# THE INDIANA TRUST CO.

**Office 23 South Meridian Street.**

CAPITAL, - - **$1,000,000**

THE BOND FOR AN INDIVIDUAL executor, guardian or trustee, is no idle form. There is hardly an end to its liabilities.

The final settlement in discharge is no protection. The bond is kept by the court, and years afterward the case may be reopened. It is liable for errors of judgment, carelessness or even a mistake of law, and such a bond binds one's heirs, executors and administrators.

In cases of guardianship or trusteeship, more than in an executorship, the cause of action may not accrue until many years after the individual relations are dissolved. There is really no practical limit to the bondsman's liability in such cases.

The Indiana Trust Company is itself bond in taking charge of estates of any kind. In any of these capacities its responsibility is accepted by the court. No liability is entailed upon any one. Its resources, a capital of $1,000,000 and the liability of its stockholders for $1,000,000, are pledged for the faithful discharge of all its undertakings.


# STOCKS STILL RISING

## Record the Past Week Is One of Advances in Wall Street.

### Transactions in Bonds for the Week Amounted to $13,000,000—Indianapolis Grain Steady.

At New York, Saturday, money on call was easy at 1 per cent.

Prime mercantile paper, 3@5½ per cent.

Sterling exchange was dull, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88¾@4.88½ for demand and at $4.87@4.87¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.87½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.85¾@4.86.

Silver certificates, 60¼c bid. No sales. Bar silver closed at 60¾c per ounce; at London, 27¾d.

The New York weekly bank statement shows the following changes:

| | |
|---|---|
| Reserve, increase | $4,522,500 |
| Loans, decrease | 1,775,700 |
| Specie, increase | 1,531,800 |
| Legal tenders, increase | 3,810,400 |
| Deposits, increase | 3,278,800 |
| Circulation, decrease | 28,900 |

The banks now hold $83,690,100 in excess of the requirements of the 25-per-cent. rule.

The total bank clearings of all the clearing houses of the United States for the week ending March 31 were $796,592,424, an increase of $31,072,691, as compared with last week, and a decrease of $228,365,385 as compared with the corresponding week last year.

Total sales of stocks amounted to 107,218 shares. The share speculation was unusually active for a Saturday, and with the exception of a brief period around 11 o'clock, when realizing sales caused a fractional reaction, the tendency of the market was in the direction of higher prices, the market closing strong at an advance on the final figures of Friday from ¼ to ⅝ in the active list and extending to 3 per cent. in the specialties. There was the customary covering of shorts for over Sunday, and the purchases were supplemented by very good buying for the London account in St. Paul, Atchison and Louisville & Nashville. This foreign buying was a large factor in the strength of the market, not so much by the greatness of its volume as that it echoed the bull movement in American securities on the London Stock Exchange. The fact that the market has been largely oversold was recognized by the short interest, and as the morning waned they grew anxious, and in the late dealings rushed to cover. Reports of milder weather in the West strengthened the trading in the grangers, the buying in which was also increased by the announcement that the extent of the damage to crops had been overestimated. St. Paul led in the dealings, and made the greatest advance in these shares, namely, ¾c. A Chicago rumor that a compromise had been made with the Hyde Park Gas Company, by which it had agreed not to extend its mains into that city, had the effect of advancing the stock ⅝c, but little credence being placed in the story a reaction of ⅞c took place, followed in the closing dealings by a recovery of ½c. The principal features of the day were: Cordage preferred, 3; do common, 2¼; Louisville & Nashville, 1⅛; and American Tobacco preferred and Great Northern preferred, 1. Louisville & New Albany preferred broke from 1½ to 1⅞, but rallied ½. Sugar lost ⅞ on sales of long stock. The advances on the week over 2 per cent. are as follows: St. Paul & Duluth preferred, 7; Consolidated Gas and Lead, preferred, each 3⅝; American Cotton Oil preferred, 4¼; do common, 2; Union Pacific and American Tobacco, each 4⅛; do preferred, 3¾; Denver & Rio Grande preferred, 3¼; St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville and Central Pacific, each 2¾. The market was strong all day and advances were recorded of 3½ in Minneapolis & St. Louis seconds; Peoria, Decatur & Evansville, Evansville division, firsts, 3; Peoria & Eastern incomes, Louisville & New Albany fives and do consols, each 1 per cent.

The bond market during the past week has been characterized by remarkable activity, the transactions aggregating nearly $13,000,000, a record which has not been equaled in any six days within the past twelve months. The tendency has been strong in tone, and most of the issues dealt in have recorded higher prices, the more important advances being 2⅞ per cent. in Pacific Pacific firsts, St. Louis Southwestern firsts, Peoria, Decatur & Evansville, Evansville division firsts, Peoria & Pekin Union seconds, East Tennessee consol fives, Louisville & New Albany fives and Missouri, Kansas & Texas seconds, each 3 per cent.; Western Union debenture sevens of 1875, registered, 3½; Atlantic & Pacific fours, 4½.

Government bonds were firm and State bonds were inactive.

The following table, prepared by James E. Berry, Room 16, Board of Trade, shows the range of quotations:

| Name. | Opening. | High-est. | Low-est. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adams Express | .... | .... | .... | 151 |
| Alton & Terre Haute | .... | .... | .... | 24 |
| Alton & T. H. pref | .... | .... | .... | 150 |
| American Express | .... | .... | .... | 114½ |
| Atchison | 15⅝ | 15¾ | 15¼ | 15¾ |
| Baltimore & Ohio | .... | .... | .... | 78½ |
| Canada Pacific | .... | .... | .... | 79 |
| Canada Southern | 52½ | 52½ | 52½ | 52½ |
| Central Pacific | .... | .... | .... | 17⅛ |
| Chesapeake & Ohio | 18⅞ | 19¼ | 18¾ | 19¼ |
| Chicago & Alton | .... | .... | .... | 140 |
| C., B. & Q. | 82⅞ | 83¼ | 82¾ | 83⅛ |
| C. & E. I. pref | .... | .... | .... | 96 |
| Chicago Gas | 64½ | 64⅞ | 64 | 64½ |
| C., C., C. & St. L. | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 |
| Cotton Oil | 32½ | 32½ | 31¾ | 31¾ |
| Delaware & Hudson | 139⅛ | 139⅛ | 138⅞ | 138⅞ |
| D., L. & W. | .... | .... | .... | 166½ |
| Dis. & C. F. Co. | 27 | 27½ | 27 | 27 |
| Edison Gen. Elec. | 42⅞ | 42⅞ | 42¼ | 42½ |
| Erie | 18⅛ | 18½ | 18⅛ | 18½ |
| Erie pref | .... | .... | .... | 38½ |
| Fort Wayne | .... | .... | .... | 152 |
| Great Northern pref | .... | .... | .... | 103 |
| Hocking Valley | .... | .... | .... | 20⅞ |
| Illinois Central | .... | .... | .... | 94¼ |
| Lake Erie & Western | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ |
| Lake Erie & W. pref. | .... | .... | .... | 69½ |
| Lake Shore | 130¼ | 130¼ | 130¼ | 130¼ |
| Lead Trust | 38¾ | 38¾ | 38½ | 38¾ |
| Lead Trust pref | 84¾ | 84¾ | 84 | 84¼ |
| Louis. & Nashville | 51½ | 52⅝ | 51½ | 52⅝ |
| Louis. & New Albany | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ |
| Manhattan | 125 | 126⅝ | 125 | 126⅝ |
| Michigan Central | .... | .... | .... | 99 |
| Missouri Pacific | 28⅝ | 28⅞ | 28¼ | 28⅝ |
| National Cordage | 20½ | 22⅝ | 20½ | 22¼ |
| National Cordage pref | .... | .... | .... | 42 |
| New Jersey Central | .... | .... | .... | 14½ |
| New York Central | .... | .... | .... | 101⅝ |
| N. Y. & N. E. | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ | 10⅞ |
| Northern Pacific | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ |
| Northern Pacific pref. | 23⅞ | 23⅞ | 23⅞ | 23⅞ |
| Northwestern | 109 | 109¼ | 109 | 109¼ |
| Northwestern pref | .... | .... | .... | 141½ |
| Pacific Mail | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ |
| Peoria, D. & E. | 5½ | 5½ | 5½ | 5½ |
| Pullman Palace | .... | .... | .... | 171 |
| Reading | 22 | 22 | 21⅞ | 21⅞ |
| Rock Island | 70⅞ | 70⅞ | 70¼ | 70¼ |
| St. Paul | 64½ | 65 | 64½ | 65 |
| St. Paul pref | .... | .... | .... | 120 |
| Sugar Refinery | 90¾ | 90⅞ | 89¾ | 90¼ |
| U. S. Express | .... | .... | .... | 51 |
| Wabash, St. L. & P. | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅝ |
| W., St. L. & P. pref | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ |
| Wells-Fargo Express | .... | .... | .... | 122 |
| Western Union | 85 | 85¼ | 85 | 85¼ |
| U. S. Fours, reg | .... | .... | .... | 113¼ |
| U. S. Fours, coup | .... | .... | .... | 114½ |

### LOCAL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

**The Trade of the Week Disappointing, with Steady Prices.**

On the wholesale streets the trade of the week ending March 31 was disappointing, the weather three days of the week being too winter-like, but the trade of the month of March, although not in volume up to that of March last year, was better in several lines than had been looked for. This remark will apply to dry goods, millinery, confectionery, hardware and drugs. On Commission row the business of a portion of the month was quite satisfactory. In prices changes were few. All staple groceries ruled steady and firm. Provisions in the latter part of the week recovered the ¼ of a cent reduction of Monday. In a jobbing way a fair trade is in progress. The week closed with poultry and eggs ½ cent higher than on Monday, and firm at that quotation. In the vegetable line prices are easier, but not quotably changed. Few strawberries and tomatoes are coming in and prices are higher than a week ago. Lower prices need not be looked for until the result of the late freeze in the Southern States is better known.

The local grain market, take the week through, was more active than in the week ending March 24. Prices, however, varied but little. Wheat and corn were ½ cent higher yesterday than on Monday. Track bids ruled as follows:

Wheat—No. 2 red, 54½c; No. 3 red, 50½c; rejected, 49@50c; wagon wheat, 54c.

Corn—No. 1 white, 38½c; No. 2 white, 38½c; No. 3 white, 38c; for one color, 36½c; for grade; No. 2 white mixed, 36½c; No. 3 white mixed, 36c; No. 4 white mixed, 31c; No. 2 yellow, 36½c; No. 3 yellow, 35½c; No. 4 yellow, 30¼c; No. 2 mixed, 36½c; No. 3 mixed, 34¾c; No. 4 mixed, 31c; ear corn, 37½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 34c; No. 3 white, 32½c; No. 2 mixed, 32¼c; No. 3 mixed, 31¼c; rejected, 23@25c.

Hay—Choice timothy, $11.50; No. 1, $11.25; No. 2, $9; No. 1 prairie, $6.50; mixed, $8; clover, $7@7.50 per ton.

Rye—No. 2, 45c for car lots; 40c for wagon rye.

Bran, $13.

**Poultry and Other Produce.**

(Prices Paid by Shippers.)

Poultry—Hens, 7c per lb; young chickens, 7c per lb; turkeys, old toms, 4c per lb; hens, 7½c per lb; fancy fat young toms, turkeys, 4c; poor, 3@4c; ducks, 6½c per lb; geese, $4.20@4.80 per doz for choice.

Eggs—Shippers paying 8½c.

Butter—Extra, 12@14c; mixed, 8@10c.

Honey—16@18c.

Feathers—Prime geese, 40c per lb; mixed duck, 20c per lb.

Beeswax—20c for yellow; 15c for dark.

Wool—Unwashed medium wool 15c; unwashed coarse or braid, 13@15c; unwashed fine merino, 10@13c; tub-washed, 18@20c; burry and cotted wool, 5c to 10c less than above prices.

RAW FURS.

Following is the price list for central and northern Indiana and Ohio for prime skins: Extra coon, $1@2; large coon, 80c; medium coon, 60c; small coon, 40c; large mink, $1.10; medium mink, 80c; small mink, 60c; black skunk, $1.30; half stripe skunk, 80c; narrow stripe skunk, 40c; broad stripe skunk, 20c; opossum, 2@25c; rat, 3@15c; red fox, 50@$1.25; gray fox, 40@65c; otter, $3@8; Kentucky skins, 10@20 per cent. lower than prices quoted above.

HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

Hides—No. 1 green hides, 2½c; No. 1 G. S. hides, 3½c; No. 2 G. S. hides, 2½c; No. 1 calf hides, 5c; No. 2 calf hides, 3½c.

Tallow—No. 1 tallow, 4¾c; No. 2 yellow, 4c.

Grease—White, 4½c; yellow, 3½c; brown, 3c.

Bones—Dry, $12@13 per ton.

### THE JOBBING TRADE.

(The quotations given below are the selling prices of wholesale dealers.)

**Canned Goods.**

Peaches—Standard 3-pound, $1.85@2; 3-pound seconds, $1.30@1.40; 2-pound pie, 90@95c; California standard, $2.25@2.50; California seconds, $1.85@2. Miscellaneous—Blackberries, 2-pound, 90@95c; raspberries, 2-pound, $1.20@1.25; pineapple, standard, 2-pound, $1.25@1.35; choice, $2@2.25; cove oysters, 1-pound full weight, 95c@$1; light, 65@90c; 2-pound full, $1.80@1.90; light, $1.10@1.20; string beans, 85@95c; Lima beans, $1.10@1.30; peas, marrowfat, $1.10@1.20; early June, $1.25@1.50; lobsters, $1.85@2; red cherries, $1.20@1.25; strawberries, $1.20@1.30; salmon (lbs), $1.45@2.20; 3-pound tomatoes, $1.15@1.20.

**Candies and Nuts.**

Candies—Stick, 6½c per lb; common mixed 6½c; G. A. R. mixed, 7½c; Banner mixed, 10c; cream mixed, 10c; old-time mixed, 7½c. Nuts—Soft-shelled almonds, 18c; English walnuts, 15c; Brazil nuts, 12c; filberts, 11c; peanuts, roasted, 7@8c; mixed nuts, 14c.

**Coal and Coke.**

Anthracite coal, all sizes, $7.50 per ton; Pittsburg and Raymond City, $4.25 per ton; Jackson, $4.25; block, $3.25; Island City, $3; Blossburg and English cannel, $5. All nut coals 50c below above quotations.

Coke—Connellsville, $3.75 per load; crushed, $3.25 per load; lump, $3 per load.

**Dried Fruits.**

Figs—Layer, 14@15c per lb.

Peaches—Common sun-dried, 6½@7c per lb; common evaporated, 10@11c; California, choice, 11½@12c; California, fancy, 12½@13c.

Apricots—Evaporated, 16@18c.

Prunes—California, 7@12c per lb.

Currants—3½@4c per lb.

Raisins—Loose Muscatel, $1.25@1.35 per box; London layer, $1.35@1.45 per box; Valencia, 8@8½c per lb; layer, 9@10c.

**Drugs.**

Alcohol, $2.20@2.40; asafetida, 40c; alum, 4@5c; camphor, 60@65c; cochineal, 50@55c; chloroform, 60@65c; copperas, brls, 85c@$1; cream tartar, pure, 26@28c; indigo, 80@90c; licorice, Calab., genuine, 30@40c; magnesia, carb., 2-oz, 25@35c; morphine, P. & W., per oz, $2.45; madder, 16@18c; oil, castor, per gal, $1.28@1.30; oil, bergamot, per lb, $3.25; opium, $3.25; quinine, P. & W., per oz., 35@40c; balsam copaiba, 60@65c; soap, castile, Fr., 12@16c; soda, bicarb., 4½@6c; salts, Epsom, 4@5c; sulphur, flour, 5@6c; saltpeter, 8@20c; turpentine, 36@40c; glycerine, 14@20c; iodide potassium, $3@3.10; bromide potassium, 40@45c; chlorate potash, 20c; borax, 12@14c; cinchonidia, 12@15c; carbolic acid, 22@26c.

Oils—Linseed, 51@54c per gal; coal oil, legal test, 7@14c; bank, 40c; best straits, 50c; Labrador, 60c; West Virginia lubricating, 20@30c; miners', 45c. Land oils—Winter strained in barrels, 75c per gal; in half barrels, 3c per gal extra.

**Dry Goods.**

Bleached Sheetings—Androscoggin, L 6c; Berkeley, No. 60, 8c; Cabot, 6½c; Capital, 5½c; Cumberland, 6¾c; Dwight Anchor, 7¾c; Fruit of Loom, 7½c; Farwell, 7c; Fitchville, 6½c; Full Width, 5½c; Gilt Edge, 5½c; Gilded Age, 5c; Hill, 7c; Hope, 6½c; Linwood, 7½c; Lonsdale, 7½c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10c; Masonville, 7½c; Peabody, 5¾c; Pride of the West, 11½c; Quinebaugh, 6½c; Star of the Nation, 6c; Ten Strike, 5½c; Pepperell, 9-4, 18c; Pepperell, 10-4, 20c; Androscoggin, 9-4, 20½c; Androscoggin, 10-4, 22½c.

Brown Sheetings—Atlantic A, 6½c; Argyle, 5½c; Boott C, 4¾c; Buck's Head, 6c; Clifton CCC, 5½c; Constitution, 40-inch, 7½c; Carlisle, 40-inch, 7c; Dwight, Star, 7½c; Great Falls E, 6c; Great Falls J, 5c; Full Fine, 7c; Indian Head, 6½c; Lawrence LL, 5½c; Lockwood B, 6½c; Pepperell R, 5½c; Pepperell E, 6½c; Pepperell, 9-4, 16c; Pepperell, 10-4, 18c; Androscoggin, 9-4, 18½c; Androscoggin, 10-4, 20½c.

Prints—Allen dress styles, 4¾c; Allen's staples, 4¾c; Allen TR, 5c; Allen robes, 5½c; American indigo, 4½c; Arnold LLC, 7½c; Arnold LCB, 5½c; Arnold Gold Seal, 9½c; Cocheco fancy, 5c; Cocheco madders, 4¾c; Hamilton fancy, 5½c; Manchester fancy, 5½c; Merrimac fancy, 5½c; Merrimac pinks and purples, 6c; Pacific fancy, 5½c; Pacific robes, 6c; Pacific mourning, 5½c; Simpson Eddystone, 5½c; Simpson Berlin solids, 5½c; Simpson's oil finish, 6c; Simpson's grays, 5½c; Simpson's mournings, 5½c.

Ginghams—Amoskeag staples, 5½c; Amoskeag Persian Dress, 6½c; Bates Warwick Dress, 6½c; Johnson BF Fancies, 8½c; Lancaster, 5½c; Lancaster Normandies, 6½c; Carrolton, 4¾c; Renfrew Dress, 7½c; Whittenton Heather, 6½c; Calcutta Dress styles, 5½c.

Kidfinished Cambrics—Edwards, 4c; Warren, 3¾c; Slater, 3¾c; Genesee, 3¾c.

Tickings—Amoskeag, ACA, 12c; Conestoga, BF, 15c; Cordis, 140, 13½c; Cordis, FT, 12½c; Cordis, ACE, 12½c; Hamilton, awning, 10c; Kimono Fancy, 15c; Lenox Fancy, 18c; Methuen, AA, 12c; Oakland, AF, 6c; Portsmouth, 11c; Susquehanna, 13c; Shetucket SW, 7½c; Shetucket F, 8c; Swift River, 5½c.

Grain Bags—Amoskeag, $13.50; American, $13.50; Franklinville, $16.50; Harmony, $13.50; Stark, $17.50.

**Groceries.**

Sugars—Hard sugars, 4½@5⅝c; confectioners' A, 4⅛@4⅜c; off A, 4¼@4⅜c; A, 4⅛c; extra C, 3⅞@4⅛c; yellow C, 3⅜@4⅛c; dark yellow, 3⅜@3⅝c.

Coffee—Good, 20½@21c; prime, 22@23c; strictly prime, 24@26c; fancy green and yellow, 26@27c; ordinary Java, 29@30c; old government Java, 32@33c; roasted, 1-pound packages, 22¾c.

Molasses and Syrups—New Orleans molasses, fair to prime, 30@40c; choice, 40@45c; syrups, 20@25c.

Spices—Pepper, 16@18c; allspice, 12@15c; cloves, 20@25c; cassia, 10@12c; nutmegs, 70@80c per lb.

Rice—Louisiana, 4@5¼c; Carolina, 4¾@6¾c.

Honey—New York stock, 1-pound sections, 16@18c per lb.

Beans—Choice hand-picked navy, $2@2.10 per bu; medium hand-picked, $1.90@2; limas, California, 4c per lb.

Salt—In car lots, 90@95c; small lots, $1@1.05.

Shot—$1.15@1.20 per bag for drop.

Lead—6½@7c for pressed bars.

Twine—Hemp, 12@18c per lb; wool, 8@10c; flax, 20@30c; paper, 15c; jute, 12@15c; cotton, 16@25c.

Wooden Dishes—No. 1, per 1,000, $2.20; No. 2, $2.50; No. 3, $2.80; No. 5, $3.50.

Flour Sacks (paper)—Plain, 1-32 brl, per 1,000, $3.50; 1-16 brl, $5; ⅛ brl, $8; ¼ brl, $16; No. 2 drab, plain, 1-32 brl, per 1,000, $4.25; 1-16, $6.50; ⅛, $10; ¼, $20; No. 1 cream, plain, 1-32, per 1,000, $7; 1-16, $8.75; ⅛, $14.50; ¼, $28.50. Extra charge for printing.

Woodenware—No. 1 tubs, $6.50@7; No. 2 tubs, $5.50@6; No. 3 tubs, $4.50@5; 3-hoop pails, $1.60@1.65; 2-hoop pails, $1.35@1.40; double washboards, $2.25@2.75; common washboards, $1.50@1.85; clothes pins, 50@85c per box.

**Flour.**

Straight grades, $2.50@2.75; fancy grades, $2.75@3; patent flour, $3.25@3.75; low grades, $1.50@2.

**Oil Cake.**

Oil cake, $25.25 per ton; oil meal, $25.25.

**Leather.**

Leather—Oak sole, 28@38c; hemlock sole, 22@28c; harness, 26@38c; skirting, 31@32c; single strap, 41c; black brid le, per doz, $60@65; fair bridle, $60@78 per doz; city kip, 55@75c; French kip, 85c@$1.10; city calfskins, 85c@$1; French calfskins, $1@1.80.

**Iron and Steel.**

Bar iron, $1.50@1.60; horseshoe bar, 2¾@3c; nail rod, 6c; plow slabs, 3c; American cast steel, 8c; tire steel, 2¾@3c; spring steel, 4½@5c.

**Nails and Horseshoes.**

Steel cut nails, $1.25; wire nails, $1.25 rates; horseshoes, per keg, $3.75; mule shoes, per keg, $4.75; horse nails, $4@5.

**Produce, Fruits and Vegetables.**

Brocoli or Kale—50c per brl.

Cranberries—Jersey, $6.50@7.50 per brl.

Apples—$5.50@7.50 per brl.

Cabbage—$1.25@1.75 per brl, according to quality. Florida cabbage, $1.75@2 per crate.

Sweet Potatoes—Eastern Jerseys, $3.75@4; Cobden, $3.50.

Lemons—Choice, $2.50 per box; fancy, $3.50.

Florida Oranges—$2.75@3.25 per box, according to size and quality; California navel, $2.75@3 per box; seedlings, per box, $2.25@2.50.

Onions—85@90c per bu, or $2 per brl; new Bermudas, $2.75@3 per bu box.

Florida Pineapples—Medium, $1@1.50 per doz; extra size, $3.

Bananas—$1.25@1.75 per bunch, according to size and quality.

Cheese—New York full cream, 12@14c; skims, 5@7c per lb.

Cider—Duffy brand, 32-gal brl, $5; 16-gal brl, $3; extra.

Onion Sets—White, $4@4.50; red and yellow, $3 per bu.

Cucumbers—$1.25@1.50 per doz.

New Tomatoes—$3.75@4.50 per case.

Potatoes—$2@2.25 per brl; from car, 55@60c per bu; from store, 60@65c per bu; seed potatoes, Early Rose, 80c per bu; Ohio, 90c per bu.

Strawberries—30@35c.

Maple Molasses—60c@$1 per gallon.

New Potatoes—Bermudas, $5.50@7 per brl; second growth, $4.50@5 per brl.

**Seeds.**

Clover—Choice recleaned, 60-lb, $5@5.25; prime, $4.75@5; English choice, $5; prime, $5@5.25; Alsike, choice, $8@8.50; Alfalfa, choice, $5.10@5.35. Timothy, 45-lb bu, choice, $2@2.15; strictly prime, $2@2.10. Bluegrass—Fancy, 14-lb bu, $1.15@1.20; extra, clean, 85@90c. Orchard grass—Extra, $1.65@1.75. Red top—Choice, 55@65c; extra clean, 35@40c. English bluegrass, 24-lb bu, $2.75@2.85.

**Tinners' Supplies.**

Best brand charcoal tin IC, 10x14, 14x20, 12x12, $7@7.50; IX, 10x14, 14x20, 12x12, $9@9.50; IC, 14x20, roofing tin, $6@6.50; IC, 20x28, $12@12.50; block tin, in pigs, 25c; in bars, 27c. Iron—27 B iron, 3c; C iron, 4c; galvanized, 70 per cent. discount. Sheet zinc, 5¾@6c. Copper, bottoms, 29c. Planished copper, 24c. Solder, 15@16c.

### THE RETIRED BURGLAR.

**His Surprising and Lively Experience in a Massachusetts Town.**

New York Sun.

"About as lively an experience as I ever had," said the retired burglar, "I had in a house in a town in western Massachusetts. I had looked around some downstairs and gone up. The first door I came to upstairs was wide open. I stepped into that room and threw my lamp around to locate things a little, and the first thing it lighted on was a young woman standing by a window on the opposite side, all dressed and ready to go out. This young woman looked around suddenly, and looked square at me and screamed:

"'Edward!'

"There came in from the outside of the house through a window a young man, who lit out for me like a panther. We were clinched and at it in about one-tenth of a second. The young woman jumped upon a chair and looked on as if we were two rats. She never said a word after that first holler.

"All I wanted to do was to get away, but the youngster wouldn't let me. He wasn't so heavy nor so big as I was, but he was a strong, active man, and he had the nerve and endurance, too, and he wouldn't let me go. We rassled, and tugged, and pulled around that room like wildcats, I working him toward the door all the time as much as I could, with the hope that I could break away from him there and run.

"I got him out into the hall, finally, by the head of the stairs; the young woman came and stood in the doorway. When we got by the stairs I made a great break to get away, but I couldn't get loose from him, and I couldn't recover my balance, either, and we went down the stairs together, rippity bump, just hanging on to each other as we went down. We landed in a bunch, neither of us much hurt, and went at it again. Then I heard a match snap upstairs, and the hall and everything all around was all light.

"I looked up and then I got a chance, and up around the head of the stairs stood, I should think, the whole family looking down at us, and all in nightgowns or wrappers, except the young lady that I had seen first, and she looked stranger than ever now standing there all dressed and with her hat on among all those other people out of bed. Standing in front, right by the head of the stairs, was the head of the family, the man who had just lighted the gas; he was fifty-five maybe, or sixty years old. He didn't stand there only just long enough to see what was going on, and then he came down to help. He was no slouch, for the old man, and when he got down two of 'em made short work of me.

"I reckon you've already guessed all there is to it. The young man was the young woman's lover. The old folks didn't take to him, but the young woman stuck to him; as a matter of fact, she was about to elope with him when she caught sight of me.

"If I had taken the precaution to walk around the house before going in, which I might have done just as well as not, for it was a house standing by itself, you understand, I would have seen the young man's ladder standing against the side of the house. As it was, he was going up the ladder about the time I was going in the cellar door. When I stepped into that room he was standing on the ladder waiting for the young woman. If I'd a-been a minute later things would have been very different.

"Of course, they were married, and they didn't have to elope. After I was there there wasn't any objection to the young man; the old man said that a young man that collared a burglar the way this young man had collared me was good enough to marry into anybody's family. And so instead of eloping they were married in church, with lots of friends and lots of presents and a hullaballoo generally, all on account of the brodegroom's fight with me.

"He came to see me in jail, a pretty cheerful, jolly sort of a chap he was, too. He said he was sorry for the burglary business, but he said that in this case I could have the satisfaction anyway of knowing that if I hadn't got anything for myself I had at least brought happiness to others."

### THE MIRAGE EXPLAINED.

**Lord Rayleigh Tells Why We See It Inverted.**

In the course of his second lecture on "Light" at the Royal Institution Lord Rayleigh spoke of the cause of mirage, which, it appears, is not clearly explained in the work on optics. Ganot says it is a phenomenon of refraction which results from the unequal density of the different layers of the air when they are expanded by contact with the heated soil. Lord Rayleigh is reported as saying that the appearance of water on broad and hot sandy places was due to the fact that close upon the ground there lay a stratum of rarified air. A ray of light fell very obliquely on to it, and, being totally reflected, reached the eye of an observer much as if the reflection took place from the water. The phenomenon was, strictly speaking, one of refraction, although the effect was the same as if there were complete reflection on one surface. He mentioned this because he did not think it was to be found in any of the books on optics, and because from a theoretical point of view it was of great importance. Just as a glass lens formed an image on the screen, so the crystalline lens of the eye formed an image of external objects upon the retina (the sensitive surface at the back of the eye), and so the image on the retina was inverted. Much unnecessary speculation has been made in this connection, for people supposed that, because of this inversion, it was a mystery that we did not see everything upside down. The fact was, we did not see the image on the retina at all—we only felt it; but if we could see the image on somebody else's retina then we should see it inverted.

### A Young Man's Troubles.

Washington Star.

"What's the matter? You seem to be in a frightful rage this morning."

"I am. You remember the challenge I sent to a magazine editor."

"Yes."

"Well, I have just received his answer. He says that my manuscript has been received, and that it will be carefully examined in due course of time."

# REACTION IN WHEAT

## Bulls Retire on Confirmed Stories of Good Crop Outlook.

### Leading Cereal Loses 5-8c, Followed by Weakness in Other Grain and Declines in Provisions.

CHICAGO, March 31.—The mild weather and reports from the country that wheat had received no damage whatever from the recent freeze caused wheat to rule weak and to close ½@⅝c lower than it did yesterday. The corn and oats markets were extremely dull and inclined to weakness. Provisions were weak without any wavering of that feeling.

Wheat opened strong, but not very active at 60⅞@61c for May. The local crowd had, at that price, a great many fives and tens of long wheat with from $625 to $1,250 profit, and that, on the bull side of the market, proved too strong a temptation for the average scalper to resist. There was many changes in the way of selling May and replacing it with July and September, principally into the latter delivery at from 3¼c, narrowing during the operation to 3c spread. Counselman-Day, Adams, Samuel, Cush, Clifford and Schwartz-Dupee were the most active sellers of May at the opening. Many of the selling orders were said to have come from New York. The market turned very weak immediately after the opening and, in a little more than half an hour May declined to 60¼c, or ¾c below the highest point at the start. Chicago receipts were 23 carloads; Minneapolis, 182 carloads and Duluth, 88 carloads. A year ago the receipts for Friday, which was a holiday, and Saturday, were reported together and amounted to: Chicago, 333 carloads; Minneapolis and Duluth, 1,130 carloads. Bradstreet reported the week's exports of flour and wheat from both coasts at 2,966,250 bushels, against 2,343,000 bushels on the previous week; since January 1, 93,943,000 bushels, compared with 41,475,000 bushels for the corresponding period of 1893. The market continued to rule weak during the greater part of the remainder of the session. There was a rally to 60½c, from 60¼c, and then a gradual fighting decline to 60⅛c, with a sale or two as low as 60c. The closing trades were at 60⅛@60¼c.

The corn market was again very dull and the price and fluctuations were, as for some days past, largely influenced by wheat. The market opened firm at 37⅝c for May, and before the firm feeling evaporated 37¾c was realized for one or two fives. When wheat dropped off there was corresponding movement in corn. There were temporary rallies of ¼c from the bottom price quoted, but the continued weakness in wheat prevented them from sticking for long at a time. The closing quotation, 37½c, shows a change since yesterday.

Only a fair amount of business was transacted in oats. Sellers were in the majority, and with their influence and the weakness in corn and wheat the price fell off ⅛c to ¼c on near futures. The more remote deliveries were comparatively firm. The market for May opened where it ended yesterday, at 31⅜c, sold down to 31⅛c, and closed at that price.

There was less activity in provisions than was the case for a few days previous, and prices were generally on the down grade. The run of hogs for the first part of the ensuing week were expected to be liberal, and that was given as the reason for the weaker feeling. The day's receipts were 23,000, instead of only 18,000, as had been talked of yesterday, and that gave the market its initial decline. Longs were credited with supplying the most of the day's demand. The more radical weakness which followed did not develop until near the end of the session, when pork sold at $11.50 and closed at $11.52½, against $11.82½ at the close yesterday. Lard wound up at 6.77½c, compared with 7.05c, and ribs at 5.82½c, against 6c yesterday.

Estimated receipts for Monday are: Wheat, 26 cars; corn, 290 cars; oats, 260 cars; hogs, 34,000. Leading futures ranged as follows:

| Articles. | Opening. | Highest. | Lowest. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat—March | 59¾ | 59⅞ | 58½ | 58¾ |
| May | 60⅞ | 61⅛ | 60 | 60⅛ |
| July | 62½ | 62¾ | 61¾ | 61⅞ |
| Corn—March | 36¼ | 36⅝ | 36¼ | 36⅜ |
| May | 37⅝ | 37¾ | 37½ | 37½ |
| July | 38½ | 38½ | 38⅛ | 38¼ |
| Oats—May | 31⅜ | 31⅜ | 31 | 31⅛ |
| June | 30¾ | 30¾ | 30¾ | 30⅝ |
| July | 28¼ | 28⅜ | 28⅛ | 28⅜ |
| Pork—May | $11.75 | $11.80 | $11.50 | $11.55 |
| July | 11.70 | 11.70 | 11.42½ | 11.42½ |
| Lard—March | 7.25 | 7.25 | 6.90 | 6.90 |
| May | 7.60 | 7.00 | 6.77½ | 6.77½ |
| July | 6.80 | 6.80 | 6.57½ | 6.57½ |
| Ribs—May | 5.95 | 5.55 | 5.82½ | 5.85 |
| July | 5.87½ | 5.87½ | 5.75 | 5.77½ |

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour firm; No. 2 spring wheat, 58⅝@58¾c; No. 3 spring wheat, 50c; rejected, 58⅝@58¾c; No. 2 corn, 36½@36¾c; No. 3 yellow corn, 36¼c; No. 2 oats, 30⅝c; No. 2 white, 32¾@34c; No. 3 white, 32¼@33c; No. 2 rye, 49c; No. 2 barley nominal; No. 3, 51@58c; No. 4, 51@52c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.33; prime timothy seed, $4.25; mess pork, per brl, $11.52½@11.55; lard, per lb, 6.97½@7c; short-rib sides (loose), 5.82½@5.85c; dry-salted shoulders (boxed), 5.87½@6.12½c; short-clear sides (boxed), 6.37½@6.62½c; whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gal, $1.15.

On the Produce Exchange, to-day, the butter market was steady and unchanged. Eggs dull; strictly fresh, 9½@10c.

Receipts—Flour, 21,000 brls; wheat, 14,000 bu; corn, 106,000 bu; oats, 174,000 bu; rye, 3,000 bu; barley, 41,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 19,000 brls; wheat, 8,000 bu; corn, 112,000 bu; oats, 194,000 bu; rye, 10,000 bu; barley, 10,000 bu.

### AT NEW YORK.

**Ruling Prices in Produce at the Seaboard's Commercial Metropolis.**

NEW YORK, March 31.—Flour—Receipts, 31,600 brls; exports, 12,600 brls; sales, 2,500 packages. The market was about steady and dull; city mills patents, $4.15@4.35; winter patents, $3.35@3.55; city mill clears, $3.55@3.60; winter straights, $2.70@3.05; Minnesota patents, $3.50@3.60; winter extras, $2@2.55; Minnesota bakers, $2.15@3.50; winter low grades, $1.60@2.30; spring low grades, $1.60@1.85; spring extras, $1.90@2.40. Rye flour dull; superfine, $2.70@2.85; fancy, $2.85@2.90. Buckwheat flour nominal. Buckwheat dull; Canadian, ex. bond, 65@67c. Corn meal quiet; yellow, $2.60@2.70; Brandywine, $2.70. Rye nominal. Barley quiet; No. 2 Milwaukee, 64½@65c. Barley malt quiet; six rowed, 80c.

Wheat—Exports, 32,000 bu; sales, 700,000 bu futures, 16,000 bu spot. Spots were dull; No. 2 red, in store and elevator, 63¼c; afloat, 63¾c; No. 1 Northern, 67¾c in elevator, 69¼c delivered. Options opened firmer, but lacked bull support, and soon turned weak, declining steadily all the morning and closing weak at ⅝@½c net decline. Cables were disappointing, and the warmer West discouraged the bulls. Weekly exports of wheat and flour from both coasts showed small increase this week; No. 2 red, April, closed at 62¼c; May, 63¼@63⅞c, closing at 63¼c; July, 65½@66⅛c, closing at 65c; August closed at 66½c; September, 67½@68¼c, closing at 67½c; December, 70⅝@71¼c, closing at 70⅝c.

Corn—Receipts, 16,900 bu; exports, 5,600 bu; sales, 100,000 bu futures, 24,000 bu spot. Spots were quiet; No. 2, 45½c in elevator, 46½c afloat. Options opened dull and were weak all the morning with wheat, closing at ⅛c net decline; April closed at 43c; May, 42¾@42⅞c, closing at 