self-government of local affairs, but what Irishmen meant by home rule was Irish government consistent with the supremacy of Parliament. If the government thought it could shelve home rule for three years and proceed with English bills they were living fools of paradise, for as soon as Irishmen realized this intention there would a spirit arise in Ireland which would make government of Ireland by England impossible, and for his part the sooner the day came the better.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain followed Mr. Redmond. He said he believed it was impossible that Lord Rosebery accepted the leadership of his party in order to betray it. The Liberal Unionists were face to face with their old policy and would prevent a great issue being obscured when the country was appealed to. Mr. Labouchere and his contention that the Premier ought to be a member of the House of Commons was justified by the fact that they for the last two hours had been discussing Lord Rosebery's remarks. He agreed with Mr. Redmond that if home rule depended upon an English majority why had they stumped the country in denunciation of the House of Lords. Mr. Labouchere moved an amendment abolishing the power enjoyed by persons not elected to Parliament to prevent bills from being submitted to her Majesty, and he expressed the hope that if necessary her Majesty, with the advice of the Ministers, would use her power to secure the passage of this much needed reform. He suggested that this object could early be achieved by creating five hundred new peers who would vote for the extinction of the House of Lords. (Laughter.)

Sir William Harcourt said he agreed with Mr. Gladstone that the present state of things could not continue. He, however, could not understand the process by which Mr. Labouchere reckoned to achieve his object.

Mr. Labouchere interposed with the remark that he had a list of five hundred stalwarts who were pledged to vote for the abolition of the House of Lords if they were sent there. (Loud laughter.)

Sir William Harcourt said the method was impracticable. It must be left to the government to find means to put an end to the intolerable situation.

"LABBY'S" AMENDMENT.

It was then that Mr. Labouchere proposed as an amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's speech the abolition of the House of Lords. After some discussion and considerable excitement the amendment was put to a vote and was passed—147 to 145—in spite of the opposition of the government. When the figures were announced they caused an outburst of prolonged cheering, which was renewed when the deputy Speaker read the address in reply to the Queen's speech with Mr. Labouchere's amendment attached to it.

The division on Mr. Labouchere's amendment occurred earlier than was expected, and many of the Conservatives were absent at dinner. The majority was composed of 73 McCarthyites and Parnellites, the remainder being Radicals. When the division paper was handed to Mr. Labouchere a tremendous cheer broke from the Irish and Radical benches, and the members standing below the gangway. Mr. Tanner was excitedly cheering and waving his handkerchief, while the government tellers looked pale, especially chief whip Ellis.

Mr. Chamberlain moved to adjourn the debate on the ground that it was too late to continue, and because an amendment had been carried against the government, which Sir William Horcourt told them had called upon her Majesty to do what she had no constitutional right to do. There could be no doubt that the government could neither accept nor be the channel through which this ridiculous amendment was to be submitted to the Queen.

Mr. Balfour said he trusted that the government would be in a position to announce their intention to-morrow.

Mr. Labouchere said he hoped that the government would not allow themselves to be bullied by the leaders of the opposition. Sir William Harcourt agreed to the motion to adjourn.

The result of the division on Mr. Labouchere's amendment partook of the nature of a surprise, not only to the government, but to many of the Radicals who had voted in favor of the amendment. Several of the latter avowed this evening that their object in supporting the amendment was merely to give a good division against the House of Lords. They declare that they had no idea that there was any prospect of the amendment being carried. It was, in fact, a jump in the dark and a bringing up at a place at which they did not expect to arrive. The action that will be taken by the government in view of the defeat inflicted upon it by its whilom supporters is a matter of conjecture. The prospect of the resignation of the Cabinet was a general topic in the lobbies of the House of Commons this evening. It is expected that the Cabinet will meet to-morrow to discuss the matter.

Comment of the London Press.

LONDON, March 14.—The Times says: "The real explanation of yesterday's vote is that the division found the whips unprepared and that the size of the Labouchere cave was underestimated. The Ministers were inclined to blame the Conservatives for not rallying to their support, but, contrary to custom, the government whips gave no intimation to the Conservative whips that their support might be needed. The McCarthyites disclaim any wish to inconvenience the government, but they declare that after the rejection of home rule and Mr. Gladstone's last speech no other course was open to them. It will not be easy to get rid of the amendment, but should the government so desire means can undoubtedly be found. What alarms the Ministers most is the indication afforded of friction ahead in their relations with the Irish party. It is stated that at the McCarthyite meeting Messrs. Healy, Knox and others went to the length to urge the withdrawal of Irish support should Lord Rosebery stick to his guns, and ominous threats were heard in the lobbies, but at midnight the Irishmen seemed desirous to convey the impression that an open rupture for the moment had been averted."

The Times further says: "The situation is developing with startling rapidity. Lord Rosebery's government has received a blow which shatters its foundations and leaves it entirely denuded of even such prestige as can be derived from the incongruous alliance that kept Mr. Gladstone in power. The Radical and Irish revolt renders an early dissolution inevitable. That is for the unionists the moral of last night's proceedings."

The Standard says that the statement made by Mr. John Morley in the House of Commons yesterday was read from manuscript, and was carefully prepared in consultation with Lord Rosebery. In an editorial commenting on the vote on Mr. Labouchere's amendment the Standard says: "Lord Rosebery may be assured that if he submits to an affront of this sort at the very opening of his career he must expect them at every turn thereafter."

The Daily News ridicules the idea that the government will resign on account of the adoption of the Labouchere amendment. It says that "the only practical and, from some points of view, not desirable, result of the division will be that the amendment must be brought directly under the notice of the Queen. It will do the government no harm and will help the agitation against the House of Lords."

The Chronicle asks Mr. Labouchere whether it was wise to start a great movement for radicalism by embarrassing the new Radical Premier. It reproaches the Irish members for being "led to the edge of a precipice by a will-o'-the-wisp whose guidance they deliberately rejected when the choice of leaders was being considered. If they go a little closer away will go home rule and all other reforms."

The Chronicle's "Lobbyman" says that "a single sentence in the speech of Lord Rosebery in the House of Lords has been the cause of all the trouble. The Irishmen, notwithstanding Mr. Morley's assurances, were irritated and suspicious. The situation is not desperate, but it is serious. The danger lies in the element of personal intrigue which has scored a small triumph. Lord Rosebery has already received warm entreaties not to quit his post." The Lobbyman, however, thinks that he will resign. Mr. Balfour expressed disapproval of the tactics of the Tories who abstained from voting in order to get the government in a fix, and he is reported to have addressed the opposition whips in severe terms.

Views of American Senators.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Many Senators willingly turned from the silver debate to-day to read the news from London announcing the passage of the Labouchere amendment for the abolition of the House of Lords. All appeared greatly interested in the question, and some expressed surprise that the amendment should have carried. Senator Davis, of the committee on foreign relations, was not one of these, however. "It is," said he, "merely a registration of the sentiment which has been ripe for the past twenty-five years. The people have become tired of a body of hereditary lawmakers," he continued, "who do nothing but obstruct their will by exercising a sort of veto power, and it looks as if this might be an important point in an impending revolution."

The opinion was generally expressed by Senators that the action in the House of Commons, fewer than half of the members having participated in the vote, did not mean that the present abolition of the executive funcion of the peerage was at all in prospect, but it was agreed that the vote would have the effect of a warning, which if it was not heeded by the peers might lead to a complete revolution in the future.

ALLEGED LIBELERS.

Three Germans on Trial for Villifying Von Caprivi and Dr. Miquel.

BERLIN, March 13.—The joint action for slander brought by Dr. Miquel, the Minister of Finance, and Chancellor Von Caprivi against Herr Plack, a newspaper writer, Herr Dewald and Herr Schweinhagen, which was commenced yesterday, was continued to-day. Herren Plack and Dewald issued a book entitled "Pharisees and Hypocrites," and reproduced in this book charges made by Rector Ahlward. Herr Schweinhagen villified Dr. Miquel and Chancellor Von Caprivi in speeches which he made at various meetings, declaring that Dr. Miquel had been guilty of a criminal transaction in connection with the Roumanian loan. The defendants yesterday upheld their assertions and to-day Herr Schweinhagen preferred a counter charge of slander against Dr. Miquel. The latter, during the course of his examination to-day, said that while a partner in the Disconto Gellschaft he received 1,350,000 marks, and not 8,000,000 marks profit. Dr. Miquel then proceeded to describe the floating of the Roumanian Railway Company, denying Rector Ahlwardt's assertion that the German people were defrauded out of millions of marks in connection with this transaction. Dr. Miquel concluded his testimony with remarking that men such as the prisoners could not wound his honor, and that he brought the suit on account of his official position.

The Russo-German Treaty.

BERLIN, March 13.—During the Russo-German treaty debate to-day Baron Marshall von Bieberstein, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, warned the members of the danger of continuing the tariff war. Eventually the amendment fixing a duty of five marks on rye instead of three and a half was rejected by a vote of 205 to 151. The government proposals in regard to the duty on rye, oats and wheat were adopted. After some further discussion the treaty passed its second reading.

Cable Notes.

The State Council of Russia has ratified the treaty of commerce with Germany.

Yesterday a shock of earthquake lasting eight seconds was felt at Abbazia, where the Empress of Germany is now visiting.

It is reported that the slaver chief Fodislilah, who has recently given the British forces so much trouble, has been captured in French territory.

NEW ORDINANCE.

Terms on Which Detroit Proposes to Grant a Street-Railway Franchise.

DETROIT, Mich., March 13.—Mayor Pingree to-night submitted to the City Council a new street-railway ordinance, which he proposes as an end to the apparently undeterminable differences and litigation between the Citizens' Street-railway Company and the city. It provides eight tickets for 25 cents, a cash fare with general transfers for 5 cents, and contemplates that the city shall do the paving between the tracks. The Mayor states that should the Citizens' company refuse to accept the ordinance, other capital stands ready to accept.

RESCUE OF THE BRISCOE.

Disabled Steamer with a Starving Crew of 65 Towed Into Port.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., March 13.—The steamer Virginia Lake arrived here this morning, having in tow the steamer Briscoe. The Virginia Lake sighted the Briscoe at 3 o'clock on Monday morning nearly eighty miles southwest of Cape Race. The Virginia had displayed rockets during the night; they had been seen by the Briscoe and answered. The Virginia Lake then stood by while her captain boarded the Briscoe to arrange for towing the disabled steamer to port. The crew of the Briscoe begged the captain to take the ship in tow or else take them off the steamer. After the life boat left the Briscoe on Saturday last to seek aid, a brigantine, bound to this port, passed. Signals were made to the brigantine to take them off, but they were not recognized. A gloomy Sunday was spent on board the Briscoe, the crew not knowing how long it would be before help arrived. When the signals of the Virginia Lake were made out on Monday morning there was great rejoicing on the Briscoe. The Briscoe's stock of provisions had almost given out, and the men were in an exhausted condition from lack of food. The Virginia Lake provided a fresh supply of everything needed to refresh the men. The steamer presented a melancholy spectacle, being battered and smashed in a terrible manner, everything movable being swept off the decks, and iron plates and stanchions twisted into all sorts of forms. As the coal had been exhausted wood had been used for fuel for over three weeks with the result that all spars, gear, hatches, shifting boards, bunker linings and a portion of the main deck sheathing had gone under the boilers. The crew suffered greatly from exposure and scarcity of food, and when rescued by the Virginia Lake the men were little better than skeletons. There were sixty-five persons aboard.

A War Ship in a Typhoon.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—The United States man-of-war Marion, which should have been well on her way to this port, is at Yokohama undergoing extensive repairs. About a fortnight ago a cablegram was received here from Yokohama saying that the vessel had sailed, but had been obliged to return for repairs. The steamer Gaelic, which has arrived from the Orient, brings news that the damage was very serious. Two days after the Marion left Yokohama the vessel encountered a terrific typhoon in the China sea which nearly wrecked her. At one time she was on her beam ends. A portion of the rigging was carried away and heavy seas swept over her, gutting her deck houses and setting everything on deck awash. The water poured into the cabin and engine rooms, and the boilers were loosened from their fastenings. The fires were extinguished as quickly as possible and the man-of-war scudded along under bare poles before the wind. She rode safely through the storm and sailed back to Yokohama in a battered condition. The full extent of her repairs was not known when the Gaelic sailed, but it is estimated that she will be on the dock for at least two months.

Movements of Steamers.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Arrived: Nomadic, from Liverpool.

GLASGOW, March 13.—Arrived: Furnessia, from New York.

RIOTOUS ACTS OF STRIKERS.

Factories Invaded, Employes Forced to Quit and Property Destroyed.

PATTERSON, N. J., March 13.—The striking silk dyers this morning marched to the works of Simon & Auger, broke down the doors and forced the workmen to leave the establishment. They threw the unfinished silk on the floor, turned on the steam in the tubs and burned a large quantity of the material. They then proceeded to the dye-house of Richard J. Berdan on Water street. The owner threatened to shoot the first man who entered his place, but the crowd took no notice of his threat and invaded his premises and ordered the operators to cease work. Policemen are guarding all the dye-houses in the city.

Union Pacific Wage Schedule.

OMAHA, Neb., March 13.—President S. H. H. Clark, of the Union Pacific, arrived in Omaha this afternoon prepared to attend the wage schedule conference with the employes which opens Thursday. The meeting promises to be long drawn out, the general impression being that President Clark will take the position that the schedules ought to be put in effect March 1, were absolutely necessary under the financial depression, and that the employes knowing the situation should share the attempt to tide over the present emergency. The members of the different organizations of the employes were all busily engaged in conference to-day. They all realize that they will have occasion for a most complete mastery of not only the general principles involved, but of the most minute details of both the old and the proposed working schedules, and they are preparing themselves accordingly.

Miners Accept a Reduction.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 13.—At a mass meeting of miners of the Springfield subdistrict held here to-day it was decided to resume work at the reduced prices of 65 cents per ton, a reduction of 5 cents. The operators refused to grant a reduction in mining supplies. The miners will meet shortly and organize.

It is not what its proprietors say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merits. Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.

WHERE IS HIRSCHMAN?

Man Who Was to Open a Monster Store Suddenly Disappears.

Peru's "Jack, the Fire Bug"—Lackey's Seventh Horse Sale—New Indiana Oil Field—State Politics.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GOSHEN, Ind., March 13.—Business men of this city are wondering what has become of a brilliant stranger, giving the name of Hirschman, said to be a member of the firm of Hirschman X Co., of Binghamton, N. Y., and seeking a location for the establishment of a big department store as a branch of the New York concern, who has suddenly disappeared. He has been in the city a week living on a high scale, making arrangements for the alleged opening. He stopped at the best hotel, hired salesmen, saleswomen, closed the leases for business rooms and was deep in the task of making contracts with decorators, painters and carpenters when he turned up missing. Two existing leases were canceled in his favor and heavy advertising has been indulged in during the past week preparatory to the opening. He had closed extensive advertising contracts for the coming year, and had even gone so far as to contract for his year's shaving and hair cutting. His departure leaves a number who fear the worst. They had loaned him money, cashed his checks, fed him and trusted him to livery. The alleged Hirschman has even gone so far as to contract for the erection of mile posts on all roads leading to Hirschman's Big Department Store, and had deposited with one of the local banks a check for $5,000 on his home office for collection as a nest egg for his future account with them.

WABASH RIVER POISONED.

Peru Says Wabash Straw Board Works Must Get Another Dump.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PERU, Ind., March 13.—A committee of the Council and water works board of this city has just returned from an inspection tour of the Wabash strawboard works and the course of the Wabash river from that city to this. It has been evident for some time past that the water from the Wabash river, this city's supply, has been unfit for use, and that the immediate cause was the mills located at Wabash, which empty their refuse into that stream. An analysis of the water shows that it is entirely unfit for domestic purposes, and that a large proportion of the sickness so common is due to this cause. The committee endeavored to arrive at some amicable arrangement with the mill men, but the effort proved fruitless. In view of the condition of affairs it is now proposed to bring the matter into the courts, and, with the decision of the Supreme Court in the Noblesville case, it is believed that the nuisance can be abated. Evidence is at hand to show that at various times, when the river was low, thousands of dead fish were found along the river banks only a few miles east of this city, the death being caused by the polluted water.

LACKEY'S HORSE SALE.

The Seventh Annual Auction Opens at Cambridge City.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CAMBRIDGE CITY, Ind., March 13.—To-day was the opening day of John S. Lackey's seventh annual speed sale. The weather was heavy and the attendance numbered about five hundred, comprising prominent horsemen from several States. The catalogue consists of 228 horses, including trotters, pacers, business and roadsters, standard and registered, with gilt-edged pedigrees. To-day's sale will aggregate about $8,000 for fifty-seven horses. The highest sales were Cambridge Girl, ch. m., owned by Valentine Sells, sold to Robert Ault, of St. Louis, for $1,050; Russie, b. m., owned by Frank Cummins, Bentonville, to W. S. Marshall, Philadelphia, for $200; Rush Milles, owned by John S. Lackey, to W. F. Milles, St. Louis, for $215; Chauncey, s. g., owned by Rogers & Cosgrove, sold to W. S. Marshall for $195.

INDIANA DEATHS.

Dr. W. C. Cole, of Attica, Veteran Surgeon in Two Wars.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ATTICA, Ind., March 13.—Dr. Wm. C. Cole died in this city at 9 o'clock last night, aged sixty-six. He was a veteran of the Mexican war, surgeon of Wilder's Brigade in the late war and a practicing physician in this county for forty-two years. He was a citizen beloved by everybody.

Mrs. Mary McClelland.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BRAZIL, Ind., March 13.—Mrs. Mary McClelland, one of the oldest residents of the city, died this evening of general debility, aged seventy-six. She was the mother of J. H. McClelland, superintendent of the Brazil Block Coal Comapny; Frank McClelland, a leading business man of this city; Ed McClelland, clerk of the county court at Mound City, Ill., and mother-in-law of ex-Mayor Brattin, of Brazil.

Other Deaths.

PERU, Ind., March 13.—Dr. John T. Liston, one of the early physicians in northern Indiana, died to-day at Bunker Hill, this county, aged ninety. He built the first log cabin in the Wabash valley, residing here ever since.

BEDFORD, Ind., March 13.—Lewis Gerber, aged seventy-two, died of pneumonia yesterday. He was among the pioneers, and had conducted a furniture business in this city several years ago.

PLAINFIELD, Ind., March 13.—Evan Hadley, a well-to-do citizen of Monrovia, died suddenly of neuralgia of the heart yesterday afternoon, aged about eighty. The deceased was one of the pioneers of Morgan county.

SULZER AT ANDERSON.

The Lincoln League President Stirring Up Republican Enthusiasm.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ANDERSON, Ind., March 13.—Marcus R. Sulzer, president of the State Lincoln League, addressed the local organization of this city to-night. Westerfield's Hall was crowded. Republicans in Anderson were never in better condition. The nomination of city candidates will take place Saturday.

New Congressional Candidate.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WABASH, Ind., March 13.—Wabash county has produced a candidate for Congress quite unexpectedly, in the person of Hon. H. Z. Leonard, of Roann, ten years ago Greenback candidate for Governor, and until the expiration of President Harrison's term consul to London, Ont. Mr. Leonard is now residing on a farm east of Roann, and thinks he could be elected on the Republican ticket this fall. Thus far Major Steele, of Marion, appears to be the most formidable candidate seeking the nomination.

Noblesville Republican Ticket.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., March 13.—The Noblesville Republican primary election nominated the following ticket: Mayor, Edgar C. Wilson; clerk, Urban E. McKinzie; treasurer, C. M. Swain; marshal, Ira Nagley; councilmen, John H. Fesher, J. P. Roberts, J. R. Christian. The ticket is strong.

"JACK, THE FIRE BUG."

Peru Has a Mysterious Crank Who Is Trying to Burn the Town.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PERU, Ind., March 13.—Proof positive was had last evening of the existence of a bold incendiary in this city. An endeavor to twice fire an old machine shop was made in an hour. Shavings saturated with oil were found in different parts of the building. All efforts to capture this "Jack the fire bug" have thus far failed, notwithstanding rewards offered and patrolling of the district. It is believed to be the work of a monomaniac. This makes the tenth incendiary fire within the past month, two weeks having elapsed since the last one.

OLD MURDER REVIVED.

New Evidence Said to Have Been Discovered in the Rude Case.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VALPARAISO, Ind., March 13.—Prosecutor Dowdell has been asked to call the grand jury to investigate the new evidence which has been discovered concerning the death of Ambrose Rude, who was drowned in the Kankakee river last May. In July John Eckert was arrested, charged with the murder, but after lying in jail some time his case was dropped, to be reinstated at any time. Last month Eckert, by Julian & Julian, his attorneys, of Indianapolis, filed suit for $5,000 against a prominent citizen of Kouts, charging him with the murder, which came up this term of court. A similar suit was filed against citizens of Starke county. His neighbors now claim that they have found conclusive evidence against Eckert, which they want to bring before the grand jury.

OIL IN WABASH COUNTY.

The Standard Company Making Leases and Will Drill at Once.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WABASH, Ind., March 13.—Extensive leases of land for oil purposes are being made at Lafontaine and throughout Liberty township, this county, and that field, according to the experts now making the leases, promises to be as productive as the Jay and Blackford county territory. The Butler Oil Company, of Pittsburg, is the pioneer company to enter Wabash county, and has succeeded in getting a large area. Agent Kelly, who represents the Pittsburg corporation, says that the company binds itself to develop the territory within six months and to pay $1 per acre for the land until it is developed. In the event that natural gas, and no oil, is struck, the company supplies the owner of the tract with free gas and pays him $100 per annum for each well drilled, the $1 rental to cease. Should there be an oil "strike" the company pipes the product into Standard Oil Company's tanks and gives the property owner one-eighth of the oil in the tanks. The citizens of Lafontaine are in high feather at becoming the center of a rich oil district, and it is considered probable that judicious drilling would discover oil in the immediate neighborhood of this city.

Against the Disinherited Heir.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., March 13.—A will contest was decided to-day that recalls a terrible tragedy enacted in this city in the fall of 1892. Mrs. Bridget Murphy, an aged widow, living alone in the outskirts of the city, was found murdered in her dwelling, and left a will making George Hathaway, her legal advisor, the sole legatee of her estate. Her only heir was her daughter, Mary Murphy, the divorced wife of Michael Murphy. The relations existing between the mother and daughter were of the most unfriendly character. The daughter, who appeared as plaintiff in the case, alleged unsoundness of mind, and the jury, after a five days' trial, returned a verdict for the defendant, Hathaway. This was the second trial of the contest.

The "Choctow" Doctor Arrested.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ANDERSON, Ind., March 13.—Dr. Newman, widely known throughout the West as the manager of the "Choctow" Medicine Company, was arrested in this city to-day while making his escape from Montpelier, where he is wanted. Officer La Rue took the prisoner to Muncie this afternoon.

Lebanon Wants in the B. B. League.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LEBANON, Ind., March 13.—An enthusiastic meeting of about two hundred citizens was held here to-night to perfect a baseball organization, and a committee was appointed to ask for admission in the proposed Indiana State League.

Indiana Notes.

The Daily Press, an independent paper published at Hartford City by George Dale, suspended Monday night, after nearly a year's struggle.

The Blackford Club, a social organization of Hartford City, has a new home. C. H. Hubbard is president, H. B. Smith treasurer, A. R. Weller secretary. The membership is limited to twenty-five.

AN UNLIKELY STORY.

Japanese Commander Alleged to Have Threatened Our Admiral at Honolulu.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 14.—Passengers of the steamer Arawa, which has just arrived here, give an interesting story of recent events in Honolulu. They assert that a subject of Japan was recently arrested in that city for a trivial offense and placed in jail. He escaped from jail and swam out to a Japanese war ship. The authorities appealed to the American admiral, asking that he demand the surrender of the Japanese. The commander of the Japanese war ship refuses to give the man up and threatened that if the American admiral boarded his ship he would give him a half hour to leave, or, if he refused, the American flagship would be blown out of the water. According to the story of the passengers, the escaped prisoner was unmolested.

Hoke Smith Makes Over 4,000 Sooners

PERRY, O. T., March 13.—The recent decision of the Interior Department at Washington has made from 4,000 to 5,000 "sooners" in the town of Enid and up and down the Rock Island road scattered over two or three counties. When the run for town lots and claims was made in the opening of the Cherokee Strip Sept. 13 last 5,000 or 6,000 men left the line at Hennessy's just fifteen minutes before 12 o'clock, the time set by the President's proclamation for the run to begin; and now this recent decision makes all these men "sooners" and declares their claims null and void. Much excitement and indignation exists over the matter. It is hinted that the man who fired the gun is known, and that he was paid to do it.

A Crazy Man's Threats.

QUINCY, Ill., March 13.—To-night a shabby stranger presented himself at the parochial residence of Rev. Father Andrew, head of St. Francis's Church and school, and declared himself an emissary of the A. P. A. He said he was commissioned to blow up the church and college buildings with dynamite and kill the priests, but if Father Andrew would pay him $1,000 he would desert the order and reveal all its secrets. The priest slammed the door in his face and rushed inside, where he barricaded himself for half an hour, but heard no more of his unwelcome visitor. The church owns college, school and other buildings valued at $150,000.

Says the Quail Were Squab.

CHICAGO, March 13.—Manager Bemis, of the Richelieu, has come in conflict with the game laws. At the dinner of the real estate board yesterday the menu included braized quail. As this is the season when the statutes require quail to be unmolested the National Protective Game Bird and Fish Association and the Illinois Sportsmen's Association have sworn out warrants for Mr. Bemis's arrest and say they will push the case. The penalty is $25 a bird, and as at least sixty people sat down to dinner the fines will amount to something like $1,500. Mr. Bemis says he served squab instead of quail.

Flora Caruthers Makes Charges.

CHICAGO, March 13.—Charges of fraud are made by Flora Caruthers against her brother, Malcolm McNeill, as trustee of the property bequeathed to her by the late Malcolm McNeill, in a court bill filed today. She asserts that he has broken his trust, and has lost to her not less than $50,000 worth of property. The portion of the estate which she inherited amounts to $150,000. Malcolm McNeill, sr., died in Kentucky in 1875 and left his property to be managed in the interest of other heirs by his grandson, the present defendant. The latter is charged with general mismanagement of the estate.

Shaw on Trial Again.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 13.—Walter P. Shaw, ex-deputy collector, is once more on trial for violating civil-service laws. The case came up to-day in the United States Court and the hearing of testimony was begun. Only two witnesses were examined today, and their testimony was damaging to Shaw, both testifying that Shaw had called on them and presented them with cards calling for money. The name of C. R. Barnes was on the cards and they had sent the money to Barnes. They understood it was for campaign purposes, although Shaw said nothing to them of that.

The Big Four Hospital Scheme.

CINCINNATI, March 13.—To-day President Ingalls, of the Big Four, perfected a plan for a hospital system for the Big Four railway. It involves the building of a central hospital at Indianapolis and subsidiary hospitals at Cairo, St. Louis, Kankakee, Peoria, Sandusky, Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati. Funds amounting to $100,000 annually will be raised by a monthly tax of 50 cents on all salaries over $50 and 35 cents on all salaries under that sum. It will go into operation immediately.

In Favor of Biennial Sessions.

COLUMBUS, O., March 13.—The Legislature to-day decided in favor of biennial sessions. The Avery resolution providing for a sine die adjournment was adopted in the Senate and immediately ratified in the House. The date for adjournment is not fixed.

IN all receipts for cooking requiring a leavening agent the ROYAL BAKING POWDER, because it is an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder and of 33 per cent. greater leavening strength than other powders, will give the best results. It will make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor and more wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Congressman Bryan spoke on the silver and tariff questions at Denver, Col., last night.

Samuel Theodore, manager of the Standard Oil Company at Council Bluffs, Ia., committed suicide yesterday.

The Iowa Senate yesterday adopted the joint resolution extending greetings to the President of the Hawaiian republic.

While in a fit of insanity, yesterday, Stephen Coyne, an old resident of a suburb of Aurora, Ill., cut his own throat.

A. J. Langeman, a wealthy and prominent citizen of Blairstown, Ia., was shot and killed by a negro at Sebastian, Fla.

Ex-Senator Chilton, of Texas, has announced himself as a candidate to succeed United States Senator Coke. He will canvass the entire State. Congressman Culberson and ex-Governors Ross and Ireland are expected to enter the race.

At the request of the societies for the preservation of the natural language of Ireland, there will be a sermon preached in Gaelic at the mass in the St. Thomas Church, Chicago, on St. Patrick's day. This will be the first Gaelic sermon ever preached in the West.

E. R. Walters, chief clerk to Superintendent Brant, of the Colorado & Midland railway, was arrested at Denver, yesterday, charged with embezzling about $15,000. Walters secured the money by means of forged pay rolls, which he has successfully cashed for over four years.

The city of Pueblo and the town of Bessemer, Col., held elections yesterday and decided by a large majority to consolidate. Bessemer is the location of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company's steel works and comes into the city of Pueblo with a large and increasing population.

James H. Britton, formerly Mayor of St. Louis, and one time president of the State Bank of Missouri, but now a citizen of New York, was arrested at St. Louis, yesterday, charged with being an accessory to an embezzlement by his son, Alfred M. Britton, president of the First National Bank of Vernon, Tex.

Obituary.

CINCINNATI, O., March 13.—This midnight, at his home on Kennedy Heights, R. E. J. Miles, the theater manager, died. He has suffered six weeks from painful carbuncles. He was born in Virginia sixty years ago, and came to Covington in 1851 as a school teacher, began as an actor in 1853, become manager of the National Theater in 1857, has been manager of every theater in the city, and at the time of his death was a director in three leading theaters. He was also manager of the Bijou Theater in New York when Dixey made his famous run. He was a director of the dramatic festival held in this city several years ago. He was also an actor of considerable ability. He leaves a widow and a grown son and daughter.

DANVILLE, Ky., March 13.—P. T. Gentry, aged seventy-four, one of the wealthiest men in this section, died last night after a long illness. He was a partner in the large stock trading firm of Gentry Bros., New Orleans, and was one of the largest stock dealers in the country.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 13.—Gen. James J. Hickman, an old and prominent citizen, is dead, aged eighty-four. He was a general of volunteers in the Mexican war and served with distinction.

City Officials Ordered to Vacate.

CHICAGO, March 13.—President Struckman, of the Board of County Commissioners, accompanied by County Attorney Judd, called upon City Clerk Gastfield to-day and presented him with notice that the city must immediately vacate the property now used for a city hall. A similar notice was served upon Mayor Hopkins. As there are legal questions to be decided it is probable that litigation will follow. If the county be successful in its efforts the city will be without offices and temporary quarters will have to be secured until a suitable building can be erected.

Catholic Benevolent Legion.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The Supreme Council of the Catholic Benevolent Legion is in session in Brooklyn, with Supreme President John C. McGuire in the chair. Among the delegates in attendance are Dr. Goldsmith and Mr. Keefe, of Indiana, and Mr. Kent, of Illinois. The secretary reported that the number of councils in the United States was 416 on Dec. 31, 1893, an increase of thirty over last year. The receipts on account of the benefit fund during the year were $783,296.86 and the expenditures to beneficiaries $782,000.

French Exhibitors Demand $70,000.

CHICAGO, March 13.—Dr Peabody, acting director-general of the exposition, has received from Secretary of State Gresham the formal demand of the French government for $70,000 on behalf of the French exhibitors whose goods were damaged by the fire in the Manufacturers' Building. In reply to Secretary Gresham's communication Dr. Peabody has conceded the justice of the claim of damages, leaving the responsibility to be determined between the State Department and the local board of directors.

His Life Saved by a Badge.

DENVER, Col., March 13.—As Moses Harris, a clothing merchant, was preparing to close his store on Blake street, two men armed with revolvers entered and, rushing behind the counter, demanded that he hand over his money. One of the robbers presented his revolver at Harris's breast and when Mrs. Harris began screaming he shot. Both robbers then fled, without securing any booty. Harris's life was saved by the bullet striking a metal badge on his vest. The badge made an ugly wound, but the ball dropped harmlessly to the floor.

Fatal Head-On Collision.

BOSTON, March 13.—The Montreal express, north bound, and the Quebec express met in a head-end collision at Capleton, near Sherbrooke, Quebec, last night. The engineer of one of the trains and a train hand, who was in the cab with him, were killed. None of the passengers was seriously injured and none of the cars left the track. One of the trains was to take a siding at Capleton to allow the other to pass. It was just moving on to the side-track when the other crashed into it.

Scheller Defeats Miller.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., March 13.—At the opera house, to-night, Bert Scheller, of Chicago, defeated Bob Miller, of Pittsburg, in a catch-as-catch-can wrestling match, with the strangle hold barred. The stake was the gate money. The conditions were that Scheller was to throw Miller four times in an hour. After Scheller had won three falls, in 28 minutes and 28 seconds, Miller quit, claiming that he had injured his shoulder. The referee then gave the match to Scheller.

Business Embarrassments.

DENISON, Tex., March 13.—The Denison Land and Improvement Company and the Denison Street and Belt railroad have been placed in the hands of a receiver. The court appointed S. S. Legate. Both institutions sprang into existence during the boom of 1889.

EXCELSIOR SPRINGS, Mo., March 13.—The Bank of Excelsior Springs, a private concern with a capital of $50,000, has failed. It was the city school depository.

The Green Flag Will Float.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The green flag of Ireland will, after all, wave over the Brooklyn City Hall on St. Patrick's day, the Board of Aldermen having authorized it by a vote of 8 to 7. Three Aldermen—Hess, Coleson and Cohen—would not put themselves on record, refusing to vote, although their names were called repeatedly by the clerk. Mayor Scheiren is thus overruled.

AMUSEMENTS.

ENGLISH'S TO-NIGHT LAST TIME
DeWOLF HOPPER,
And his merry company of singers and comedians in
PANJANDRUM
MELODIOUS MUSIC! PICTURESQUE SCENERY! UNIQUE COSTUMES! GENUINE COMEDY! A MAGNIFICENT PRODUCTION!
Secure seats.
PRICES—All lower floor, $1.50; first six rows in balcony, $1; balance balcony, 75c; gallery, 25c. Admission—Lower floor, $1; balcony, 50c. Seats on sale

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
March 22, 23 and 24, the famous Comedian,
WILLIAM H. CRANE,
— IN —
Brother John and The Senator
Seat sale open Monday next.

PARK THEATER
All week, matinee daily, Pearson's Big Realistic production,
THE POLICE PATROL
SEE THE POLICE STATION. THE PATROL STABLES. THE HAYMARKET SQ (CHICAGO.) THE TERRIFIC STRUGGLE.
And the identical Horses which passed through the Anarchist riots, Chicago, known as the White Patrol.
Price—10c, 20c, 30c. Matinee—10c and 20c.

EMPIRE THEATER, Corner Wabash and De. Sts.
MATINEE at 2, 10c, 15c, 25c. TO-NIGHT at 8, 15c, 25c, 50c.
FIELDS & HANSON'S
DRAWING CARDS
Fields and Hanson, Gallagher and West, Cunningham and Grant, Charley Case and others.
March 19, 20 and 21—Gus Williams in "APRIL FOOL."

National Tube Works
WROUGHT-IRON PIPE
— FOR —
Gas, Steam and Water
Boiler Tubes, Cast and Malleable Iron Fittings (black and galvanized), Vlves, Stop Cocks, Engine Trimmings, Steam Gauges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose, Belting, Babbit Metal, Solder, Waste and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other Supplies used in connection with Gas, Steam and Water. Natural Gas Supplies a specialty. Steam-heating Apparatus for Public Buildings Store-rooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe, from ½ inch to 12 inches diameter.
Knight & Jillson,
75 and 77
S. PENNSYLVANIA ST.

VIVISECTION OF CRIMINALS.

Ohio Medical Colleges Want to Cut Up Condemned Convicts.

New York Medical Record.

The medical profession has from time immemorial been enlisted on the side of humanity, and its best directed efforts have been toward mitigation of human suffering. That it may continue in these glorious lines of work is the wish and hope of its thousands of votaries. Our aspirations in these regards have, however, received a sudden and severe shock by the news that in Ohio an attempt is being made to so alter the law for the execution of criminals that the victims can be subjected to vivisection for what is claimed to be the benefit of science. The advocate of this repugnant, unreasonable and we may say unscientific and really