

The ups and downs of trade give you Oppor-

We have secured a lot of boys' suits at a low price and will divide with you. Ages from 4 to 8. (Not ages of the suits; they are spring chickens.) \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00, and from approved makers

AT THE

bother some people-in fact, that was the

ing. I knew a few of these would write

and ask me; that would give me but little

it is time for me to speak up and stop

so much fun out of this thing as I counted

"Santa Cruz, Ilocos Sur, P.

"My Dear Sir-I have just been reading

the first part of your latest story entitled

'A Double-barreled Detective Story,' and

am much delighted with it. In Part IV,

Page 264, Harper's Magazine for January,

sky a solitary "oesophagus" slept, upon

motionless wing; everywhere brooded still-

ness, serenity and the peace of God.' Now,

there is one word I do not understand,

namely, 'oesophagus.' My only work of ref-

erence is the 'Standard Dictionary,' but that

fails to explain the meaning. If you can

spare the time I would be glad to have the

meaning cleared up, as I consider the pas-

sage a very touching and beautiful one.

It may seem foolish to you, but consider

Do you notice? Nothing in the paragraph

disturbed him but that one word. It shows

that that paragraph was most ably con-

structed for the deception it was intended

to put upon the reader. It was my inten-

tion that it should read plausibly, and it is

now plain that it does; it was my intention

that one treacherous word out, I should

every reader's sensibilities like oil, and left

The other sample inquiry is from a pro-

fessor in a New England university. It con-

bear to suppress), but he is not in the theo-

sky a solitary oesophagus slept upon mo-

"Dear Mr. Clemens-'Far in the empty

"It is not often I get a chance to read

much periodical literature, but I have just

gone through at this belated period, with

"But what in hell is an oesophagus? I

keep one myself, but it never sleeps in the

air or anywhere else. My profession is to

pride's sake I was not going to say so. I

is what I am now saying to my Springfield

inquirer. And I told him to carefully read

the whole paragraph, and he would find not

a vestige of sense in any detail of it. This

I have confessed. I am sorry-partially.

I will not do so any more-for the present.

oesophagus have a rest-on his same old

[Comment by the Republican.]

The "Double-barreled Detective Story,

which appeared in Harper's Magazine for

January and February last, is the most

elaborate of burlesques on detective fic-

in which it is difficult to detect the de-

ception, so ably is it done. But the illusion

ought not to endure even the first incident

in the February number. As for the para-

graph which has so admirably illustrated

the skill of Mr. Clemens's ensemble and

"It was a crisp and spley morning in early

October. The lilacs and laburnums, lit with

provided by kind Nature for the wingless

wild things that have their home in the

treetops and would visit together; the

ple and yellow flames in brilliant broad

splashes along the slanting sweep of the

woodland; the sensuous fragrance of in-

serenity and the peace of God.'

the glory-fires of autumn, hung burning

the carelessness of readers, here it is:

New York city, April 10, 1902.

MARK TWAIN.

much gratification and edification, your

'Double-barreled Detective Story.'

legical department, so it is no harm:

not a suspicion behind.

tionless wing.

motionless wing.

occurs this passage: 'Far in the empty

"Feb. 13, 1902.

in the Philippines:

Recent duplicate deliveries of "TABLE LINENS, "NAPKINS," "TOWELS" and "CRASHES" enable us to again offer for prompt delivery very complete assortments throughout this department.

FOR MANY YEARS we have represented in this territory TWO OF THE OLDEST AND BEST KNOWN MANUFACTURERS OF IRISH AND SCOTCH LINENS, whose product is recognized in the trade as being of a most superior character. We import the goods direct and OFFER EVERY ADVANTAGE AS TO PRICE AND SELECTION.

NOVELTIES IN TABLE DAMASKS, open borders with napkins to match; "D'OYLIES," "TRAY CLOTHS," "TABLE SETS," "STAMPED LINENS," "CANVASES," "PADDINGS, "REAL AND IMITATION RUSSIA CRASHES," "TURKEY RED DAMASKS," "TURKISH TOWELS," Etc. Etc.

HIBBEN, HOLLWEG & CO.

Importers, Jobbers

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SILKS, LINENS

(At Wholesale Only.)

- BONDS -

\$80,000 Marion, Ind., Light and Heating Co....... 58 \$19,000 City of Brazil, Ind. \$20,000 Union Traction Co.

- STOCK -Belt Railroad preferred 6 per cent

.....5 per cent H. P. Wasson & Co. preferred 6 per cent Indianapolis Fire Insurance Co. common. Price and particulars upon application.

J. F. WILD & CO., Bankers 205 Etavenson Building. Telephones-Old Main 1880; New \$838.

Physicians'Outfits. Emergency Satchels, Medicine Cases, Instru-Operating Gowns and Cushlons. Physicians' Pocket Knives, with Spatula, and all other sultable articles.

Bath Cabinets. WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO. SURGICAL INSTRUMENT MAKERS. 224 and 226 S. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind.

work of interest and importance at this time and includes the opinions and theories of most of the strong thinkers who have | my lack of means away out in the northern taken definite stand on either side of the part of Luzon. Yours very truly.

A new novel is announced by Mr. T. R. Sullivan, author of "Tom Sylvester," "Roses of Shadow," and various volumes of short stories. It will be entitled "The Courage of Conviction" and will have New | that it should be emotional and touching, York city for its scene. It is a novel of | and you see, yourself, that it fetched this modern American life with two closely in- | public instructor. Alas, if I had but left terwoven themes, one, the very American passion for money getting, the other a com- | have scored! scored everywhere; and the plicated love interest. It will be published paragraph would have slidden through

by the Scribners. A new novel by Mrs. W. K. Clifford, author of "Mrs. Keith's Crime" and "The Love Letters of a Worldly Woman," will be published by the Harpers in April. The title is "Margaret Vincent." It is the romance of a young English girl who is the granddaughter of an earl, but who is brought up in the country in ignorance of her aristocratic origin. Mrs. Clifford has the gift of telling a story in a way that leaves a sense of freshness and new charm in the

Street & Smith, New York announce an entirely new work on table tennis, commonly called ping-pong, by M. G. Ritchie, | deal with words, and oesophagus interested of the International Games Club, and Ar- | me the moment I lighted upon it. But as a nold Parker, winner of the Queen's Hall | companion of my youth used to say: 'I'll tournament, edited for American players be eternally, co-eternally cussed if I can Whitney, chief of the Bureau of Soils of the by Walter H. Bronson, the New York ping- make it out. Is it a joke, or I an ignopong expert, with extra chapters of positions and new strokes. This firm has also in preparation a new book on bugs ashamed of having fooled that man, but for and Philadelphia, where he went to learn and kindred creatures, by Harvey Sutherland, whose sketches on bugs, in Ainslee's | wrote and told him it was a joke-and that Magazine, have attracted much attention.

"Castle Craneycrow," the new novel upon which Mr. George Barr McCutcheon has been working since "Graustark" was pub- also I commend to my Springfield inquirer. lished, has had the advantage of many hazards during its composition, and if Don't ask me any more questions; let the omens count for anything, it should be a success. One interesting fact in connection with the book is that the stenographer who is doing Mr. McCutcheon's typewriting copied the manuscripts of "Alice of Old Vincennes," by the late Maurice Thompson, and "The Prince of India." by Gen. Lew Wallace. It will be published by H. S. Stone & Co., Chicago.

MARK TWAIN'S "OESCPHAGUS."

That Queer Bird Puzzles Readers, and His Creator Explains.

To the Editor of the Springfield Repub-

One of your citizens has asked me a question about the "oesophagus," and I and flashing in the upper air, a fairy bridge wish to answer him through you. This in the hope that the answer will get around, and save me some penmanship, for I have larch and the pomegranate flung their puralready replied to the same question more than several times, and am not getting as much holiday as I ought to have. was in that I put the oesophagus. I a solitary oesophagus slept upon motion- was intended to hold to-morrow in the in-



Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day. DYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

REPUBLICAN "INSURGENTS" OF THE HOUSE MAY SCORE VICTORY.

If All Recalcitrants and the Demoerats Vote Solidly the Chair May Be Overruled.

WILL HAVE A MAJORITY OF TEN

FRIENDS OF THE CUBAN BILL, HOW-EVER, ARE STILL CONFIDENT.

Do Not Think Enough Republicans Will Desert Their Party at a Critical Moment.

WASHINGTON, April 13.-The leaders of the House expect to see the Cuban reciprocity bill passed by the present week, but they admit the debate may be prolonged so that the final vote will not be reached until next week. Proceeding, as the debate is, without a rule, it can be drawn out practically as long as anybody desires to speak, but the leaders believe the general debate will exhaust itself by Thursday at the latest. Mr. Dalzell will close the general debate in favor of the bill when the measure is thrown open for amendment under the five-minute rule, and a great number of amendments will be offered by the Democrats with a view to opening up a way for amending the schedules of the that all such amendments will be held to be not germane to the bill whose title provides for reciprocity with Cuba, and that only amendments raising or lowering the amount of the proposed concession will be held to be in order.

Appeals will be taken from the rulings of the chair on the general tariff amendments, but it is certain that with possibly one exception the appeals will be unsuccessful. That exception may be the amendment to take the differential off refined sugar. It is admitted on both sides of the chamber that the real fight will come on that amendment. A number of Republicans who are opposing the bill have announced that they will vote to overrule the chair on that proposition, and the Democrats expect to be able to cast intention-but the harvest has been larger a solid vote for it. The weakness of the than I was calculating upon. The oesoposition of the friends of this proposition phagus has gathered in the guilty and the innocent alike, whereas I was only fishing for the innocent-the innocent and confidtrouble; but I was not expecting that the wise and learned would call upon me for succor. However, that has happened, and order, under the general theory of parthe inquiries if I can, for letter writing is not restful to me, and I am not having on. That you may understand the situthe bill, as shown last Tuesday on the moation I will insert a couple of sample intion to go into committee of the whole, is quiries. The first from a public instructor tion would have a clear majority of ten. But the Republican leaders profess confiing to override the chair to make, with the Democrats, a majority of the House, Morecrats themselves will hesitate to adopt this method of getting a vote on a proposition which they contend is plainly not germane. If the danger involved in the amendment to abolish the differential is passed the bill will have plain sailing on its final passage, as a majority of the Democrats will vote

In accordance with the agreement reached on Friday last the Senate on Wednesday will vote on the Chinese exclusion bill, and the present understanding is that the Philippine government bill will be taken up immediately afterwards. It is probable, however, that the Philippine bill will be soon broken in on by the calling up of the river and harbor bill. Being an appropriation bill, which is a privileged measure and can be taken up at any time, it is not the desire of the committee to have it considered until there shall have been a chance afforded to make further amendments in the committee. That opportunity will not be provided until Thursday following the vote on the Chinese bill. The opponents of the Chinese bill will press their fight from this time forward, and if they find that they cannot secure its recommittal they will concentrate their efforts on propose amendments. Especial efforts will be made tains one naughty word (which I cannot to secure the adoption of the Platt substitute. There will be a number of short speeches on the bill Monday and Tuesday. and, in addition to these, Senators Foraker and McLaurin, of South Carolina, have given notice of set speeches for Monday. A portion of the day Saturday will be de voted to eulogies on the late Senator Kyle,

GROWN UNDER CHEESE CLOTH.

of South Dakota-

Tobacco Raised in Connecticut as

Good as Imported Sumatra. WASHINGTON, April 13.-Prof. Milton Department of Agriculture, has returned Between you and me, I was almost from a trip to Hartford, Conn., New York by direction of the department's tobacco it will become a sharp competitor of the Sumatra tobacco. The leaf has improved very much since it was packed, taking on desirable. It is a well-known fact, professor Whitney says, that all such leaf improves very much by standing for at least six months in bales. Boxes of cigars wrapped with this tobacco after being packed two months were opened in Hartford and the gloss and finish of the wraption, with striking melodramatic passages, pers were very much finer than when the cigars were packed, showing that the color is permanent. The tobacco is to be sold at auction in

Hartford on May 1. It has been classified and a catalogue of all the bales is being prepared for distribution among the trade, especially the cigar manufacturers.

THEY SHOT TO KILL.

(CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE.) cavalry charged yesterday to-day a dozen

workmen in their shirt sleeves were playing a flemish game of ball. No revisionist demonstrations have ocwill say privately that I expected it to less wing; everywhere brooded stillness, dustrial suburb of Molenbeck St. Jean. The authorities are anticipating to-mor-The success of Mark Twain's joke recalls | row with anxiety, as the Socialist committhe cavern, whom he described most punc- general strike in Brussels and its environs. tiliously, first giving a picture of the scene, A large majority of the metal workers and its impressive solitude and all that; then factory hands are expected to come out, going on to describe the majesty of the though it is doubtful if the better class of ago, the same condition prevailed. The figure, casually mentioning that the thumb | workmen will participate in the movement.

> were extended in a radiating fashion, and, encourage the disorderly elements by formrecurring to the dignified attitude and posi- ing in groups upon the streets. tion of the man, incidentally remarked A thousand civic guards were mobilized that the thumb of the left hand was in at 1 o'clock this afternoon and quartered in New York for violation of the excise law. contact with the little finger of the right- the Bourse and other public buildings. and so on. But it was so ingeniously writ- There was no show of military or police last Sunday. ten that Mark, relating the history years upon the streets, however, until late this later in an article which appeared in that evening, when a body of police and genexcellent magazine of the past, the Galaxy, darmes assembled in the vicinity of the declared that no one ever found out the Maison du Peuple and prevented gatherjoke, and, if we remember aright, that that lings. An extensive ambulance service has astonishing old mockery was actually been organized to be in readiness for looked for in the region where he, as a emergencies. There was considerable effer-Nevada newspaper editor, had located it. vescence around the Maison after 8 o'clock It is certain that Mark Twain's jumping this evening and the gendarmes, who infrog has a good many more "pints" than sisted that all windows in private houses be kept shut, were constantly occupied in dispersing groups. Several persons were arrested for resisting the police. As M. Von der Velde left the Maison he was followed by a crowd of Socialists, but he ex-

> > The Socialist deputies have decided to

7 o'clock in the evening to convert the

horted them to remain calm.

stration, and to issue a manifesto urging people to avoid violence. At a meetng of delegates from the trades unions the order for a general strike was confirmed. The newspapers published to-day describe a ghastly struggle which occurred Saturday night between some of the workmen, who desired to carry a wounded and dying man to the Maison du Peuple, and the police, who were trying to convey him to a Red Cross ambulance. The wounded man had nearly all his clothes torn off him before the police prevailed in their efforts and he died immediately.

The Petit Bleu thinks it not unlikely that martial law will be proclaimed on Tuesday if the riots continue and that the thirdclass of the militia will be called out. The meetings of Socialists and workmen at Ghent and Liege to-day were orderly. Dynamite was exploded at the Catholic Club at Charleroi Saturday night and much damage was done. There was much revolver firing at Charleroi during Saturday night, but to-day the town was quiet and there was an orderly demonstration of

SCHULIM NOT MURDERED.

Schnur Family Released When Youth Returned from America.

NEW YORK, April 13 .- Dr. M. Neustaeder, of this city, to-day received a cablegram from Vienna giving notice of the release from prison of the Schnur family, ten members of which have been confined near there for some time, on the charge story of the charge, as told by the doctor, is that the young man supposed to have been murdered was about to become a Christian convert, and to marry a Christian girl, notwithstanding that he came from a well-known Jewish family of Dombrow, Galicia. His parents, to avoid the reau of Statistics to prepare a statement consequences of his proposed change of faith, sent him to a brother in this country, and after his disappearance were acby the Christian peasants of the neighborhood with having murdered him. They were arrested and taken in chains to the nearest jail. News of this reached the brother here, and a committee of twelve was selected to arrange to send the young man back in order to prove that he had not been murdered. The committee, of which the doctor was chairman, raised enough money to carry out its purpose, and an-Dingley tariff law. It is known in advance | nounces that young Schnur has already left this country in the care of an Amer-

MANY KIDNAPED AND SENT TO THE PLANTATIONS OF YUCATAN.

Enticed from the Streets of the Cit of Mexico to a House and Secretly Shipped Away.

MEXICO CITY, April 13 .- The police of this city have broken up a gang of kidis that the test will not come directly on | napers, who have been enticing young boys | Of that withdrawn from the insular posseschair. If a motion to recommit with in- kept prior to being shipped to Yucatan to ical territory, while of the 599,774,613 pounds structions to report back such an amend- work on the Henequin plantations. Com- of beet sugar imported 484,344,604 pounds ment is made it will be held not to be in plaints have been coming into police head- came in the unrefined condition and 115,quarters of missing boys and the detectives liamentary law that the House cannot in- surmised that there was systematic kid- gar consumption of the United States. struct the committee to do what it itself | naping going on all over the city. The decannot do. The Republican opposition to tectives, in following up clews, found a house in Peralvillo street, on the outskirts in the neighborhood of forty. Added to the of the city, where eleven boys who had Democratic vote, if solidly cast, the opposi- been enticed there were discovered. They were kept under guard day and night and dence in their belief that not enough of the insufficiently fed and amid foul surroundrecalcitrants will go to the length of vot- ings. The men in the house were arrested and taken to prison. They denied they over, they assert that some of the Demo- | were anything but clerks of one Enrique Inglesias, a labor contractor engaged in securing men and boys for work in Yucatan, where the demand for labor is very pressing. The eleven boys secured from these traffickers in human beings were to have been immediately sent to Vera Cruz and thence to go to their long slavery in Yucatan. Subsequently the guards at the Peralvillo-street house confessed they were employed by Iglesias to entrap boys and confine them in the house till a convenient opportunity arose for sending them to Yucatan. The boys were met on the streets and promised food, clothing and spending money if they would accompany their ab-

A large number of boys are missing and the police believe they have been stolen in a similar manner. The authorities will carefully investigate the atrocities. The boys so captured are said, on reaching ceiving nothing but their food and maintenance. Iglesias, said to be the head of the gang, is still at large.

THIRSTY GOTHAMITES COULD NOT BUY LIQUOR IN COMMON SALOONS.

But They Had No Difficulty in Getting All the Booze They Desired in Raines Law Hotels.

NEW YORK, April 13.-The New Yorker who wanted a drink of intoxicating liquor the feeling in regard to the Sumatra to- to-day discovered that the enforcement bacco grown under cheese cloth covering of the excise law, through the combined efforts of the uniformed police and the members of the State Liquor Dealers' Association, had assumed several new aspects. The first was that while it was much harder than heretofore to get a drink in a saloon holding merely a liquor tax, a cer- not deny them the opportunity to sell some a gloss and finish that is considered very | tificate, it was much easier to obtain one | of their products to us. Canada wants in a Raines-law hotel. The buyer also found that while last Sunday he was United States consumes more lumber and served either with a plate of cheese and paper than any other nation in the world. sandwich to eat or not, as he chose, to- would take off the duty on Canadian coal day he could not buy a drink without also (which could profitably be sold only to a buying a sandwich.

closed tightly, for the most part, and ar- at present.' gued that the hotel men were doing more what they could and could not do with impunity. The Raines-law hotels throughout the city were, as a rule, exceedingly well patronized. In the Tenderloin district there were

very few places without a hotel license affect seriously trade movements. Dutiable that made any attempt to do business. The district, it was said, was closed tighter than had been known in years. The plan curred and in order to avoid collisions be- of selling in rooms overhead the saloon tween the strikers and the police, the and similar ruses were done away with, numerable deciduous flowers rose upon the Socialist committee has countermanded the seemingly for the reason that the dealers I published a short story lately, and it swooning atmosphere; far in the empty sky orders for the monster meeting which it thought the trouble too great and the compensation too small. The police of this district were very active as well, and there to send to the Dominion woolen goods to was but a small attempt to do business. Up to 7 o'clock in the evening there had to mind his story of the petrified man in tee has definitely decided to proclaim a not been an arrest in the precinct for as the home product, many Canadian mills violation of the excise law.

In the West Thirty-seventh-street district, where the trouble started two weeks police were active, the saloons closed and of his right hand rested against the side of A proclamation by the burgomaster, writ- the Raines-law hotels doing a big business. his nose; then, after further description, ob- ten in French and Flemish, has been posted | There was but one arrest in daylight hours. serving that the fingers of the right hand on the walls. It appeals to citizens not to In the other parts of the city somewhat similar conditions prevailed.

At 11 o'clock to-night police headquarters reported forty-one arrests in Greater as against III for the twenty-four hours of

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while testhing with the local trades is suffering there through perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, 25 cents a bottle.

In all classes of society Glenn's Sulphur Soap s the ruling purifier. Ladies use it to remove efects of the complexion, and persons troubled with eruptions or other irritations of the skin are promptly cured by it. Sold by all drugclose the Maison du Peuple in the future at | gists Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or brown,

UNITED STATES DRAWS "SWEETS" FROM NEARLY ALL THE WORLD.

It Imports Over Five Times th Amount It Produces from Its Own Cane and Beet Fields.

CONSUMPTION ENORMOUS

PER CAPITA IN 1901 IS OFFICIALLY GIVEN AS SIXTY-EIGHT POUNDS.

Total Amount Used Is Put at 5,313,-937,840 Pounds and Home Production at 985,568,640,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 13 .- Public interest in the sugar problem-the share of the enormous consumption of that article supplied and likely to be supplied by the United States-has led the treasury Buregarding the sugar consumption of the country of cane and beet separately stated; the Island brought from Denmark 219. the amount produced in its insular territory-Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines; the amount imported from Cuba, the amount from other tropical territory and the amount from the beet-sugar producing countries of Europe. The sugar BRITONS THINK THE OUTLOOK IS consumption of the United States has grown from 1,272,426,342 pounds in 1870 to 5,313,987,840 pounds in 1901, or from thirtythree pounds per capita in 1870 to sixty-5,313,987,840 pounds consumed in 1901 985,568,-640 pounds, or more than one-sixth, were produced in the United States; 852,206,760 pounds, or about another sixth, were produced in the insular possessions, while the remainder, amounting to 3,476,213,440 pounds,

Of the 985,568,640 pounds of sugar pro was from beets and two-thirds from cane. 430,609 pounds refined.

The following table shows the total sustated in tons, from 1880 to 1901, and the quantity supplied by beet and

luction in	the United Sta Total Con-	ates:	
Tear.		Domestic	
	sumption.	Cane.	Been
	956,784	88,822	35
881	1,012,206	127.367	63
882	1,134,994	76,372	44
883	1,224,011	142,297	53
884	1,309,383	135,243	73
885		100,876	- 60
886	1,459,280	135,258	77
887	1,381,714	85,394	77
888	1,519,283	167,815	1,6
889	1,416,474	153,909	2.40
890	1,476,377	136,503	2,80
891	1,888,851	221,951	5,40
892	1,853,370	204,064	12.0
893	1,906,758	235,886	16.00
894	2,012,714	271,336	
895	1,949,744	324,506	20,44
Unit	1 000 000		30,00
000	1,960,086	243,220	40,00
000	2,070,978	310,537	39,6
898	2,002,902	252,812	34,4
899	2,078,068	160,400	62,83
900	2,219,847	174,450	82.73
901	2,372,316	292,150	124.8

OUR TRADE WITH CANADA.

Consul General Gittinger Says It Is Worth Keeping. WASHINGTON, April 13.-The United

States enjoys more of Canadian custom Yucatan, to be held practically slaves, re- than the rest of the world put together. Attention is directed to this fact in that portion of "Commercial Relations of 1901" (now in press), which deals with United States trade with Canada, an extract of which was given out for publication by Mr. Emory, chief of the Bureau of Foreign of negotiations. The transfer of the ne-Commerce, to-day. It is pointed out that gotiations to Pretoria, where both Lord so closely allied are trade conditions in this country and Canada that prosperity or depression in the United States immediately finds echo in the trade of our northern neighbor. In 1877 Great Britain lost to us her lead in the matter of goods sent into the Dominion, and from that year forward, with but a slight interval, this country has steadily lengthened the gap. It is not as widely realized as it should be, says the report, that Canada is the best customer we have, excepting only Great MR. HOLLOWAY MAY WIN Britain and Germany

Consul General Bittinger, at Montreal, in a report on the subject, says: "The United States does more business with Canada than with the whole of South America; as much as with Central America. Mexico and West Indies together, and nearly as much as with Africa, Asia and Oceanica." Our present tariff policy toward Canada," says the consul general, "causes the building up of great manufacturing interests to compete with our own. If we seek trade in other countries we must to send to the United States her lumber. wood pulp, hay, barley and minerals. The and she should be glad to admit lumber and wood pulp free. If the United States very limited extent along our eastern Saloon men who were seen during the day coast) our coal would be admitted into seemed to think that the police activity had | Canada free, and our sales of coal in the much to do with the saloons being kept | Dominion would be double what they are Canada's total importation for consump-

business because they had been studying tion in the last fiscal year amounted to \$181,238,000. Imports from the United States reached the splendid figure of \$110,485,000. an increase of some \$600,000 over the preceding year. Figures are given to show that the preferential tariff has failed to goods from the United States showed a decrease of about \$300,000 last year, but this is attributed in part to the growth of Canadian industries.

As a curious instance of how industries may be throttled by legislation, Mr. Bittinger relates that the British preferential tariff enabled British exporters last year the value of \$10,000,000. As they are considered of better quality than and as cheap have been obliged to close down. Consul Shepard, at Hamilton, in his report, calls attention to the interesting fact that the big dry goods houses of Canada send their milliners and modists to New York several times a year to observe and

copy styles, and have practically turned their backs on the European modes formerly so popular. A plan of the Canadian Pacific Railway authorities to redeem some 3,000,000 acres of arid lands between Calgary and Medicine Hat is described by Consul General Bittinger. The scheme is to build a dam at Row river, a mile east of Calgary, cut into intersection canals and leave the rest to the force of gravitation.

Commercial Agent Freeman, about Pierre, French North America, notes that the Newfoundland's legislation, which forbids bait to be sold in the colony to the

Accused of Embezzling \$4,800. OMAHA, Neb., April 13.-Martin S. Rowley, head timekeeper for the Armour Packing Company at South Omaha, was arrested early to-day, charged with the embezzlement of \$4,800. It is charged that Rowley, who was authorized to issue time checks to employes who quit before the

end of the week, issued checks to fictitious

rsons and appropriated the proceeds to The investigation was started rough the suspicions of a foreman and he arrest followed. Rowley's family was prominent in this city.

COLD BATH FOR MANY.

Fashionably Dressed Men and Women Narrowly Escape Drowning.

NEW YORK, April 13 .- Fifty persons narrowly escaped drowning to-day, when a gang plank leading to a float at the foot of West Forty-second street broke in two, throwing fifteen fashionably-dressed men and women into the North river, twenty into the launches and rowboats beneath the gang plank and fifteen upon the float. With several hundred others they had gone to the river to be taken out to the Austrian cruiser Szigetvar, now anchored in the stream. Great confusion followed the ac-Fortunately there were launches and rowboats in the immediate vicinity and the work of rescue was at once begun. It was fifteen minutes, however, before the last person was taken from the river. All were in an exhausted condition and many had sustained injuries about the head and bodies. The majority were relatives and friends of the Austrian officers.

INFLUX OF IMMIGRANTS.

Over 4,000 Arrived at New York on

Sunday-Mainly from Italy.

NEW YORK, April 13.-Immigrants to the number of 4,162 were brought to this city on steamers which arrived to-day from European ports. The Trojan Prince, from ports in the Mediterranean, brought, 1,107; Statendam, from Rotterdam, had on board, 1,697; the Champagne, from Havre, brought in her steerage 1,059; the Hesperia, United States, the amount produced in this from Mediterranean ports, brought 680, and

SOUTH AFRICA IS FAVORABLE.

eight pounds per capita in 1901. Of the Cabinet Officials Busy Considering Dispatches from Kitchener, and Chamberlain Visits the King.

LONDON, April 13.-The announcement or about two-thirds of the total consump- of the presence at Pretoria of the Orange tion, represented imports for consumption. Free State and Transvaal leaders and gen-Of the total imports during the calendar erals who have been at Klerksdorp conyear 1901 1,302,860,514 pounds were from sidering terms of peace has caused a de-Cuba, 686,676,954 pounds from the East In- cided increase in the hopefulness of the dies, chiefly Java, 1,122,828,887 pounds from public concerning the possibilities of peace. other cane-sugar countries, and 599,774,613 | The expectations aroused by the conferpounds from the beet-sugar countries of ence at Pretoria have been further heightened by the movements of Mr. Chamberduced in the United States about one-third lain, the colonial secretary, and other members of the Cabinet in London, and the amendment, but on the ruling of the to a house in this city, where the lads were sions all was from cane, as was also all of evidences that important dispatches are that from Cuba and from the other trop- passing between Lord Kitchener and the

A conference of members of the Cabinet was held last midnight in Mr. Chamberlain's house. Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Brodrick, the war secretary, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the chancellor of the exchequer, | Toledo and Detroit express and the Duke of Devonshire, president of the council, were present. The conference terminated at 1 o'clock this morning, and to-day Mr. Chamberlain and several of the colonial officials were in their offices. Messengers passed between them and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach at his residence. At half past 1 o'clock this afternoon Mr. Chamberlain drove to Buckingham Palace and remained with King Edward for two hours. During the afternoon messengers 00 carried dispatches from the Foreign Office 00 to Lord Salisbury, who, with Mr. Balfour, of the government leader in the House 00 Commons, was at Hatfield House. These outward signs of Sunday activity have not been supplanted by any authentic

or official statement. The question most discussed thus far has been whether the peace negotiations would affect the government's financial proposals, which promise to be submitted to Parliament to-morrow. The fact that Sir Michael Hicks-Beach was engaged in his office nearly all of to-day is taken in some quarters to indicate a modification of the budget statement. There appears to be no doubt that the Boer leaders have communicated the results of their deliberations to Lord Kitchener. Attempts will be made in Parliament to-morrow to draw out what information the government has on the South African situation, and to learn its intentions; but it is not expected that the government can forecast the probable outcome of the negotiations. Whatever instructions have been sent to Lord Kitchener are believed to be only provisional in character. The comparatively brief duration of the conferences at Klerksdorp is regarded as an indication that the Boer leaders found little difficulty in agreeing upon some basis Kitchener and Lord Milner, the British high commissioner in South Africa, are at present, is interpreted by the morning papers as meaning that the Boers are prepared to | Logansport and Chicago. make formal peace proposals. The latest reports received here from the Boer headquarters at Brussels and The Hague declare that the delegates will raise no opposition if honorable terms are granted, and that the Boer leaders in South Africa have agreed to accept the maxim

QUEER COMPLICATIONS OVER THE CONSULSHIP AT WARSAW.

Campbell Retires from the Fight and

Leaves the Field to the Indianapolis Man's Choice.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.-Consul

Campbell has gone to the United States, declaring he intends to place his resignation in the hands of Secretary of State Hay. This brings to an end misunderstandings which have lasted six months. On the death of Joseph Rawitz, for many years American consul at Warsaw, his nephew, Vladistaw Rawitz, the surviving head of the Rawitz banking house, signified his desire to succeed to the Warsaw consulship. W. R. Holloway, the United States consul general at St. Petersburg, with the assent of Charlemagne Tower, the United States ambassador to Russia, recommended that Vladistaw Rawitz be given this post, saying the office had been excellently managed by Joseph Rawitz and that the Rawitzes enjoyed an excellent reputation.

Jeremiah Curtin, formerly secretary of the United States embassy here, caused the lover Campbell's head. The consular clerk first complication by requesting that Herr Wolff, the publisher of Sienkiewicz's works, | the American, wrote Consul General Hollobe appointed consul at Warsaw. H. H. D. | way that Campbell could not anticipate an Pierce, the third assistant secretary of state, wrote Mr. Holloway and asked him | consular clerk further charged that Campif he insisted on his recommendation. Mr. bell had given different birth places in his Holloway did insist on the appointment of Viadistaw Rawitz, and Mr. Tower under- elopement with an helress of Warsaw. took indiscreetly to sound the Russian government regarding the acceptability of that gentleman. This inquiry, by some mistake, caused the issuance of an exequateur for Rawitz. As the consular position at Warsaw is highly esteemed, Rawitz immediately received congratulatory visits from the local officials and the other consuls. At this stage of the Proceedings Rawitz became greatly embarrassed, as etiquette required that his first visit be paid the governor general, and this was impossible without American papers.

William M. Osborne, United States consul general in London, here intervened by recommending the appointment of Mr. Campbell, an American dentist in London. who formerly lived in Warsaw. Rawitz

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CINCINNATI LINE. Cincinnati express, s ... Cincinnati express, s., Cincinnati express, p. . 3.25 *2 50 N. Vernon and Louisville ex. 2 50 PEORIA LINE.

iumbus and Springfield ex 5.45 11.00 Ohio special, d.p. .6.15 CIN., HAM. & DAYTON RY. City Ticket Office, 25 W. Wash. St. Cincinnati express, s c ... *4.00 *12.45 Cincinnati fast mail, s ... *8.21 Cin. and Dayton ex, p ... +10.40 *10.35 .+10.40 *10.35 Toledo and Detroit express, p..... Cincinnati and Dayton ex. p......+2.45 *11.45 Cincinnati and Dayton limited, pd. *4.45 †3.25 Cincinnati and Dayton express.....*7.02 †7.25 Toledo and Detroit express.....*7.02

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ton Streets. Trains Run by Central Time Philadelphia and New York ... Baltimore and Washington. Columbus, Ind. and Louisville. .*8.45 *12.00 Columbus, Ind. and Louisville Piqua and Columbus, O47.20 *10 30 Columbus, Ind. & Madison. Martinsville Accommodation. Columbus, Ind. and Louisville North Vernon and Madison. Dayton and Xenia. ttsburg and East, Phil., New York .. *8.25 *12.10 710.00 *11.85 Logansport and Chicago... +12.30 +12.05 Martinsville Accommodation. Richm'd, way points to Bradford, O +1.25 Philadelphia and New York.....*3.05 Baltimore and Washington ... Dayton and Springfield. incennes Ac Louisville and Madison. Pittsburg and East. olumbus, Pittsburg and East. *5.00 ouisville Accommodation hil, and New York, "The Limited"

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Limited trains for Anderson and MuncieLeave 8:00 and 11:00 a. m., 2:00 and 5:00 p. m.,
arriving at Anderson in one hour and twenty-five

INTERURBAN TIME CARD.

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TRANSIT COMPANY. PASSENGER CARS-Leave Georgia and Meridian streets. First car at 6. a. m. and hourly thereafter until 10 p. m. Last car leaves at 11 39 FREIGHT CARS-Arrive at Georgia and Meridian streets at 8 a. m. and leave at 9 a. m. Also arrive at 2:30 and leave at 3:20 p. m.

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CARS-Leave Georgia and Meridian streets at a. m., 3 a. m., 12 noon, 3 p. m., 6 p. m., 9 INDIANAPOLIS, GREENWOOD & FRANKLIN R. R. CO.

Passenger cars leave Pennsylvania and Washngton streets. First car at 6 a. m. and hourly thereafter until 10 p. m Last car leaves at 11:15 Combination passenger and express leaves Georgia and Meridian streets for Greenwood or ly at 9:30 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

became very much perturbed by newspaper statements that Campbell had been appointed on the ground of his American citizenship. He made persistent but ineffectual attempts to get Mr. Holloway and Mr. Tower further to support his case, In the meantime a storm had gathered at Warsaw, volcing the alleged widespread objection of the inhabitants of that city to exequatur as his real name was Finkelstein and he was born in Lemberg. The applications for passports and that local society was against him because of his Campbell came here and ridiculed these charges, asserting that he was a Christian, that he was born in Montreal, Canada; that he was a naturalized American citizen and formerly a dentist in Chicago. He declared that his mother-in-law was responsible for the charges against him, which she brought with the desire of withholding 100,000 roubles due his wife from the paternal estate.

Consul General Holloway was sifting this matter when he was informed that Campbell had abandoned the fight.

The Brooklyn at Gibraltar. GIBRALTAR, April 13.-The United States cruiser Brooklyn has arrived here

This signature is on every box of the genuine

and is taking coal.

No Independent Steel "Combine." PITTSBURG, April 13.—The \$200,000,000 steel combine story, originating in New York and published here to-day, is emphatically denied in so far as local and valley steel men are concerned.

any other frog.