Board of Arbitration shall have power, when, in their discretion, the public interests are at stake, to investigate the causes of all controversies and disputes between employes and their employers in the United States as they may occur, and the conditions required by the federal governments. You will, therefore, consider measures supplementing our common law and a necessary bill will be submitted to you without delay which, chiefly by extending the present penal provisions, will increase the protection of public order. I entertain the confident hope that you will lend your energetic cooperation to this serious task."

His Majesty next alluded to the prejudicial effect of the abuses of bourse speculation upon national prosperity, and said that to remedy these evils a bill was being prepared which would probably be submitted during the course of the session. Continuing, the Emperor said: "The same is the case in regard to the bill which is intended to protect the trading community against competition which does not scruple to employ unfair means and which will contribute to strengthening confidence in business and commerce. In consequence of the changes in the financial situation, to the disadvantage of the individual states, which, instead of receiving, as heretofore, a surplus from the imperial revenues, have lately been called on to contribute to the imperial expenditure, the creation of fresh sources of revenue has become necessary. This oppressive state of affairs can only be partially remedied by an increase of the stamp tax, and the opening of other fresh sources of revenue is indispensable. To this end a bill for the reform of the tobacco taxation will be submitted to you.

"To my lively satisfaction my confidence in the maintenance of European peace has been further strengthened during the past few years. Faithful to the spirit of our alliances, we cultivate good and friendly relations with all the powers. During the course of the last few months two neighboring empires have been deeply stirred by grave events." The Emperor then spoke of the sympathy extended France on the assassination of President Carnot. He also deplored the death of the Czar, "a tried co-operator in all works of peace."

Emperor William's delivery of this speech was impressive and was accompanied by few gestures. Several times he raised his voice and looked sternly around, especially at the passages in regard to the agrarian questions and the revolutionists and during his pathetic reference to the late Czar.

His Majesty afterward went to the Reichstag building in order to formally perform the ceremony of laying its corner stone which is combined with the dedication of the building and the formal opening of the new session of the Reichstag. Immense crowds of people were gathered along the route and outside of the new building and cheered the Emperor and the German princes on their way there and on their arrival. Prince Hohenlohe, the Chancellor, and Field Marshal Blumenthal, chief of the general staff of the Prussian army, who is about eighty years of age, were accorded an especially warm reception.

The imperial carriages arrived at the new Reichstag building at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The portals set apart for the imperial and royal princes were alone used. The portal opposite the Column of Victory was conspicuous from the fact that it was decorated with a velvet canopy. The weather was raw and blustery, but this did not deter immense crowds of people from gathering everywhere in the neighborhood of the new building. The dedication ceremonies passed off without a hitch. The scene was most brilliant. The large dais had been constructed for the use of the imperial family and highly favored guests and over it was a canopy topped by the imperial crown. Beneath this canopy the Emperor and Empress and the German princes were gathered. Opposite this structure were the military and other notabilities, as well as the members of the diplomatic corps. Prince Hohenlohe, when everything was ready, advanced towards the Emperor with a springy step and asked his Majesty's permission for the ceremonies to begin. The Prince spoke in a clear but strident voice. The ceremony was a tedious affair. All the participants climbed down from the dais to the stone and gave it three taps. At the conclusion of this ceremony the "hochs" for the Emperor were given, the band played the national anthem and his Majesty and the imperial party retired to an inner chamber of the Reichstag building. The crowds then gradually dispersed while the Emperor inspected the building thoroughly under the guidance of Herr Wallett, the chief architect. The absence of General Von Caprivi, the former Chancellor, from to-day's ceremonies was much commented upon.

Emperor William, in his speech dedicating the new building, said: "I have decided in the name of the empire and free cities of the empire, in conjunction with the constitutional representatives of the German people, to lay the last stone of the house in which their legislative bodies will henceforth discharge their labors.

"The exalted founder of the empire, my grandfather, who laid the foundation stone of this building, was not permitted to witness the completion of the work his glory crowned. His son, by God's decree, was called away before us in the same way. We bless with heartfelt gratitude these our predecessors in imperial dignity; so will, we are certain, their memory continue to live forever in the minds of all Germans. Ten years have been occupied in the erection of the structure which now rises to the honor of united fatherland, firmly welded by German hands, a testimony to German industry and German strength. Be it now handed over for its appointed purpose, and may the fear of God, the spirit of love of the fatherland and concord rest within its walls. Let the structure remain a monument to the great times in which the empire arose—an exhortation to coming generations to preserve with inviolable loyalty what their forefathers secured with their blood. May God grant this."

A SHANGHAI RUMOR.

Ten Days' Armistice Said to Have Been Arranged.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 5.—It is rumored here that a ten days' armistice has been arranged between China and Japan. It is said that terms of peace, which are still under negotiation, are to include an indemnity and the formation of a buffer state, consisting of the country now held by the Japanese. China now fears the winter more than Japan, as the supplies of rice have been kept back too long.

Recent Fighting.

HIROSHIMA, Dec. 5.—A dispatch from Field Marshal Yamagata, dated Antong, Dec. 3, says that the Japanese scouting party sent in the direction of Ling-Shan-Kwan engaged the Chinese outposts on the summit of Motien Ling on Nov. 15. One Japanese soldier was killed and three were wounded. The scouting party was afterwards reinforced and occupied a position at Sokoa, where it was attacked by the enemy in large force. Over forty Japanese were killed in this engagement. A company of infantry sent to reconnoiter Kwan-Tien and Saibashu was attacked by a large force on Nov. 22 at Tasikow and was compelled to retreat with the loss of several killed. Field Marshal Yamagata adds that measures have been taken to clear the country around Kwan-Tien and Saibashu. The detachments under General Tachimi and Colonel Nissyinla have reached their destinations after meeting with slight resistance. They attacked the enemy at Saikabo on Nov. 13 and compelled the Chinese troops to retire. The two detachments are now returning to Antong.

The Baltimore at Che Foo.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Admiral Carpenter to-day cabled notice of the arrival of the United States steamer Baltimore at Che Foo to the Navy Department. It is assumed that he will proceed at once to Taku, at the mouth of the Pei-Ho river, which is as near as he can get to Peking, where he will probably be met by the Monocacy, from Tien Tsin, and tranship marines to the latter vessel, which will then return to Tien Tsin.

Noted Life Insurance Suit Decided.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—The suit of Major Dudley Hambrough, of Steep Hill Castle, Isle of Wight, against the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company, to recover $20,000 insurance upon the life of his son, Lieutenant Windsor Dudley Hambrough, who was shot and killed at Ardlamont, Scotland, on Aug. 10, 1892, has resulted in a verdict for the company. The affair was known as the Ardlamont murder mystery. The young man's tutor, Alfred J. Monson, was tried on the charge of murdering the Lieutenant at Edinburgh, in December, in 1893, with the result that the jury returned a Scotch verdict "Not proven."

Another Revolution Impending.

BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 5.—President Saenz Pana's action in appointing subsecretaries as ministers, thus assuming dictatorial powers, has caused excitement in Congress and among the people. Rioting if not revolution is apprehended. It is reported that Pana has summoned Gen. Mitre, begging him to put an end to the present state of affairs. Roca's friends are jubilant, believing that Pana will soon resign. Business is at a standstill.

Spain Won't Part with Cuba.

MADRID, Dec. 5.—In the Chamber of Deputies, to-day, Senor Ascarte, a Republican member, made a speech warmly advocating the autonomy of Cuba. Prime Minister Sagasta declared that Spain would shed her last drop of blood and spend her last dollar to retain Cuba. The debate was suspended, the proceedings having become uproarious.

Samoan Rebels Active Again.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Dec. 5.—Advices received here from Apia, Samoa, show that the native rebels are displaying much activity. They have announced their intention to attack Apia. The British war ship Walleroo is lying in Apia harbor.

Daily Earthquakes in Ecuador.

QUITO, Ecuador, Dec. 5.—Earthquakes have been of daily occurrence in the northern provinces ever since Nov. 27. Much property has been destroyed and many persons have been injured.

Count De Lesseps Critically Ill.

PARIS, Dec. 5.—Count Ferdinand De Lesseps, the engineer of the Suez canal and Panama canal, is critically ill. He was born in 1805.

OUR DANIEL'S FLOP.

(Concluded from First Page.)

tions accompanying them and the means of their adjustment, whether such controversies and disputes are submitted for arbitration or not, and to report thereon to the President of the United States who shall, from time to time, transmit such reports to Congress. Said board shall have power to settle and adjust by conciliation all such disputes and controversies so far as it may be possible to do so." It is pointed out that the moral effect of a settlement proposed by the national commission would be sufficient to make it effective and that it would be better than drastic measures to compel acceptance.

THE BRAZILIAN TREATY.

Correspondence Regarding Termination of the Reciprocity Agreement.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The President, to-day, sent to the Senate the correspondence with the Brazilian minister here in reference to time of termination of the Brazilian reciprocity arrangement, about which there has been some controversy. The correspondence begins with a note to Secretary Gresham from Minister Mendonca, of date Sept. 24, last, in which the minister notifies the Secretary that his government has informed Mr. Thompson, United States minister at Rio de Janeiro, of its intention to terminate the agreement, in accordance with the stipulation therein contained regarding its duration, so that the termination shall take effect Jan. 1, 1895. In response, under date of Oct. 26, Secretary Gresham comments on the fact that the Brazilian government deems it necessary to terminate the treaty on Jan. 1. He says that the act of Aug. 28, last, repealed those agreements where they were inconsistent with its provisions. Consequently, notice of an intention to terminate them was not contemplated and was unnecessary, by reason of their immediate termination. The minister's note, however, seems to imply that the United States and Brazil had contracted an obligation not to terminate the arrangement except in the manner stipulated in the negotiations leading up to it. The Secretary proceeds to discuss that question at some length. In conclusion the Secretary says that the friendly disposition on the part of his government towards Brazil is attested by its present tariff legislation, placing the great bulk of Brazilian exports on the free list. While our imports from Brazil from 1889 to 1892 increased to the extent of nearly seventeen millions of dollars in value, our exports to that country, in 1893, show an increase of less that half a million dollars over 1890.

Appointments by the President.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of Henry W. Swift, of Massachusetts, to be marshal of the United States for the district of Massachusetts; also, Edward H. Stroebel, of New York, now Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Ecuador, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Chile, vice James D. Porter, resigned. Included in to-day's list of nominations were several who were appointed in cases in which the appointees failed to secure confirmation during the last session. This list includes the following: David G. Browne and James W. Ball, for collectors of customs; Browne for the Montana-Idaho district and Ball for the State of Oregon. Thomas B. Teller and Marshall Petel, to be Indian agents; Teller at Ft. Hall, Idaho, and Petel at Klamath, Ore.

Better Mail Facilities Needed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Several large delegations were at the Postoffice Department to-day. Representatives of ten large commercial organizations of Cincinnati, headed by President Nixon, of the Fifth National Bank, and Chairman E. B. Wilson, of the National Transportation Association, had a conference with Postmaster-General Bissell, at which the topic of better mail facilities between Ohio and the South was discussed. More rapid dispatch of mails between Cincinnati and New Orleans, western Texas and other points and a general reorganization of schedules and improvement of the postal arrangements were advocated. The Postmaster-general made no promises, however, of definite action in the matter, though favoring all means of hastening the mails between those points.

Central Pacific Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Within the next month the government will be called on to pay $2,362,000 of Central Pacific railroad bonds. It will be the first payment made by the government on these bonds issued years ago to subsidize the building of the railroads across the continent. They ran for long terms, and these terms are now about to mature. The $2,362,000 next month will be followed by another $2,000,000 next November. The Central Pacific company has in the treasury to the credit of its sinking fund $5,707,205, and the question has arisen whether the government could not appropriate this fund to the payment of the bonds on maturity. The act of May 7, 1864, which directed the creation of a sinking fund does not seem to be very clear on that point, and Secretary Carlisle is now considering the question with a view to a settlement before Jan. 16 next, when the bonds fall due.

New Indiana Postmasters.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Postmasters have been appointed as follows, all to fill vacancies caused by resignation: At Altoga, Dubois county, M. A. Volport, vice H. I. Cummings; Barnes, Jennings county, F. P. Davis, vice J. A. Deputy, jr.; Bentley, Fayette county, Mac Sims, vice J. E. Smith; Culver, Tippecanoe county, J. M. Culver, vice F. M. Edmonds; Sunshine, Harrison county, S. H. Alexander, vice Patrick Lord.

Gold Reserve $111,142,020.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The cash balance in the treasury to-day was $154,940,844; net gold, $111,142,020. It is understood that the entire amount of gold called for under the bids for the new bonds has already been deposited in the subtreasuries. The bonds are now being sent out as fast as orders directing their shipment are received, and it is expected that the whole transaction will be closed by the middle of the present month.

General Notes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The appropriations committee to-day received from the Treasury Department estimates for the urgency deficiency bill, aggregating $2,700,000, which includes the amount required to collect the income tax. The committee will go to work on the bill as soon as possible.

Representative Goldzier, of Illinois, telegraphed here to-day announcing his candidacy for the United States district attorneyship of the Northern district of Illinois, made vacant by the death of Sherwood Dixon. It is said that he will probably have the support of the congressional delegation from Illinois.

The cruiser Detroit arrived to-day at Gibraltar. She will proceed in a day or two to Naples to deliver the Columbian relics loaned by the Pope to the United States for the Chicago fair.

Senator Morgan will to-morrow call up the pending Nicaragua canal bill in the Senate and make a speech in its favor.

Hillmon Alive Again.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 5.—W. N. Nicholls, of Valley Falls, is authority for the statement that John W. Hillmon, who was supposed to have been killed in 1878, shortly after taking out a heavy insurance on his life, is still alive. It is claimed that Hillmon has been found in a little town near Tucson, A. T. Nicholls further claims to have knowledge that Hillmon was not the man who was killed at Medicine Lodge, Kan., in 1878. Nicholls is on his way to Tucson to identify Hillmon.

SENSATION IN COURT

TWO FRANKFORT (IND.) MEN UNCOVER A BIG FRAUD IN KANSAS.

John Quinn Stirs Up Old Police Officers in Terre Haute—Tipton Republican Wins His Case.

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 5.—A sensation was caused in court here to-day during the progress of the suit of Thompson and Bland, of Franklin, Ind., against Coy and Fowler to recover certain valuable horses which were exchanged for fraudulent mortgages given by the latter-named firm. Four years ago alleged mortgages on certain Kansas property were made out, abstracts and titles to the same forged and traded for horses, about $25,000 worth of horseflesh being secured by the swindlers from the people in Texas and Illinois. To-day, during the progress of the trial, A. J. Crow, an ex-notary public, confessed himself guilty of forging the mortgages, and his father as guilty of acknowledging the fictitious signatures. Daniel Wren, one of the gang, was sentenced last summer to ten years in the penitentiary for his share in the transaction, and J. R. Hazard, president of the bank at Sedgwick City, was lately brought back from Plymouth, N. H., on a charge of being implicated in the deal, and was bound over after his preliminary trial. Several locally prominent people are connected with the deals, and sensational arrests are expected.

A REFORMED GAMBLER

Makes Serious Charges Against Ex-Officials of Terre Haute.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 5.—John Quinn, the reformed gambler, who has started with W. G. Goff, in a private car, through the country to enlist members in the Anti-gambling League, which they organized in Chicago in October, has created a sensation here by making serious accusations against former police officials. In his address in the Congregational Church he said that ex-Chief of Police Lawler and ex-Capt. Ed Vanderver arrested him Aug. 12, 1887, and worked to secure his conviction when they knew he was innocent. With "Doc" Kearns and John Snarley, alias Forbes, he was accused of "buncoing" Zach Deputy, of Brownstown, out of $3,000. The three men were convicted and sent to the penitentiary. It developed afterward that they were innocent, and that "Big Ed" Rice, "Punch" Mason and "Fatty" Stewart were the guilty ones. The latter three were arrested in Detroit and jumped their bail at Brownstown, where Senator Voorhees appeared as their lawyer. The three men arrested here were pardoned by Governor Gray. Quinn says that his penitentiary experience caused him to change his course in life. Ex-Chief Lawler denounces Quinn's statement as false; says that he was arrested in good faith, and that he (Lawler) and Vandever took $300 reward from Deputy because they believed they had earned it. Lawler was at the church to-night to openly denounce Quinn if he should repeat the statement.

ONE MORE REPUBLICAN.

Tipton Democrats Lose the Legislative Contest Case.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TIPTON, Ind., Dec. 5.—Depositions were taken to-day before a court composed of two justices of the peace, as required by law, in the Smith-Barrow contest case for a seat in the Legislature. Sufficient testimony was given to elect Smith, the Republican contestant, by a plurality of six. The contestee then withdrew from the case and offered little testimony in defense. The case is now settled in the lower courts and will be certified up to the House, where it will be speedily disposed of, and the Republican candidate will be seated. This is the first Republican Representative that the Republicans have elected since the organization of the county. Mr. Smith is a progressive farmer and a representative man. The people are jollifying over the result.

Church Bible Burned.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Dec. 5.—An outrage was recently perpetrated in Washington township, in the southern part of this county. A few evening ago, while preparing to retire, Rev. Samuel Hawkins noticed a strange light shining from the windows of the church next door to his house. On entering the building he was almost suffocated with the smell of coal oil and smoke. He hurried to the stove and found the handsome pulpit Bible and the song books of the church saturated with oil and slowly burning.

Married a Wealthy Widow.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 5.—Jasper Randolph, said to be a wealthy stock man of Nebraska, was married here to-day to Mrs. Mallory, widow of Lafayette Mallory, once a well-known coal dealer of this city. Randolph had advertised in an Eastern paper for a wife and Mrs. Mallory answered. He came here a few days ago and, after an interchange of views, the two agreed they could live happily together. Mrs. Mallory has considerable property. Both are past middle age. Randolph was a Union soldier in the war.

Prisoners Leaped from a Train.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VINCENNES, Ind., Dec. 5.—Ernest Farris and Luther Farris, prisoners in charge of Deputy Sheriff William Bryant, made a dash for liberty to-day. They leaped off an I. & V. passenger train while it was running at a rapid rate of speed between here and Bruceville. The train was checked and the deputy sheriff jumped off, and after an exciting race captured the fugitives, handcuffed them, brought them to this city and placed them in jail. The prisoners live at Sandborn and are charged with grand larceny.

Lynching Threatened at Knox.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

KNOX, Ind., Dec. 5.—Claude Ransbottom, a notorious tough from Marshall county, abducted Esther Shrall, the thirteen-year-old daughter of widow Shrall last night and took her to a lonely cabin in the Kankakee swamp. He was arrested and brought here this morning, being held in the sum of $2,500. Great excitement prevails and it is feared he will be lynched before morning. Sheriff Harvey and posse are guarding the jail. This is Ransbottom's third crime of this character.

Marriage of a Franklin Couple.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Dec. 5.—Late last night Frank A. Needham and Miss Glendora Sexton, two good-looking young people of Franklin, arrived in this city. They woke up the county clerk and got a marriage license, after which they hunted up 'Squire Lacey and were married. Both the young people are well connected, the lady being the granddaughter of 'Squire Allen Sexton, of Franklin, and the groom the son of Mart Needham, one of the best-known and most popular men of Johnson county.

White River Iron Works Sold.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., Dec. 5.—The White River Iron and Steel Works, valued at $45,000, was sold to-day by Receiver E. C. Calyron for $16,200. T. F. Rose, of this city, was the purchaser, and the mill will be put into operation with 350 hands. V. O. Foulke and other Cleveland capitalists established the plant at Anderson and it removed here three years ago. The collapse was the natural result of some badly mixed up management.

New Gas Well at Parker City.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PARKER CITY, Ind., Dec. 5.—The gas company of this city has completed its fourth gas well, which is one of the best in this part of the State. This well will supply the new glass factory here, which will be ready to begin putting out ware by the 1st of January. With this new industry demanding 100 hands Parker City will reach the 2,000 mark next year.

Freeland's Will Set Aside.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LEBANON, Ind., Dec. 5.—James Freeland brought suit to set aside the will of his brother, William Freeland, alleging that the will had been procured through fraud and undue influence by Kate Baula, to whom the testator had bequeathed his entire estate, amounting to $15,000. The case has been bitterly contested and has occupied the attention of the court for several days. After twenty-four hours of deliberation the jury returned a verdict setting aside the will.

Thompson Arnold Convicted.

COLUMBIA CITY, Ind., Dec. 5.—The trial of Thompson Arnold for conspiracy and false pretenses by means of which patrons of the South Whitly Bank lost $90,000, closed last night. The jury returned a verdict of guilty to-day, fixing the penalty at one year in the penitentiary and a fine of $2,500. A motion for a new trial is pending, and in the meantime Arnold is out on bail.

Two Years for Robbery.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 5.—Two weeks ago James Shepherd, of Waveland, robbed the Monon depot at Ladoga, in the daytime, during the absence of the agent. He got $108 and a ticket to Florida. To-day he entered a plea of guilty, and received a sentence of two and a half years in the penitentiary.

Page Gets Off with Two Years.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 5.—Elbert Page, who shot and killed Hiram Gregory in Brooklyn the night of April 28 was found guilty of manslaughter in the Circuit Court here to-day, and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Condition of Mrs. Joyce.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Dec. 5.—Mrs. Aurelius Joyce still continues in a dangerous condition. To-day was the forty-seventh day of the fever, and the temperature reached 103 degrees.

Millionaire Chapin.

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., Dec. 5.—H. A. Chapin, the millionaire mine owner of Niles, Mich., has been taken suddenly and critically ill here. Mr. Chapin is eighty-one years old.

Indiana Deaths.

RICHMOND, Ind., Dec. 5.—Miss Emily Baxter died at her home here yesterday. She was a prominent young woman, a well-known musician and was recently elected secretary of the Philharmonic Society. Her death was due to typhoid fever, with which she was ill but a few days. Miss Baxter was a sister of Mrs. Percy Coffin, of Indianapolis, and her father was formerly one of Richmond's most prominent citizens.

Mrs. Tamar Hill died at her home here to-day of apoplexy at the age of sixty-nine. She was the wife of Daniel Hill, until recently editor of the Messenger of Peace, and one of the most prominent members of the Indiana Yearly Meeting of Friends.

Two aged residents of this city passed away at their homes here last night and to-day. One was William Laflin, aged eighty-five, and the other was Lewis Whitehead, aged sixty.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Dec. 5.—This afternoon Miss Hannah Every, assistant principal of Fort Wayne high schools, died suddenly.

VINCENNES, Ind., Dec. 5.—Mary Ann Osterhage, aged sixty-four, fell dead with heart disease this evening.

Indiana Notes.

Banker Beach's trial at Terre Haute is set for Jan. 21.

Charles Funday, alias P. Bright, was arrested at Logansport yesterday and will be taken to Hartford City to-day to await trial for stealing a team of horses. He hired the team in July for a days' drive.

An attempt was made to blow up the house of Mollie Pearson with dynamite at Sullivan Tuesday. The floor was torn up and much of the furniture destroyed. None of the inmates was injured. No one has been arrested.

The Second Presbyterian Church congregation of Richmond has chosen for pastor the Rev. Stanley C. Hughes. He was ordained and fully installed Tuesday night. The exercises were participated in by the Rev. Dr. Caldwell, of Shelbyville; the Rev. M. Shedd, of New Castle; the Rev. J. Devonsuch of Liberty, and the Rev. J. R. Hughes, of Dayton, O.

"TRUST MONEY" REJECTED.

Methodists Refused to Accept $300 from Washington Duke.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 5.—Washington Duke, of the American Tobacco Company, and president of the Duke cigarette works, at Durham, sent $300 to the North Carolina Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, which has been in session at Statesville, N. C., for a week past, towards defraying the expenses of the conference. The Rev. Mr. Ware, of Reidsville, and some of the members of the conference protested against the acceptance of the gift of what they termed "trust money" and at a meeting of the board of stewards of this church, Mr. Ware's action was approved. It is claimed that the trust having the only buyer on the tobacco markets who buys "cutters," used extensively in the manufacture of cigarettes, the price of that grade of tobacco has been forced down so low that it is impoverishing the farmers who grow it.

WILL MOVE ON "GROVER'S VILLA."

"General" Kelly Organizing Another Band of Commonwealers.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 5.—"General" Charles Kelly, who led a band of industrials from California to Washington last spring, is organizing another army. He has written to the Mayor of Sacramento assuring him that his army does not intend to move upon the State capital. "The only place we intend to move upon," said he, "will be Grover's villa at Washington, and by all that is good and holy we intend to camp in Washington again; to keep on camping and marching until we have a bill passed by Congress to provide work for unemployed American citizens."

DIPHTHERIA CURED.

Efficacy of Anti-Toxine Tested by Kansas City Physicians.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 5.—Local physicians are enthusiastic over the results of using anti-toxine, the new diphtheria remedy, a quantity of which has been received here and its merits tested. Two doses of the serum were given to an infant child having an advanced case of diphtheria, and in one day's time the child was pronounced out of danger. Another case, that of a youth who had been ill nine days with the disease, has shown like results, the patient being nearly cured after two doses. Further experiments are being made.

TO-DAY'S FORECAST.

Fair Weather and Southeast Winds in Indiana.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—For Ohio and Illinois—Fair; south winds.

For Indiana—Fair; southeast winds.

Local Observations.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 5.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	R. H.	Wind.	Weather.	Pre.
7 A.M.	30.14	30	84	South.	Pt.cloudy	0. 0
7 P.M.	30.10	40	56	South.	Clear.	0.00

Maximum temperature, 49; minimum temperature, 27. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation, Dec. 5, 1894:

	Tem.	Pre.
Normal	37	0.11
Mean	38	0.00
Departure from normal	*1	—0.11
Excess or deficiency since Nov. 1	—4	*21
Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1	*687	—12.29

*Plus. C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official.

Hebrew Rabbis Stirred Up.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 5.—Mr. Leon Levy, of Galveston, threw a bombshell into the American Hebrew Union camp by an address yesterday in which he charged the rabbis with setting up various sorts of religions and failing to unite on a standard of Judaism by which all Judaism would be measured. The discussion lasted until this afternoon, and it was finally decided to print the address and with it a protest from the rabbis claiming that it did not represent their sentiments and was not borne out by the facts. Louisville, Ky., was selected as the next place of meeting, and December as the time.

Board of Appeals.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—The Trotting Board of Appeals continued its session at the Auditorium Hotel to-day. Depositions were taken on the charge that the mare Bethel had been trotted irregularly at meetings in Germany and the decision was deferred.

TO PUNISH USURPERS

BILL PASSED BY DEMOCRATS OF THE ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.

Warning from a Populist Member—Action Hastened by Kolb's Address—Recommendations of Gov Oates.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 5.—The bill of Representative Knight to punish usurpers of State offices come up in the House to-day and was passed by a strictly party vote. Representative Manning, the well known Populist leader, in explaining his vote, said: "I warn the members on the other side of the House that it is a long lane that has no turn, and I warn them not to longer dash the red flag of insult added to injury in the face of a new outraged public opinion of the common people. We cannot provide punishment for usurpers with consistency till we have a fair election law and an honest contest law by which we can determine who the usurper is."

Kolb's manifesto issued yesterday afternoon, in which he advised his followers not to pay their taxes, and tax officers friendly to him not to pay to the Oates administration any moneys colected by them, which would cause the State to default in payment on its bond and otherwise embarrass it, hastened the passage of the Knight bill.

Governor Oates transmitted a voluminous message to the Legislature to-day. He recommends an increase of half a mill in the rate of taxation, improved methods for the assessment of taxes, a higher liquor and gaming-table license, an appropriation for a State exhibit at the Atlanta Exposition, favors farming university lands with convicts on account of the State, but for the benefit of the university; recommends a contest law and the election of State and national officers on the same day; suggests a contest law in the election of State officers and the giving of a ticket marker for each political party; urges a State banking system, based on a deposit with the State Treasurer of lawful money of the United States, or solvent bonds of United States or State, county or municipal corporations. He alludes to the powers of the railroad commission as being only those of police regulation and impotent to remedy many complaints brought before it.

Captain Kolb Interviewed.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 5.—The American's correspondent at Montgomery, Ala., was given the following interview with Kolb to-day: "My address to the Legislature and the people of Alabama means just what it says, and it speaks for itself. If the Legislature will heed our demands for a fair and honest contest law, as stated in my address, it will be satisfactory to all our people and to myself. All we ask is a fair and impartial investigation of the frauds committed in the last election, and if such investigation will show that Colonel Oates received even one majority of the votes that were cast I will be satisfied and will recognize him as Governor. We have ample testimony in the shape of sworn evidence to prove that I received a large majority of the votes cast in our August election, and we ask the Legislature to give us an opportunity to prove this fact to the world. If the Legislature should refuse this act of justice by not passing a contest law, then the responsibility will rest on their heads. My friends peaceably submitted to the usurpation two years ago in the hope that it would not again be repeated in the election of 1894."

Bogus Warrants Cashed.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—C. F. Kimball, R. D. Kelly and other brokers who have been doing a thriving business in shaving election judges' and clerks' warrants have discovered that they have been defrauded of a large amount of money through bogus warrants. About five thousand judges and clerks served at the recent election, receiving warrants for from $12 to $15. Many of them cashed them at a discount at various brokers' offices. When the warrants were presented to the county controller to-day it was found that a number of bogus ones had been cashed. The amount of the brokers' losses is not known, but it will probably be large.

Evans Elected in Tennessee.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Dec. 5.—The Times will publish to-morrow the official vote of every county in the Stae of Tennessee, each certified to by county officers. The total shows that Evans is elected Governor by a plurality of 841, the vote standing: Evans, Rep., 105,167; Turney, Dem., 104,326. Turney was elected in 1892 by 26,336 plurality. The delay in ascertaining this result has been due to the refusal of the canvassing board to give out the figures—a course of action which, being unprecedented, has brought forth from all conservative papers in the State the most adverse criticism.

Official Vote of Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 5.—The official vote for Illinois is as follows: State Treasurer—Wulff, Rep., 445,886; Claggett, Dem., 322,459; Puterbaugh, Pro., 19,487; Randolph, Pop., 59,793; Mann, Ind., 1,650. Superintendent of public schools—Inglis, Rep., 448,687; Raab, Dem., 325,074. Trustee university—Flower, Rep., 487,841; Smith, Dem., 307,246. Wulff's plurality, 133,427; Inglis's plurality, 123,593.

TIRED OF BARREN PLAINS.

One of Mrs. Lease's Reasons for Deserting Kansas.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease, of Kansas, is in the city. She says that she has come to California to purchase a small farm in the San Joaquin valley. She will reside on the property, removing thither upon the expiration of her term as a member of the Kansas board of charities, one year hence. "I'm tired of the barren plains of Kansas," she said in explanation of her desertion of that State.

THE "WIZARD" OUTCLASSED.

Ives Closes the Third Night's Play with a Run of 281.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—Schaefer met defeat for the third time to-night, and is now so far behind that it seems impossible for him to win out. He could only succeed in making 424 while Ives ran 600, and the latter has the balls, after making a run of 281, which enabled him to finish the game to-night. Ives's total is 1,800, against 1,043 for Schaefer. The former played great billiards to-night, and the balls rolled for him as well as he could wish. Schaefer had better luck with the balls than on the two previous nights, but he was not a factor to-night at any stage of the game. Besides the run of 281 Ives made runs of 96 and 106. Schaefer made a run of 147, the largest he has made in the tournament thus far. His next largest runs were 61 and 55. The score:

Ives—96, 14, 1, 106, 55, 29, 5, 4, 2, 7, 6, 281—600

Schaefer—43, 16, 3, 55, 61, 24, 5, 147, 8, 37, 25—424.

Gallagher Leads Fourniel.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—The billiard match, 1,000 points cushion caroms, between the French champion, Fourniel, and the veteran Tom Gallagher, of Chicago, was continued to-night at Dayl's billiard hall. A block of 150 points was played. Each man played twenty-one innings. Gallagher made 154 points to Fourniel's 105. This makes the total score now stand: Gallagher, 500; Fourniel, 451.

Subsidized Canadian Railways.

MONTREAL, Dec. 5.—The following is the list of the railways subsidized this year by the provincial Legislature, with their respective amounts: Quebec & Lake St. John, $389,258; Baie Des Chaleurs, $169,180; Montreal & Western, $85,000; Ottawa & Gatenau Valley, $27,800; Canada Atlantic, $7,000; Montford Colonization, $34,250; Oxford Mountain, $215.20; Lotnmieu & Migantic, $27,983.25; United Counties, $37,042.50; Phillipsburg Quartier Junction, $25,720.

Movements of Steamers.

SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 5.—Arrived: Paris, from New York.

ROTTERDAM, Dec. 5.—Arrived: Werkendam, from New York.

Expert Bay Acquitted.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 5.—The jury in the case of J. L. Bay, charged with the larceny of $10,000 worth of State scrip, returned a verdict of acquittal to-day. Bay was the expert accountant employed by the bondsmen of ex-Treasurer Woodruff when that State official's affairs became the object of public scrutiny to look after their interests. It was charged that $10,000 worth of scrip which disappeared at that time was taken by Bay. Bay swore on the stand that Woodruff said that it was his (Woodruff's) and that Woodruff gave him 25 per cent. for selling it.

MISS GING'S MURDER.

The Minneapolis Mystery Not Yet Unraveled by the Police.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 5.—Up to a late hour to-night there were no new developments in connection with the murder of Catherine Ging, the dressmaker. Every possible clue to the perpetrator of the crime is being followed by the entire detective force, and every man who has been known to have had any dealings with the murdered woman during recent years has been closely questioned, without tangible results thus far. The funeral services were held this afternoon over the remains of the murdered woman, and to-night the body was taken East for burial.

Harry Hayward has been released from surveillance by the police, a fact which is taken to mean that they have given up any theory connecting him with the murder. Frederick Reed, in an interview this morning, declared that he had never been engaged to Miss Ging, but was simply her friend. He had not seen her for six months. He declared his willingness to come over from St. Paul at any time and tell the police all he knew of her. The police have not yet summoned him and apparently do not take any stock in any theory connecting him with the affair.

An interview with Miss Ging's financial agents, E. S. Jones & Sons, reveals the fact that she has been in pressing need of money for which some one was pushing her within the last six weeks. Her agents had loaned out $1,300, but she decided to call in her loans. It was not found easy to transfer them, and Miss Ging became quite impatient for the money saying she only needed it for thirty days. Finally the matter was arranged and she drew out about $1,000. The head waiter in Barges restaurant tells of Miss Ging and Hayward meeting there as late as last Saturday, on which occason Miss Ging showed nearly $2,000 in bank bills. It has been ascertained, too, that Miss Ging had nearly completed her arrangements for opening a large millinery establishment on Nicollett avenue, and had opened negotiations with the agent of a store property to that end. This would explain her need for ready money, as she was anxious to purchase stock and open for the holiday trade. It has also developed that two insurance policies were assigned to Hayward as late as Nov. 26. Both were taken out recently, the negotiations for the writing of them being conducted by Hayward in order that he might have security for his loans. He also had a chattel mortgage on the stock in the new store as soon as it was opened.

Paid No Attention to Men.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 5.—Catherine Ging, murdered at Minneapolis, was born in Auburn about thirty years ago. Her parents are both dead. Three sisters survive her. They are Mrs. Henry Ireland, of Auburn; Mrs. Robert McGirr, of New York, and Miss Julia A., of Auburn, the dead woman's twin. Catherine Ging left Auburn twelve years ago and came to this city, where she and her tw