Nothing definite has been heard from Sivas, Van or Bitlis, where disturbances between the Turks and Armenians are reported to have taken place.

A consignment of five thousand Mauser rifles, ordered by the Turkish government, arrived here several days ago, but they still remain on the lighters to which they were transferred, as the bill of the manufacturers has not been paid and the agents of the latter decline to give up the rifles until the money is forthcoming.

Izzet Effendi, a celebrated Turkish lawyer, has been arrested on the charge of being the author of the placards which were posted in the public thoroughfares of Stamboul, espousing the Armenian cause.

Later—The Armenian refugees evacuated the churches to-day in the presence of the dragomans of the embassies of the different foreign powers, who were present to insure the safety of the refugees and to report on their return to their homes to the embassadors.

Far from Reassuring.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard says: "The situation is far from reassuring. While the Armenians and some sections of the Christian population show less alarm, the Moslem element is in a state of effervescence, which is causing the greatest anxiety at the palace. Revolutionary placards were posted yesterday at the mosques and in other public places, clamoring for a constitution and for a meeting of national assemblies. Though great exasperation is felt by the Moslem classes against the Armenians, the young Turkish party is adroitly profiting by the general confusion to excite animus against the Sultan, who it declares to be primarily responsible for the present state of affairs. The principal fear at the palace arises, not from the Armenians, but from the revolutionary spirit displayed by the Moslems. This fear will almost certainly bring about Armenian reforms, which there is every reason to hope will be embodied as published before the end of the week."

The Pope Receives Minister Tripp.

ROME, Oct. 10.—The Pope to-day received in an audience the United States minister to Austria, the Hon. Bartlett Tripp, and congratulated him upon the complete freedom of Catholicism in the United States. His Holiness alluded to the coming elevation of Mgr. Satolli, the apostolic delegate to the Roman Catholic Church in the United States, to the cardinalate and inquired concerning the health of President Cleveland, for whom the Pope expressed warm regard. His Holiness appeared to be enjoying excellent health.

Ten Workmen Killed.

COLOGNE, Oct. 10.—A spinning factory at Bocholt, forty-five miles from Munster, Westphalia, has collapsed and buried forty workmen in the ruins. Of this number ten were killed outright and nine were seriously injured. The remaining workmen escaped with slight injuries.

Sixty-Five Deaths from Cholera.

AUKLAND, New Zaland, Oct. 10.—Advices received from Hawaii to-day show that there have been sixty-five deaths in all from cholera in Hawaii up to Sept. 26.

Cable Notes.

At Coolgardie, the center of the new Australian gold field, a fire on Wednesday destroyed property valued at $1,250,000.

SERIOUSLY EMBARRASSED.

One of the Leading Lumber Firms of Michigan in Trouble.

BAY CITY, Mich., Oct. 10.—Alfred Mosher & Son, one of the leading Michigan lumber firms, filed chattel mortgages covering all their Michigan property to-day. The first mortgage is for $56,780 and runs to George H. Tilden, of New Lebanon, N. Y., a son-in-law of Alfred Mosher. The second is for $19,089 and runs to the Union National Bank of Troy, N. Y., of which Mosher is vice president. T. F. Shepard, attorney for the firm states to-night that there are a large number of unsecured creditors both in Michigan and elsewhere, but cannot give the total liabilities. The firm has bought heavily during the past three years and with a heavy shrinkage of values has been unable to realize on investments. The senior member of the firm has been rated as worth from $500,000 to $1,000,000, but it is thought that the failure will practically tie him. Heavy investments in Washington timber, where they are also interested in a fine lumber plant, have not proved profitable and this has helped to drag them down. A rough guess at liabilities places them at half a million.

Alleged Mismanagement.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 10.—Mrs. Mary Morrill, one of the heaviest stockholders of the Cleveland Paper Company, to-day filed suit against Newton Taylor, president of that concern, alleging mismanagement in the affairs of the company on the part of Taylor and demanding an immediate accounting. The petition alleges that by the faults of President Taylor during the past twenty years the company has lost $300,000. Mrs. Morrill avers that by fraudulent representations on the part of Taylor the stockholders were induced to make numerous worthless investments. The Cleveland Paper Company is one of the largest concerns of its kind in the West.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

At Middletown, N. Y., Wednesday night, ice formed an eighth of an inch thick. There was a slight flurry of snow.

Edwin P. Evans, of Alexander, Minn., shot his wife three times and immediately afterward shot and killed himself on the street last evening.

Jerome Frank, a four-year-old boy, whose parents live in Pittsburg and who is a nephew of Andrew Carnegie, was admitted to the Pasteur Institute of New York yesterday. He was bitten by a pet dog on Oct. 5.

At Piqua, O., yesterday, Barney Pietz, a German aged eighty-two, and his housekeeper, Mrs. Mary Pfisiner, aged about sixty-five, were bound and gagged by three masked men and their jewelry and valuables taken.

Mrs. Emma Marquardt, of Toledo, committed suicide yesterday by drowning herself in a cistern. For several days she has been low spirited. She conducted a millinery establishment and her husband is a hardware merchant.

A stay of proceedings has been granted in the case of Father Flaherty, under sentence at Geneseo, N. Y., for outraging a young girl, and the prisoner was liberated at midnight under $10,000 bail, pending an appeal for a new trial.

Colorado's Governor Exonerated.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—William Hosea Ballou, vice president of the American Humane Association, to-day wrote to John G. Shortall, of Chicago, president of the society, asking him to withdraw from its minutes the resolution recently passed at a meeting in Minneapolis censuring Governor McIntyre, of Colorado, for "timidity and indifference" in not stopping the bull fights in his State. Governor McIntyre sent to the society a statement to prove that he exerted his official power so far as he could legally do to prevent the fights. Another brief supporting the Governor was also filed by Lieut. George L. Byram, of the United States army, which confirms the executive in every point. Governor McIntyre declares that he had the State militia in readiness to raid the arena, but that the sheriff of the county refused to call on him for assistance. He stated that he could only use the military arm of the State, under the circumstances, by a gross usurpation of power, which would render him liable to impeachment.

Could Not Stand the Disgrace.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 10.—A sensation was caused this evening by the finding in his office of the dead body of H. C. Litchfield, manager and part owner of the Railroad Transfer Company, a business man of twenty years' standing here, and who was worth $100,000. He had shot himself with a revolver and left a note stating that he could not stand the disgrace that attached to his company. Thomas Noland, the company's foreman, and others were recently arrested for systematically robbing the local railroads of thousands of dollars' worth of freight in transit. In a confession Litchfield was implicated and some of the stolen goods were found in Litchfield's house.

Murdered Her Mother.

DAYTON, O., Oct. 10.—Mrs. Mary Knight, aged forty-three, murdered her mother, Mrs. Catherine Hart, aged sixty-four, tonight. Both women were drunk and quarreling and Mrs. Knight knocked her mother down with a piece of iron, then picking up a chair beat her over the head, mashing her skull and braining her. The old woman was dead when the officers arrived. The daughter is in the city prison charged with murder.

Mrs. Clara Doty Bates Ill.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Mrs. Clara Doty Bates, well known as a writer of high-class literature for juvenile readers, is ill beyond recovery in her apartments in the Newberry, Dearborn and Chicago avenues. Her death is expected momentarily.

THE EPWORTH LEAGUE

FIFTH ANNUAL STATE CONVENTION IN SESSION AT EVANSVILLE.

Majority of Wabash Preachers Indorse Bloomers—David Seright's Preliminary Hearing.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 10.—Almost one thousand delegates are here to-night to attend the fifth annual conference of the Indiana Epworth League, which convened to-night. The affair will close Sunday, with a grand mass meeting. One of the strong features of the opening meeting of the State convention to-night was the address on "The Forward Movement, or the Origin and Growth of the Epworth League in the Methodist Church," by Rev. Dr. S. A. Steele, of Nashville, secretary of the Epworth League of the M. E. Church. Dr. Steele is one of the finest orators in the South, and every one who heard him was delighted. He is the editor of the Epworth Era, the official organ of the young people of his church.

LEVEL-HEADED PREACHERS.

Ministers at Wabash Indorse Bloomers for Women.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WABASH, Ind., Oct. 10.—Wabash clergymen have all expressed themselves on the bloomer craze, and the consensus of ministerial opinion is altogether in favor of the bloomers. Rev. G. B. Van Arsdall can see no impropriety in women wearing bloomers, and is disposed to leave the choosing of the garb to the women themselves. Rev. A. W. Lamport, of the M. E. Church, reasons that bloomers are not half so objectionable as the evening dress of the fashionable women, and thinks they are destined to popularity because they are comfortable. Rev. Dr. Charles Little, of the Presbyterian Church, is rather noncommittal. He at first objected to them, but since they have apparently come to stay he is trying to get used to them. Rev. Hess and Rev. Smith, of the Lutheran churches, are decidedly opposed to bloomers, basing their criticism on the fact that the garments are masculine, and that the Scriptures forbid women wearing male attire.

SERIGHT'S PRELIMINARY HEARING.

Evidence that He Fired the First Shot in the Sunday Tragedy.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENSBURG, Ind., Oct. 10. — Preliminary examination of David D. Seright for the murder of James S. Goddard was held at the courthouse to-day before Mayor Northern. The testimony of Taylor Goddard shows that he and his father went to the house of David Seright, in the town of Sandusky, Sunday morning, for the purpose of getting possession of Taylor Goddard's little girl, Hazel. As was his custom, he opened the door and walked into the dining room, where the Seright family was at breakfast. A fight followed, and David Seright got his shotgun and fired at James Goddard, but missed him. Seright then reloaded the gun and pointed it at Taylor Goddard, who drew a revolver and shot at Seright. Seright then turned on James Goddard, approaching with a club, and shot him. The shooting all took place outdoors. Other witnesses testified that Seright fired first. The case will be continued to-morrow.

Street Fair at North Salem.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NORTH SALEM, Ind., Oct. 10.—For several years this place has held one of the best district fairs in the State, but during the world's fair the directors allowed it to go down. This year the business men of the place are trying to revive the fair here, and are holding on the streets what is called a street fair. Premiums were offered for agricultural and horticultural products. Potatoes are on exhibition that weigh three pounds, ears of corn sixteen inches long, corn on the stalk seventeen feet high, ears on the stalk being nine feet from the ground. Large crowds from other points are on the streets. Each day there is on exhibition a pumpkin weighing 136 pounds, cabbage heads weighing twenty-three pounds, and almost every product of the farm is shown in this display. The display is equal to that of any fair held in this State this year. It will close Saturday.

Y. W. C. A. Convention Next Week.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RICHMOND, Ind., Oct. 10.—Much interest is being taken in the coming State convention of the Y. W. C. A., which will be held in this city Oct. 17 to 20. The programme has not been given out. The principal sessions, those of the day, will be held at Earlham College under the auspices of the students' association there, and the evening sessions will be held at various churches in this city. Some of the most prominent women workers in the State will be here. Representatives will be in attendance from the associations at the State University, State Normal, Purdue, Northern Indiana Normal, Union Christian College, Southern Indiana Normal School and Moore's Hill College; also representatives from the two city associations, Indianapolis and Fort Wayne.

Mail Pouch Stolen at Logansport.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Oct. 10. — A mail pouch was stolen from the Panhandle depot early this morning. It is the supposition of the postmaster here than the pouch contained valuable matter, as it was the Indianapolis pouch, which usually contains much valuable mail. The train which brought the pouch here arrived at 2:20 o'clock, and the pouch, with others, was thrown on a baggage truck as usual. The transfer man who delivers the mail to the postoffice came along in the course of time, but did not discover that the most important pouch of the lot was missing. The discovery was not made until 8 o'clock. The pouch was found later. No clew to the robbers.

Furniture Factory Burned.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Oct. 10.—The plant of the Logansport Furniture Company was destroyed by fire at 1:30 o'clock this morning. The factory was in a big frame structure on the bank of Eel river, just across the water from the business portion of the city. It made a big fire and the plant was soon wiped out. Only the heroic work of the fire department saved the whole north side of the city from destruction. The fire originated in a finishing room from a natural gas stove, which was left burning and became overheated. The loss will be something like $8,000, about two-thirds covered by insurance. The factory was owned by George Ash, J. C. Hadley and Mrs Leopold Smith.

Tried to Pass a "Raised" Warrant.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 10.—C. W. Ricketts, a salesman of school supplies, representing the Western Supply Company, was arrested here to-day for trying to sell a forged township warrant. It is alleged he raised a warrant issued by Trustee Boatman, of this county, from $390 to $590, and had negotiated its sale to a local trust company. Mr. Boatman heard of it, and went to look it up, but as he entered the door Ricketts took the order and engaged the trustee in conversation, at the same time tearing the warrant in pieces. Ricketts is a graduate of Michigan University. He was formerly principal of the Paris High School. His home is in Charleston, Ill.

The Saloon Keeper Acquitted.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Oct. 10.—This morning the jury in the Worden-Fries case returned a verdict for the defendant. The case was for damages growing out of the shooting by Harry Worden of Warren Knowles while intoxicated. Worden was sent to the penitentiary and his wife sued Nicholas Fries for damages, alleging that he was responsible for her deprivation of her husband for having sold him the liquor unlawfully. The jury found for the defandant on the testimony of Fries and others that he was compelled at the point of a revolver to sell the whisky to Worden.

Gas and Oil at Albany.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ALBANY, Ind., Oct. 10.—Gas well No. 2, for the bottle factory, drilled in yesterday, has developed into a gusher, and is probably the strongest and best one in this field. It will show a pressure of some 330 pounds, and has a capacity for more than 15,000,000 cubic feet per day.

A good vein of oil was found while drilling for gas west of town Tuesday. The well was shot and resulted in an oil well of fifty-barrel capacity, and the flow is said to be increasing. This is the first oil well in this vicinity.

Gold Badge for Sir Knight Speer.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 10.—At a big meeting of Knights of Pythias here tonight George Speer, a member of the order, was presented with a gold badge voted him by the last Indiana Grand Lodge for the part he took in securing a Knight of Pythias ritual in the hands of the German secessionists, who started the "Improved Order of Knights of Pythias." The ritual, it is alleged, had been stolen from one of the local lodges. Several Grand Lodge officers were present.

Accidentally Shot His Cousin.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NEW CASTLE, Ind., Oct. 10.—Late yesterday evening, as Scott Mann, aged fifteen, and his cousin and intimate companion, Marshall Menafee, aged eleven, were returning from squirrel hunting, the rifle carried by the elder boy slipped from under his arm, and, in his effort to catch it, he touched the trigger, and the bullet was sent into the heart of young Menafee, who was following close behind. The funeral will be held Saturday.

District W. R. C. Convention.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ELWOOD, Ind., Oct. 10.—The district convention of the W. R. C. was held here to-day. The business session was held this morning and the afternoon was spent in arranging for the evening exercises at the opera house. The G. A. R. was out in force. The opera house was decorated. Canton Elwood gave a drill exhibition on the streets early in the evening. Mrs. Golding, of this city, was elected president.

A Pedagogue Without Pupils.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Oct. 10. — School district No. 4, of Sugar Creek, has a school rebellion of a peculiar nature. The township trustee, Elmer Lee, employed Frank Holmes to teach there this winter and the patrons rebelled as soon as he was selected. The school has been in session four weeks, and yet not a single pupil has entered that school. Holmes goes to the building regularly every morning and remains all day.

No Street Gas Lights at Portland.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PORTLAND, Ind., Oct. 10.—Suit was begun in the Jay Circuit Court to-day to forfeit the charters of the two natural gas companies of this city. It is claimed in the complaint that there is a combine to raise prices. The City Council also declared in a resolution last night the contract of the Portland Gas and Oil Company to light the streets forfeited, and no street lights are burning to-night.

A Lover's Suicide.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ELKHART, Ind., Oct. 10.—Miss Effie Burke, a well-known young woman of this city, died to-day from the effects of a dose of corrosive sublimate taken with suicidal intent. John Wailes, a young man on whom she had bestowed her affections, failed to reciprocate, and, unable to withstand the disappointment, the girl took her life.

Mangled by a Heavy Crane.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ELWOOD, Ind., Oct. 10.—Charles Davis, an employe of the tin-plate works, was fatally injured by a heavy crane breaking its fastenings and falling on him to-night, crushing his shoulder and left side. He is forty-five years old, and can scarcely live till morning.

Farmer Killed at a Railway Crossing.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LIBERTY, Ind., Oct. 10.—Johnson Orr, a wealthy and aged farmer, of near Billingsville, this county, while driving across the railway this afternoon, was run down by a train and crushed to death. The horse escaped unhurt.

Two Years for Manslaughter.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Oct. 10.—In the case of Frank Marks, charged with murdering Solomon Swango on Aug. 9, the jury found him guilty of manslaughter and fixed his punishment at two years in the penitentiary.

Indiana Deaths.

MUNCIE, Ind., Oct. 10.—George Baxter, aged thirty-six, residing at Melville, N. J., died last night at the City Hospital of inflammation of the stomach. He was a flint glass worker.

George Baker, aged fifty, one of the best known colored men in Muncie, died last night. He leaves considerable property, with no heirs. His property will likely go to the A. M. E. Church.

Samuel L. Cosgrove, a well-known grocer, died last night, aged forty-six. He had been ill with typhoid fever.

EIKHART, Ind., Oct. 10.—John J. Conklin, aged fifty-two, died here yesterday from injuries received during the late war.

Mrs. Rachel Punchus, a pioneer of this place, aged eighty-two, died yesterday of heart failure.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Oct. 10.—William Swango died at his home in Sugar Creek township last night of typhoid fever, aged fifty-eight. There are five other members of the family confined with the disease.

CROTON OIL IN COFFEE.

Deed of a Youth Who Objected to His Sister Giving a Party.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 10.—Last evening Henry Meyer, a boy seventeen years old, objected to his sister giving a birthday party at their home, and in order to discourage any future attempts in the same line mixed two ounces of croton oil with the coffee that was served to the guests. As a result twelve of the young people who attended the party are now in a serious condition, and fatal results are expected from some of them. The lad was arrested and charged with mixing poisonous drinks with food, and is held awaiting the analysis of the city chemist. Young Meyer became imbued with the idea from reading the newspaper accounts of the use of croton oil during the Homestead strike.

FOURTEEN LIVES LOST.

British Steamer Livonia Sunk by Collision with the Napier.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 10.—The British steamer Napier, belonging to North Shields, bound from Cronstadt to Rotterdam, has been in collision off the island of Aaland with the British steamer Livonia, of Leith. The latter vessel sank and fourteen of her crew were drowned in spite of the efforts of the Napier's crew who, however, succeeded in rescing ten men.

Poured Oil on the Water.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Some months ago Captain Sigsbee, the chief hydrographer, began to disseminate among the lake mariners instructions as to the use of oil to protect shipping in rough seas, giving full particulars in the monthly pilot chart. The Cleveland branch of the hydrographic office now reports the first case of the practical application of this information on the lakes. The schooner E. R. Williams was cast away in Green bay during the great storm about ten days ago in a sea so broken and furious that the sailors believed it to be impossible for a boat to live for a moment. Captain Hunton, however, bethought himself of the oil, and by dripping it over the windward side of his lifeboat he succeeded in landing every one of his crew safely, the seas, though large, being prevented from breaking.

Movements of Steamers.

GLASGOW, Oct. 10.—Arrived: Circassia, from New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Arrived: Spree, from Bremen.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Arrived: Mobile, from New York.

BREMEN, Oct. 10.—Arrived: Aller, from New York.

A Reservoir Bursts.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 10.—A storage reservoir containing 2,500,000 gallons of water and owned by the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company burst to-night. It is situated in the heart of the city, and did considerable damage, filling the repair yards of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad with wreckage and washing away a portion of Chapman street. A girl was swept along a quarter of a mile and was rescued by firemen. Street car traffic was blocked for several hours. Hundreds of factory girls crossed the path of the water a few moments before the break occurred.

A BASELESS REPORT

UNFOUNDED RUMOR REGARDING PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

People Who Saw Police Searching Near Gray Gables Supposed He Had Been Assassinated.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—A report obtained wide circulation throughout the country at an early hour this morning that President Cleveland had been assasinated at his home at Gray Gables, near Buzzard's Bay.

Concerning this rumor the following message has just been received from Boston: "All telephone connection with Buzzard's Bay is through New Bedford. Can't raise Buzzard's Bay, nor has it been on the wire since 9 o'clock. The New Bedford operator says nothing could have gone out of Buzzard's Bay by 'phone without his knowledge. Hence, he believes there is nothing in the report. Western Union closed at Buzzard's Bay long ago."

According to a report received at the New York office of the Associated Press from New Bedford, Mass., early this morning, a woman was murdered in the suburbs of New Bedford last night. The police while in search for the murderer passed within sight of Gray Gables. They were observed by some of the country people, and from this incident the rumor is supposed to have originated. It is impossible to establish telegraphic or telephonic communication with the Cleveland residence to-night, but in case of any accident or incident of this nature the local police at New Bedford would undoubtedly be notified. Lieutenant Comstock, who is in charge of the New Bedford police, said: "I have heard nothing of the report, and to the best of my knowledge and belief the rumor is untrue."

OPERATORS AND MINERS.

Conference of Employers and Employes in the Pittsburg Coal District.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 10.—A conference of railroad coal operators and miners of the Pittsburg district, to arrange for a uniform scale of wages, was held here to-day. There is a large attendance of miners and operators, fifty-four companies, and from 12,000 to 15,000 miners being represented. Operator Dempsey raised a commotion with the question of the right of District President Cairns to a seat and vote in the convention. President Penna, of the miners' union, scored the operators and said he asked for nothing but fair play. Another tilt was precipitated when a motion was made that a committee be appointed to invite President Dearmit, of the New York & Chicago Gas Coal Company (who is not a member of the operators' association) to come before the meeting and give his views on "uniformity." After a heated discussion, the committee was appointed. Later Mr. Dearmit appeared and gave his views, the gist of which is that uniformity means a certain rate for 2,000 pounds, no limit to wagons, uniform screens, and cash payments. He upheld the system carried out by his company, and concluded by saying he would pay as much as any other operator, but it must be on the above basis, and be put into operation in fact before he would enter into any agreement. He would not trust to promises.

Colonel W. P. Rend made a reply, arraigning Mr. Dearmit for having ruined the coal business. An adjournment was then taken until to-morrow.

CALL TO COLORED MEN.

Asked to Meet in National Convention Next December.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—A call has been issued by a committee of prominent negroes from many States in the Union for a national conference of colored men, to meet at Detroit, Mich., on the 12th of December, 1895. The call, which is a lengthy one, says in part:

"We had hoped that after the national convention of colored men in Washington, 1873, we would have no further necessity for colored conventions; that the legislation then before Congress would work out the complete citizenship of the negro and place him in possession of the means to protect himself in the exercise of his rights. But here we are to-day, thirty years from the event of emancipation, and millions of free men are practically disfranchised, the Constitution of the United States set at defiance, colored American citizens not allowed freedom of locomotion, the freedom of decent transportation; municipal corporations granting license to private citizens to deny us accommodation in hotels, restaurants, barber shops, places of amusement, etc.; the existence of mob and lynch law in disposing of colored men and women arrested on suspicion of committing gross offenses. These are some of the reasons why a national convention of colored men should be called and a consultation held on this terrible condition of the American negro as a citizen and a man in this 'free and enlightened civilization.'"

PLUNGED INTO A RIVER.

Grand Trunk Passenger Train Wrecked and Several People Hurt.

PETERSBORO, Ont., Oct. 10.—A passenger train on the Grand Junction line, a branch of the Grand Trunk railway, between Petersboro and Belleville, plunged into the Ontonabee river, near this city, at 9 o'clock this evening, through a lock bridge being left open. Several persons were badly injured, but no fatalities are reported.

THE NEXT POPE.

Much Concern Regarding the Successor of Leo XIII.

Bernard Morgan, in Donahoe's.

Leo was already an old man when he assumed the tiara, and from the beginning there has been considerable speculation and manipulation concerning his successor. As far back as 1884, Cardinal Czacki was the leader of a group of cardinals who looked upon Mgr. Battaglini, the cardinal-archbishop of Bologna, as the next Pope. Death, however, removed him, and opened the field for further conjecture. It is an open secret that Cardinal Ziglara was at one time Leo's own choice. With Cardinal Pecci, the Pope's brother, and Mgr. Satolli, Zigliara contributed a great deal to the scientific renaissance of Thomistic philosophy, and it was he who furnished the Pontiff with the most important materials for the social encyclical "Novarum Rerum." Death again intervened. Death, too, has removed Cardinal Lavigerie, who was the most prominent of all the non-Italian cardinals of the present reign. Monaco and San Felice are no more spoken of. Cardinal Gibbons has been mentioned even in Italy, and in 1890 Sig. De Cesare thought it worth while to discredit his candidature there by animadversions on his strength of character and learning. But in truth he might have spared himself the trouble. Cardinal Gibbons is just as likely to be Pope as Cardinal Vaughan.

Unless some contingency arises, making it necessary for the Pope to leave Rome, ther is no probability at present of a non-Italian being elected. The ideal Pope of the situation would seem to be an Italian by nationality and a cosmopolitan by association.

In looking for the next Pope there is one very important fact to be guided by. With three or four exceptions the members of the Sacred College are of Leo's creation, and, presumably in a general sense, admirers of his policy. The prelate whom he designs by word or distinctions will have the sympathies of the electors. Among the prominent papabilities Cardinal Rampolla, the Pope's Secretary of State, is a finished diplomatist, but if he possesses other qualifications they are not generally known; the elder Vannutelli, at on time Pope Leo's apparent choice, has ceased to be the prominent figure he was: Cardinal Parocchi, the vicar-general of Rome, is learned, liberal and energetic, and would seem to realize the motto of the apochryphal prophecy, "ignis ardens" (glowing fire)—which is to be the characteristic of the coming pontiff. A prominent figure on the papal horizon, too, is Archbishop Satolli. Everything in his career and character would seem to point to the goal of the supreme pontificate. In a democratic age he is by birth and evident sympathy a man of the people, in a renaissance of Catholic learning he is the profoundest living exponent of Catholic philosophy and theology, in an epoch of transition he has been sent to fill his mind with the new ideas which are growing nowhere with such exuberance as in America. He has occupied two of the most important positions in the Eternal City, as lecturer at the Propaganda and as rector of the Accademia, where the church diplomats are trained. The two great questions of the future are the social problem and the reunion of Christendom, and Archbishop Satolli has had unrivaled opportunities for the study of both. The cardinalate is within sight, and from the cardinalate to the tiara is a short step with Mgr. Satolli's qualifications.

ATTEMPT TO RESTORE RATES.

Railway Officials Alarmed at Flagrant Violations of the Law.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Flagrant and open violations of the interstate-commerce law by the traffic officials of the Western roads during the last few weeks have created alarm among the more conservative managers. The open reductions in freight rates during the past few days to Colorado points from Chicago and St. Louis were only made, it is said, to cover up the secret rate cutting that has been indulged in for many months past. Western freight rates have become demoralized as they never were before, and the executive officers of the various roads have come to the conclusion that something had to be done quickly to avert serious trouble. With the utmost secrecy a meeting was arranged, which came off at the Union League Club. Heretofore such meetings were held at the Western Association rooms, but the latter place was considered too public. The executive officials who attended the meeting used every possible precaution to prevent the fact of their having met from becoming known. All the Chicago Western lines were represented by their vice presidents and general managers, and of the St. Louis lines, the Missouri Pacific, Wabash and Missouri, Kansas & Texas were represented. The absentees were the Union Pacific, the Rio Grande road, the Fort Scott & Memphis and a number of less important lines. The failure of the last-named roads to put in an appearance proved fatal to the object of the meeting and when an adjournment was finally taken a settlement of existing troubles, it is said, appeared to be as far off as ever. Although the proceedings are said to have been entirely informal yet it took several hours to discuss the situation. The debate at times is said to have been quite animated and some of the executive officers gave vent to their feelings in language that was quite plain and could not be misunderstood. The Union Pacific and the Rio Grande roads came in for a special scoring, but there was also much crimination and recrimination indulged between the roads represented at the meeting. All sorts of propositions for the adjustment of the existing troubles were made, but none of them received much support.

HON. CICERO BUCHANAN DEAD.

The Silver-Tongued Orator of Southern Indiana Passes Away.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 11.—Hon. Cicero Buchanan, the silver-tongued orator of Southern Indiana, died early this morning of Bright's disease. He was forty-seven years old, a leading lawyer and prominent in Masonic circles. In politics he was a Republican, and was presidential elector at large for Indiana in 1888. He leaves a widow and two children, one a son, Allen, who a short time since was appointed a naval cadet.

VICTORY FOR THE A. P. A.

Democratic Candidates for City Offices Defeated at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 10.—At this hour, with four wards to hear from, McCarthy, the A. P. A. candidate for Mayor, is about 250 votes ahead of Guild, Democrat, and the A. P. A. candidates for councilmen also lead by about the same vote. The wards to hear from will hardly have Democratic majorities sufficient to overcome these figures. The total vote is about 10,000, and the proposition to subscribe $100,000 to the Tennessee centennial exposition by the city is ratified.

Joseph Manley's Western Trip.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—A Herald dispatch says that Hon. Joseph Manley, chairman of the national Republican executive committee, will soon visit the Pacific slope for pleasure and politics. It is intimated that the "boom of Hon. T. B. Reed will be looked after." In his swing around the circle Mr. Manley may sound public sentiment regarding issues and also find out what effect each of the cities that are competing for the honor of housing the national convention has to make.

Missouri Grangers Want Protection.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 10.—The Missouri State Grange, in annual session at Warrenton, has adopted resolutions demanding the protection of agricultural products by an export duty as a right to which farmers are entitled as long as protection is given to manufacturers.

Waite Still "Off His Base."

OTTUMWA, Ia., Oct. 10.—Ex-Governor Waite, of Colorado, who is here, says he has just returned from Ohio and it is a sure thing Coxey will defeat Campbell and Bushnell for Governor.

A GRAPHIC PICTURE.

Henry Watterson Before the Grand Army of the Republic.

Albert D. Shaw, one of the delegates at large from the State of New York to the late National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, has been writing some interesting descriptive letters to the Watertown Standard. Of Mr. Watterson's address of welcome, Mr. Shaw says:

"The event of the day and of the encampment followed, the noble address of Henry Watterson. The scene was unique and inspiring. The representative delegates of the veterans of the Union were before him. The dead past of slavery and rebellion was behind him. Stalwart in form, splendid in poise and action, polished as an orator, and grand in his imperial bearing, Watterson faced an historic audience, fully conscious of the great occasion and proudly equal to its demands. In a voice clear and resonant and full of emotion, he spoke.

"When the famous Kentuckian came to the front of the stage tremendous cheering greeted him. The air was surcharged with patriotic fire at the time from the songs that had been sung, and the poems Riley had rendered in such a charming way. Watterson is striking in appearance, and in many respects reminds one of Roscoe Conkling. His fine head is well set upon broad shoulders, and his athletic build and natural grace of body, combined with the piercing eye and noble features, unite in a presence at once manly and commanding. As he stood before the veterans representing every State in the Union in war days, in the splendor of ripened manhood and the grandeur of an American patriot, his appearance called forth the intensest feeling. His speech was equal to the demands of the hour, and will live in history as a masterpiece of patriotic oratory. I shall never forget the picture of Watterson as he stood before us. It was a great scene. Erect and heroic in presence, he faced the visitors of the greatest civil war of the world with a dignity worthy of the occasion. His sentences were rhythmic and musical, and his words thrilled and captivated his hearers. He knew that he was making a speech that all Americans would read and cherish, and one that could not fail to make an enduring impression upon the Nation. He was to raise a monument of love above the sentiment of hate, and bind former sections into lasting fellowship, sympathy and affection. His emotion was profound, and as he closed in tears he covered his face with his folded arms, as if to shut out the wild chaos of memories of war and blood, and let in visions of blessed love and peace for a great people's happy and united future. He swung wide open the gateway of the South on hinges of love to Northern hearts, and bade them welcome forever. When he turned away at the close the veterans rose in a body and cheered and cheered, while there was not a dry eye in the audience. Grasping Mrs. John A. Logan's hand, the orator and widow stood as a picture of reconciliation and rejoicing, a subject for some great artist of the future.

"Watterson's oration will be held among the treasures of American oratory, and to hear it was rich payment for a long journey in heat and dust. It was Miltonic in its eloquence. * * * As I sat in tears before this brilliant Kentuckian during this great speech my mind carried me back to the brutal war days; to battlefields red with blood and covered with wounded and dying men; to marches amid conditions of sacrifice and sorrow almost overwhelming in their agony; to homes made desolate by the terrors and travail of war, and I cried out in my soul: 'Why could not such as Watterson, many times multiplied before the war, have been as wise and brave as was he thirty years after the cruel conflict, and through Christ-like charity and love saved the holocaust of four years of blood and tears. God's ways are above man's ways, and in the unfolding of human history the backsight teaches how costly the lack of wise forethought is to individuals and to nations. Watterson's speech deserves to be hung on the walls of every schoolhouse in the land."

ROUNDLY DENOUNCED.

Admiral Kirkland and Minister Terrell Scored by Presbyterians.

OSHKOSH, Wis., Oct. 10.—Admiral Kirkland, in command of the United States naval forces in the Mediterranean, was roundly denounced in the Presbyterian Synod meeting to-day by two ministers who have lately returned from an extensive visit in the far East. United States Minister Terrell also received a red-hot roast. The statement was boldly made that Admiral Kirkland was a disgrace to the navy and that Consul Terrell was partial to the Mohammedans. The report lately sent to this country by Read Admiral Kirkland to the effect that the missionaries in Asia Minor, Syria and elsewhere have unduly excited the people and were in a great measure the cause of recent troubles, was strongly denounced by the Rev. Mr. Cady and he recited several incidents that came under his personal observation last winter going to show that, in his opinion, Read Admiral Kirkland is morally incompetent to pronounce judgment upon questions pertaining to missions and is a profane and demoralized man.

The Rev. W. O. Carrier spoke to the same effect and said: "Judge Terrell, the American consul at Jerusalem, made his investigation of the recent trouble a mere farce. The Judge dines with the Sultan once a month and openly avows his partiality to Mohammedanism and sees no reason why missionaries should be sent to the Ottoman empire." Both these ministers claim that with a few exceptions, American representatives on the Mediterranean coast are morally unqualified to represent American sentiment.

AN EXILE FROM GUATEMALA.

President Barrio's Morganatic Mistress and His Lawful Wife.

San Francisco Chronicle.

The most interesting arrival on the City of Sydney, which came into port on the 9th of September, was a pretty Spanish woman, twenty years of age, who was not, for some good reason, registered under her true name on the steamer list.

The woman is Senora Campos, of Guatemala, and in the capital of that southern republic she had the reputation of being a beauty and a belle. The passengers on the Sydney were all rolling under their tongues sweet morsels of gossip about the Spanish woman with the wonderful eyes. On the arrival of the San Blas the stories about the sweet-faced senora and her beautiful baby, were confirmed, until now there is not a single Spanish-American in the city who has not heard the story, or who does not know the history of the lady from Guatemala.

Senora Campos is but twenty years old. Two years ago she was married in Guatemala, where she was born and bred, but now she is a widow. Her husband died in Salvador over a year ago. The Guatemalan planters say that he killed himself for grief because his young wife cared more for another than for him. The widow refuses to say how he met his death.

It was the old story of David and Uriah. President Barrios saw and admired the beautiful young wife. The husband was sent to Salvador on a mission, and the rest is common fame. When Mme. Barrios heard of her husband's open devotion to his new love she left the capital in high dudgeon. She is a proud woman, is Mme. Barrios, beautiful and blonde, as all the world knows. She refused to condone her husband's reckless abandonment to his latest flame, and retired to the highlands to allow him to recover. But his infatuation did not abate. From a distance the President, who likes to keep up the official dignity of his household, tried to negotiate a partial peace. But though Barrios is a soldier and a conqueror where women are concerned, he found one woman whom he could not rule. Mme. Barrios was cool, calm, and firm—very firm. No appeals to the conventionalities and no threats could move her. She absolutely refused all overtures to return to her husband's side until he had given up the woman whose husband had killed himself for grief and shame. Each time Mme. Barrios gave this answer her husband returned to his inamorata. But at length the strength of public opinion, some openly expressed disapprobation on the part of the wives of leading officials, and the absolute need of heeding a head for his home and official hospitality, induced