other element. That was the low plane upon which Governor Campbell pitched his campaign. He made it one of mud slinging and personal abuse, which did not appeal favorably to the intelligent voters of the State.

Heavy Vote at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 6.—The vote of Cincinnati was unusually large. One hundred and ten precincts of the 246 in the city gave Bushnell 18,428; Campbell, 14,256. This indicates a gain upon two years ago for the Republicans. It is estimated from these returns that the Republican plurality in Hamilton county will run from 11,000 to 13,000 and that the entire Republican Legislative ticket will be elected by a plurality of 10,000. In the county ticket, Hagerty, Dem., for auditor, who ran ahead of his ticket, is defeated by from 4,000 to 6,000.

In the Western Reserve.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 5.—Returns from various parts of the Western Reserve report Republican gains almost uniformly. The vote was everywhere light, but the falling off was largest in the Democratic vote. There was no special effort apparently to defeat Republican candidates for the Legislature, and they win in all the counties that go Republican for the head of the ticket. There are few definite returns yet, as the counting is slow.

Hoeffer Probably Defeated.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENVILLE, O., Nov. 5.—The election here to-day showed an increased vote. Campbell has about one thousand plurality. The vote on Representative on returns so far received show that W. S. Ludwick, Democrat, may defeat C. W. Hoeffer, Republican, by a small plurality. Hoeffer probably carries Greenville.

A Lonesome County.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 5.—Franklin county is the only one in the State showing a big Democratic gain. The Republican plurality of 2,000 two years ago has been wiped out and the entire Democratic legislative and county ticket elected by a small plurality.

At Bushnell's Home.

SPRINGFIELD, O, Nov. 5.—Springfield city, with one precinct missing, gives Bushnell 3,551; Campbell, 2,452. Bushnell will have about 2,000 plurality in this county. He received returns at Republican headquarters.

2,500 at Toledo.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 5.—Returns from seventy-three precincts show that the entire county Republican ticket has been elected by 2,500. The senatorial and Representative tickets have been elected by the same amount.

At McKinley's Home.

CANTON, O., Nov. 5.—Canton City's vote: Bushnell, 3,069; Campbell, 2,442; Coxey, 688; Ellis, 116.

KENTUCKY IN DOUBT.

Scattering Returns, However, Indicate Hardin's Possible Election.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 5.—Scattering returns received up to 1 o'clock, including this city and county, give Hardin a majority of 1,700. These returns come from every county in the State. Four years ago, in the race for Governor, the Democratic majority was 28,081, and some idea of the present result may be gleaned from the fact that the Republicans made the following gains in counties remotely situated: Adair, 248; Allen, 473; Mercer, 286; Madison, 293; Breckinridge, 840; Boyd, 566; Cumberland, 257; Franklin, 588. In this county the Republican gain will be over 11,000.

The Courier-Journal, in its midnight extra, says: "The returns possible at this hour are too far from complete to do more than serve as indications. They show generally that the Democrats have suffered losses in most counties. In some counties they seem to have gained slightly. The vote was not as heavy as had been expected. The Republicans lead in all the legislative races except in the Forty-eighth district, where Carroll had a walkover. From present indications John H. Weller is defeated for the State Senate by Christian Stege."

The attention of the committeemen and newspapers is so much centered on the race for Governor that the legislative contests outside of Jefferson county are overlooked in the returns. The reports are too meagre for general use. The indications at this writing are that the vote of this county will decide the race for Governor. Whatever the result the majority will be very small, in fact, it will not be a majority, but a plurality. Garrard, Bradley's county, gives a Republican gain of 181. Every county from which complete returns have been received show large Republican gains.

At 11 o'clock last night the chairman of the Republican county committee, with returns from two-thirds of the precincts before him, claimed that the majority for Bradley in Jefferson county, including this city, would be five thousand. The 111 precincts reported give a Republican majority of 3,798. The Republicans have captured all of the offices, with three minor exceptions. In addition to this they have won the Appellate judgeship and gained two Representatives in lower house of the Legislature. The municipal officers elected to-day are for the legislative branches of the city government, councilmen, school trustees, etc.

The Post (Dem.), in its extra issued at 11 o'clock last night, said: At this writing the returns are coming in scattering from all portions of the State. It appears that Hardin leads the Democratic ticket. But it also appears that Bradley leads Hardin, or, if not, Hardin's majority is so small as to amount to a virtual defeat. Outside of Louisville Bradley carries the county of Jefferson by 240, and Speed, the Republican candidate for the Legislature, is elected, thus depriving Blackburn of one vote.

It is not probable that Bradley's majority will exceed 5,000 in this, the Fifth, district. Graves, county, Hart, Logan, Hopkins, Hardin, Nelson, Boyle and Franklin all show large Republican gains. The result will depend largely on the First district and the returns from the Eleventh. From these two distant districts the returns are too meager to indicate decided results. Summarizing the results, it may be said at this writing that the majority will not exceed 5,000 either way. Mercer, the home county of Hardin, at the previous election for Governor, gave a Democratic majority of 358. At this election Hardin carries the county by seventy-two, a Democratic loss of 286.

An A. P. A. Wounded.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 5.—There was an ugly feeling all day between the A. P. A.'s and Catholics at the first precinct of the Fourth ward. Late this evening Joseph Diefenbach, an A. P. A., and Will Donovan, a Catholic, had a quarrel, which resulted in a fight between the elements. Twenty shots were exchanged before the police succeeded in stopping the riot. Only one man, Jacob Enright, an A. P. A., was seriously wounded. The rioters scattered.

Returns at Midnight.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—A dispatch to the Republic (Dem.) from Louisville says: Returns at midnight indicate the election of Bradley, Republican, for Governor, and a Republican Legislature.

OVER 60,000 IN IOWA.

No Doubt About Mr. Allison's Re-Election to the Senate.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 5.—At 11 o'clock Republicans claim the State by 66,000, while the Democrats concede 33,000, which was Jackson's plurality two years ago. The final figures will probably place it nearer the former than the latter. Present indications are that it cannot go below 60,000, as tabulated precincts show an average gain over two years ago of about 16. The total vote cast will be about 27,000 less than two years ago, and about 33,000 less than last year. Most of these losses are Democratic. The Populists make some gains, mostly from the Democrats. The Prohibitionists are not polling as large a vote as they did two years ago. All these figures are liable to change, as the precincts not yet reported are liable to show important changes. On the Legislature few returns have been received. The Republican committee estimates the House 74 Republicans and 26 Democrats, and the Senate 42 Republicans and 8 Democrats. This gives Senator Allison 116 out of 150 votes on joint ballot next winter, when he comes up for re-election.

Midnight—Republicans carry the State by 75,000.

POPULISTS BEATEN.

Republicans Win a Decided Victory Throughout Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 5.—Returns up to about midnight indicate that the Republicans of Kansas have carried a majority of their county tickets in their entirety by pluralities of from two hundred to eight hundred and that David Martin, Republican candidate for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, is re-elected by a handsome majority. In many instances Martin ran ahead of his ticket. Charles K. Holliday, jr., Democrat, however, made a better showing than was generally anticipated for him. Republicans carry Wyandotte, Butler, Cherokee, Montgomery, Reno and Johnston counties, but as a rule losses are shown over last year's elections. The Populists carry Clay county and the fusionists Lyons and Sedwick counties. Atchison and Shawnee counties are missing. It has been raining for several hours and returns from many counties will not be received until morning.

Additional returns increase the number of counties carried by the Republicans and indicate that they will have practically all of the offices. Martin's majority over Holliday for Chief Justice will probably reach 10,000, a decided record on the resubmission question which the latter candidate represented. Holiday was a free silver candidate. It is estimated that 250,000 votes were polled. Chairman Breidenthal, of the Populist State central committee, asserts that his party held their own and elected about thirty county officers now held by Republicans. He claims further that Populist judges were elected in the Sixth, Eighth and Eighteenth districts and that the result in the Seventh, Ninth and Twentieth districts is in doubt. The others are admittedly Republican. The Democratic and Republican chairmen have not made any statements publicly, but it is generally conceded that the Democrats got practically no offices and that the Republicans with few exceptions carried everything. The fusion tickets detracted to some extent from the Republican support and the A. P. A. contingent aided the Republicans.

PINGREE RE-ELECTED.

Chosen Mayor of Detroit Again by a Plurality of 10,530.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 5.—Detroit has elected the entire Republican city ticket, and has added two aldermen to the Republican majority in the Common Council. Mayor Pingree ran ahead of the city ticket by 1,500 and upwards. His majority over Goldwater, Dem., according to the official returns, is 10,530, which exceeds Goldwater's total vote over 2,000. Semid, clerk, Littlefield, treasurer, and the rest of the Republican ticket, are elected by decidedly safe majorities. The City Council will stand twenty-four Republicans, eight Democrats. Of the aldermen elected to-day twelve are Republicans and four Democrats. In round numbers the total vote to-day amounted to 31,000, as compared with 43,000 in the city election of two years ago. Confidence in Pingree's winning qualities contributed to the rather light vote.

Port Huron Republican.

PORT HURON, Mich., Nov. 5.—Boynton, Rep., is re-elected Mayor by 431 majority. The remainder of the Republican city ticket is elected. Republicans elect six and the Democrats three aldermen, with one ward tied.

A. P. A. MAYOR.

Citizens' Candidate at Omaha Defeated by 300 Votes.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 5.—At 11:30 returns have begun to come in slowly from the State. The leading feature of the returns is the difference between the vote for Mahoney, administration Democratic candidate for Supreme Court, and Phelps, silver Democrat, showing enormous gains for the administration man. Most of the returns give Mahoney double that of his opponent. While it cannot affect the result, since the Republican candidate is polling the full party vote, it is of great interest as showing how Nebraska Democrats stand on the financial issue. Two years ago the relative strength of the silver and gold Democrats was in the ratio of 25 to 1.

Later—Broatel, an A. P. A., is elected by 300 over Brown (Citizens') for Mayor.

GOOD FOR UTAH.

State Constitution Adopted and Republican Legislature Elected.

SALT LAKE CITY, U. T., Nov. 5.—It will be 2 o'clock before any definite figures can be given on the result of the election in the city or State. The scattering returns as received up to midnight do not differ materially from those received last year, when the Republicans carried the State by 2,000. The Democrats claim the election of Roberts to Congress, with even chances on Governor, but give no figures to support the claim. The precincts heard from outside of Salt Lake and Ogden give Cannon, Dem., 2,533; Wells, Rep., 2,440. It is estimated that the Republicans have carried Salt Lake by 800 to 1,000 majority and elected Clendenning Mayor. Ogden elects a Democratic Mayor and five out of ten Councilmen.

Midnight—Utah has adopted her State Constitution and elected a Republican Legislature.

ENTIRE TICKET ELECTED.

Chicago Carried by Republicans by a Plurality of 30,000.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—The Republicans carried the election by pluralities of about 30,000 on the entire ticket. Ball, the Republican candidate for judge of the Superior Court, has defeated Morrison, his Democratic competitor, by 30,500. The Republicans elected five of the trustees for the $30,000,000 drainage canal. The terms of the election for these positions are that each party nominates five candidates and the one candidate receiving the smallest number of votes is defeated. Each party is sure of four elected trustees and the Republicans secured the odd man, as the man receiving the smallest number of votes was Duffy, Democrat. All the Republican candidates were about 30,000 ahead of the Democrats.

Republican Congressman Chosen.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—Almost complete returns from the Eighteenth Illinois congressional district shows the election by a plurality of 3,200 (a Republican gain of 700 over 1894) of Hon. W. F. L. Hadley, Republican, who was nominated on a bimetallic platform.

MISSISSIPPI.

Democrats Will Have a Majority of from 35,000 to 50,000.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 5.—The weather to-day throughout the State was clear and warm, but the indications are that not more than half the registered vote was polled. From reports received up to this hour it is estimated the Democratic majority will be from 35,000 to 50,000. The Populists did not receive more than 15 per cent. of the total vote cast. In this city 349 votes were polled, being less than half the registered votes. Burkett, Populist candidate for Governor, got fourteen of this number and the remainder went to McLaurin, the Democratic candidate. The campaign just closed was on free silver as against the gold standard and the result is a complete victory for the free silverites.

STRIKE MAY SPREAD.

Some Threatening Aspects in the Great Northern Trouble.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 5.—There are some threatening aspects in the Great Northern strike situation, which lead to the belief that the strike may become general among the A. R. U. men on this system by to-morrow. The discharge of engineer William Best, the hero of the Hinckley fire, at West Superior, is very distasteful to the men. Best was president of the A. R. U. at that point and a member of the grievance committee. It is charged that he was discharged for those reasons. A Devil's Lake, N. D., special to the Journal says: The strike went into effect at 2 o'clock this morning. Train No. 15, a through fast freight, arrived this morning, and is still standing on a sidetrack. Three engine crews responded to the call of the foreman, but so far no train crew has been secured. Only part of the employes are out. The City Council last night adopted a resolution declaring that in case of a strike the company's property and its operation of trains would be protected at all hazards. In view of the fact that Devil's Lake was a strike center in the last strike this is deemed significant.

Attempt to Wreck a Train.

KALISPELL, Mont., Nov. 5.—An attempt was made to wreck a Great Northern west-bound passenger train near Columbus Falls. A torch was applied to a bridge just west of the big cut this side of Columbia Falls, and the fire was just gaining headway as the train dashed onto the bridge. The engineer applied the air brakes, and the train was stopped on the bridge. A reward of $500 has been offered by the Great Northern and $500 by Governor Rickards for the apprehension of the persons who attempted to wreck the train.

Roy Goodwin, director of the A. R. U., who has just been realesed from jail, where he was sentenced by the United States Court with E. V. Debs and others, called a meeting of that order here last night. Only ten employes of the Kalispell division were present, the others being men discharged from the service. It was voted to strike, and Goodwin called the strike to take effect at 11 p. m. At the appointed hour, the train crews responded promptly, but when it was announced that Goodwin had called a strike they took a strong stand in favor of the company, and expressed a determination to defeat the strike. Goodwin was denounced as an agitator, unworthy of notice. His anarchistic speech at Spokane a few days ago lost him any supremacy he may have enjoyed among the railroad men.

Activity at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—The threatened strike of the employes of the Great Northern road caused no little comment among local railroad men, and especially among the members of the A. R. U. The dissatisfaction of the Hill men has a peculiar significance in the city, Oakland and Sacramento, inasmuch as it is generally admitted that on the success or failure of a strike on the Great Northern railway system at this time hinges the future of all organized railway labor west of the Missouri river. Incidentally it may be said that on the Southern Pacific road there has been unusual activity of late on the part of labor unions. Within the past month it is officially declared by the local A. R. U. officers, that nine lodges of that order have been successfully organized on the Pacific coast. All this work has been effected through the instrumentality of James Hogan, of Salt Lake City, who is the general Western representative of E. V. Debs, and one of the nominees for Congress in the coming election in Utah on the People's party ticket. Hogan, it is said, has three traveling delegates in this State, who have reported to him that the A. R. U. sentiment is stronger than ever on this coast, and promised within three months to bring almost every railroad employe in California and Oregon into the camp before the new year.

Situation at Spokane.

SPOKANE, Wash., Nov. 5.—The strike on the Great Northern is only partial at this place. The east-bound passenger train went through on time, and the officials claim that all trains are moving regularly. At the car shops at Hillyard some of the employes went out. The strikers claim that about sixty have gone out, but the master mechanic says the number was only eighteen, and of these six have returned.

Engineers Have No Grievance.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 5.—First Assistant Grand Chief T. S. Ingraham, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, who represents Chief Arthur during the latter's absence in Europe, said to-day that so far as was known at headquarters the engineers on the Great Northern had no grievances whatever. He believed it highly improbable that they would in any way become involved or take part in any strike on the road.

Equality.

Buffalo Courier.

A crowd of small boys was gathered about the corner near the Chapter House on Johnson's Park, Saturday, and two little girls lingered curiously on the outskirts of the assembly listening to the plans of the boys. Finally the conference ended and the youngsters started off together toward the vacant lot at the foot of West avenue. The little girls started to follow, but were met with the fling of masculine superiority, "We don't want you girls along, we're going to play soldier." The little maids hesitated a moment, then one of them exclaimed, with an appeal that was irresistable, "Why—why can't we go as nurses? Soldiers have to have nurses, you know." The warm hearts under the jackets responded promptly to the loyal thought. "Bully for you, girls," was the answer, "Come on," and away scampered the whole merry crowd. So dawns the fraternity and equality of the twentieth century.

Catholic Statue to Be Crowned.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 5.—The first ceremony of the kind in Louisiana will be the crowning of the statue of "Our Lady of Prompt Succor," at the Ursulines Convent, on Nov. 10. The statue will be crowned by Archbishop Janssen. Other bishops who will participate in the ceremony are Mgr. Forest, of San Antonio; Mgr. Gallagher, of Galveston; Mgr. Verdaguer, of Laredo; Mgr. Dunne, of Dallas, and Mgr. Duryea, of Natchez.

Baltimore Couple Murdered.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—Capt. Frederick Lang and his wife were murdered at their home on Franklin avenue, Gardenville, last night. Their skulls were crushed as they lay in bed, and the house was ransacked. It is supposed that robbery was the incentive of the double murder. Captain Lang was a Baltimorean. He was about fifty years of age, and wealthy. He owned a great deal of property aside from a number of oyster vessels.

"Garland" Stoves and Ranges are no higher in price than the worthless imitations. Ask to see them.

GORMANITES ROUTED.

(Concluded from First Page.)

years. For several days past the Democratic managers have feared that some of the senatorial, as well as a number of the house districts, were in danger of being lost by this lack of activity of the canvass. The returns justify the fears. The election was for half of the Senate (twenty) and the whole membership of the House of Delegates (100). In many counties the Republicans combined with the Populists and other anti-Democratic elements, and made the issue on a cry of fair elections. Long before his death Gen. Mahone advocated this issue, and at a conference held in Petersburg, last May, there was adopted a so-called fair-election bill, which it was proposed should be made the issue in this campaign. The indications are that in most sections of the State a small vote was polled. In many of the black belt counties, notably in the section of Norfolk, the negroes seem to have supported the Democratic candidate. The detailed returns, so far as received, show that the new senate will stand thirty-four Democrats and six anti-Democrats, and the House about eighty Democrats and twenty anti-Democrats. Reports from Woodstock indicate the defeat of Walton, Democrat, for the State Senate. He was the author of the new election measure.

THE BANNER STATE.

Republican Plurality in Pennsylvania This Year About 150,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—Returns received up to midnight indicate that Benjamin J. Haywood, Republican, has been elected State Treasurer by about 150,000 plurality, a Republican gain over 1893, which was also an off year, of about 15,000. This State also elects seven judges of the new Superior Court. Of these the six Republicans nominated are elected, as follows: Jas. A. Beaver, Edward N. Willard, John J. Wickham, Charles K. Rice, Howard J. Reeder, George B. Orlady. The seventh man on the ticket is in doubt. The Democrats have six men on the ticket, and returns indicate that each of these has run ahead of the ticket in his own section. The choice apparently lies between Magee of Allegheny, Smith of Lackawanna and Yerkes of Buck, with chances favoring Magee.

In this city the Republican ticket is elected by an overwhelming majority. The ticket elected is as follows: Judge Court of Common Pleas, Craig Biddle; District Attorney, George S. Graham; Recorder of Deeds, Wm. W. Geary; City Controller, John M. Walton; coroner, Samuel H. Ashbridge; clerk Court of Quarter Sessions, Wm. B. Ahern. Wm. B. Geary, who is regarded as David Martin's representative on the ticket, was cut to some extent, but not as much as had been expected. Complete returns from 18 out of 37 wards show Republican pluralities of 34,365. If this ratio is kept up the plurality in this city will be fully 60,000.

Complete returns from this city give Haywood, Rep., State Treasurer, a plurality of 74,469. The vote was: Haywood, Rep., 116,654; Meyers, Dem., 41,985.

Later—Careful estimates of the vote in sixty-seven counties of Pennsylvania show a plurality for Benjamin J. Haywood, Rep., for State Treasurer, over Benjamin K. Meyers, Dem., of 157,919, a gain as compared with the vote of 1893 for the same office of 22,273. It will probably require the official count to determine who is the Democratic member of the Superior Court.

Result at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 5.—While there was not much interest taken in the election in Allegheny, the fine weather induced a vote that nearly equaled that brought out when some special fight is on. Haywood, Republican, for State Treasurr, will probably receive 18,000 majority. For Superior Court judges, Magee, Democrat, has run considerably ahead of his ticket, while Orlady and Wickham have failed to keep pace with their fellows. Returns are very slow coming in, and it will take several days before correct figures can be given.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The Great Republican Victory of 1894 Duplicated This Year.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—The question in Massachusetts from the first was one of majority, since the Democratic leaders admitted the re-election of Governor Greenhalge. How strong his indorsement would be was the point on which the two parties differed. Results show that the claims of the Republicans made prior to the election were well grounded, since Governor Greenhalge and the entire Republican ticket is indorsed by a plurality practically the same as that of 1894. The legislative department of the government is also solidly Republican, 33 of the 40 Senators elected being of that political faith. There is a slight gain for the Democratic party, the Senate last year having stood 36 Republicans and 4 Democrats. In the House of Representatives the Republicans have practically the same majority as last year, which was an overwhelming one. The Governor's council will contain but one Democrat as an adviser in the executive chamber. In brief, the result is a clean sweep for the Republican party in the State, it having suffered in no way from the supposed defection caused by the A. P. A. movement.

The hopes of the friends of female suffrage have been buried beneath an avalanche of ballots. Hardly a town that voted shows a majority in favor of the proposition to grant suffrage to woman in municipal affairs. A fair estimate of the result would be three votes against female suffrage to one in its favor.

The Greenhalge plurality in Massachusetts, estimating the vote of Brockton to be the same as last year, will be 63,858. The count in Brockton has not been concluded at this hour.

INTEREST AT THE CAPITAL.

Cabinet Officers Received the Returns at the White House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Owing to the unusual conditions prevailing in a number of the States and the uncertainty regarding the outcome intense interest existed at the capital in the results of the elections. Particularly was this the case with respect to the elections in New York, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey and Ohio, and the returns from those States were awaited with great interest. Great crowds gathered in front of the newspaper offices to-night and remained until the returns showed definite results at the storm centers. Others more fortunate visited various social and political clubs, where special arrangements had been made for obtaining latest information. President Cleveland did not make his appearance at the White House at all to-day, but remained at his country home at Woodley. Private Secretary Thurber was on hand at the executive mansion, however, during the day and evening, and received the bulletins that came over the special wire from the telegraph office. Those were read by such of the Cabinet officers as gathered during the evening, and dispatches of special significance were telephoned to the President at Woodley. Three of the eight Cabinet officers—Messrs. Harmon, Lamont and Carlisle—had gone to their respective States to vote.

Great interest was manifested here in the legislative elections, as they will materially affect the control of the United States Senate. Up till to-day, the standing in the Senate was as follows: Republicans, 42; Democrats, 39; Populists, 6; vacant (Dem.), 1; total, 88. As a result of to-day's elections the Democrats will lose and the Republicans will gain a Senator from Maryland and from Ohio, respectively. The other legislative elections do not appear to affect the standing in the Senate, as Kentucky and Mississippi remain Democratic, the latter certainly and the former probably, while Iowa continues Republican. Utah chooses two United States Senators for the first time, but the complexion of the Legislature is not yet certain. The Utah Senators take their seats in the Senate shortly after Congress assembles. The changes in Ohio and Maryland will not affect the Senate until after March 4, 1897. The Republican majority in the next Ohio Legislature, as shown by the returns from Ohio, insures the retirement of Senator Brice, Democrat, and the succession of a Republican. It appears to be settled that ex-Governor Foraker will be the choice of the Legislature, as the State convention placed his name in the platform as the senatorial candidate.

In Maryland the election of a Republican Legislature—the first in many years—will bring about the retirement of Senator Gibson and the election of a Republican in his place. As yet no names have been mentioned in connection with the succession. The election of a Republican Legislature in Iowa is not unexpected, and it is considered settled that Senator Allison will be elected to succeed himself, his present term expiring March 4, 1897. In Kentucky incomplete returns indicate a Democratic Legislature, which will elect Senator Blackburn to succeed himself, but up to 1 a. m. the Legislature is in doubt. The return of a Democratic Legislature in Mississippi has been a foregone conclusion. It will elect a successor to Senator George. The returns from New York and New Jersey indicate Republican gains. These Legislatures do not elect United States Senators this year, but, as part of the legislators hold over, the present election is important in influencing those bodies, which will elect successors to Senator Hill, of New York, and Senator Smith, of New Jersey, whose terms expire March 4, 1897.

A QUEER LITTLE COUPLE.

Sight-Seers at Atlanta Who Have a Strange History.

Correspondence Philadelphia Times.

Among the many people who arrived on the early morning train a few days ago were two boys. One was a fair-faced, light-haired lad of about seven years, the other a little negro, with both legs off at the knees, with only one arm and a small stump of the other. Both were neatly dressed and attracted a good deal of attention. The little negro held tight with his one arm to his little white companion, while he carried their baggage—a small grip. With a short crutch under the stump of the other arm, the two hurried through the crowd on the street. Eyes followed them at every turn, everyone wondering if the two were traveling unaccompanied, and seeing that no one joined them, or seemed to know who they were, or where they were from, the pair became doubly interesting.

Before these little people had been in Atlanta one hour they were on the exposition grounds. It was there I met them, and recognized the little negro hero so well known down on Bayou Pigeon, La. It was a genuine treat to see little Moses, to see his eyes stretched with wonder, see his broad, happy grin on his fat, black face. Moses, like Topsy, "just growed," at least that has always been the general belief.

Almost twelve years ago a party out on a fish fry on Pigeon Bayou found a wee bit of a pickaninny fast asleep in a blackberry bush. The lady, Mrs. Martin, who first saw the black baby, picked it up in her arms and announced her determination to keep it, unless the owner proved property. She had been married several years, but had no children, and while she had never contemplated adopting a negro child, her heart went out to this deserted little specimen, and she wanted it. She carried the foundling home, and waited with no little uneasiness for the parents, parent or relatives to claim the child, but to her astonishment and pleasure no one even seemed to know anything about it.

She became very fond of the little black face, which lighted up whenever she came near, and she humored him in almost everything just as she would her own child. When little Moses was seven years old a little stranger came to stay with Mrs. Martin—a boy, and her own. She expected to see Moses jealous, but the little darky became perfectly devoted to the Martin baby, a fact which only endeared him the more to Mrs. Martin. Mr. Martin was a swamper, and their home was at that time in the woods. When his baby was only a few months old Mr. Martin was taken ill with swamp fever and died.

The three got on well until the spring came, bringing with it high water. Then came the tug of war. Like all, under the same circumstances, they had a hard time, but no harm came to them until the dreaded storm broke that always ends the rise. It came in the night, and a storm in the dead of night in an old frame building almost afloat is a fearful thing. Mrs. Martin threw herself out of bed, clutched with one hand her six-months'-old babe, with the other her faithful little Moses, and together they stood waiting for the outcome. Several large trees fell across the roof, crushing it in, and then the wind entered and did its work. The lightly built old house rocked, careened and went over.

After a hard battle Mrs. Martin found herself splashing in the water, clutching on to and clutched by the two children. With the aid of the lightning she reached a log and climbed upon it. Ere she had time to take a breath a limb fell across the log. It lurched and she was alone—little Paul and Moses gone, torn away in a flash. Morning came and found her in the boat of a fisherman. He had picked her up more dead than alive. The two went in search of the children, neither with much hope of finding them.

Before they had gone a half mile something attracted their attention. It appeared to be a child asleep on a log. And so it was—not one, but two—Moses and little Moses, scarcely breathing, was wedged between two large timbers, his face just above water and one hand holding like a vice to little Paul to save him from being drowned. Paul was soon revived, but the faithful little negro was so nearly dead that it was a long time before he could speak. Both his legs were crushed and had to be amputated, and one arm broken above the elbow.

If Mrs. Martin loved Mose before, she worshiped him now. She intended to fit him for some profession, and would have without doubt had she lived. But that fearful night was the cause of her death two years later from consumption. She left her little property to Paul and Moses, and both in charge of Paul's aunt. This aunt is feeble and objects to traveling. Moses is now nearly fourteen. He is an honest, whole-souled, lovable boy, and rightly deserves to be called a hero.

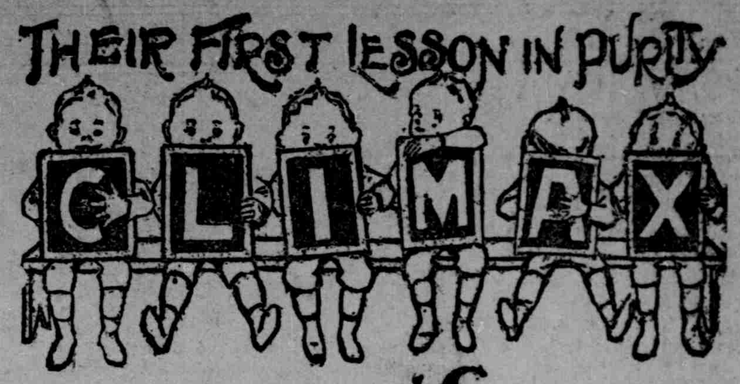
Paul's aunt lives in New Orleans, and has such faith in Moses that she permits him to take Paul almost anywhere. Many wonder at it, but they do not know what a man Moses is. From morning until night these two little people are seen, and it is doubtful if there are any others who are enjoying the exposition any more, or seeing it any more thoroughly. Frequently 3 o'clock in the afternoon finds them both asleep on one of the long benches in the plaza. People pause to smile, drop a bag of roasted peanuts by them, or a bag of crackers, and walk on. Both are delighted, and declare everything and everybody to be great.

Monument to a Woman.

Philadelphia Record.

France has taken the lead of all the nations of the world in recognition of the new woman. The municipality of Pontoise, near Paris, has erected a monument to the memory of Maria Deraismes, the well-known European advocate of woman's rights. Such advocacy means much more upon the old world continent than in the new world, where women already enjoy so many equal privileges with men. America has not yet erected a single monument to a woman, either in honor of feminine intellect or of feminine patriotism. A monument has been designed for the mother of Washington, however, and some day Vermonters may raise a statue to "Molly" Stark.

The Clyde ship-builders have posted notices which lock out 25 per cent. of the employes in their yards. This precipitates the break which has long been expected as a result of the difficulty in the Belfast ship yards and begins the big strike.



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