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A COSTLY SMOKE.

Fire Fiend Devours 900,000 Pounds of Tobacco in Kentucky.

PRINCETON, Ky., April 19. — Powell & Hollingsworth's tobacco factory burned here this morning at 4 o'clock. The house was the largest in this section and contained 800,000 pounds of tobacco, the greater part of which was in strips ready for market. Loss on tobacco, $40,000; insurance, $20,300; on building, $10,000, with insurance of $7,000. A dozen small residences in proximity were burned.

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STUDENTS' HIGH JINKS

MILLIONAIRES' SONS IN HARVARD ARRESTED AND FINED.

Maintained Disorderly House, a Pretty Blonde Girl Figuring in Some of the Orgies.

BOSTON, April 18.—The house 1552 Cambridge street, Cambridge, was unknown to the police three months ago, save that it was inhabited mostly by Harvard men. Yesterday the police termed it "a den of revelry and infamy," and the owner has placed in windows the sign: "Rooms to let; students barred."

The tenants, E. B. McCune and Harry S. Leech, students at Harvard, and sons of New York families, in court pleaded guilty to keeping a disorderly house, and were fined $50 each, which they paid. A tenant of theirs, another Harvard student, was arrested later on a charge of forgery.

Two months ago two students were arrested at 1552 Cambridge street, Cambridge, for disorderly conduct. In the room with the young men was Grace Woodbury, a pretty young woman, who hails from Marblehead, but who now lives on Columbia street, Cambridgeport. The following morning in court Grace was placed on trial.

The students, who afterward proved to be two members of Columbia College, New York, were each fined $10. The young men were at first arrested on a more serious charge, owing to the statements of the girl. This was, however, dropped.

It now appears that these young men are brothers of McCune and Leech, who were Saturday morning summoned into court for disorderly conduct, on the complaint of the proprietor of the house, Silas B. Buckingham. It is claimed that the acts of the young men reached a climax last Saturday, when they inveigled into their apartments two drunken players of the "hurdy gurdy." They were Marcus O'Sullivan and Michael Carafallo, who were arrested for drunkenness. The students, it is charged, cut their hair in fantastic fashion and sent them out half naked and drunk. Later McCune and Leech were arrested.

As G. Raymond Hunt, nineteen years old, was descending the steps of 1552 Saturday he was detained by the police inspector, who requested him to come with him to police headquarters. Hunt was there charged with having forged his mother's name to a hundred-dollar check. The check was on the Amesbury National Bank, and it bore the signature of Mrs. Elisha Hunt, of Amesbury. When confronted with the evidence that he had presented this check to Barnet Burnett, of Salem street, Boston, who had then notified the police, Hunt broke down and confessed the crime. He also confessed to having forged a check for $200 on his mother's name a short time ago. Hunt was formerly a member of the Columbia University, but has been visiting his friends in the house numbered 1552. His mother is a widow. Hunt was locked up. Silas Buckingham declares that he will let his place to no more Harvard men.

UNCLE SAM OWES IT.

Sterling Steel Company Forced to Suspend for Lack of Funds.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 19.—The Sterling Steel Company, of McKeesport, manufacturers of the Wheeling sterling armor-piercing projectiles, is in peculiar financial difficulties. For several months past they have been working on a large order of projectiles for the United States government, which has cost them hundreds of thousands of dollars for which they have received no money in return. They have consequently been compelled to pass their regular pay day and suspend operations. The credit of the company is first-class, however, and it is expected the plant will resume in a few days. An official of the company says:

"The government appropriation intended to pay us has been used for another purpose. We expected to get half of the appropriation and the Carpenter Projectile Company the other half, but a bill for one of the big steel companies was put through which practically wiped it out. The new appropriation will not be available until Congress adjourns. We have delivered to the government over two hundred thousand dollars' worth of projectiles, for which we have approved bills, but could not distribute them so as to realize any money on them."

M'KINLEY AND REED

OHIO MAN CONCEDED 214 DELEGATES OUT OF 604 ELECTED.

On the Other Hand, General Grosvenor Claims 376 Already for Governor McKinley.

WHERE THE MAJOR TRIPPED

KENTUCKY, NEBRASKA AND NEW JERSEY DISAPPOINTMENTS.

Ex-State Chairman of Colorado Declares No Sound-Money Platform Will Win in That State.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Representative Aldrich to-night gives out the following statement:

"The developments of the past week in the Republican presidential contest have resulted in no material change in the relative standing of the leading candidates, notwithstanding the prediction made by General Grosvenor some days ago that 'during the coming week McKinley's strength will grow rapidly by the conventions in Kentucky, Nebraska and New Jersey.' Of the twenty votes confidently counted on by him in Kentucky, Governor Bradley has captured sixteen and the failure to instruct for McKinley the fourteen delegates elected from New Jersey was a significant disappointment. My last statment gave to Mr. Reed 111 delegates; McKinley, 169; all other candidates, 166, with forty-six doubtful. In that table I credited Mr. Reed with two uninstructed delegates which on later information I deem it fair to place in the doubtful column. With this single exception my figures of last week cannot be seriously disputed.

"The figures herewith presented have been carefully compiled from reports received from day to day and verified by replies received from telegrams sent to various States on yesterday. I have placed sixteen additional delegates in the doubtful column, twelve of which are from New Jersey. A little calculation will disclose that of the 604 delegates elected to date McKinley has just about 35.2 per cent. If he continues at this rate to the end he will have 325 votes out of a total of 918 when the convention assembles, or just about the number that the friends of Mr. Reed and the other candidates have conceded to him from the active commencement of the campaign."

The following table shows the strength to date of McKinley and Reed:

States.	McKinley.	Reed.
Alabama	3	5
Arkansas	16	0
Florida	0	2
Georgia	7	12
Illinois	8	0
Indiana	12	0
Kansas	16	0
Kentucky	8	0
Louisiana	1	15
Maine	0	12
Massachusetts	0	20
Minnesota	10	0
Missouri	14	0
Nebraska	14	0
New Hampshire	0	8
New Jersey	2	0
New York	2	0
North Carolina	2	0
North Dakota	6	0
Ohio	34	0
Oregon	8	0
Pennsylvania	2	0
Rhode Island	0	8
South Carolina	2	9
South Dakota	8	0
Texas	3	20
Tennessee	8	0
Virginia	4	0
Wisconsin	24	0
Oklahoma	0	6
District of Columbia	0	1
Totals	214	128
All others		198
Doubtful		64
Total		604
Necessary to choice		460

General Grosvenor's statement claims 376 delegates for Major McKinley.

CRAZY FOR FREE SILVER.

Colorado to Vote for Any Man on That Platform.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Among the arrivals at the Auditorium annex to-day is W. H. Griffith, late chairman of the Republican State central committee of Colorado. He is now the manager of two daily papers published at Leadville, Col., and is en route home from a trip to Washington. The following interview was had with him regarding the political situation in Colorado:

"How do you think Colorado will vote this fall?"

"For silver. No candidate for President on a gold platform can carry the State. The party that declares for free coinage, be it the Republican, Democrat or silver party, will carry the State by a large majority."

"Do you think Senators Teller and Wolcott will be delegates to the Republican national convention?"

"So far as Senator Teller is concerned, I can state positively that he will not be a delegate. This, however, is of his own choice, because if he wished to be he would have the united and unanimous support of the party. I make this statement about him not being a candidate from a personal interview with Senator Teller. As to Senator Wolcott, I can state nothing from personal knowledge, but I am informed by reliable authority that he desires to be a delegate, providing his duties on the Pacific railroad committee will permit of his absence from Washington for that length of time."

"Do you think Senator Teller will support the nominee of the Republican party for President?"

"Absolutely no, if the candidate is running on a gold standard platform."

"Will not a successor to Senator Teller be chosen by the Legislature elected this fall?"

"Yes, sir."

"As the candidate of what party will he seek re-election if he does not support the Republican ticket?"

"If he desires re-election he would be the candidate of the people of the State, and there will be no question of his election. The people of Colorado respect and honor him both for his stubborness of character and steadfastness to the interests of the State and there is no honor within their power they would not gladly bestow on him."

"Lilly Whites" Meet To-Day.

HOUSTON, Tex., April 19.—The white Republicans of Texas meet here to-morrow in State convention to elect four delegates at large to the national convention at St. Louis and to arrange plans for the future to rescue the party from negro domination. There will be about three hundred delegates in attendance from all parts of the State, among them half a dozen negroes who are identified with the reform movement. The delegates at large will be four of the most prominent Republicans in the State, and a hard contest will be made for seats at St. Louis for a full delegation of thirty votes from Texas. Two of the delegates will be Congressman Noonan, of San Antonio, and H. F. MacGregor, of Houston. The executive committee held a meeting this afternoon and agreed on Lock McDaniel for temporary chairman and A. B. Norton and W. S. Nevins as temporary secretaries. This is the first convention of "lilly whites" at which delegates have been regularly elected. The vote has increased materially since the first nomination and the leaders are sanguine of making a good showing. No instructions will be given delegates, and they will be left to act as they see fit if seated.

Brownlow to Be Nominated.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 19.—A special from Knoxville to the American says returns from 144 out of 181 election precincts insure the nomination of Walter P. Brownlow for Congress by Republican primaries held yesterday in the First district.

THEY FEAR THE PLAGUE.

Steerage Passengers on the Gaelic from Hong Kong Quarantined.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—The steamer Gaelic arrived to-day from Hong Kong and Yokohama via Honolulu. Owing to the prevalence of the black plague at Hong Kong the steamer was sent to Quarantine island. The cabin passengers, fifty in number, were allowed to land, but the 200 steerage passengers were kept on board. A case of smallpox developed during the voyage from Yokohama to Honolulu, and there was a case of black plague just before the steamer left Yokohama. There was no sickness on board when the steamer arrived to-day, and after steerage passengers and their baggage have been fumigated they will probably be allowed to land.

The plague news from China is not alarming. There is a great deal of sickness among the European colony at Hong Kong, but nothing very serious. It has rained there constantly for seven weeks and the city is in an unhealthy state. A fatal cattle disease has broken out which almost ruined the dairy business. Up to March 20 there had been 264 case of plague in Hong Kong since Jan. 1. Most of the South China and island ports have declared a quarantine against Hong Kong. A case of plague is reported from Singapore.

The German officers engaged in organizing and drilling the new Chinese army at Nang King were attacked and badly beaten by a Chinese mob.

News from Corea states that the Corean King is still domiciled at the Russian legation, but that the Russians are endeavoring to persuade him to return to his palace.

Outbreaks among the Coreans against the Japanese are still frequent and a number of Japanese have been killed.

BETWEEN TWO FIRES

SPAIN'S WEAKNESS SHOWN IN REPLY TO CLEVELAND.

Contemplates a Cuban Home-Rule Bill—Another Alleged Insurgent Defeat in Cuba.

LONDON, April 20.—The Standard's correspondent at Madrid says: "Despite the persistent denials both from Washington and Madrid, it is now an open secret that both governments have freely discussed their attitudes toward each other in the Cuban affair. Spain is aware that President Cleveland wishes to be conciliatory, but that he cannot answer for the control of American opinion if the struggle in Cuba be prolonged to the injury of American commerce. Spain, on the other hand, has informed President Cleveland that she is willing to conciliate the sympathies of sensible Americans, but that she cannot entertain a proposal for the independence of Cuba, or even for a suspension of hostilities to negotiate with the rebels, as public opinion would never tolerate such a humiliation. Spain has been silently preparing to execute a Cuban home-rule bill directly the colonial authorities regard it advisable to do so. No date has yet been fixed for this, however."

Plan to Entrap Maceo.

HAVANA, April 19.—The Spanish troops have had an engagement with the numerous forces of the insurgents which have been advancing westward to attempt the relief of Maceo, and the official reports show a severe reverse for the Cubans. Lieutenant Colonel Elota, with the battalion of Luzon, engaged the insurgents near Cienfuegos, in Santa Clara province. The insurgent band was a numerous one and hot fighting ensued. The reports show that the Spaniards took the insurgents' position by a brilliant bayonet charge. The enemy left on the field eighty-six killed and carried off more than two hundred wounded. The amount of the Spanish loss is not stated in detail, but it is reported that Capt. Lazo, a doctor, one lieutenant and eight guerillieras were wounded. Next news from Pinar del Rio is awaited with interest, both by the Spanish authorities and the sympathizers with the insurgents. In spite of the numerous instances in which they have been disappointed the government expresses its complete confidence that now their operations against Maceo are to be crowned with success. The columns within or west of the military line south from Mariel have been largely reinforced and the military authorities announce their intention to force Maceo to fight or to come toward the line. The line they consider impregnable, and they believe that they will thus entrap Maceo. The insurgent leader Juan Suarez and an aid-de-camp of Lacret are reported killed.

A BLACK RIVER CRIME.

Body of a Man Found Tied in a Sack with a Weight.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 19.—What was evidently a brutal murder came to light here this afternoon. A fisherman discovered the body of a man floating in Black river. The feet were securely bound and a sack had been pulled over the head and arms and tied around the waist. A strap was buckled tightly around the head through the mouth and a heavy iron weight had been placed in the sack to sink the body. His skull was fractured and other marks of violence were visible. He was identified as Enos W. Lawrence, forty-one years old, who was last seen two weeks ago and was reported to have gone north.

The body was found within two blocks of where Lawrence formerly lived with his wife. The river runs through a marsh a half mile wide where, at any point, it would have been an easy matter to dump the body without fear of discovery. Lawrence's wife at the time of the disappearance said Enos had gone north. She sold everything she possessed and left the city, telling no one her plans or destination. Mrs. Lawrence and her brother, Roy Coats, have been located at Howard City and the sheriff has gone there to place them under arrest, until they conclusively prove they had nothing to do with the murder.

Nine Fishermen Drowned.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., April 25.—Nine Gloucester fishermen were lost off Long Island on Friday night, when the fishing schooner J. W. Campbell, of Gloucester, was sunk in a squall. The seven survivors arrived here to-night to tell the story. They were brought into port by the tug Gladiator from the schooner Norman, which picked them up after they had spent an entire night and day in an open boat without food. The names of those lost are: Capt. Robert Smith, John McGuire, Frank Sylva, Thomas Ryan, George Ellis, William McAllister, Abel McCormey, George Graham and Charles Doherty, all of Gloucester.

Sons of the Revolution.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 19.—The annual convention of the general society of Sons of the Revolution meets here to-morrow. Representatives arrived to-day from a number of States. They and the local society attended services at St. John's Episcopal Church in a body. Bishop Henry B. Whipple, of Minnesota, one of the representatives of the society in that State, officiated. Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll, of Maryland, president of the general society, presides at the meeting beginning to-morrow morning. To-morrow night there will be a banquet. Twenty State societies will be represented at the meeting by distinguished members.

The Bicycle Syndicate.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 19.—George Pope, of the Pope Manufacturing Company, said to-day that the company was in no way interested in the bicycle syndicate, which, it is stated, is being formed with headquarters at Toledo, O. He could not say whether it was true or not that two or three of the largest bicycle concerns in the New England States will enter the trust.

Swift's Comet Going North.

LOWE OBSERVATORY, Cal., April 19.—Swift's comet is getting brighter and passed at the right-hand side of the Pleiades to-night. It can be seen with small telescopes and field glasses. It was visible with a portion of the Pleiades in the field of the finder to-night. The motion is almost exactly north.

THE BLACKS RETIRE

FORCE AROUND BULUWAYO PLANNING SOME SECRET DEVILMENT.

Inhabitants and Garrison in Danger of Being Cut Off from the Outside World and Murdered.

ENGLAND HATCHING A PLOT

TO SUBDUE SOUTH AFRICA IN REVENGE FOR "DR. JIM'S" DEFEAT.

Significant Arming of the Inhabitants of the Transvaal, and Germany's Hand in the Business.

BULUWAYO, Matabeleland, April 19.—So far as the situation is improved here over that of yesterday, it is due to the departure of the enemy, which has been massed to the north of the town for several days, and from which an attack has been almost hourly expected. This movement, however, brings little comfort to those in Buluwayo. The excited manner in which the natives quitted their positions indicated a confident purpose of mischief. There is no evidence that they were alarmed Friday at the demonstration of the patrol of forty-two men from Buluwayo against their vanguard. Although this vanguard was driven back on the main body, the patrol did not dare to place itself within reach of the overwhelming numbers of the main body.

The direction taken by this great body of hostile natives after quitting the position to the north has not been learned. But it is feared that the purpose of the movement is to try and effect a junction with the rebels in the Matoppo hills, and thus sever communication to the southward. The road runs through the Matoppo hills to the south of Buluwayo and is difficult and dangerous for fifty miles from here, at which distance the road reaches the Mangwe Pass. This angular and precipitous defile, it is felt, must be held. It is of such a character that it can well be made impregnable against the attacks of native warriors. But for the same reason, if allowed to get into the hands of the natives, it would be extremely difficult and perhaps impossible to dislodge them with any force at present available. To leave this pass to the enemy would effectually cut off the intercourse of Buluwayo with the outside world. To hold the pass and to patrol the road between it and Buluwayo, measures which are felt to be imperative for the safety of this place, requires a large proportion of the available force, which is less than a thousand men in Buluwayo.

The threatened movement of the enemy on the line of communications perplexes the authorities with the problem of how far they can further denude Buluwayo of its fighting force to guard the road. The lack of certainty as to the whereabouts and the immediate destination of the great mass of natives moving so near the town causes much dread and anxiety.

The Force Increasing.

CAPE TOWN, April 19.—Advices received here from Buluwayo are that the numbers of the Matabeles around Buluwayo and threatening that place continue to increase; that they now form a formidable force. As a measure of defense against the expected attack upon the town, dynamite mines have been laid in the outskirts of the town and in the ground over which an attacking party would necessarily approach. These mines have been wired and connected with instruments in the central laager, which will be the point of retreat in case of attack. From the central laager the ground in which the mines have been laid is in full view and the mines can be exploded by electricity at the moment desired. An explosion at the moment an advancing horde of natives was over the mines would do tremendous execution among them.

ARMING THE TRANSVAAL.

The Energetic Movement Claimed to Have Its Origin in Germany.

LONDON, April 20.—The Times this morning publishes information going to show that the arming of the inhabitants of the Transvaal, which is going forward with such energy, is being assisted from German sources. A Cape Town dispatch to the Times says: "A Barberton telegram reports that the German steamer Bundesrath arrived at Delagoa bay on April 14 and St. Komati on April 15. The passengers were not disposed to allow their luggage to be examined. Searchers, however, unearthed numerous military accoutrements. A German officer subsequently produced a passport, and the party proceeded to Pretoria, the capital of the Transvaal."

A dispatch from Mafeking, Cape Colony, to the Times, says: "There is native discontent throughout Bechuanaland and the adjoining districts. More police and military are needed. Earl Grey has arranged for a daily coach service from here to Buluwayo."

Chamberlain's Duplicity.

LONDON, April 20.—The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says that the German press is indulging in the bitterest comments on England's action in South Africa, in which they see a direct menace to the Transvaal. They charge Colonial Secretary Chamberlain with duplicity in his statements to Parliament and in his messages to President Kruger. The Standard's correspondent also says that it is again reported that the German government intends to introduce a new cannon into the army.

The Daily News says that military authorities consider that the appointment of Gen. Carrington, British commander at Gibraltar, who has been ordered to the Cape of Good Hope to take command of the British forces in Matabeleland, is a measure of precaution, and that it will probably be followed by the dispatch of more troops. "The War Office is exceedingly busy making arrangements," the Daily News continues, "and placing stores in readiness for being transported." Telegrams have been sent summoning every officer on furlough in Great Britain to the Cape to return without delay. The militant section of the Tories are in active revolt against the policy in Africa of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Governor Sir Hercules Robinson, of Cape Colony, and they talk of adjourning the House on the subject."

The Chronicle (Liberal), commenting on the situation in South Africa, does not assume that it is Mr. Chamberlain's policy. "But," it says, "if the government deliberately intends the subjugation of the Dutch race in South Africa in revenge for the defeat of Dr. Jameson, it is time that Englishmen were up and doing." The Chronicle suggests the formation of a watching committee of leading men.

NO REPORT OF NANSEN.

News from Ust Yansk from Where the First Dispatch Was Sent.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 19.—The police have a report from Ust Yansk, northern Siberia, that nothing is known there of Dr. Nansen. Ust Yansk is the point east of the Lena delta, from which was dated the first report by Kushnareff, contractor for Nansen, that the explorer had reached the pole and was returning. The report which the police have now received also says that the natives who stayed from May to November on the Liakhoff and Koteiny islands, where Baron Toll's provision stores intended for Nansen's use are placed, saw no wreckage or sign of Nansen.

Visiting the Queen at Nice.

NICE, April 19.—The dowager Empress Frederick, of Germany, has arrived here for a visit to Queen Victoria, her mother. The Dowager Czarina of Russia, the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha and the Emperor and Empress of Germany arrived this evening, to be present at the wedding of the hereditary Prince Ernest of Hohenlohe-Langenburg and Princess Alexander, the third daughter of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha (the Duke of Edinburgh) and granddaughter of Queen Victoria. The arrival of the royal personages was greeted with a firing of artillery salutes, the ringing of bells and the cheering of the people.

Secret Russo-Chinese Treaty.

COLOGNE, April 19.—A dispatch to the Volks Zeitung, dated from Shanghai, declares that it is true, as has been before reported, that Li Hung Chang, who is on his way to Moscow to be present at the coronation of the Czar, bears with him a secret Russo-Chinese treaty.

Cost of "Dr. Jim's" Raid.

LONDON, April 20.—The Daily News asserts that President Kruger's original demand for an indemnity from the Chartered South Africa Company for the Jameson raid was £3,000,000, but that negotiations have reduced it £1,500,000.

CABLE TO HONOLULU.

Little Prospect for Its Construction in the Near Future.

HONOLULU, April 12.—Colonel Spaulding's friends here are not pleased with the report of the Senate committee on foreign relations on the cable bill. They take it for granted that the present Congress is not disposed to aid the company of which Spaulding is the head. The Hawaiian government allowed Spaulding eighteen months in which to launch his scheme. The option will not expire for nearly one year, and in the meantime the hands of this government are practically tied. If Congress should refuse to grant a subsidy to the New Jersey company this government is assured that Spaulding will assign his contract and option to any company that might be able to secure the desired aid. Cable supporters here would be glad to have the New Jersey and New York cable companies combine if such a combination would insure the building of the cable. It has been stated that Congress will not act on the cable question unless the Hawaiian government opens the field to any other American company having approval of the United States Congress. In regard to the foregoing a Cabinet Minister stated this morning that, much as they would like to see the cable built, no offers from any other company would be considered until it was definitely known whether or not Congress would aid Spaulding. If the aid was refused then they would consider the latter's option as ended, and other companies would be dealt with.

FOR AMERICAN ART.

Carnegie Offers $8,000 for the Two Best Pictures This Year.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 19.—Andrew Carnegie has authorized the trustees of Carnegie Art Gallery to offer $8,000 for the best two oil paintings by American artists. Acting under this authorization, the board of trustees of the Carnegie fine arts and museum collection fund officially announces:

"First—A prize of $5,000 will be given for the best painting in oil produced in the year 1896 by an American artist, wherever resident, and first shown in the Carnegie art galleries of Pittsburg, Pa., at an exhibition to be held for five weeks, beginning Tuesday, Nov. 3, 1896, the successful work to become the property of the board of trustees of the Carnegie fine arts and museum collection fund, and to be hung permanently on the walls of the Carnegie art galleries of Pittsburg. The above offer is conditioned on the exhibition of a work to be adjudged of sufficient artistic worth to properly represent the best American art of the year.

"Second—A prize of $3,000 will be given for the painting in oil adjudged to be next in artistic value, subject to the conditions enumerated above.

"Further information can be obtained by addressing John W. Beatty, director of Fine Arts, Carnegie Library building, Pittsburg, Pa. W. N. FREW, President."

TO SAVE THE COUNTRY.

Insane Swede Arrested at the White House Commits Suicide.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Henry A. Anderson, an insane Swede, who arrived here from Chicago Friday evening to tell President Cleveland how to save the country, committed suicide by strangulation this morning in a police cell. He had been arrested Friday night while at the White House. The police officials telegraphed to Mrs. Anderson, at 2555 West Eleventh street, Chicago, asking what disposition to make of the body and received a reply to have it embalmed.

OBITUARY.

Austin Abbott, Dean of New York University Law School.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Austin Abbott, LL. D., dean of the New York University Law School, died at his late residence, No. 16 East Fifty-first street, this morning, after an illness of about ten weeks.

Austin Abbott was born in Boston Dec. 18, 1831. He was the son of Jacob Abbott and a brother of the late Benjamin Vaughan Abbott, the well-known writer on law; Dr. Lyman Abbott, of Brooklyn, and Dr. Edward Abbott, of Cambridge, Mass. He was graduated from the New York University in 1851 and soon after that was admitted to the practice of law, forming a partnership with his brothers, Vaughan and Lyman. In conjunction with the former he began the publication of "Abbott's New York Digest" and "Abbott's Forms." He carried these on alone for a number of years. He was author of a series of books on "Methods of Legal Procedure" which have been adopted as standard text-books and books for the desk and bench all over the country. In 1889 the New York University conferred on him the degree of L.L. D. and in 1891 he was called on to assume the position of dean of the university law school, with the chair of pleading, equity and evidence.

Rev. Dr. Cyrus Bates.

CLEVELAND, O., April 19.—Rev. Dr. Cyrus Bates, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, in this city, died this morning of pneumonia.

Dr. Bates was born in Geauga county, Ohio, in 1840. At an early age he enlisted in the Union army as a private and won the rank of first lieutenant by bravery. Wounds received at Chickamauga caused his dismissal from the service. At the close of the war he practiced law for six years in Cincinnati. Afterwards he entered the Episcopal ministry. He was for a time professor of theology at Gambier Seminary and professor of philosophy at Kenyon College. In 1885 he came to Cleveland as rector of St. Paul's. Dr. Bates was badly crippled as the result of his wounds and for years had been a great sufferer.

Ex-Governor Boreman.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., April 19.—Ex-Governor Boreman, the last of the war Governors of West Virginia, died at his home here at 9 o'clock this morning. He was once United States Senator and has been identified with State interests for thirty-five years. At the time of his death he was Circuit Court judge for this district.

Ex-Congressman Ives.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., April 19.—Hon. Willard Ives died at his home, in this city, to-day, in his ninetieth year. Mr. Ives served in Congress from 1852 to 1856.

The Road Club Officers.

CHICAGO, April 19.—The election committee of the Century Road Club of America met in Chicago to-day and canvassed the vote for the election of officers of that organization. The result was the re-election of President William A. Skinkle, of Cleveland, and Secretary C. M. Fairchild, of Chicago. For the first vice presidency D. M. Adee, of New York, was successful, succeeding Milton Klein, of Philadelphia. O. W. Lawson, of Louisville, succeeds W. M. Brewster, of Philadelphia, as treasurer. The prospects for great activity in the road club this season are particularly good, the association being on a better footing than ever before.

19,000 on the Verge of Starvation.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Chicago labor organizations were taken to task this afternoon at the meeting of the Trade and Labor Assembly by Mary Kenny O'Sullivan, of Boston, for their lack of interest in the strike of the garment workers. Mrs. O'Sullivan made the sensational statement that of the 20,000 tailors who struck for an increase of 25 per cent in wages, 19,000 are now on the verge of starvation. Mrs. O'Sullivan said she knew this, having spent four days among the tailors investigating their condition.

OLD MIDLAND TIED UP

NOTHING BUT MAIL TRAINS PERMITTED TO LEAVE ANDERSON.

Employes Demanded Pay in Cash Instead of Time Checks, and Three of the Leaders Discharged.

GLASS WORKERS' EXCURSION

MEETING HELD IN BEHALF OF UNIONISM AT HARTFORD CITY.

Developments in Indiana Oil Field—Terre Haute Man Caught Trifling with a Widow.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ANDERSON, Ind., April 19.—A persistent, vigorous and determined effort is being made on the part of the employes of the C. & S. E., or the old "Midland," to tie up the road from Anderson to Brazil, a distance of 110 miles. A few days ago a demand was made on the paymaster to pay the men in cash instead of time checks, as had been the custom for months. The men were paid in money, but three of the leaders were notified that their services were not needed, and strangers were hired in their stead. The old employes refused to work with the new men, and when the regular freight was ready to run out yesterday morning not a wheel moved except those of the regular mail, which went out on time. The tie-up in Anderson was complete all day, and, as the movement was in concert all along the line, but few of the regular trains were run. A committee was sent out from here yesterday that visited all the stations, endeavoring to bring all classes of help into line against the company, and the wires have been kept hot today between the leaders and various employes elsewhere. It is said that even the telegraphers are ready to join in the movement to tie up the road completely if the discharged men are not reinstated at once. The officials here refuse to talk about the situation, but declare that the trains will be moved to-morrow.

GLASS-WORKERS' CONVENTION.

Great Crowd at Hartford City Yesterday—Local Strike Probable.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., April 19.—Fully fifteen hundred glass workers gathered in this city to-day in mass convention. This was the fifth of a series of meetings being held in the interest of unionism, and it is said considerable progress has been made toward amalgamating the various organizations. Muncie contributed the largest delegation, no less than five hundred, accompanied by the Muncie band, coming on a special train. Delegates also from Alexandria, Marion, Anderson, Redkey, and Dunkirk were present. An executive session of delegates was held in the opera house this forenoon, and it was understood some important measures were advocated which would add to the strength and utility of the unions if adopted. At the open-air meeting this afternoon speeches were made by Hon. Theodore Shockney, of Union City, and Vice President Hayes, of the Flint Glass Workers' Union. The union organizations have long felt the need of closer relationship and a persistent campaign will be waged until the common interests of all are cemented in one grand amalgamation. Mr. Hayes stated that branch of the trade over which he has supervision in the capacity of an executive officer is in excellent condition, but the same cannot be said of the window-glass business. The organizations concerned in the proposed amalgamation include every branch of the glass business.

It has developed that a strike among local glass workers is imminent on account of a difference existing between the Hartford City Glass Company and a prominent local unionist. A quiet investigation was instituted last week by President Simon Burns, of the Window-glass Workers' Association, and it is said the matter reached a crisis at to-day's meeting. If a strike be ordered to-morrow morning it will not affect outside factories. This meeting was the most enthusiastic of any of the four preceding ones held in the gas belt, and was attended by a larger number of glass workers from the various glass manufacturing towns. It was decided to hold the next meeting at Gas City.

OIL FIELD DEVELOPMENTS.

Good Wells Being Opened in Unpromising Territory.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MONTPELIER, Ind., April 19.—The great Indiana oil field is widening out rapidly. North from the productive pool of Van Buren township, Grant county, in Huntington county, the drill is begining to show more or less activity and good wells are being completed in heretofore supposed worthless territory. The Indiana product only brings 64 cents per barrel on the market, while it is equally as good, if not better, than the oil found in Pennsylvania. There is 30 per cent. more by-product in the Indiana crude than in the Pennsylvania crude, and that is where the refiners make their money. The daily runs of crude oil from the Indiana and Ohio fields so far the present month, average 57,173 barrels, while the shipments average 52,202, leaving a surplus to store each day 4,971 barrels.

The Dick Oil Company's well, No. 2, W. H. Myers farm, Section 28, Jefferson township, Huntington county, started at 750 barrels; G. W. Van Dyke's, No. 1, Fraser farm, Section 27, same township, 100 barrels; Ohio Oil Company's, No. 5, Carey farm, Section 10, Van Buren township, Grant county, 15 barrels; same company's, No. 1, Losure farm, same section, 10 barrels; Superior Oil Company's, No. 2, Swisher farm, Section 10, same township, 15 barrels; Ohio Oil Company's, No. 1, Pulley farm, Section 17, and No. 1, Landess farm, in Section 7, same township, 50 barrels each; Northern Indiana Oil Company's No. 4, Clendenning farm, Section 35, Hartford township, Adams county, 100 barrels; McCray Bros. & Brant's, No. 1, Pontius farm, Section 36, same township, 75 barrels; Green Brothers' No. 3, Miller farm, Section 13, Bear Creek township, Jay county, 100 barrels; Snyder, Jones & Co.'s, No. 2, Miller farm, Section 3, Jackson township, same county, 100 barrels; Meyers Oil Company's, No. 3, Sharp farm, Section 22, Nottingham township, Wells county, 30 barrels; S. W. Fait &