when the cotton is shipped, and this will give them a command of ready money. Their increased business will have a certain effect on a number of Indianapolis factories. Below are a few items on the industrial situation here.

#### Woolen Mills Running.

Both woolen mills are running, but neither full-handed, as they manufacture goods only as orders come in. It is stated that but about one-half of last spring's clip of wool is still held by the farmers and small dealers in the country waiting better prices. Samuel F. Galloway, one of the largest wool buyers in this section, on Thursday last received a letter from the large wool house of Keyser & Fisler, Philadelphia, stating that 41 per cent. of the woolen mills were now idle, and Australian wool of the same grade of Indiana medium wool was offered on the Philadelphia and Boston markets at 15 cents per pound.

#### Can Factory at Full Capacity.

The Dugdale Can Company is working to its full capacity, and will this year manufacture 12,000,000 cans, 2,000,000 more than in any former year. All they can manufacture, in fact, are sold.

The corn and tomato packers are getting things in order to begin packing the second week in August. Mr. Van Camp says the present indications are that a good many tomatoes and considerable quantities of corn will be put up, but so many of the smaller packing establishments will not do anything this year, that fewer goods will be canned than last year.

#### Manufactured Iron Work.

Nordyke & Marmon last week received orders from abroad for two six-thousand-dollar mills and seem more encouraged over the outlook.

Hetherington & Berner say that last week they received one or two good orders for iron structural work, but in each case they talked cash for the work and expected exceedingly low prices.

#### Shipping Embossing Machines.

The Art Embossing Machine Company, 30 to 40 West South street, shipped by the Big Four Saturday three embossing machines in one car to the State of Massachusetts. Some two weeks ago this firm shipped a like amount to the same place, the exhibition of which caused the sales of the three machines shipped yesterday.

#### Bakeries' Heavy Business.

The busiest establishments about the city are the bakeries. Hot weather is their harvest. Parrott & Taggart say they have sold more bread and sweet cakes in June and July thus far this year than ever before in a like period, and Mr. Taggart says that from what he hears his competitors are likewise busy.

#### Bicycle Outlook Brightens.

The Indiana Bicycle Company last week received a large order for bicycles and reports the outlook brightening somewhat. The great trouble with the bicycle manufacturers has been that orders have been countermanded to such an extent that the works did not know how to gauge matters.

#### Cabinet Company's Work.

The Indianapolis cabinet works has its new boilers and machinery in position—at least most of it—and on Wednesday will resume operations with about four hundred men, increasing the force to the usual number, one thousand, as soon as the business situation brightens somewhat.

#### Sale of Carriages.

G. H. Shover, dealer in carriages, says it looks a little brighter. The demand at present is for light but strong vehicles, spider phaetons being favorites with many. The extension buckboard, a neat and novel vehicle, is also in request for a variety of uses.

#### Udell Works to Resume.

A. A. Barnes, proprietor of the Udell woodenware works, has his new building nearly completed, and is putting the machinery in position, and will within a few days be working the largest number of people since he has owned the works.

#### Saw Works Orders.

The Atkins saw works people report a fair number of orders coming in, in fact enough to keep them busy. They now have 325 men at work, about seventy-five less number of men than they usually employ at this season of the year.

#### Brown & Ketcham's Affairs.

Mr. Brown, of the firm of Brown & Ketcham, states that they at their iron works are employing 225 men, about seventy-five less than their usual number, and have orders to keep them busy for the present.

#### Have Orders on Hand.

Ellis & Helfenberger are pushing the repairs to the building recently burned, and Mr. Ellis says they have a goodly number of orders to fill as soon as they are able to begin work on an extensive scale.

#### Working Night and Day.

The proprietors of the Indianapolis maize mill are inclined to be boastful. Their orders have been so numerous that the mill has been running day and night as usual, through the squally times.

#### Another Factory Resumes.

The Parry Manufacturing Company has resumed operations, employing about three hundred persons, and it expects in the near future to be working its usual number, eight hundred people.

#### Stone Men Working Overtime.

Ittenbach & Sons, stone workers, employing about eighty people, are very busy just now, working overtime.

#### Hominy Mills in Action.

The Indianapolis hominy mills, which have been shut down for three weeks, resume operations this morning.

Millions.

Although millions of bottles of

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts

are annually manufactured, there are hundreds of housewives who know nothing of their excellence from actual use.

These flavorings are without question the finest and purest of their kind manufactured in the world, and they will eventually be used as a luxury from one end of the country to the other.

Tired, Weak, Nervous

"I was in a discouraging condition, my health and strength almost gone. I had that tired feeling frequently, and had rheumatism so severely that I had to walk with a cane. I felt tired of life and was a burden to others. Nervous spells and dizziness added to my sufferings and greatly reduced my strength. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon was so much better that I kept on until I felt like a different person. I owe my present good health to Hood's Sarsaparilla and cordially recommend it as a good all-round medicine." MRS. MARY C. CRYDERMAN, La Fontaine, Kansas.

Mrs. Cryderman

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

DONEY'S LELAND CIGAR IS ALWAYS FULL VALUE

LUMP AND CRUSHED COKE FOR SALE —BY— Indianapolis Gas Co.

TICKETS TO BE HAD AT 49 South Pennsylvania Street

White Sulphur Springs MONTEZUMA, IND.

Remember while you are suffering the heat that the RIVERSIDE HOTEL is the coolest and best ventilated hotel in Indiana. A dive in the great pool cools down the blood and makes you comfortable.

Flanner & Buchanan FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

We have removed to new and commodious quarters. Perfect privacy and convenience assured. Chapel and Morgue in charge of lady attendant.

172 North Illinois Street.

DIED.

MORTON—William Morton, at his residence No. 963 South East street, Sunday afternoon, July 30. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

WENTZ—The services for Mrs. Jean Wentz, wife of W. W. Wentz, jr., will be held at 11 o'clock this morning, from the residence of F. W. Flanner, 1000 North Pennsylvania street (near Twelfth street). Services by Dr. Buchtel.

STRAYED

STRAYED—FROM MY STABLE, 79 EAST Pratt street, large black horse. Any person having taken him up will be liberally rewarded for labor, trouble and expense. CHAS. W. SMITH.

WANTED—MALE HELP

WANTED—SITUATION AS BAKER—WELL up in all kinds bread, cakes and pies. Apply FOWLER, 1210 Thirteenth st., Terre Haute, Ind.

WANTED—COOK—A THOROUGHLY RELIable man to do meat and pastry work. Apply at once, stating wages. NEWMAN & KEMP, Wabash, Ind.

WANTED—$1,000 TO $5,000 IN A MANUfacturing business that will pay 60 per cent. Full investigation requested. Address P. O. Box 784 Marion, Ind.

WANTED—BOOK AGENTS WANTED—65 per cent. discount and $100 in cash to agents for our $2 book. One agent is taking from 6 to 14 orders a day. Sample by mail for 80 cents. Particulars free. W. A. SYLVESTER, 35 Haverhill street, Boston, Mass.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS—MONEY ON MORTGAGES. C. F SAYLES, 75 East Market street.

MONEY TO LOAN—6 PER CENT. HORACE MCKAY, Room 11, Talbott & New's Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES—TERMS reasonable. At Thorpe's Block, East Market street. MCGILLIARD & DARK.

LOANS—MONEY ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, jewelry, without publicity. CITY LOAN OFFICE, 57 West Washington street.

LOANS—SUMS OF $100 TO $100,000. City property and farms. C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST MORTGAGE—Bonds, Consumers' Gas Trust Stock and Commercial Paper, bought and sold. W. H. HOBBS, 70 East Market street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOWest market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market street, Indianapolis.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BUILDINGS AND LEASE OF ground and side track, now occupied by the Indianapolis Foundry Co., Bates and Pine streets and Big Four Railway, conveniently located for manufacturing business requiring good switching facilities. Can give possession August 1, prox. Address INDIANAPOLIS FOUNDRY CO., 57 Bates st.

FOR RENT.

FOR WORLD'S FAIR VISITORS—ROOMS, EXceptionally choice in every respect, in best residence part of city, within seven minutes' ride of Fair Ground, on the Illinois Suburban Railroad, at 75 cents and $1 per day each person. 4344 Greenwood avenue, Chicago. Best of references can be given by owner who conducts the house.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ANNOUNCEMENT—OLD HATS AND RUBBER repaired by WM. DREUY, 47 Massachusetts av

ANNOUNCEMENT—PROFESSOR A. B. WINtermute, a mind-reader of past, present and future. General business consultation. Office—760 North Illinois street, Indianapolis, Ind. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

CLAIRVOYANT.

CALL—SEE MADAME MAY, CLAIRVOYANT. Moved to 21 North New Jersey street.

CLAIRVOYANT—GYPSY ZORA, RELIABLE Clairvoyant and Palmist, can be consulted on all affairs of life, Rooms 94 Massachusetts avenue.

FOR SALE—HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE—A GOOD HORSE—PRICE $60. One pony, harness and buggy, price $85. This property must be sold, and is worth the appraisement. Can be seen at the corner Massachusetts and Pennsylvania avenues. J. A. WILDMAN, Assignee M. M. Reynolds.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—GAAR, SCOTT & CO. PORTABLE Threshing Engine. Cheap for cash. Indianapolis Warehouse Co.