its employes through the officers of their respective orders, or otherwise, that wages or terms of service were unsatisfactory. All rumors and statements that the company was proposing or had thoughts of replacing its employes have been false. The company is not responsible for the strike, by which a large number of men are thrown out of employment in all industries, and the business of the several communities along its line made to suffer heavy loss. The company has at all times been willing to discuss with its employes, or with their duly authorized representatives, all questions affecting their wages or other terms of employment.

"JAMES J. HILL, President.
"C. W. CASE, General Manager."

The correspondent at West Superior telegraphs that there is no sign of a strike at that point, seven trains on the Eastern Minnesota (branch of the Great Northern) having started out to-day without any interference. No trouble is anticipated there. A dispatch received from Summitt, Mont., on the Cascade division, says no one is working on that division, so far as can be learned there. The strikers are said to be well provided with provisions and are sanguine of success. A Devil's Lake special says:

"The strikers have prevented any movement of the trains from this point for forty-eight hours. The company, with the help of the crew of the train that was stopped here yesterday, tried to make up a train to-day for the East, but was prevented by the strikers. They will allow the baggage car and the mail cars to proceed, but forcibly prevented the coupling of any passenger trains. The baggage car is exempt from interference because there is some mail matter in it. A special meeting of the City Council to-day decided to serve any warrants the company might swear out and enforce them. The strikers are orderly, and have been keeping the peace among themselves. It is understood that any of them who may become disorderly will be promptly locked up by the strikers themselves."

Eugene Debs Summoned.

ST. PAUL, April 15.—A Washington special to the Pioneer Press says: "The Northern Pacific & Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern employes have been notified that Eugene Debs, of the American Railway Union, will be here Tuesday. Unless the old wages are restored in forty-eight hours a strike will be inaugurated on the entire system. The Northern Pacific receivers were expected in Seattle Tuesday night."

L. A. W. CONVENTION.

Principal Matters Passed on at the New York Secret Session.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The League of American Wheelmen's executive committee, composed of President Charles B. Luscomb, Vice President A. E. Wilson and Second Vice President George E. Perkins, held a secret session in this city to-day. The principal matter passed on was the condition of the L. A. W. official organ, The Bulletin, which has been having so much trouble with the postoffice authorities. The Bulletin is published in Chicago, while the league secretary's office is in Boston, and the fact that subscriptions had been received in the latter place for a paper printed in Chicago made the publishers guilty of breaking the second-class mail matter regulations. It was ordered that Abbott Bassett, who, in addition to filling the office of secretary, is official editor of the Bulletin, shall remove to Chicago at an early date. Meanwhile Burton White, secretary and treasurer of the Illinois Division, L. A. W., will run the league office in Chicago. It was decided to make the subscription to the Bulletin entirely separate from league membership, and hereafter the L. A. W. members will be compelled to pay $1 for a renewal to the ranks and 50 cents additional should they desire to receive the paper. All others must pay $1.50 per year to the official organ. The "Good Roads" advertising debts were reported on and accepted, although it was necessary in some cases to settle at a much lower figure than was due. The new Good Roads, which is the regular L. A. W. monthly publication in the interest of road improvement, will make its first appearance this week.

Road Records Recognized.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The Century Road Club of America has finally decided to assume jurisdiction over road racing, and will, in the future, look after the records and trials in a manner similar to the League of American Wheelmen. The L. A. W. does not recognize road racing, and, consequently, some organizations, comprising a membership of wheelmen in all sections of the country, saw the necessity of assuming jurisdiction over the sport. The Century Club officially recognizes the following records:

* Five miles—13 minutes, 39 seconds; competitive; A. L. Leonhardt, Chicago, 1893.
* Ten miles—27 minutes, 55 seconds; competitive; James Willis, Elizabeth, N. J., Sept. 9, 1893.
* Fifteen miles—43 minutes, 2 seconds; time trial; Mr. Patterson, Detroit, Nov. 8, 1893.
** Twenty-five miles—1 hour, 11 minutes, 59 seconds; competitive; W. B. Hulburt, Detroit, Jan. 24, 1893.
* Twenty-five miles—1 hour, 15 minutes, 55 1-3 seconds; time trial; E. A. McDuffie, Walden, Mass., May 22, 1893.
** Fifty miles—2 hours, 32 minutes, 20 seconds; competitive; F. A. Foell, Buffalo, N. York, Aug. 26, 1893.
** One hundred miles—5 hours 37 minutes, 5 seconds; competitive; J. W. Linneman, Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 22, 1892.
*** One hundred miles—6 hours, 6 minutes; time trial; J. A. McGuire, Denver, Col., Nov. 5, 1893.
* Two hundred miles—17 hours, 28 minutes, 30 seconds; time trial; F. C. Graves, Springfield to Boston and return, Oct. 31, 1893.
* One thousand miles—9 days, 22 hours, 1 minutes; time trial; H. H. Wylie, New York to Crete, Ill., June 22, 1893.
* Fifteen thousand one hundred and sixty-four miles—One year; time trial; C. M. Shadbolt, Brooklyn, N. Y.

* Records claimed and under investigation. ** No claim made for records. *** Pacific coast record.

OBITUARY.

Rev. Spruille Burford, Who Served in the Rebel Army.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The Rev. Spruille E. Burford, pastor of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Intercession, this city, died this morning. About three weeks ago an operation was performed on his cheek for the removal of a carbuncle. Blood poisoning set in and caused death.

Mr. Burford was fifty-five years old. He was born in Harrodsburg, Ky., and graduated from St. Charles College, St. Louis, Mo., in 1858. He became professor in the high school at New Orleans, in which city he married Miss Rosa Pettit in 1866. At the outbreak of the war Mr. Burford became adjutant-general of the Louisiana forces, and served through the war in the confederate army. He married a second time in 1878, and his second wife survives him. After the close of the war Mr. Burford studied for the ministry. His first charge was the rectorship of St. James Church, Alexandria, La. He served in various cities as a minister until 1891, when he accepted a call to the church in this city.

Will Bid for Corbett-Jackson Fight.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 15.—J. E. T. Bowden, the manager of the Duval Athletic Club, which pulled off the Corbett-Mitchell mill in January, said to-night that the club had been reorganized with wealthy backing and would bid for the Corbett-Jackson fight. He claims that the courts have decided there is no law against prize fighting in Florida, and that there will not be the slightest attempt to interfere. Governor Mitchell, however, has said he would call the Legislature together if necessary to stop another prize fight. Bowden further says that he has assurances from Corbett that he would be glad to meet Jackson here if the latter can be induced to sign amended articles, as the present agreement stipulates that the fight shall take place north of the Mason & Dixon line. Bowden says that he is now in communication with Parson Davies, Jackson's manager, in regard to the matter.

$300,000 Blaze at Santa Cruz.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., April 15.—The great conflagration of last night and this morning reduced to ashes twenty-four buildings in the heart of this city and caused a loss of nearly $300,000, with less than $100,000 insurance. The fire was of incendiary origin, and was first discovered at 10:40 o'clock Saturday night. Among the buildings consumed were the following: Shaffler's furniture store, Hoffman's real-estate office, McKinney & Son's real-estate offices, Louvre saloon, justice court, Leonard's Block (saloon), City Bank and law office, Pilot Hose Company, Hotaling Block (three stories), Werner building, Crossing Cooper street, the courthouse was entirely consumed. Chinatown was likewise destroyed. The fire was stopped at the Peas Block, which was badly damaged. Insurance is estimated at $86,000.

Murdered a Colored Girl.

ST. LOUIS, April 15.—In a quarrel this evening with Lorinda Gardner, aged seventeen, Lulu Williams, aged sixteen, drew a revolver and fired at her. The ball missed the Gardner girl and entered the heart of Mattie Williams, fifteen years old, a sister of Lulu, killing her instantly. All the participants are colored.

BY THE JUGGERNAUT

Big Four Passenger Runs Down a Buggy with Two Occupants.

Major Hendershot at Bloomington—Rudesal's Trial at Lafayette—Female K. of P. at Garrett.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

UNION CITY, Ind., April 15.—A westbound passenger train on the Big Four ran into and killed Miss Rial Conklin at Harrisville, four miles west of here, at 8:40 o'clock this evening. Perry Baker was also fatally injured and will die. The two were returning home from church, and at the railroad crossing the horse became frightened at the train, jumped the cattle guard and started down the track ahead of the train. The horse was killed and the buggy torn to splinters. Both victims were prominent young people residing in the country west of this city.

RUDESAL'S STRONG DEFENSE.

The Former Indianapolis Man on Trial for His Life.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., April 15.—The case of Edward Rudesal, a former resident of Indianapolis, for killing Michael Horen, has been on trial in the Circuit Court of this county during the past week. The shooting occurred on the 6th of December, and followed a fight in the saloon of John Fitzgerald, in which Rudesal and Chas. Schuessler were on one side and Michael Horen and a young man named Quivey on the other. In that fight Rudesal was hit in the face and head, his nose broken, and he was considerably battered up. The evidence, as developed so far, shows that Rudesal acted largely in self-defense. It has also been shown that Horen, the dead man, was a quarrelsome character, and somewhat of a pugilist. Witnesses testified to Horen having threatened Rudesal. The court room is daily packed with spectators. Horen's antipathy toward Rudesal seemed to have had part of its origin in the belief that Rudesal was a member of the A. P. A. The taking of evidence, it is thought, will close by Tuesday. Rudesal is being defended by Col. Dick DeHart and George P. Haywood. The State is represented by William R. Wood and Charles E. Thompson.

FEMALE KNIGHT OF PYTHIAS.

Young Woman of Garrett, Ind., Imposes on the Order.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WARSAW, Ind., April 15.—The Garrett (Ind.) Clipper contains a story of a female Knight of Pythias discovered in that city. The woman disguised herself as a man, clerked in a store for a year, applied for membership in the order, and was initiated. During the work of the third rank her sex was discovered. In this degree an India rubber rat and celluloid alligator, with clock-work propelling power, are turned on the bewildered candidate. The girl stood the alligator's wild approach with remarkable nerve, but when the rat tried to run up the leg of her trousers she grabbed imaginary skirts in both hands and mounted a chair, screaming lustily. The girl is a member of the lodge, however, and there is no help for it now.

GREAT W. R. C. CAMPFIRE.

Major Hendershot Gives an Exhibition with His Drum.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., April 15.—The Paul E. Slocum Woman's Relief Corps, assisted by Slocum Post, No. 85, gave a big campfire last night. The programme was the most entertaining ever seen here by the Bloomington veterans. Maj. R. H. Hendershot, the original "Drummer Boy of the Rappahannock," and his son, J. C. Hendershot, were the chief attractions, and to say that the Major's drumming was wonderful is but putting it mild. No such exhibition has ever been had in this city, and the large audience was not only pleased, but surprised, that such music could be brought out of a drum and fife. The Major's imitation of a locomotive pulling an excursion train of old soldiers to the National Encampment at Pittsburg next September was so natural that by closing one's eyes one was easily deceived into believing the train was really thundering by. The imitation of a battle put the "old boys" in mind of the days of the war. Some of the best local talent did themselves proud in assisting in the entertainment. It was estimated that there were seven hundred people in the college chapel, where the campfire was held, and a handsome sum was netted to the women of the corps. Mary J. Mulky is president and Mary J. Spicely is secretary of the W. R. C., while W. A. Fulwider is commander of Slocum Post.

Buried a Box of Money.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., April 15.—At a late hour last night F. H. Flynn and George Eisler, near the government depot, noticed a crippled old man and a boy about eighteen years old, going in the direction of a grove which is near by. The boys decided to follow them, and on their reaching the grove the old man began to dig a hole near the base of a beach tree, and when the boys asked him what he was doing he replied that he was digging sassafras, but no other information was to be gotten from him and the boys left. This morning the boys went to the place where the mysterious pair was seen last, and, after digging for some time, they discovered a tin box containing a large amount of money and some valuable jewelry, which is now in the hands of the police. The matter will be thoroughly investigated. Owing to the darkness of the night only a vague description of the old man can be given by the boys.

The Skeleton Out of the Closet.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., April 15.—Dr. J. R. Leatherman, one of the leading physicians of Greencastle, furnished a social sensation yesterday by filing an application for divorce. Mr. and Mrs. Leatherman were married ten years ago, and lived together until last month, when the plaintiff left his wife and his costly residence, recently completed, on East Washington street. The complaint alleges an insanely jealous disposition on the part of Mrs. Leatherman, who, it is understood, will file a cross bill. He asks the custody of their only child.

Effort to Raise Funds for Purdue.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., April 15.—The people of West Lafayette, in which Purdue College is located, last night held a mass meeting and resolved to raise $5,000 toward replacing the destroyed Haivelon shops. The people on the west side of the river are very enthusiastic in the belief that they can thus set the ball rolling, and start the nucleus around which other sums will gather, and eventually have the shops, the pride of Purdue, once more in operation. President Smart was one of those attending the meeting. The heart of Dr. Smart is set on replacing the shops.

Jewess Weds a Gentile.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WARSAW, Ind., April 15.—Miss Augusta Phillipson, a Jewess and daughter of Marcus Phillipson, of this city, and Mr. Ray Halderman, a gentile merchant tailor of Columbia City, were married at Valparaiso Friday. The couple have been clandestinely keeping company for several months. Miss Phillipson's parents disapproving of the affair at the start. Last week Miss Phillipson left for Rochester to visit friends. Halderman came on and they at once proceeded to Valparaiso and were united in marriage.

Verdict for the Big Four.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WABASH, Ind., April 15.—At Bernen Center Nicholas Race and Frank Hammond, who sued the Big Four for $10,000 each for injuries sustained when a caboose in which they were riding rolled down an embankment, near Niles, a year ago, the judge instructed the jury to find for the railroad company because the plaintiffs were riding in the caboose without having transportation or having paid their fare. Hammond lost one eye and Race was badly hurt in the back.

Found His Mangled Remains.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VALPARAISO, Ind., April 15.—Last night Otto Gustafson, a prominent young man of Porter, this county, went to a dance in the country. This morning his mangled remains were found along the Michigan Central tracks west of town. His head was the only part of him recognizable. How he met his death is a mystery. The coroner was called to Chesterton to-day to investigate.

Indiana Boy Condemned to Death.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ROCKPORT, Ind., April 15.—Jesse Jones, son of Charles Jones, of Eureka, this county, was arrested a short time ago at Paris, Ark., for the murder of two men for whom he was hired to work, it being claimed that he killed them and then burned the house to conceal the crime. It is learned that Jones was tried and found guilty, and will be executed June 22.

Hartford Glass Works Resume.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., April 15.—The sixty-pot furnace of the Hartford City Window-glass Company started up to-night after a two months' shut down. The starting up will give employment to two hundred men, in addition to the two hundred employes in the smaller furnace.

Methodist Church Dedicated.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., April 15.—To-day, at Anthony, this county, a new Methodist church was dedicated. The services were in charge of Rev. C. U. Wade, of Bluffton. A large number of Methodists from Muncie were present.

Indiana Deaths.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., April 15.—Mrs. W. B. Hughes, one of the best known women of this city, and a prominent member of the Woman's Relief Corps, died this morning.

MUNCIE, Ind., April 15.—John Hamilton, aged eighty-three, died last evening. He was stricken with paralysis several weeks ago and never recovered. He has resided in Muncie over half a century. The funeral will be Tuesday next.

THE CARDINAL'S PHONOGRAPH.

Message to Gibbons from Cardinal Vaughan, of England.

BALTIMORE, April 15.—An audience of over three thousand representative people crowded the Academy of Music to-night upon the invitation of the Catholic Association to extend greeting to Mgr. Satolli and the recently consecrated P. J. O'Donohue, Bishop of Wheeling. Grouped about Cardinal Gibbons on the stage, besides the distinguished guests, were the Spanish and Italian consuls, Jose Maria Lluch, and Prospero Schiffiano, and over two hundred men eminent in political and professional life. Congratulatory addresses to the guests and on the educational features of the association were made by the president, Richard M. McSherry, Col. Richard Malcolm Johnson, Hon. Charles J. Bonaparte and others. Mgr. Satolli responding, speaking in Italian, the theme of his remarks being the phenomenal growth of the Catholic Church in America and the part taken in it by the Archbishop of Baltimore. Bishop Donohue and Cardinal Gibbons each said a few words in recognition of the association's work. The reception was followed by a grand banquet, the feature of which was the presentation to the Cardinal of the phonograph message on "Education" of Cardinal Vaughan, of England, to Cardinal Gibbons. A phonograph was introduced and all who desired were enabled to hear the English Cardinal's voice. The Catholic Association is modeled after that of Father Halpin's famous New York association, and its aim is higher education for Catholic youth.

WAS ONLY JOKING.

Dr. Depew Says He Has No Notion to Run for the Presidency.

ST. LOUIS, April 15. — This afternoon Messrs. Chauncey M. Depew and Cornelius Vanderbilt, who arrived here last evening, left on their special train for Chicago. During their stay they inspected the new union depot in course of construction in which the Vanderbilt system has a one-sixth interest. Before leaving, Mr. Depew took occasion to say that he had been misunderstood as to his candidacy for the United States presidency. What he had said was in a humorous sense, and in connection with other matters. Instead of being a presidential candidate, he was quite the reverse. President Ingalls, of the Big Four, who came here with the party, returned to Cincinnati.

SUICIDE OF AN ELK.

J. Cooper McGinn, a Washington Newspaper Man, Shoots Himself.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—J. Cooper McGinn committed suicide in a sensational manner this evening. He was talking with friends in the National Hotel and, walking outside, sat down on a truck, drew a revolver and shot himself. Mr. McGinn was well known in this city. He was a writer of some prominence for the various local papers, and an authority on sporting matters, especially fishing. He was an Elk and a member of the National Capital Press. Of late he was despondent, and was seldom seen among his former associates.

The Future of Farming.

E. V. Smalley, in April Forum.

The so-called bonanza wheat farms of the Northwest and the big farms of the California valleys grew out of transient conditions that no longer prevail—the California farms out of the old Spanish land grants and the Minnesota and Dakota farms out of the congressional grants to railroads. The history of the Northwestern big farms is that the land was purchased from the railroad companies with depreciated stock, and cost originally about $1 per acre. The low price of wheat and the higher price of land have changed the whole aspect of large farming. There is no bonanza in the big farm now; it makes but a moderate profit on the capital it represents in average crop years, and with a bad crop it barely pays running expenses. It requires as careful management as a factory. I believe that we are now in a transition period in agriculture. The influence of machinery has been fully exerted. There are no more fertile lands on the globe to be conquered by civilization and to increase the food supply. With growth of population will come better prices for farm products. Farm life will become more attractive. The tendency to large farms will be checked. A hundred acres, even with exclusive grain farming, will afford a good living to a family. Better times for American agriculture are not far off.

National Hotel Employes' Alliance.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 15.—The convention of the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' National Alliance closed to-day. The offices of president and vice president have been dispensed with and the office of national organizer created. The following officers were elected: George Kittell, of Chicago, treasurer; John J. O'Brien, of Boston, organizer; J. H. McCarty, of St. Louis, delegate to the next convention of the Federation of Labor; Richard Albers of Brooklyn, John Dewhorst of New York and L. Oaks of Kansas City members of the general executive board. The national headquarters of the alliance were changed from Philadelphia to St. Louis.

Convocation of Archdeacons.

KANSAS CITY, April 15.—The convocation of archdeacons of the Episcopal Church, North and Northwest, that has been holding sessions in this city since Wednesday, closed to-day with an interesting meeting. Included along with those present were many of the leading Episcopalians from the part of the country which they represent. The principal speakers at to-day's session were the venerable Rev. Mott Williams, of northern Michigan; Archdeacons Cole, of Indiana, and Brady, of Kansas.

Told the Truth.

Philadelphia Record.

"John," exclaimed Mrs. De Tanque, as her husband absent-mindedly placed his shoes on the dressing case, "you've been drinking." "You do me an injustice," replied the injured De Tanque. "I haven't passed a saloon to-day." And he crawled into bed conscious of having told the truth, for he had stopped in at every one he came to.

Hope for the Future.

Chicago Times.

The only living ex-President of the United States is Benjamin Harrison. But cheer up! There will be another ex-President pretty soon.

The Greensburg First M. E. Church was filled to the utmost capacity last night to hear Governor Cumback's new lecture, "This Present Life." The Presbyterian Church dismissed their evening services and came to her him, and all the seats and standing room taken.

LOOK FOR THE STORM

Jackson County Democrats Have to Take Their Own Medicine.

Anti-Cooper Men Elected Delegates at Martinsville—Further News of Saturday Primaries.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SEYMOUR, Ind., April 15.—The storm of indignation which broke out after the Democratic convention yesterday has been gathering in strength and fury, and it means a general revolution of politics in this county. The time is believed to have come when the honest voters will rebel. The supposed manipulation of the tally sheet at Brownstown, Saturday, in the interest of Derment, is the latest trick to incense the people. The auditor's office, out of the nomination for which the friends of Bruning claim he was robbed, has for years been handed over from the incumbent to his deputy. A nomination was always equivalent to an election, and the business of the office has always been the secrets of the chosen few. If the report of the changing of the tally sheets be true, it is but in keeping with the method which the gang used a few years ago in robbing Mr. Joseph Kruewel out of the same office. At the election held eight years ago in this county Mr. Joseph Kruewel, the Republican candidate for auditor, carried the county by six votes. When the official count was made and the result announced a recount was ordered, and the tally sheets were put into the custody of the clerk. A few days elapsed before the recount was commenced. In the meantime the tally sheets were doctored, and the result was that the Democratic candidate was declared to be elected by one vote. The Republicans were certain that their man had been elected and counted out, but their hands were tied and they could do nothing. A personal quarrel resulted in one of the county officials making a clean breast of the whole matter. He said that Kruewel had been elected, and, in order to keep him out, the tally sheets were changed so as to give his opponent the office. The confession came too late to right the wrong, and the office was allowed to remain in the hands of the man who had received it by the fraud which had been perpetrated by his friends.

ANTI-COOPER DELEGATES.

The Congressman's Friends Turned Down at Martinsville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARTINSVILLE, Ind., April 15.—The anti-Cooper Democrats held the winning cards in the convention that selected delegates here yesterday. The opposition movement was started in a way that will make George W. Cooper wince many times before the next campaign is over. Stalwart Democrats arrayed themselves against his renomination and selected the following delegates: J. A. Lewis, R. F. Maxwell, John C. Duncan, John S. Skaggs and E. M. McCord. Three of these delegates were aspirants for the postmastership here, but Mr. Cooper rode roughshod over them and appointed Henry Shireman. Mr. Shireman is wealthy and has too much business to look after to give the postoffice his personal attention much of the time. Then, too, Mr. Shireman did not seek the place, but Cooper wanted his influence. The Cooperites, seeing their "cake was dough," put on their hats yesterday and stalked out of the convention before the delegates were selected. The feeling is growing rapidly against Cooper, and so far as heard from the delegates throughout this county are open in their antagonism. Delegates were also selected to the State, joint senatorial and judicial conventions, as follows:

State—Eb Henderson, W. S. Sherley and Amos Hart. Joint senatorial—Henry Riggans, William Eslinger, A. S. Tilford, E. R. Hamilton and A. H. Caldwell. Judicial—Lon Eslinger, Jap Miller, Lafe Martin, John Prather and Dan Lively.

The Democrats of the city decided not to nominate an entire city ticket, but nominated Mel Bauhard for marshal, and intend making the fight on this office alone.

Republican Nominations.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARTINSVILLE, Ind., April 15.—The Republicans of Washington township nominated yesterday, by popular vote, William Robinson for trustee, Polk Burns for assessor, J. M. Baldwin, Philip Crutchfield and William Radford for justices of the peace. Joint senatorial delegates—Dan Davis, F. T. Singleton, J. M. Blair, Sylvanus Major. (A. J. Canatsey, William Downey and George Hubbard. Judicial—Charles Hamilton, L. S. Hatley, Ben Lewis, James Burton, W. E. McCord, B. D. Blackstone, William Downey, Amos Thornburgh, Wise Anderson, W. E. Nutter, Lewis Miller, John Hardwick, W. E. Hendricks and H. Satterwhite.

The Populists of Morgan county launched the following ticket at their convention here yesterday: Representative, George W. Clark; clerk, Captain McMahn; auditor, John Kershaw; treasurer, Mahlon Johnson; sheriff, George Pearcy; coroner, J. O. Wharton; surveyor, Wilbur Stout; commissioners, W. H. Burris and L. P. De Turk.

Washington County Selections.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SALEM, Ind., April 15.—The Republican county convention for selecting delegates to the State and district conventions was held in the opera house yesterday. Rousing speeches were made by Hon. Marcus R. Sulzer, Col. E. A. Magumen and Prof. W. W. Borden. Republicans feel sure that they will carry Washington county, as there is much dissatisfaction in the Democratic ranks. Capt. D. L. Wright was chosen chairman and C. A. Rhetts secretary. List of delegates follows: State—Dr. Herron, A. N. Spurgeon, C. A. Rhetts, Charles Naugle, E. H. Brewer, E. B. Stephenson, J. S. McPheeters, I. H. Heistand, J. H. Patlock, E. C. Swan, E. D. Brananan, J. E. Reyman. District convention—A. S. Carriott, William Baker, John Sattam, E. S. Leman, Isaac Ferree, Dr. Foutz, W. H. Bright, W. A. Graves, F. A. Martin, Sandford Newby, Capt. J. N. Rodman, J. F. Persise, J. B. Berkey, John M. Colglazier, H. H. Routh, Lewis Dennis and Charles Williams.

Tickets by Both Parties.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COLUMBIA CITY, Ind., April 15.—The Democracy of Whitley county met yesterday and nominated the following ticket: Representative, Jacob S. Schrader; clerk, Walter J. Tyree; auditor, Ray Scott; treasurer, Jacob A. Rush; recorder, Lewis Mowrey; coroner, Dr. Geary; surveyor, A. N. Miller; commissioners, W. H. Robbins and Henry W. Miller.

The Republicans have nominated the following city ticket: Mayor, J. S. Hartsock; clerk, Henry E. Baker; treasurer, J. C. Miller; marshal, John T. Clapham; councilmen, G. W. North, Henry Snyder and Lewis Harter.

Plymouth Republican Ticket.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PLYMOUTH, Ind., April 15.—The largest and most enthusiastic Republican city convention ever held in Plymouth met at Centennial Opera House Friday evening and nominated the following ticket: Joseph B. Swindell, Mayor; Washington Kelly, treasurer; W. E. Leonard, clerk; Simon Myers, marshal. Resolutions pledging a material reduction of present high salaries of city officials and economical management of city financial affairs were unanimously adopted.

Monroe County Ticket.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., April 15.—The Republicans held one of the largest conventions yesterday in the history of the party. William F. Browning was chairman and the following ticket was nominated: Clerk, John T. Woodward; treasurer, Joseph Woodard; surveyor, Henry Henley; coroner, Joseph Rogers; commissioners, William Peterson and Ezra Perring.

Delegates from Alexandria.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ALEXANDRIA, Ind., April 15.—Republicans of Alexandria met Saturday and nominated State delegates. Judge A. M. Chipman, of Anderson, was the chief orator. The following men were selected to the State convention: A. E. Harlan, F. K. Pierce, Joseph Brannum, Lewis Robinson, J. D. Wallingford and J. E. Beeson.

Will Work for Daily.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LEBANON, Ind., April 15.—A Republican club of two hundred members was organized at a meeting held in the courthouse last night. The club will go to the State convention at Indianapolis in support of Mr. A. C. Daily, who is a candidate for State Auditor.

Votes for Johnston.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VALPARAISO, Ind., April 15.—The Republicans of Fulton county held their primaries yesterday to select delegates to the congressional convention at Hammond. A telegram received from Henry Bibler, a prominent attorney of Rochester, says that the returns give Judge Johnston, of this city, fourteen delegates, with three townships to hear from.

EXPERIENCES AT SEA.

A Huge Tidal Wave—A Submarine Eruption—Showers of Fishbones.

Pittsburg Dispatch.

Sailors have more than their fill of strange sights and strange experiences. The fact that we on shore hear so little about them is owing to their absolute commonness—from the mariner's point of view; and it is only when some accident accompanies the occurrence that, as a rule, we are treated to any details about it. Big waves rank among these experiences. We do not refer to those waves which are the immediate consequence of high winds, and atmospherical disturbances, but to those single waves of immense height which show themselves suddenly in the midst of a sea comparatively smooth. A vessel may be sailing along, in fine weather, and with no swell on worth mentioning, when, without the least warning, comes sweeping along a wave that towers like a mountain, falls on the deck, and carries away everything movable, members of the crew among the rest. The steamer San Francisco was once struck by a tidal wave of this sort in the Gulf stream, and 179 persons swept into the sea and drowned. In March last all the crew save one of the barque Johann Wilhelm were washed overboard by a single wave. In June last year the ship Holyrood encountered another such sea, which is said to have risen up "suddenly like a wall," and to have flooded her decks fore and aft. The Cunarders Etruria and Umbria have both encountered the phenomenon, and the former had one man killed and several others injured. The case of the Pomeranian will be fresh in the minds of all. Sometimes these waves are the result of submarine eruptions and land earthquakes occurring in close proximity to the sea.

An English barque crossing the north Pacific met with one of these big waves, and immediately afterward the ocean seemed to be boiling, and the sulphur fumes that emerged from the water were so powerful as to drive the crew into the rigging. Clearly there was an eruption here as the ship sailed over, and the wonder is that the great wave did not do more injury. Again, the American schooner Dara J. Ward, while on a voyage to Seattle, Wash., from Copper Island, was sailing quietly along when suddenly she was lifted as if a whale had struck her bottom, and then experienced a succession of shocks which cast everything loose about her decks and knocked the crew off their feet. There were a few big waves succeeding the main one, and then everything was smooth again. The biggest solitary wave ever known was that caused by the Peruvian earthquake of Aug. 13, 1868. In no other instance, we are assured, has it been known that a well-marked wave of enormous proportions has been propagated over the largest ocean tract of the globe by an earthquake whose action has been limited to a relatively small region, and that region not situated in the center, but on one side of the area traversed by the wave. At Arica it was fifty feet high, and enveloped the town, carrying two war ships nearly a mile beyond the railway to the north of the town. The single sea traveled northward and westward. Its height at Jan Pedro, in California, was sixty feet. It inundated the smaller members of the Sandwich group, 6,300 miles away, and reached Yokohama, in Japan, in the early hours of the morning, after taking in New Zealand on the way. It spent itself finally in the South Atlantic, having traversed nearly the whole globe. A singular occurrence (says the Pall Mall Gazette) was reported recently by the English ship Lucipara. She was about midway between the Cape and Australia when she encountered a hurricane. About midnight of Aug. 4 last the sea suddenly fell almost calm. "It appeared as if the sea was affected by some tremendous pressure," when suddenly the whole vessel, fore and aft, was enveloped in sheets of flame that rose half way up the masts and overran the decks for three-quarters of an hour. It was an electrical storm, and the crew, never having encountered such a thing before, were panic-stricken, and very naturally so. They expected every moment to see the masts go by the board. After what must have been a very cheerful forty-five minutes the flames snuffed out suddenly, and left darkness so thick that it might have been cut.

Another singular occurrence was that of the bark Peter Pridell, which was off Valparaiso when a whirlwind passed over her stern, taking away everything movable, sails and all, on the after part of the ship, leaving the forward end untouched. Here was the sharp end of a storm with a vengeance. Almost as surprised at their good fortune and narrow escape must have been the crew of the barkentine Fortunate, which, while on a voyage from Rio Grande to Liverpool, felt a tremendous shock that could not be accounted for until the vessel was put into dry dock, when the sword of a swordfish was found to have penetrated some feet into the wood of the hull. Yet another of the curiosities of the sea is the occasional shower of fishbones or the like falling on the deck when many miles from land. These showers are easily explained. The fish are taken up in waterspouts and come down in a more or less rarified condition. But perhaps the most awful of all things that can happen at sea is a fire. A severe squall breaking over a vessel unprepared for it, and with all her sails set, is bad, but the experience is short, sharp and generally decisive; but for long-drawn-out agony there is nothing like a fire, especially if it is among coal, and there is also dynamite or gunpowder in the cargo.

BARANOFF CASTLE BURNED.

Destruction of the Place Connected with Early History of Alaska.

San Francisco Chronicle.

Further particulars were received yesterday by government officials at the federal building of the destruction by fire of Baranoff Castle, in Alaska, which occurred a few days ago. In addition to the loss of the historical old castle it is reported that United States Commissioner R. C. Rogers narrowly escaped death by the flames.

For several years the castle has been the property of the United States and the headquarters of officers representing this government. At the time of the fire Commissioner Rogers was the only officer in the building, and was occupying a room on the second floor. When he discovered that the building was ablaze he attempted to make his escape. Rushing to the stairway he found that he was too late, for the lower portion of the building was one mass of fire.

To jump from the window, a distance of forty feet, to the ground was a dangerous feat and meant the infliction of serious if not fatal injuries. The Commissioner called loudly for help, but received no response, and had finally made up his mind to leap from the window when to his great joy a number of the crew of the man-of-war Pinta arrived on the scene.

They secured a ladder, but it was not long enough to reach the window. Then a search was made for a rope to throw to the commissioner. One was finally secured, and after being thrown to Mr. Rogers, he fastened it firmly to a piece of furniture in the room, and with its aid reached the ladder, and then the ground in safety. A delay of another moment would have been fatal, for the commissioner had scarcely touched the ground before the floor upon which he had been standing fell with a crash into the fire beneath.

There was no time to save any of the property in the building, and a large number of valuable books and papers belonging to the government and its representatives were destroyed, besides personal property belonging to the occupants of considerable value. The building had just been put in excellent repair by the government at a cost of $20,000.

Baranoff Castle was in Sitka, and was built upon an eminence commanding an excellent view of the town and harbor. In appearance it bore no resemblance to a castle, but looked very much like a country hotel.

Baranoff Castle and the island upon which it was built derived its name from the Russian Governor, Baranoff, who, in the early part of the century, lived there and ruled the people with a tyranny similar to that enforced in Siberia.

Under Baranoff's rule and that of his predecessor the island and the old castle were the scenes of many contests for supremacy as well as of festivities, in which persons of royal blood participated.

The governorship of that portion of all Russia was considered a great reward, and in turn many nobles ruled and were provided with plenty to make their life one of luxury. The old banquet hall of the castle was the scene of many entertainments given in extravagant style in honor of visiting celebrities.

Twenty years ago Lady Franklin, then eighty years of age, visited the island searching for some trace of her missing husband, Sir John. William H. Seward, upon his retirement as Secretary of State, also spent several days upon the island, viewing with his own eyes the great territory which, through his and Senator Charles Sumner's efforts, was secured for this country by peaceable means.

In the fall of 1867 many noted personages stood upon the balcony of the old castle and witnessed the replacing of the eagles of the Czar with the stars and stripes. By that act 580,000 square miles of territory became the property of the United States, the consideration being 2 cents per acre.

Mrs. Rogers was en route to join her husband at the time the fire occurred, but was intercepted by telegram and will remain in one of the neighboring stations until new quarters can be prepared.

United States Marshal Williams and his wife, who were visiting in this city, also departed for Sitka before the news of the conflagration was received. Arrangements will doubtless be made at once for the construction of a new building on the site of the old castle.

ONLY ONCE LUCKY.

A Millionaire Tells How He Lost $37 When a Boy and Found It Again.

New York Herald.

"What is the luckiest thing that ever happened to you?" somebody asked of the millionaire.

"Do you mean sheer, unadulterated luck—something that just happens without any seeking on your part?" replied the millionaire, throwing away a half-smoked Perfecto and taking another out of his case.

"Well, yes; let it go at that."

"I am generally accounted a very lucky man by the thousand and one people who know more about me than I do myself. But, on my honor, what I call a genuine piece of good luck happened to me only once in my life. It didn't amount to much, though it meant much to me at the time. It was when I was filling my first job—that of an errand boy at $3 a week—and I tell you I have never since felt so rich as when I carried home my first $3.

"I had been given a check to cash and a bill to pay. After paying the bill I had $37 of my employer's money left. I had just crossed Broadway, when, happening to look back, I saw two men fighting in the street. It was enough of a boy then to take a keen interest in anything like a 'scrap.' I retraced my steps to see what it was all about. To my amazement and surprise I discovered that the two men were fighting about the $37 and the receipted bill, which in some mysterious fashion had dropped out of my pocket. A policeman happening along at that moment I was able to prove that I had a better right to the property in dispute than either of the two combatants, and recovered it forthwith. They had each grabbed for it at the same time, and each was bound to get all or none—luckily for me. I have often speculated upon what might have happened if they hadn't quarreled. I should never have recovered the money, and in consequence I should certainly have lost my situation. That might have changed the whole current of my career, and instead of being a rich man I might to-day have been a poor devil, or I might have been twice as rich as I am. Who knows? Anyway, I regard it as the only piece of downright, simon pure, unmistakable piece of good luck that ever befell me. But any Tom, Dick or Harry that you chance to