Girls' Coats

NOT the least among present attractions at the AYRES store are the many handsome Coats and Costumes for little girls.

Just as a suggestion, wouldn't it be a good arrangement to bring the youngsters down this week when they may see the very interesting educational exhibit of the Crowns of the World's Rulers?

It will be a pleasure to have you and yours visit the store while there is so much that is attractive.

L. S. AYRES & CO. Indianas Greatest Distributors of Dry Goods

NEW GLOVES

New style of "Slip On" or whole wrist and no fastenings, high quality, black, white and tan—

Price $1.75

Tucker's GLOVE STORE
10 East Washington Street.

$5 FOR $3

To introduce our A La Carte Noon Lunch, we will for one week sell a $5.00 meal ticket for $3.00. Sept. 21 to Sept. 28.

SMITH'S RESTAURANT
39-41 N. Illinois St.

Jersey Cream Bread

and 9 other kinds at

Joseph Taggart's Bakeries

You Can Shake a Rug

And keep it clean. Then it will last longer. That's why rugs are so economical. You'd better beat it though, as that is less apt to injure the fabric.

We have two lots of small rugs which are especially economical because of their fine wearing qualities. They are Wilton rugs, beautiful in pattern and good in material.

Size 27x54 inches . . . $4.15
Size 36x63 inches . . . $5.90

There are less than 100 of each. Get one while they last

BADGER FURNITURE CO

Silk, Velvet and Flannel Waists

The most charming styles ever shown by us. Beautiful cotton Waists in heavy homespun and mercerized effects at

$1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.50, Up to $7.50.

Silk Waists in all the late novelties, unquestionably the most extensive showing in our history, at prices so attractive that to look means to buy.

New Arrivals in FUR COATS and FUR NECKWEAR

Bestel-Langsey
INDIANAPOLIS—LOUISVILLE

Louisville Horse Show.

The fourth Louisville horse show will begin Monday, Sept. 28, and continue during the week. Of the seventy-six classes opened by the association seventy-four are filled. The list of entries will be published Monday in the official catalogue. There are about 800 entries, representing about twenty different States and Canada. The classes are well balanced and the competition promises to be spirited from beginning to end.

The association has announced that it will enforce the rule imposing a fine for nonexhibition of horses entered, unless they are unable to compete, as certified to by a veterinary surgeon.

Servian Cabinet Resigns.

BELGRADE, Servia, Sept. 23.—At King Peter's request the Cabinet will resign to-morrow, but the ministers will remain in office until the meeting of the Skupschtina.

New Pianos, $155 and up. Wulschner's.

HIS LIFE FOR IRELAND

MEMORY OF ROBERT EMMET HONORED BY IRISHMEN.

Eloquent Address Is Delivered in Masonic Hall by Judge O'Neil Ryan, of St. Louis.

BEGGING IS DISCOURAGED

CANVASS FOR FUNDS HAS BEEN A FAILURE IN THIS COUNTRY.

Patriots at Home Should Do Their Part, He Thinks—Declaration of Principles Adopted.

The Emmet celebration at Masonic Hall last night was a success in every particular. True Irish hearts swelled with patriotism and pride at the eloquence of a gifted orator whose intense appeal in behalf of old Ireland was answered by rousing cheers. The celebration was under the auspices of the Emmet Club and the different Irish societies of Indianapolis. The occasion was the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the execution of the Irish patriot, Robert Emmet.

Prior to the exercises at Masonic Hall there was a parade by the Father Mathew Boys' Brigade in command of Capt. P. J. Carney. Masonic Hall was crowded at 8 o'clock. The temporary chairman was J. P. O'Mahony. Representative Irishmen of the city were on the stage. Among them were Edward P. Clancy, at the head of the Knights of Columbus of the State; Capt. Thomas Madden, John R. Walsh, P. J. McNelis, Maurice Donnelly and others. W. L. Taylor occupied a seat on the stage and Mayor Bookwalter and John W. Holtzman, Democratic candidate for mayor, were there. During the evening there was music by the Boys' Brigade Band and solos by Mr. Gibson, Mrs. Cantion, Mr. Harry Doyle, Miss Egan and Miss Taylor. Mr. Martin P. Grady sang "God Save Ireland."

Mr. O'Mahoney in introducing A. M. Sweeney as permanent chairman of the evening referred to the fact that Mr. Sweeney, with commendable patriotism, had called his eldest son Robert Emmet Sweeney. The orator of the evening was Judge O'Neil Ryan, of St. Louis, whom chairman Sweeney introduced with a few gracious remarks. The hall was decorated with stars and stripes and the flag of Ireland. Above the stage hung the portrait of Robert Emmet and above it was a large banner bearing the words of the lamented patriot, "It was my aim to do what Washington did for America." Both the chairman and Judge Ryan were given an ovation by the audience. In part Judge Ryan said:

"Ireland has had many orators and men of action, perhaps too many of the former, too few of the latter. Tone was essentially a man of action, of great courage, ability and resources. Emmet, who followed in his steps and teachings, was both orator and actor. It has been customary to regard Emmet from the standpoint of the lover rather than the hero, to throw over him a poetic and sentimental glamour. True he loved deeply and tenderly and the natural desire to see once again the object of his affections caused his capture, but that love was subordinate to the love he bore his native land; that passion, that consuming passion to see his country a nation took possession of his being and swayed his every motive.

HIS ARDENT DEVOTION.

"It inspired him as a youth. It guided him as a man, for that passion was not the mad zeal of the enthusiast but the ardent devotion sustained and directed by well balanced judgment that characterized Washington in America and Lafayette in France. It is then first to the patriot, soldier and leader that we must remember Emmet. Alien in religion to the great body of his countrymen, as have been most of the revolutionary and many of the political leaders of the race, he strove to free his countrymen without regard to creed or class. He felt that the platform of nationhood was broad enough and strong enough for Catholic and Protestant. He was witness to the brutal methods of the government in forcing the rising of '98 when a licentious and unbridled soldiery pillaged and butchered and the most horrible atrocities were not only permitted but approved by those in power. He saw the Parliament wrung from England by the threat of force of 1782, destroyed by corruption in 1800.

"He turned to France but felt that after all Irishmen must win their own liberties. He came back in the fall of 1802, after conferring with his brother, Thomas Addis Emmet, and other united Irishmen, and believing that war between France and England was imminent, began his preparations. His plan was to capture Dublin Castle, the seat then as now of British power in Ireland. In control there and with English representatives as his hostages, aided by the men of Kildare, Wicklow and Wexford, on whom he chiefly relied, he felt and with reason, that he could hold Dublin; that Ireland generally would rise and that England could not in her then foreign difficulties prevent the people from getting their independence. He worked skillfully and swiftly. Nothing was left to mere chance. His plans were carefully laid and would be boldly executed and that they did not succeed was due to a series of occurrences that could not have been foreseen or guarded against.

HOPES WERE DASHED.

"In the heart of Dublin, unknown to the police, he manufactured arms for over 10,000 men. He arranged with the leaders in the counties named for assistance at the time to be fixed for the assault. On that very evening the castle authorities were indulging in pleasures that would have made access and capture practicable. On the 18th of July a premature explosion had given alarm and forced Emmet to fix the 23d for the assault, earlier by some months than he intended, as he knew the troops in Ireland must be withdrawn to fight England's battles with France, and a false alarm on the 23d precipitated action with a short struggle on the streets of Dublin. Emmet saw his plans and hopes dashed to pieces. He fled from Dublin and might have left Ireland, but returned to bid adieu to Sarah Curran. His capture was followed by the mockery of a trial on Sept. 19, and on the following day he was hanged and beheaded. His life was an example, his death was an inspiration not alone to his countrymen but to all the oppressed who struggle for liberty.

"There is no greater type in all history of love of country and sacrifice of self. The man died but his spirit lives. The body perished, but the immortal soul survived. The plans failed but the principles were indicated. The gibbet on Thomas street became the altar of liberty. The precious blood shed on that day became the seed fruitful of an intense undying love by the race of the cause for which Emmet died; a cause that has survived the storms and tempests of seven hundred years, consecrated by the blood of martyrs, sanctified by the sufferings of centuries, the cause of Irish liberty is imperishable, for it men have languished in dungeons and perished on scaffolds, have yielded their lives on the battlefield and endured the anguish of exile.

CAUSE IS IMMORTAL.

"The cause is immortal. It cannot perish. It must triumph, and if the race be but true to Emmet's principles in the providence of God and Irish manhood that victory should soon be won. The history of Ireland's connection with England shows nothing substantial can be gained save by force or its threat backed by power to carry it out.

"The Irish volunteers won the Grattan Parliament, the revolution practically already blazing in Ireland secured Catholic emancipation, while the Fenians forced the disestablishment of the Irish Church by the blow at Clarkenwall Prison. What has been the attitude of men in America who know that history and therefore believe in revolutionary methods? The physical force men in this country backed the land league movement, giving constitutional agitation a fair trial, and while it was under a leader who had never compromised or committed himself to an opinion that Ireland's future was inseparable from England, these men now believe that it is sheer waste of time, energy and money to support such a movement any longer, even if it were conducted along the aggressive lines of twenty years ago. If the Irish have been benefited, as we are told by the bills passed heretofore, they should be able and glad to give the financial support asked by the parliamentarians. A few shillings a year paid by each farmer would give the party all it needed and save the American Irish the humiliating spectacle of begging expeditions in this country, expeditions which were a failure because the physical force men refused to give any aid. In Boston, in October, 1902, there was pledged $100,000 within six months. Nearly a year has passed and but half that amount has been raised, though they have thrashed the country from end to end. Were the Irish Nationalists behind the league, the sum would have been raised in sixty days. This lethargy shows that the Irish race in this country have lost faith in appeals to the English Parliament. No one wants to plunge Ireland into an unprepared war, but in the name of Irish independence, stop pleading to Parliament, for granting self-government to Ireland will thereby make Ireland a contented part of the empire and thus insure imperial integrity. Mr. Redmond is doubtless expressing his honest views of the proper solution of the Irish question, but it is not one that will commend itself to the race; it is not one that will justify his supporters in commemorating a man whose principles and methods were directly the opposite.

"If Emmet's epitaph shall be written, if his conduct and his cause shall be vindicated by other men in other times, let us unite to do this work and become men worthy of the traditions of a great race.

"If the genius and history of our race means anything, it means that God has meant the Irish people to be free and independent. Let them prove true to the principles and teachings of Emmet and Ireland shall be a nation among the nations of the earth."

Declaration of Principles.

The following declaration of principles was read and adopted by the audience:

"That in celebrating the centennial of the judicial murder of the brave and puresouled Robert Emmet, who forfeited his life in the endeavor to establish a republic on Irish soil, we, the citizens of a republic, pledge anew our devotion to his principles. Judged by the light of the century that has passed since the death of our beloved martyr, we solemnly declare that the 'sole grievance of Ireland is the English connection,' and that there can be no peace, happiness or contentment in Ireland until that connection is destroyed, and an Irish republic is established on Irish soil.

"We hold that the right of Ireland to a complete and separate independence is inalienable, and that the same is possible of accomplishment by the union of the patriotic men of our race throughout the world with a determination to grasp the opportunities which the near future has in store.

"We point to the gross failure of the so-called English concessions to restore prosperity to our motherland, and point to the fact that the immigrant ships are even now more thronged than ever with the bone and sinew of our motherland, who fly from the cursed rule of the English government.

"We declare that 'she is the same old England' as far as Ireland is concerned, and point by way of illustration to the vindictive manner in which she has pursued to this country an Irish peasant, an alleged fugitive from justice, whom her infamous laws committed to life imprisonment for an ordinary assault.

"We call the attention of the government officials at Washington to the notorious fact, well proven in the case to which we allude, that the Pinkerton detective agency in this country is nothing less than an organized force of English spies in the United States, willing to sell information to England on any matter of an international nature, on which the British goverment may desire to be informed.

"Finally, we call upon our brother Irishmen throughout the United States and upon all our fellow-citizens who cherish liberty, to oppose by every means in their power the efforts of the Anglomaniacs of the present day to ally this republic with the British empire. We believe that any truckling to, or understanding with England is subversive to American liberty and an insult to the memory of the fathers of the Republic."

WHITE PAINT $1 BILLS

WILLIAM P. STEWART IN TROUBLE FOR PASSING ONE.

Raised Silver Certificate Given as Part Wages Intentionally, It Is Alleged, Secured by Capt. Halls.

William P. Stewart, a house mover, living at 12 North Alabama street, was arrested yesterday by Deputy Marshal Rankin and given a hearing before United States Commissioner Moores on the charge of passing a raised $1 silver certificate. He is held to appear before the United States grand jury. Stewart claimed that he received the certificate from a colored woman and did not know that it was a raised bill.

The colored woman, whose address was given, was arrested by Captain Halls, of the secret service, and Deputy Marshal Rankin, but she proved she knew nothing about the bill. The evidence showed that Stewart knew that the bill was raised and that he passed it intentionally. The bill was passed on a man named Brock, who works for Stewart and to whom the bill was given for wages.

The bill is what is known as one of the "white paint bills," of which there are a good many in circulation. They are $1 bills raised to $5 and are the work of two negroes named Stark and Jackson, whom Captain Hall captured several weeks ago in the southern part of the State. Captain Hall recognized the work immediately. He has been on the trail of Stewart for some time. It is not known how Stewart came into possession of the money.

CHILDREN GROW FLOWERS.

Seeds Distributed by Louis Hoover Were Well Taken Care Of.

In the spring Louis Hoover, acting for the Commercial Club, distributed among the school children of the city a variety of flower seeds with the request that at some time in the fall the different schools set aside a day as "flower day" and observe it by bringing flowers to school. School 58, on Sherman drive in Tuxedo Park, was the first school to observe the day. When the children came to school yesterday morning they all carried an armload of flowers, which had been raised from the seeds distributed. Two prizes had been offered by the principal of the school, Miss Kate Mason. Their offerings, of almost every flower imaginable, were displayed before judges, which consisted of Louis Hoover, William Watson Woollen and Franklin S. Hoyt, assistant superintendent of the schools.

The first prize was awarded to Lewis Wurfel, a boy of the B grade, and was Irving's "Sketch Book." "Capt. January," a juvenile book, was the second prize and was awarded to Louise Smith, a little girl of the 3B grade. The date on which the seeds were distributed was May 18. Of the eighty exhibitors, the following received honorable mention: Lottie Harvey, Marcelline Mohr, Emma Wysong, Arthur Fleck, Nettie Abel, Edith Bryant, Roy Breeding, Florence Ream, Elsie Agnew, August Vodemarck, Elsie Wright and Albert Greenwald.

The Most Beautiful Four-Color Fashion Printing Yet Accomplished.

The first page of next Sunday's magazine supplement shows two beautiful gowns, one in black and one in plum tinted crepe chine, so printed in four colors, from half tones as to bring out all the delicate shades of the fabrics and all the minutest details of the gowns.

Women readers must appreciate the fact that the Journal is presenting them with such faithful reproductions of such beautiful apparel.

The descriptive article is a model of what a fashion letter should be. Be sure to look it up.

ENGINES JUMP TRACK

ONE MAN FATALLY AND THREE SERIOUSLY HURT IN ACCIDENT.

Vandalia Locomotives, Coupled Together, Leave the Rails at the Kentucky-Avenue Crossing.

ED GAUGHAN BADLY MANGLED

JOHN ZINK, FRED HARRIS, TONY GAUGHAN AND OTHERS HURT.

Eyewitnesses to the Accident Vary in Statements of the Probable Cause—Dangerous Curve.

One man was fatally injured and three men badly hurt in a railroad wreck on the Vandalia line about fifty feet south of Merrill street and Kentucky avenue, at 9:30 last night.

Ed Gaughan, boarding at 518 South West street, suffered a fracture of the left leg and internal injuries which will probably result in his death. He was removed to St. Vincent's Hospital. John Zink, living at 554 West Thirteenth street, was hurt about the head and body by flying timbers and escaping steam; a carriage took him home. "Tony" Gaughan received painful injuries about his legs and was removed to his home, at 514 South West street. Fred Harris, of 57 East Raymond street, was injured by flying timbers and was taken home.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

As engine No. 146, in charge of Engineer John Zink and Fireman E. Gaughan, was drawing a heavily loaded freight train made up of forty or fifty cars around the curve on the switch which leads from the National Starch Works plant to the main track it stuck on account of the steep grade. Engine No. 18, in charge of "Tony" Gaughan, engineer, and Fireman Fred Harris, was sent to pull the train up the grade on to the main track. While rounding the curve at a high rate of speed, No. 18 jumped the track, pulling No. 146, which was a very much lighter engine, with it. Both engines were thrown at right angles with the track and No. 18 turned completely over. No. 146 plowed its way ten feet into the bank on the east side of the track, and escaping steam tore a hole in the ground six feet long and one foot deep. Ed Gaughan was caught between the two engines and his body was badly crushed and mangled. A large crowd soon gathered and administered to the injured men until the arrival of the ambulance.

CAUSE OF ACCIDENT.

Eye-witnesses vary as to the cause of the accident; some say that the switch is in a bad state of repair and that the rails spread, causing the wheels of the engines to strike the cross-ties; others say that on account of the high speed which must be attained in order to ascend the grade No. 18 could not hold the rails. One trainman said that he had often seen engines attain a speed of forty miles an hour in rounding this curve. About three months ago there was a derailment of a similar nature in the vicinity of the accident last night. It is considered very remarkable by the trainmen that no one was killed instantly last night, and the only thing that saved the men was the fact that they jumped. The Panhandle wrecking crew cleared up the wreckage and traffic was resumed after having been blocked for several hours.

AWOKE TO LOVE.

Perry C. Smith Took a Nap on Train and Is Now Married.

When Perry C. Smith, of this city, went to Chicago about seven weeks ago he little thought that he was going to meet his prospective wife on the train. And little did Miss Annabel Mitchell, of Rochester, Ind., think that she was sitting down beside her future husband when she sat down on the seat beside Mr. Smith on the train. Such, however, was the case, and the two were married yesterday by the Rev. J. N. Canfield, of the Bismarck-avenue Christian Church. At the time that Miss Mitchell sat down beside him Mr. Smith was asleep, but when he awoke he was so taken with the pretty young woman that he began to talk to her. Soon their acquaintance ripened into friendship, and soon into love. Mr. Smith is manager of the Smith Cream Separating Company, of this city. After a short Eastern tour the couple will make their home in Indianapolis.

NO AGREEMENT YET.

Big Four Boiler Makers Are Holding Out for More Wages.

William Garstang, superintendent of motive power of the Big Four shops, held a conference with the representaives of the striking boiler makers yesterday, the result of which was the concession on the part of the boiler makers to return to work on a compromise of the demands made. Mr. Garstang did not sign any agreement or take any action in the matter, but he will submit the schedule arranged to the advisory board of the Big Four to-day for settlement. It is expected that the strike will be settled without any further trouble. About twenty-five boiler makers' helpers at the Brightwood shops walked out yesterday because of the failure of the employers to grant them an increase in wages from 18 cents to 20 cents an hour. This depletion will badly cripple the shop until the general strike is adjusted.

New Business Concerns.

Among the articles of incorporation filed with the secretary of state yesterday were those of the Aronson Company, of Indianapolis, with a capital stock of $5,800. The company is to deal in dry goods, cloaks, women's furnishings, etc. The directors are Louis Aronson, Louis Wolf and Charles E. Barrett.

The Buck Creek Hardware Company filed articles showing $2,000 of capital stock.

The Building Material Manufacturing Company, of Warsaw, is organized with the following directors: John F. Beyer, Cyrus C. Beyer, John E. Beyer, Thomas M. Le Hew and Sylvester E. Watkins.

Dunlap's Celebrated Hats at Seaton's hat store.

C., H. & D. RY.

$1.50—Springfield and Return—$1.50.
$1.25—Decatur and Return—$1.25.
Sunday, Sept. 27th.

Special train will leave Indianapolis 6 a. m.; returning, leave Springfield 7 p. m. Passengers boarding excursion train without tickets will be charged local fare.

THE BIG FOUR ROUTE.

Excursions Sunday, Sept. 27.

$1.25—Cincinnati and Return—$1.25

Special fast express trains leave Indianapolis Union Station 7 a. m. Returning, leave Central Union Station, Cincinnati, 7 p. m.
TERRE HAUTE, $1.
GREENCASTLE, 75c.
Special train leaves Indianapolis Union Station 7 a. m. Returning, leaves Terre Haute 7 p. m.
H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

$4.00 Round Trip to St. Louis, Mo.

Veiled Prophet Excursion via Clover Leaf Route, Tuesday, Oct. 6, 1903. Special train passes Kokomo, Ind., at 2:45 a. m., Frankfort, Ind., at 3:35 a. m. Get tickets and information of agents Clover Leaf Route, or address C. D. WHITNEY, General Traffic Manager Clover Leaf Route, Toledo, O.

COBURN COAL CO. sells only the best coal.

WASSON'S

....The Hat Beautiful....

OPENING DAYS are over, but the show of elegance and style in the Millinery Department continues. To-Day a fine array of popular-priced Hats.

SPECIAL TO-DAY—Several dozen Fine White Silk Hats, trimmed ready to wear, French Sailors and Du Barry High Roll Hats, $10.00 and $8.00 values, for **$5.75**

All the best of Phipps and Atchison, Hummel and Gage Ready-to-wear Hats—these manufacturers maintain the highest standard of hats in America. Prices $3.98 to **$12.00**

In the popular priced department are shown some extraordinary values in stylish Trimmed Hats, all colors and distinct styles, choice of several hundred Hats for **$4.98**

Low priced Ready-to-wear Hats are famous leaders here this season; an unsurpassed variety of styles that look like $3.00 values, are **$2.25**

Ostrich Plumes, 18 inches long, in black, white, pink and blue, others would sell it for $2.00, our price **$1.25**

Fluffy Pompons, in all colors, 50c kind **39c**

Very pretty Pompons, with aigrette in black and white, 75c kind **59c**

Leading Style Thoughts in Suits

The pre-eminence that clever buying gives, belongs to this great Suit and Wrap section. Just how to bring correct, distinctive styles together with moderate prices is a problem that we have solved, as this wonderful assortment proves.

Women's Tailor-made Suits, blouse, corset fitting and Norfolk style, walking and dress lengths, of plain colors, cheviot and fancy mixtures, to-day **$19.75**

200 styles of Women's Tailor-made Suits, new mixtures, men's suitings, broadcloths and Limondsville cheviots, long and short coats, special **$25.00**

500 styles of Women's Tailor-made Suits of broadcloths, zibelines and mannish cloths, Louis XV, corset fitting and blouse styles, from $27.50 to **$75.00**

25 styles of Women's Costumes or Evening Dresses of voile silk and crepe white cream, red and black, lace and embroidery trimmed, to-day $37.50 to **$87.50**

New Walking and Street Skirts of mannish mixtures and small checks, strap trimmed, man tailored, stitched seams, special to-day **$5.00**

New Dress Skirts of broadcloth, black and blue, trimmed with new herringbone ribbon trimming over hips, and down front, special **$7.00**

Women's New Fleece-lined Waists, white grounds, with wide polka dot stripes, new tucked fronts, new sleeves, stocks and cuffs **$2.75**

New Shirtwaists of linen crash, colors and white plaids, plain and fancy stripe vestings, new plaited fronts, new sleeves and stocks, from $3.50 to **$6.50**

H. P. WASSON & CO. THE INDIANAPOLIS STORE H. P. WASSON & CO.

THE BIG FOUR ROUTE.

Low Settlers' Rates Daily Until November 30th.

San Francisco, $36.00.
Los Angeles, $36.00.
San Diego, $36.00.
Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Vancouver, $36.80.
Spokane, $34.65.
Helena, Butte and Anaconda, $32.60.
Billings, Mont., $27.60.

Other points in vicinity of these at corresponding rates. For tickets and particulars call on Big Four Agents.
H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

$5.00—CHICAGO AND RETURN—$5.00
Via Monon Route.

Tickets sold September 26 and 28. Final return limit October 2. Four fast trains leave Indianapolis 7 a. m., 11:50 a. m., 3:35 p. m. and 12:55 a. m.

$8.00 Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Daily via the Chicago & Northwestern Railway. Four trains a day leave Chicago 9 a. m., 6:30 p. m., 10 p. m. and 3 a. m. The best of everything. For tickets, sleeping car reservations and full particulars, apply to any ticket agent or address N. M. BREEZE, 435 Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

Capital Razor and Supplies.
J. E. BODINE & CO., 37 E. Ohio St.

Grant H. Clay, M. D., Dentist.
For 14 years with New York Dental Company, 111 N. Illinois st., N. E. corner Market.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES.

$5.00—Chicago and Return—$5.00
Account Chicago Centennial Exposition.

Tickets will be sold Sept. 26 and 28, limited for return Oct. 2. See ticket agents.
W. W. RICHARDSON, D. P. A.

Feed your horses JANES'S Dustless Oats.

The "Ball-Bearing" Densmore.

If you examine carefully the new models, 4 and 5 Densmore, you will buy a Densmore. DENSMORE TYPEWRITER CO., Monument place and E. Market st. Typewriters sold and exchanged, rented and repaired.

R. P. King, Mechanical Engineer.
Mechanical drawing of all kinds. 415 Lemcke.

Aluminium and Brass Castings.
Pioneer Brass Works, 418-424 S. Penn. st.

Columbian Relief Fund, Stevenson Bldg., Indianapolis. Sick and Accident Ins. Agents wanted.

...PIANOS...

All new instruments, but discontinued styles. Fully warranted. We offer these this week at FACTORY PRICES. We also have a few special UPRIGHT PIANOS at

$175.00 Cash or Payments

This offer, coming as it does, from an old reliable house, will bear investigation and means a saving of money to you.

D. H. BALDWIN & CO.
MANUFACTURERS
145-149 N. Pennsylvania St.
Established 1862

Two Slightly Used Piano Players at Reduced Prices

THE BIG FOUR ROUTE

$5.00—Chicago and Return—$5.00
Chicago Centennial Celebration.

Tickets on sale September 26 and 28, good to return until October 2. For tickets and full particulars call at Big Four offices, No. 1 East Washington street, and Union Station. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

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SECOND FLOOR,
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Half a square from Penn. St.
Formerly at Marcy's.

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203 East Washington St.

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148 North Illinois St

FINEST TALKING MACHINE STORE
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Everything in Talking Machines and Records.
COLUMBIA PHONOGRAPH CO
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And Planing Mills
Veneered Doors and Hardwood Flooring

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Wm. Eaglesfield Co.
19th. St. and L. E. & W. R. R.
We have the genuine OHIO JACKSON.

BEAUTY PARLORS

COMPLEXION, not FEATURES, determines a woman's beauty. Venus herself would have been ugly with SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, PIMPLES, FRECKLES or MUDDY SKIN. If YOU are afflicted with any of these

Mme. A. P. Moening,
25 and 26 Cordova Bldg.

All facial blemishes removed by electrolysis. All cases receive the personal attention of Mme. Moening.
Fine line of cosmetics. Mail orders receive prompt attention. New phone 1356.