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THE LIVE STOCK MARKETS

CATTLE IN ACTIVE DEMAND AT ABOUT STEADY PRICES.

Hogs Active and Ten Cents Higher—Sheep and Lambs Active—Condition of Markets Elsewhere.

UNION STOCKYARDS, INDIANAPOLIS, June 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; shipments fair. The receipts of cattle this week have been exceedingly large, showing 2,300 over last week, 1,200 over the same week a year ago and 3,100 over the corresponding week two years ago. There was an average of over 1,000 per day arrived for the six market days, and the receipts Wednesday, Thursday and Friday averaged nearly 1,600 per day. They were the largest week's receipts since the week ending Sept. 28, 1901, when 7,203 arrived. For the year thus far the receipts are less than 1,200 smaller than the same period a year ago, and thus far this month there is a gain of nearly 900 over the corresponding time last year.

It has been a remarkable week in this branch of the trade. Early in the week local packing houses were confident that they would not get the usual number of cattle from outside markets, and, therefore, would have to rely upon this market for their supplies. The demand from other sources was also, no doubt, improved for the same reasons, and, notwithstanding there was a steady gain in receipts, prices advanced rapidly, which, of course, is a very unusual occurrence. From the beginning of the week the demand, or, rather, competition, was strongest for the steers that were up to the requirements in quality and fat, and there was less discrimination on account of weight than there has been for some time past. In four days better grades of steers advanced fully 25@35c, and frequently transactions appeared to be 50c higher than the same kinds were selling at the close of last week. Such conditions were very gratifying to the selling interest, and it seems that an extra effort was made to bring forward as many cattle as possible. This caused excessive receipts toward the close of the week, and, with the supplies entirely adequate to meet all the requirements of buyers, it was not surprising that a reaction in prices took place. Yesterday sellers were forced to reduce prices anywhere from 10c to 25c, but after this concession there still remained a net gain of from 10c to 15c in prices for the week. Buyers again began to discriminate against the heavier grades, and they suffered the greatest change. On account of the continued high prices for feeding cattle it was more or less difficult to consummate sales all week, and at the close there was a decline of 10@15c in prices, in sympathy with the market for fat cattle.

The market for female butcher cattle this week has not been as satisfactory as for steers. For the first time recently the supplies have been all that buyers could use, and they were not disposed to pay any advance in prices. Occasionally, however, when the market was the strongest for other cattle, the good cows and heifers sold stronger, but at the extreme close of the week they went down with the general market, and values were hardly as satisfactory as at the close of last week. The highest price paid this week was $5.40 for steers, and there were more of this class of cattle good enough to bring over $5 than at any time heretofore this year. Heifers sold as high as $5.15, although it was not often that many sales were made above $4.70, and cows sold as high as $4.60, although $4.25 was usually virtually the top. Bulls sold as high as $4.25, and the extreme price for calves was $6.75.

The receipts to-day were larger than a week ago and a year ago, and, with the cattle carried over from yesterday, the supply on sale was considerably above the average for Saturday. Notwithstanding this, the market opened with a very fair demand, and the trading was reasonably active at steady prices compared with the way equal kinds sold yesterday. The market for the week closed with the pens well cleared and in very fair condition. Quotations:

Good to choice steers, 1,350 lbs and upwards	$5.00@ 5.30
Plain fat steers, 1,350 lbs and upwards	4.80@ 5.10
Good to choice 1,200 to 1,300 lb steers	4.85@ 5.15
Plain fat 1,200 to 1,300 lb steers	4.70@ 4.95
Good to choice 900 to 1,150 lb steers	4.50@ 4.90
Plain fat 900 to 1,150 lb steers	4.25@ 4.60
Choice feeding steers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	4.35@ 4.60
Good feeding steers, 900 to 1,100 lbs	4.25@ 4.50
Medium feeding steers, 800 to 900 lbs	3.75@ 4.00
Common to good stockers	3.50@ 4.25
Good to choice heifers	4.40@ 4.65
Fair to medium heifers	4.00@ 4.25
Common light heifers	3.25@ 3.75
Good to choice cows	3.60@ 4.25
Fair to medium cows	3.35@ 3.50
Canners and cutters	1.50@ 3.25
Prime to fancy export bulls	3.65@ 4.00
Good to choice butcher bulls	3.25@ 3.50
Common to fair bulls	2.75@ 3.15
Veal calves	5.00@ 6.50
Heavy calves	3.50@ 5.50
Good to choice cows and calves	35.00@50.00
Common to medium cows and calves	20.00@30.00

—Representative Sales—Steers.—

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
33	1316	$5.10	12 Feeders	807	$4.50
30	1338	5.10	2	985	4.40
15 Stags	1263	4.80	2 Stockers	875	4.00
2	1405	4.50	4 Stockers	812	4.00

—Heifers.—

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
1	772	$4.40	8	1161	$3.90
1	690	4.25	2	1165	3.85
1	1300	3.90	2	995	3.80
1	1210	3.90	10	1068	3.60

—Cows.—

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
2	1250	$3.60	1 Cutter	980	$3.25
4	1096	3.60	3 Cutters	920	3.25
3	883	3.50	1 Cutter	990	3.00
1 Cutter	900	3.25	1 Canner	830	2.50
1 Cutter	1170	3.25	2 Canners	880	2.00
1 Cutter	1010	3.25	6 Canners	840	1.75

—Calves.—

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
1	150	$6.75	2	155	$6.00
3	143	6.50	1	200	6.00
1	250	6.00	1	240	5.00
2	195	6.00	1	200	4.75

Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; shipments, 2,400. The marketing of hogs this week shows a decrease of over 8,000 compared with last week and an increase of 4,500 over the same week a year ago and a decrease of over 3,000 compared with the corresponding week two years ago. Thus far this year the receipts are over 39,000 larger than the same period last year, and for the month thus far there is a gain of over 15,000 compared with the same time a year ago. For the week ending yesterday the leading local packers bought a total of 24,888, against 28,950 the preceding week and 21,418 the same week a year ago. During the same period the shipments were 6,198, against 6,330 the preceding week and 2,842 the corresponding week a year ago.

The receipts this week have been rather disappointing from the fact that dealers had expected increased supplies from territory tributary to certain other markets that were closed on account of the flood. The supply at the beginning of the week was larger than usual at that time, and the market opened at only about steady prices compared with the close of last week. Later, however, when receipts began to decrease there was a corresponding improvement in the demand, resulting in a gradual upward movement in values, and for several days local packers were the principal support of the market. Shippers were not much in evidence until near the close of the week, when their presence, as usual, had a good effect on prices. After an advance of nearly 30c from Tuesday to Thursday there was a reaction of 5c in prices, but at the extreme close of the week, with very strong competition between packers and shippers, values rallied again, and the average at that time was right around 35c higher than the close of last week. It is due to local packers to say that they were rather free buyers at all times, but naturally the strongest when they had the most opposition, and there is probably no doubt that they would have been inclined to depress the market had there been an opportunity. Some of the reasons given for smaller supplies this week were that the farmers have been too busy in their fields to give their attention to live stock, and, also, that it is natural for supplies to decrease when prices are advancing. The quality this week has been very satisfactory, there being more hogs than usual good enough to sell around extreme prices, and the average weight has been heavier than usual at this season of the year. Prices at the close of this week are as high as they have been at any time heretofore this month, and, in fact, since before the close of May. The uniform quality also is responsible for a closer range in prices than there has been for some time past.

The receipts to-day were not quite as large as a week ago, but nearly 2,000 larger than a year ago and above the average for a Saturday market. With several unfilled orders yesterday, the opening to-day was characterized by an active demand from all buyers, and, on account of some fear that the supply would not be large enough to meet all requirements, and encouraged by favorable reports from other places, there was strong competition between packers and shippers, and from the start the offerings were changing hands promptly at an advance in prices. As usual under similar circumstances some sales showed more than the average advance, while others no doubt fell a little short. In a general way, however, representative sales show that the market to-day was fully 10c higher than yesterday. A good clearance was made promptly on that basis, and the week closed with a healthy condition existing. The range in prices to-day was from $6 to $6.35, and the bulk of the supply sold at $6.15@6.25. Quotations:

Good to choice medium to heavy	$6.20@6.35
Mixed and heavy packing	6.10@6.30
Good to choice light weights	6.10@6.15
Common to fair light weights	6.00@6.05
Inferior to best pigs	5.00@6.00
Roughs and stags	5.50@6.00

—Representative Sales.—

No.	Av.	Dk.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Dk.	Pr.
41	247	80	$6.35	60	209	..	$6.20
72	249	40	6.35	50	215	40	6.20
65	250	..	6.35	81	217	120	6.20
68	229	40	6.25	24	165	..	6.12½
70	230	80	6.25	87	178	40	6.12½
22	240	80	6.25	58	182	80	6.12½
67	204	..	6.22½	64	142	..	6.10
24	205	..	6.20	9	175	..	6.05
79	207	40	6.20	11	120	..	6.00
76	208	160	6.20	3	86	..	5.50

Sheep—Receipts, 200; shipments fair. The receipts of sheep and lambs this week have been comparatively liberal, showing a gain of 1,300 over last week, more than 800 over the same week a year ago and nearly 2,500 over the corresponding week two years ago. Thus far this year the receipts are a little over 5,000 smaller than the same time last year, and for the month thus far there is a gain of over 900 compared with the same period a year ago.

Notwithstanding the increase in receipts, the demand this week was very good until after the middle of the week and a good strong average was maintained. Finally, however, the requirements of local butchers were smaller, and, with less opposition, buyers on one day required a reduction of about 35c in prices. At the extreme close of the week, however, there was a little stronger tendency in the market and values were in almost the same position that they were at the close of last week. Of course, there were a great many more here than required to supply the local demand, but, with shippers liberal buyers all week, good clearances were made each day at current prices. The highest prices paid this week were $6.90 for lambs, $6 for yearlings and $4.25 for sheep. The receipts to-day were larger than usual on Saturday, and, with a steady demand, the market was reasonably active and a good clearance was made on a basis of yesterday's prices. Lambs sold as high as $6.75, others $4.50@6.50, yearlings $5@5.50, sheep $2.50@4.25 and bucks $3@3.50. Quotations:

Spring lambs	$4.50@6.75
Good to choice yearlings	5.25@5.50
Common to medium yearlings	4.00@5.00
Good to choice sheep	3.50@4.00
Fair to medium sheep	3.00@3.25
Culls and common sheep	2.00@2.75
Stockers and feeding sheep	2.50@3.50
Bucks, per 100 lbs	3.00@3.50

Transactions at the Interstate Yards.

INTERSTATE STOCKYARDS, INDIANAPOLIS, June 13.—Cattle—Receipts small; shipments none. The cattle market closes the week in a little stronger condition as far as fat stock is concerned than it opened. Prices are not over 10c higher, however, and the demand is still confined to fat butcher grades. The calf market has had no change, prices all week running from $5.75 to $6.50. Quotations:

Good to choice steers, 1,350 lbs and upward	$4.75@ 5.00
Plain fat steers, 1,350 lbs and upward	4.50@ 4.75
Good to choice 1,200 to 1,300 lb steers	4.40@ 4.75
Plain fat 1,200 to 1,300 lb steers	4.40@ 4.65
Good to choice 900 to 1,150 lb steers	4.25@ 4.60
Plain fat 900 to 1,150 lb steers	4.00@ 4.50
Good feeding steers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	4.40@ 4.60
Good feeding steers, 900 to 1,100 lbs	4.00@ 4.40
Medium feeding steers, 800 to 900 lbs	3.75@ 4.00
Common to good stockers	3.50@ 4.25
Good to choice heifers	4.50@ 4.90
Fair to medium heifers	4.10@ 4.40
Common light heifers	3.50@ 3.60
Good to choice cows	3.75@ 4.50
Fair to medium cows	3.40@ 3.65
Canners and cutters	2.00@ 3.35
Prime to fancy export bulls	3.75@ 4.25
Good to choice butcher bulls	3.25@ 3.50
Common to fair bulls	2.75@ 3.15
Veal calves	5.00@ 6.25
Good to choice cows and calves	35.00@50.00
Common to medium cows and calves	20.00@30.00

Hogs—Receipts light; shipments none. Hog prices are 30c higher than at this time last week. The upward trend has been steady, closing at the week's high point. The market to-day was 10c higher than yesterday. Conditions are quite satisfactory. The demand from local sources is steady for all grades. The top of the market is $6.30, and few are now selling under $6. Quotations:

Choice heavy hogs	$6.20@6.30
Medium and heavy mixed	6.00@6.20
Best light grades	6.00@6.05
Common light grades	5.85@6.00
Roughs	5.00@5.85

Sheep—Receipts none; shipments none. The market has been steady all week. The demand is good for good stock. Quotations:

Spring lambs	$5.00@6.00
Good to prime yearlings	5.00@5.50
Common to best old sheep	3.00@3.50
Feeding stock	2.00@3.25
Bucks	2.50@3.50

Elsewhere.

CHICAGO, June 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 500. The market was nominal. Good to prime steers, $5@5.35; poor to medium, $4.80@4.90; stockers and feeders, $3.80@4.95; cows, $1.80@4.50; heifers, $2.50@4.85; canners, $1.60@2.90; bulls, $2.50@4.25; calves, $2.50@6.75; Texas fed, $4@4.55.

Hogs—Receipts to-day, 15,000; Monday, 45,000; left over, 2,000. The market was steady. Mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.25; good to choice heavy, $6.20@6.35; rough heavy, $5.90@6.20; light, $5.80@6.15; bulk of sales, $6@6.20.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000. Sheep steady. Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.50; fair to choice mixed, $3.25@4.60; Western sheep, $4.60@5.50; native lambs, $4.50@6.75; Western lambs, $4.50@6.75.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Beeves—Receipts, 399. No trading. Exports, 1,440 cattle, 41 sheep and 2,778 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts none. The feeling was steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5,000. Sheep steady; good lambs 10@15c lower; common and medium grades 15c off. Sheep sold at $3.25@5.35, lambs at $6.25@7.60, with a car at $7.75, culls at $5; dressed mutton, 7@10½c; dressed lambs, 11@13c.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,071. The feeling was steady.

OMAHA, June 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000. The market was nominally steady. Native steers, $4.30@5.20; cows and heifers, $3.50@4.75; calves, $3.50@6.50; bulls, $2.75@4.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 9,000. The market was 5c higher. Heavy, $6.10@6.20; pigs, $5@5.85; bulk of sales, $6.02½@6.10.

Sheep—None. The market was steady. Fed yearlings, $5@5.70; wethers, $4.70@5.30; ewes, $3.75@4.60; common and stockers, $2.50@4; lambs, $5.75@7.25.

KANSAS CITY, June 13.—It is announced that the local cattle yards will be opened for business on Monday, June 15 for the first time in fourteen days.

Cattle—Receipts, 375. The market was 15@25c higher than Friday, May 29.

Hogs—Receipts, 850. The market was 10@15c higher than May 29.

Sheep—Receipts none. The market was nominal.

EAST LIBERTY, June 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 300.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,000. All grades selling from $6.40 to $6.55.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,000. Sheep, $4.90 down; choice lambs, $5.50 down; spring lambs, $6.25 down.

CINCINNATI, June 13.—Hogs active at $4.50@6.30.

Cattle steady at $2.50@4.90.

Sheep steady at $2.25@4.25. Lambs steady at $4.25@7.

WEEK IN WALL STREET

COMPLETE REVERSAL OF SENTIMENT ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

Violent Declines on First Three Days, Reaction Following—Strong Bank Statement Helps the General List.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Some hesitation was manifested in to-day's stock market, after the violent recovery in prices of yesterday and the day before, from the extreme depression of Wednesday. Many of the principal active stocks have regained from 3 to 7 points during the two days. The effect has been to lessen the investment demand from bargain-hunters and to develop some selling pressure from the speculative contingent, which was fortunate enough to secure stocks at the low level. This element showed some anxiety to take profits to-day and took advantage of the strong bank statement to sell stocks. The lessened demand was demonstrated by the inability of the market to absorb these offerings, so that prices ran off sharply and closed generally below last night's level. The day's losses were generally fractional. Options for the advance continued this morning, especially in Baltimore & Ohio and Erie, the former stock rising at one time nearly 2 points and the latter nearly a point. The large earnings reported by Baltimore & Ohio were the motive for buying the stock, and reports were current that Reading would also show extraordinary earnings for May. The decision against the right of the Interstate-commerce Commission to exact certain information from the coal-carriers was also made much of by buyers of Reading. Some of the inactive stocks which had suffered from recent heavy declines were bid up rapidly to-day, members of the Canadian group being conspicuous. The loan contraction of $11,776,100 by the banks was regarded as gratifying evidence that the stock market liquidation had at least become effective in the recuperation of bank resources. The cash increase of about one and three-quarter millions about agreed with expectations. The rise of $4,701,525 in the surplus about makes good last week's loss. The statement was as good as expected in every respect, but the demand for stocks thus induced was not sufficient to absorb the sales to take profits.

Gloom and despondency overhung the stock market during the early days of the week, but on Thursday there was a sudden revulsion of sentiment. It is certain that no event in the interval justified the extremes of the views held by professional operators in stocks on Monday evening and on Thursday morning. On Wednesday the prevailing view was that the country was facing a crop shortage, that the iron and steel trade had passed the culmination of its prosperity for the present movement, and that a general industrial reaction was in sight. On Thursday morning the more mercurial of the operators were willing to prophesy a new period of expansion in all directions. In other words, the prevailing sentiment took its tone from the movement of prices in a groping attempt to fathom the motives of the sellers and subsequently of the buyers. It was pretty evident that the bulk of the selling was prompted not by despondency over the outlook, but by special necessities of the sellers growing out of overextension of obligations in new projects, which had overtaken the resources of capital and credit. There was good evidence that some very heavy holdings of a speculative character were also being thrown over, presumably of necessity, owing to the great shrinkage in the market value of securities, with a corresponding contraction in the basis of credits, which required the placing of additional collateral for loans and the supply of additional margins for holding stocks on credit. This is a process which gains cumulative force by the effect of action and reaction, and the extent and rate of the decline on Wednesday had given rise to forebodings of financial difficulties and fear of failures.

The prolonged period of the decline and the lack of recuperative power in the market had made the bears very bold. To sell stocks and borrow them for delivery and then offer prices down seemed to have unvarying success in uncovering stop-loss orders, wiping out margins and bringing a flood of offerings which could be bought in at the lower level and yield a handsome profit. The great financial interests, which are usually ready to come into the market and buy simply for support, seemed indifferent, and it was suspected that many of the wealthy men had their own needs to look after in protecting holdings of unmarketable securities. The level of prices was getting down to an attractive level from a strictly investment standpoint, and the fact that the decline was still unchecked gave rise to fears that insiders had knowledge of unfavorable conditions not known to the public, which prompted the selling of stocks. It is characteristic of the genuine investment buyer, however, that he does not concern himself with protecting market prices and is content to accept offerings at a level which agrees with judgment and without bidding for the stocks.

As a result of widespread inquiry and exchange of views and information by bankers, capitalists and financiers on Wednesday the conviction crystallized that the current rumors of coming failures were unwarranted, and that short selling played a large part in what was attributed to urgent liquidation on Wednesday. Great financiers abroad agreed with advices from New York in response to inquiries that standard stocks had fallen to an attractive investment level, based on present rate of dividends and prospect for continuance. When the bears were confronted with the knowledge that the stocks they were selling and making themselves responsible to deliver were going out of the market and into strong boxes, and that they were "selling into a pocket," according to the phrase of the street, they were overtaken by something like a panic, and their rush to buy stocks caused a rebound in prices equaling the drop of the first part of the week. The arrest of the decline in itself checked the forced selling due to the shrinkage, and there was apparent relief, also, from the recent persistent selling supposed to be due to necessities elsewhere.

Confidence increased that the general situation had been greatly strengthened by the liquidation effected. It is believed that very large loans have repaid to the New York trust companies as a result of the liquidation, as the loan accounts of the banks have not been notably reduced while the selling on the Stock Exchange was in progress. Heavy repayments of obligations to foreigners are known to have been made and the likelihood of embarrassment from future requirements in that field thereby much lessened. The government crop report of June 1, with its promise of an unprecedented wheat yield after allowing for damage to that crop relieved most of the apprehension on that score. Reports of railroad earnings show effective increase in the net return and have proved reassuring. The doubtful outcome of the corn crop and the unsatisfactory reports from the cotton crop remain to be considered and the labor situation continues to disturb sentiment. General conditions, however, have received little consideration in face of the technical rebound of stocks from the overextension of the decline.

Bonds have moved more narrowly, but in sympathy with stocks. United States twos and threes advanced ¼ per cent. and the new fours ½ per cent. as compared with the closing call of last week.

Following are Saturday's share sales and the recorded price changes:

RAILROADS—	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Closing Bid.
Atchison	48,509	70⅝	69½	69¾
Atchison pref.	385	95½	95	94½
Baltimore & Ohio	29,711	87⅜	85⅞	85⅞
Baltimore & Ohio pref.	....	....	....	91½
Canadian Pacific	1,950	125¼	123¾	123⅞
Canada Southern	100	68½	68½	67
Chesapeake & Ohio	1,725	39½	38⅝	38⅝
Chicago & Alton	500	27⅝	27⅛	27
Chicago & Alton pref.	700	67	66⅝	66½
Chicago Great Western	3,700	19½	19½	19⅛
Chicago G. W. A pref.	100	74⅝	74⅝	74
Chicago G. W. B pref.	....	....	....	33½
Chicago & Northwestern	600	173¼	172⅝	172⅝
Chicago Term. & Trans.	100	14½	14½	14½
Chicago T. & T. pref.	1,700	25½	24⅝	25
C., C., C. & St. Louis	....	....	....	87
Colorado Southern	1,525	19⅛	19	18⅞
Colorado South. 1st pref.	100	60	60	59½
Colorado South. 2d pref.	400	29¼	29	28⅞
Delaware & Hudson	200	173	172¼	172
Delaware, Lack. & West.	200	253	253	251
Denver & Rio Grande	910	30⅛	29⅛	29⅝
Denver & R. G. pref.	500	85	84⅝	84
Erie	16,250	33⅝	33	33
Erie 1st pref.	4,460	67⅛	66⅜	66⅞
Great Northern pref.	....	....	....	115
Hocking Valley	1,400	100¼	99	99½
Hocking Valley pref.	....	....	....	93½
Illinois Central	1,640	135⅛	134⅜	134½
Iowa Central	636	28½	27⅛	27¼
Iowa Central pref.	....	....	....	48½
Kansas City Southern	300	25⅜	25¼	25¼
K. C. Southern pref.	100	47	47	47
Lake Erie & Western	100	33	33	32
Lake Erie & W. pref.	....	....	....	105
Louisville & Nashville	2,450	112	111¼	111¼
Manhattan L.	2,055	137⅝	137⅛	137
Metropolitan St.-ry.	3,200	128¼	127	127½
Mexican Central	1,300	23½	23⅜	23¼
Mexican National	200	21½	21¼	21¼
Minneapolis & St. Louis	....	....	....	79
Missouri Pacific	14,910	105½	104¼	104⅜
Missouri, Kan. & Tex.	1,355	23¼	22½	22⅜
Missouri, K. & T. pref.	700	51½	50⅜	50¼
New Jersey Central	....	....	....	165
New York Central	3,420	129¼	129½	128⅝
Norfolk & Western	3,900	65½	64½	64⅞
Norfolk & Western pref.	....	....	....	88½
Ontario & Western	5,420	26¼	25⅝	25⅝
Pennsylvania	13,260	126⅝	125⅝	125⅞
Reading	48,550	49½	48½	48½
Reading 1st pref.	....	....	....	82
Reading 2d pref.	500	67	66⅝	66½
Rock Island	13,830	36	35	35
Rock Island pref.	500	73	72	72
St. Louis & S. F.	400	71	70½	70½
St. L. & S. F. 1st pref.	....	....	....	74
St. L. & S. F. 2d pref.	....	....	....	63
St. Louis Southwestern	350	18⅝	18¼	18⅛
St. Louis S. W. pref.	1,000	40½	39⅝	39⅜
St. Paul	18,912	153⅞	152	152⅜
St. Paul pref.	....	....	....	176
Southern Pacific	10,400	50⅜	50	50
Southern Railway	4,800	25⅜	25½	25¼
Southern Railway pref.	360	89	88⅜	88⅜
Texas & Pacific	3,510	30	29½	29½
Toledo, St. Louis & W.	510	25⅝	24⅞	25⅛
Toledo, St. L. & W. pref.	2,275	46	44⅞	44¼
Union Pacific	26,400	83¼	82	82¼
Union Pacific pref.	....	....	....	88
Wabash	3,700	26	24⅝	25¼
Wabash pref.	4,500	44⅞	44	44
Wheeling & Lake Erie	310	22½	22	22¼
Wheeling & L. E. 2d pref.	....	....	....	34
Wisconsin Central	650	21½	21	21¼
Wisconsin Central pref.	600	43	43⅛	43¼
EXPRESS COMPANIES—				
Adams	....	....	....	221
American	250	194	194	190
United States	....	....	....	110
Wells-Fargo	....	....	....	190
MISCELLANEOUS—				
Amalgamated Copper	14,230	57½	56⅝	56⅞
American Car & Foundry	600	36⅝	34¼	36¼
Amer. Car & Found. pref.	300	89½	88⅝	89⅛
American Linseed Oil	100	11	11	10½
Amer. Linseed Oil pref.	....	....	....	34
American Locomotive	1,800	23⅝	23	22½
Amer. Locomotive pref.	100	90⅛	90⅛	90
Amer. Smelt. & Refining	....	....	....	40½
Am. Smelt. & Refin. pref.	200	94	94	93⅝
Anaconda Mining Co.	300	90⅝	90	88
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	2,955	59¼	57⅛	58⅝
Colorado Fuel & Iron	200	68	67⅛	66
Consolidated Gas	525	197½	196½	196
Continental Tobacco pref.	....	....	....	111
General Electric	200	181½	180½	180
Hocking Coal	200	18	17⅞	18
International Paper	225	15⅝	15½	15¼
International Paper pref.	300	68½	68⅝	68½
International Power	100	41½	41½	41½
Laclede Gas	....	....	....	....
National Biscuit	....	....	....	40
National Lead	100	17¼	17¼	16½
North American	100	88	88	88
Pacific Coast	300	55	54	54
Pacific Mail	....	....	....	27⅝
People's Gas	11,900	98⅛	97⅜	97⅝
Pressed Steel Car	1,020	55⅞	55	55⅛
Pressed Steel Car pref.	....	....	....	87
Pullman Palace Car	....	....	....	207
Republic Steel	200	16	15⅜	15⅝
Republic Steel pref.	....	....	....	76⅛
Sugar	2,450	121⅝	120⅝	120½
Tennessee Coal & Iron	1,510	54⅞	54	53⅝
Union Bag & Paper Co.	500	9	9	9
United States Leather	1,445	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
U. S. Leather pref.	750	88	87½	87
United States Rubber	200	14	14	14
U. S. Rubber pref.	800	50	49½	50
United States Steel	9,390	31½	31¼	31
U. S. Steel pref.	7,674	81⅜	81⅛	81⅛
Western Union	400	85⅝	85	85

Total sales..........414,900

UNITED STATES BONDS—	
United States refunding twos, registered	105⅝
United States refunding twos, coupon	106¼
United States threes, registered	107⅝
United States threes, coupon	107⅝
United States new fours, registered	135
United States new fours, coupon	135
United States old fours, registered	110
United States old fours, coupon	111
United States fives, registered	106½
United States fives, coupon	102½

NEW YORK CLEARING-HOUSE BANKS.

STATEMENT OF THE ASSOCIATED BANKS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 13.

The New York Financier publishes the following table, showing totals and the percentage of reserve of the associated banks of New York city:

BANKS	Loans	Specie	Legals	Deposits	Circul'n	P.C. Res.
Bank of New York, N. B. A.	$16,062,000	$2,414,000	$1,397,000	$14,217,000	$1,182,000	26.8
Manhattan Company	19,579,000	4,848,000	2,096,000	23,188,000	....	30.0
Merchants' National	12,308,500	2,327,000	1,104,500	13,658,600	....	25.1
Mechanics' National	13,052,000	1,774,000	1,467,000	12,937,000	....	25.1
America	19,037,100	3,486,700	2,176,100	20,743,500	....	27.3
Phenix National	4,630,000	758,000	292,000	4,275,000	49,100	24.5
National City	124,256,600	19,880,600	9,402,100	108,200,600	5,455,800	27.6
Chemical National	24,207,000	4,287,100	2,059,400	23,351,600	....	27.2
Merchants' Exchange National	5,069,900	714,600	576,200	5,274,800	220,900	24.5
Gallatin National	7,543,500	648,900	625,400	4,997,800	981,600	25.5
National Butchers' and Drovers'	2,080,300	689,700	35,200	2,781,500	46,500	26.1
Mechanics' and Traders'	3,834,000	453,000	396,000	4,018,000	....	21.1
Greenwich	2,254,100	279,000	176,600	1,682,200	....	27.1
Leather Manufacturers' Nat'l	4,514,200	996,400	191,400	4,388,500	478,900	27.1
American Exchange National	28,246,000	2,645,000	2,020,000	20,613,000	4,447,000	22.6
National Bank of Commerce	71,499,000	10,084,100	4,853,100	58,001,100	9,886,300	25.7
Mercantile National	24,167,700	3,751,600	1,272,400	20,419,700	2,029,200	24.6
Pacific	3,603,800	211,000	481,500	4,188,100	....	16.5
Chatham National	6,108,500	631,700	842,000	6,028,500	49,000	24.4
People's	1,942,000	223,400	589,500	2,598,500	....	31.3
Nat'l Bank of North America	16,071,500	1,687,600	1,578,400	12,862,100	1,540,800	25.4
Hanover National	44,915,000	6,688,000	7,030,500	52,016,500	2,150,000	26.4
Irving National	5,751,000	762,800	469,600	4,846,000	243,900	25.2
National Citizens'	7,006,400	1,514,900	582,400	7,998,400	636,400	26.2
Nassau	2,603,700	202,000	363,800	2,925,300	....	19.3
Market and Fulton National	6,102,000	1,036,600	617,700	6,337,000	50,000	26.1
National Shoe and Leather	5,327,400	1,640,500	141,900	6,422,100	45,100	27.8
Corn Exchange	25,146,000	4,752,000	3,211,000	30,508,000	....	26.1
Oriental	5,342,700	544,500	665,200	5,123,000	....	23.6
Importers' and Traders' Nat'l	22,779,000	3,672,000	1,332,000	19,832,000	47,400	25.2
National Park	55,356,000	11,452,000	4,398,000	61,379,000	1,987,500	25.8
East River National	1,180,300	147,800	209,400	1,324,800	49,500	27.0
Fourth National	16,845,200	2,409,000	2,813,300	18,452,900	50,000	28.3
Central National	9,402,000	1,451,000	1,108,000	10,751,000	935,000	24.6
Second National	9,504,000	1,315,000	1,341,000	10,334,000	274,000	25.7
First National	75,486,100	13,399,600	1,820,500	61,167,100	8,219,700	24.9
New York National Exchange	6,352,000	1,070,800	460,700	6,028,500	484,300	25.4
Bowery	2,796,000	383,000	287,000	3,204,000	....	20.9
New York County National	4,186,400	812,800	406,400	4,838,000	50,000	25.2
German-American	3,336,300	532,100	250,000	3,177,300	....	24.6
Chase National	36,865,000	10,192,700	2,130,600	44,508,700	50,000	27.7
Fifth-avenue	8,863,600	2,224,300	289,400	9,712,500	....	25.9
German Exchange	2,924,300	200,000	745,000	3,566,500	....	26.5
Germania	3,145,000	417,100	678,700	4,928,300	....	22.2
Lincoln National	11,051,000	617,900	2,342,100	11,718,400	246,200	25.3
Garfield National	7,649,100	1,512,200	332,500	7,679,600	49,000	24.0
Fifth National	2,524,300	525,400	138,400	2,688,700	243,500	24.7
Metropolis	8,152,400	1,682,900	729,200	9,682,700	....	24.9
West Side	3,167,000	544,000	344,000	3,502,000	....	25.4
Seaboard National	11,809,000	2,186,000	1,537,000	13,722,000	50,000	27.8
First National, Brooklyn	4,585,000	561,000	551,000	4,701,000	75,000	23.6
Liberty National	10,265,700	1,992,300	340,000	8,936,100	797,200	25.3
New York Produce Exchange	4,425,300	745,200	348,300	4,332,900	....	25.2
New Amsterdam National	6,796,400	840,300	456,100	6,929,900	100,000	18.8
Astor National	4,718,000	725,000	216,000	4,590,000	350,000	20.5
Western Nat'l Bank of the U. S.	56,947,700	14,510,300	2,720,700	60,545,300	455,300	28.4
Totals	$903,362,000	$156,145,400	$75,039,200	$886,829,700	$44,006,100	24.9
	**11,776,100	**584,400	*2,337,100	**11,795,300	**960,100	**0.6

*Increase. **Decrease. Reserve on total deposits, decrease $4,701,525; reserve on deposits other than United States, decrease $4,699,025. United States deposits included, $37,214,000.

Chicago Stocks.

[Albert R. Thompson & Co.'s Wire.]

STOCKS—	Open-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.
American Can	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
American Can pref.	44	44	43⅝	43⅝
Diamond Match	132	132	131½	132
National Biscuit	40¼	40½	40	40⅛
National Biscuit pref.	101	101⅞	101	101⅞
Swift & Co.	110	110	109⅝	109⅝

Local Securities.

There was no session of the local Stock Exchange Saturday. Friday's quotations follow:

STOCKS—	Bid.	Ask.
American Central Life	100	105
American National Bank	157	162
Atlas Engine Works	...	109
Belt Railroad common	108	....
Belt Railroad pref.	125	135
Brown-Ketcham Iron Works pref.	106	....
Capital National Bank	154	156½
Climax Coffee & Baking Powder Co.	...	90
Columbia National Bank	111¼	....
Consumers' Gas Trust Co.	1200	....
Delaware & Madison Co. Telephone	40	45
Federal Union Surety	99	103
Home Brewing Co.	112	....
Indiana Hotel Co. pref.	...	90
Indiana Manufacturing Co.	...	100
Indiana National Bank	225	....
Indiana Title Guar. & Loan Co.	80	100
Indiana Trust Co.	161	....
Indianapolis Fire Insurance Co.	150	155
Indianapolis Gas Co.	58	....
Indianapolis Street-railway	81	82½
Indianapolis Traction & Terminal	40	45
Law Building	80	88
Laycock Manufacturing Co.	100	....
Marion Trust Co.	220	....
Merchants' National Bank	196	200
New Castle Bridge Co.	105	....
New Telephone Co.	88	89
New Telephone, long distance	64½	65
People's Deposit Bank	110	115
Rauh Fertilizer pref.	103½	....
Security Trust Co.	103¼	105
Union National Bank	102	....
Union Traction common	45½	47
Union Traction pref.	83½	86
Union Trust Co.	229	233
Van Camp Hardware Co. pref.	105	107
Wasson pref.	104	106
Western Motor Co.	99¼	101
*BONDS—		
Broad Ripple fives	93½	....
Citizens' Street-railroad fives	105⅝	107
Del. & Mad. Co. Telephone fives	...	90
Home Heating & Lighting Co. fives	97	....
Ind., Col. & Southern fives	100	102½
Indianapolis Gas Co. sixes	104½	....
Indianapolis Improvement sixes	100	....
Indianapolis Street-railway fours	82½	84
Kokomo Railway & Light	99¼	101
Merchants' H. & L. Co. fives	102½	103
New Telephone first fives	92¼	93¾
New Telephone second fives	82	84
Union Traction of Indiana fives	98	99
Indianapolis Water fives	101	....

*And interest.

MONETARY.

Rates on Loans and Exchange—Clearings and Balances.

INDIANAPOLIS.—Commercial paper, 4@6 per cent.; time loans, 5@6 per cent. Clearings, $1,178,850.95; balances, $317,775.18.

NEW YORK.—Call money nominal; no loans. Time money firm: 60 days, 4 per cent.; 90 days, 4½; six months, 5½. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady. Actual business in bankers' bills $4.87.45 for demand, $4.84.70 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84@4.84½.

Money Rates Abroad.

LONDON.—Money, 2@2½ per cent.; discounts, 2⅞@2 15-16c; consols, 91¼@91⅜c.

PARIS.—Three per cent. rentes, 98f 35c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 16½c for checks.

BERLIN.—Exchange on London, 20m 40½pf for checks.

Specie and Merchandise Movement.

NEW YORK.—Imports of merchandise and dry goods at the port of New York for the week were valued at $12,466,319.

Imports of specie for the week were $41,749 in silver and $13,882 in gold.

Exports of specie were $198,490 in silver and $1,642,958 in gold.

Markets for Silver.

NEW YORK.—Bar silver, 52⅝c; Mexican dollars, 41½c.

LONDON.—Silver bars, 24 5-16d an ounce.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON.—Saturday's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows:

Available cash balances	$226,940,139
Gold	106,826,865

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Reserve Conditions Just About Reversed from the Preceding Week.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The statement of averages for the clearing house banks of this city for the past week shows:

Loans	$903,322,000	Dec.	$11,776,100
Deposits	886,829,700	Dec.	11,795,300
Circulation	44,006,100	Dec.	96,100
Legal tenders	75,039,200	Inc.	2,337,100
Specie	156,145,400	Dec.	584,400
Reserve	231,184,600	Inc.	1,725,700
Reserve required	221,707,425	Dec.	2,948,825
Surplus	9,477,175	Inc.	4,701,525
Ex. U. S. deposits	18,778,175	Inc.	4,699,052

The Financier says: "The notable feature of the statement of the New York associated banks last week was the almost complete reversal of reserve conditions as compared with those of the previous week, the banks gaining in surplus an amount nearly equal to that which was lost in the week ended June 6. The net increase in cash was much below the estimates based on the traceable movements of money during the week, these estimates showing a probable gain of $4,237,100, while the actual net increase was but $1,752,700. The discrepancy was most likely caused by withdrawals of cash which were not reported to the agencies collecting the data for the estimates, and possibly such withdrawals may have been by country banks, which early in the week caused to be forwarded to them the proceeds of liquidation collateral loans. It is suggested also that some of the seceding trust companies withdrew from the banks some of the cash which they previously had on deposit. The loans of the banks were reduced $11,776,100, against $7,837,800 in the previous week, reflecting the liquidation in stocks which was large early in the week. The deposits were reduced $11,795,300, an amount just about equal to the decrease in loans. Reserve requirements were reduced $2,948,825 through the decrease in deposits, which sum, added to the net gain of $1,752,700 in cash, makes $4,701,525 as the increase in the surplus reserve, carrying this item to $9,477,175 or only $198,975 below the surplus on May 29. Computed on the basis of deposits less $37,204,000 of governments funds, the surplus is $18,778,175. It may be noted that the loans of the banks are this week again in excess of deposits, such excess being $18,532,300, or the largest since attention was first called to this peculiarity of bank conditions. As was observed last week, however, this excess of loans cannot be regarded as an element of bank weakness. It seems to show that the requirements of the situation are such as to make advisable the employment of all the available resources of the institution, including circulation and capital. The daily average of bank clearings last week was $235,000,000, against $251,000,000 in the previous week."

PRIVATE WIRE ADVICES.

Rise of Friday Persisted in to the Discomfiture of Shorts.

[Meyer & Kiser's Telegram.]

NEW YORK, June 13.—Speculators for a turn who bought stocks on the extreme weakness of Wednesday took profits this morning because of the fractional lower quotations from London, expecting a fair reaction, but they were doomed to disappointment, as the bears who had sold so freely a few days ago had great need of stocks at these prices. They were resisted by powerful interests who have taken the bull side of speculation, and also by investors who consider stocks very cheap at going prices. This caused an immediate conversion to the bull side of the rank and file of Wall street and stocks were bid up at a lively rate. The bank statement was remarkable as reflecting the liquidation in the stock market. With money ruling so low to-day bank statements have merely a sentimental effect on values, and the permanent future of the market should depend largely on crop conditions in the next sixty days. The week has been notable for activity and the width of the price movement.

All Conditions Favorable.

[A. R. Thompson & Co.'s Telegram.]

NEW YORK, June 13.—The reaction after to-day's excellent bank statement was to be expected after the sharp advance of the last few days and merely represents profit taking. Sentiment remains confident, and that any material decline will occur at present is altogether unlikely. Sterling exchange continues weak, against offerings of bills on account of foreign stock purchases, and money, both time and call, is also easier. The resumption of the cotton speculation, with new record prices being reached daily, is unfortunate, but its effect on the security market is not likely to be important only in so far as the dry goods market may be affected.

UNION TRACTION STOCK
BOUGHT AND SOLD
Also, CARRIED ON REASONABLE MARGIN
—— SEE ME ——
Newton Todd, STOCKS and BONDS

IRON-STEEL
SHAFTING
BOLTS, TURNBUCKLES
HEAVY HARDWARE
W. J. Holliday & Co.

SMALL ADVANCES MADE

GRAINS ARE VERY QUIET, BUT THE UNDERTONE IS FIRM.

Corn Is Unchanged, but Wheat and Oats Show Closing Gains—Provisions Are Easier All Around.

CHICAGO, June 13.—Extreme quietness prevailed on the Board of Trade to-day and after ruling easy the early part of the session wheat closed firm with July ⅛@¼c higher. Corn closed unchanged, oats were ⅝@¾c higher and provisions were unchanged to 7½c lower.

Excellent weather was the chief influence in the wheat pit at the start and opening prices were easier on general selling by commission houses, with July down ¼c at 75⅛c. There was a fair scattered demand at the decline and a rally ensued, the market steadying around yesterday's closing figures. Bullish reports from Kansas showing a poor crop outlook helped in the buying movement. There was a better demand for September than for the near futures and that delivery ruled firm. Late buying by shorts and a good demand from a prominent operator caused a firm close, July being ⅛@¼c higher at 75½@75⅝c, after selling between 75@75⅛c and 75½@75⅝c. September closed ⅜c higher at 72⅞@73c, after ranging between 72⅜c and 73c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 273,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 496,300 bushels, against 506,700 a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 285 cars, which, with local receipts of 15 cars—none of contract grade—made a total of 300 cars, against 245 last week and 239 a year ago.

Trading in corn was quiet and the only feature was a scattered demand for July from local shorts, which had a strengthening tendency. Early prices were easier on the weakness in wheat and on favorable weather, but buying caused firmness later. July closed easier, but unchanged, at 48½c, after selling between 48⅛c and 48½c. There was considerable changing from July to September and the latter month closed a shade higher at 47⅝c, after ranging between 47⅜c and 47⅝c. Receipts were 238 cars, 18 of contract grade.

Oats were again active, with July in urgent demand from shorts, which caused a sharp advance in that delivery. The more distant months were steadied by the strength in July, but the sentiment was bearish in those deliveries, due to improved weather. After selling between 37¾@37⅞c and 38⅞c, July closed ⅝@¾c higher at 38⅝@38¾c. September closed ⅛c higher at 33⅜c.

Provisions were dull and there was enough selling pressure on lard from packers to cause an easier feeling throughout the entire list. Trading was dull and featureless. September pork closed 7½c lower at $6.82½, lard down 5c at $8.92½ and ribs unchanged at $9.27½.

Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 20 cars; corn, 525; oats, 180; hogs, 41,000 head.

Leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.
Wheat—				
*July	75⅜-75½	75⅝	75⅜	75⅝-75⅞
**July	75 -75⅛	75⅝	75 -75⅛	75½-75⅝
*Sept.	72½-72⅝	73⅛	72½	73 -73⅛
**Sept.	72⅜-72½	73	72⅜	72⅞-73
Corn—				
June	....	....	....	48¼
July	48¼-48⅜	48½	48¼	48½
Sept.	47⅜-47½	47⅝	47⅜	47⅝
Dec.	45⅞-46	46⅜	45⅞-46	46¼
Oats—				
July	38	38⅞	37¾-37⅞	38⅝-38¾
Sept.	33 -33⅛	33⅜-33½	33	33⅜
Dec.	33¼	33⅜-33½	33⅛	33⅜-33½
Pork—				
July	$17.02½	$17.02½	$16.97½	$17.02½
Sept.	16.85	16.85	16.80	16.82½
Lard—				
July	8.82½	8.82½	8.77½	8.80
Sept.	8.97½	8.97½	8.92½	8.92½
Ribs—				
July	9.30	9.30	9.25	9.30
Sept.	9.27½	9.27½	9.22½	9.27½

*Old. **New.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour quiet and steady; winter patents, $3.55@3.70; straights, $3.20@3.50; spring patents, $3.60@4.10; straights, $3.40@3.65; bakers', $2.45@3. Wheat—No. 2 spring, 77@78c; No. 3, 71@77c; No. 2 red, 75½@76c. Corn—No. 2, 48¼c; No. 2 yellow, 49½c. Oats—No. 2, 38½c; No. 3 white, 38½@38⅝c. No. 2 rye, 51c. Barley—Good feeding, 45@48½c; fair to choice malting, 50@54c. Flaxseed—No. 1, $1.09; No. 1 Northwestern, $1.11. Prime timothy seed, $3.75. Clover—Contract grade, $11.50@11.75. Mess pork, per brl, $16.87½@17. Lard, per 100 lbs, $8.72½@8.75. Short rib sides (loose), $9.15@9.30. Dry-salted shoulders (boxed), $8@8.12½. Short clear sides (boxed), $9.50@9.75. Whisky—Basis of high wines, $1.30.

Receipts—Flour, 15,400 brls; wheat, 18,600 bu; corn, 352,300 bu; oats, 239,300 bu; rye, 4,800 bu; barley, 64,900 bu. Shipments—Flour, 12,000 brls; wheat, 60,100 bu; corn, 300,200 bu; oats, 245,400 bu; barley, 1,200 bu.

AT NEW YORK.

Grain Markets Quiet, but Prices Are Somewhat Higher.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Flour—Receipts, 24,390 brls; exports, 20,950 brls; firm; winter patents, $3.95@4.50; winter straights, $5.60@3.75; Minnesota patents, $4.25@4.50; winter extras, $2.80@3.10; Minnesota bakers, $3.35@3.55; winter low grades, $2.60@2.90. Rye flour firm; fair to good, $2.85@3.20; choice to fancy, $3.25@3.50. Corn meal steady; yellow Western $1.12; city, $1.10; Brandywine, nominal.

Rye quiet; No. 2 Western, 58½c f. o. b. afloat; state, 56½@59c c. i. f. New York. Barley steady; feeding, 45c c. i. f. Buffalo; malting, 51½@58c c. i. f. Buffalo.

Wheat—Receipts, 34,225 bu; exports, 137,272 bu; sales, 960,000 bu futures. Spot dull; No. 2 red, 84c elevator; 85c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 89½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 89½ f. o. b. afloat. After an easier opening wheat rallied and ruled steady under firmness in the Southwest and covering. The late market was quiet, and prices worked within a narrow range, closing partly ¼c higher: July, 81 1-16@81⅜c, closed at 81¼c; September, 77¼@77 7-16c, closing at 77⅜c; December, 77 9-16@77⅞c closed at 77⅝c.

Corn—Receipts, 52,500 bu; exports, 7,685 bu; sales, 80,000 bu futures, 120,000 bu spot. Spot steady; No. 2, 57c elevator, 56½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 57c; No. 2 white, 57c. Corn was quiet but steady under cool weather, unfavorable crop accounts, a better export demand and covering, closing dull, net unchanged to ⅛c higher: July, 56¼@56½c, closed at 56⅜c; September, 54¼@54½c, closed at 54½c.

Oats—Receipts, 31,500 bu; exports, 9,829 bu. Spot quiet; No. 2, 41¼c; standard white, 44½c; No. 3, 40⅝c; No. 2 white, 44½c; No. 3 white, 44c; track white, 41@46c. Options were firm again in the West and dull here.

Hay strong; shipping, 80@85c; good to choice, $1.15@1.30.

Hops quiet; State common to choice, 1902, 17@23½c; 1901, 14@17c; old, 5@9c. Pacific coast, 1902, 18½@23c; 1901, 14@17c; old, 5@9c.

Hides steady; Galveston, 20 to 25 pounds, 18c; California, 21 to 25 pounds, 19c; Texas dry, 24 to 30 pounds, 14c. Leather steady; acid, 24@25½c.

Beef dull; family, $10.50@11.50; mess, $8.50@9.50; beef hams, $19.50@21; packet, $9.50@10; city, extra India mess, $16@18. Cut meats steady; pickled bellies, $8.75@10.25; pickled shoulders, $8@8.25; pickled hams, $11.25@11.50. Lard dull; Western steamed, $9.15. Refined steady; continental, $9.25; South American, $9.85; compound, $7.50@8. Pork steady; family $18.25@18.50; short clear, $18@19.50; mess, $18.25@18.75.

Tallow steady; city ($2 for package), 5c; country (packages free), 5¼@5⅜c. Cottonseed oil firmer; prime yellow, 42c.

Rice firm; domestic, fair to extra, 4½@7c; Japanese nominal. Molasses quiet; New Orleans open kettle, good to choice, 31@40c.

Coffee—Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice, 5⅛c; mild steady; Cordova, 7¾@11⅝c.

Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 3⅛c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 19-32c; molasses sugar, 2 29-32c. Refined steady; No. 6, 4.45c; No. 7, 4.40c; No. 8, 4.35c; No. 9, 4.30c; No. 10, 4.25c; No. 11, 4.20c; No. 12, 4.15c; No. 13, 4.10c; No. 14, 4.05c; confectioners' A, 4.70c; mold A, 5.10c; cutloaf, 5.45c; crushed, 5.45c; powdered, 4.95c; granulated, 4.95c; cubes, 5.10c.

FLETCHER, BEELER & CO.
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS
CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP
Indianapolis Union Stockyards. Te. 183

TRADE IN GENERAL.

Quotations at St. Louis, Baltimore, Cincinnati and Elsewhere.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—Flour dull; red winter patents, $3.60@3.75; extra fancy and straight, $3.30@3.55. Timothy seed nominal. Corn meal steady at $2.70. Bran dull; nothing doing for shipment. Wheat higher; No. 2 red, cash elevator, nominal; track, 76@76½c; July, 75⅝c; September, 73c; No. 2 hard, nominal. Corn higher; No. 2 cash, nominal; track, 53c; July, 48⅝c; September, 47½c. Oats higher; No. 2 cash and track, nominal; July, 38⅝c; September, 33⅝c; No. 2 white, nominal. Rye nominal at 53c. Pork weaker; jobbing, standard mess, $17.42½. Lard weak. Bacon easier; boxed extra shorts, $10; clear ribs, $10.25; short clears, $10.37½. Hay unchanged; timothy, $12@25; prairie, $10@14. Whisky steady at $1.30. Iron cotton ties, $1.05. Bagging, 5⅜@6½c. Hemp twine, 5c. Receipts—Flour, 1,000 brls; wheat, 5,000 bu; corn, 12,000 bu; oats, 2,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 2,000 brls; wheat, nothing; corn, 1,000 bu; oats, 7,000 bu.

CINCINNATI, June 13.—Flour firm. Wheat firm; No. 2 red, 79½@80c. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed, 51½@52c. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed, 38¾@39c. Rye firm; No. 2, 58c. Lard easier at $8.25. Bulk meats quiet at $9.25. Bacon steady at $10.37½. Whisky easy at $1.30. Sugar steady.

DULUTH, June 13.—Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 81¼c; No. 1 northern, 79⅜c; No. 2 northern, 78⅛c; July, 79⅝c; September, 72⅜c; December, 71c. Oats—To arrive and on track, 36½@37c.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 13.—Wheat—Cash, 79⅜c; July, 78⅞@78½c; September, 71⅝c; on track, No. 1 hard, 80⅝c; No. 1 northern, 79⅜c; No. 2 northern, 78⅝c; No. 3 northern, 76½@77½c.

KANSAS CITY, June 13.—Wheat—July, 65⅝@65⅞c; September, 64⅞@65c. Corn—July, 44⅜@44⅝c; September, 43c.

TOLEDO, June 13.—Clover seed lower; October, $5.65. Prime timothy, $1.75.

MILWAUKEE, June 13.—Barley firm; No. 2, 57½c; sample, 46@53c.

Butter, Cheese and Eggs.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Butter—Receipts, 4,846 packages. The market was steady; State dairy, 17@21c; extra creamery, 22c; creamery, common to choice, 18@21½c. Cheese—Receipts, 6,163 packages. The market was firm; State full cream, fancy small colored, 10⅝c; small white, 10⅜c; large colored, 10⅛c; large white, 10⅛c. Eggs—Receipts, 7,821 packages. The market was irregular; State and Pennsylvania extras, 19½c; State and Pennsylvania firsts, 16½@17c; Western extras, 18½c; Western seconds to firsts, 15@17c.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13.—Butter quiet; prints 1c lower; extra Western creamery, 22½c; extra near-by prints, 23c. Eggs firm and in good demand; fresh near-by, 18c, loss off; fresh Western, 18c, loss off; fresh Southwestern, 17c, loss off. Cheese quiet and unchanged; New York full creams, choice new, 11@11¼c; New York full creams, fair to good new, 10¼@10⅝c.

CHICAGO, June 13.—On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was easy; creamery, 16@21½c; dairy, 15½@18½c. Eggs steady at 13⅝@14½c, at the mark, cases included. Cheese steady at 10¼@11½c.

KANSAS CITY, June 13.—Eggs steady; Missouri and Kansas, 11c, cases returned; new No. 2 whitewood cases included, 11½c.

CINCINNATI, June 13.—Eggs steady at 13½c. Butter firm. Cheese firm; Ohio flat, 14c.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—Butter steady; creamery, 16@25c; dairy, 14@17c. Eggs higher at 15½c, loss off.

BOSTON, June 13.—[Special.]—Eggs firm at 17½@18c.

Oils.

OIL CITY, June 14.—Credit balances, $1.50; certificates no bid. Shipments—Pennsylvania, 127,318 brls; average, 73,257 brls; Lima, 80,292 brls; average, 68,605 brls. Runs—Pennsylvania, 94,394 brls; average, 84,236 brls; Lima, 69,429 brls; average, 59,019 brls.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Petroleum steady; refined New York, 8.55c; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 8.50c; Philadelphia and Baltimore, in bulk, 5.60c. Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $2.05@2.10. Turpentine steady at 49@49½c.

WILMINGTON, June 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 46c. Rosin firm at $1.75. Crude turpentine firm at $1.65, $3 and $3.25. Tar firm at $1.65.

MONTPELIER, June 13.—Crude petroleum steady; North Lima, $1.14; South Lima and Indiana, $1.09.

CHARLESTON, June 13.—Turpentine steady at 45½c. Rosin steady.

SAVANNAH, June 13.—Turpentine firm at 46c. Rosin firm.

Poultry.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Poultry—Alive weak; Western spring chickens, 22@23c. Dressed firm and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—Poultry quiet; chickens, 10c; springs, 18c; turkeys, 9c; ducks, 7½c; geese, 3@4c.

BOSTON, June 13.—[Special.]—Poultry steady; fowls, 14½c; springs, 28c; turkeys, 15c.

CINCINNATI, June 13.—Poultry steady; hens, 11½c; springs, 12@16c; turkeys, 10c.

CHICAGO, June 13.—Live poultry steady; turkeys, 10@11c; chickens, 12½c.

Metals.

NEW YORK, June 13.—There was only a small inquiry for the leading metals to-day, and prices as a rule unchanged but steady. Copper was dull and more or less nominal, on the basis of $14.50@14.75 for lake and electrolytic and $14 for casting. Tin was firm and unchanged at $28.25@28.50. Spelter ruled quiet, with a strong undertone; spot quoted at $6.25. Lead steady and unchanged at $4.37½ for spot. Iron quiet and nominally unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—Metals dull. Lead steady at $4.12½@4.15. Spelter firm at $5.50@5.60.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The dry goods market is in an advancing condition, and buyers are more inclined to accept this higher level than at any time since the advance commenced. No speculation is evident in the buying, but where the goods are offered little haggling is indulged in over prices. Jobbers are moderately busy, and advances indicate a favorable retail trade throughout the country.

Wool.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—Wool steady; medium grades and combing, 16@20½c; light, 15@17½c; heavy fine, 11@14½c; tub washed, 19@29½c.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Wool firm; domestic fleece, 28@32c.

Cotton.

NEW ORLEANS, June 13.—Cotton firm; sales, 1,000 bales. Ordinary, 10 5-16c; good ordinary, 11 1-16c; low middling, 11 15-16c; middling, 12 13-16c; good middling, 13 5-16c; middling fair, 14c nominal. Receipts, 720 bales; stock, 70,371 bales.

SUNDAY MARKET HELD.

Live Stock Sold in Kansas City for the First Time Recorded.

KANSAS CITY, June 14.—The first Sunday trading at the stockyards in the history of the local market prevailed here to-day, all departments being open. The business of buying and selling cattle and hogs progressed the same as on a week day. The market was kept open at the request of shippers and feeders close to Kansas City who have experienced difficulty in obtaining feed at reasonable prices because of the conditions resulting from the recent flood.

Cattle—Receipts, 850; calves, 5. Shipments, 950 cattle, no calves. The market was steady to strong. Beef steers, $4.65@4.90; Southwest steers, $4.50; native heifers, $3.25@4.25; native mixed, $2.50@3.85; stock heifers, $2@2.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 900; shipments none. The market was active and mostly a nickel higher. Top, $6.07½; range, $5.60@6.07½.

No sheep were received to-day.

Receipts for Monday are uncertain and estimates range from 125 to 300 cars. Nearly all the unloading chutes of the various railroads will be in commission, however, and liberal receipts are expected before the week closes, although only two packing houses may be in active operation by that time. The work of cleaning up the quarantine division is being pushed and it will be ready for business within another week.