ESTATES

This company is always prepared to undertake the administration of estates in any and every capacity.

It is authorized by law to act as administrator, executor, receiver, assignee, guardian and trustee.

Its facilities are far greater than those of an individual.

It is constantly under the direct supervision of the court.

It is subject to the examination of the auditor of state.

Its responsibility is unquestioned.

Consultation, which is free, is invited.

THE INDIANA TRUST COMPANY

Cor. Washington St. and Virginia Ave.

THE L. A. KINSEY CO.

INCORPORATED.

CAPITAL, $25,000—FULL PAID.

—BROKERS—

Chicago Grain and Provisions
New York Stocks.

Long Distance Telephone, 1275 and 1592.

11 and 13 West Pearl Street.

Cincinnati Office, Rooms 4 and 5, Kankakee b'ld'g.

A WEEK OF DEPRESSION

RESULT OF ANTI-RAILROAD POOL DECISION BY SUPREME COURT.

Bank Loans Item Falling Off and the Reserve Piling Up—Local Markets Not Satisfactory.

At New York, Saturday, money on call was easy at 1½@1¾ per cent.

Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent.

Sterling exchange was easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.87¼ for demand and $4.85½@4.85¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86½ and $4.88@4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½.

Bar silver, 62½c; Mexican dollars, 48⅝c; silver certificates closed at 62⅞@63c. At London bar silver closed at 28¾d per ounce.

Exports of specie from the port of New York for the week were: Gold, $6,800; silver, $911,640. The imports were: Gold, $46,671; silver, $16,671; dry goods, $2,271,340; general merchandise, $5,067,722.

The New York weekly bank statement will show the following changes:

Reserve, increase	$726,775
Loans, decrease	1,801,800
Specie, increase	462,700
Legal tenders, decrease	387,300
Deposits, decrease	2,605,500
Circulation, decrease	126,100

The banks now hold $48,894,750 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

The New York Financier says this week: "A reduction of $1,891,800 in the loans of the New York banks after an expansion in that item of $8,750,000 since Feb. 27 was a disappointing feature of the bank statement for the current week. The loan contraction was accompanied by a falling off in deposits and an increase in the reserve. Just what brought about the decrease in the loans is not exactly clear, but the previous week's statement, it will be recalled, in the face of a six-million-dollar loss to the treasury by the banks, showed almost no increase in the loan item, demonstrating that a considerable liquidation was in progress. There appears to be nothing at present which foreshadows an increase in the loans item; in fact, many of the banks report that their lines are rather well filled, and the market has displayed considerable caution during the week. Any advance in the current rates therefore will depend in great measure on the reduction of the balances which country banks maintain at this center, and which are subject to withdrawal. In other words, the money market now awaits the revival of business at other centers. The sudden advance in foreign exchange earlier in the week was met by the offerings of investment sterling, but as the accumulations of exchange are not supposed to be sufficient to last over six weeks there may be a somewhat critical period so far as gold exports are concerned before summer opens. That exports will actually occur, however, is not at all certain.

BANKS GROWING WEALTHY.

"Despite the unsteadiness in the financial world for the past few years, it is a remarkable fact, and one showing the excellent management of the New York banks, that in the past decade these show an increase in the book value of their stock of 34.8 per cent. Since 1890 the trust companies have added $14,800,000 to their surplus, a gain equal to 70 per cent. of their capital."

Total sales of stocks were 129,800 shares, including the following: American Tobacco, 11,900; Burlington, 13,800; Chicago Gas Trust receipts, 6,100; Louisville & Nashville, 3,600; Northern Pacific preferred, 5,100; Reading, 4,200; St. Paul, 11,700; Tennessee Coal and Iron, 3,600; New Jersey Central, 3,000.

Except for a brief period after the opening, there was no disposition apparent Saturday on the part of the shorts on New York 'Change to cover, even over Sunday, and all seemed content to realize on a falling market. The course of prices was upward at the start, only in response to the high range of London prices and on a small amount of covering. The movement was most marked in the grangers, but did not exceed a fraction at any point. The large preponderance of the dealings was in the industrials and the specialties, railroads being comparatively neglected, but suffering from the common depression. There were evidences of manipulation in some of the leading industrials and the effect was reflected on others. This continued practically without interruption to the close, which showed the lowest prices of the day and about the lowest for the week. The dealings in Sugar, Tobacco and Leather preferred were noticeably heavy and each in turn was attacked determinedly, resulting in a marked fall in price. The railroads continued under the heavy weight of the fear of a rate war on account of the dissolution of traffic associations resulting from the transmissouri decision. The low priced shares seemed to be picked out for special attack and bore the brunt of the selling in the railway list after the first hour. The following indicates the day's declines, where they exceed a fraction: Sugar, 1⅝; Tobacco, 1½; Chicago Gas, 1¼; Leather preferred, 1¾; New Jersey Central, 1⅜; Burlington, 1¼; Rock Island, 1⅛; Omaha, 1¼; Lake Shore, 2; Louisville & Nashville, 1; New York Central, 1½; Baltimore & Ohio, 2¼, with a subsequent rally of 1 per cent.; C., C., C. & St. L., 1; Northern Pacific preferred, 1; Reading, 1¼; Reading first preferred, 2¼; Tennessee Coal and Iron, 1; American Spirts, 1; American Spirits preferred, 2¼.

THE ANTI-POOL DECISION.

The decision of the Supreme Court on Monday, that the old Transmissouri Freight Association was illegal, under the Sherman anti-trust law, has occupied the attention of Wall street all week to the practical exclusion of everything else. The decision was announced too late on Monday to have any appreciable effect on that day's trading, but prices broke all around on Tuesday and the general tendency downward was not effectually checked all through the week. This was the more remarkable as the market had already withstood some severe shocks in the last few weeks, such as the recent severe slump in Missouri Pacific and New Jersey Central, with nothing more than a momentary pause in the trading. But the fear in the minds of all owners of railroad shares that the transmissouri decision meant the dissolution of all existing rate and traffic associations and an outbreak of destructive war between railroad lines all over the country, broke the market, which had held firm through other vicissitudes. The Vanderbilt stocks, which had been the sustaining force of the market ever since the Lake Shore refunding plan was made known, succumbed quite as readily and completely as any of the others. The industrials did not entirely escape the effect of the judicial decision, the Sherman anti-trust law having been somewhat discredited as an instrument of aggression against corporations before it was thus sweepingly confirmed by the highest court.

The fears occasioned in Wall street have been diligently fed all week by the alarmist views expressed on the decision by practically all the railroad men who have talked on it. The immediate disintegration of the associations of which the grangers and the Southwestern railroads are members was accepted by stockholders in the same spirit as though it had resulted from a failure to maintain the rates agreed on and were preliminary to a fierce competition for business. The announcement which the Missouri Pacific coupled with its notice of withdrawal that it intended to strictly maintain the existing rates, though no longer acting with the traffic associations, served to quiet apprehensions in the market more than anything else. Little account was taken, however, that a war of rates could only be precipitated by the volition of one of the roads, and current comment in the street uncovered the existence of a rather cynical distrust among railroad managers and opinion, expressed with rough candor, that the only means by which these authorities can be prevented from underbidding one another and discriminating in rates is an authority to inflict fines and penalties on them for doing so. The prevalent alarm over the perilous state of rate agreements tended to exaggerate the nervousness of traders over the evidences of legislative hostility as reflected in proposed anti-railroad legislation in some of the Western States, the tone of debate in Congress over the proposed anti-trust amendments to the tariff bill and the entire futility, according to reports from Washington, of any hope that Congress will at present pass or even consider a measure to authorize railroad pooling. There were other depressing influences at work in the market also notwithstanding that the trading on Monday gave promise of a continuance of the extended investment movement which had radiated from the good buying in the Vanderbilts.

THE GRANGERS SUFFERED.

The bad crop reports from the Northwest and the poor showing of earnings made by roads in that region on account of the impassable country roads were already depressing influences in the grangers. The anthracite coal group was a notable center of depression, also, in view of the overstocks and poor prices of coal and the greatly reduced demand, New Jersey Central being a constant resource for the bears on account of the reiterated reports of poor financial condition and possible reduction of dividend. It was a noticeable fact that in the midst of the alarm over the possible disasters to result from disrupted traffic associations, the anthracite coalers enjoyed periods of steadiness. The increase shown in the New Jersey Central earnings and the declaration of the Lackawanna dividend will have to be credited with this in part, but it was also pointed out that the coalers would not need to suffer from the lack of a traffic association, on account of what is euphemistically termed the harmonious financial control of that group of properties. The improvement of business in the South, as indicated by an increase in railroad earnings, has been very marked, and has proved a steadying influence on the price of stocks. The dissolution of the iron ore pool is regarded as a natural sequence of the disruption of other combinations in the allied industries, and is expected to result in a largely increased volume of business, although at lower prices. A beneficial effect is looked for on general business. Some of the week's declines at the extreme low point were as follows, the closing prices for the week being also about the lowest in most cases: Sugar, 3¼; Tobacco, 3⅞; Chicago Gas, 1¾; General Electric, 2⅝; T., C. & L., 2⅜; Leather preferred, 3; Burlington, 1⅞; St. Paul, 3⅛; Northwestern, 3½; Rock Island, 5½; Omaha, 4; New Jersey Central, 6; Reading, first preferred, 4½; Reading, 2⅛; Canada Southern, 2; Chesapeake & Ohio, 1¾; New York, Chicago & St. Louis, second preferred, 2½; Lake Shore, 4; Atchison preferred, 2¾; Denver & Rio Grande preferred, 2½; Lake Erie & Western, 2; Lake Erie & Western preferred, 7; Louisville & Nashville, 3; Kansas & Texas preferred, 5⅛; Northern Pacific preferred, 2⅞; Southern preferred, 2⅝; Minnesota Iron, 6½; T., C. & L., 2½; Colorado Fuel, 2½.

Foreign exchanges exhibited decided strength which waned somewhat in the closing days owing to the offerings of security draws. The advance in actual rates up to Thursday was an average of about ½c. Prospective imports in anticipation of the new tariff bill are expected to influence exchange before long. Money was easier during the week, and especially in the later dealings. Some operations in call loans were registered at 2 per cent. Towards the close, however, accommodations were secured at 1½ to 1¾ per cent., with the bulk of the dealings at the minimum figure. Discount rates hardened appreciably throughout. Quotations were at 3½ to 4 for prime and 4 to 5 for good names, according to maturity.

The bond market reflected steady offerings for London and continental account of the middle grade and speculative issues, which were fairly well taken by the local dealers, although general concessions in values were forced except in the gilt-edged bonds, which were strengthened by investment purchases. Specific developments operated to alternately advance and depress values of some issues, particularly Standard Rope and Lehigh & Wilkesbarre liens. The St. Paul mortgages were conspicuous in the operations and improved slightly. Final prices record losses generally with Atchison adjustment fours leading the recessions in the active securities with 2⅝. The declines among other properties extend to 5 per cent. in Colorado Coal and Iron sixes. The sales were $6,815,000.

Government bonds sagged in the early trading, but later developed strength and regained the declines on investment purchases. The sales were $238,000.

The following table, prepared by L. W. Louis, Room 11 Board of Trade, shows the range of quotations:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Adams Express	....	....	....	148
Alton & Terre Haute	....	....	....	56
American Express	....	....	....	111
American Spirits	12½	12½	11½	11⅝
American Spirits pref	....	....	....	29⅝
American Sugar	112¾	112¾	110¾	110⅞
American Sugar pref	....	....	....	101¼
American Tobacco	73½	74	72½	73⅛
American Tobacco pref	....	....	....	104
Atchison	10¾	10¾	10⅛	10⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	....	....	....	15¾
Canada Pacific	....	....	....	43
Canada Southern	....	....	....	47
Central Pacific	....	....	....	8½
Chesapeake & Ohio	16½	16½	16½	16½
Chicago & Alton	....	....	....	164
C., B. & Q.	72¾	72¾	71	71
C. & E. I. pref	....	....	....	95
Chicago Gas	79	79⅛	77⅛	77⅜
C., C., C. & St. L.	29½	29½	28	28
Commercial Cable Co.	....	....	....	158
Consolidated Gas	....	....	....	157
Cotton Oil	....	....	....	11
Cotton Oil pref	....	....	....	56½
Delaware & Hudson	....	....	....	106⅝
D., L. & W.	....	....	....	154
Denver & Rio Grande	....	....	....	9⅝
Denver & Rio Grande pref.	....	....	....	37⅝
Erie	....	....	....	13
Erie first pref	....	....	....	29½
Erie second pref	....	....	....	18
Fort Wayne	....	....	....	162
General Electric	33	33	32	32¼
Great Northern pref	....	....	....	119
Hocking Valley	....	....	....	3⅛
Illinois Central	....	....	....	92½
Kansas & Texas pref	....	....	....	26
Lake Erie & Western	....	....	....	13½
Lake Erie & Western pref.	....	....	....	60½
Lake Shore	....	....	....	164
Lead Trust	....	....	....	25⅝
Louisville & Nashville	46¾	46¾	45¾	45⅞
Louisville & New Albany	....	....	....	14
Manhattan	85	85¼	84½	84¾
Michigan Central	....	....	....	97
Missouri Pacific	18⅛	18⅛	17⅞	17⅞
New Jersey Central	86¾	86¾	85⅝	85⅞
New York Central	99¼	99¼	98	98
N. Y. & N. E.	....	....	....	27
Northern Pacific	....	....	....	12¼
Northern Pacific pref	35	35	33⅞	34¼
Northwestern	106	106	105¼	105¼
Northwestern pref	....	....	....	154
Pacific Mail	26⅝	26⅝	26⅛	26⅜
Peoria, D. & E.	....	....	....	¾
P., C. & St. L. pref	....	....	....	47
Pullman Palace	....	....	....	158
Reading	22¼	22¼	21	21⅛
Rock Island	64	64¼	63⅛	63¼
St. Paul	75¾	75¾	74⅝	74⅝
St. Paul pref	....	....	....	136
St. Paul & Omaha	59¼	59¼	57½	57½
St. Paul & Omaha pref	....	....	....	140
Southern Pacific	....	....	....	14
Tennessee Coal and Iron	25⅝	25½	24¾	24¾
Texas Pacific	....	....	....	8½
T., St. L. & K. C.	....	....	....	5½
T., St. L. & K. C. pref	....	....	....	18½
Union Pacific	6	6	6	6
U. S. Express	....	....	....	38
U. S. Leather pref	57¼	57¼	55½	55⅞
U. S. Rubber	....	....	....	13½
U. S. Rubber pref	....	....	....	62
Wabash, St. L. & P.	....	....	....	7½
Wabash, St. L. & P. pref.	....	....	....	13⅝
Wells-Fargo Express	....	....	....	100
Western Union	83⅛	83⅛	83	83
Wheeling & Lake Erie	....	....	....	1⅛
Wheeling & Lake Erie pref	....	....	....	3½
U. S. Fours, reg	....	....	....	110⅞
U. S. Fours, coup	....	....	....	113¼
U. S. Fours, new, reg	....	....	....	122½
U. S. Fours, new, coup	....	....	....	123½

LOCAL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Trade of the Week Disappointing, but Closing Strong.

The week ending with March 27 started off with a brisk trade and indications of a large week's business, but the coming on of unusually cold weather for the latter part of March checked trade the last three days of the week. There is a strong tendency to higher prices and this in turn has increased the demand for goods somewhat in the lines which show the most advance, and with genuine spring weather and the country roads settled everything points to an active trade. In dry goods steady to firm prices are the feature. Staple groceries are the same. Sugars, which for some time each day showed an advance, for the last few days have ruled steady and the weak tone to prices on coffee seems to have passed off. Provisions are firm at the advance in the early part of the week. Poultry during the week went off 1c and eggs 2c, and both are weak at quotations. Green apples, oranges and onions advanced, while Irish potatoes, cranberries and strawberries declined; the price of the latter, however, is controlled by the daily receipts. The hide and leather markets rule steady. Sales of belting have increased of late and all kinds of leather rule very firm at quotations.

In the local grain market there was a good deal of activity, the advance in prices of wheat, corn and oats having increased receipts, and the market closed strong at the following range of prices on track:

Wheat—No. 2 red, 86c; No. 3 red, 82@84c; No. 4 red, 77@79c; wagon wheat, 86c.

Corn—No. 1 white, 24¾c; No. 2 white, 24¾c; No. 3 white, 24¾c; No. 4 white, 21½c; No. 2 white mixed, 23c; No. 3 white mixed, 23c; No. 4 white mixed, 20½c; No. 2 yellow, 22c; No. 3 yellow, 23c; No. 4 yellow, 20½c; No. 2 mixed, 22c; No. 3 mixed, 23c; No. 4 mixed, 20½c; ear corn, 20½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 21½c; No. 3 white, 19½c; No. 2 mixed, 18½c; No. 3 mixed, 16½c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $8.50@9; No. 2 timothy, $7@8; prairie, $6@6.50.

Poultry and Other Produce.

(Prices paid by shippers.)

Poultry—Hens, 6c; springs, 6c; cocks, 2c; young turkeys, 9c; toms, 8c; old hen turkeys, 7c; old toms, 5c; ducks, 7c; geese, 40c for full feathered; 20c for plucked.

Butter—Country, choice, 10c; mixed, 6c.

Eggs—7c.

Feathers—Prime geese, 20c per lb; prime duck, 16@17c per lb.

Beeswax—30c for yellow; 25c for dark.

Honey—12@14c per lb.

Wool—Medium unwashed, 12c; fine merino, unwashed, 10c; tub-washed, 20@23c; burry and unmerchantable, 5c less.

HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

Green-salted Hides—No. 1, 7¾c; No. 2, 7c; No. 1 calf, 8½c; No. 2 calf, 7½c.

Grease—White, 3¾c; yellow, 2¾c; brown, 2¾c.

Tallow—No. 1, 3c; No. 2, 2½c.

Bones—Dry, $12@13 per ton.

LIVE STOCK.

Cattle Steady—Hogs Active and a Shade Higher—Sheep Strong.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 27.—Cattle—Receipts light; shipments light. There were but few fresh arrivals. Quite a string of heavy steers held over from yesterday sold to-day at $4.90. Others were steady.

Export grades	$4.60@5.10
Shippers, medium to good	4.00@4.40
Shippers, common to fair	3.40@3.75
Feeders, fair to good	3.65@4.00
Stockers, common to good	3.00@3.50
Heifers, good to choice	3.50@3.85
Heifers, common to medium	2.85@3.25
Cows, good to choice	2.10@3.00
Cows, fair to medium	2.50@2.85
Cows, common and old	1.25@2.25
Veals, good to choice	4.75@6.00
Veals, common to medium	3.00@4.25
Bulls, good to choice	3.00@3.50
Bulls, common to medium	2.25@2.75
Milkers, good to choice, per head	30.00@40.00
Milkers, common to medium, per head	18.00@25.00

Hogs—Receipts, 2,500; shipments, 1,000. The market opened active, with average sales a shade higher, packers and shippers being urgent buyers. All were sold with promptness and the closing was steady at the early advance.

Light	$3.95@4.10
Mixed	3.95@4.10
Heavy packing and shipping	3.95@4.10
Pigs	3.50@3.75
Roughs	3.00@3.85

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light; shipments light. The offerings were of only fair quality, but the market was strong.

Sheep, good to choice	$3.50@4.00
Sheep, common to medium	2.50@3.25
Lambs, good to choice	4.25@5.00
Lambs, common to medium	3.25@4.00
Bucks, per head	2.50@4.50

Elsewhere.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000; shipments, 1,000. Of the cattle receipts at the yards to-day all were stockers that were being shipped through. There was one load of mixed Texans and the market was nominal in both divisions; fancy export steers, $5.10@5.30; fair to choice native shipping steers, $4.10@5, bulk at $4.40@4.85; dressed beef and butchers' steers, $3.70@4.75, bulk at $4@4.60; stockers under 1,000 pounds, $3.75@4.25, bulk at $3.80@4.15; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.25, bulk at $3.40@3.85; cows and heifers, $2@4.25, bulk at $2.50@3.75; bulk of cows, $2.50@3.25; bulls, $2.25@3; Texas and Indian steers, fed, $3.65@4.25; grass, $3@3.70; cows and heifers, $2.20@3.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,000; shipments, 3,000. Market steady for heavy; light, $4@4.10; mixed, $3.80@4.15; heavy, $3.70@4.20.

Sheep—Receipts, 200; shipments, 500. Market steady; native muttons, $3.65@4.50; culls and bucks, $2.50@3.40; lambs, $4.45@5.50; Texas sheep, grass and fed, $3.20@3.90; spring lambs, $7.50@8.

CHICAGO, March 27.—In cattle receipts were even lighter than is usual on Saturday, the market in consequence being almost entirely nominal. The few cattle in the pens sold readily at yesterday's range of prices. There was a good demand at yesterday's range of prices.

The bulk of the hogs brought $4.10@4.20, sales being at an extreme range of $3.75@4.22½, with light weights selling at a considerable discount.

There was no decrease in the demand for sheep and prices held firm. Western sheep sold at $3.50@4.50 and a few fancy heavy native sheep brought $4.75@5. Lambs sold from $3.50 for an occasional lot of light weights averaging less than 60 pounds up to $5.50 for Fort Collins flocks weighing 82 to 85 pounds. Texas sheep are arriving in fewer numbers and sold at $4@4.30. Feeding sheep were in active demand at $3.50@3.75 and feeding lambs sold at $4.25@4.65.

Receipts—Cattle, 200; hogs, 11,000; sheep, 1,500.

KANSAS CITY, March 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 100; shipments, 2,800. Market unchanged, with only retail trade.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,600; shipments none. Market steady at yesterday's opening; bulk of sales, $3.90@4.05; heavies, $3.80@4.07½; packers, $3.80@4; mixed, $3.90@4.05; lights, $3.80@3.90; Yorkers, $3.85@3.90; pigs, $3.25@3.70.

Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; shipments, 100. Market strong; lambs, $3.50@4.65; muttons, $3@4.50.

LOUISVILLE, March 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 53. Market steady; shipping steers, $3.85@4.40; butchers, $2.65@4; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,077. Market firm; heavies, $4; medium, $4; lights, $3.40@3.90; roughs, $3@3.40.

Sheep—Receipts, 16. Market steady; choice sheep, $3.50@3.75; fair, $2.75@3.25; extra lambs, $4.60@5; fair, $4@4.50.

EAST LIBERTY, March 27.—Cattle steady; prime, $4.80@5; fed steers, $4.30@4; bulls, stags and cows, $1.75@3.50; veal calves, $5@6.

Hogs steady; prices unchanged.

Sheep active; Ohio fed Westerns, $4.40@4.65; natives, $4.65@4.80; common, $2.75@3.50; choice lambs, $5.50@5.80.

CINCINNATI, March 27.—Cattle strong at $2.50@4.75; receipts, 100; shipments, 100.

Hogs active at $3.25@4.10; receipts, 1,500; shipments, 1,700.

Sheep firm at $2.50@4.50; receipts, 100; shipments none. Lambs steady at $3.75@5.25.

VITAL STATISTICS—MARCH 27.

Deaths.

Minerva Dugan, seventeen years, 304 South Meridian street, septicaemia.

James Board, forty-six years, 39 Harris street, heart disease.

M. Heaston, twenty-nine years, 329 Fletcher avenue, shock.

Infant Johnson, Woodruff Place, premature.

Nellie Gilbert, six years, 315 Massachusetts avenue, congestion of lungs.

Births.

Bessie and Ben Mazo, 402 South Meridian street, girl.

Cora and George Girton, 127 Rhode Island street, girl.

Clara and J. Mortimer Alfreds, 35 St. Peter street, boy.

Mary and Thomas Kern, 872 East Vermont street, girl.

Bertha and Thomas Duffy, 18 Linn street, girl.

Josephine and William Evans, 139 High street, girl.

Katie and John Miller, 307 Shelby street, boy.

Mary and Henry Kuntz, 125 Weghorst street, girl.

Mary and George Johnson, city, boy.

Lizzie and Clinton Jones, 6½ Malott avenue, girl.

Nettie and John Jarrett, 402 Columbia avenue, boy.

Marriage License.

Jerry Jameson and Ella Meade.

Pensions for Veterans.

Certificates have been issued to the following named Indianians:

Original—Special, March 17, James M. Holmes, National Military Home; Oscar Clark, Princeton.

Supplemental—Isaac C. Dirrim, Butler.

Restoration and Increase—John G. Mills, Pilot Knob.

Renewal and Reissue—Special, March 17 (special act), Charles H. Twomey, Eminence.

Renewal—Adolphus Williams, Stigler.

Increase—Francis Kennedy, Jordan Village; William Buehrle, Winamac; Elihu W. Cahal, Cory; Lemuel V. Powell, Sandborn; Wm. T. Keys, Boswell; John Artz, Lovett; Gotlieb C. Hauk, Terre Haute; James D. McIntyre, Madison; Herman Von Strohe, Waynesville; Daniel W. Green, Clifton; Jackson G. Stober, Wabash; William E. Collins, Monticello; Henry S. Richardson, Terre Haute; Pleasant Luttrull, Survant; Jonathan Stearns, Dupont; Henry C. Owen, Newberry; Silas Baldwin, Scottsburg; Jefferson Underwood, North Madison; Wm. Conquest, Danville; Thomas Garrity, Aurora; Samuel Cooley, Brookston; Patrick Quinlan, Indianapolis; Wm. Booth, Rushville; James Polley, Jay.

Original Widows, etc.—Minors of Engelbert Ketteler, Geneva; Lydia C. Farmer, Dexter; special, March 19 (special act), Helen A. Funkhouser, East Chicago; Hattie B. Donahue, Evansville.

Building Permits.

Robert Kennington, repair frame house, 463 South Delaware street, $400.

Lillian A. Pettijohn, frame house, 232 Blake street, $1,100.

John Downey, veranda, 109 English avenue, $130.

Andrew J. Schneider, frame house, Carson street, $800.

H. M. Talbott, theater, Washington street and Capitol avenue, $56,000.

Eliza Trester, frame addition, 242 West New York street, $200.

William Manion, repair barn, 393 North West street, $45.

E. R. Storms, frame addition, 383 East Coburn street, $65.

John Gisler, repairs, 814 South East street, $50.

A. Roland, stable, 110 Kennington street, $40.

Nick Gorlan, repairs, 217 Davidson street, $200.

Model Woolen Mill Company, brick addition, Geisendorff and Washington streets, $1,500.

The Salvation Army Wedding.

The Salvation Army captain who has figured rather prominently in recent skirmishes with the roughs is to appear at his farewell meeting in the role of a groom. The "hallelujah wedding," as it is announced, is to be conducted by Colonel Brewer, of Chicago. The Y. M. C. A. Hall is taken for this service for Wednesday evening. The bride is an army officer, whose home is in Michigan.

MAGNATES AND RUMORS

BASEBALL GOSSIP GIVEN A BIG BOOST BY A CONFERENCE HERE.

Proposition to Bring Cincinnati League Club Here and Transfer Indianapolis to Cleveland.

There were all sorts of baseball rumors afloat here yesterday owing to the arrival in the city of Frank De Hass Robison, owner of the Cleveland club, his brother Stanley and James A. Hart, president of the Chicago club. These men accompanied John T. Brush home from Chicago, where they held one of their famous secret sessions Friday. They were closeted pretty much all of yesterday in Mr. Brush's private office in the When building. When it came to telling just what brought them here the gentlemen were about as communicative as a well-preserved sphinx. On general baseball topics they were not averse to expressing themselves freely.

It has been published far and wide for months that the Robisons are dissatisfied with the situation at Cleveland. So are the other League clubs for that matter, as the city turns out such poor crowds as to make every series played in the Forest City an unprofitable one. It has also been known for a long time that the Robisons want to play Sunday games in Cleveland, and that there is much the same sort of opposition there as here. They have threatened to take the team away from Cleveland if not allowed to play Sunday ball, and rumor has placed the team in Buffalo, Detroit, Milwaukee and Indianapolis. Milwaukee has been a strong favorite in these guessing matches during the past few days, but Indianapolis will go to the front over Sunday because of the visit of the magnates and their inspection of the grounds here yesterday.

It is stated on the authority of one of the visiting magnates that the matter of transferring the Cincinnati Club to Indianapolis was broached. This proposition embraced the transfer of the Cleveland champions to Cincinnati and the transfer of Watkin's Western League men to Cleveland. This would give Indianapolis National League ball. The magnate further added that there was little probability such a deal would ever materialize. Something will be done in Cleveland, the visiting magnates said, significantly, in case the Civic League there prevent Sunday ball.

MAY BE THE RUSIE CASE.

The real reason of their presence here may have nothing whatever to do with this threat to deprive Cleveland of its fine team. It may be due to the fact that Messrs. Brush, Hart and Frank Robison are the Western members of the board of arbitration of the National League and that the Rusie case must be attended to within the next week or so. The reserve rule is absolutely necessary to the life and well-being of the national game. If the Rusie case is allowed to go through the Federal Court it is almost certain that the reserve rule will not stand. It will be to the League's advantage to have the Rusie case settled out of court. A compromise is destirable, and it is pretty nearly time one was being effected. That the three members of the board of arbitration may be straightening out this Rusie tangle is not at all unlikely.

If the sudden determination of Messrs. Hart and Robison to come here with Mr. Brush to conclude the conference begun in Chicago had in view any action with regard to the Rusie case, that fact is not blown to the ball twirler. He was sought by a Journal reporter at his father's place of business on North State avenue last night. Rusie said that he knew by accounts in the Journal yesterday that the magnates were here, but that neither of them had called to confer with him, nor with his attorney, R. O. Hawkins. So far as he knows there have been no new developments in the controversy between himself and President Friedman, of the New York club. In the event of a general change in the personnel of the clubs in the National League, with Indianapolis occupying the place of some other club in that aggregation, there might be some condition created under which a compromise might be made and Rusie might become identified with the home team, but he does not seem to hope for such a termination of the long quarrel, which has kept him idle for an entire season and seems likely to keep him out of the arena for another year. The civil suit he brought is pending on a demurrer filed by the New York club, which demurred to his complaint on the ground that the other eleven clubs of the National League are not made parties to his complaint. It is not regarded as likely that the court will sustain the demurrer, so that the real issues are likely to be made up and the case tried in the next few months, but meantime Rusie has to remain idle. He is chafing somewhat under the enforced idleness and would like to go on the diamond this summer, if that were possible.

Rusie is in pretty good condition. He is four or five pounds heavier, but can soon train down. He expects to begin practice with the home team this week.

JOHNSON PASSES THROUGH.

President Ban Johnson, of the Western League, passed through here yesterday afternoon on his way from Chicago to Cincinnati. He was as curious as anybody to know what the National League magnates were here for, and said they had kept a good many people in Chicago guessing Friday during their session there. Manager Watkins had a talk with the president during the latter's twenty minutes' stay at the station. Watkins is anxious to have a Western League umpire assigned to Indianapolis for the exhibition games, and Johnson will probably send Haskell, of Peoria, here for that purpose. The other three umpires who will start in when the Western League season opens are March, of Minneapolis, who is said to be all right, Ebright, who managed the Cedar Rapids team last season, and Manassau, the eyeball player, who was a failure as a Western League umpire both in 1894 and 1895.

President Johnson says that the contracts are coming in very rapidly now, and most of the clubs have all their players signed. He thinks the outlook fine for the Western League this year. The Reach ball is to be used as heretofore. While here yesterday Johnson remarked in connection with talk concerning the presence of the Robisons and Hart that Indianapolis would make a good National League city. He wants to be here for the opening game with Grand Rapids April 21. Indianapolis, he said, had the strongest team this season that has yet represented the city in the Western League.

THE INDIANAPOLIS PLAYERS.

All but Three Will Report for Practice This Week.

The Indianapolis players will all, but three, report for practice between now and Wednesday—all except McCarthy, Hogriever and Leon Wolters, the Grand Rapids pitcher, who is not satisfied to sign at the figure offered him and who will be allowed to wait until he concludes it is the best he can do. McCarthy and Hogriever are making a mistake in holding off. There are several promising candidates for outfield positions, among them "Dibby" Flynn, about as fast a man as Indianapolis wants. He is thirty pounds heavier than last year and will able now to field and hit with the best of them. No player is indispensable to a team, and both McCarthy and Hogriever will realize this before long. With Flynn, McFarland and Hogan to take care of the outfield it is not probable the management will run after the two players who are holding out.

Kahoe is on his way here from New Orleans and will arrive to-morrow or Tuesday. Gonding is still unsigned and waiting now to hear from Wilkesbarre. He may decide to come here after all. Indianapolis is pretty will fixed for catchers, however, with Kahoe, Wood, McFarland and Billy Gray. The last-named player is still in Philadelphia. He and Frank Foreman are waiting instructions from President Brush relative to their formal transfer from Cincinnati to Indianapolis. Foreman is working in Baltimore and wants to stay there as long as possible to make money for his family, so he writes Manager Watkins. He is in good shape, and as his early season work is always very effective, Watkins is likely to use him pretty frequently from the send-off.

There will be the usual number of young players here during the first two weeks of April for trial by Indianapolis. By the time the season opens, however, most of them will be placed in the smaller leagues and Indianapolis will start in with a well-seasoned lot of experienced men. Watkins will carry an extra outfielder this season, and there will be no "soldiering" this time in that locality. If either Samuels or Woodruff should turn out to be fast enough for Western League company, Gray may be put in the outfield or used as a catcher. Stewart arrived here yesterday, and says he is going to play ball all the time this season. He looks better than he did last fall—lighter and more like a well-trained player. Watkins expects seventeen men to be pounding the ball around the park by April 1, next Thursday. Monroe will get in to-morrow, and if he does as he promises some League club may be after him next fall, for he is capable of great work.

A ten-ton roller begins work on the ball grounds to-morrow, and next Thursday the first game of the season will be played between Indianapolis and a team made up of the best professional players living here. The clubs will line up as follows: Indianapolis—Pitchers, Phillips, Goar, Monroe (three innings each); catchers, Kahoe and Wood; first base, Motz; second, Stewart; short, Eustace; third, Samuels, Woodruff or Gray; left field, Jackson or Flynn; center, Hogan; right, McFarland or Flynn. All Professionals—Pitchers, Derrick of Jackson, Seidensticker of Rockford; catcher, Fred Schaub; first base, McCauley; second, Al Fisher; third, Bob Schaub; short, Hollingsworth; left field, John White; center, Barnes; right, Donovan. This team ought to give Indianapolis a lively argument, for it is made up of good players, who will hustle to win. The Schaub boys will play again this season with Sharsig's Athletics, in Philadelphia. McCauley goes to Jackson, Fisher to Cedar Rapids, Hollingsworth to St. Paul, White to Toronto, Barnes to Rockport and Donovan to Burlington.

The Miami University team wrote yesterday for a date here, but Manager Watkins could not take them on.

Baseball Notes.

Jimmie Bannon, who will play at Kansas City, is coaching the Lehigh club.

Joyce is devoting much of his time to instructing the young blood players.

Reach's official baseball guide for last season is out, containing all the records of the year.

Some of the New York players who ride wheels are getting splendid exercise on the smooth roads near Lakewood.

The New York players have enjoyed more outdoor work at Lakewood than have the Chicago men at Hot Springs.

Hanlon wears a very anxious look as he sees the Orioles taking on flesh before his very eyes, and is praying for dry weather.

Tebeau is ready to exchange O'Connor for Grim and Griffin, of the Brooklyns. Barnie "is willin'" and the deal may be consummated any day.

The Phillies have one lone bicycle at their training quarters in Augusta. It is the property of Manager Stallings. The players take turns in riding it.

Fred Hartman, of McKeesport, has gone to St. Louis to join the National League baseball team of that city. He has signed to play third base this season.

Canavan has signed with