

ALL SEEM DOOMED

WEST INDIAN VOLCANIC ISLANDS MAY BE ABANDONED.

Continued Eruptions Are Terrifying the People and May Cause Them to Seek Homes Elsewhere.

OUTBREAK OF LA SOUFFRIERE

THAT DESTROYED MORE PLANTATIONS ON ST. VINCENT ISLAND.

Clouds of Ashes So Thick That Darkness Prevailed and Navigation on the Sea Was Perilous.

VIEWS OF CONSUL L. H. AYME

HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF LIVES IN CONSTANT DANGER.

Tidal Wave Forty Feet High Would Devastate All the Ports in the Volcano Menaced Islands.

CASTRIES, Island of St. Lucia, Sept. 5.—The eruption of Mont Pelee on Sept. 3 was not remarkable, but there was a terrific explosion from the Soufriere Sept. 3.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Relatives of Prof. Angelo Hellprin, of this city, the noted explorer and scientist, have received a telegram announcing that he is safe on the island of Martinique.

WAR CAUSING MISERY

Business Is Paralyzed and the People Are Starving—Plea from an American Missionary.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—United States Minister Bowen, at Caracas, has forwarded to the State Department, under date of Aug. 24, a plaintive plea for the poor in that capital, who are suffering great misery as a result of the protracted war now in progress.

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ALL MARTINIQUE IN PERIL.

The Island Seemingly Doomed to Destruction by Volcanic Action.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—It is generally believed that the island of Martinique is doomed to total destruction, and the fear is that when the catastrophe comes Guadeloupe will be visited by an all-destructive tidal wave, cables the Point-a-Pitre, Guadeloupe, correspondent of the Herald.

DETAILS THAT HAVE BEEN RECEIVED DURING THE LAST FEW DAYS PROVE THAT THE ERUPTION OF MONT PELEE OF AUG. 20 WAS FAR MORE VIOLENT THAN ANY OF THE EARLIER EXPLOSIONS.

MAY CUT A NEW CHANNEL.

MISSOURI RIVER MAY LEAVE CITY OF ST. JOSEPH, Facing a Sand Bar.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 5.—The ravages of the Missouri river just north of this city on large tracts of fertile bottom lands has reached such an alarming state that a feet of government steamers and barges has been brought into requisition for immediate action against the erratic currents.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel Corporation, will pay \$40,000 for one year's rent for his New York apartments, while his palace is being built on Riverside drive.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Edward K. Jones, the special assistant attorney general engaged by the United States to conduct proceedings against Charles F. W. Neely and other officials and employees of the United States government in Cuba, is quoted today to the effect that his representations by Neely that the Cuban government has decided to abandon its claim for the recovery of moneys charged to have been embezzled was entirely erroneous.

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to find the bodies of those who have perished while striving to escape.

Constantine Carra, one of the few who succeeded in escaping from Mont Pelee after the explosion, found it was about to pour upon the village. She said the first explosion destroyed many houses.

At Grand Anse the tide swept 300 feet in shore, destroying many houses and drowning many people. The water at Fort de France the most stout of heart have lost courage.

Consul Jewett's Report.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The State Department has received the following telegram from United States Consul Jewett at Fort de France, dated yesterday, relative to the latest eruptions of Mont Pelee:

Loss of Life Since Aug. 30.

CASTRIES, Island of St. Lucia, B. W. I., Sept. 5.—The report brought by the royal mail steamer Yare, which arrived here yesterday evening from Martinique, of the loss of 2,000 lives through the recent outbreak of Mont Pelee, referred to the deaths since Aug. 30, of 1,500 persons, the result of the reported outbreak of Wednesday, Sept. 3.

Prof. Hellprin's Safe.

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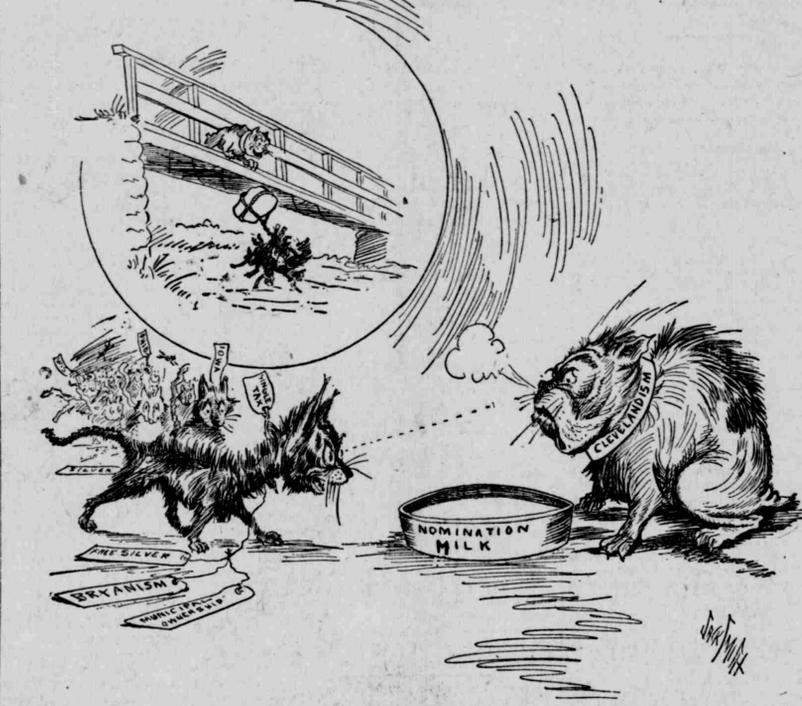
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AND THE CAT CAME BACK; OR, THE CAT HAS NINE LIVES.



CLEVELANDISM—Horror! 1896 and 1900 each drowned you, and I did once with my harmony speech for a sinker. THE CAT—All right, guv'nor—you've got six more chances.

ON THE WAY SOUTH

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT SPEEDING TOWARDS CHATTANOOGA.

Arrived at Washington Last Evening and Almost Immediately Continued His Long Journey.

STILL SLIGHTLY DISFIGURED

BUT ABLE TO SHAKE HANDS AND GREET HIS ADMIRERS.

Discussed the Pittsfield Accident with Friends—Keokomo's Reception to Be Nonpartisan.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Smilingly bowing in acknowledgment of the enthusiastic and prolonged cheering of an assemblage that crowded the Baltimore & Ohio station here, President Roosevelt to-night began his Southern tour with Chattanooga, Tenn., as the objective point.

Death of a Rebel General.

BARCELONA, Venezuela, Sept. 5.—General Domingo Monagas, commander of the presidential army of General Masco, the leader of the revolution, died Sept. 1 at Caracas of stomach trouble. His death is a great loss to the revolutionary cause.

REVOLUTION IN MOROCCO.

Mohammed Pretender to the Throne Released by the Insurgents.

MADRID, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the Imparcial from Tangier, Morocco, says the Berber have again attacked Meknes, a thirty-day fight from Fez, with the result that Mohammed, brother of the Sultan of Morocco, Moulay Abd-El-Aziz, and pretender to his throne, has been released. Mohammed was imprisoned in Meknes.

HIGH-PRICED FLAT.

C. M. Schwab Will Pay \$40,000 a Year for Seventeen Rooms.

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PLAN OF DEMOCRATS

A LITERARY MAN WANTED FOR THE LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

Chairman Spencer, Long in Despair, Has at Last Decided Upon Will M. Fogarty.

LATTER HAS WRITTEN POETRY

AND IS EXPECTED TO OFFSET THE TARKINGTON INFLUENCE.

Congressional and Joint Senatorial Conventions To-Day—Result of Primaries.

Congratulations on Rulers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Additional messages of congratulation from abroad to the President upon his escape from serious injury in the accident which occurred to him and his party on Wednesday at Pittsfield, Mass., were received to-day, as follows:

PREPARATIONS AT KOKOMO.

Democrats Will Assist in Honoring President Roosevelt.

KOKOMO, Ind., Sept. 5.—Kokomo is making elaborate preparations for the reception of President Roosevelt, Sept. 22.

WANTS MONEY RESTORED

CUBAN GOVERNMENT HAS NOT ABANDONED ITS CLAIM.

C. F. W. Neely Will Be Forced to Make Restitution if Possible—Freud Only of Criminal Charge.

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He May Have an Empty Honor Thrust Upon Him To-Day.

There is a strong probability of Jacob P. Dunn making the race for Congress in the Seventh district against Representative Jesse Overstreet. It was announced last night by Democratic leaders that the convention this afternoon might nominate Mr. Dunn.

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talk of Albert Sahn making the race. It is known, however, that Mr. Sahn does not care for the nomination, and his closest personal friends have been advising him to keep out of the race. Nevertheless, there has been a feeling among the leaders that perhaps Mr. Sahn would consent to be nominated and sacrificed.

There is no doubt that Mr. Sahn and many other Democrats would have been quite willing to make the race and they felt there was a chance to win. But Mr. Sahn is a shrewd business man, and should he go into the contest he would do so as a business man goes into a new commercial venture—expecting substantial returns as a result of his investment. Just what the Democratic business man can see ahead, except defeat, in taking a place on the Democratic ticket this year the Republicans cannot figure out. However, it is said that Mr. Dunn will accept the nomination and it really looked last night as if he would be the nominee.

Some other candidates have been talked of by W. V. Rooker, a Republican, has been mentioned in connection with the congressional nomination. Wallace W. Mains has been talked of also. Edgar A. Perkins, who is charged by some of the Democrats with being a Populist, has been mentioned.

The primaries were held for the selection of delegates from 4 to 8 p. m. yesterday. Two sets of delegates were named—one to compose the joint senatorial convention and the other the congressional convention. At the county committee rooms last night it was claimed that a large vote was cast. It was reported that 120 votes were cast in all the wards. Secretary Ross said that 189 votes were cast in the Ninth ward, and he considered this an unusually large turnout of voters.

In the room where the members of the contest committee were to meet were Thomas Pagart, J. T. Fannin and J. M. Bell. Members of the board of primary election commissioners, which serves as the contest committee, were also there. There were no contests and there was nothing for the committee to do. Not even a fight was reported to the committee from those wards where in the more prosperous days of the Democracy a knock-down or two would be a very common occurrence. An event calculated to add zest to the voting. The board of election commissioners was followed by a number of well-known names, including J. E. Bell, Allen F. Majors, Michael E. Laughlin, Charles Foster, Elliott E. Hoopes and K. Thayer.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 4, COL. 7.)

ATTACKED BY FANATICS

TOWN IN LUZON RAIDED BY IRRECONCILABLE BANDITS.

Rios, Their Leader, Claims to Be a Descendant of God—One of His Strongholds Captured.

MANILA, Sept. 5.—Rios, a fanatical leader of the irreconcilable natives in the province of Tayabas, Luzon, attacked the town of Laguanon Sept. 3 at the head of thirty riflemen and 150 men, armed with the best weapons of the island. Two women and one girl and wounded several other persons. A detachment of the native constabulary arrived unexpectedly at Laguanon while the Rios men were still there. They attacked and routed the bandits, killing several of Rios's followers, and having rounded up the remainder of the men who were suspected of complicity in the attack on Laguanon. The guilty ones were taken to the main camp and many of them were suspected of complicity in the attack on Laguanon. The guilty ones were taken to the main camp and many of them were suspected of complicity in the attack on Laguanon.

One of Rios's lieutenants who was captured said Rios was a direct descendant of God and that it was beyond the power of man to injure him.

The constabulary have also captured one of Rios's mountain strongholds. Four detachments of constabulary are now following the main band of Rios's followers. Maj. Edward F. Glenn, of the Fifth Infantry, who was tried by court-martial for the shooting of a woman, was ordered to return to his command at Bayambang, Luzon.

The United States Civil Commission is holding public hearings in the matter of the proposal to grant an electric street-car franchise in Manila. The applications for the franchise have already been made, and others are expected.

Lieut. Trent to Assist Taft.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The President has accepted the resignation of first Lieutenant Grant T. Trent, of the Eighth Infantry, in order to permit that officer to accept an independent position in the civil government of the Philippines. Lieutenant Trent has been ordered to return to the Taft commission and for some time past has held the office of assistant general in Manila. He was ordered to return to his command at Bayambang, Luzon.

Former Governor to Make the Race Against Speaker Henderson.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 5.—A special from Waterloo states that members of the congressional committee and local leaders of the party announced to-day that former Gov. Horace Boies will be nominated for Congress against Speaker Henderson at the Third district caucus on Thursday next. It had been expected his son, Louis Boies, would be nominated, but the latter has declined the nomination. Henderson is a professional engineer and the leaders turned to the former Governor, who Thursday demonstrated his ability as a campaign leader at the state convention, where he led the fight against the reaffirmation of the Kansas City platform.

Idaho Democrats for Bryan.

POCATELLO, Idaho, Sept. 5.—The Democratic state convention to-day nominated Joseph H. Hutchison for Congress. The convention adopted a platform which in effect is a direct attack on the policies of William J. Bryan; deprecates the assassination of President McKinley; opposes anarchy; condemns the federal anti-trust laws; opposes government ownership of railroads, telegraph and telephone lines; favors the initiative and referendum and favors the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

BIG DEAL IN COAL LANDS.

Nearly 5,000 Acres in Illinois Purchased by J. W. Gates.

CARBONDALE, Ill., Sept. 5.—A representative of John W. Gates has purchased nearly 5,000 acres of land in the heart of the southern Illinois coal belt and has options on a large block which has not been closed. The land lies contiguous to 4,500 acres owned by the Illinois Steel Company, on the Big Muddy river. The tract is near the Illinois Central, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois and the East & West Railroad. It will be but a few miles from the New Chicago, Zeigler & Gulf Railroad. The gates people, it is stated, will not only mine the deep vein of coal, but will coke the output.

Charged with Murder.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 5.—Thomas Lewis, aged twenty-eight and unmarried, a miner living at Marquisville, was arrested to-day, charged with the murder of sixteen-year-old Lena Peterson, April 13 last. The warrant was issued on information sworn to by H. C. Carpenter, an attorney who had been retained by the family of Lena Peterson and her fourteen-year-old brother Thomas and her mother, who were murdered on their way home from church.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COL. 6.)

NEWPORT AROUSED

GREAT BATTLE LAST NIGHT THAT WOKE UP THE "400" AND OTHERS.

Rhode Island's Famous Society Resort and its Protecting Forts Supposed to Have Been Captured.

BIG AND LITTLE GUNS FIRED

CANNONADING ASHORE AND AFLOAT NOISY AND TERRIFIC.

Scene in the Bay Described as Grand When the Mimic Engagement Was at its Height.

VICTORY FOR THE WARSHIPS

BECAUSE THE BROOKLYN WAS ABLE TO STEAL INTO THE HARBOR.

Reports on Other Engagements—Twenty-Second Infantry Marching Two Hundred Miles.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 5.—Two cruisers and three battleships of Admiral Higginson's fleet ran the guns of Fort Adams and Westerly to-night, getting within broadside range of all their forts before they were picked up by the searchlights of the forts. The fact that the Brooklyn got to the mouth of the harbor before it was picked up here to be a victory for the fleet.

When afloat and ashore the cannonading was at its height the scene was one of grandeur. The racket woke up Newport as it was never aroused before. The guns in the forts, after working the big guns for a few minutes had to desert them and quickly manned the secondary batteries. The rapid firing guns made as great a din as the big ones, and, if anything, made the picture a livelier one. The five vessels kept in almost under Fort Adams until within short range of the torpedo station, and then they appeared to anchor. The firing stopped, and it was supposed the great battle was ended. In half an hour the ships suddenly steamed out of the harbor in the same order as coming in, the Brooklyn leading. The ships did not fire a gun, but Fort Adams gave them a few broadsides, and when the Brooklyn and Olympia were abreast of the torpedo station, the light Fort Greble opened for the first time to-night. The fleet escaped, if such was the idea, toward Block Island.

During the battle the smaller craft were in squadron formation to seaward, and did not attempt to enter the harbor. The Puritan and Indiana were not seen. As there was not time for communication between the shore and the ships the maneuver of the fleet was mystifying. The army claims that not only did its guns have wrecked some of them in the narrow channel, so the escape would have been impossible for any that reached the harbor.

DETAILS OF THE MANEUVERS.

Landing Effected at Price's Neck—The Battle at Night.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 5.—Nearly the entire fleet under Rear Admiral Higginson's command made a demonstration this afternoon against the army defense on Narragansett bay, but did not attempt to come into close quarters with any of the forts. Landing was effected, however, at Price's neck, where the searchlight and range station on which the mortars at Fort Adams are sighted and fired were put out of action for an hour. During that time the battleships Kearsarge and Alabama engaged Fort Wetherill, the cruisers Olympia and Brooklyn hammered Fort Greble on the west channel, while the battleships Massachusetts and Indiana and the monitor Puritan destroyed a signal station at the entrance of Seekonk river. After two hours of fighting the fleet drove offshore, where it assembled just before sunset, for what at that time looked like a night attack.

The main point of the afternoon attack was at Price's neck, the object being to put that station out of action before the mortar batteries could be fired more than once or twice. This would give the larger vessels a chance to come up and engage the regular batteries. The task was a hard one in any case, but to-day it was doubly so, for the air was like crystal and the movements of the fleet could be watched at a great distance offshore. But, under the rules, Admiral Higginson was obliged to engage the Narragansett bay forts just as earnestly as he had those in Long Island sound and at New Bedford. He was unfortunate, however, in choosing the clear day of the week, still he went at it bravely and the whole affair this afternoon was well planned and carried through with determination.

The fleet was all the forenoon assembling about eight miles north of Block island, and when all the vessels had arrived there was a council of war on board the flagship. About 2 o'clock the ten largest vessels of the fleet separated into four squadrons, and leaving the tugs out to sea, the attack was begun. The movement was spectacular and was witnessed by a large number of the social colony of Newport, as well as those at Narragansett Pier. To the east steamed the battleship Massachusetts, followed by the Indiana and the monitor Puritan; towards the west and the Narragansett shore went the Brooklyn and Olympia, while straight into Price's neck came the Montgomery, followed by the Mayflower and the Scorpion. The Kearsarge and Alabama held off until the attack developed.

The Montgomery was within two miles of Price's neck before she began firing at 2:25 o'clock, and she succeeded in getting in thirty or forty shots before the station obliterated her ranges. Sixteen imaginary shells from the mortar battery at Fort Adams came tumbling down on her ten minutes later. The Mayflower came into action at 2:40 and five minutes later the mortars were again fired. It is a question for the umpire to decide as to whether the fort was not demolished by the rapid-firing guns of the ships before the mortars were fired. At any event, those on the ships kept right on and at 3:15, after a furious cannonade by (CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COL. 6.)