HIBBEN, HOLLWEG & CO. BRESSI'S WIFE TALK

Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc.

We carry, at all times, large stocks throughout every department, double those of any competing house in the State, and we have an outlet equally great in proportion. The trade interested in FALL MERCHANDISE may rely on finding with us representative lines from the leading mills and manufacturers, with prices, terms and deliveries as favorable as may be had in any market. We are receiving now and can make any desired deliveries on Fall A Female "Dress Goods," "Woolens," "Underwear," "Hosiery," "Furnishings," "Napped Fabrics," Linoleum, Oilcloth, Carpets, Etc.

own personal money and \$900 of it belonged

ness denied that he had ever had any one

of a half dozen or more conversations with

denied that he had ever talked with him or

anybody else about the killing of Goebel or

In regard to the testimony of Robert Noaks the witness said he never had a

conversation with Noaks in regard to the

smokeless powder cartridges, and never

Noaks alleged that the witness made so

many damaging statements to him. The

made by witnesses Noaks, Golden, Culton

After the noon recess Powers resumed

lor's private secretary, referred to in his

end of Governor Bradley's administration.

ness said he wrote the letter to Professor

Stevens, of Barboursville, Feb. 10, saying in

substance: "The present demoralized con-

They know I am in favor of an open dec-

NO EXPLANATION ALLOWED.

Ex-Governor Brown, who was conduct-

ing the direct examination, asked what he

meant by this expression. The prosecution

objected to any explanation of the letter,

to the jury to be construed by it. The court

sustained this contention, holding that as

long as the defendant and other witnesses

had given the same testimony in regard to

the contents of the letter the jury should

judge as to the meaning of it. The defense

The witness admitted part of a conversa-

Hampton, of Knox county, but said Mr.

Hampton had misconstrued the main point.

What he said was that, if Goebel should

become Governor and witness held on to

the office of secretary of state somebody

to insinuate that Goebel would have that

testify in the application for bail, but said

that he made that recommendation for

He denied that he had made certain state-

ments to Miss Susie Snuffer, of Williams-

burg, or that he offered her any induce-

ment to leave the State and not testify

In the letter he says Noaks offered his

was being given great attention by the

newspapers at that time. In the letter

Noaks said he heard Golden say that

Powers and Finley did not want anybody

except little Methodist preachers to go on

and this was offered by Noaks as evidence

to offset Golden's charge that Powers told

him to get up "a crowd of regular moun

The direct examination was concluded at

the defense held a short consultation.

conducting it. He said to the witness: "You

have stated that the men you brought to

seeing Adkins in Frankfort till after the

questionable characters were also mentioned

as being on the train, but the witness only

rogation was still under way when the

Beckham Will Call a Session.

Beckham has decided to call an extra ses-

sion of the Legislature at some date be-

tween Aug. 15 and Sept. 1 to amend the

Goebel election law. It is understood that

a bill has already been prepared for non-

partisan election commissions in each of

the counties, to report to a nonpartisan

state commission, with two representatives

of each party on the state commission and

KILLED THEM BOTH.

Waco Man Admits the Murder of His

Son and Son-in-Law.

WACO, Tex., July 31 .- The mystery sur-

rounding the double killing here on Sunday

night has been cleared up by Duncan Mc-

Lennen, sr., who, according to his own con-

fession, took the lives of both Mr. Kings-

bury and Duncan McLennen, jr. According

to his statement he and his son Duncan

night and entered the room where he was

sleeping. McLennen says a quarrel and

fight ensued and during a moment of ex-

citement and anger he killed his son-in-

law Kingsbury. He says that during the

struggle all became more or less confused,

After the tragedy McLennen returned to

his home in the country, where he spent

the night, returning here Monday morning

to attend his son's tuneral. He was arrest-

ed and later made the foregoing state-

ment. The motive for the killing is said

to have been financial difficulties of long

CHRIST BEFORE PILATE.

Cited by the Defense in the Closing

Argument for Jester.

NEW LONDON, Mo., July 31 .- P. H. Cul-

len, of Mexico, Mo., chief counsel for Alex-

ander Jester, on trial for the alleged mur-

der of Gilbert Gates, made the closing

arguments for the defense to-day. He re-

plaining why Jester did not take the stand

in his own defense, referred to the silence

W. O. Forrest, for the prosecution, will

close the arguments to-morrow and the

case will then be given to the jury. The

Swam Twenty-Seven Miles.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 31 .- John C. Meyers,

an athlete of some note, to-day, without

much fatigue, swam from Alton, Ill., to St.

Louis, a distance of twenty-seven miles, in

exactly six hours. Meyers had wagered that

of Christ when arraigned before Pilate.

verdict is awaited with intense interest.

standing between McLennen sr. and Kings-

but by accident he also killed his so

trinking he was Kingsbury.

FRANKFORT, Ky., July 31.-Governor

court adjourned until to-morrow.

on each of the county boards.

against him

done. He also admitted that while in jail

laration of war.'

The others were put in there later, he sup-

any other members of the Legislature.

witness Wharton Golden, about which the

Useful Articles for Invalids.

WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO., 224 and 226 S. Meridian street, Indianapolis, Ind

STORY TOLD BY CALEB POWERS AT THE CAMPBELLITE TRIAL.

He Completes His Plain, Unyarnished Tale of the Events Preceding the Killing of Goebel.

HE GIVES THE LIE TO GOLDEN

ALSO PUTS A BLACK EYE TO ROBERT NOAKS'S TESTIMONY.

Says Noaks Wanted to Be a Witness for Him-Court Makes Another of Its Pro-Goebel Rulings.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., July 31 .- The direct testimony of ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers as a witness in his own behalf was not concluded until 3 o'clock this afterwill take up at least all of to-morrow, had progressed only a short way when the court adjourned this afternoon. To-morrow will be the third day with Powers on the stand.

Powers this morning took up the testimony where he had left off yesterday afternoon. The witness said that on the morning of the assassination he was preparing to go to Louisville to make arrangements for bringing more people to Frankfort. He locked his office door as described by Witness. Golden. He had no recollection of anything being said concerning suspicious story of the executive building. The witwere in contest. I expressed similar sentiments to other people that day. We went Mr. Goebel had upset our plans, we, of

more men to Frankfort. Witness said that the statement of Golden that he spoke derisively when told of thought it my duty," he continued, "to and did so that afternoon. I went to the executive building and with my key, the been stated in the evidence. J. E. Matthews put on the new lock."

course, abandoned the idea of bringing

The witness said he never heard any sort conferences in which he participated, except in one held in the commissioner of agriculture's office, in which Sheriff Burton, of Breckinridge county, talked in an incendiary manner and was reproved by witness.

TOLD GOLDEN NOTHING. The day after the assassination witness said he began an investigation to learn where the shot was fired from. The newspapers were intimating that the shooting was done from his office. He employed J. B. Matthews and Detective Griffin, of Somerset, to assist in the investigation. "I made no statement to Golden that I was satisfied the shots came from my office, and did not tell him I was thinking of going to the commonwealth's attorney to

tell him all I knew. "I did have a talk with Governor Bradley about going to see Franklin, but he advised against it and I did not go." Powers then detailed the events immediately preceding the arrest of himself and Captain Davis. He said his attorney, Judge West, advised him to make his way to the mountains and remain there till public excitement died out before giving himself un for trial. The Legislature had appropriated \$100,000 for the prosecution of perons charged with the crime, and I did not believe it was possible for me to get a fair trial in Franklin county. Moreover, I did not believe the civil authorities there would protect. I did not know that I could get change of venue and these were the

easons for the suggeseted flight from Of the \$1,300 in money in his pockets at the time of his arrest, \$400 of it was his

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

dyal baking powder co., New York

SHE DIDN'T KNOW HER HUSBAND IN-TENDED TO KILL A KING.

with Anarchists or Other Secret Societies.

BUT NOTHING OF AN INCRIMINATING NATURE FOUND.

spiracy Among the Italians of This Country.

NEW YORK, July 31 .- A representative of he Italian consulate went to Hoboken today to see the woman who says she is the to the Republican campaign fund. The witwife of Bressi, the assassin of King Hum-The object of the visit was to obtain information concerning the man for latter had told on the stand last week, and | the use of the Italian authorities in prosecuting the murderer. Mrs. Bressi, whose maiden name was Jennie O'Neil, lived in Chicago before coming east to Hoboken. Mrs. Bress! was closely questioned and she told the same story regarding her husband saw Noaks at Frankfort Jan. 25, when that she had already told the reporters. The police searched the house but found no evidence to show that either the woman or witness was kept busy denying statements her husband was connected with a plot for the assassination of King Humbert. It is the stand. In regard to the guns in his of- stated that Mrs. Bressi will be kept under fice, which McKenzie Tood, Governor Tay- surveillance. The consul general in this city is to communicate with the Hoboken testimony, the witness said he did not know how they came there, but understood that | police in case the woman is needed by the one or two of them were left there at the Italian authorities as a witness.

Bressi was a native of Tuscany, Italy, ago. He was not a naturalized American citizen though his wife is of American dition of the Democratic party is due to birth. Bressi left Paterson, N. J., on May me more than to any other man in State. 22, sailing for Havre by the French line steamer La Gascogne. He told his wife that he was going to visit his birthplace in Italy to look after a little property that belonged to him. But he sailed under an assumed name-Branchi Gressari. His wife says she received a letter from him since he arrived in Milan, but he said nothing his life rather than face the humiliation of on the ground that there was no ambiguity about killing the King. She refused to beabout the words used and that it should go lieve that her husband was the assassin even when the newspaper reports were shown to her. It was only when the assassin in Milan confessed his name and glorified in his crime that his wife believed.

When shown copies of the papers containing the dispatch describing her husband and giving the date of his birth and other between him and Representative facts, she exclaimed: "My God, can it be he! I cannot believe it. It is hardly two West Hoboken. We worked together in the and all that and was opposed to kings and would never kill anybody intentionally. He was not strong. He was never violent. He have had the courage to commit such an awful act. And yet the description matches him correctly. I even see how they got the name of Angelo Bressi. That is his brother. He is a captain in the Italian army. Some called him by that name here. Poor Gaetaneo. I'm afraid this news will

Paterson, and then killed himself a few days ago, but I do not believe that my husband was on intimate terms with him. Frankfort Jan. 25 were sober, good citi-He may have known him slightly, but as zens and did not contain any mountain my husband never brought him to the feudists. Do you know Joseph Adkins, who house I do not think they were intimate." is reputed to have killed a half dozen Hoboken is Raffael Magnoli, a fellow-The witness said he had no recollection of countryman, living at 718 Cortlandt street. When asked to give up a photograph of assassination. A dozen others of alleged the assassin he refused, saying: "It would be as much as my life is worth to part with that photograph. This part of West identified a few of them. This line of inter-Hoboken is a perfect nest of Anarchists.

Were it known that I had given you in-

formation regarding Bressi I would have a

There was a meeting of Anarchists in killing of King Humbert was indorsed. A reporter who sought admittance was welcomed, as it was said that these Anarchists wanted the whole world to know their sentiments. The principal speaker at the meeting was Erneste Crevella, twenty-one years of age. In the course of an impassioned address he said: "We are members of the group of Anarchists to which Bressi belonged. He is a martyr. He has done what we would have him do. Ask me do we approve of the killing of King Humbert. I will answer the question before you ask. Of course we do. It was not our instruction to Bressi to kill, but he has done what he knew to be right, and we will sustain him and give him our sympathy. Was Humbert ever kind to us? No. Was he good to the poor? No. He was a monarch, and all monarchs, according to our vows, must die. Let Nicholas of Russia tremble and let the new King of Italy prepare for death. They are both inhuman. They are inhuman because they are monarchs. They would not consent to take the places on the thrones were they

not inhuman. It is a republic that we want

and it is a republic that the Anarchists in

every country will have." Then came an implied threat against high officials in this country when the young man shouted: "They have run us out of Italy, where to have staved would have been to have starved. We have come here. Things are no better here. We are treated like dogs in the mills. We are not considered humans. We do not starve, but there is a worse death than starvation. It is neglect. Who is responsible for this government? We will try to better it by fair means, and if we can't succeed then we will resort to other methods." Nicola Gigliotti, R. de Rosalia and Pascale are known to the Italians of the United States as the "Triumvirate." They are really the executive committee of the "Italian Republican Confederation" of this country. Mr. Gigliotti is secretary. He made the following statement concerning the murder of King Humbert: "In the name of the Italian Republican Confederation of the United States I affirm most emphatically that there has been no plot in this country to kill King Humbert. We deplore the killing, but we question very much the goodness of King Humbert, whose record as regards labor has been a bad one. Many Italian laborers and lovers of liberty were killed by his soldiers in the bread riots not long ago without the slightest provocation. It may be that the man who killed him vindicated the blood of the unfortunates who lost their lives on that eccasion The Italians in this city do not believe that the murder was concected or was the result of a plot. I do not know what wi'l be the situation in Italy, but one thing is sure, and that is that soon the

the United States." TOOL OF CONSPIRATORS.

conarchy will be a thing of the past. The

Italian federation is about 105,000 strong in

Bressi the Chosen Instrument of a Band of Anarchists.

NEW YORK, July 31 .- "It can be stated on the best authority that the French police are in possession of important facts could make the distance in five hours. ! concerning the antecedents and associates

of Bressi, the murderer of King Humbert, and that they are in communication with the Italian police on the subject," says a cable to the Times from Paris. "While Italian Anarchist leaders who have found refuge in Paris declare publicly that there is no plot behind the assassination the information in the hands of the police shows exactly the reverse to be true. One of the chiefs of the political police in an interview last night declared that after the Milan troubles of 1898. Italian political refugees poured into France, and that many who suffered terms of hard labor then are now coming out of prison and finding their way abroad. These groups of political refugees who would have grievances against Humbert are veritable hotbeds of intrigue against the Italian monarchy. Bressi passed some time in Paris, and has certainly been brought in contact with the revolutionary Italian party there, and went from Paris to several other European capitals. The object of Bressi's stay in America is declared to have been to collect funds for the Anarachist cause among Italian workmen in the United States who have more money than their compatriots at

"In an interview last night, Amilicar Capriana, the great Anarchist leader, said he was glad to hear of the King's death and considered the killing an admirable act. This statement, from such a source is of the greatest importance as showing that the act had political significance."

RAID ON BUCKET SHOPS

SEVERAL WELL-KNOWN PLACES CLOSED BY CHICAGO POLICE.

Nearly 400 Persons Captured an Carted to the Stations-Panic During Efforts to Escape.

CHICAGO, July 31,-Nearly 400 persons, many of whom had never seen the inside Trade, were visited by the police during the raid, which was so perfectly planned Fourteenth, 9,131; Fifteenth, 9,414; Sixthat hardly a person in all the rooms | teenth, 9,679; Seventeenth, 10,167; Eighraided succeeded in escaping. The raid, conducted at the busiest hour of the day on 'Change created considerable excitement | 12.557; and resulted in the floor of the Board of 14,044; Trade being practically abandoned for the time being, while the traders watched with interest the police as they gathered in their prisoners from the adjacent buildings One of the prisoners whose name was no learned, captured in the rooms occupied by arrest. Making his way to a lavatory, he tried to strangel himself with a towel, but was caught before he had seriously injured himself and bundled into the patrol eral persons were trampled on in the mad

Chief of Police Kipley said that to-day' action by the police was but the beginning of a series of raids which, he said, would continue until every alleged bucketshop in Chicago was driven out of existence. The ollowing: John Dickinson & Co., E. A Wirsching & Co., Chicago Commission Brown & Co., F. C. Nohe & Co., Wallace & Co. In nearly every instance the tele phone and ticker wires were cut and the service rendered useless. The books and paraphernalia were also taken possession

SCALE CONFERENCE.

Employes Meet Tin-Plate. Hoop and Sheet Steel Manufacturers.

NEW YORK, July 31.-Another conference, the second this week, between officials of the National Steel, American Tin Plate, American Steel Hoop and American Sheet Steel companies on the one hand and a delegation from the Amalgamated Assoplace at the headquarters of the American | reached Washington yet and the impreswas said that progress had been made ganized body of Socialists or Anarchists | the work of formulating a wage scale for | lack of knowledge of the exact nature of know nothing of it. He never mentioned the fiscal year. None of the parties to the agreement effected between the United conference will speak for publication, but a leading official of one of the steel com-

Dynamite Bombs on the Track. ST. LOUIS, July 31.-As Police Captain William Young was riding on the rear as large as a bushel basket in the mac- forces, through lack of knowledge as to dered unconscious, but recovered his senses knife in my back before I was twenty- in time to stamp out the lighted fuse which was attached to a second dynamite bomb,

morrow with definite results.

Strike of Iron Workers.

LEBANON, Pa., July 31.-Over 1,200 iron workers employed at the local works of the American Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company went on strike in consequence of having posted notices stating that from Aug. 1 the wages of puddlers would be reduced from \$4 to \$3 per ton.

HOYT CASE HEARD.

Effort to Secure Release of Play wright from Insane Asylum.

in the case of Charles H. Hoyt, the playwright, who is confined in a retreat for the insane here, was held before Judge H. B. suffered her shipping to be kept ten miles Freeman in the Probate Court to-day. The hearing was brought about by a petition | tion to get a port on the Lynn canal. presented by George H. Dickinson, of Atlanta, Ga.

Thomas Davis, the gardner at Mr. Hoyt's place, was the first witness. He had been present at the talk between Dr. Hammond and Mr. Hoyt about coming to Hartford. Mr. Hoyt refused point blank to go, but later Dr. Hammond told Mr. Hoyt that if he came to Hartford he would not be con-

John L. heard Mr. Hoyt refuse to come to Harttord. Thomas H. King, another Charlestown citizen, stated that he was at the railroad station on Monday, when Mr. Hoyt left. He had heard Dr. Hammond say in answer to a question that Mr. Hoyt was 'going down for a day or two. George S. Bond, president of the bank at Charlestown, stated that he had known Mr. Hoyt since he was six years old. Mr. Hoyt had a beautiful place at Charlestown, the witness said, and the people of that town will see that he will be properly taken

Judge Freeman did not care for any more testimony on this point. "There is no question about his insanity," he said. "I know he has a good home, but I am not clear that I should allow an insane man to be Lawyer Holt, of Clarement, N. H. who show a grand total of 993,528 pensioners was one of the attorneys in charge of the case, promised to take good care of Mr. Hoyt, to make application to the Probate Court for the appointment of a guardian, and offered to give a bond for Mr. Hoyt's the report. They show that on July 1, safekeeping, as required by law.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used over fifty years by millions mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It sooths the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. 25 cents a bottle.

No such word as fail in the case of Glenn's Sulphur Soap. When that peerless purifier and beautifier is used to banish diseases of the skin and blemishes of the complexion, it infallibly succeeds in producing the desired effect. Sold by Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or bro

ITS GROWTH IN TEN YEARS WAS ONLY 9.77 PER CENT.

Population of the One-Time Progres sive Porkopolis, According to the Census, Is but 325,902.

SECRETARY GAGE SENDING OUT THE NEW TWO PER CENTS.

No Protests Against the Alaskan Boundary Markings-Number of Pensioners on the Rolls.

WASHINGTON, July 31 .- The returns of the census of Cincinnati, showing a population of 325,902, were made public to-day. It is the second of the population bulletins of the present census, the figures for Washington, D. C., having been made public several weeks ago. The population of Louisville, Ky., probably will be announced next. Following is the bulletin for Cin-

"The population of the city of Cincinnati, O., according to the official count of the returns of the twelfth census, is as follows: Cincinnati city, 325,902 for 1900, against 296,908 for 1890. These figures show of a police station, were captured to-day in | for the city as a whole an increase in popua wholesale raid on alleged bucketshops lation of 28,994, or 9.77 per cent., from 1890 located in the downtown district, and to 1900. The population by wards in 1900 carted off to the police stations. A dozen | is as follows: First ward, 12,179; Second, firms, one of them, John Dickinson & Co., 15,559; Third, 8,469; Fourth, 13,067; Fifth, prominently connected with the Board of 6,476; Sixth, 6,362; Seventh, 8,611; Eighth, Twenty-fifth, 11,406; Twenty-sixth Twenty-seventh, 8,736; Twentyeighth, 11,963; Twenty-ninth, 13,088; Thirtieth, 14,369; Thirty-first, 10,267.

The secretary of the treasury to-day began sending out the new 2 per cent, bonds, due in 1930, which are to take the place of such of the old threes, fours and fives as E. A. Wirsching & Co., attempted to end | have been offered for extension at the new standing when the offer to extend them was issued. March 14 last, was a little less wagon. A panic ensued in Wirsching's than \$810,000,000, and of this amount \$320,rooms when the police appeared and sev- 680,000 has been surrendered, and a corresponding amount of the new 2 per cents. will have been sent to the owners before the end of August. There has already been registered \$100,000,000, and they will be sent out as rapidly as possible

The recently appointed Japanese minister to the United States, Mr. Kogoro Takahira, accompanied by his wife, arrived here this afternoon. They were met at the station by attaches of the Japanese legation and escorted to their residence. The minister, being fatigued by his trip, denied himself to all callers.

XXX A postoffice has been established at Bloomtown, Vigo county, Indiana, and Henry E. J. Stephens commissioned post-

Dr. James D. Gray, forty-two years of age, who came here on business from Philadelphia with his wife, committed suicide to-day by taking chloroform.' No motive is assigned. He was interested in the oil industry in West Virginia, and had business interests in Parkersburg, Baltimore and Washington.

None of the protests reported to have been made in Alaska against the definition of the provisional boundary line has sion prevails in the State Department that the agitation of that subject is based on a States and Great Britain by which a most panies said the meeting adjourned until to- difficult and dangerous subject was removed from the current negotiations between the two countries. It is pointed out by the State Department officials that this provisional boundary line, the running of which is said to have excited the American miners in the Porcupine region, is not in any sense binding on either party to the modus vivendi, except as a purely temporary scheme, designed to prevent hostile conflicts between the miners and the police their rights. The purpose of the arrangement as to that is fully disclosed by the inclusion in the modus vivendi of a provision in these terms: "It is understood, as formally set forth in communications of the Department of State of the United States. that the citizens or subjects of either power found by this arrangement in the temporary jurisdiction of the other shall suffer no diminution of the rights and privileges

which they now enjoy. Every American miner whose claim lies on the wrong side of the boundary line now being drawn is, according to the official view here, holding his claim by quite as sound a tenure as he enjoyed before the provisional treaty was made. He has neither lost nor gained in strength of title by this arrangement; so he certainly has no cause for complaint, as he would have were the boundary line now being drawn a permanent one. The officials here, however, are fully prepared to defend the temporary boundary, pointing out that, so far HARTFORD, Conn., July 31 .- A hearing from having ceded to Great Britain an inch of territory, Great Britain temporarily yielded to the United States fully nineteentwentieths of the territory in dispute and from the boundary line at the nearest point, notwithstanding the Canadian ambi-

The records of the office of the controller of the currency show that since March 14 organize national banks, of which 257 have since been organized and begun business. The amount of bonds deposited to secure circulation is \$4,250,250. The number organized with a capital of less than \$50,000 is 180, and with a capital of \$50,000 or over is 77: the aggregate capital involved is \$13,-

General Greely, chief signal officer, left here to-day for Alaska to superintend arrangements for cable and telegraphic communication with that Territory.

The War Department has issued an order for a general election to be held in Cuba on the third Saturday of September to elect delegates to a convention to be held in Havana on the first Monday of November. This convention is to frame and adopt a constitution for the people of Cuba.

The forthcoming annual report of the

commissioner of pensions, Mr. Evans, will on the rolls July 1 last. The figures on which the report will be based are now 1899, there were 991,519 pensioners on the rolls. During the year 40,645 original pensions were granted and 4,699 names were restored to the rolls. To offset these 43,334 names were dropped from the rolls during the year, including 35,809 by reason of deaths, 909 by remarriages of pensioners, and 6,616 for other causes, leaving the total number on roll at the first of this month 993,528. This is an increase of 2,010 pensioners for the year. The number of claims of all kinds pending July 1, 1999, was 437,104, against 477,239 on July 1, 1899. The report shows a total of 260,797 names dropped during the six years ended June 30, of which 193,014 were because of deaths. The number dropped by reason of death during the fiscal year just closed is about 14,200 less than was estimated.

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Followed when necessary by gentle applications of CUTICURA Ointment, purest and sweetest of emollients and greatest of skin cures.

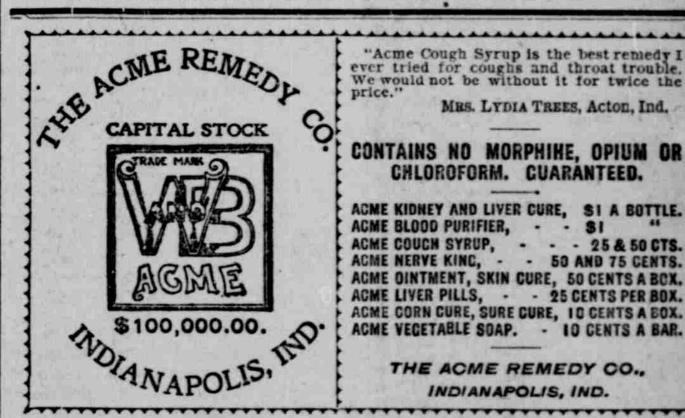
Millions of People Use Cuticura Soap Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing

red, rough, and sore hands. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying

irritations, inflammations, and chafings, too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of, washes for ulcerative weaknesses, for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap and BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Special attention is called to the use of CUTICURA Ointment in connection with CUTICURA SOAP. Its "One Night Treatment of the Hands," or "Single Treatment of the Hair," or use after Athletics, cycling, golf, tennis, riding, sparring or any sport, each in connection with the use

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor. Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.) to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment (50c.) to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.) to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails, Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. "All about the care of the Skin, Scalp, and Hair, in Summer," free.



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