New York Store
Established 1853.
The Bargains
Are getting BIGGER every day at the
Anniversary Sale
If you haven't been down yet you don't know what you are missing.
Pettis Dry Goods Co.

A. E. BUCHANAN,
DENTIST,
32 and 33 When Block. Opp. Postoffice.

Geo. J. Marott.
Leader in Fashionable Shoes
264-28 E. Washington St.

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

ORDERED TO ANSWER

SIXTEEN WESTERN RAILROADS SUSPECTED OF GIVING REBATES.

Interstate-Commerce Commission Issues a Summons for a General Investigation.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Great consternation was caused to-day among the traffic officials of the principal Western roads, by receiving summons to appear before the Interstate-commerce Commission in the United States Circuit Court room at Chicago on Aug. 4, and make an answer under oath whether they have directly or indirectly given undue preferences or advantages by paying rebates or making other unlawful concessions to shippers on business from Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison, St. Joseph, Omaha, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and all points thereon.

The roads to be investigated are the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, Chicago & Alton, Chicago & North Western, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Burlington & Northern, Chicago Great Northern, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, Chicago & St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, Hannibal & St. Joe, Missouri, Kansas & Texas, Missouri Pacific, Illinois Central, Wabash and Wisconsin Central lines.

As no complaint is named it is certain the Interstate-commerce Commission has decided to institute these proceedings for the purpose of finding out whether the lines have been paying rebates and manipulating rates on grain, etc., from points in the West. This will be the first investigation of this nature since the Supreme Court declared the law unconstitutional. Roads named above are ordered to file answers with the commission on July 23.

FRANK HURD STRICKEN.

The Well-Known Ex-Congressman Has a Stroke of Paralysis.

TOLEDO, O., July 9.—Hon. Frank Hurd is dying at his rooms at the Boody House from the result of three strokes of apoplexy. The first stroke occurred about noon to-day, the second at 5 o'clock and the last at 10 o'clock. He rallied and became conscious during the evening, but has been unconscious since 10:30 and his death is but a matter of a few hours at the best.

Frank Hunt Hurd was born in Mount Vernon, O., Dec. 25, 1841. He graduated at Kenyon College, in 1858, studied law, became county prosecutor in 1863 and State Senator in 1865. In 1874 he was elected as a Democrat to Congress and served one term, being defeated in 1876. He was again elected in 1878 and 1882, but was defeated in 1880 and 1886. He codified the Ohio criminal laws in 1868. In recent years he was conspicuous as an advocate of free trade.

He went to Toledo in 1869 and was twice elected city solicitor. He resumed the practice of law in 1887 and became the leader of the Toledo bar. He introduced the first law in the Ohio Legislature permitting a defendant in a criminal case to testify in his own behalf. Mr. Hurd became a convert to Catholicism during the war. His surviving relative is his sister, Mrs. Clark, of Mount Vernon, O.

THAT DUEL IN CUBA.

Ampudia's Seconds Decided No Cause for a Fight.

HAVANA, July 9.—An account of the settlement of the affair between Gen. Bradley T. Johnson and Senor Manuel Ampudia is given out. General Johnson denied that he had defamed the Spanish army and criticised Senor Ampudia for ignorance and haste and his irregular manner of challenging him, saying he had at first supposed the letter was one of many scurrilous productions he had received. He waived all formalities and signified his readiness to fight. Senor Ampudia's seconds said that, in view of the denial, they withdrew all opinions expressed in the letter. All the seconds then agreed that the incident was ended absolutely.

General Linares, after an investigation, confirms the report of the death of Jose Maceo.

Mr. Hinkle Resigns.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—A. Howard Hinkle, who leaves to-morrow to spend the summer at Bar Harbor, has resigned as president and general manager of the Commercial Tribune. Norman Kenan, of the directory, acts as president pro tem., and Stephen H. Wilder, of the directory, who is also business manager, will be in charge of the paper as general manager.

Oldest Brewery Fails.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—The Robert Smith India Ale Brewing Company went into a receiver's hands to-day. The liabilities are estimated at $180,000; assets not known. The company is the oldest and one of the largest in this county, having been organized in 1872.

AT THE POINT OF DEATH

MISS DIERDORF'S CONDITION AFTER A CRIMINAL OPERATION.

Test Well at Brazil Said to Have Struck Oil at a Depth of 1,300 Feet—Other State News.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BRAZIL, Ind., July 9.—For some time John Burnhamm, of Clay City has been paying attention to Miss Mary Dierdorf, residing just south of here. Monday evening Miss Dierdorf, while at William Kooch's, became seriously ill, and Dr. Freed was called, and upon examination discovered that she was suffering from cruel lacerations, the result of a criminal operation. She claimed that Burnhamm and a stranger to her induced her to go into a vacant room at a late hour Tuesday night of last week, where the operation was performed on her. It is believed that the stranger who took a part in the crime was a physician. The young woman endured the awful agony for four days before she made public her condition. Dr. Freed says the wounds will prove fatal, and Miss Dierdorf is now lying at the point of death. Burnhamm was arrested and brought to this city and placed in jail to-day, but refuses to divulge the name of the man who assisted him. An effort will be made to-day by Sheriff Fayne to force him to give the name. The unfortunate girl is about twenty years old, and her father is a well-to-do farmer. She is not considered of sound mind.

OIL AT BRAZIL.

The Test Well Strikes Oil at a Depth of 1,300 Feet.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BRAZIL, Ind., July 9.—This city was thrown into intense excitement to-day over the striking of oil at a depth of 1,300 feet. Driller Stevens says that the finding of oil before passing through Trenton rock is a sure sign of abundance of oil, and it is thought the well will be a gusher. The stock has gone up immensely since the appearance of oil, and anxious buyers are numerous. Other wells will be sunk in the near future, and it is thought that gas will also be found.

Patriarchal Circle.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ELKHART, Ind., July 9.—The second day's session of the sixteenth annual convention of the Supreme Temple of the Patriarchal Circle of America was held here to-day, and a great deal of important business was transacted. Owing to a heavy rain the competitive drill took place in Hoffman's Hall instead of in the public square. The first prize was awarded the Janesville, Wis., team and the second prize went to the Milwaukee team. The following have been elected officers: Supreme councillor, C. H. Lovewell, Chicago; supreme oracle, S. B. Kenyon, Janesville, Wis.; supreme vice oracle, Frank J. Goldman, Elkhart; supreme marshal, Frank O. Chambers, Richmond, Ind.; supreme treasurer, F. C. Eastman, Plymouth, Wis.; supreme secretary, O. C. Riding, Morgan, Ill.; supreme standard bearer, H. H. Speck, Milwaukee; supreme commander, F. C. Voetz, Milwaukee; sentinel, A. J. Smith, Milwaukee; supreme guard, E. B. Chamberlain, White Water, Wis.; first aid, Edward R. Former, Janesville, Wis.; second aid, J. P. Sanders, Elkhart; supreme steward, J. A. Fathers, Janesville, Wis. The next annual meeting will be held at Janesville, Wis., in the second week of July. After a short session to-morrow morning the convention will adjourn.

And It's Nobody's Business.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DELPHI, Ind., July 9.—William T. Harris and Miss Carrie West were married in this city to-day by Squire Costter. Miss West is the heiress who so scandalized this community by mortgaging a business block to Harris's wife to get him a divorce. Immediately after the marriage, the couple drove to a small town in this county where they boarded a train and hurried away on their honeymoon.

Francis Murphy at Winona.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EAGLE LAKE, Ind., July 9.—The inclemency of the weather did not hurt the temperance meetings at Winona in charge of Francis Murphy, the great temperance worker. The spirited speeches delivered by the leader, "Buck" Stanley, of Logansport, and others created a great deal of enthusiasm. The first step toward a regular Winona temperance organization was taken to-day.

Congressman Johnson's Campaign.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RICHMOND, Ind., July 9.—Congressman Henry U. Johnson is expected to arrive home this week. He has greatly improved and is now enjoying fairly good health, and will devote a large part of his time to the work of the campaign. He intends to make a thorough canvass, speaking from six to a dozen times in every county in his district.

Ned Coate Drowned.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

KOKOMO, Ind., July 9.—Ned Coate, the seventeen-year-old son of Mortimer W. Coate, a well-known manufacturer of this city and formerly treasurer of Wabash county, was drowned in the Mississiniwa river at Redbridge dam last night. He was not missed until his boat was found below the dam. The body was recovered and taken to Wabash for burial.

DePauw's Financial Committee.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., July 9.—A meeting of the finance committee of the board of trustees of DePauw University was called to-day, but the laymen did not attend and the committee adjourned to meet late in September after the annual conference. Plans were discussed by those who did attend, but nothing definite was accomplished.

Reinheimer Gives Bond.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RUSHVILLE, Ind., July 9.—William H. Reinheimer, detained in jail for the alleged robbery of Daniel Murphy, has been released on a bond of $1,000, furnished by Isaac Davis and Charles Land, of Greensfork, Wayne county. Reinhelmer's old home. The Murphy robbery was committed on the morning of June 30.

Baptist Minister Resigns.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LEBANON, Ind., July 9.—Rev. J. A. Knowlton has tendered his resignation as pastor of the Baptist Church. Mr. Knowlton will remain until after the meeting of the Central Association in this city in September, when he will retire from the ministry and engage in work better suited to his health.

Too Much Mother-in-Law.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RUSSIAVILLE, Ind., July 9.—Jerry Harrold, who lives five miles northwest of this place, made an unsuccessful attempt to commit suicide yesterday at noon. Several days ago his young wife went back to her mother. Jerry brooded over the affair until yesterday, when he took poison.

Neck Broken in a Runaway.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

KOKOMO, Ind., July 9.—Charles L. Chambers, a farmer, was killed in a runaway last night. His team ran away and he was thrown out and his neck broken. Chambers walked to his home, one and a half miles, and died a few hours later. He was forty-eight years old.

St. Paul Gets South Paw Inks.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LIGONIER, Ind., July 9.—Bert Inks, the south-paw twirler of this city, who was released by Cincinnati, has signed with St. Paul for the remainder of the season as a pitcher.

Child Dies of Paralysis.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., July 9.—Laura Schmidt, the eight-year-old daughter of Michael Schmidt, assistant cashier of the Blackford County Bank, of this city, was buried here to-day. She died at Fort Wayne Tuesday evening from a stroke of paralysis.

Indiana Deaths.

SEYMOUR, Ind., July 9.—Mr. James Robins, who has resided in this city for the past twelve years, died last evening with paralysis, having suffered a stroke on Thursday last and another on Sunday. He was eighty-four years old. He leaves eight children.

Mrs. Charles Able died last night at her home in this city, aged thirty-five. She had been in poor health for several months.

KOKOMO, Ind., July 9.—Joseph Wallace, a farmer aged eighty, was found dead in his barn near Alto, this county, to-day, death evidently being from heart trouble. He had just returned from a trip on horseback and was lying dead at his horse's feet when discovered by his little granddaughter.

INGALLS, Ind., July 9.—At 3 o'clock this morning John F. Wiseman, one of the pioneers of this county, eighty-one years old, died, surrounded by his children. He came to Madison county at twelve years of age.

ELWOOD, Ind., July 9.—Mrs. George Wysong, of this city, died suddenly to-day with heart disease. She was widely known.

HISTORY MADE.

(Concluded from First Page.)

near-by clubhouse and began work immediately. They were not in an amiable mood at all, and the talk of bolting the convention entirely was very loud. Congressman Charles Tracey said he would not go back, and also General Frederick Bartlett. Ex-Governor Flower called the meeting to order and Senator Hill took the floor. He said very little, but it was pointed. He believed the platform violated the established principles of Democracy in many more particulars than the mere adoption of a platform. To support a candidate on such a platform would mean virtually agreement with it. He did not believe that it was policy to at present so act as to give it an indorsement. His remarks were received with applause.

He was followed by John R. Fellows, who was very bitter in his remarks. "There is not one iota of Democracy in such a platform," he declared. "It is a tissue of Populistic and anarchistic notions, compiled by men who have no claim to recognition as statesmen or even politicians, but who are frenzied fanatics. I cannot see how I can support such a platform or any person placed upon it."

Mr. William C. Whitney said he had visited several delegations of gold States and had found their temper such that they would follow New York's lead. He was personally not averse to leaving the convention, but he would not like to have it said that New York led such a revolt. He was in favor of remaining in the convention, but not taking any part in the election of a candidate, and urged with Senator Hill the appointment of a committee of five to arrange with the other gold States a plan of action.

The temper of the meeting was shown when Congressman Sulzer arose to speak. He advocated that the delegation as good Democrats should stay in the convention and take part in its proceedings. He believed that majority rule had always been looked up to in the party and it should not now be disregarded. At this juncture somebody said:

"Do you mean that we should vote for this silver platform?"

"Yes," said Sulzer, "and work for it."

"Shame! shame!" were the cries, and the speaker was cried down.

Judge Clute, of Albany, an alternate for Erastus Corning, showed decided silver proclivities, and he also was shown no sympathy.

Senator Thomas F. Grady was almost violent in his denunciation of what he described as the outrages perpetrated on the convention and on Democrats by the silver men. He said that he was very much in favor of repudiating Democracy did he not know that this was not true Democracy, but fanaticism.

Delancy Nicoll, of New York, ended a brief but bitter talk with these words: "I am a Democrat, but I cannot support such a platform, and I will not vote for a candidate named upon it."

Governor Flower made the warmest speech of the evening, and Hill and Whitney had all they could do to prevent a bolt resolution being put through at once. He said the platform was "a crazy-quilt of anarchy," and the outcome "of incompetent and brainless fools," it was "fanaticism." He denounced men of Altgeld's and Tillman's stamp as "mischief breeders and schemers to ruin the Democracy;" and then he closed by saying: "I will never cast my vote for such a ticket or its representatives. I am a Democrat and this platform is not Democratic." He then read a telegraphic extract from the Brooklyn Eagle (Democratic) of to-night advocating a bolt. The part of it reading as follows was received with shouts of applause: "We have no fear that the sound-money Democracy will acquiesce in a free-silver platform, a ticket of repudiation and of anarchy and the trampling out of the rights of sound-money delegates in the convention. A bolt is inevitable. A Democratic ticket for which Democrats can vote is becoming a necessity. It will be supplied. The Anarchists, the Populists, the Communists and the Nihilists who are controlling this convention will never control this country; they will never control the Democratic party."

Senator Hill interposed and offered this resolution: "That a committee of six be appointed to visit other State delegations instructed for gold and urge upon them the necessity for refraining from action and that this committee act both in the convention and hereafter for the New York delegation." It was adopted and the chair appointed Senator Hill, William C. Whitney, James W. Hinckley, Roswell P. Flower, Frederick R. Coudert and William F. Sheehan. The meeting was then adjourned, it being the sense of the members that New York's vote was not to be cast for a presidential or other candidate.

The action of the Wisconsin delegation in refusing to participate in the nomination of a Democratic candidate on the platform adopted to-day will be followed, it is understood, by New York, with 72 votes; New Jersey, with 20, and 27 of the 30 votes of Massachusetts. Other gold delegations have been in consultation, but no decision has yet been arrived at. The South Dakota anti-silver delegation is, according to one of the delegates interviewed, going to cast its vote for Bryan. Many delegates in the Pennsylvania delegation think that they are warranted in not following the instructions of the State and should not present Governor Pattison's name to the convention. If the delegation desires to carry out the instructions to that extent, Governor Pattison's name will simply be Afterwards it is expected the Pennsylvania delegation will not participate in the balloting for the presidential candidate.

GOV. PATTISON ON BOLTERS.

Delegates Not Sent to the Convention to Walk Out.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison to-day denied the truth of the dispatch from Chicago that he had received a telegram from Chairman Harrity and Senator Smith, of New Jersey, requesting him to consent that his name shall be presented to the convention. Said Mr. Pattison: "I have had no communication from Mr. Harrity since he left here, and have received no telegram from Mr. Smith."

"If the gold men were to bolt the convention would not you accept the nomination from that branch of the party?" was asked.

"I do not know that such a condition would arise. Under no circumstances would I accept the nomination of a bolting delegation. The only manly way to indicate the sentiments of those who believe in a gold basis, in my judgment, is by voice and vote. To do anything else would be cowardly. The delegation is sent to express the opinion of its constituents. They were sent to the convention to vote and not to run away. In all the conventions I attended, I have never hated to express my views and do not propose at this time of life to believe in any other course."

"Believing, as you do, that the gold-standard people should continue in the convention and go on with the struggle, do you believe that after the nomination of a silver man that the gold men should support the nominee?"

"Most assuredly, I would rather suffer the ills I now have than fly to others which I know not of. Why should I associate with a party that offers no other inducement than abuse?"

"In your opinion, is there any field for a Democratic candidate on a gold platform."

"No, excepting it might be in a Republican pasture."

Asked for an expression of opinion regarding the platform, Mr. Pattison said: "I have never hesitated to express my views before or since the State convention. I believe and have said that the quickest way for restoring business and confidence is the adoption in the platform by both parties of the line of views expressed by the Chamber of Commerce of New York, namely for the existing standard and against the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. I think the business men of the country, without regard to party, concur in this view. In conclusion allow me to say, in the words of the distinguished New Yorker, 'I am a Democrat.'"

BRYAN'S BOOM.

How It Was Worked Up in the Convention Yesterday.

CHICAGO, July 9.—William J. Bryan, who made the highly sensational speech in the convention said this afternoon that his name would be presented to the convention as a candidate for President. His room at the Nebraska headquarters, at the Clifton, was thronged with delegates from various sections of the country. At least one gold State was represented. The Nebraska man and the visiting delegates were in close conference with Mr. Bryan upon the subject of his entering the race. When, in the uproar this afternoon, the procession of banners bearing the names of the different States was started there was a rush of Nebraska men for the Illinois delegation. The Illinois standard was torn loose and a delegate started off with it. Before he had gone ten feet Governor Altgeld saw him and ordered the standard brought back. "You cannot stampede us," he coolly said. "We have declared for Bland." The banner was replaced. A moment later the banner of Missouri appeared in the line. "Now you can take it," said the Governor. "Missouri is in line, and I guess we can afford to join." Then turning to the delegates who surrounded him, the Governor said: "That was the greatest speech ever made. I had rather be able to make that speech than be President. Common men are sometimes made Presidents, but it takes talent and brains to talk like that."

At the conclusion of Bryan's speech, and while the applause was at its highest pitch, a remarkable scene took place. W. W. Gatewood, a delegate from the Twelfth Texas district, bearing the banner of the Lone Star State, marched through the aisles, and the banners of every silver State joined the procession. As the marchers reached the Nebraska delegation the exciting scene was at its height. The banner bearers climbed upon chairs, and, with Texas and Nebraska side by side, the blue banners were formed into an apex, which waved to and fro with the music until order was restored.

The Republican silver men who bolted from the St. Louis convention have been scurrying about the city visiting the leaders of the gold delegations, trying to get them to vote for Teller, so as to prevent the nomination of Bland, which they fear will be made if the gold delegates refuse to vote in convention. They have not met with much success, as the gold men have no intention of voting for any silver man, much less any Republican silver man.

STRENGTH OF CANDIDATES.

Estimates of the Various Managers—Bland in the Lead.

CHICAGO, July 9.—As the time for balloting draws near the managers are making their final estimates of strength. The Bland forces are the only ones to give exact figures, and their general total of about 300 votes is considerably short of a majority. To clear up misapprehension Secretary Sheerin, of the national committee, stated that the voting strength of the convention is 930, of which 466 is a majority and 620 a two-thirds vote. Mr. Nicholas Bell, of the Missouri delegation, roughly figures the following as the main sources of Bland's strength: Missouri, 34; Texas, 30; Arkansas, 16; Illinois, 48; Tennessee, 24; Utah, 6; Oklahoma, 6; Indian Territory, 6; Washington, 6; Georgia, 26; Louisiana, 16. These, however, are counted on as a nucleus and there are other delegations, in whole or in part expected to fall in line. The Mississippi caucus to-day which determined to give the Mississippi vote to Blackburn first, and then to Bland, has a new source of encouragement to the Bland men.

The Matthews managers say they do not expect to show their strength on early ballots. Delegate at large Menzies says Governor Matthews will start with at least 30 and the total may reach 75. A recent rough count showed 88 Matthews votes, but they are not counted on from the start. The hopes of the Matthews men are in a waiting game.

State Senator Bayless, of Iowa, who is keeping the tally for the Boies men, positively declines to indicate their sources of strength. It is said, however, that the Boies vote will exceed 85 votes on the first ballot.

Chairman James, of the Kentucky delegation, makes large claims for Blackburn and says Kentucky, Colorado, Wyoming, Mississippi, Tennessee and other States will give Blackburn a total of 120 votes.

Members of the Ohio delegation say the McLean vote will run something over fifty at the start, and will grow from that time forward.

The Teller strength is expected to develop after the early ballots, and no claims are made of Teller's strength when the balloting opens.

If these claims made by the respective leaders are realized, the vote at the outset will be, approximately: Bland, 300; Boies, 85; Matthews, 40; Blackburn, 130; McLean, 50; anti-silver, 300. The candidacy of Bryan, however, may upset the calculations of the other candidates.

DR. DEPEW IN LONDON.

He Says Free Silver Will Be Overwhelmingly Defeated.

LONDON, July 9.—The Daily News publishes a column interview with Chauncey M. Depew, in which he predicts that the elections will give the silver-standard men such an overwhelming defeat that the free-silver question will disappear forever from American politics. He thought small farmers from the South, led by Senator Tillman, represented the real strength of the free-silver movement. He said Tillman was an ignorant demagogue of no real cultivation and with no more knowledge of financial problems than an American Indian. Governor Altgeld, he declared, was almost an Anarchist, although a cultured man and different from Tillman.

"It appears to me," says Depew, "that Tillman is like a mediaeval, mail-armored knight, ready to fight for every craze. Altgeld is a wild-eyed revolutionist, ready to destroy the common fabric in the hope that he will gain by the ruin."

An English Prediction.

LONDON, July 10.—The Chronicle says in an editorial:

"The Chicago convention has justified the expectations of its worst enemies. Nobody could have foreseen such a speedy and open voicing of the enmity of the West and South against the East. The financial condition of Argentina and Greece is a paradise compared with what would be the condition of the United States should the free-silver party come into office. If so colossal a catastrophe as the election of a free-silver President occurred, American would be brought face to face with a financial panic and commercial ruin, and second with a civil war."

WANTS ANOTHER TICKET.

Position of the Brooklyn Eagle Before the Nomination.

BROOKLYN, July 9.—This evening the Brooklyn Eagle (Dem.) under the headline: "For Country and for Right," in double leads and long primer type leads its editorial page with these words:

"Whether sound-money delegations as a whole bolt or not, there will be sound-money men in the crank fest who will walk out of it, leaving it to impersonate its own anarchy and to rear its own repudiation. There are also many other Democrats who will support neither anarchy nor repudiation. And these men being Democrats should not be required to support Republicanism. Nor should they be forced not to vote at all. For them should be provided an honest-money Democratic national platform and national ticket.

"We counsel an instant realization of this need and a prompt meeting of this duty. The requisite movement will grow as it goes. The honor of at once initiating it is to be coveted as a present obligation and a lasting distinction. For country and for right, conscience, Democrats, and for them together and now."

The Michigan Delegation.

CHICAGO, July 9.—The Michigan delegation held a caucus to-night and elected Daniel J. Campau national committeeman. Previous to the unseating of the gold men in the delegation, Elliott G. Stevenson had been elected to the national committee, but the silver people to-night rescinded the action of the gold majority. The eleven gold men took no part in the caucus. Mr. Stevenson said after the caucus that he would resign the State chairmanship and withdraw from active managemnt of the party affairs in Michigan, saying that no Democrat could do otherwise when a Democratic convention refused to pass a resolution expressing belief in the honesty and integrity of a Democratic President. Mr. Stevenson further declared that the eleven gold men from Michigan will refrain from voting or participating in the work of the convention.

Manchester Union Bolts.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Mr. Gordon Woodbury, of New Hampshire, who is treasurer of the company which publishes the Democratic paper of that State, the Manchester Union, telegraphed the paper yesterday to announce that it would support no candidate on the platform to be adopted by the convention. Mr. Woodbury has received word that the paper made an editorial statement to that effect to-day. Mr. Woodbury said to-day that the paper will not indorse McKinley, but will use its influence for the nomination of another Democratic ticket by the Eastern Democrats.

Cannot Support Free Silver.

LEWISTON, Me., July 9.—The Lewiston Daily Sun will say to-morrow editorially: Believing that the future prosperity of the people would be endangered by the adoption of a free-silver coinage and that the silver platform if approved by the country would add only riches to the wealthy mine owners and those who hold gold in their possession and as the Democrats of Maine have placed themselves on record at a recent convention for gold, the Sun cannot consistently support the platform and the nominee of the silver convention.

Bissell Bolted for Home.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 9.—Ex-Postmaster-general Bissell returned home from the Democratic national convention to-day. To a reporter Mr. Bissell said that private business had necessitated his return. He refused to discuss the subject of the convention and its action on the silver question.

PARDON FOR BARDSLEY.

NO Opposition to Release of the Philadelphia Ex-Treasurer.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 9.—The Board of Pardons will to-morrow give a hearing in the case of John Bardsley, ex-treasurer of Philadelphia, who is serving a fifteen-year sentence for the embezzlement of city funds. It is believed that there will be no opposition and that the board will promptly recommend his pardon.

A Slick Pickpocket.

Chicago Special.

It is the opinion of a Washington correspondent here that the Chicago pickpocket is about the slickest thing on the face of the earth. This gentleman represents a Southern paper, and since he came here he has been going without a waistcoat and carrying his money in the side pocket of his coat.

He strolled through the Auditorium last night. There he went to the cigar counter to purchase a cigar. He put his hand down in his pocket to get his money. His pocketbook was there, but the money, about $100, was not in it. An expert Chicago pickpocket had taken the book out, extracted the money from it and then kindly returned the book.

Movements of Steamers.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Sailed: Normannia, for Hamburg, via Plymouth and Cherbourg; State of California, for Glasgow. Arrived: Halle, from Bremen.

QUEENSTOWN, July 9.—Sailed: Britannic, from Liverpool, for New York.

BREMERHAVEN, July 9.—Arrived: Bonn, from New York.

BOSTON, July 9.—Arrived: Slyvania, from Liverpool.

LONDON, July 9.—Sailed: Mississippi, for New York.

GLASGOW, July 9.—Sailed: Circassia, for New York.

YOKOHAMA, July 9.—Sailed: Tacoma, for Tacoma.

David Starr Jordan's Paper.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 9.—At the national education convention to-day a paper on "The function of nature study in the culture of moral powers," by President David Starr Jordan, of Leland Stanford, was read by Professor Jackson, of Cook County Normal School. The morning session was devoted to "The function of nature study in education." Papers by Professor Westcott, of the University of Chicago, Professor Wilkins, of Chicago, and President Braumbaugh, of Juniata College, were read and discussed by President Harvey, of Wisconsin, Professor Wilkinson, of Kansas, Mrs. Eva D. Kellogg, of Chicago, and President Stanley Hall, of Worcester, Mass.

Y. P. S. C. E. Next Year in 'Frisco.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—All doubts as to the convention city for 1897 were removed to-night when announcements were made at the various gatherings that the meeting of that year would be held at San Francisco. While final arrangements with the railroads have not been consummated, the latter have assured the trustees that this will be done and the board have accepted their representations on the subject.

Wheels by the Pound.

Philadelphia Record.

A placard in the shop window of a wheel manufacturer in Boston reads as follows: "Bicycles sold at $5 a pound—twenty pounds for $100." There's nothing new in the price, but there's genuine novelty in the style in which it is set forth—enough to warrant the conclusion that an old fact dressed in a new garb may be very good advertising.

Two Burglars Escaped.

The saloon at the corner of Senate avenue and Vermont street closed at 11 o'clock last night, and two men of burglarious inclination attempted to rob it. They effected an entrance through the transom, but had not found anything of value when the Merchant policeman of the district discovered them. He captured both of them, but they succeeded in getting away from him and making their escape.

Taylor Gas Burner, Gaslogs. Jno. M. Lilly.

The Dessert
for to-day? Don't give it a thought—further than to order it from your grocer. Give your husband and the boys a treat after their own hearts—a mince pie, fruit cake, or a fruit pudding. To have the perfection of mince pie or fruit pudding, order
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
Ready for use in twenty minutes. Always fresh, delicious and wholesome. Cleanliness and the best grade of materials are first considerations in its manufacture. Sold everywhere. Take no substitutes. A 1lb. package makes two large pies.
Send your address, naming this paper, and we will send you free a book, "Mrs. Popkins' Thanksgiving," by one of the most popular humorous writers of the day.
MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

Will Not Perform Miracles But It Will Cure.

DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE cures nervous prostration. Not miraculously, but scientifically, by first removing the germs of disease, and then supplying healthy nerve food, increasing the appetite, helping digestion and strengthening the entire system. Desperate cases require prolonged treatment as shown by that of Mrs. M. B. Reed, of Delta, Iowa, who writes: "As the result of a lightning stroke, the physicians said I had a light stroke of paralysis, my limbs would all draw up. I would have throbbings in my chest that seemed unendurable. For three months I could not sleep and for three weeks did not close my eyes. I prayed for sleep, and felt that if relief did not come I would be dead or insane. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and the second night slept two hours and from that time on my health improved; slowly at first, but steadily and surely. I took in all 40 bottles, and I cannot express how grateful I am, for I am now perfectly well, and have taken no medicine for over four months." Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by druggists on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.....

Book on heart and nerves free. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

German Fire Insurance Co.

On the 30th day of June, 1896.

Located at No. 124 Bridge street, Peoria, Ill.

BERNARD CREMER, President. CHAS. CREMER, Secretary.

The amount of its capital is	$200,000
The amount of its capital paid up is	200,000

THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Cash on hand, and in the hands of agents	$55,888.36
Real estate unincumbered	10,000.00
Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance	328,670.83
All other securities	15,249.23
Total Assets	$409,808.96

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and not due	$4,851.25
Losses unadjusted	6,000.00
Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof	4,000.00
All other claims against the company	8,092.72
Amount necessary to reinsure outstanding risks	100,572.64
Total Liabilities	$123,566.61
The greatest amount in any one risk, $5,000.	

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State:

I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above mentioned company, on the 30th day of June, 1896, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 3d day of July, 1896.

[SEAL] A. C. DAILY, Auditor of State.

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Franklin Fire Insurance Company

On the 30th day of June, 1896.

Located at No. 421 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

JAMES W. McALLISTER, President. EZRA T. CRESSON, Secretary.

The amount of its capital is	$400,000
The amount of its capital paid up is	400,000

THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Cash on hand and in the hands of agents or other persons	$68,280.77
Cash in banks	96,093.43
Real estate unincumbered	279,000.00
Bonds owned by the company, bearing interest at the rate of .. per cent., as per schedule filed, market value	2,299,450.00
Stocks and bonds held as collaterals	197,500.00
Interest due and accrued on collaterals	1,312.26
Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance	233,998.00
Interest due and accrued on ditto	3,567.12
Total Assets	$3,169,151.58

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and due; Losses adjusted and not due; Losses resisted	$40,009.42
Losses unadjusted	1,200.00
Cash dividends to stockholders unpaid	410.00
Commissions due and to become due to agents and brokers	8,628.90
Amount necessary to reinsure outstanding risks	1,648,209.03
Total Liabilities	$1,699,057.35
The greatest amount in any one risk, $15,000.	

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State:

I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above mentioned company, on the 30th day of June, 1896, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 6th day of July, 1896.

[SEAL] A. C. DAILY, Auditor of State.

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

American Insurance Co.

On the 30th day of June, 1896.

Located at No. 746 Broad street, Newark, New Jersey.

F. H. HARRIS, President. J. H. WORDEN, Secretary.

The amount of its capital is	$600,000
The amount of its capital paid up is	600,000

THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Cash on hand and in the hands of agents or other persons	$35,598.63
Real estate unincumbered	253,977.20
Bonds owned by the company, bearing interest at the rate of .. per cent., as per schedule filed, market value	764,440.00
Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance	1,436,422.00
Debts for premiums	44,717.94
All other securities—interest and rents due and accrued	34,373.44
Total Assets	$2,603,760.20

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and not due	$14,462.77
Losses unadjusted	32,041.50
Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof	5,000.00
All other claims against the company	15,800.21
Amount necessary to reinsure outstanding risks	483,073.82
Total Liabilities	$550,378.30
The greatest amount in any one risk, $10,000.	

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State:

I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above mentioned company, on the 30th day of June, 1896, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 3d day of July, 1896.

[SEAL] A. C. DAILY, Auditor of State.

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

German American Insurance Co.

On the 30th day of June, 1896.

Located at Nos. 113 and 115 Broadway, New York City.

EMIL OELBERMANN, President. WILLIAM S. NEWELL, Secretary.

The amount of its capital is	$1,000,000
The amount of its capital paid up is	1,000,000

THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Cash on hand and in the hands of agents or other persons	$[illegible]
Real estate unincumbered	85,000.00
Bonds and stocks owned by the company, bearing interest at the rate of .. per cent., as per schedule filed, market value	5,722,255.00
Debts for premiums	416,703.29
All other securities—accrued interest	2,517.67
Total Assets	$6,589,000.00

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and due; Losses adjusted and not due; Losses unadjusted; Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof; All other claims against the company; Outstanding losses	$368,478.10
Amount necessary to reinsure outstanding risks	2,501,902.56
Total Liabilities	$3,168,380.66
The greatest amount in any one risk, usually, $67,000.	

State of