The Verdict Returned.

by most shoppers is that for a well-assorted stock of Dress Fabrics our

DRESS GOODS STOCK

is without a peer in this market.

Your search for the RIGHT THING can at all times be rewarded by visiting US. If there is anything desirable in this season's Dress Goods which we have not we don't know it. If our prices are not the lowest, quality considered, contrary information has not been furnished.

BOUCLES, CHEVIOTS, MOHAIR NOVELTIES, BOURETTES, ETC., and the finest collection of WOOL PLAIDS in the city.

A LITTLE STIR

at the Silk Counter occasioned by the offering of

Ten pieces of elegant quality Satin Duchess at, per yard 98c
This is a $1.50 number.

About twenty pieces plain Gros Grain and Satin Stripes, in black, the $1.25 Silk, at, yard 98c

Fifteen pieces of Black, Granite Ground, Figured Dress Goods, 44 inches wide, yard..... 69c

L. S. Ayres & Co.

MONDAY WINDOW BARGAIN.

Crockery and Glassware

SEE THE WINDOW FOR PRICES

At Pennsylvania and Market Sts.

The Great Sale at Tomlinson Hall will begin Thursday, Oct. 10, at 9 a. m.

Watch the Newspapers for Prices

EASTMAN, SCHLEICHER & LEE.

ART EMPORIUM.
Telephone 500.

Frames, Pictures, Looking Glasses

THE H. LIEBER COMPANY,
33 South Meridian Street.

Wedding Presents

In Sterling Silver, Cut Glass, Decorated China, Imported Vases, Rose Jars, Dresden Porcelain, Marble and Onyx Clocks, Diamond, Opal, Ruby, Sapphire, Emerald and Pearl Rings, Brooches in all the latest patterns.

Call and make your selections at

MARCY'S

38 West Washington Street.

PAY A FEW CENTS MORE and get the REAL article. Prices by mail or at store, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2. We have them cheaper, but we recommend you to buy the best. **GLOVES**

Tucker's

THE ONLY GLOVE STORE, 19 E. WASHINGTON ST.

JOHN R. M'FEE RELEASED.

He Will Leave for a New Field and Begin Life Again.

Shortly after 12 o'clock yesterday afternoon John R. McFee, who has just completed a term of imprisonment in the Michigan City penitentiary for forgery, was released at the door of the county jail by Sheriff Womack. McFee was sent to prison in 1893 for three years, but by good behavior his time would have ended this morning at 7 o'clock, and, as is the custom, he was brought here within his sentence time, so that he might be made free at the point from where he was sentenced. His release yesterday was the result of a pardon issued by Governor Matthews. Governor Matthews understood that the sentence did not expire until next Tuesday, and the plan was for Mrs. McFee to take the pardon, which she had secured, to Michigan City yesterday and meet her husband on his release, and the two to go to some unknown point. But according to the prison time the sentence was to expire this morning, and deputy Sheriff Walters brought McFee to this city at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. As soon as his friends learned that he was here they secured a statement from Governor Matthews that McFee had been pardoned, and upon this he was released at noon.

McFee did not bear any evidence of having been in prison for over two years. His face had a healthy appearance and his clothes were of the latest style. He said that he could not say what his plans for the future will be, but it is understood that, with his wife, he will seek a new location, where he can the better live down the disgrace which he feels would surround him here. He spoke well of his treatment at the prison, saying that the change of management had been for the better.

Indiana Collegiate Alumnae.

The annual meeting of the Indiana branch of the Association of Collegiate Alumnae was held yesterday afternoon with Professor Harriet Noble in her parlors at the Blackherne. The chief business was to consider plans for work during the coming year. Miss Atkins and Miss Landers, of Byrn Mawr, and Miss Jacobs, of Smith College, were appointed a committee on college settlements. The standing committees reported the work of the last year. Balloting for officers for the coming year resulted in the election of Prof. Harriet Noble, of Vassar, president; Miss Amelia Waring Platter, of Wesleyan University, secretary; Mrs. W. J. Hasselman, of Kansas University, treasurer. Mrs. May Wright Sewall continues director for Indiana

About Rev. Mr. Whitlock.

Rev. Frank M. Whitlock, who has accepted a call to the Fellowship Congregational Church, at the corner of Broadway and Eleventh street, comes from Monroeville, O., where he had charge of a Congregational church for eight years. Previous to that he had the pastorate of a Cleveland church. Mr. Whitlock was born on Prince Edward Island, but came to Canada in 1863 and there received his education.

Rev. C. A. Hare's First Services.

Rev. Calvin A. Hare, D. D., the recently chosen pastor of the College-avenue Baptist Church, will be here to assume the pastorate on Sunday, Oct. 13.

A large variety of Tables.—Wm. L. Elder.

NEW TRIAL REFUSED

JUDGE BAKER WILL SENTENCE FRANCIS A. COFFIN OCT. 14.

Exceptions Argued by His Attorney—Large Number of Divorces Granted Yesterday.

Judge Baker, of the United States Court, yesterday overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Francis A. Coffin, convicted of aiding and abetting in the misapplication of the funds of the Indianapolis National Bank. The defendant was not sentenced.

The court room was pretty well filled when the hour arrived for the argument on the motion. At 2 o'clock neither the district attorney nor the counsel for the defense had put in an appearance, and Judge Baker with some impatience instructed the United States marshal to summon Mr. Burke. Francis Coffin came in a little later with attorneys Miller and Winter. Percival Coffin came in soon afterward and took a seat beside his brother. While the argument was in progress Francis Coffin received a telegram which appeared to contain news of interest to the brothers and they discussed it in whispers. Mr. Miller made the formal motion for a new trial, reading from manuscript the long list of exceptions on which the defendant based his application.

"We have not thought it worth while to go into an extended argument," he said to Judge Baker. "We do not doubt that your Honor has already considered carefully the instructions submitted by us. You, no doubt, entertain a different view of the law from that taken by us and we should hardly hope to change your opinion as to those views."

Mr. Miller selected some of the more important points set out in the exceptions and discussed them briefly. Taking up the sixth instruction he referred to the fourth count of the indictment, which charged Theodore Haughey with the misapplication of $3,000 of the bank's funds, and the defendant with aiding and abetting in the act.

"But the count does not charge," continued the attorney, "that the money which the defendant aided and abetted was the same money which Theodore Haughey is charged with misapplying." The attorney illustrated his point by the story of the theft of a horse in which A and B were involved.

"If that were a motion to quash," observed the court, "that illustration would strike me with great force."

Mr. Miller next took up the charge of overdrafts, in which the defendants' counsel had asked for specific instructions. He charged that the court, in delivering his instructions, had coupled the matter of the overdrafts with other questions that confused the jury. They were led to suppose that they must consider some things that they should not have considered.

"You introduce matters," proceeded Mr. Miller, "with which the jury had nothing in the world to do. You should have instructed the jury that an overdraft by itself was not a criminal transaction." As to the eleventh instruction Mr. Miller maintained that in a criminal case either of the prties having a theory has a right to ask the court to give instructions which have a close application to the facts which the evidence tends to prove. This, he believed, the court had failed to do. Passing on to the intent on the part of Theodore Haughey to injure the bank Mr. Miller contended that the jury should have been instructed to consider whether or not the bank president had a motive. The attorney gave an illustration on this point by recalling a part of the instructions given by Judge Hadley to the jury in the Hinshaw murder case. The jury must carefully consider what the defendant had to gain in the commission of the act charged to him. On this point the court contended that he omitted none of the essential points in charging the jury.

In reviewing the latter part of the court's instructions attorney Miller called attention to the definition of insolvency. Here he believed that the court had erred palpably.

"It does not seem to us," he said, "that your Honor has the true definition. There were one hundred banks in Indiana in 1895 that were perfectly good and solvent as long as they were permitted to go on with business. But compel them to wind up, and they could not possibly pay their debts."

"A banker has no right," interrupted Judge Baker at this point, "to permit some irresponsible tramp to come to his counter and draw money when he has no money on deposit. I confess that as to that point in the instructions I might have stated it stronger than I did. It seems to me that when the debt of the cabinet company to the bank reached $100,000 and an effort was made to float that debt on the security of assets of the whole corporation it impressed my mind that they knew the thing was hopelessly insolvent. I don't feel that I stated facts as strong as the evidence justified. I am free to say, now that the trial is over, that the evidence was overwhelming in that direction. I see nothing in the suggestions made to lead me to think that the defendants were done an injustice. It is always possible by turning a microscope this way or that way to prove almost anything by it. Taking the charge as a whole, and especially the last proposition, I can't conceive that the jury was misled and misunderstood as to what the duty was in searching for the intent. I feel that the defendants have had a fair trial, and, in view of this fact, it is my duty to overrule a motion for a new trial. I am not sure that if some of these objections had come up at another time I would have entertained a motion to quash."

Attorney Winter stepped forward to file a motion in arrest of judgment with the clerk. Judge Baker and the district attorney consulted for a few moments. The court then said:

"The district attorney informs me that he will not insist on sentence being pronounced to-day, and I think I will defer this temporarily. It may be that I will sentence Mr. Coffin a week from next Monday. In the meantime, I shall request the defendant to remain in this city."

"If Mr. Coffin has any intention of leaving the city I do not know of it," rejoined attorney Miller.

"I did not mean you to understand it that way," remarked the court. "I did not mean to intimate that he might run off. I thought he might think he was not needed for a few days, and would go out of town."

"Mr. Coffin has come to the conclusion," laughed Mr. Miller, "that the court can't get along without him."

"Yes, sir; the court can get along without Mr. Coffin or any other criminal," retorted Judge Baker.

The attorneys for Francis Coffin hope to secure a supersedeas which will keep their client out of prison. A writ of this character can be granted by either the judge of the District or Circuit Court, in addition to the United States Supreme Court. The attorneys are confident that the Supreme Court will grant a rehearing.

SATURDAY'S DIVORCE GRIND.

Judge McMaster Again Leads in Number of Cases.

Yesterday was again a day for the hearing and granting of divorces. Judge McMaster led again in the number of cases. The applications were granted in most cases through default of the defendants to appear and make a defense. The courts heard the usual stories of cruelty, desertion and unfaithfulness. Judge Bartholomew restored to Francis M. Dougherty her maiden name of Charles. Mary E. Hutchinson testified in Judge McMaster's court that her husband's cruelty consisted in cold treatment and inattention such as a wife requires. The husband in this case, so the evidence showed, would not sit by his fireside and converse with his wife, but instead hustled off to bed at night and left her sewing or reading to herself. The court concluded that this was not ground for divorce and refused the application. The names of the parties who were legally separated yesterday are as follows: Elizabeth J. Bowman, from John W. Bowman; Docia Boswell, from Preston Boswell; Christina Statts, from Albert Statts; Essie F. Cook, from Theophilus Cook; Erasmus D. Lucas, from Mary E. Lucas; Francis M. Dougherty, from Bernard S. Dougherty; William E. Mace, from Mattie E. Mace; Franklin Bern, from Martha Bern; Ida Fry from George Fry; Marie Benskin, from Thomas J. Benskin; Cary Noble, from Emma Noble.

A SALOON KEEPER'S APPEAL.

Case to Test Remonstrance Feature of the Nicholson Law.

Ernest H. Ludwig, a Lawrence township saloon keeper, who was defeated in his effort to secure a liquor license owing to the remonstrance provision in the Nicholson law, yesterday filed his appeal from the decision of the County Commissioners to the Circuit Court. It is believed that this suit will wind up in the Supreme Court in an effort to test the validity of that section of the law permitting a majority of the voters to prevent the grant of a license.

Iron Hall Claims Speculation.

Judge Carter yesterday gave judgment to John W. McKinnon against 121 defendants in the suit brought against them and the receiver of the Iron Hall in garnishment of various small sums ranging from a fraction of a dollar to $15. McKinnon is one of the Baltimore speculators in Iron Hall claims, and by this judgment the receiver is authorized to pay over to him the amounts of several judgments. The defendants are all nonresidents of this State. There were probably a score of such cases in which the court found that no claim was due the co-defendants, and if McKinnon paid anything for their claims he is that much the loser.

Receiver Lamb's Final Report.

The final report of Robert N. Lamb, receiver of the Harrison bank, which failed some years ago, was yesterday filed in Judge Bartholomew's court and the receiver was discharged. The last dividend was 4 per centum, and the amount distributed was $1,153.70.

Court Notes.

William P. Myers was yesterday admitted to practice of law in this county, on motion of Charles F. Coffin, in Judge Brown's court.

The jury in the case of Bristow Wagoner against Vandever Brothers and the city of Indianapolis, yesterday brought in a verdict for the defendants. The plaintiff claimed to have been injured owing to the fault in a pair of street scales, which caused him to be thrown out.

THE MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

Saloons Must Be Kept Closed on Election Day.

Mayor Denny will to-morrow issue the following proclamation regarding the observance of the liquor laws on election day:

"To the public: In view of the election to be held in this city Tuesday, I deem it my duty to call special attention to the provisions of the law on the subject of selling and giving away liquors on said day. By sections 2098 and 2099 of the Revised Statutes of 1881, it is made unlawful for any person, including druggists, to sell, barter or give away any kind of intoxicating liquor on the day of any municipal election. By the provisions of the liquor law of 1895 all saloon keepers are required to keep their sales rooms securely closed and to exclude all persons therefrom.

"Therefore, I, Caleb S. Denny, Mayor of the city of Indianapolis, hereby direct that said laws be strictly observed during said election by all classes of citizens, and warn all persons who shall violate any provision of said laws, that they will be arrested and prosecuted therefor. All police officers in said city will see to it that this order is obeyed."

OF NO DENOMINATION.

A Church in Lincoln Park at Which All May Worship.

The Lincoln Park Union Chapel, at the corner of Talbott avenue and Sixteenth street, will be dedicated this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The congregation of the new chapel is composed of the people who live in the neighborhood and denomination is not a factor in the new organization. The new building, which has a seating capacity of four hundred, is the first inter-denominational building to be erected in the city. The congregation is made up of representatives of all the Protestant churches. Services have been held during the last two years at the homes of the members. Rev. E. M. C. Botterill, formerly of Terre Haute, but recently engaged in evangelistic work at Philadelphia, has been asked to assume the charge of the new church. The congregation has about $3,318 accumulated in property. The pastors of the city have been asked to be present at the dedication of the new building.

Dunlap's Celebrated Hats

And all the other first-class Hats at Seaton's Hat Store, 27 North Pennsylvania street.

A. C. Harris's law offices removed to 504-506 Indiana Trust Building.

The Deitch Mausoleum.

Yesterday the contract was closed for the erection of the $20,000 monument provided for in the will of the late Joseph Deitch, whose estate has attracted such wide attention in the last few months. He set apart $20,000 for a mausoleum, and many of the large builders of such work competed for the prize. It was awarded finally to McDonnell & Sons, of Buffalo, N. Y., through their resident agent, Mr. Henry Myers, No. 440 North Meridian street. It is to be erected in the Hebrew Congregational Cemetery when completed, which will be in August of next year. The material is of Barry, Vt., granite and the structure will be massive yet very artistic.

The firm of McDonnell & Sons is well known in this locality, many of the handsomest monuments in Crown Hill and the other cemeteries of the city being the product of their large establishment. The adition of the Deitch mausoleum to their other work in Indianapolis is another tribute to their excellent reputation in the West.

Burned Out.

H. C. Chandler, designer and engraver, who was burned out in the late fire, has relocated over Kuhn's grocery, corner Market and Illinois streets. His friends and patrons are invited to call.

In Everybody's Mouth.

Not only the beer of all malt brews—the Home Brewing Company's latest product, "Malt Extract"—but also its universal praise by all who tasted it. In bottles only. Telephone, 1050.

Cook's Imperial, World's Fair. "Highest award, excellent Champagne; good effervescence, agreeable bouquet and delicious flavor"

Hardwood Mantels, Grates. Jno. M. Lilly.

Insure your home in the Glens Falls.

SOHMER PIANOS, Carlin & Lenox, 31 E. Market.

For Fine Cigars. PIERSON'S, 12 North Penn.

Our New York Office

Not exactly an office, but a place where we receive orders for special work, or selection of goods. Messrs. Walk & Son are in New York City buying Holiday Goods, and orders left at the store will be forwarded promptly.

Julius C. Walk, & Son,

Leading Jewelers, 12 E. Wash. St.

DEAFNESS

Our Mr. Harry D. Wilson will be at the BATES HOUSE, Indianapolis, on OCTOBER 7 AND 8, with Wilson's Common Sense Ear Drums, where they can be seen and purchased. The only practical and comfortable and invisible Ear Drum in the World. Consultation and examination free. Please call.

HOME OFFICE:
WILSON EAR DRUM COMPANY,
Fifth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.
Bates House, October 7 and 8.

Bargain for Monday, Oct. 7, 1895.

Scott's complete Waverley Novels, 12 vols., 12 mo., cloth, good type and paper, for $2.90. By express at same price if order is postmarked October 7. Watch this space.

CATHCART, CLELAND & CO
6 East Washington Street,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

JEWEL STOVES and RANGES

We have just added a most complete line of these goods to our stock. They are the best made, and cost no more than inferior goods. If you need a Stove give us a call.

LILLY & STALNAKER, 64 East Wash. St.

BOYD & JONES,

39 E. WASHINGTON ST. 39 E. WASHINGTON ST.

LADIES' JACKETS, LADIES' CAPES, LADIES' SUITS AND FUR CAPES.

If you want to see some of the prettiest Hats and Bonnets in Indianapolis, come and inspect our . . . NEW MILLINERY . . .

JACKETS

LADIES' Jackets, made in an excellent quality of Beaver and Boucle; collars black and navy; ripple back; mandolin sleeves, 28 inches long.

CLOTH CAPES

LADIES' Double Cloth Capes, splendid quality Beaver; colors black and navy; elegantly beaded and satin-faced.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS

LADIES' Tailor-Made Suits, made from the finest imported mixtures; skirts have full sweep, lined with proper lining; various styles to choose from.

BOYD & JONES.

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JACKETS JACKETS JACKETS

LADIES' Jackets, made from the finest quality imported Jersey, Astrakhan Cloth and Cheviots; colors black, navy and brown; half satin lined; ripple back; mandolin sleeves.

SEALETTE CAPES SEALETTE CAPES SEALETTE CAPES

LADIES' Sealette Capes; excellent qualities; 22 to 26 inches long; neatly embroidered and beaded; collar and front trimmed with Thibet.

BOYD & JONES.

Egan & Co.,
TAILORS,
61 and 63 N. Pennsylvania Street.

We desire to acquaint you with the fact that we have removed from 21 South Meridian Street to our spacious quarters, Nos. 61 and 63 N. Pennsylvania Street.

In addition, we request an inspection of the Latest Novelties of Fall and Winter Fabrics, which will be to your advantage.

We are desirous of your patronage, and trust that you will favor us with a call.

Very truly yours,

Egan & Co.,
TAILORS,
61 and 63 N. Pennsylvania Street.

DONT GET LEFT
THE KATY FLYER
A NEW FAST TRAIN
VIA THE MK AND T
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY.

LEAVES UNION STATION DAILY AND SUNDAYS TOO AT **ST. LOUIS 8.20 P.M.**
FOR SEDALIA, NEVADA, FT. SCOTT, PARSONS, INDIAN TER., DALLAS, FT. WORTH, WACO, HOUSTON, SAN ANTONIO AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

Rough Effects The "Vogue"

The imported novelties in fabrics we now show in our Ladies' Tailoring Department are chiefly in rough effects. Few smooth cloths are used. We have an extensive line of these new and popular fabrics, and ladies are invited to call and see them.

We invite special attention to our Montegnacs and Chinchillas for heavy coats and our models for winter goods.

Well-dressed ladies are friendly to us.

KAHN TAILORING CO.
22 and 24 East Washington Street.

BUSINESS

The popular coat for business wear will be the four-button Cutaway Sack; shapely to the waist, moderately full below; average length, 30 inches; collar long, notch widths narrow; edges double-stitched, seams to match.

Material: Cheviots in Black, Blue, Brown; Oxfords and many mixtures deftly blended; Scotch Stuffs in Plaids, Stripes and neat Checks.

Prices: $25 up.

Yours to command.

Young & McMurray,
. . . TAILORS . . .
12 and 14 North Meridian Street.

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For Bedrooms,
For Parlors,
For Dining Rooms,
For Libraries,
For Halls,
For Offices.

Best goods for least money.

WM. L. ELDER
43 and 45 South Meridian Street.

50 PATTERNS OF
Body Brussels

Suitable for small room; well worth $1.25; now selling for

50 Cents a Yard

They will not last long. If you want them come early.

Albert Gall,
17 and 19 WEST WASHINGTON STREET

Sunday Journal, by Mail $2 a Year

TRY A MERCANTILE
EXACT SIZE PERFECTO!
THE MERCANTILE is the favorite 10c Cigar. Manufactured by F. B. RICE MERCANTILE CIGAR CO., 806 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo. For sale by all first-class dealers.