

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

PHYSICIANS NOW THINK MR. MCKINLEY MAY RECOVER.

DR. RIXEY FELT ENCOURAGED

AND SURGEON GENERAL STERNBERG AT LAST BROKE HIS SILENCE.

Said There Were No New Developments and that the Patient Was "Doing Very Well Now."

NET YET OUT OF DANGER

MRS. MCKINLEY SUSTAINED SO FAR BY POWERFUL MEDICINES.

And the Doctors Are Appreciative of a Sinking Spell if the Stimulants Be Reduced or Discontinued.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The slight improvement in Mrs. McKinley's health which manifested itself the latter part of the week continues and hope begins to be felt that she may after all recover from the present attack. The improvement, however, is so slight as not to change materially the estimation of the physicians as to the gravity of the case. The usual caution of the physicians was held this morning, and at its close the following bulletin was issued:

"This a. m.—Mrs. McKinley's physicians report that she passed a very comfortable night and continues to improve."

The fact that Mrs. McKinley has more than held her own, that no unfavorable turn has occurred, is considered in every way encouraging, but as this result is due partly to the constant use of powerful medicines, the physicians fear the effect of reducing the stimulants and likewise have to cope with the effect on her system of the constant administration of the only means of prolonging her life and making ultimate recovery at least a possibility. These stimulants and the complaint from which she suffers in California, which is now under better control, have so weakened her powers of resistance that apprehension is present that a sinking spell may occur suddenly, from which she cannot be rallied.

Dr. Rixey regularly makes three visits each day, one in the morning, when there is a consultation of physicians, another in the afternoon, and a third in the evening. He called this afternoon at 3 o'clock and found Mrs. McKinley comfortable, and progressing as well as could be expected, he and the President's medical staff, after lasting more than an hour and a half, both going to the sick room at once upon returning. Subsequently the doctor said no material change had occurred since the morning bulletin.

SAT UP FOR A TIME.

The reports from the sick room go to a late hour to-night were decidedly encouraging. Dr. Rixey secured much better satisfaction with the patient's condition to-night than for some time. Mrs. McKinley sat up for a few minutes to-day. It was the second time she has been able to do so in some time. Surgeon General Sternberg remained longer than usual this evening. Heretofore he has maintained a sphynx-like silence about Mrs. McKinley's condition, but when he left to-night he said: "Mrs. McKinley is doing very well now. There are no new developments."

Mrs. McKinley will be taken to Canton whenever she is in condition to bear the journey. Extensive improvements have been made at the McKinley home in Canton, including the building of a portico and the remodeling of portions of the house, and it was planned last autumn that she should be taken to that place about Canton about July 1 of this summer. In case Mrs. McKinley recovers, this plan will be carried out, though it is not expected she would be strong enough to leave her bed the first of July, even if improvement should continue steadily to-night. It is believed that she would be able to carry out these plans. It is believed that she would be able to carry out these plans. It is believed that she would be able to carry out these plans.

Friends, official and personal, of the presidential family continue to show their sympathy by personal visits to the McKinley home, leaving their cards. Even the members of the Cabinet as a rule, merely leave their cards, and Mrs. McKinley's recovery is a matter of course. Mrs. McKinley's recovery is a matter of course. Mrs. McKinley's recovery is a matter of course.

Dr. Rixey, after his visit to the White House to-night, said on leaving at 10 o'clock: "Mrs. McKinley is slowly improving. She is resting very comfortably now and is doing very well."

Secretary Hay, Secretary Gage, Controller and Mrs. Dawes, John F. Blake, of Canton, an old friend of the President, and others, called during the evening, but contented themselves with personal inquiries and the President received no visitors during the day or night.

FIVE KILLED, SEVEN INJURED.

Revised List of Casualties in the Dynamite Explosion at Vestal.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 9.—A revised list of casualties shows that five men were killed and seven injured in last night's wreck at Vestal. The dead are: JOHN P. KELLY, head brakeman of "wild-cat" freight; S. R. POLHAMUS, conductor of train No. 61.

ELMER POLHAMUS, trainman of train No. 61.

JOHN COULTER, fireman first engine of the "wild-cat" freight.

FRED WITHERBY, fireman second engine of the "wild-cat" freight.

Seven others, all but two of whom were thought to be fatally hurt last night recovered from the concussion and to-day figure in the list of slightly hurt. All through the early morning hours the rescuers toiled about the burning freight cars at the scene of the explosion, but it was not until late this afternoon that portions of the last dismembered body of the accused for were discovered a quarter of a mile from where the explosion occurred, while the tracks of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad were completely blocked until past midday.

Both trains were wrecked and the wreckage of the "wild-cat" freight which was taking the rear of train No. 61, which was taking

water at the time and which carried the fatal car of dynamite, were reduced to scrap iron, pieces of which have been picked up at a distance of half a mile away. Aside from the damage to railroad property, much damage is reported. Nearly every house in the villages of Vestal and Union, which is across the Susquehanna from the wreck, lost more or less of its window glass, while farmers' houses and barns near the scene were badly shattered. None of the inmates, however, were injured.

MR. ROOT AT BUFFALO.

Secretary of War Will View the Pan-American Exposition Exhibits.

BUFFALO, June 9.—Hon. Elihu Root, secretary of war, arrived here this afternoon. He was met at the station by Director General William I. Buchanan, of the Pan-American exposition, and Capt. F. C. Hines, of the United States army. The other members of Secretary Root's party are Major General Corbin, Major General Young, Colonel and Mrs. Johnston and Miss Edythe Patten. Mrs. Root and her daughter will arrive here to-morrow. The detachments of the United States army now quartered within the exposition inclosure are making preparations to receive the secretary of war with honors befitting his position.

On account of the large number of visiting newspaper men and women expected at the Pan-American exposition this week, Wednesday, June 12, is announced, by Director General Buchanan, as the day of the "press day." The meeting of the National Editorial Association and several state assemblies will bring to the exposition this week the largest number of editors ever gathered together in one place at Buffalo. It is estimated that the total of not less than 1,500 will be here. They will hold their meetings at the Hotel de Ville, the exposition and will be entertained by Sousa's band, which has just arrived at Buffalo for the month's stay, the Mexican Artillery Band, sent by President Diaz, of Mexico, as a compliment to the secretary of war, and other bands and musicians. They will be given excursions by the railroads and steamship lines and the freedom of the exposition and the midway has been accorded them.

The largest Sunday crowd since the opening of the Pan-American Exposition visited the grounds to-day. The total admissions were 16,462.

THIRD-TERM BOOM.

Congressman Grosvenor Gives It a Boost for President McKinley.

CINCINNATI, June 9.—"There has been no time in our history when conditions would so justify the election of a President to a third term as in the case of McKinley," remarked Congressman Charles H. Grosvenor to a group of friends with whom he was chatting familiarly. "McKinley is personally the most popular President we have had in a long time, and he has certainly most creditably performed the duties of his high office. I think it is time, therefore, to demolish the fiction that there is an unbroken line established by Washington, that no President of the United States may accept a third term. The facts are so plain and so obvious that it is a pity that it was not done at the time. The object of the Democrats of his day, and recognizing the growing strength of his opponents he doubted, as I believe, his ability to gain secure an election if he should run."

CHINESE ARE PLEASED

EMPEROR WILL RETURN TO THE CAPITAL IN SEPTEMBER.

Great Satisfaction at Peking Over the Announcement of the Court's Determination.

PEKING, June 9.—The Chinese express great satisfaction at the announcement of the intention of the court to return to Peking in September. All the foreign troops, with the exception of the legion guards, are expected to withdraw ere the middle of that month, the only troops not already under orders of withdrawal being the Japanese, whose government is sending relief.

It is said, however, that the Japanese legation that when Japan absolutely certain the other powers are evacuating, her own troops can be withdrawn on two days' notice. General Voyron, the French commander, has instructions to leave one brigade for service in China, and the French transports are en route. The British will be followed by the departure by the end of September, ten transports making two journeys to India.

Waldereis En Route to Tokio.

YOKOHAMA, June 9.—Count von Waldereis, who arrived here to-day on the German cruiser Hertha from Taku, landed immediately and proceeded to Tokio.

THREE GIRLS DROWNED

PERISHED BY THE SWAMPING OF THEIR SKIFF DURING A SQUALL.

Woman and Two Men Lost in the Mississippi—Two Men Drowned in a Lake.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.—A party of six persons, three men and three girls, while sailing on the Delaware river this afternoon, off North Easton, a few miles below this city, were thrown into the water by the swamping of their skiff during a squall, and the three girls were drowned. The names of the girls are: Rosie Koons, aged seventeen; Mary Koons, nineteen; Mamie Traynor, twenty. The party were the guests of the Federal Boat Club. Other members of the club heard the cries of the unfortunate and immediately set about rescuing them. The three men were quickly hauled into other boats, but the girls sank before they could be rescued.

Two Perish in Summit Lake.

AKRON, O., June 9.—Oliver Crozier and Emil Bergdorf were drowned in Summit lake, near this city, this morning. They, with Michael Shay, were crossing the lake in a boat, when Bergdorf tried to rock it and the frail craft upset. Shay crawled on to the shore, but his companions were unable to save him. Bergdorf and Shay were on the boat two hours before they were rescued.

Three Lives Lost.

DUBUQUE, Ia., June 9.—A boat containing five persons, returning from a fishing trip, was upset during a storm on the Mississippi, three miles north of here. Julius Guiderin and wife and Mrs. Nicholas Kalle were drowned. The crew of a ferryboat rescued two boys, who hung onto the nearby excursion boat for an hour and were nearly exhausted.

Iowan Drowned in Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, June 9.—Robert M. Johnson, who came to this city from Des Moines, Ia., has been drowned near Tepic, Jalisco. He leaves a wife and two children.

LOOK OVER LIFE

CRAZED BY LOVE FOR WIFE.

Chicago Contractor Kills His Mother-in-Law and Shoots Himself.

LONDON, Ont., June 9.—Crazed by love for his young wife, whom, it is said, he had defiled, a prosperous Chicago contractor, Fulford, last night killed his mother-in-law, Mrs. Jennie McCord, and then blew out his brains. The tragedy occurred on the McCord farm at Liderton, near here. The victims were first cousins. Fulford married Gerlie McCord seven years ago, his first wife having secured a divorce from him. Three weeks ago Fulford and his wife had a dispute and she returned to her parents, growing uneasy. On Saturday, she drove to the McCord farm and demanded that Mrs. McCord, who was milking in the yard, tell him where his wife was. She refused and he fired four shots from a revolver into her body, killing her instantly. He then turned his weapon on himself, blowing out his brains.

SUICIDE OF DR. W. H. DALY, OF "EMBALMED BEEF" NOTORIETY.

His Body Found Lying in a Pool of Blood in the Bathroom of His Residence at Pittsburg.

SHOT HIMSELF IN THE TEMPLE

HIS HEALTH HAD BEEN UNDERMINED BY AN ATTACK OF GRIP,

And He Was Troubled with Insomnia, Which Probably Led to Insanity and Self-Destruction.

WITH MILES IN PORTO RICO

WHERE HE MADE A SENSATIONAL ATTACK ON BEEF CONTRACTORS.

Also Testified in the Investigation That Followed—Butcher Boy Who Studied Medicine.

PITTSBURG, June 9.—Maj. W. H. Daly, surgeon general on the staff of Lieutenant General Miles in Porto Rico, committed suicide at his home here by shooting himself in the right temple.

The body of the doctor was found in the bathroom by Miss Mary Short, the housekeeper, lying in a pool of blood with a thirty-eight-caliber revolver lying on the floor. Dr. Foster was summoned at once and found the bullet hole in the temple and announced that death had taken place several hours before. Miss Short then remembered hearing a sharp report about 7:30 a. m., but thought it was the quick closing of a window by some one. No cause is known for Dr. Daly's deed, unless it be that insomnia drove him to temporary insanity. For some time past he has been unable to sleep regularly, and it is thought that after a sleepless night he concluded to end all.

The doctor was a widower and leaves no immediate family. He gained international prominence during the Cuban war, as it was his report to the commanding general of the army that started the "embalmed beef" investigation.

GEN. MILES NOT SURPRISED.

He Says Dr. Daly's Health Was Undermined by the Grip.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Lieutenant General Miles said to-night that he was not surprised at the suicide of Dr. Daly, in view of the great personal bereavement that the doctor had suffered recently and the undermining of his health by a severe attack of the grip last winter. General Miles esteemed Dr. Daly very highly, and the two were intimate friends. His death came as a severe blow to the general. Dr. Daly was in the city last March, when he came to be present at the inauguration of President McKinley. If General Miles can arrange to attend the funeral of his old friend.

Surgeon Daly was a deputy to Assistant Surgeon General Richard A. Hildreth on the staff of the commanding general during the Spanish-American war, and General Miles testified thoroughly with which he performed his duties in attending to the wants of the sick, caring for the wounded and establishing hospitals.

It was through Dr. Daly's allegations that the beef furnished to the army had a bad odor, which, he alleged, were detrimental to the health of the soldiers that a board of inquiry later he procured the celebrated beef inquiry during the Spanish war.

FROM BUTCHER TO SURGEON.

Career of Dr. Daly, Who Was a Personal Friend of Gen. Miles.

W. H. Daly was born in January, 1842, in a log cabin in the Blue Ridge mountains, four miles from Blairsville, Pa. His parents were Scotch-Irish people, who had settled there some years before, and his education was received in a neighboring country school. When not at school or employed about the small farm young Daly hunted and fished in the mountains, and there acquired his love to hunt wild animals which in later years took him to the far western "bonanza" when he and General Miles. When Daly was sixteen years of age his father moved to Belle Vernon, Pa., where he died. The son sought employment with a local butcher, and after procuring sufficient funds to enable him to go to the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, where he studied medicine, and after graduation he went South. He was a resident of South Carolina when the Civil War broke out, and he entered the Confederate service as a medical officer. At the close of the war he came to North and located in Pittsburgh, where he practiced his profession. Major Daly was a member of nearly all the prominent medical organizations in addition to the Philadelphia Medical Association, in which he was secretary of the Allegheny County Medical Society and later its president. He was a member of the American Laryngological Society, a member of the British Medical Association and the American Medical Association. His specialty was as chief surgeon on the staff of General Miles was because of personal friendship.

DUTY OF ARMY OFFICERS.

Dr. Wheeler Says They Should Study as Long as They Are in Service.

NEW YORK, June 9.—That army officers should continue their schooling as long as they are in the service of the United States is the policy urged upon the government by Benjamin Ide Wheeler, Ph.D., LL.D., president of the University of California, who has just come to New York after spending a week at West Point as one of the President's representatives on the board of visitors at the United States Military Academy. "Army officers ought not to regard their education as completed, upon their graduation from West Point," said President Wheeler to-day. "They are professional men and a system should be established, by which they may from time to time engage in systematic professional studies to bring themselves abreast of the times."

West Point is the best military school in the world. It represents the highest military education, as contrasted with the extreme specialization of the military schools of France, Germany and Russia. The West Point cadet is a thoroughly trained in the foundation principles of all the four great branches of the service—engineering, artillery, cavalry and infantry. But in provisions for keeping our officers in touch with advancement in their profession we have lagged behind other countries. The necessity of spending several thousand dollars a year more than his income what devotes upon the military attaché at an American legation abroad makes it possible for only a

LOOK OVER LIFE

NEW ORLEANS NOW SECOND GREATEST EXPORTING CITY.

Its Business is Decreasing, Especially in Exports.

Philadelphia's Trade Almost Stationary, While Baltimore and Newport News Continue to Expand.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The growing depression of our exporters to distribute through the ports of New York a part of the export trade, which formerly passed through that great city is illustrated by a study of the Bureau of Statistics' figures showing the exports through the various ports of the United States in the fiscal year 1900. During that year and the months which have followed New Orleans has taken second rank as an exporting port, and has displaced Boston in its position as the second exporting city of the country. The very heavy exportations of cotton and the high price at which it is exported has largely increased the value of the exports through the Southern ports, while it is not improbable that the Galveston disaster may have resulted in temporarily diverting to New Orleans some of the business which otherwise would have gone through Galveston. The exports from New Orleans in the fiscal year 1900 were \$15,583,764, the highest figure in the history of the port, except 1892, and an increase of \$28,000,000 over the fiscal year 1899. During the nine months of the fiscal year 1901 the exports from New Orleans were \$12,224,000, securing for that city a clear and undisputed title to the rank of second in the list of American export cities, the figures for Boston, which formerly held second place, being for the nine months \$8,170,361, or over \$4,000,000 less than those of New Orleans.

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AN ENGAGEMENT NEAR LIPA

NO OTHER DETAILS, EXCEPT THAT FIVE PRIVATES WERE HURT.

Civil Government Established in Nueva Ecija Province—Capt. Krepis Placed in Charge.

MANILA, June 10.—In a battle with the insurgents at Lipa, province of Bantanga, Lieutenant Anton Springer, of the Twenty-first Infantry, was killed, and Captain W. H. Wilhelm, of the same regiment, Lieut. Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., Lieut. Charles R. Ramsey, of the Twenty-first Infantry, and five enlisted men were wounded.

NEW CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

Province of Nueva Ecija Organized by the Philippine Commission.

MANILA, June 9.—The Philippine Commission returned to Manila to-day from the province of Nueva Ecija, Luzon, having organized provincial government at San Isidro, capital of the province, with Capt. Jacob F. Kreps, of the Twenty-second Infantry, as Governor. Lieutenant Richard C. Day, of the Thirty-fourth Volunteer Infantry, as treasurer, and Lieutenant Dr. Witt C. Lysie, of the same regiment, as supervisor.

Judge Taft told the people that, if no power were given to levy customs, the expenses of the central government would be provided by additional internal taxes. He reported also that, if the decision of the authorities at Washington should result in free trade with the United States, the Philippine islands, in addition to the increase in land values would enable the people to respond to the increased internal taxes. The northern tour has been postponed.

The American Astronomical Commission has returned from Sumatra and will sail for home shortly.

Lieutenant Wray's command has had six engagements with the insurgents in the last two months. In the first, near Sorsogon, Luzon, killing six. Twenty-three insurgents were captured near Alifan. The other engagements were near the Philippine coast, where the insurgents are still active.

General Gallies has surrendered its unfortified.

Cardinal Gibbons's Mission.

ROME, June 9.—It is asserted in reliable quarters that Cardinal Gibbons, in the course of his frequent conferences with Cardinal Rampolla, papal secretary of state, Mgr. Nozalada, archbishop of Manila, and other high ecclesiastics, in addition to effecting a settlement of the religious properties of the Philippines, has been extending to Cuba and the Philippines of the jurisdiction of the apostolic delegation at Washington.

Transport Hancock Arrives.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—The transport Hancock arrived from Manila to-night with thirty-one officers and 1,042 enlisted men of the Thirty-first Volunteer Infantry.

ALLEGED SWINDLER.

Arrest of a Man Who is Said to Be Dr. Franz Von Berger.

NEW YORK, June 9.—In the Grand Central Station this morning a tall, well-dressed man of foreign appearance, accompanied by a woman, was arrested by United States Deputy Marshal Fred Bernhard and a Pinkerton detective. The officers told the man that they wanted him on a matter of the alleged larceny of \$1,500 in England, taken from the Deutsche Bank of London. The man protested that his arrest was a mistake. The woman, wearing a hat and a long coat, was driven away. The prisoner was taken to Ludlow-street jail, and will be arraigned to-morrow.

According to the inquiry, prompted by the arrest of the man, Dr. Franz Von Berger, an alleged swindler of international notoriety, the name of the woman was not learned. Dr. Berger arrived in New York from England on the Oceanic on April 18, and registered at the Waldorf-Astoria, and a few days ago he left town. At the time the detectives have been shadowing him. The man admitted his identity, and said, among other things, that he had been one time a doctor in a New York charitable institution, and that he had been in the United States for some time.

LOOK OVER LIFE

FLOW OF COMMERCE CHANGING

SOUTHERN SEAPORTS GAINING FROM THEIR ATLANTIC RIVALS.

New York State at the Front, Though Its Business is Decreasing, Especially in Exports.

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KILLED BY FILIPINOS

Lieut. SPRINGER, OF THE TWENTY-FIRST INFANTRY, SLAIN.

Capt. W. H. Wilhelm, Lieut. Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., and Charles R. Ramsey Among the Wounded.

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REPORTS FROM CONSULS.

Commercial Relations of the United States with Italy.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Further extracts from the volume of commercial relations about to be issued from the Bureau of Foreign Commerce deal with the trade of the United States with Italy.

Consul Smith, of Leghorn, says that Italy is making constant progress in the development of its manufacturing industries, especially in the northern section. A most extended market is offered for American machinery and tools.

Consul Cramer, of Florence, notes among the imports from the United States into that section bicycles, leather, tools, locks, cotton, oil, tobacco, agricultural machines, dynamo, watches, asbestos, corn, salted meats, and India rubber goods and books.

Consul Heingartner, of Catania, says that American revolvers are finding a large sale in Italy; also our sewing machines, lawn and lubricating oils. The Catania branch house of a sewing machine company sold 24 machines last year.