

SUPPLY OF CATTLE

STATISTICS GATHERED BY DR. SALMON A FEW YEARS AGO.

Conditions Governing the Price of Beaves that Have a Bearing on the Present Alleged Scarcity.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Dr. Salmon, chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry, is preparing instructions to agents in accordance with the Secretary's directions to investigate the cause of the high price of beef products and what influence the "trust" has on the prices. The inquiry will be carried on at Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Nebraska City, Sioux City, Hammond, Ind., and other points where the bureau has a force of experts. Dr. Salmon has heretofore made an inquiry in this direction and his report on "conditions governing the price of cattle" gives some views applicable to the present inquiry. He says:

"The estimated number of animals from which the beef supply is drawn gives but little idea as to whether the supply has increased more rapidly than the demands, or whether, on the other hand, it has diminished. Our rapidly increasing population and our fluctuating export trade must be constantly borne in mind if we wish to hold clear views on this important subject. At the first approximately accurate census of cattle in 1850 there were 767 cattle to the 1,000 of population. This number increased in 1860 to 815, showing a large stock of cattle on hand at that time. In 1870, partly from the effects of the war and partly from an undercount of the number of cattle in the country by the census of that year we find the number of cattle reduced to 618 per thousand of population. Ten years later the number per thousand increases to the extent of 120 and reaches 738 in 1884 there is an increase of six per thousand; from 1884 to 1887 the increase is fourteen per thousand; from 1887 to 1890 it is fifteen per thousand, being the largest apparent increase in any one year; from 1890 to 1893 the increase is fourteen per thousand, reaching the highest point since 1850, or 860 cattle per thousand population. From 1893 to 1895 the number is falling off in cattle, there being 758 to every one thousand population in 1895.

"In considering the supply of cattle to population and drawing conclusions as to the relative supply in different years, the fact should not be overlooked that there has been a great change within the last twenty years in the character of steers that have been sent to market. Now and better blood has been infused into the old stock and the result is that steers are marketed younger, weigh more and yield a larger proportion of carcass than formerly. The beef supply obtained from a given number of cattle is for this reason considerably larger than it was a few years ago. The increased number of cattle per thousand of population does not therefore represent the whole increase in the beef supply which has taken place since 1850. There is in addition an increase resulting from early maturity, and quality which can only be estimated with great difficulty and uncertainty.

"It has been evident from the receipts of cattle at the leading stock yards of the country that a very large number of such animals have been marketed in recent years. The leading factors which operated to decrease the price of the steers, the decline in the prices the profits in cattle raising have been greatly reduced in many localities this industry has been conducted at a positive loss. The inevitable tendency has, therefore, been to sell off the stock and reduce the business and consequently the proportionate number of cattle marketed has been much greater than during the years from 1881 to 1884 when the industry was said to be on the up and hand was being increased. For this reason the markets of the country have not felt the influence of the reduction of the stock of cattle in proportion to the population, which the tables plainly show has occurred and which must continue at an increasing rate from the year to year.

"The tendency of prices with cattle will be probably to advance within the next year or two (1895) on account of the improbability of increasing the stock of cattle as rapidly as the population is augmented, for this advance will be slow and uncertain for a number of years. It will be two years before the stock of cattle has been reduced to the proportion as compared to population which existed in 1850 and then the mean price of steers was but \$3.25 per hundred pounds, or ten cents less than in 1890. In other words, the price of steers for several years in the future will depend more on the price of hogs, on the value of the exports of cattle and beef products, and on the proportion of steers marketed, than on any other factor likely to occur in the number of cattle per thousand of population existing in the country.

"The latest cattle statistics of the Agricultural Department were furnished by Statistician Robinson, Feb. 13, last. It shows a decrease in number of steers and cattle since the estimate for January, 1894, has been very marked. It amounts to 2,427, or 0.42 per cent. of the year number. The estimate for 1895 makes the number of such cattle \$3,864,285, against \$3,898,168 in 1894. Accompanying this considerable decline in numbers, there has been a falling off in the value per head. The average value per head per capita value has been from \$14.95 in 1894 to \$14.96 this year, a decrease of 60 cents. The decrease in the aggregate value is from \$59,789,747 to \$482,989,120 or \$13,799,615."

Four Causes Cited.
ST. LOUIS, April 13.—Ex-Governor H. C. Brookmeyer has just returned from an extended trip throughout the Southwest as far south as Corpus Christi, Tex., and brings with him valuable information concerning the live stock industry and the prevailing high prices of beef. From facts given by him it would seem that the excessive cost of beef at present is not due so much to a so-called combine of wholesale butchers or packers as to a greatly reduced supply of cattle due to several causes. The Governor outlines these as follows: First, a reaction resulting from overpasturing since 1887, and a five years' continuous drought in the breeding belt of Texas; second, the high price of corn, the consequent decrease of the supply of corn-fed cattle; fourth, a prolonged winter and resulting six weeks' delay in the production of grass-fed cattle on the market due to late grass crop in the Indian Territory and Texas.

Losses in Colorado.
DENVER, Col., April 13.—Reports all show that Colorado cattle are doing finely and have gone through the winter in better shape than for five years. But for the unfortunate sand storms of a week ago, and blizzards in Colorado, the industry is practically nothing. Returns from the Northeast show all the way from the Northwest portion of the State is put at less than 15 per cent. The extent of the loss in the valley the loss will not exceed 3 per cent.

Killed by Drinking Alkali Water.
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., April 13.—It is reported here that a bunch of cattle numbering several train loads from Arizona for the Denver market has been detained at Wallace for some time on account of sickness which broke out among the cattle. Between sixty and seventy head died within two days. The cause of the sickness was a matter of speculation at first, but it was finally given out that the animals were suffering from alkali water which they drank en route.

Return of Bishop Thoburn.
NEW YORK, April 13.—The Rev. J. M. Thoburn, missionary Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church for India, arrived on the steamer "Paris" yesterday. He was accompanied by the same ship were Anthony Howells, United States consul at Cardiff; James E. White, United States consul at New York; and Mrs. Yerkes, of Chicago; Miss Katherine Clemmons, the actress; the Hon. De La Rue French and H. De Wilde of England. On board the Lucania were Henry W. Aldrich, United States consul at New York; Mrs. G. J. Bloomfield Moore, Mrs. Arthur Paget, daughter of the late Mrs. John Stevens, and Mr. and Mrs. William Earl Dodge.

Swindler Robinson Punished.
CLEVELAND, April 13.—Editor Elijah Robinson, who fleeced thousands of people throughout the country by means of a publication called "The Ladies' Gem" Monthly, a fake and bogus watch scheme, was today sentenced in the United States court to three months' imprisonment and pay a fine of \$250. Robinson was arrested here several months ago for violating the postal laws. He "jumped" his bail bond of \$1,000 and fled the country. Recently he turned up in Chicago, where he again began operating the same kind of swindle. He was arrested by the United States authorities in Chicago and sent back to Cleveland for trial.

Preparations for Spring

If you were about to journey to a warmer or colder climate you would make careful preparations.

Besides taking a supply of warmer or cooler clothing, as the case might be, you would thoughtfully select a stock of medicines as safeguards to keep you in good health.

The cures accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla tell what it does more eloquently than any argument which can be written. Read the frank statement below:

"Last spring, on account of overwork and bad humors, I became very much run down. About June a scrofula bunched

Purify Your Blood

Now we are all about to change to a warmer climate, though not of our own volition, and what is more reasonable than to take a reliable medicine to resist the debilitating effects of higher temperatures?

Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine needed. It thoroughly expels

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from the blood the impurities which have accumulated during the winter, increases the appetite and improves the digestion, drives away that tired feeling and nervousness, and gives the strength and vigor without which we cannot appreciate beautiful Spring. It is

The Spring

And the Best Blood Purifier.

GOSSIP FROM LONDON

FASHIONABLE HOUSES CLOSED FOR THE EASTER HOLIDAYS.

The Political Situation—American Horses at Newmarket—"Royal Maundy" Distributed to the Poor.

LONDON, April 13.—There was a general exodus from London on Thursday last, everybody who could do so hurrying away to the country or seaside for the Easter holidays. The fashionable houses of the metropolis are as a rule closed for the present, and Brighton and other seaside resorts are packed with holiday makers. The Princess of Wales has abandoned her contemplated journey to Denmark, where she was to visit her parents, and, instead, a family party, including the Duke and Duchess of York and the Duke and Duchess of Fife, has assembled at Sandringham for the Easter holidays.

Parliament will not meet again until April 22, which may give time for a change in the political atmosphere. The situation is now charged with electricity, and a rupture between Conservatives and the Liberal Unionists is predicted. There are growing differences in policy between the Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, the Conservative leader in the House of Commons, and the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, the leader of the Liberal Unionists. The latter is known to bitterly resent the recent criticism on his conduct which have appeared in different Conservative newspapers, and as a result he has sounded a note of warning in his newspaper organ at Birmingham, for which city he has been one of the representatives in Parliament since 1878. There is no doubt that the Liberal Unionists are becoming alarmed at the leanings of certain members of the Conservative party towards what is known here as "fair trade," discussing this feature of the Conservative policy, declared: "If free trade and free corn be put in the balance against an Irish nationalist in Parliament, then we say the latter would be an infinitely lesser evil than a return to protection."

Those who are in charge of the string of American horses belonging to Mr. Cole and Mr. Dwyer, of New York, which are now in active training at Newmarket for a number of important events of the racing season here, are so reticent concerning the date of their first appearance in public. But the American horses are beginning to be looked on with more respect than when they first landed in England at the end of January last. Consequently, the chances of Stoneman, Dobbin, Don Alonso, Banquet, Harry Reed, Montauk and others are being quietly discussed by the sporting fraternity. The Newmarket correspondent of The Man of the World, the midweek edition of the Sporting Times, considered by some people to be the leading sporting paper in England, referring to the prospects of the American horses, says: "The Americans are gradually coming in favor of their trials progress. They are certainly a fine looking lot, and there are already several good judges who think they may give us trouble. If our handicap horses are bad Stoneman may cut us up as easily as Parole and Foxhall did a few years ago. At any rate, I have seen enough to make me regard them as extremely dangerous."

There promises to be a good market for Canadian horses in England. On Thursday last, sixteen horses shipped here by Mr. J. A. Walker, of Ontario, sold at prices which ranged from \$120 to \$300. Three consignments are already booked for shipment.

It is announced that the lists of the April drawing room have been entirely filled, and many Americans who anticipated being presented at court will, in consequence, be disappointed and have to await some future opportunity. The English newspapers announce that Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, and Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, will both be presented to the Queen at the drawing room which her Majesty is expected to hold in April.

There was a picturesque scene in Westminster Abbey on Thursday, when, in the presence of a large congregation, "royal maundy" was distributed to seventy-six poor men and to seventy-six poor women sent from various parishes to receive the Queen's bounty. Each woman received two shillings, and each man received two pounds. In addition, both the men and the women were presented with a pair of silver pennies, as well as with specially coined two-penny, three-penny and four-penny bits. The presence of the Yeomen of the Guard and Beef Eaters, and other striking features of the ceremony, attracted the usual amount of interest.

An American society has been formed in London on the lines of the Ohio Society, of New York. The inaugural dinner will take place next week. The United States ambassador, the Hon. Thomas F. Bayard; the United States consul-general, Gen. Patrick A. Collins; the attaches of the United States embassy and a number of well-known resident Americans are on the committee.

The feeling of alarm which was caused in the woolen manufacturing districts by the announcement recently that an American firm had sold to a Bradford house a quantity of woolen goods at a price comparing favorably with anything Bradford could offer continues, and is widely commented on. The Pall Mall Gazette has investigated the matter and tries to quiet the alarm, saying that the shipment is not like a recent one. The dikes broke near Wythe in spite of the exertions of the military engineers and seven miles of the Virlande were inundated. Vegetation in northern Germany is a month behind and the excessive moisture retards agriculture still further.

The Emperor will remove to the new palace at Potsdam next week. Emperor William is going on an Easter tour of Thuringia, Upper Hesse and Baden in order to enjoy some capercalzie shooting. Emperor William is not writing a military work, as reported, but is preparing a number of essays on the campaigns of Frederick the Great, into which hitherto unpublished material will be introduced. The military instructor of the young princes is drawing a number of plans of battles for these essays. The Emperor will read these to an audience of his courtiers during this spring or summer. Towards the end of the month his Majesty goes round

peared on the left side of my collar bone. It was very sore continually, and after a time my left arm began to feel disagreeable. In a short time it pained me nearly all the time. With that and the scrofula I was in perfect misery all through the summer. I became so bad that my friends tried to me get to have a doctor, but I thought I would try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken five bottles and part of the sixth and am feeling like myself again. I have gained flesh rapidly. The scrofula bunched and my lameness has all gone, and I feel like a new creature." MISS HATTIE M. CLARK, Parkman, Maine.

tion of Hoyadjans, and say that the refugees were virtually kidnaped, and that they wanted to return to their own villages.

W. H. ALLEN'S BIG CLAIM.

Seeking Possession of Real Estate in San Francisco Worth \$1,400,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—The sudden appearance in this city of William Henry Allen, who was supposed for twenty years to be dead, surprised a great many property owners because Allen at one time owned land in the heart of the city now valued at \$1,400,000. The records do not show that the property ever passed out of his hands. His appearance was simultaneous with the filing of a quit claim deed to half of his interest in the land, the grantee being a lawyer named John C. Watson. The property claimed is that on which the handsome Crocker building, the Palace Hotel, the Chronicle and many other buildings stand. Attorney Watson, speaking of his client, says: "In 1848 L. Callendar received deeds to the lands in question from T. M. Leavenworth, the latter being being dead of him he was supposed to have died, without deeding his property to any one else. But there was reason for his disappearance. After reaching New York he was hurt in an accident, and lost his mind. For twenty years, he has been away to him as a dream, he has been harmless insane. Then his mind cleared and he came to a realization of the fact that he was old and gray and one-third of his life was a blank. With certainty came memory, and he bethought him of his property here, which had increased to millions while he wandered a day dreamer in the realm of the insane. Against such a man the statute of limitation cannot be pleaded." Attorney Watson says that there will soon be a big suit as a result of Allen's return.

VON KOTZE WOUNDED

SHOT BY BARON VON REISCHACH, GERMAN COURT CHAMBERLAIN.

Former Challenged the Latter to Fight a Duel and Received a Pistol Bullet in His Hip.

(Copyright, 1895, by the Associated Press.) BERLIN, April 13.—Herr Von Kotze, the court marshal, whose acquittal on the charge of writing anonymous and insulting letters to the highest court personages, has been confirmed by Emperor William, has not allowed the matter to rest there. He has determined to fiercely vindicate his honor, and he and his family are trying to find not only the real culprit, but those who cast suspicion on him. Von Kotze has already sent three challenges and the first duel came off to-day with Baron Von Reischach, the court chamberlain. Pistols were the weapons used and Von Kotze received a bullet in his hip. It is understood that Baron Von Reischach and Von Schradler, whose indiscretions are alleged to have caused injury to Von Kotze, will be dismissed. Von Kotze, after settling his duels, will retire permanently to his estate in the province of Brandenburg, where his wife has already preceded him. His wound is not a serious one, and he is expected to recover shortly. The conditions of the duel required an interchange of shots until one of the combatants was disabled. Emperor William, in an informal way, has ordered Von Kotze, by the military court, sent his adjutant, Von Scholck, to congratulate him.

The spell of spring-like weather which marked the opening days of the week compelled Berliners and Germans generally for the appearance of excitement in political matters, which, since the Bismarck celebrations, remain in a state of torpor. The bright, warm sunshine gave every promise of an agreeable Easter tide, and the weather prophecies of Prof. Falk were met with flattering acceptance. Excursions to the Grunewald and other suburban resorts were widely planned by Berliners for good Friday, but the Professor's predictions were unfortunately verified by a return of the north wind and cloudy sky. The day was generally cheerless. Therefore, the holiday makers mostly preferred to stay in Berlin, rather than risk the inclement weather in the country. The fact announced here that the planets were on good Friday exactly the same position as on the day Christ was crucified aroused a great deal of curiosity among religious and scientific folk, who, however, were disappointed in making observations owing to the fact that the heavens were overcast. The sky to-day was somewhat brighter and hope of a pleasant Easter is reviving.

The sudden advent of warm weather led to a rapid rise of the rivers Elbe and Oder, resulting in the inundation of large districts. The whole region around Berlin is under water owing to the overflow of the rivers Spree and Havel. The people of Spandau and Havel are using boats to reach the churches and schools. In Dresden the waters of the Elbe are receding slowly after doing much damage and attaining a greater depth than for twelve years past. The dikes broke near Wythe in spite of the exertions of the military engineers and seven miles of the Virlande were inundated. Vegetation in northern Germany is a month behind and the excessive moisture retards agriculture still further.

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The Crowds

That visited the MODEL last week all agreed in their admiration of the store, the new spring stock and the prices. No other house can offer you the variety that we do. No other house gives you the values that we do. You don't have to look long to be as fully aware of these facts as we are.

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Men's Spring Suits

The latest cuts in Sacks or Frocks. The BEST VALUES in all grades from \$6 to \$30.

All-wool Black Cheviot Sack Suits—no other house will show you anything better at \$10—our price..... **\$7.50**

Fine Clays, all shades, Cassimeres, Cheviots and Serges, Sacks or Frocks, regulars and stouts, usual price \$18 and \$20, our price..... **\$15.00**

Tailor-made Suits, as good in every respect as the tailors sell at \$30 to \$50, our price..... **\$20 to \$30**

Big values in Spring Overcoats, in every grade, from \$5 to \$25.

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You save from 50c to \$1.50 by buying your Hats of us. Our fine Stiff or Tourist Hats at

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If you want anything better buy the HAYS HAT—the best in the market—price **\$4.**

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shooting in Alsace-Lorraine and will stay a few days at his Chateau D'Arville, in Lorraine. A laborer, seventy-two years, has walked from Gumbinnen, East Prussia, to Berlin, taking twenty-nine days to make the journey, and arriving here on Wednesday last in order to see the Emperor and implore his Majesty to grant him an old age pension. The old man obtained an audience with the Emperor, who read his papers and promised to inquire into his case.

The committee charged with the arrangements to erect a national monument to Prince Bismarck, has received over 250,000 marks in subscriptions, and intends to erect the monument outside Berlin on account of the recent hostile exhibition of the municipal council of this city. The site will be chosen on the summit of a mountain of Zugspeitz.

A curious case of the punishment of a deserter from the army has attracted a great deal of attention. A trooper belonging to the Fourth Regiment of Uhlans deserted during the siege of Paris and fled to China, where he was captured by the Chinese army for fourteen years. He lately returned to Germany and acted as overseer in a manufactory, was discovered and arrested, tried by court-martial, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment in a fortress.

John B. Jackson, secretary of the United States embassy here, and Mrs. Jackson will sail for the United States on Tuesday next. Mr. Jackson is on a leave of absence. He and his wife will return on July 1. They gave a farewell dinner to-night to the United States ambassador, Theodore Tilton, and Mrs. Runyon, and the personnel of the United States embassy and the United States consul-general, Charles DeKay and Mrs. DeKay.

Dr. Nuttall, the young American hygienist of the Berlin University, is to be married to-morrow to Fraulein Von Oertzen, of the Mecklenburg nobility.

Mount Ranier "Smoking Again."
TACOMA, Wash., April 13.—What appears to be smoke has been observed on the summit of Mount Ranier. It rose up from the crest of the left-hand peak and drifted northeast toward the Cascade mountains. Part of the time it rose in a steady dark stream, much resembling a column of smoke rising from a huge chimney. At other times it had more the appearance of steam, being of a lighter hue. The atmosphere was unusually clear, giving a much better view of the phenomenon than could be had last November.

Perjurer Lantze Sentenced.
CLEVELAND, O., April 13.—John Lantze, alias Lantzeburg, a German and citizen of Pennsylvania, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment for perjury in connection with the case, was to-day sentenced to two years in the penitentiary by Judge Ricks, in the United States court.

Muddy Complexions.
S-A-N-A-D-O-R Skin Soap makes them clear and fresh.

S-A-N-A-D-O-R skin soap brightens and beautifies the complexion. It is especially beneficial to "muddy" complexions, speedily removing all evil effects of injurious cosmetics and the skin is made smooth and soft by its continual use. S-A-N-A-D-O-R skin soap is sweet, mild, antiseptic and emollient. It is always soothing and refreshing. It is the only anti-septic soap in the world that is absolutely free from all mineral poisons.

S-A-N-A-D-O-R skin soap is sold by SANA-DOR MEDICAL CO., 10 and 12 Vandewater Street, New York City. For sale by G. W. STAN and HENRY HUDDER.

Massie Given Away.
On Tuesday next, with each purchase of special lot of 10-cent sheet music, at Wulfschlaeger & Son's.

Boys' Spring Suits

Our great drawing card is the line of all-wool Junior, Reefer and double-breasted knee-pants suits that we are selling at..... **\$3.25**

Look through every other clothing house in the city. You'll find nothing to equal our \$3.25 suits under \$5 to \$6.

Ladies' Shirt Waists

The latest designs in Percales, made in the height of style. This week we offer a special bargain at **98c.**

Pants

Men's strictly all-wool Pants—well made, neat patterns—worth \$3.50, our price..... **\$2.25**

Some swell things in fancy Worsteds and Cheviots, regular merchant tailoring effects—but at the MODEL price of..... **\$5.00**

Finest tailor-made Pants; tailors charge \$10 to \$15 for them, our price..... **\$6 to \$8**

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Will be a thing of the past. Now is your time to buy a first-class PIANO OR ORGAN

at a ridiculously LOW PRICE and the MOST LIBERAL TERMS. We guarantee all Pianos and Organs sold by us to be just as represented. We shall stay in business, and will be ready at any time to MAKE GOOD OUR GUARANTY. We do not propose to do business on the "Resurrection Plan." We are not compelled to quit business in order to draw trade. HONEST AND FAIR DEALING during a period of nearly twenty years was the method we applied to accomplish this. To make things pleasant all around we shall inaugurate another great

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