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Its facilities, the advantages it has from its corporate existence, its opportunities, its experience, its force derived from a constant devotion to and prosecution of this kind of business, together with its great financial responsibility—amounting in stock and liability of stockholders to $2,000,000—make a sum of inducement and benefit that all people needing such services should be aware of.

THE INDIANA TRUST COM'Y

Office 23 South Meridian St.

CAPITAL, - - - $1,000,000

FEATURES ON 'CHANGE

McLeod Checkmated by Vanderbilt Interests in Wall Street.

Chicago Gas Bears Get a Tossing from the Bulls—Indianapolis Business More Active.

At New York, Saturday, money on call was easy at 1½ per cent.

Prime mercantile paper: 4¾@6½ per cent.

Sterling exchange was dull, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.84@4.84¼ for demand and $4.82@4.82¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.82½@4.85; commercial bills, $4.80¼@4.80¾.

Silver certificates, 70¼@70½c. Bar silver closed at 69¾c per ounce; at London, 32 5-16d.

The New York weekly bank statement shows the following changes:

Reserve, increase	$5,185,275
Loans, increase	602,700
Specie, increase	1,528,400
Legal tenders, increase	6,368,700
Deposits, increase	8,327,300
Circulation, decrease	53,600

The banks now hold $57,828,726 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

Total sales of stocks were only 93,200 shares.

The only features of the New York market Saturday were Reading, New England and Chicago Gas. The interest aroused in these specialties was sufficient to carry over night. The rest of the list was dull and inactive, but in the main firm, with a tendency to advance, as shorts endeavored to cover. There was an announcement of a close alliance between the New York, New Haven & Hartford road and the Lehigh Valley. One of the strong points in Mr. McLeod's recent fairy tales has been the proposed combination between the New England and the Lehigh Valley. But, it seems, he is checkmated in this, as he has been in so many other cases. To-day the New England is more of a cul de sac that ever. The new aggressive move on the part of the Vanderbilt interests gave the New England stock another wrench and caused a further break. Incidentally, Reading advanced sharply on the publication of the new deal, as it was taken to indicate the pronounced policy of the Vanderbilts regarding the coal business. It gave further grounds for hope that this powerful interest would take an active part in the reorganization of the company. It was even intimated in the enthusiasm of the moment that a favorable plan had been eventually agreed upon, which would include the buying of the past-due coupons on the fours and the consolidation of the floating debt by the issue of a blanket collateral trust mortgage. The street is firm in the belief that the speculative value of Reading will be greatly increased if the Vanderbilts be found to be really interested in the road. The bear party in Chicago Gas was treated to another turn of the thumb screws Saturday morning. The inside party or pool is believed to have increased its holdings during the recent raid against the stock when it was depressed to 58, and the shorts created in that movement now find the stock very scarce.

Government bonds were steady. State bonds were inactive.

The following table, prepared by James E. Berry, Room 16, Board of Trade, shows the range of quotations:

Name.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Am. Cotton Oil Co.	31¼	31¼	29	29⅞
Chicago Gas Trust	62¼	63⅝	61¾	61¾
Am. Sugar Refinery	99½	99¾	98⅛	98⅛
National Lead, com.	27½	27½	27⅜	27⅜
Atchison	19	19¼	18⅞	18⅞
C., B. & Q.	82⅝	82⅝	82⅛	82⅛
Northwestern, com.	104	104¾	104	104½
Rock Island	67¾	67¾	67	67
St. Paul, com	64	64½	64	64
Missouri Pacific	25	25	24½	24½
Union Pacific	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Western Union	88	88⅝	87¾	87¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	36	36¾	36	36¼
Louisville & Nashville	48¼	49	48⅛	48⅛
N. Y. & N. E.	27	27⅛	26¼	26¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	19½	19½	19	19
Manhattan	132	132	131½	131½
North. Pac., com	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
North. Pac., pref	22	22	22	22
Reading	21⅝	22⅝	21⅝	21⅞
C., St. P., M. & O.	37¾	37¾	36¾	36¾
Edison Gen. Elec	44¾	44⅞	42⅛	42⅛
Dis. & C. F. Co	30¼	30¼	30	30⅛
Wabash, pref	15⅞	15⅞	15½	15½
Lou. & N. A.	10	10	10	10
National Cordage	25½	25½	24½	24½
Jersey Central	....	....	....	115
Hocking Valley	....	....	....	22
Del., L. & W.	....	....	....	160
Pacific Mail	....	....	....	17
Delaware & Hudson	....	....	....	130½
Alto & T. H.	....	....	....	22
Alton & T. H., pref	....	....	....	115
Chicago & Alton	....	....	....	135
Canada Pacific	....	....	....	71¾
Central Pacific	....	....	....	19
Baltimore & Ohio	....	....	....	69½
Fort Wayne	....	....	....	149
Great Northern, pref	....	....	....	107½
Michigan Central	....	....	....	101
P., D. & E.	....	....	....	7½
Pullman Palace	....	....	....	174
Adams Express	....	....	....	145
United States Express	....	....	....	57
Wells-Fargo Express	....	....	....	120
U. S. fours, reg	....	....	....	112
U. S. fours, coup	....	....	....	112

LOCAL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Three Days with Fair Volume of Trade and Steady Prices.

The volume of trade in the last half of the week ending Nov. 11 was fairly satisfactory, even on Commission row. Dry-goods houses did a better business than for some time past, and the grocers were quite busy. Holiday trade is already setting in with the confectioners. The poultry market presents an unusual phase for this season of the year. Receipts of chickens and turkeys are large, but not largely in excess of the demand, consequently prices rule about the same from day to day, but the packers say they will go no higher, as the country is full of turkeys. Eggs are in good request, but much higher prices are not looked for. Irish and sweet potatoes are coming in quantities equal to the demand. Possibly, were the weather to turn cold, arrivals would be lighter and prices advance. Sweet potatoes continue unusually low. Provisions are moving quite freely, with a tendency to lower prices in some descriptions of hog products. The hide market is moderately active at unchanged prices.

There was a fair attendance on 'Change Saturday and the bidding showed a little more interest in the cereals. Wheat advanced a shade, while several grades of corn went off ½c, oats ruling steady at Friday's prices. Track bids yesterday ruled as follows:

Wheat—No. 2 red, 57¼c; No. 3 red, 53c; rejected, 49@50c; wagon wheat, 57c.

Corn—No. 1 white, 36½c; No. 2 white, 36½c; No. 3 white, 36½c; No. 4 white, 30@35c; No. 2 white mixed, 36c; No. 3 white mixed, 36c; No. 4 white, mixed, 30@35c; No. 2 yellow, 36½c; No. 3 yellow, 36c; No. 4 yellow, 30@35c; No. 2 mixed, 36½c; No. 3 mixed, 36c; No. 4 mixed, 30@32c; ear corn, 38c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 31c; No. 3 white, 30c; No. 2 mixed, 29¼c; No. 3 mixed, 28c; rejected, 23@26c.

Hay—Choice timothy, $11.25; No. 1, $11.25; No. 2, $9.50; No. 1 prairie, $8.75; mixed, $8; clover, $9.

Rye—No. 2, 45c for car lots; 40c for wagon rye.

Bran, $12.

Poultry and Other Produce.

(Prices Paid by Dealers.)

Poultry—Hens, 6c per lb; young chickens, 6c per lb; turkeys, toms, 6c per lb; hens, 7c per lb; fancy large young turkeys, 7c; small and poor, 5c; ducks, 6c per lb; geese, $4.20 per doz. for choice; rabbits, 75c@$1 per doz.; quails, $1.50 per doz.

Eggs—Shippers paying 20c.

Butter—Choice, 15@16c; mixed, 10@12c.

Honey—New, 15@18c.

Feathers—Prime geese, 40c per lb; mixed duck, 20c per lb.

Beeswax—30c for yellow; 15c for dark.

Wool—Unwashed medium wool, 16c; unwashed coarse or braid, 13@14c; unwashed fine merino, 10@13c; tub-washed, 18@23c; burry and cotted wool, 3 to 6c less than above prices.

HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

Hides—No. 1 green hides, 2½c; No. 1 G. S. hides, 3½c; No. 2 G. S. hides, 2½c; No. 1 calf hides, 5c; No. 2 calf hides, 3½c.

Tallow—No. 1 tallow, 4¾c; No. 2 tallow, 4c.

Grease—White, 4½c; yellow, 3½c; brown, 3c.

Bones—Dry, $12@13 per ton.

THE JOBBING TRADE.

(The quotations given below are the selling prices of wholesale dealers.)

Candies and Nuts.

Candies—Stick, 7c per lb; common mixed, 7c; G. A. R. mixed, 8c; Banner mixed, 10c; cream mixed, 10½c; old-time mixed, 8c.

Nuts—Soft-shelled almonds, 20c; English walnuts, 16c; Brazil nuts, 10c; filberts, 11c; peanuts, roasted, 7@8c; mixed nuts, 15c.

Coal and Coke.

Anthracite coal, all sizes, $7.50 per ton; Pittsburg and Raymond City, $4.25 per ton; Jackson, $4.25; block, $3.25; Island City, $3; Blossburg and English cannel, $5. All nut coals 50c below above quotations.

Coke — Connellsville, $3.75 per load; crushed, $3.25 per load; lump, $3 per load.

Canned Goods.

Peaches — Standard, 3 - pound, $1.85@2; 3-pound seconds, $1.30@1.40; 5-pound pie, 90@95c; California standard, $2.25@2.50; California seconds, $1.85@2. Miscellaneous—Blackberries, 2-pound, 90@95c; raspberries, 2-pound, $1.20@1.25; pineapple, standard, 2-pound, $1.25@1.35; choice, $2@2.25; cove oysters, 1-pound, full weight, 95c@$1; light, 65@70c; 2-pound full, $1.80@1.90; light, $1.10@1.20; string beans, 85@95c; Lima beans, $1.10@1.30; peas, marrowfat, $1.10@1.20; early June, $1.25@1.50; lobsters, $1.85@2; red cherries, $1.20@1.25; strawberries, $1.20@1.30; salmon (lbs), $1.45@2.20; 3-pound tomatoes, $1.15@1.20.

Dried Fruits.

Figs—Layer, 14@15c per lb.

Peaches—Common sun-dried, 6½@7c per lb; common evaporated, 10@11c; California choice, 11½@12c; California fancy, 12½@13c.

Apricots—Evaporated, 16@18c.

Prunes—Turkish, 8@9c per lb; California, 7@10c.

Currants—5½@6c per lb.

Raisins—Loose Muscatel, $1.75@1.85 per box; London layer, $1.85@2 per box; Valencia, 8@8½c per lb; layer, 9@10c.

Drugs.

Alcohol, $2.20@2.40; asafetida, 34c; alum, 4@5c; camphor, 60@65c; cochineal, 50@55c; chloroform, 60@65c; copperas, brls, 85c@$1; cream tartar, pure, 26@28c; indigo, 80@81c; licorice, Calab., genuine, 30@45c; magnesia, carb., 2-oz, 2@35c; morphine, P. & W., per oz, $2.45; madder, 16@18c; oil, castor, per gal, $1.28@1.30; oil, bergamot, per lb, $3.50; opium, $2.90; quinine, P. & W., per oz, 29@40c; balsam copaiba, 60@65c; soap, castile, Fr., 12@16c; soda, bicarb., 4½@6c; salts, Epsom, 4@5c; sulphur, flour, 5@6c; saltpeter, 8@20c; turpentine, 36@40c; glycerine, 16@20c; iodide potassium, $3@3.10; bromide potassium, 38@40c; chlorate potash, 20c; borax, 12@14c; cinchonidia, 12@15c; carbolic acid, 22@26c.

Oils—Linseed oil, 38@41c per gal; coal oil, legal test, 7@14c; bank, 40c; best straits, 50c; Labrador, 60c; West Virginia lubricating, 20@30c; miners', 45c. Lard oils—Winter strained in barrels, 75c per gal; in half barrels, 3c per gal extra.

Dry Goods.

Bleached Sheetings—Androscoggin L, 6½c; Berkeley, No. 60, 9c; Cabot, 7c; Capital, 6c; Cumberland, 7½c; Dwight Anchor, 8¼c; Fruit of Loom, 8c; Farwell, 7½c; Fitchville, 6½c; Full Width, 5½c; Gilt Edge, 6c; Gilded Age, 7c; Hill, 7½c; Hope, 7c; Linwood, 7½c; Lonsdale, 8c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10½c; Masonville, 8½c; Peabody, 6c; Pride of the West, 11½c; Quinebaugh, 6½c; Star of the Nation, 6c; Ten Strike, 6½c; Pepperell, 9-4, 18c; Pepperell, 10-4, 20c; Androscoggin, 9-4, 20½c; Androscoggin, 10-4, 22½c.

Brown Sheetings—Atlantic A, 6½c; Argyle, 6c; Boott C, 5c; Buck's Head, 6½c; Clifton CCC, 5½c; Constitution, 40 - inch, 7½c; Carlisle, 40-inch, 7c; Dwight Star, 7½c; Great Falls E, 6c; Great Falls J, 5c; Hill Fine, 7c; Indian Head, 6½c; Lawrence LL, 4¾c; Lockwood B, 6c; A, 5½c; Princess, 5¾c; Saranac R, 6½c; Trion Sea Island, 5c; Pepperell E, 6½c; Pepperell R, 5¾c; Pepperell, 9-4, 16c; Pepperell, 10-4, 18c; Androscoggin, 9-4, 18½c; Androscoggin, 10-4, 20½c.

Prints—Allen dress styles, 5½c; Allen's staples, 5c; Allen TR, 5½c; Allen robes, 5½c; American indigo, 5c; American robes, 5½c; American shirtings, 4c; Arnold merino, 6½c; Arnold LLC, 7½c; Arnold LCB, 8½c; Arnold Gold Seal, 10c; Cocheco fancy, 5c; Cocheco madders, 4¾c; Hamilton fancy, 5½c; Manchester fancy, 5½c; Merrimac fancy, 5½c; Merrimac pinks and purples, 6c; Pacific fancy, 5½c; Pacific robes, 6c; Pacific mourning, 5½c; Simpson Eddystone, 5½c; Simpson Berlin solids, 5½c; Simpson's oil finish, 6c; Simpson's grays, 5½c; Simpson's mournings, 5½c.

Ginghams—Amoskeag staples, 5¾c; Amoskeag Persian Dress, 6½c; Bates Warwick Dress, 6½c; Johnson BF Fancies, 8½c; Lancaster, 5¾c; Lancaster Normandies, 6½c; Carrolton, 4¾c; Renfrew Dress, 7½c; Whittenton Heather, 6½c; Calcutta Dress Styles, 5½c.

Prime Cambrics—Manville, 4¾c; S. S. & Son's, 4½c; Masonville, 4¾c; Garner, 4¾c.

Tickings—Amoskeag, ACA, 12½c; Conestoga, BF, 14½c; Cordis, 140, 13½c; Cordis, FT, 12½c; Cordis, ACE, 12½c; Hamilton awning, 10½c; Kimono Fancy, 17c; Lenox Fancy, 18c; Methuen AA, 12c; Oakland, AF, 7c; Portsmouth, 12½c; Susquehanna, 14½c; Shetucket SW, 7½c; Shetucket F, 8c; Swift River, 5½c;

Grain Bags—Amoskeag, $15.50; American, $15.50; Franklinville, $18; Harmony, $15.50; Stark, $19.50.

Groceries.

Sugar—Hard sugars, 5¼@6½c; confectioners' A, 5⅛@5¼c; off A, 5@5⅛c; A, 4⅞@5c; extra C, 4⅜@4⅝c; yellow C, 4⅛@4¼c; dark yellow, 4@4½c.

Coffee—Good, 20½@21c; prime, 22@23c; strictly prime, 24@26c; fancy green and yellow, 26@27c; ordinary Java, 29@30c; old government Java, 32@33c; roasted, 1-lb packages, 24¾c.

Molasses and Syrups—New Orleans molasses, fair to prime, 30@40c; choice, 40@45c; syrups, 25@35c.

Beans—Choice hand-picked navy, $2.10@2.20 per bu; medium hand-picked, $1.90@2; limas, California, 4½@5c per lb.

Rice—Louisiana, 3¾@5c; Carolina, 4½@6½c.

Honey—New York stock, 1-lb sections, 16@18c per lb.

Spices—Pepper, 16@18c; allspice, 12@15c; cloves, 20@25c; cassia, 10@12c; nutmegs, 70@80c per lb.

Salt—In car lots, 80@85c; small lots, 90@95c.

Twine—Hemp, 12@18c per lb; wool, 8@10c; flax, 20@30c; paper, 15c; jute, 12@15c; cotton, 16@25c.

Shot—$1.50@1.55 per bag for drop.

Lead—7@7½c for pressed bars.

Wooden Dishes—No. 1, per 1,000, $2.20; No. 2, $2.50; No. 3, $2.80; No. 5, $3.50.

Flour Sacks (paper)—Plain, 1-32 brl, per 1,000, $3.50; 1-16 brl, $5; ⅛ brl, $8; ¼ brl, $16; No. 2 drab, plain, 1-32 brl, per 1,000, $4.25; 1-16, $6.50; ⅛, $10; ¼, $20; No. 1 cream, plain, 1-32, per 1,000, $7; 1-16, $8.75; ⅛, $14.50; ¼, $28.50. Extra charge for printing.

Woodenware—No. 1 tubs, $6.50@7; No. 2 tubs, $5.50@6; No. 3 tubs, $4.50@5; 3-hoop pails, $1.60@1.65; 2-hoop pails, $1.35@1.40; double washboards, $2.25@2.75; common wash-boards, $1.50@1.85; clothes pins, 50@85c per box.

Flour.

Straight grades, $2.70@3; fancy grades, $2.90@3.15; patent flour, $3.50@4; low grades, $1.50@2.

Iron and Steel.

Bar iron, 1.70@1.80c; horseshoe bar, 2¾@3c; nail rod, 6c; plow slabs, 3c; American cr st steel, 9c; tire steel, 2½@3c; spring steel, 4½@5c.

Leather.

Leather—Oak sole, 28@38c; hemlock sole, 22@28c; harness, 26@38c; skirting, 31@33c; single strap, 41c; black bridle, per doz, $80@95; fair bridle, $60@78 per doz; city kip, 55@75c; French kip, 85c@$1.10; city calfskins, 85c@$1; French calfskins, $1@1.80.

Nails and Horseshoes.

Steel cut nails, $1.30; wire nails, $1.60 rates; horseshoes, per keg, $4; mule shoes, per keg, $5; horse nails, $4@5.

Oil Cake.

Oil cake, $24 per ton; oil meal, $24.

Produce, Fruits and Vegetables.

Apples—Maiden-blush, $4@4.25; 20-ounce pippins, $3.50@4; rambos, $3.50; bulk stock, $3.

Cranberries—Cape Cod, $5.50@7.25 per brl; $1.75@2 per box.

Celery—25@30c per bunch.

Sweet potatoes—Baltimore, $2.25@2.50 per brl; Jersey, $3.25@3.75.

Cabbage—$1@1.25 per brl.

Onions—75@80c per bu or $2 per brl.

Grapes—Concords, 20c per 10-pound basket; Catawbas, 15c, 5-lb baskets.

Potatoes—$2@2.25 per brl in carload lots or 65@70c per bu from store.

Lemons—Choice, $4 per box; fancy, $5.

Bananas— $1@1.50 per bunch, according to size and quality.

Cheese—New York full cream, 12½@13½c; skims, 5@7c per lb.

Florida Oranges—$3@3.25 per box.

Chestnuts—$4 per bu.

Cider—Duffy brand, 32-gal brl, $5; 16-gal brl, $2.75.

Provisions.

Bacon—Clear sides, 50 lbs average, 12c; 30 to 40 lbs average, 12½c; 20 to 30 lbs average, 12¾c; clear bellies, 18 to 22 lbs average, 12c; 12 to 14 lbs average, 12½c; clear backs, 20 to 25 lbs average, 12½c; 12 to 20 lbs average, 12¾c; light, 9 lbs average, 13c.

Shoulders—English-cured, 12 lbs average, 10½c; 16 lbs average, 9¾c.

Hams—Sugar-cured, 18 to 20 lbs average, 11½c; 15 lbs average, 12c; 11¼ lbs average, 12½c; 10 lbs average, 12½c; block hams, 12c.

California Hams—Sugar-cured, 10 to 12 lbs average, 8½c.

Boneless Hams—Sugar-cured, 10c.

Pickled Pork—Bean pork, clear, per brl, 200 lbs, $23; rump pork, $18 per brl.

Breakfast Bacon—Clear, English-cured, 16c.

Lard—Kettle-rendered, in tierces, 12½c; Indiana, 11¼c.

Seeds.

Clover—Choice recleaned, 60-lb bu, $4.50@4.75; prime, $4.50@4.75; English, choice, $4.50@4.75; Alsike, choice, $7.50@8; Alfalfa, choice, $5.55@6. Timothy—45-lb bu, choice, $2@2.15; strictly prime, $1.85@2. Bluegrass—Fancy, 14-lb bu, $1.15@1.20; extra clean, 85@90c. Orchard grass—Extra, $1.35@1.50. Red top—Choice—50@60c; extra clean, 38@40c. English bluegrass, 24-lb bu, $2.40@2.50.

Tinners' Supplies.

Best brand charcoal tin IC, 10x14, 14x20, 12x12, $7.50; IX, 10x14, 14x20 and 12x12, $9.50; IC, 14x20, roofing tin, $5@6.50; IC, 20x28, $12@13; block tin, in pigs, 25c; in bars, 27c. Iron—27 B iron, 3¼c; C iron, 5c; galvanized, 70 per cent. discount. Sheet zinc, 5¾@6c. Copper bottoms, 22c. Planished copper, 25c. Solder, 15@16c.

THE HELL OF SAGHALIN.

A New Home for Russian Exiles in the North Pacific.

New York Tribune.

A few months ago the political and diplomatic world of Europe was surprised by the announcement from St. Petersburg that the deportation of prisoners to Siberia was to end next year. Numerous eulogiums in consequence were spoken and printed upon the Czar and his counselors, and the announcement was hailed as an evidence of a great reform movement in Russia. But the delight and satisfaction of those interested in human progress was premature. Siberia, it is true, is to cease to be the penal colony of the Russias, but a land even more terrible to exile is to take its place. The reasons for the change were made public a few days ago in a northern capital.

Few people, not students of geography, probably recall the Island of Saghalin, Tarakai. It lies in the Pacific ocean, north of Japan, and forms the most eastern possession of the White Czar. It is not entirely unknown to the "criminal" world of Russia, for it has been the home of exiles whose hopes of seeing their country practically ended when they landed on its shores. But it will soon be a name familiar to the world, as it is to become the home of the future exiles.

The change has been contemplated, it appears, for some time by the Russian government. The completion of the great Asiatic line of railway through the immense province will open up a new country to trade, and Russian merchants already count upon gaining great wealth in that direction. The government hopes to direct Russian emigration to Siberia when the railroad is in operation, and develop a mighty Asiatic empire. As an aid to these plans the stain is to be taken from the name Siberia. Russian merchants and voluntary settlers in Siberia have convinced the government, according to Russian papers, that this can only be done by ceasing to deport criminals and political exiles there, and establishing another penal colony. Saghalin in the future will be, therefore, the name with which the Russian police will conjure.

The climate, according to authentic writers, is more severe than any part of Siberia. The island is known among Siberians as the "Hell of Saghalin"—an expression which says volumes in the mouth of an expatriated Russian who knows the terrors of the far east. Up to the present time only the criminals with the worst records have been sent to Saghalin. An anonymous writer in the Odesskii Listock recently gave a harrowing picture of the conditions on the island. From no place do so many try to escape—but few ever succeed. The runaways are known as "Brodjagan." Despite the accounts of terrible suffering and hardship brought back by unsuccessful fugitives, the Saghalin "Brodjagan" increase in numbers every year. The hardships of Siberian fugitives are described as mild in comparison. Surrounded on all sides by the ocean, with the nearest land hundreds of miles distant, escape from the place is almost impossible.

"But despite this," says the writer, "men are willing to risk quick death in the waves rather than the terrors of the island. As a rule, the Brodjagan try to escape in bands numbering from three to ten. Those who try to make away in the summer, as a rule, take up their 'abode' in the Taiga, an almost impenetrable forest. As long as the clothing and provisions last they are comparatively happy there despite their trials. But when the clothing is torn to shreds, when the provisions are gone and when hunger and the bites of poisonous insects have weakened the poor fugitives they soon die. A few reach the coast, where most of them are recaptured and taken back to the places of torture and torment. Those who choose the winter for flight fare probably the worst of all. In December the channel is frozen, and this fact lures many to destruction. They travel only by night, concealing themselves in deep ice holes in the daytime in a temperature which cannot be described. But words fail to picture the terror and misery and suffering of these fugitives.

"Among the remarkable prisoners now on the island is Sofie Bluehstein, known as 'the golden hand.' She is a criminal genius of the first order. Despite the fact that she has been in solitary confinement for years, she has been able to organize a band of criminals which has committed many atrocious murders. Although possessing the criminal instinct in a high degree, she is not free from the weaknesses of her sex. Her guards report that in some unknown way she succeeds in getting rouge with which she paints her cheeks. She also colors her eyebrows, curls her hair daily, and arranges her naturally homely garments attractively. When she consents to talk of her eventful life she never forgets the 'Shah of Persia, who cost her so much money.' When 'the golden hand' was still young and beautiful, and comparatively rich—the result of her unscrupulous life—she decided to steal the most beautiful diamonds of his Majesty, who was traveling through Russia toward Persia at the time. She followed him from place to place, occupying always a special car in the train, and endeavored in every way to get into conversation with the Shah. But her efforts were vain. She never got near to the Shah, and was obliged to return home after spending 10,000 rubles in pursuit of his Majesty's gems. She recalls the expense to this day, with sorrow."

THE PRESIDENT ON TOP.

Cleveland Is Now Ready to Tell Congress What to Do About the Tariff.

Washington Correspondence New York Sun.

"Now bring me on the tariff bill and I'll tell you in five minutes what'll be its fate. If it isn't right it can't go, for I'll oppose it."

This is what Mr. Cleveland says now. Anyway, it is the substance of what he said to a member of Chairman Wilson's committee on ways and means. The President's triumph in carrying through the unconditional repeal bill has set his pace regarding the tariff. It won't be what Chairman Wilson wants, nor will it be what the committee will report, but what Mr. Cleveland determines to have, that will go through, if anything goes. He wouldn't cry if nothing went through.

No man ever came out of the ring with pluck superior to the President's. He feels not only that he will win over all comers, but that he will be backed by the country against the Chicago platform, if necessary; over party pledges of every description and his own declarations. As for combinations, "let them combine and I'll smash them as I did the silver combinations," says the President. He is not yet quite sure what this bill will be that is going through, but he is mighty sure what it will not be. This is what he is giving persons to understand to whom he talks in and out of Congress.

When Congress meets in regular session one month from now, no doubt will be entertained about Mr. Cleveland's purpose. An observer of half a century's experience gives it as his opinion that Congress, after pondering the lesson of the extra session, will come back prepared to submit. The tariff, he predicts, will be the McKinley law modified in certain respects, else Senator Quay is mistaken, and he's in a position to make a good guess. "Do you mind," said a veteran, "that it was the high tariff men, the very architects of the McKinley law, who stood by Cleveland most resolutely, and who saved the day for him. John Sherman forbore the right moment; if he had not done so, compromise would have carried. It's a strong combination that will take charge of the new tariff bill when Congress comes back."

Had not the fair broken up, the President would go to Chicago for a week, and most likely take Mrs. Cleveland along, for she did want to see the fair. As it is, he may light out somewhere for a few days for a good time, and for the rest and recuperation the President will need when the Congress is again on his hands a month hence.

Living Up to a Dream.

Thoreau.

I learned this at least by my experiment—that if one advances confidently in the direction of his dreams, and endeavors to live the life which he has imagined, he will meet with a success unimaginable in common hours. In proportion as he simplifies his life, the laws of the universe will appear less complex, and solitude will not be solitude, nor poverty poverty, nor weakness weakness.

CHICAGO GRAIN LOWER

Heavy Receipts and Selling Knocks 1 5-8c Off of Wheat.

Corn and Oats Forced to Decline, While Provisions, Being Weak and Forced on the Market, Receded.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—With heavier Northwest receipts, smaller exports, heavy selling and indications of a heavy increase in the visible against it, wheat to-day lost 1⅝c off. Corn is off ⅝c on the government crop figures, which indicated 60,000,000 bu more yield than the October reports. Oats closed ½c off. Provisions also sold lower, packers offering stuff.

Wheat was weak throughout the day. Reports showed that Minneapolis and Duluth had receipts of 972 cars against 750 yesterday and 675 last year. Bradstreet's statement showing a heavy increase in the United States and Canada variable. Heavy selling drove the price still further down. Bearish reports continued to roll in and the market grew weaker. Cables were not altogether favorable, and the bullish feeling of yesterday entirely disappeared. Operators who bought then made haste to sell, and under all these bearish influences the price steadily declined to the close. December opened ⅝c below yesterday, went ¼c lower, dropped another ⅛c and then dropped to the closing price, 61¾c, 1c lower than its opening and 1⅝c below last night. Corn was lower, May opening ½c off at 42⅛c and losing ⅞c more before it rallied to close ⅜c worse than it started. There was a fair business transacted at the start, but on the bearish government report and wheat's slump the selling was heavy, and May landed at the close at 41¾c, off ⅞c from yesterday's closing.

Oats are easy, following the fluctuations of corn, and but little business was transacted. May opened ⅜c below yesterday's close, and with corn's weakness lost another ⅛c, closing ½c below yesterday, at 31¾c.

Provisions were weaker, with packers anxious to sell. Weakness in grain and indications for heavy live hog receipts were the factors. To-night, as compared with last night, January pork is 20c lower, January lard .15c, and January ribs .10c.

A fair inquiry was made for vessel room, but offerings were light. Rates were 1½@1⅝c for wheat and 1¼@1⅜c for corn to Buffalo. Estimated receipts for Monday are: Wheat, 220 cars; corn, 416 cars; oats, 175 cars; hogs, 28,000. Leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat—Dec	62⅞	62⅞	61⅝	61⅝
May	69½	69½	68½	68½
Corn—Nov	37¾	38¼	37¾	37¾
Dec	37⅞	38⅛	37⅞	37⅞
May	42⅛	42⅛	41¾	41¾
Oats—Nov	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼
Dec	28¾	28¾	28⅝	28⅝
May	31⅞	31⅞	31¾	31¾
Pork—Jan	$14.12½	$14.12½	$14.00	$14.00
Lard—Nov	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80
Jan	8.25	8.25	8.17½	8.20
S'ribs—Jan	7.30	7.30	7.22½	7.25

Cash quotations ruled as follows: Flour—No sales reported; No. 2 spring wheat, 60⅜c; No. 3 spring wheat, 60@62c; No. 2 red, 60⅜c; No. 2 corn, 37¾c; No. 3 corn, 37¾@38c; No. 2 oats 28¼c; No. 2 white, 30½@31½c; No. 3 white, 29@30½c; No. 2 rye, 44@45c; No. 2 barley, nominal; No. 3, 36c; No. 4, 37@43c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.03½; prime timothy seed, $3.20; mess pork, per brl, $15.25@15.50; lard, per lb, 9.10@9.25c; short-ribs sides (loose), 8.75@9c dry-salted shoulders (boxed), 7@7.25c; short-clear sides (boxed), 8.75@9c; whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gal, $1.15; sugars unchanged.

On the Produce Exchange, to-day, the butter market was dull and unchanged. Eggs were quiet and unchanged.

Receipts—Flour, 15,000 brls; wheat, 152,000 bu; corn, 238,000 bu; oats, 176,000 bu; rye, 6,000 bu; barley, 51,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 44,000 brls; wheat, 314,000 bu; corn, 734,000 bu; oats, 216,000 bu; rye, 8,000 bu; barley, 55,000 bu.

AT NEW YORK.

Ruling Prices in Produce at the Seaboard's Commercial Metropolis.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Flour—Receipts, 24,000 brls; exports, 2,000 brls; sales, 7,000 brls. The market was dull and easier to sell; city mill patents, $4.25@4.50; winter patents, $3.40@3.65; city mill clears, $3.65@3.70; winter straight, $2.85@3.15; Minnesota patents, $3.80@4.05; winter extras, $2.25@2.75; Minnesota bakers', $2.35@3.30; winter low grades, $1.70@2.30; spring low grades, $1.65@1.95; spring extras, $1.95@2.55. Corn meal was steady; yellow Western, $2.65@2.70; Brandywine, $2.80. Rye nominal; boatloads, 57c. Barley steady; No. 2 Milwaukee, 65c. Barley malt dull; Western, 60@75c; Canada, 85@90c; six-rowed, 80@85c.

Wheat—Receipts, 95,700 bu; exports, 2,000 bu; sales, 2,220,000 bu spot. The spot market was dull at ⅝c decline; No. 2 red, in store and elevator, 66⅝@66¾c; afloat, 66⅞@67c; f. o. b., 67⅛@67¼c; No. 1 Northern, 70@70¼c; No. 1 hard, 70⅞@71c. Options opened ¼@⅜c lower, with corn, and an expectation of a two-million increase in Monday's visible; closed weak at ⅝c net decline; curb declined ⅛c more, making total net decline 1⅝@1⅝c; No. 2 red, January, closed at 69c; February closed at 70½c; March, 71⅞@72⅛c, closing at 71⅞c; May, 74¼@74½c, closing at 74¼c; December, 67 9-16@67¾c, closing at 67½c.

Corn—Receipts, 77,000 bu; exports, 400 bu; sales, 370,000 bu futures, 140,000 bu spot. The spot market was more active and easier; No. 2, 46¾@46⅞c; in elevator, 46⅞c. Options opened ⅛@⅜c lower on disappointment after the government crop report, and closed dull, at ¼@⅜c net decline; January, 47c; May, 48⅝@48¾c; December, 46½@46¾c, closing at 47⅜c.

Oats—Receipts, 56,700 bu; exports, 200 bu; sales, 35,000 bu spot. The spot market was neglected; No. 2, 34⅝c; No. 2, delivered, 35¼c; No. 2 white, 36¼c; No. 3 white, 34½c; track mixed Western, 35@36c; track white State and Western, 35@40c. Options opened very dull, and closed neglected and weak, with no sales; January closed at 35⅝c; May, 36¾c; November closed at 34⅝c; December closed at 34⅞c.

Hay steady; shipping, 65c; good to choice, 65@85c.

Hops steady; common to choice, 19@23c.

Hides steady; wet-salted New Orleans selected, 45 to 65 lbs, 3½@4¼c; Texas selected, 35 to 50 lbs, 4@5c; Buenos Ayres dry, 20 to 24 lbs, 11c; Texas dry, 24 to 30 lbs, 5½c.

Leather steady; hemlock sole, Buenos Ayres light to heavy weights, 14@19c.

Beef inactive; family, $12@15; extra mess, $8@8.50; beef hams, $16; city, extra India, mess, $18@23. Cut meats quiet; pickled bellies, 9½@10¼c; pickled shoulders, 6¾@7c; pickled hams, 9¾@10c. Lard dull; Western steam closed at 9.70c; sales, 100 tierces at 9.70c. Options—Sales, none; November closed at 9.60c; January, 9.65c. Pork was easier; new mess, $18.50@19; extra prime, $14.50@15; family, $19.50@20.

Butter was dull and weak; Western dairy, 11½@23c; Western creamery, 20@29c; Western factory, 17@22c; Elgins, 29c; State dairy, 19@22c; State creamery, 25@28c.

Cheese was steady; State, large, 9@11¾c; fancy, small, 10½@13c.

Eggs steadier; State and Pennsylvania, 25½@26c; icehouse, 19@21c; Western fresh, 24½@25½c; receipts, 6,776 packages.

Tallow steady; city, 5⅛c. Cotton seed oil weak; prime crude, 35c; prime yellow, 39c.

Rice, domestic, 5@5¾c; Japan, 4⅝@4⅝c. Molasses steady.

Coffee—Options closed steady after a slow trade;