House Sacques

Dressing Sacques of eiderdown are to be closed out at about two-thirds value. Our showing contains many choice styles and most of them well assorted as to size.

$3.75 for choice of $5.00 Sacques of best ripple eiderdown, prettily appliqued.

$1.50 for pick of all Sacques regularly selling at $2.50 and $2.75, mostly pinks and blues.

89c for those pretty Sacques of pink, blue or lavendar ripple eiderdown, with frog fasteners.

L. S. AYRES & CO. Indianas Greatest Distributors of Dry Goods

ARREST OF J. P. THOMAS

SEYMOUR, IND., MAN CHARGED WITH FORGING A CHECK.

He Presented a Check at Fletcher's Bank, Signed by M. W. Toomey, for $949—Payment Refused.

A man giving the name of Joseph P. Thomas, of Seymour, Ind., was arrested yesterday by Captain Gerber and Detectives Colbert and Hauser and charged with forging the name of M. W. Toomey to a check for $949. Thomas, who says he is a printer, wrote to Toomey a few days ago and in reply to an inquiry said he would send him a check for $10. He came to Indianapolis on Wednesday and gave Toomey the $10 in cash, afterward showing him a draft drawn in favor of Toomey. As he had paid his indebtedness he asked Toomey to indorse it so that he could get his money.

Yesterday Thomas, it is claimed, presented a check for $949, purporting to be signed by Toomey, at the Fletcher National Bank. The cashier, who identified Thomas as the man that presented the check, told him the signature did not look like Toomey's and it would be necessary for him to bring Toomey to the bank to identify him before the check would be honored. After the stranger's departure Toomey was called by telephone. He told the bank he had given no check of that kind. The detectives were advised and Thomas was found on South Illinois street. He was later identified by George W. Sloan, druggist, as the man who entered his store Wednesday afternoon and asked for a blank check on Fletcher's Bank. It was given to him, being torn from the back of a large check book.

The detectives were unable to find the check presented at the bank on Thomas. They say he admitted to them that he had presented a check like the one described at the bank and payment was refused.

Thomas had in his possession a bank book showing deposits of about $1,200 in the Seymour Bank. He had in cash $256.

THE SPANN FUNERAL.

Relatives Arriving from the East—Poland Camp Resolutions.

The funeral of John M. Spann will be held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family home at No. 25 West drive, Woodruff Place. The services will be conducted by the Rev. Joseph A. Milburn, formerly pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, of which Mr. Spann was an active member for more than thirty years. The Rev. Mr. Milburn will arrive from Chicago Monday morning. The pallbearers have not yet been selected. Eight of Mr. Spann's intimate associates in the church and business organizations will act as honorary bearers. Mrs. Spann's father and mother will arrive this morning from Malone, N. Y. Miss Gertrude Spann, who has been attending school at Washington, D. C., reached home yesterday. The burial will be at Crown Hill.

Poland Camp Resolutions.

At the regular meeting of the John S. Poland Camp, No. 7, Spanish-American War Veterans, held at the Commercial Club, Thursday evening, the following action was taken:

"Resolved, That the members of John S. Poland Camp, No. 7, Spanish-American War Veterans, have learned with deep regret of the death of John M. Spann, president of the Commercial Club, and they desire to express the high esteem in which he was held by their camp, and to tender to his family their sincere sympathy in this hour of affliction."

M. T. H. S. RECEPTION.

Recent Graduates Entertained by Members of the June Class.

Members of the June class '02 of the M. T. H. S. entertained the members of the February class, which graduated Wednesday, last night in Y. M. I. Hall on East North street. The reception to the graduates began at 9 o'clock. The young women of the June class received the guests. Above stairs the party was entertained with dancing. Here long streamers of the class colors—royal purple—were entwined in the balconies and the front of the stage. The figures "'02" were also prominently displayed. In one corner of the main hall the punch booth was located underneath a huge canopy of royal purple. Misses Maytie Taylor, Zelda Read, Ella Glass, Edna Murray, Alma Rech and Nellie Blair presided over this booth. Back of the punch booth was a burlesque art gallery, where take-offs of prominent paintings were displayed. The interior was neatly decorated with American flags. While the greater part of the crowd was enjoying the dancing the others were being entertained down stairs. In one of the side rooms a well-known palmist had a number of the young men and women under her spell. Games of all kinds were also played. At 11 o'clock luncheon was served.

FLAT BUILDING SOLD.

P. A. Havelick Sells the Oxford Building for $50,000.

P. A. Havelick, who built the Oxford flat building fronting on Vermont street and Massachusetts avenue, sold the property yesterday to Herman Munk and George B. Yandes for $50,000. The transfer was arranged through the agency of I. N. Richie.

Thomas B. Fulmer, who bought a number of houses on East Washington street a few days ago from Mrs. Fred Knefler, sold them yesterday to Charles E. Holloway. The consideration was $30,000.

Marion County Farmers' Institute.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the Marion county farmers' institute opened yesterday morning at Southport. "What is Education?" by Mrs. Kline, and "How I Raise and Dispose of the Corn Crop," by O. F. Lane; "Corn from Seed to Crib," by George Walker; "General Farming or Special—Which?" by O. F. Lane, and "Share of the Farmer's Wife," by Mrs. Kline, were papers read during yesterday's session.

A number of interesting papers will be read at the closing session to-day. Among them will be one on "Healthy Homes," by Dr. J. N. Hurty, who will illustrate his theme by use of a stereopticon.

New Pianos $165 and up at Wulschner's.

FORTUNATE DISCOVERY

POLICE OFFICERS FIND A SAW FRAME AND REVOLVER.

It Is Thought a Plan Had Been Outlined by Stephen Burns to Gain His Liberty.

BADLY WANTED IN CHICAGO

JOE FERRITER, WHO CALLED ON BURNS, HAD A SAW.

He Was Promptly Arrested and Charged with Loitering—Detective Comes for Burns.

A metal frame for a band saw, such as is used in sawing steel and iron, and a revolver were yesterday found secreted in a cellroom at police headquarters. The revolver had no cartridges in it. The saw frame was without a saw blade. It is thought the saw which had been in it had been broken, but the officers that searched the prison could not find evidences of its use there.

Thursday Joe Ferriter, who has an unenviable police record, was arrested and charged with loitering. He had been arrested in company with Will McGuire, who was charged with stealing $14 from his foster parents. Ferriter was released yesterday morning. During the afternoon he returned to police headquarters and was permitted to talk with Stephen Burns, who was arrested at the Oneida Hotel and slated as a fugitive wanted at Chicago, where he escaped from the police during trial in court.

While Ferriter was talking Detectives McGuff and Dugan entered the turnkey's office. Ferriter was well known to both of them, and McGuff kept an eye on him. Ferriter has but one arm. While he was talking in a low voice to Burns a frame with a band saw dropped from under the stump of his other arm. Ferriter looked down at the saw and said: "I wonder who threw that out here." McGuff picked up the saw, grabbed Ferriter, searched him and then locked him up on a charge of loitering.

Superintendent Taffe, Captain Gerber and the bicycle police were advised, and together they made a thorough search of the cells, finding the saw frame and the revolver. Nothing could be learned from Burns or Ferriter of the articles, but there was no doubt in the minds of the officers that Ferriter had brought them to the police station. That Ferriter had no revolver was attributed to the fact that he did not have enough money to buy both the saws and the revolver.

BURNS'S RECORD.

Burns was connected with numerous robberies of houses here, and is thought to have been implicated in robberies in neighboring towns. Twenty-two fur garments found in possession of a local furrier were traced to him. Although circumstantial evidence against him here is strong, it was decided to allow the Chicago authorities to take him back there for trial, and a detective from that city came here yesterday for the purpose. The fact that Burns has a bad criminal record and is one of the really "smooth" operators of the country no doubt caused him to plan a desperate attempt to escape, knowing that his return to Chicago, where there is conclusive evidence against him, meant another term in the penitentiary.

He was arrested on July 8, 1896, at Chicago and convicted of burglary, being sent to the Pontiac Reformatory in September, 1896. He was paroled April 4, 1900, and was again arrested at Chicago on Jan. 8, 1902, on a charge of burglary. While being tried on Jan. 20 he escaped from the courtroom. He came direct to Indianapolis, and three days later a series of robberies began. They stopped immediately after his arrest.

Burns was arrested by Detectives Splan and Haley, who saw his portrait in the daily bulletin published by the Chicago police department. They thought they had seen the man about the city, and the picture was showed to all local hotel clerks. The clerk at the Oneida Hotel said a man answering the description had been stopping there, but that his hair was dark instead of red. The officers waited about the hotel the next day and learned that Burns was in his room. They got in without awakening him. On a table in the room was a "jimmy" of peculiar shape. Under his pillow was a revolver. He slept so soundly they were able to examine his hair without awakening him. It was found his hair had been dyed, but the job was poorly done and the natural reddish color was plainly seen. After being sent to police headquarters he admitted his identity.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

A Branch of Alliance Francaise Is Formed in This City.

To further the study of French language and literature in Indianapolis and to form an association for the purpose of inviting distinguished French litterateurs and lecturers to make addresses here the Alliance Francaise, a branch of the Paris alliance, was organized in the Propylaeum last night by about forty well-known persons interested in the movement. Mrs. May Wright Sewall, who speaks the language, was appointed temporary chairman of the meeting, and in an address of half an hour explained the object of the gathering.

Officers of the new organization were elected as follows: President, Edouard Du Bois; vice president, Arthur D. F. Jaillett; secretary, Mrs. Wiegeldt; corresponding secretary, Miss Louise Boyer; treasurer, Miss Colgan. A board of directors was chosen, of which Mrs. Sewall was made president. It is the purpose of the alliance to meet every two weeks if possible. Nothing but French will be spoken at the meetings and a small fine, it is stated, will be assessed against any member who relapses into English. The executive committee will probably prepare a programme of study. It is expected that a number of Frenchmen of prominence will be invited to make addresses here this spring.

The Chinese New Year.

The shooting of fire crackers and loud shouts which occasionally startled citizens yesterday morning was evidence of the celebration of the Chinese new year. The celebration began early yesterday morning and will continue during the week. In all of the Chinese homes and business houses feasts are spread, all of the good things to eat, drink and smoke coming from their native land. The colony here numbers about fifty-five, but there are enough visitors from smaller towns of the State to swell the number to nearly one hundred. The new year is celebrated in a similar manner in all parts of the country. The little Chinese placards seen upon the doors of the Chinese shops are new year greetings and invitations to those who can read them to come in and participate in the festivities.

Preacher Locates His Sons.

William B. and Glayson J. Seekins, boys of fourteen and ten years of age, respectively, who ran away from their home at Fairmount, Ind., fourteen months ago, were located yesterday by their father, the Rev. W. J. Seekins. The search for them continued unabated for eleven months until their pictures, which were printed in a local paper, were noticed by Edward C. Daller, agent of the Big Four Railroad at Foster, Ind. Through his recognition of the pictures the boys were found by the father on farms near Foster. They gladly returned home, and said they had often wished to go back, but would not of their own accord, after running away.

CHARLES F. MILLER DEAD.

He Had Been Connected with One House for Thirty Years.

Charles F. Miller, seventy years old, living at 1319 North Illinois street, died last night about 11 o'clock from heart failure. Mr. Miller had been at his business during the day, and to his friends and family appeared in perfect health. When he returned home to his dinner at night no one noticed any signs of illness about him. Later in the evening, however, he complained to his wife that he was not feeling well. She went next door and called Mr. J. E. Scott. During this time Mr. Miller's condition became worse, and Mrs. Miller at once decided to call a physician. Dr. S. O. Runnells was summoned, but when he arrived Mr. Miller was dying. No medical attention could relieve him, it was said.

Charles F. Miller had been connected with the Hibben-Hollweg dry goods firm for about thirty years. He leaves three sons—Frank, Charles and Richard—and a widow. Mr. Miller's first wife died about seven years ago in this city. He married again about four years ago.

Many Years a Minister.

The funeral of the Rev. Daniel Stover, who died Thursday night at his home at 1715 Miller avenue, West Indianapolis, will be held to-morrow afternoon from the family home.

Mr. Stover was born in Augusta county, Virginia, in 1813. He was confirmed as a member of the United Brethren in Christ in 1833 and in 1838 entered the Indiana Conference. He was ordained in 1841 and for seventeen years was presiding elder. He was for fifty-six years a minister, and at the time of his death was the only surviving member of the charter members of the White River Conference. He leaves a widow.

GAS CUT OFF TEMPORARILY

TEN-INCH MAIN OF INDIANAPOLIS COMPANY BROKE.

The Accident Occurred Near Summitville—Repairs Made and Trouble at an End.

Yesterday morning for a number of hours and Thursday night the Indianapolis Gas Company was unable to supply its patrons with an ounce of natural gas. For about twelve hours the operation of the plant was entirely suspended, something, it is stated, that never occurred before. During the extreme cold of yesterday morning and the night before the company's patrons shivered and suffered and swore and wondered what was the matter. The gas company's telephones were kept busy while the clerks were answering kicks.

The suffering and crippled service arose through the breaking of one of the largest of the company's mains late Thursday night. A big ten-inch suction pipe that drains more than thirty wells in the vicinity of Summitville, Ind., pulled apart, as the result of contraction caused by the extremely cold weather, and the waste in gas was enormous. The break occurred six miles on the other side of Summitville in a field and it was located with extreme difficulty. A large force of men was put to work at repairs and by noon yesterday the break was cemented and the usual amount of gas was being pumped into the local mains. When the ten-inch main parted Thursday night the pressure here fell in a remarkable degree.

John R. Pearson said last night that the patrons of the company need fear no further annoyance from the break as all repairs had been made and no more accidents of the kind were looked for. The big mains are three feet under ground, he said, and it is seldom that the cold is able to penetrate so far and cause enough contraction to part the metal.

MORE BOULEVARD TALK

CONFERENCE WITH PROPERTY OWNERS AT COMMERCIAL CLUB.

J. Clyde Power, Superintendent of Parks, Thinks the Improvement Is an Assured Thing.

J. Clyde Power, city superintendent of parks, who is pushing the project for the Fall creek boulevard with energy, has completed his survey and maps of the route of the proposed boulevard. Yesterday at noon, with the members of the park committee of the Commercial Club, he met the property owners from whom are expected grants of ground along Fall creek, and discussed with them the entire subject.

Mr. Power asked them individually what they are prepared to do to help the city of Indianapolis gain a boulevard that will be an object of beauty and civic pride, and almost universally they assured him that they are prepared to make the concessions asked. Among the property owners present were Harry Reubens, who owns the land along Fall creek between Illinois and Meridian streets, formerly belonging to L. S. Ayres; E. L. Cothrell and S. E. Morss, who own along Fall creek from Meridian street to Central avenue; Joseph Boswell, who represents the Fleming heirs, that own from Central avenue to Thirtieth street; P. C. Kelcey, representing the estate of Mason J. Osgood, holding land for 1,700 feet along the creek above Thirtieth street, and Frank Johnson, who owns from that point to the fair grounds. The representatives of the Bruces and of the estate of Duncan Dewar were not present at the conference. Mr. Boswell, representing the Flemings, told Mr. Power that he would have to confer with the heirs of the estate before he could make any promise as to what rights of way would be granted through their property. He thought, however, that there would be no difficulty in coming to an arrangement with the Park Board.

As the result of the meeting at the Commercial Club Mr. Power declares that the hoped-for boulevard has become practically an assured thing. The attitude of the property owners is satisfactory, he says, and he believes that there will be no difficulty in gaining all the land necessary for a right of way. The boulevard will run from Capitol avenue to the fair grounds, a distance of about two and a quarter miles. Outside the city the width of the boulevard will vary from 100 to 300 feet, and inside the city it will be as wide as possible, somewhere between sixty feet and one hundred feet. Mr. Power said that plans are being consummated to ornament the boulevard with grass, flowers and trees, and that all its beauty would lie in the smooth roadway.

Sunday Mr. Power will hold another meeting with interested property owners. The mayor and the Board of Works were present at the meeting yesterday for a short time, but took no active part in its discussion.

Smoke Cases Dismissed.

The cases against V. T. Malott, owner of the Ardmore flat building, and Alexander Taggart, owner of the Taggart flats, for violations of the smoke ordinance were dismissed yesterday in Police Court. The defendants testified that they were endeavoring to obey the law by using hard coal in their furnaces, but that a poor quality of soft coal was used for two days, after it had been delivered to them at a time when hard coal could not be secured.

The Indianapolis Fire Insurance Company was one of the few companies which made a profit on its business for the year 1901. The risks insured by this sterling home company are carefully selected, and the growth of the institution is assured.

ITS EFFECT ON INDIANA

STATE'S INDUSTRIES INTERESTED IN AN ISTHMIAN CANAL.

An Instructive Lecture by Prof. Emory R. Johnson, a Member of the Commission.

Prof. Emory R. Johnson, a member of the isthmian canal commission, last night lectured at the Propylaeum in the university extension course on the work of the commission in finding a route for a canal across the Isthmus of Panama. His lecture was preceded by stereoptican views showing maps of all the proposed routes across the isthmus. He practically eliminated all routes other than the Panama and Nicaraguan, and compared these two as to their commercial value and financial and industrial cost. He said the commission decided that the Nicaraguan route would be more advantageous from a commercial point of view, but that the cost of construction, estimated upon the work already done on the Panama route, placed the latter in favor.

Alluding to the interests the central States would have in an interoceanic waterway, he said that while in Indianapolis one year ago he was received by the Board of Trade and submitted five questions to that body with the request that they be circulated among the prominent manufacturers of the State and requesting them to give their opinion as to the benefits the central States would derive from a canal. The questions were as follows:

"Do you have an export or import trade with the west coast of the United States, west coast of Central and South America, Hawaiian islands, Japan, China, Australia or other parts of Oceanica?

"Of what does the trade with each of these sections consist and what is the approximate tonnage?

"By what routes is the trade handled? Please state any facts that may seem important regarding rates and time required for shipment.

"Would the interoceanic canal enable you to trade in markets from which you are now debarred, or enable you to increase the business you are at present doing with the Pacific markets of the United States and foreign countries?

"Please state the general effect which the proposed canal would have upon your particular business."

Regarding these questions, Professor Johnson said: "There were 150 answers received by the Indianapolis Board of Trade and forwarded to Washington, and these, together with letters which the canal commission had previously received from manufacturers in different parts of Indiana, afforded a fairly clear picture of the relation which the proposed canal will have to the progress of the leading industries of the State.

INDIANA AFFECTED.

"An analysis of the letters received by the Indianapolis Board of Trade shows that sixty-three of the 150 firms making answer are now doing business either on the West coast of the United States or in foreign Pacific countries. Eighty-seven of the 150 firms have as yet developed no trade in those markets. Seventy-seven say that the canal would either directly or indirectly assist them in the development of Pacific trade. Seventy-three of the firms make no suggestion as to the effects of the canal. It is probable that these 150 firms may be taken as fairly representative of the larger manufacturing concerns of Indiana, and, if so, somewhat more than two-fifths of the Indiana manufactories now have trade in American and foreign Pacific markets. Somewhat over half of these representative Indiana firms foresee that the canal would be of direct or indirect assistance to them.

"Among the letters received by the Canal Commission from Indiana firms with which direct correspondence was had was one from a firm in Richmond, Ind., engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements. What this firm reports in regard to its experience in shipping to Australia and in regard to the general conditions governing the future development of an export business from Indiana to Pacific countries is instructive. The following statements were made under date of October, 1899:

"'We ship goods now from here to Australia for about the same money that it costs us to ship goods from here to San Francisco. We made a shipment only a short time since from here to Australia, and the freight from here to New York was $50 and from New York to Australia only $55, and to ship these same goods to San Francisco or Portland the freight would have been about $150. Consequently we can reach Australia cheaper than we can San Francisco, due to the fact of water transportation being so much cheaper than the rail transportation. If this is true of points in Australia, how much greater it would be true of points in California and Oregon.'

"One of the largest manufacturing firms in Indianapolis and in the central West that is now selling engines in nearly all parts of the world reports that an "interoceanic canal would not only make accessible to us the territory now entirely under control of foreign competitors, but would improve the facilities we now have for the trade in foreign countries that we now occupy, thereby enabling us to more thoroughly control the trade and make our progress in all foreign trade much more rapid.'

"An Indianapolis firm engaged in the manufacture of saws that are exported to nearly all Pacific countries reports that the canal would enable the firm to increase its business with all parts of the country."

The lecturer concluded with figures as to tonnage and freight rates and stereopticon views of scenes along the proposed canal routes.

Bankruptcy Petitions.

J. W. King, dairyman, of Vigo county, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States Court yesterday. His assets are $599 and his liabilites are $5,340.

S. M. Blevens and J. E. Steele, of Blevens & Steele, of Ellettsville, filed a petition in bankruptcy. Their assets are $70 and their liabilities $327.29.

$22.25, New Orleans and Return, Via C., H. & D.

Tickets sold Feb. 3d-10th, final return limit Feb. 28th. Two trains daily.

Insure with German Fire Insurance of Indiana. General offices 29 South Delaware street. Fire, tornado and explosion.

Feed your horse JANES'S Dustless Oats

Indianapolis Barber Supply Co.

Removed from Circle to No. 37 East Ohio st. Toilet articles, razors, scissors, grinding.

W. W. Dark & Co.

Insurance, loans, real estate. New, 3312. 147 East Market street.

Leo Lando, Manufacturing Optician.

Permanent location at 142 N. Pennsylvania st.

The amount of premiums received by the American Central Life Insurance Company, of Indianapolis, during its first three years was $336,853. The average amount of premiums received by all the life insurance companies in the United States during their first three years was $141,744. We lead the average $195,109. We want experienced solicitors, and assure them they can make good commissions. Address or call upon American Central Life, Newton Claypool building.

Sterling Silver Spoon Sale A Success . . .

It always is and it will be the greatest sale in five years, because the prices are lower than ever before, and we have included all odd dessert and table spoons and forks in the sale.

Thirty-five patterns to select from. ENGRAVING FREE.

Julius C. Walk & Son

Indiana's Leading Jewelers.

No. 12 East Washington Street.

Lots of People

Have asked us lots of questions about our sale. "Do you make the same mistake every year and are compelled to hold a sale to rectify the error?" asked a doubting customer, yesterday. Yes. On purpose. We keep up our stocks all fall and winter. We never let our stock get "broken." We make it a point never to be "just out" of anything. That's why we have a surplus of suits on hand now. That's why we held this suit and overcoat sale and why we are offering

Choice of All of Our $15.00 Suits and Overcoats for

$10.50

EACH. This $10.50 price takes in every Man's and Boy's Suit and Overcoat in our house that formerly sold at $15. All other Suits at reduced prices, and you can take choice of all other Overcoats and pay the salesman one-fourth less than marked price.

All Boys' and Children's Clothing at Reduced Prices

BLISS, SWAIN & CO.

THE PROGRESS CLOTHING STORE

STEVENSON BL'DG—INDIANAPOLIS

CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS.

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE $3.50 SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world. WHY?

BECAUSE W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes placed side by side with $5.00 and $6.00 shoes of other makes are found to be just as good. They will outwear two pairs of ordinary $3.50 shoes.

BECAUSE His reputation for the best $3.50 shoes in style, fit and wear is world wide.

Notice increase of sales in table below:

1898=748,706 Pairs.
1899=898,182 Pairs.
1900=1,259,754 Pairs.
1901=1,566,720 Pairs.

Business More Than Doubled In Four Years.

Sold by 63 Douglas Stores in American Cities, and best shoe dealers everywhere.

CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price on bottom.

Made of the best imported and American leathers, including Patent Corona Kid, Corona Colt, and National Kangaroo.

Fast Color Eyelets and Always Black Hooks Used Exclusively.

Boys all wear W. L. Douglas' $2.00 Strong Made Shoes; Youth's, $1.75.

Shoes by mail, 25c. extra. Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Indianapolis: 4 E. Washington St.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Q.S.S. Co.

For the Winter

Go To Bermuda

Reached in forty-eight hours from New York, by the elegant steamers of the Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd. Frost unknown. Malaria impossible. Headquarters for British North Atlantic Navy and Army. Cable communication. Equable climate; average temperature 70 degrees. For illustrated pamphlet in colors apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, 39 Broadway, New York, or A. AHERN, Secretary, Quebec, Canada, or THOS. COOK & SON, 234 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

COOK'S WINTER TOURS.

All Traveling Expenses Included.

WEST INDIES Delightful cruise to the Tropics by Quebec S. S. Co.'s Mail Steamship "Madiana." Leaves New York Feb. 6 for 34-day cruise to Bermuda, Porto Rico, Cuba, Windward Islands to Barbados, Demerara, Etc. $185 and up.

FLORIDA Ten Tours, covering All Principal Resorts in Florida, the "Land of Flowers," from Jacksonville to Key West. $57 and up.

HAVANA Annual Tours to Cuba by Ward Line during February and March, with section returning through Florida. $95 and $115.

BERMUDA Sailings every 5 days by Quebec S. S. Co.'s fine Mail Steamships. COOK'S SPECIAL PARTIES, April 5 and 8. $62.50 up.

MEDITERRANEAN Special Tours to the Riviera, Italy, Paris, London, Etc. 52 days, $350. Our Annual Tours to Japan leave San Francisco Feb. 15, March 21. Fares from $600.

EUROPE Spring and Summer Tours, covering the whole of Europe, leave from April to August. Fares, including All Expenses, $235 to $1,000

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B. SOMMERS & CO. The Store that Saves You Money

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Being made of the best material that money can buy, in a factory equipped with the latest machinery, operated by artisans of the very highest rank, policy controlled by men who place quality above everything else, these same men being recognized as being among the foremost scientific piano builders of the century, how can a Starr Piano be other than the best? We are showing a complete factory stock, and invite inspection.

THE STARR PIANO CO.

138-140 N. Pennsylvania Street
Indiana's Representative Piano House
Manufacturers

New pianos for rent at $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 a month.
Pianos stored at reasonable rates.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH

H. C. MESERVE, Pastor

The Temple, Cor. Delaware and Tenth Sts.

Morning, 10:45—Sermon by the Rev. W. B. Street, of Anderson. Evening, 7:45—Last Lecture the "Tissot Pictures." Organ Recital at 7:30 by Mr. Birge.

Fine Music. Free Seats. All Welcome.

VIENNA ROLLS
..MARYLAND BISCUITS..

JOSEPH TAGGART'S ... BAKERIES ...

233 Massachusetts Avenue,
234 West Vermont Street,
21, 22, 24 North New Jersey Street.

SOLE AGENCY for the famous

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And other high-grade Pianos. Low Prices. Easy Terms.

PEARSON'S PIANO HOUSE,
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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

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Fits all Welsbach light burners

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Sentinel Printing Co

Steel and Copper-Plate Engravers, Office Supplies, Embossed Correspondence Stationery, Blank Books, Stationery, Etc., Etc.

123-125-127 West Market Street

Sunday Journal, by mail, $2.50 per year