

Fair, warmer. OH, SAY!

Have you seen the new fad, GIRL WANTED? It is positively the latest thing out. As the price is only a dime, it can be indulged in by every one, and is productive of lots of fun for little money.

"THE BONNIE"

Is the proper caper in Scarf Pins for ladies and gentlemen. The pin is also 10 cents, and within the reach of all. They can be found in our Furnishing Department, north room.

THE WHEN BOSTON RUBBER CO.'S

"Bell Brand" Duck Boots

Resist the hard service in coal mines or on the farm.

McKee & Co., Indianapolis, EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR INDIANA.

DONEY'S LELAND CIGAR

BIG FOUR. INDIANA IN THE LEAD

HARVEST EXCURSION, Sept. 11 TO ALL POINTS IN Missouri, Tex., Colorado, Idaho, Mexico, Arkansas, Kansas and Oklahoma.

Also, Cheap Excursion to Marion, Ind., Soldiers' Home, THURSDAY, SEPT. 13.

IT IS CONCEDED By all who travel that the C. H. & D. R. R. is the best line between Indianapolis and Cincinnati, Dayton, Toledo and Detroit.

MONON ROUTE (Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ky. Co.)

THE VESTIBULE PULLMAN CAR LINE LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS: No. 30—Chicago Limited, Pullman Vestibule Coaches, Parlor and Dining Cars, daily, 11:50 a. m. Arrive Chicago, 11:20 a. m.

WAGON WHEAT 48c ACME MILLING COMPANY, 322 West Washington Street.

BETTER THAN DOWE'S COAT. Corset Stays Save the Life of Mrs. Jones, a Kentucky Organist.

LARGE BALL OF FIRE. It Made a Deep Hole in a Chicago Suburb, if Preacher Towne Speaks Truth.

ANTI-JENNERITES. Society That Proposes to Overthrow the Practice of Vaccination.

FICKLE-MINDED GIRL. She Eloped with One Lover, Met Another and Jilted Her Fiance.

NEBRASKA BANK CLOSED. PLATTSBURGH, Neb., Sept. 10.—The Citizens Bank failed to open its doors today. An hour later the stockholders of the bank were before Judge Chapman and Charles C. Parmelee was appointed receiver.

QUEEN OF THE GYPSIES DEAD. Bridget Gorman Dies in Camp Near Cincinnati, Aged 85 Years.

WIFE OF A COMMON LAW LIFE. NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Emma Auman, the common law wife of "Billy" Plimmer, the champion bantam-weight pugilist, committed suicide at a Coney island hotel early today by inhaling gas.

Dr. W. A. Hammond's Animal Extracts. Cerebrine, for the brain; Cardine, for the heart; Testine, Ovarine, etc. Two drenches, \$2.50. Henry J. Huder, Indianapolis, or Columbia Chemical Company, Washington.

to go to Quincy, but to come to Bowen, so she gave the young lover the "slip" and arrived here on the 10th. Bowen, who is now in Glaze came here looking for her, ignorant of the fact that she wished to get rid of him. Bowen, who is now in Glaze came here looking for her, ignorant of the fact that she wished to get rid of him. Bowen, who is now in Glaze came here looking for her, ignorant of the fact that she wished to get rid of him.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Edward J. Ratcliffe, the actor, and Miss Alice De Lacy, a daughter of Peter De Lacy, the pool-room king, were married in Hoboken, about six weeks ago, by Justice Muller, who tied the Russell-Perugini knot. Only a very few of Ratcliffe's friends knew that he was married, although Mr. De Lacy's friends were not so much in the confidence of his relations. It was said on the Rialto that Mr. Ratcliffe and Miss De Lacy had been married in the States, but had not told her father of the marriage until three weeks after it occurred. Mr. De Lacy is a well-known actor, and has had many other marriages, and says that he knew all about the marriage before it took place.

NEW YORK POLICE INQUIRY. Lexow Committee Resumes Its Investigation and Questions a Detective.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Investigation of the police department was resumed today by the Lexow committee of the State Senate. Mr. Goff was, as prior to the adjournment two months ago, the inquisitor-in-chief. He first stretched detective Charles A. Hanley upon the rack. A handsome gold watch which Hanley carried served as a text for Mr. Goff's interrogations, which were directed toward showing that the police were upon too friendly terms with the pawnbrokers for the good of the public; that persons who had been robbed and whose property found its way to the pawnshops were obliged to pay the keepers of these places all the money advanced before they would be permitted to reclaim that which had been stolen, and that it was not an uncommon thing for a pawnbroker to sell to officers valuable articles at ridiculously low prices. The watch carried by detective Hanley, for example, was asked for by Mr. Goff. It was intimated, was but a fraction of its actual value.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture for the month of September shows a decline in the condition of corn to 63.4 from 69.1 in the month of August and 95 in the month of July. This is a decline of 5.7 points from the August and 31.6 from the July condition. The change is marked in nearly all of the great corn States. The present condition is 75 in Kentucky, 70 in Ohio, 55 in Michigan, 80 in Indiana, 78 in Illinois, 51 in Wisconsin, 60 in Minnesota, 49 in Iowa, 50 in Missouri, 45 in Kansas, 15 in Nebraska and 16 in South Dakota. In most of the Southern States the condition has risen and a good crop is certain. In addition to the unfavorable prospects arising from the low condition of the growing crop, reports from eight States, viz.: Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, in response to a special inquiry, show that out of an aggregate 46,875,384 acres planted in these States, there have been cut up for fodder or abandoned 15,508,609, or 33 per cent, which is a little over 20 per cent of the entire area planted in the country. The percentage of that cut up or abandoned by States reporting is as follows: Indiana, 6; Illinois, 10; Wisconsin, 21; Iowa, 35; Missouri, 16; Kansas, 51; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 81.

OVER 37,000 MAJORITY

Maine Republicans Speak Out in Thundrous Tones.

They Condemn Democracy and Its Tariff Tinkering by the Largest Majority Ever Given in the State.

EVERY COUNTY CARRIED

Reed, Dingley, Boutelle and Milligan Returned to Congress.

Legislature Republican by 125 Majority—Action of Executive Committee of the National League.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 10.—It has been a good day for Republicans and a correspondingly bad one for Democrats, but the result of the State election was not altogether unforeseen. To rain and general apathy is due the light vote, and though the Democrats admit defeat they do not show a symptom of discouragement.

IN THEIR WAR PAINT. Illinois Republican Editors Arranging for a Vigorous Campaign.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MATTOON, Ill., Sept. 10.—The Republican Editorial Association of the Nineteenth congressional district had a largely attended meeting at the parlors of the Dole House in this city, sixteen of the twenty-two editors being present. The business of interest and importance in the political campaign was transacted, and all were ready to hear William E. Mason's magnificent speech. These editors have their war-paint on and will be heard in all the public places until a large number of public candidates are elected and business is headed about on the road to prosperity.

POLITICS DON'T PAY. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 10.—Hon. T. J. Hudson publishes to-day a letter giving his reasons for declining to make the race for Congress as candidate of the People's party in the Third Kansas district. In the letter, which was addressed to the chairman of the convention which nominated him, Congressman Hudson explains his peculiar condition, which, he says, is the result of his withdrawal. His property is heavily encumbered and his holdings have rapidly depreciated in value, while his practice has dwindled to nothing owing to his congressional duties. He says he came as a Congressman has proven insufficient to meet the demands upon it.

ALMOST A CLEAN SWEEP. RUTLAND, Vt., Sept. 10.—Returns from all towns in the State received by the town clerk show the Republican majority to be 27,310 and the plurality 28,350. Official returns will change these figures very little. Following is the analysis: Republican vote, 184, 47,796; 1890, 23,462; Democratic vote, 184, 34,399; 1890, 23,212; Republican gain, 5,274; Democratic loss, 4,563. The Senate is a Republican unit and the House is a narrow Republican majority. Democrats, 9; Populist, 1. Three towns made no choice.

NOTHING TO REFORM IN GOTHAM. NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Mayor Gilroy has returned from his European trip. To a reporter who talked with him to-day he said regarding the reform meeting held at the concert hall of Madison Square Garden last week: "They may say what they please about reforms in the city government, but I tell you there is nothing to reform. I am in a position to know more about the inside workings than any other individual in New York, and I know that the reforms do not exist in the municipal government."

"LILY WHITES" WILL NOT FUSE. DALLAS, Tex., Sept. 10.—The State executive committee of the reform Republican party of Texas, commonly known as the "Lily Whites," was in secret session in this city to-day, and to-night. The proposition to fuse with the Populists was rejected almost unanimously. The "Lily Whites" will keep their State ticket, headed by Judge Schmidt, Democratic Governor, in the field until election day.

WEEKEND WILL NOT RUN. BAY CITY, Mich., Sept. 10.—Congressman Weekock to-day addressed an open letter to Joseph Turner, chairman of the Democratic congressional committee, declining to run for re-election. He says that his reasons are that he prefers to devote himself to his law practice, and that he does not wish to enter another campaign, which, he says, is to be fought upon religious lines.

COXEY CHALLENGED. MASSILLON, O., Sept. 10.—D. J. Smith, a Republican farmer of Columbiana county, and an unsuccessful candidate for the congressional nomination, has challenged J. S. Coxey to participate in a series of five debates. "The discussion," he says, "must take place in public halls, and not in a circus tent."

TO BE CHOSEN EVERY TWO YEARS. ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 10.—The constitutional convention, in committee of the whole to-day, adopted a resolution changing the term of Governor and Lieutenant-governor from three years, as at present, to two years, and providing that in all cases the State Engineer shall be a practical civil engineer.

REV. MACNEILL CALLED. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Ind., Sept. 10.—The Main-street Christian Church has extended a call to Rev. J. H. MacNeill, of Rushville, at a salary of \$1,500 a year. It is believed that Rev. MacNeill will accept the call.

SUIT AGAINST TILLMAN. South Carolina Militia Does Not Want to Surrender Its Arms.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 10.—An injunction suit growing out of the South Carolina dispendary riots of last March came up before Judge Goff in the United States Court to-day. Governor Tillman's dispendary spies and raiders were one day attacked by the enraged citizens of Darlington, resulting in the death and wounding of a number of the constables. The Governor declared he would punish to the fullest extent of the law his rebellious people and ordered several companies of militia to proceed to the scene of the uprising and restore order and gubernatorial authority.

"THE WASHINGTON INFANTRY OF CHARLESTON flatly refused to obey the order. Its members would not take up arms against fellow-citizens who had simply presented the insulting officiousness of dispendary officers. The Governor thereupon issued an order commanding the militia to surrender their arms and accoutrements to Adjutant and Inspector-general Farley. This order was also disobeyed, and an appeal to the courts, which came up to-day was made for an injunction to prevent the Governor or any State officers from taking possession of the arms.