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YOUR SUMMER VACATION.

If you take one you will want to keep in touch with home. The best way to do this is to have the Journal mailed to you. Leave your order before starting. We will change the address as often as you desire.

The jury for the trial of the Danville rioters has finally been got together, and the trial will probably proceed without further delay.

An agricultural fair has been held in Alaska, and the Yukon Horticultural Society points with pride to its garden products.

Since it is apparent that the recent Wall-street smash did not affect the business of the country, we are told that the leaders of "high finance" did the whole thing on purpose in accordance with a carefully arranged plan, to save the country from the harmful influence of high-priced securities, and that when it had gone as far as they thought proper they stopped it.

The State authorities of Louisiana claim to have discovered a new way of violating the United States immigration law.

The charge that the administration was too hasty in ordering warships to Beirut on the report of the killing of the United States vice consul there is refuted by later developments.

During a discussion by the congress of insurance actuaries in New York of the probable interest rate of the future it was stated that three insurance companies in that city have an aggregate of more than \$1,000,000 to invest.

Some of the jurors in the Sam Parks case have expressed their minds very freely regarding the action of Justice Sewell in granting a certificate of reasonable doubt under which Parks has been released from prison.

The secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, who has his office in this city, says the revenue of the organization during the last quarter was \$175,589 and that it has \$99,610 in its treasury.

During the long strike of last summer the organization paid several hundred thousand dollars out of its treasury for support of the strikers—a degree of liberality that hardly any other organization in the country would have shown to its members in time of need. One cannot help wishing that it may be a long time before the United Mine Workers will have to make such another draft on its resources as that of last summer, and that, in the meantime, it may find some other philanthropic use for its large surplus than supporting strikers in idleness. This is a good enough use of funds if strikes must come, but it would be better for all concerned if they could be avoided and the large accumulations of the organization utilized in some other way. It would almost endow a home for aged and disabled miners.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

The Alaskan boundary dispute with Canada and England has been dragging its length along for some years now, and it is very doubtful if the commission now sitting in London, composed of three Americans, two Canadians and one Englishman, will be able to agree. It is not at all likely, however, that the question will ever develop as much popular excitement as did the dispute over the Northwest boundary, in which, after yelling "Fifty-four-forty or fight" through a whole campaign, we gave up all of Manitoba and the rich timber territory of British Columbia and divided the control of Puget sound.

There are three big volumes of arguments, testimony, maps and documentary evidence before the commission, but boiled down to a nutshell, the whole question hinges on whether the wording of the Anglo-Russian treaty of 1825, to the Russian rights under which we fell heir in 1867, means that the boundary line shall run from headland to headland or shall always keep at a reasonable distance from tidewater. The wording of this treaty, drawn without any specific knowledge of the conformation of the coast or its topography, has proven peculiarly unfortunate. The treaty read that the boundary line should run three marine leagues back from the coast, following its sinuosities, unless it should be found that the coast had a mountain range, in which case the line should follow it in the usual way, by straight lines from peak to peak.

It so happens that there is a mountain range, which frequently touches the coast, and the Canadian contention is that the line should therefore run from headland to headland, which would turn over to Canada Dyea, Skagway and other ports and territory now held by Americans and leave us nothing more than a few undesirable promontories. If the commission shall reach no decision the territory will continue under American control.

THE CARNIVAL SPIRIT.

The staid residents of Danville are protesting seriously against the proposition to permit a private carnival concern to conduct a "street fair" in their eminently respectable town, and they are exactly right about it. The carnival, street fair, or whatever it may be called, has had a great run in Indiana, but the Journal knows of none that has resulted in the general good, and there have been very few that have not resulted in general harm. The military carnival now in progress at the Statehouse is something of an exception in that the militiamen interested in it police it so thoroughly as to repress anything in the nature of hoodlumism.

A Matter of Preference.

It may be very grand to make One's way by dint of merit— But I believe I'd rather take No chances, and inherit.

Burned His Bridges.

"What do you think of our author friend's success?" "The irony of fate. After he has gone on record to the effect that the public is totally lacking in artistic discrimination and wants nothing but trash, he gets out a book that makes a universal hit."

What Really Happened.

"Aln't it just lovely?" she murmured, sweetly. "Yes," answered the adoring wretch. "There can't be any small-boy-under-the-sofa touch this way."

In Defense of the Horse.

If you were a horse And people drove you in the hot sun, And made you wear a funny hat, And ran you down hill, And kept you overfed and underfed, And ran you in crooked races, And treated you like a machine, Not much more liable to damage than a lawn mower, Wouldn't you kick?"

A Quagmire.

"Mamma," said a Fayette-street youth. "Yes, my boy." "Didn't somebody say once, 'The good die young'?" "Yes, my boy."

Earning It Hereif.

Philadelphia-Telegraph. Mrs. Frugal—We had a beautiful arrangement at our church meeting. Every woman contributed 50 which she had earned herself by hard work.

Her Neighbor—How did you get yours?

Mrs. Frugal—From my husband.

Her Neighbor—But I don't call that earning it yourself by hard work.

Mrs. Frugal—You don't know that husband of mine, or else you would.

BEATEN BY ANGRY WOMEN.

Sailor Punished for Attempting to Hug a Pretty Girl.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—Scores of angry women have beaten John Nulty, recently discharged from the navy, into insensibility in Madison Square because he attempted to hug Fortunio Lorio, a pretty girl of fourteen years. Fortunio, with her two sisters, was listening to the band playing in the park when Nulty came along.

"I'm going to kiss you," he said to Fortunio and grasped her in his arms. The girl screamed for help. Instantly hundreds of women rushed to the scene. They rained blows on Nulty and finally felled him. He was kicked on all sides and his face was torn by sharp finger nails and hands full of hair were torn from his head. Nulty cried for mercy, but the women gave none. Men tried to get at him, but the women waved them back.

"I'll attend to him," they said. "Lynch the cur," shouted the men.

The cries of Nulty for aid had sunk to low moans when two officers arrived. After forcing their way through the crowd of struggling women, the police found that Nulty had fainted. He was carried to the station and locked up.

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