

LACE CURTAINS

A Window Show

SEVENTEEN or more pairs are displayed in our large east window. The prices are lower than usual, because the lots are small. In connection with this sale all samples and odd pairs will be sold at just about half marked price. Other reductions are as follows:

At \$5.40, \$9.25 and \$12.50 colored applique curtains, regularly \$8.50, \$11.75 and \$14.50 a pair.

At \$4.95 and \$6.65 hand-made Marie Antoinette heavy net curtains, regularly \$5.50, \$7.25 and \$7.50 a pair.

At \$6 and \$6 Arabian laces, with insertion and edges, were \$7 a yard.

At \$5.40 and \$5.75 dainty Brussels lace curtains, heretofore \$8 and \$8.25 a pair.

At \$3.75 and \$5.00 a number of styles of both white and ecru applique curtains, recently selling from \$5 to \$7.75 a pair.

At \$7.65 and \$7.95 hand-made Battenburgs in heavy net, former prices \$11.25 and \$11.50 a pair.



GERBER'S

Fancy Bedding and Millinery Store

Bedding for Summer Cottages. Recovering of down quilts a specialty. 77 1/2 Massachusetts Avenue. Phones—New 677; Old, Black 9622.

Kayser Silk Gloves, 50c

Lace Gloves—25c, 50c, up to \$1.50—all shades. Misses' Silk Gloves—two clasps and elbow length, 50c. Misses' Mitts—elbow lengths—all colors, 25c.

Tucker's GLOVE STORE

10 East Washington Street.

High-Class Tailoring

Bert B. Dildine

Removed to 124 E. Market St. In order to acquaint the public with my new location I will offer

10% DISCOUNT on all Fancy Suitings for the next 30 days. UNION TRUST BUILDING

See These Rugs

For yourself. You will buy even if you cannot use them until fall.

The reductions are bona fide, but the lots are limited to a few broken lines.

A few good \$5.00 Axminsters 16.75

Columbia reversible \$10.00 6.90

2x12 Wood Sengers, \$30.00 13.75

1 Seamless French Axminster, 8.5x13.10, was \$70.00, now 48.50

1 Same grade, 9.10x13.1, was \$100.00, now 68.50

3 German Seamless Rugs, 8.5x11.6, were \$50.00, now 38.50

1 Same grade, 9.10x13.1, was \$75.00, now 58.50

BADGER Furniture Co.

OUR JUNE SALE OF

Tailor - Made Suits and Skirts

has proven a phenomenal success. Monday and Tuesday our store was crowded with buyers taking advantage of the immense values offered. IT WAS A CLEAR DEMONSTRATION OF THE CONFIDENCE that the trade have in our announcements, who know that we never exaggerate. For those contemplating a summer trip this is an exceptional opportunity. It means a saving of about one-third, and in many instances one-half, besides having the advantage of large assortments.

\$18.00 and \$20.00 Suits, June sale price \$10.00

\$22.50 Suits, June sale price \$14.50

\$25.00 Suits, June sale price \$16.50

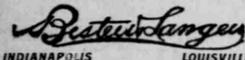
\$30.00 Suits, June sale price \$21.50

\$35.00 Suits, June sale price \$23.50

\$40.00 Suits, June sale price \$29.00

\$45.00 Suits, June sale price \$32.50

YOU KNOW OUR QUALITIES



DEAF MUTES GRADUATE.

Annual Commencement Exercises at the Institute.

The regular graduating exercises of the Deaf and Dumb Institute were held yesterday morning, and a large audience was present. It was an odd sight to see the waving of handkerchiefs and happy expressions on the faces of the students in place of the loud hand-clapping that usually attends such entertainments.

As an illustration of the rapid advance in teaching the deaf, the addresses yesterday morning were delivered orally. Addresses were made by Rev. James D. Stanley and C. N. Kendall, of the public schools. The members of the graduating class are: Louise Lisette Heide, Indianapolis; Mabel E. Russell, Lafayette; Elizabeth Ann Dawson, Mottsville; Frances Belle Morrison, Indianapolis; Bertha Nalden McFadden, Alexandria; John William Selts, Haywards; Joseph Henry Crawford, Marion; and George Schwartz Boyer, Seymour.

WEARSCARS OF BATTLE

TWO PETTY OFFICERS OF COLOMBIAN LIBERAL PARTY IN CITY.

Young Men Accompanied Albert R. Miles, a Presbyterian Missionary, to Indianapolis.

NOT SOLDIERS OF FORTUNE

THEY FOUGHT AS VOLUNTEERS FOR THEIR PRINCIPLES.

Mr. Miles Not Enamored of the Political Conditions that Obtain in South American Republic.

Pantoleon Galtan and Jorge Galtan, two young Colombians, petty officers of the Liberal party in the recent revolutionary upheaval of the republic of Colombia, are in Indianapolis. They came here with Albert R. Miles, who returned last month from Bogota, the capital city of Colombia. Their father is manager of one of the largest flour mills in the republic, and the two sons are in this country making an investigation of our mills and studying the American methods of flour milling. They expect to spend a year or fourteen months in the United States.

The young soldiers are handsome, dark and well developed. They served in the Liberal army for over a year, fighting for their convictions. They participated in some of the fiercest battles of the revolution, contending against numbers and weapons, holding their ground as long as their scant supply of ammunition lasted, and then protecting themselves as best they could with the keen-edged machetes in hand-to-hand conflicts and terrible charges. But they have passed through conflicts of a running warfare unhurt, except for a few slight wounds. They were not soldiers of fortune; they were volunteers, true to their party and the principles that it represented.

Albert R. Miles arrived at his home in Indianapolis on May 23, after one month of hard, steady travel from the Colombian capital. For the last thirteen years Mr. Miles has been a missionary, under the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, in the city of Bogota, where he has lived with his family, and established a Presbyterian church of 137 members, mostly native Colombians.

SCENES IN BOGOTA. In Bogota, the capital of the republic, Mr. Miles has been a spectator of the revolutionary drama. He is well informed on the political and economic situation of the country. His life has been spent among the Colombians so long that he is almost an enthusiastic Liberal himself.

Relative to the ratification of the canal treaty by the Congress of the republic Mr. Miles said that the outlook was very dark. The tinge of political sentiment is against it. "The people are against it," he said, "because they think the \$10,000,000 appropriation by the United States is too small, and by waiting two years they can get the \$12,000,000 which the United States is to pay the French company for work on the canal, in a question of legality. The original concession of four years granted by the French company for the construction of the canal has been extended to six years, so that the French company must carry out the work of the concession within a period of two years. The Colombian lawyers affirm that the extension of time was illegal, and consequently the concession has already legally lapsed. And even if the legality of the act is not in question, the United States will have to pay to the French company for the work of the contract within the two years to come. In case the French company does not all the work accomplished by them becomes the absolute property of the Colombian government, and the United States will have to pay to the French company for the work."

However, the ratification of the treaty by the Colombian government cannot occur until the Congress convenes, and, as the President would be shattering his executive powers by allowing the Congress to meet together, the outlook is not bright. Matters are at a standstill. It is a situation where the President has a hammerhead grip on the Congress, and if loosened it will most surely be thrown from his executive position.

RESULT OF REVOLUTION.

"This condition of affairs is the result of the revolutions and political enemies. The two political parties of the republic are the Liberals and the Conservatives. The former, however, are in the background, and the struggle is now between two factions of the Conservative party, the Historicals and the Nationalists."

"About 90 Salsacmentis, the President of the republic, was condemned, as it were; he was thought to be too old to handle the governmental reins, and consequently was thrown out of office, and he died at Villate a few months later of a broken heart. In the following year, through a coup d'etat, the Vice President, Jose Marroquin, and the National party took possession of the office. Marroquin lifted the Nationalists and the Historicals from power. In the election of Congress, which occurred on the second Sunday of last March (Sunday), the Nationalists elected the majority of representatives, so that should the President allow Congress to convene, the Nationalists would elect their party to power. Marroquin can keep Congress from convening as long as he keeps the army under martial law, for as long as it is he has absolute legislative and executive powers."

If martial law is suspended Congress will meet on the 20th of July. Mr. Miller said that even should Congress convene there is not one chance in a hundred of its ratifying the canal treaty. The Colombian citizens are not satisfied with the appropriation and the annual payment of \$25,000. As soon as the treaty was signed the minister of government, Aristides Fernandez, had the question discussed in all the papers of Bogota, and in every instance but one the articles were bitterly against the ratification. The one article favoring the treaty was written by Enrique Cortez, formerly Colombian consul general at Washington, and he later retracted his argument, being persuaded that he was wrong. So far as public opinion is involved the treaty will not be ratified until the appropriation and annual payments are increased and several amendments are made; the Colombians also objecting to the clause giving the United States the right to construct the district and the clause establishing United States courts for the trial of foreigners.

RICHES OF FERTILE.

Mr. Miles said that Colombia was a very rich and fertile country, but that no business to any extent could be transacted because of the debased currency. The currency is mostly worthless paper bills, whose value fluctuates within a period of twenty-four hours, so that there is no basis for contracts.

No large industries can be established, he says, because of constant revolutions, which leave the land barren. Mr. Miles said the recent revolution which began in October of 1899 and ceased last November, utterly devastated the country. The government forces destroyed every home, factory and mill in their path, pouring the grain into the rivers and destroying all personal property.

The Liberal party is unable to compete against the Revolutionists because its members are composed entirely of volunteers, while the government sends out "rounders" who are all not willing to join the Revolutionists of their own accord and bring them into their headquarters in long lines chained together, and they are compelled to fight. The principles of the Liberal party are in almost every respect similar to those of our Constitution. But as long as the government is in the hands

of the Revolutionists their principles avail them nothing. Mr. Miles says.

FOUR MACHINES SMASHED.

There is Another One That Will Probably Meet the Same Fate.

Up to the present time there have been four slot machines, out of the five confiscated by the police last week, broken to pieces at the police station and the remaining one has but a few hours to remain intact. All the cases except one have been tried and in each instance the owners of the machines were fined \$25 and costs. The one lone machine now at the police station is the property of John Metz and as he will have his trial this morning it is probable that his machine will be dealt with the same as the others. The station of the city Police Court, told the offenders who admitted having the machines in their saloons that the next offense would mean a workhouse sentence, in addition to a heavy fine.

MAKE STRENUOUS DENIALS

HOLTZMAN AND McCULLOUGH SAY NO COMPACT EXISTS.

Dictator Keach Preserves a Smiling Silence When the Matter is Broached—Local Situation.

John W. Holtzman and James E. McCullough are very fervent in their denials that any deal has been arranged between them with the aid of St. James, the dictator. Mr. McCullough, especially, says he has not been approached. Keach preserves a smiling silence.

Despite the statement of Holtzman that he has not bargained, to make McCullough city attorney in case McCullough should defeat Mr. Bookwater, the story of a secret treaty is believed by many. Yesterday it was the main topic of conversation among Republican and Democratic politicians. Of the latter, those that belong to the new regime say that it is not nice to say such things about the brewers' candidate entering into any such unholy alliance with the Bell-Fairbank faction. They hesitate to say that such a deal was in all probability made.

One of the most prominent Democrats in the city, who refuses to allow the use of his name, said that there must be something in the story, since it has called for such raucous denials. In discussing the situation, he remarked that while he hesitated to believe Keach would deliberately go back on his promise to keep out of the contest, yet there were certain indications that caused speculation. If nothing else, that the cause of the Democracy is desperate he did not hesitate to affirm. "As it stands," he said, "I really do not believe the Democrats have a chance on earth to win. They are hopelessly out of factious, factions which look out each other in denouncing the other. Bookwater may lose some Republican votes, but the administration, but their loss will be counteracted by the attitude of the Bell crowd when it comes time to vote. You can say what you want to about kissing and making up, but that is something Bell, with his followers, will not do."

NEWS FIASCO HELPS SOME.

The same man, who is one of the most respected and solid Democrats in Indianapolis, took occasion to comment on the gain made by the administration on account of the Noel-Indianapolis News fiasco. "There are a lot of people who would not have voted for Bookwater had the News and others not tried to induce Mr. Logsdon to commit a crime," he said. "Honorable people do not approve of such methods, and as a result the pendulum has swung the other way. Mr. Keach did not discuss the reported deal in covering the yesterday. He kept away from remarks on that subject. The announcement of the time for holding the Democratic city convention is not a great deal of hand than it has been for some weeks past. Mr. Keach says the Republican councilmen are playing a mean game in delaying the readjustment of the precinct boundaries. The announcement of the convention date depends entirely on the action of Council in making up the new precinct boundaries."

Keach says he is not worried as to the attitude of Bell and the other scoundrels of Taggart. Of course there will be re-terminations, and maybe a little hard feeling," said he, "but when it comes time to vote they will be in line all right."

STATE'S GRAIN DEALERS

AN UNDERCURRENT OF SUSPICION AMONG THE FARMERS.

One of the Chief Objects of the Association is to Alleviate This Feeling—Addresses Made.

The semi-annual meeting of the Indiana Grain Dealers' Association is being held at the assembly room of the Board of Trade.

The first session opened at 10:45 o'clock yesterday morning with the address of the president, A. E. Reynolds, of Crawfordsville. About one hundred and fifty grain men attended the session. Some disappointment was felt that the attendance was not larger. The association had sent out a special invitation to the farmers of the State to attend, but only a few of them came yesterday. It is hoped that more agriculturists will be in attendance to-day. One of the features will be an address by Professor Wiancko, of Purdue University, and the grain dealers are particularly anxious that the farmers should hear this talk.

President Reynolds emphasized the declaration that the members of the association are trying to get as closely in touch with the farmer as possible and are trying to weed out of the State those unscrupulous dealers who try to swindle the grain grower. It appears to be the idea of the association that the farmer has been suspicious and it is the plan of the association now to use every effort to dispel this suspicion and to correct an impression that seems to have gone abroad that the grain dealers' association is a sort of trust.

At yesterday's session a resolution was adopted requesting the newspapers to print market reports from the cities of Toledo, Detroit, Pittsburg and Baltimore. There was complaint that the papers neglect these particular markets when they are considered very important by those who deal in grain.

GRADING OF GRAIN.

A paper on "The Grading of Grain Before Purchasing from Farmers," by A. E. Hartley, of Goodland, was a feature. The paper advocated that grain be graded and that different prices be paid for different grades of grain. In this connection a resolution was passed declaring it to be the sense of the grain dealers of the State that farmers should be encouraged to stack their wheat and oats and put it in their barns for protection from weather and to keep their corn in cribs. It was held that this precaution would make a better grade of grain because it would be well taken care of and would bring more money.

The American Society of Equity of North America had a representative present. This society is organized in the interests of the farmer, and its purpose is to do away with what is known as the "middleman" and make it possible for the farmer to sell his wheat directly to the exporter and buy his goods direct from the manufacturer. Members of the Grain Dealers' Association say the representative did not remain in the meeting after hearing the speech of President Reynolds. A meeting is announced for next Saturday to organize unions of the American Society of Equity. The meeting will be held at No. 27 West Washington street at 2 p. m. The meeting is being arranged for the benefit of farmers.

Sale, 50c sheet music 10c. Wulfschneider's.

See Them in Our Window. In These Fine Tailor-Made Suits. Other Suits. If you don't want to pay so much as \$22.50 or \$25.00, we have other guaranteed Suits, the best to be found in Indianapolis, the Bliss-Swain kind, at \$7.50, \$10, \$12, \$15, and up to \$20. BLISS, SWAIN & CO. The Progress Clothing Store. CLOTHING, HATS, FURNISHINGS. Stevenson Building, Indianapolis.

SPENT \$34.75 TO BEAT ROCK.

Daniel Linaus and Others File Expense Accounts with Clerk.

Four more Republican candidates for Council filed their expense statements with City Clerk Elliott yesterday. John Marsee, of the Eleventh ward, declares he made the race without spending a cent. Charles F. Hurst, of the Ninth ward, spent \$11.90 in getting nominated. Daniel Linaus, who beat Guy Rock in the Seventh ward, makes oath to an expenditure of \$34.75.

\$1.25—Cincinnati and Return—\$1.25.

Via C. H. & D., Sunday, June 14.

Two special trains; the first will leave at 6:30 a. m., running through without stops; the second will leave at 7:15 a. m., stopping at Rushville, Connersville and Hamilton. Leave Cincinnati returning at 6:30 p. m. Baseball, Cincinnati vs. New York.

LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. R.

\$2.00—Sandusky and Return—\$2.00. Saturday Night, June 20.

Leave Indianapolis 9 p. m. For berths, chairs and full particulars call on or address A. H. Sellers, D. F. A., 28 South Illinois street.

THE BIG FOUR ROUTE.

Excursion, Sunday, June 14.

Lawrenceburg, Aurora and Way Points.

\$1.00 or Less for Round Trip.

Special train leaves Indianapolis at 7:30 a. m., returning leaves Aurora at 7:30 p. m. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. R.

\$1.25—Ft. Wayne and Return—\$1.25. \$1.00—Hartford City—\$1.00.

Alexandria, 95 Cents. Sunday, June 14.

Leave Indianapolis 6:30 a. m.

LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. R.

\$1.25—Michigan City Excursion—\$1.25. \$1.00—Rochester and Return—\$1.00.

Sunday, June 14.

Leave Indianapolis 6:30 a. m.

VANDALIA LINE.

\$1.00—Terre Haute and Return—\$1.00. 75c—Greencastle and Return—75c.

Sunday, June 14.

Leave Indianapolis 7:25 a. m. Returning, special train will leave Terre Haute 7:25 p. m.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES.

\$1.25—Madison and Return—\$1.25. Sunday, June 14.

Leave Indianapolis 7:30 a. m. Returning, leave Madison 6:00 p. m.

THE BIG FOUR ROUTE.

Special Train to Boston, Mass., Account Annual Meeting.

First Church of Christ Scientist.

Leave Indianapolis, 2:55 p. m. Thursday, June 25.

Arrive New York, 2:55 p. m. Friday, June 26.

Arrive Boston, 9 p. m. Friday, June 26.

Through sleepers to Boston without change. Stopover at New York on the return trip. Daylight ride up Hudson river and stopover at Niagara Falls.

For sleeping car accommodations and full particulars call on Miss Rosetti Knopf, No. 53 Baldwin block, or Big Four office, No. 1 East Washington street.

Tickets will also be sold for all trains June 25, 26 and 27 at rates varying, according to route, from \$15 to \$34. All good to return from June 25 to July 2, with privilege of extension till Aug. 1 by depositing ticket and payment of 50 cents.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

Feed your horse JANE'S Dustless Oats.

Aluminum and Brass Castings. Pioneer Brass Works, 418-424 S. Penn. st.

Capital Razor and Supplies. J. E. BODINE & CO., 37 E. Ohio St.

Correct Styles in Harness. For runabout, surrey and buggy. TEICHTENTEN & FREIBERG, 126 E. Wash.

We install Steam and Hot Water Plants. KRUESE & DEWENTER, 427-429 East Washington street.

Grant H. Clay, M. D., dentist, for 14 years with New York Dental Company, removed to 111 N. Illinois st., N. E. corner Market.

Columbian Relief Fund, Stevenson Bldg., Indianapolis. Sick and accident ins. Agents wanted.

Best Penny Photos. 371 Massachusetts av.

Order your coal of Coburn Coal Company.

TOM KLEENE Cigar, 50c. DANIEL STEWART COMPANY, Distributors.

Maple Cake. Joseph Taggart's BAKERIES.

STEINWAY. And other high-grade Pianos. Low Prices. Easy Terms.

PEARSON'S PIANO HOUSE. INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

COAL SCALES. FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 140, 142 South Meridian Street, INDIANAPOLIS. EDUCATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE. Five times largest in this state; second largest in the world; half rate for short time to make it largest. Positions secured. Call, phone or write H. D. Vorles, Ex-State Supt. Public Instr., Pres. Phone 1254, Monument Place.

ALWAYS INSIST ON GETTING A MERCANTILE. Because you are NOT paying for CHROMOS, SCHEMES, FREE DEALS, etc., but for FINE QUALITY HAVANA TOBACCO. Equal to Imported Cigars. F. R. Rice Mercantile Cigar Co., Manufacturers, St. Louis, UNION MADE.

IT IS AN EASY MATTER to launder a shirt or any other garment well if you know how. WE KNOW HOW. THE EXCELSIOR LAUNDRY. We call for and deliver linen. [Established 1878.] Phone 219.

Globe-Wernicke SECTIONAL Bookcases. Build your library on the "unit" plan. Special sale of BOOKCASES AND LIBRARY TABLES This Week.

Sander & Recker Furniture Company. 219, 221, 223 E. Washington St.

H. T. HEARSEY VEHICLE CO. "ON THE CIRCLER." State Agents for Gasoline TOURING CAR, Best automobile on the market for \$750.

INDIANAPOLIS TENT & AWNING CO. 47-9 E. WASHINGTON ST. Eat at WHITE'S. 33 South Meridian Street. BEST IN TOWN. 6 A. M. to 8 P. M. STELLA V. ROGERS, OPTICIAN, 148 North Illinois St. DR. J. F. SPAUNHURST, Patent and Trade-Mark Lawyer 41, 43 Lemcke Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

A Song of Summer. Sing about the zephyr, Sing about the moon, Sing about the jessamine—All the world's in tune! But lest your song be hindered By an aching throat, Never trust the climate; Bring your overcoat. Washington Star.

Our Cravenette Rain Coat. is the garment for this changeful season. It answers every purpose of a light-weight overcoat, and keeps out the rain. Made to measure at \$18 and upward. It may rain again to-morrow.

Kahn Tailoring Co. Makers of the Kind of Clothes Gentlemen Wear.

THE UNSEEN PART. of plumbing work is likely to be signed by careless workmen or unscrupulous operators. Our kind is "on the level" and below the level; we do the work in plain sight, wherever pipes and fittings are to be placed. Trust your gas fitting and plumbing to us and you will have no fault to find.

C. ANESHAENSEL & CO. The Leading Plumbers, Nos. 29-33 East Ohio Street. ENGRAVING. Visiting Cards, Wedding Invitations, Monograms, embossed in any color, and the newest things in Stationery. THE SENTINEL PRINTING CO., 123-5-7 West Market Street. DR. J. F. SPAUNHURST, Chronic Diseases OSTEOPATH. Success comes by doing one thing well. Fifth Floor, Stevenson Bldg., 529-36.