

EMMA'S RAGE

HE TAKES RAYNOR UP ON ONE OF TUESDAY'S QUESTIONS.

Rise to a Question of Personal Privilege and Introduces a Letter from Captain Cook.

MEMORY OF VIKEN'S CAPTAIN

NO UP TO THE TASK DEMANDED BY HIS INQUISTORS.

On Some Very Essential Points, However, He Brings Out Some Interesting Facts.

NOTES OF THE FAMOUS LOOP

AGAIN PLAY AN IMPORTANT PART IN THE EVIDENCE.

Possibility of Coaling at Sea Again Established—Lieut. Doyle Is Heard on Both Sides.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—An interesting story was given to the Schley court of inquiry today by the presentation of the testimony in Admiral Schley's behalf. This was Lieutenant James J. Doyle, who was a watch officer on board the flagship Brooklyn during the war with Spain. The fact that Lieutenant Doyle was put on the stand does not mean that the Navy Department has concluded the presentation of the evidence. Mr. Doyle was called by the department, but as it also had been the purpose of Admiral Schley to summon him, advantage was taken of his presence on the stand to question him as an original witness for "The Applicant." He was under examination by Mr. Raynor in the interest of the admiral when the court adjourned for the day.

SPREAD OF THE PLAGUE

THOUSANDS OF NEW CASES FROM APRIL 7 TO SEPT. 2.

Yellow Fever Institute to Be Established—Italian Emigration Law—Quarantine Restrictions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Reports to the Marine Hospital Service from all parts of the world show a continued spread of the plague in British East India during the week ended Aug. 2 last there were 2,822 new plague cases and 1,393 deaths recorded in the Bombay presidency, an increase of more than 200 deaths over the previous week. There were 136 plague deaths in the island of Ceylon that week, and many others suspected.

NEW ITALIAN EMIGRATION LAW

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—A report to the Marine Hospital Service announces that on Sept. 3, a new Italian emigration law took effect. It makes Naples, Genoa and Palermo the only Italian ports from which emigration will be permitted, Venice being taken off the list. Provision is made for the presentation of the letter of the consular law emigrants refused for any malady must be returned, without expense, to the place where they live, or, if foreign to Italy, to the frontier by which they entered Italy for embarkation.

NO QUARANTINE DISCRIMINATION

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The Japanese government has been told courteously that the United States officials had no intention to discriminate on account of race in making personal examinations in quarantine. The revised treaties are working the rules are said to have been based on purely geographic and sanitary conditions, and that the Japanese government with greater rigor than against other peoples.

HUNDREDS OF CASES OF TYPHOID

BERLIN, Oct. 2.—There is a typhoid epidemic in Gelsenkirchen, Westphalia, and the surrounding country. The number of cases has swiftly increased from 87 to 722. An official examination of the waterworks is being made.

BEVERIDGE RETURNS

INDIANA'S JUNIOR SENATOR ARRIVES IN VICTORIA FROM CHINA.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 2.—Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, returned today on the Kaga Maru from a trip through Siberia. On the steamer was also Marquis Ito, former premier of Japan. Although in poor health, the marquis enjoyed the ocean voyage and already feels better. He said that many things political in Japan are fast approaching a satisfactory basis and a short time before leaving Japan the marquis was the leader in the formation of a new party of progress called the Sei Yu Kai, which is a coalition of other and new parties.

RETURN TO PEKING

CHINESE COURT TO START ON ITS JOURNEY VERY SOON.

Date Is Set as Being Oct. 6, and Li Hung Chang Says Arrival Will Be Within Two Months.

THE GENTLE WORDS OF CHUN

FOLLOWED BY THE MASSACRE OF GERMAN MISSIONARIES.

Lord Kitchener Reports the Boer Losses in Recent Attacks on Strong British Outposts.

CAPTURED GUNS ARE RETAKEN

LONDON PAPERS CONTINUE THEIR PESSIMISTIC COMMENT.

Bulgarian Brigands Give Until Oct. 8 for Ransom of Miss Stone—Flood Damage in Spain.

PEKING, Oct. 2.—Dispatches from Si-Ngan-Fu announce that the Chinese court is preparing to start about Oct. 6. The imperial collector of taxes on goods entering and all the furnishings will be carried for use on route. The officials and servants will constitute a caravan numbering from 3,000 to 5,000 persons, with 1,200 carts and several thousands of horses and mules that have been collected in the Si-Ngan-Fu district.

TO PRISON FOR LIFE

ODELL ASKED TO COMUTE THE SENTENCE OF CZOLGOCZ.

Remarkable Request Contained in Two Letters Received by the Governor of New York.

BURIAL OF THE BODY AT SEA

THIS IS ALSO REQUESTED IN A PETITION RECEIVED.

Herr Most Discharged at New York—Mayor Harrison Prohibits the Goldman Address.

BAN OF SILENCE

Wisconsin Grand Jury Men Forbidden to Speak Czolgoz's Name.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 2.—An order was issued to the grand jurors of the Department of Wisconsin, G. A. H. signed by A. E. Gray, assistant adjutant general, putting a ban of silence on the name of President McKinley's assassin. The order reads as follows:

MOST DISCHARGED

No Evidence Upon Which to Hold the New York Anarchist.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—John Most, who was arrested Sept. 2 at Corona, L. I., on the charge of violating the section of the criminal code relating to unlawful assemblies, was discharged from custody today.

GOLDMAN'S SPEECH PROHIBITED

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—Mayor Harrison today ordered the police to prevent Emma Goldman's lecture here to-morrow night. The Anarchist organ, Free Society, was issued today for the first time since the President was shot. In it there is a glorification of the dead President nor the grief of the public is respected or even considered. The organ, a review of Czolgoz's crime, is by Emma Goldman.

MALEFASANCE ALLEGED

Chicago Oil Inspector Accused of Retaining Some of His Fees.

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—Before the grand jury today charges were made under oath which involve Robert E. Burke, city oil inspector and secretary of the Democratic county committee. From an agent of the Standard Oil Company came the statement that from \$18,000 to \$20,000 is collected in fees annually by Mr. Burke as city oil inspector, while the controller's reports show that but from \$9,000 to \$10,000 reaches the city treasury each year, despite the law which requires that all fees shall be turned over.

NO MORE BOND PURCHASES

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The secretary of the treasury announced today the intention of the Treasury Department to discontinue the purchase of bonds for the sinking fund. The amount of \$20,000,000, for which proposals were invited on Sept. 29, was reached noon today.

BANKING INCREASE

EFFECT OF THE NATIONAL BANK LAW SINCE ITS PASSAGE.

Increase in Number of 715 to 4,254, and in Capital of \$36,582,000 to \$61,851,695.

TENTH YEAR OF THE STATES

INDIANA'S POSITION AS DETERMINED BY NEW BANKS.

Texas Leads in This Particular, but Middle States as a Group Exceed All Others.

OF INTEREST TO INDIANIANS

COL. RUSSELL B. HARRISON A CALLER ON THE PRESIDENT.

Col. Russell and Mr. Wishard Coming Home—The Pacific Cable—Mr. Dean's Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The controller of the currency has prepared a summary of returns relating to the organization of national banks under the provisions of the national currency law as amended by the act of March 14, 1900, statistics being brought down to the close of September, 1901.

POSTAL AND TELEGRAPH RECEIPTS

BERLIN, Oct. 2.—The receipts of the Imperial Postal and Telegraph Departments for the first five months of the present year aggregated 167,134,000 marks, or an increase of almost 3,000,000 marks over the receipts for the corresponding period of last year. This is regarded as remarkable in view of the reduced railroad receipts.

HOLLAND BOAT LAUNCHED AT BARROW

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The first of five submarine boats of the Holland type building at Barrow-in-Furness for the British government was launched today.

WISCONSIN GRAND JURY MEN FORBIDDEN TO SPEAK CZOLGOZ'S NAME

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CHINA REJECTS THE LOOT

BERLIN, Oct. 2.—In view of the German action in retaining astronomical instruments from Peking the semi-official North German Gazette to-day explains that, after the final signatures of the peace protocol, Germany placed the instruments at the disposal of China. The latter, however, in view of the trouble of reconveying and re-erecting the instruments, renounced her claims to them.

BOER LOSSES

Kitchener Reports on the Attack on Kekekwich at Moedwil.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Lord Kitchener to-day reports that two officers and thirty-one men were killed in an attack made on Col. Kekekwich's camp at Moedwil. The Boers, who were under command of Delany and Kemp, had fourteen officers and 114 men wounded, after two hours' night fighting, when the Boers were driven off. Colonel Kekekwich was among the wounded.

THE WOUNDED WERE TAKEN TO RUSTENBURG

half way between Pretoria and Mafeking. Lord Kitchener ordered the heavy losses of the Boers, about 250 killed and 300 wounded, during their attack on the forts Itala and Prospect. He says the guns recently captured at Viakfontein have been recovered from the Boers.

PESSIMISTIC LONDON VIEWS

LONDON, Oct. 3.—"For months past we have been told," says the Daily Graphic this morning, "that if the Boers would only abandon their elusive tactics and come to close quarters we could see what we should see. The Boers have taken us at our word and the results are certainly not encouraging."

BRIGADS GIVE UNTIL OCT. 8

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 2.—The brigades which carried off Miss Helen H. Stone, the American missionary, and her companion, Madame Tsilka, a Bulgarian lady, have fixed Oct. 8 as the limit of time for the payment of the ransom, \$100,000, demanded for Miss Stone's release. The hiding place of the brigades has not yet been discovered and the delay accorded by the abductors is taken to indicate that they consider their retreat quite secure.

SPANISH WAR SOLDIERS AND THE GOVERNMENT—PERSONAL NOTES

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Colonel Russell B. Harrison was one of the President's callers to-day. He said he merely called to pay his respects and say that in the early future he would bring to his attention the circumstances under which he was relieved from the military service. Colonel Harrison feels that a great injustice was done him and that it is only just that a full investigation of the facts be made by competent authority. The Spanish war veterans adopted resolutions asking the government to inquire into the circumstances of his retirement from the army. Although Colonel Harrison does not put his claim in words, it is thoroughly understood in Washington that he will seek a military appointment under the new administration. His case was pressed to conclusions last spring, and it was practically decided that nothing could be done for him. He feels that his case may be reopened now to advantage.

COLONEL RANSDELL, SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OF THE SENATE

will leave for Indianapolis to-morrow. His present programme contemplates a busy few days. He will attend the wedding of a niece, vote at the city election and be present at a number of public functions. The sergeant-at-arms has had a reasonably busy summer, as many improvements have been undertaken in the Senate wing of the Capitol.

AN EFFORT IS BEING MADE TO CALL OFF THE INVESTIGATION OF THE ARMY AND ITS CONDUCT

of the McKinley state funeral. The officers of the War Department are anxious that no Senate committee be appointed to look into the matter. Colonel Ransdell is entirely free from criticism in this matter, but even so would prefer that the whole thing be dropped without further action. He has shown a disposition from the first to avoid unpleasantness, even though he knew at times that things were not going for the best. At the Garfield state funeral there was an unhappy controversy, as provided in a law which placed the control of the Capitol for ceremonial occasions, in the hands of the president. It has been suggested that the authorities would come in for censure.

A. W. WISHARD, SOLICITOR FOR THE INTERNAL REVENUE DEPARTMENT

will leave for home to-morrow and remain until after the election.

THERE HAS DEVELOPED WITHIN A DAY OR SO A VIOLENT OPPOSITION TO THE GRANTING OF PRIVILEGES TO A PRIVATE CORPORATION FOR THE LAYING OF AN AMERICAN CABLE TO MANILA AND HAWAII

For four congresses this matter has been up. It began with requests for a subsidy of a half million dollars annually for twenty years. The terms have been gradually reduced until now they are merely seeking landing privileges. Representative Corbin, who has fought for a number of years, came to-day to continue his fight. He told the President he had made his fight on the ground of authority, and the army took upon itself all arrangements. This was a violation of the act of March 14, 1900, which provides that the authorities would come in for censure.

NUMBER OF ORGANIZATIONS THE MIDDLE STATES LEAD WITH 224 AND CAPITAL OF \$12,665,000

The Southern States organized 171, with capital of \$9,268,000; the Western States 151, with capital of \$4,896,000; the Eastern States 135, with capital of \$7,589,000; the Pacific States, including Hawaii, twenty-two, with capital of \$1,658,000; the New England States twelve, with capital of \$1,200,000.

IN POINT OF NUMBER OF ORGANIZATIONS TEXAS LEADS WITH 90 BANKS, FOLLOWED BY PENNSYLVANIA WITH 80; IOWA, 53; OHIO, 42; ILLINOIS, 40; OKLAHOMA AND INDIAN TERRITORY, 37 EACH; MINNESOTA, 28; NEW YORK, 27; INDIANA, 25; NEBRASKA, 20.

THE RELATION OF THE GRADING INDUSTRY TO FORESTED LANDS

The report says that of the 38,600,000 acres now regarded as fit only for grazing purposes, and in addition there are 124,300,000 acres of forest land, the greater portion of which is also used for grazing. The relation of the grading industry to forested lands is the subject of a report, etc., the report says, can be solved only by long and careful study of the facts and conditions prevailing. As a result of the field work already done the department has been required to make a study of the relation of the grading industry to forested lands, and to make a study of the relation of the grading industry to forested lands, and to make a study of the relation of the grading industry to forested lands.

THE PRESIDENT TO-APPPOINTED COL. WILLIAM H. BISHOP A BRIGADIER GENERAL OF THE REGULAR ARMY

He was recommended highly by Major General Lloyd Wheaton and Major General Arthur MacArthur for his recent service in the Philippine islands. He entered the service as a private of the Eighteenth Infantry in 1861, and served through the civil war. Colonel Bishop was brevetted as first lieutenant for gallant and meritorious service in the battle of Miraflores, Tenn., and brevetted captain for gallant and meritorious service in the Atlanta campaign and at the battle of Jonesboro, Ga., in 1864. He participated in the Santiago campaign and was promoted to the rank of major in 1898. He will be retired on Jan. 28, 1904.

MR. GEORGE B. CORTELYOU, SECRETARY TO THE PRESIDENT, RETURNED FROM CANTON TODAY AND RESUMED HIS DUTIES AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

MR. ROOSEVELT HAS JUSTIFIED MISS BELLE HAGNER, DAUGHTER OF JUSTICE HAGNER, OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, HER SOCIAL SECRETARY, MISS HAGNER KILLED IN THE SAME CATASTROPHE FOR MRS. MCKINLEY.

A PRELIMINARY REPORT ON THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES OF ARKANSAS, ISSUED BY THE CENSUS BUREAU TO-DAY, SHOWS THE STATE HAS 474 MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS, WITH A TOTAL CAPITAL OF \$39,990,840 AND A TOTAL OF \$4,882,783 WORTH OF PRODUCTS, INCLUDING CUSTOM WORK AND REPAIRING.

THE NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS IS 21 PER CENT. MORE THAN IN 1890. THE CAPITAL ENGAGED IN THE INDUSTRY SHOWS AN INCREASE OF MORE THAN 140 PER CENT. AND THE VALUE OF PRODUCTS 88 PER CENT. THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS IS 26,291; TOTAL WAGES, \$8,086,292; AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, \$82,779. THE 171 MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE CITY OF LITTLE ROCK HAVE A TOTAL CAPITAL OF \$5,842,282, EMPLOY 73,143 WAGE EARNERS, DRAWING \$1,384,722 IN WAGES, AND THE VALUATION OF PRODUCTS IS \$4,466,252.

THE CONTROLLER OF THE TREASURY HAS SUSTAINED THE AUDITOR FOR THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT IN DISALLOWING A CLAIM FOR \$411,172 AND INTEREST PRESENTED BY JOHN A. ROLLINS AND JAMES GILLILAN, AS THEIR SHARE IN ATTORNEYS

HOUSE OF COMMONS

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION READY FOR THE SESSION'S BUSINESS.

Bishop Dudley, Kentucky, President of House of Bishops; Dr. Lindsey Chairman of Deputies.

IMPOSING INITIAL CEREMONY

PROCESSION OF BISHOPS TO THE MORNING'S SERVICES.

Powerful Missionary Sermon Preached by the Venerable Bishop Wistar Morris, of Oregon.

ELABORATE MUSICAL SERVICE

BISHOP TUTTLE CELEBRANT OF THE HOLY COMMUNION.

Other Dignitaries Take Prominent Part—Majority of the Diocesan Represented in the Meeting.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—The Triennial Convention of the Episcopal Church of America was formally organized to-day by the election of Bishop Dudley, of Kentucky, as president and the Rev. S. Hart, of Middle-dleton, Conn., secretary of the House of Bishops; Dr. John S. Lindsey, of Massachusetts, chairman, and Rev. Charles Hutchins, secretary, of the House of Deputies. No other business of importance was transacted during the first session of the convention, which did not assemble until late in the afternoon.

The initial services in connection with the convention were held this morning at Trinity Church, where the delegates will hold all their sessions. Trinity is one of the finest religious edifices on the Pacific coast, though the Episcopal church in San Francisco has been in regard to its acoustics. The most striking feature of the ceremonies and one that will be remembered by all who saw it, was the solemn procession of bishops, attired in their gorgeous vestments.

Thousands of people crowded the adjacent streets and along the sidewalk surrounding the church was inclosed with wire rope, the services of a squad of policemen was required to prevent any encroachment on the route of the procession. About seventy-five bishops participated and in their robes of office made an imposing spectacle.

After the prelate had entered the sacred edifice, the latter followed, and in a few moments there was scarcely standing room to be found, although extra galleries had been erected for the occasion.

The services marking the religious consecration of the convention were simple, but imposing. The holy communion was administered, Bishop Tuttle, of Missouri, being the celebrant. The epistle was read by Bishop Doane, of Albany, N. Y., and the gospel by the Lord Bishop, of Newcastle; the sermon was delivered by the venerable Bishop Wistar Morris, of Oregon.

It was a most impressive scene, and the text, "Launch out into the deep and let down your nets for a draught," and Joshua's words, "I have been here since I was a child, and I have seen the children of Israel take the authorities would come in for censure."

TO ALL THE WORLD

He declared that they missed of the church of Jesus Christ was to all nations, ranks and conditions. She is to launch out and cast her nets into the deeps of ignorance, poverty, unthrift, sorrow, shame and crushing grief; the deeps of avarice, too, as well as besotted wildness and stolid, stupid indifference. It was for the purpose of the church to do the best means that the members of the convention were gathered here in this, to the most of them, far off part of the country. As a resident of the Pacific coast for thirty years, he has seen the church in its infancy, know its needs and its promises, and was aware of the slackness of the church in coming to the aid of the poor and the ignorant. The bishop quoted from a speech lately delivered by President Roosevelt at Denver, "It is our duty to launch out into the deep and let down your nets for a draught," and Joshua's words, "I have been here since I was a child, and I have seen the children of Israel take the authorities would come in for censure."

NEWS FROM CAPT. TUTTLE

COMMANDER HAS PLACED FIFTY-SEVEN DRIFT CASKS ON ICE FLOES.

Admiral Melville is pleased with the Work of the Expedition and Recommends a Medal of Honor.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—News has been received by Admiral Melville that Captain Francis Tuttle, the commanding officer of the expedition, has placed fifty-seven of the Melville-Bryant drift casks on several of the largest ice floes to the northward and westward of Point Barrow.

The first landing was effected Aug. 19, in latitude 72.19 north and longitude 168 west. Five casks were placed on this floe. As the southerly winds had driven the loose ice against the main pack, the placing of the casks on the main pack was a hazardous undertaking.

Captain Tuttle then steamed along the edge of the pack in a northward and westward direction, and reaching a solid floe in latitude 75.05 north, longitude 171.32 west, placed four casks on that floe, and later placed five more casks on a floe in latitude 75.18 north and longitude 175.10 west.

About this point the ice trended to the southward and eastward, making it extremely hazardous for Captain Tuttle to continue his work.

During the necessity Captain Shoemaker, chief of the revenue marine service, was compelled this year to delay the departure of the Bear on her Arctic cruise until a month after her regular starting time. Captain Tuttle, therefore, in his opinion, the long run was well in landing the Melville-Bryant drift casks on ice floes.

Admiral Melville is exceedingly pleased with the character of the work performed by the Bear and regards the work of Captain Tuttle as one of the most successful of the Treasury Department, if not of Congress.

HAY MAY RESIGN

Clear-Cut Statement Made by Secretary Gage at Boulder, Col.

BOULDER, Col., Oct. 2.—Lyman J. Gage, secretary of the United States treasury, arrived in the city to-day on his way to Camp Talbot. The secretary looks well and seems in good spirits. Speaking of the rumors of the intention of Secretary Hay to retire from the cabinet, Mr. Gage said: "Secretary Hay is getting tired of the business. He is a man of the strictest honor. He is very sensitive, however, and it hurts him, after he has worked hard, to be misrepresented, caricatured and lampooned. He is independent, rich, he can do as he wishes, go wherever he desires. He has few very intimate friends and he would rather enjoy his life surrounded by agreeable companions and his books than attend to the dreary and changeless routine of office as secretary of state. He would not be surprised if he would soon withdraw. If so, Root probably will be his successor."