D SEAL

America's Best

CHAMPAGNE

Special Dry—Brut.

Its popularity is proof of its quality. It equals any French wine in bouquet and flavor, and costs only one-half. Why pay for foreign labels?

"GOLD SEAL" is sold everywhere and served at all leading clubs and cafes. URBANA WINE CO., Urbana, N. Y., Sole Maker.

vention was dominated by his friends and adopted a resolution presenting him as the candidate of the party of the State.

SILENT ON ISSUES.

"What are the issues before the country? The trust question is certainly an issue, and yet there is nothing in that platform that gives any encouragement to the opponents of the trusts. There is not a word or syllable that binds a person elected on such a platform to do anything that the trusts are unwilling to have done. The Kansas City platform stated the party's position on the trust question, but the New York platform not only fails to indorse the last national platform, but also fails to propose any definite or positive plan of relief.

"Imperialism is an issue. Our government is now administering a colonial policy according to the political principles employed by George III a century and a quarter ago, and yet there is not in this platform a single word relating to the question of imperialism, not a plank that defines the party's position on that subject, not a protest against the surrender of the doctrines of self-government. The Kansas City platform stated the party's opposition to a colonial policy, but the New York platform not only fails to indorse the Kansas City platform, but fails to take any position at all on this important question.

"The labor question is an issue. The laboring men have been before the committee of Congress endeavoring to secure three important measures. One is the arbitration of differences between corporations engaged in interstate commerce and their employes. Both the Chicago and the Kansas City platforms declared in favor of arbitration, but the New York platform not only fails to refer to the arbitration plan of these platforms, but it fails to write a new plank concerning this subject. The laboring men are also trying to secure an eight-hour day, but the New York platform is silent on this subject. The laboring men are trying to secure the abolition of government by injunction. Both the Chicago and the Kansas City platforms contained planks on this subject, but the New York platform dodges this, as it does all other vital questions. As the capitalists now have what they want and are in the position of defendants in a suit, while the laboring men are in the attitude of plaintiffs seeking relief, the failure of the New York platform to advocate what the laboring men desire is really a declaration against them.

"On the tariff question no issue is joined. It was reasonable to suppose that on this question, at least, something would be said, but Mr. Hill and Judge Parker seem to be as much afraid of the tariff question as of other issues.

MONEY QUESTION IGNORED.

"The money question is ignored entirely. No reference is made to bimetallism at any ratio—not even to international bimetallism, to which Mr. Hill seemed to be so attached in the Chicago convention. No reference is made to the measure now before Congress to melt up nearly 600,000,000 legal tender silver dollars into subsidiary coin that is only a limited legal tender. Nothing is said about the asset currency which is a part of the scheme of the financiers. Nothing is said about the Aldrich bill, which proposes to subsidize the banks into opposition to tax reduction by loaning them the surplus money in the treasury. There is no condemnation of the corruption that such a system would lead to. The platform does not antagonize the proposition now before Congress to give the national banks unlimited control over the volume of paper money. In other words, there is not a line in the platform that is written in behalf of the people; not a line that will excite criticism in Wall street.

"The platform ignores the income tax; it fails to indorse the election of senators by direct vote, and also omits the plank of the Kansas City platform denouncing corporate domination in politics.

"The New York platform is a dishonest platform, fit only for a dishonest party. No one but an artful dodger would stand upon it. The submission of such a platform to the voters of a State is an insult to their intelligence, for it is intended to deceive them, and a deliberate attempt to deceive—especially so clumsy an attempt as this platform is—is a reflection upon the brains of those to whom it is submitted.

"This platform proves that the opposition to the Kansas City platform is not opposition to silver, but opposition to every needed reform, and opposition to all that the masses desire.

"I had expected that a platform prepared by Mr. Hill for Judge Parker would be evasive and lacking in frankness, but I did not conceive that any body of men calling themselves Democrats would present such a platform as a recommendation of a candidate. If we are to take the New York platform as an indication of what the next Democratic platform is to be in case the reorganizers control the convention, then who will be able to deny the secret purpose of the reorganizers to turn the party over to predatory wealth? With such a platform and a candidate who would be willing to run upon it the party could secure as large a campaign fund as the Republican party has ever secured, but in securing it it would, like the Republican party, secretly pledge the administration to a construction of the platform satisfactory to the corporations and combinations.

MORTGAGED TO TRUSTS.

"Can anyone doubt that with such a platform as was adopted in New York, and with a candidate whose conscience would permit him to run upon such a platform—does anyone doubt that with such a platform and candidate the party would be mortgaged beforehand to the corporations that are now using the government as a private asset and plundering people at will?

"But there is another reason why the Democratic party cannot afford to go before the country with an ambiguous platform and an uncertain candidate. No matter how people may differ as to the relative importance of issues all must recognize that the trust question to-day presents an important phase of the great conflict between plutocracy and democracy. We have recently had a Supreme Court decision on the merger case. This decision was rendered by a bare majority of one and that one (Judge Brewer) in a separate opinion has stated his position in such a way as to leave no doubt that in the first case involving a trust he may join the majority and defeat the Sherman law. The President to be elected this fall will doubtless have the appointment of one or two and possibly three Supreme Court judges. If his sympathies are with the corporations he will doubtless appoint judges satisfactory to the corporations—especially if obligated to the corporations by large campaign contributions—and these judges can make it impossible to secure any remedial legislation for years to come. If, four years hence, the people should secure a President, a Senate and a House opposed to private monopolies they may find themselves unable to get any remedial legislation past the Supreme Court for several years.

"The issue presented to-day in the trust question and in all the other questions with which we have to deal is the question between human rights and the so-called 'property rights'—or, more properly speaking, between ordinary people and the great corporations. Those who believe that property rights are supreme take the side of the trusts. If we have a President who is in sympathy with this theory it means that the dollar will be given consideration before the man. It means that organized wealth can continue to trample upon the rights of the people; it means that the instrumentalities of government can be used for the protection of every scheme of exploitation that the capitalists can conceive.

"I, for one, am not willing that the Democratic party shall become the tool of the corporations; I am not willing that it shall be the champion of organized wealth. And it is because I believe that the party has a higher mission than to be the exponent of plutocracy that I am protesting against the schemes of those who would put it into competition with the Republican party for the support of Wall-street financiers. It is for this reason that I protest against mortgaging the party to the capitalists to secure an enormous corruption fund.

FOLLY TO HOPE FOR VICTORY.

"If any who are present to-night or who read what I say think that I am trying to interfere with Democratic success, let me answer that no Democrat is more anxious for the party to succeed than I am. No one has suffered more from dissensions and divisions in the party, and no one, I believe, is more eager for the country to enjoy the great benefits which a triumph of real Democracy would bring. But I do not desire that the party shall win offices only. If that is the only purpose of the party, let its principles be abandoned and its platform simply declare the party hungry for the patronage. The lesson of 1894 shows the folly of hoping to win by a surrender to the corporations, but even if success could be brought in such a way it would not be worth the price.

"No one can defend the Democratic party without defending its principles, and its principles ought to be so clearly set forth as to be easily understood. We ought to appeal to the conscience of the public and arraign Republican policies as hostile both to the principles of free government and to the principles of morality. We have an opportunity to make the Democratic party a power in this country, not only a power, but a power for good. Let us array the party against every abuse of government and against every policy that is hurtful to the people. Let us drive out of the party every Democrat who betrays his trust, every official who would administer the office for his private advantage. Let us make Democracy stand not only for good government—for honest government—but for a government 'of the people, by the people, and for the people.' And the first step in this direction is the adoption of a platform that recognizes the right of the people to decide public questions as well as their capacity for understanding public questions. To present a platform which is evasive and ambiguous shows that those who write the platform either distrust the people who are to act upon it, or have purposes that they desire to conceal.

"The New York platform is ambiguous, uncertain, evasive and dishonest. It would disgrace the Democrats of the Nation to adopt such a platform, and it ought to defeat, as an aspirant for a Democratic nomination, any man who would be willing to have it go forth as a declaration of his views on public questions. In Illinois, in Wisconsin, in Michigan, in Minnesota, in Indiana, in Ohio, and in every State that has not acted, it behooves the Democrats to arouse themselves and organize to the end that they may prevent the consummation of the schemes of reorganizers. Their scheme begins with the deception of the rank and file of the party. It is to be followed up by the debauching of the public with a campaign fund secured from the corporations, and it is to be consummated by the betrayal of the party organization and of the country into the hands of those who are to-day menacing the liberties of the country by their exploitation of the producers of wealth."

RUMOR THAT JAPANESE HAVE LANDED 20,000 MEN CLOSE TO PORT ARTHUR

(CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

figuring at the theater of war will shortly be added young Lord Brooke, Earl of Warwick, who leaves London for Harbin, Manchuria, April 27 as war correspondent for Reuter's Telegram Company. Though only twenty-one years of age and the son of the once famous court beauty, the Countess of Warwick, Lord Brooke already has been in two wars. He refused to stay home when Great Britain was fighting the Boers and ran off to the Transvaal with the yeomanry. There he became aid-de-camp to Lord Milner, the British high commissioner. Last year young Brooke, weary of peaceful England, went to the Balkans, where he acted as war correspondent during the outbreak there. Now he will follow the fortunes of General Kuropatkin.

CHINESE MINISTER NOT RECALLED

ST. PETERSBURG, April 23.—Excitement was caused this afternoon by a report spread far and wide that the Chinese minister, Hoo Wei Teh, was packing up preparatory to departing from St. Petersburg. rumor and ascertained that the only foundation for it was the fact that the minister Visions of immediate war with China were conjured.

The Associated Press investigated the had taken a summer cottage at Gatshina, thirty miles from St. Petersburg, for which he will leave soon.

Grand Duke Cyril En Route Home.

HARBIN, April 23.—Grand Duke Cyril has started for St. Petersburg.

SHOWERS ON SUNDAY; COLDER ON MONDAY

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Forecast for Sunday and Monday:

Indiana, Ohio and Lower Michigan—Showers on Sunday and Monday. Colder Monday; fresh south winds.

Kentucky—Showers on Sunday and Monday. Colder on Monday.

Wisconsin—Showers on Sunday. Monday fair and colder; fresh northwest winds.

Illinois—Showers on Sunday; colder in north portion. Monday fair; fresh south winds becoming northwesterly.

Kansas—Showers and colder on Sunday. Monday fair.

Nebraska—Fair and colder on Sunday, except showers in southeast portion. Monday fair.

North and South Dakota—Fair and colder on Sunday. Monday fair.

Iowa—Showers and colder on Sunday. Monday fair.

Minnesota—Fair in west; showers in east portion. Colder on Sunday. Monday fair; fresh northwest winds.

Local Observations on Saturday.

	Bar.	Th.	R.H.	Wind.	Weather.	Pre.
7 a. m.	30.18	58	78	South.	Clear.	.00
7 p. m.	30.04	72	61	South.	Cloudy.	.00

Maximum temperature, 78; minimum temperature, 56.

Comparative statement of mean temperature and total precipitation on April 23:

	Temp.	Pre.
Normal	54	.13
Mean	67	.00
Departure for day	*13	—.13
Departure for month	—178	*1.05
Departure since Jan. 1	—54	*5.33

*Plus.

W. T. BLYTHE, Section Director.

Yesterday's Temperatures.

Stations.	7 a. m.	Max.	7 p. m.
Abilene, Tex.	68	80	78
Amarillo, Tex.	56	82	80
Atlanta, Ga.	54	72	66
Bismarck, N. D.	34	42	42
Buffalo, N. Y.	44	64	58
Cairo, Ill.	58	78	72
Calgary, Alberta	28	42	40
Chattanooga, Tenn.	54	74	70
Cheyenne, Wyo.	26	52	50
Chicago, Ill.	38	78	72
Cincinnati, O.	58	76	70
Cleveland, O.	58	76	70
Columbus, O.	56	76	68
Concordia, Kan.	52	78	58
Davenport, Ia.	42	80	66
Denver, Col.	44	68	66
Dodge City, Kan.	54	74	66
Dubuque, Ia.	38	78	66
Duluth, Minn.	32	52	46
El Paso, Tex.	38	82	76
Galveston, Tex.	64	76	74
Grand Junction, Col.	46	60	42
Grand Rapids, Mich.	48	78	72
Havre, Mont.	34	48	46
Huron, S. D.	32	54	52
Helena, Mont.	36	56	52
Jacksonville, Fla.	62	74	66
Kansas City, Mo.	62	72	60
Lander, Wyo.	32	54	40
Little Rock, Ark.	66	80	78
Louisville, Ky.	60	82	76
Marquette, Mich.	36	66	58
Memphis, Tenn.	64	78	74
Modena, Utah	28	44	42
Montgomery, Ala.	58	78	74
Nashville, Tenn.	54	80	74
New Orleans, La.	68	82	74
New York, N. Y.	49	56	46
Norfolk, Va.	42	58	48
North Platte, Neb.	34	68	54
Oklahoma, O. T.	66	76	74
Omaha, Neb.	46	67	60
Palestine, Tex.	60	82	76
Parkersburg, W. Va.	52	70	68
Philadelphia, Pa.	52	66	64
Pittsburg, Pa.	52	66	64
Pueblo, Col.	34	72	..
Qu'Appelle, Assin.	32	42	38
Rapid City, S. D.	36	52	48
St. Louis, Mo.	58	80	70
St. Paul, Minn.	44	62	54
Salt Lake City, Utah	42	42	40
San Antonix, Tex.	72	82	78
Santa Fe, N. Mex.	38	62	48
Shreveport, La.	66	84	80
Springfield, Ill.	54	80	60
Springfield, Mo.	60	74	68
Valentine, Neb.	28	58	54
Washington, D. C.	46	58	54
Wichita, Kan.	66	76	62

CHICAGO POLICEMEN TO STUDY SURGERY

CHICAGO, April 23.—Five hundred policemen, one fifth of the entire number of this city, will present themselves at the Dearborn Medical College on Monday, by order of Chief of Police O'Neil, to receive instructions in applied anatomy and surgery, as well as criminal law. After a five days' course of two hours a day the students will be succeeded by other police in batches of 500. The instruction will be given in lectures by the college faculty, the attending staff of Samaritan Hospital and by assistant United States attorneys.

THREE POSTMASTERS FOR INDIANA NAMED

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations: Military secretary, with the rank of major general, Brigadier General Fred C. Ainsworth, chief of the record and pension office of the War Department; assistant adjutant general, with the rank of brigadier general, Colonel William P. Hall, assistant adjutant general, also the following Indiana postmasters: Robert F. Brammer, at Albany; Japhet F. Lehman, at Berne; Henry F. Radcliff, at Pierceton.

Hotel Linden Cafe.

One of the attractive features of the new hotel which was recently opened at 311 to 317 North Illinois street is the spacious dining room. The furniture here is in Antwerp oak, neat in design and solid in appearance. The walls are treated in harmonious colors, giving a cheerful appearance. The kitchen is completely equipped, perfectly arranged and in the hands of a competent chef. Meals can be had singly or by the week at reasonable rates.

ARRIVING DELEGATES ARE THE CENTER OF INTEREST

Political Workers Already at the English Hotel Court Them Assiduously.

USUAL ADVANCE GUARD

The crowd of politicians at the English Hotel, which is Republican headquarters for the state convention that will be held Tuesday and Wednesday of this week, was considerably augmented yesterday afternoon and last night. A number of skilled and experienced political wire-pullers and manipulators who will line up with one or another of the numerous candidates made their appearance and immediately set to work to inflate the booms in which they are interested.

Included among yesterday's arrivals were a few real, live delegates from the outlying counties and they were immediately pounced upon by the candidates and their lieutenants. However, most of the delegates now on the ground are committed hard and fast to one candidate or set of candidates, and they have come early in order to be prepared to do some work for their favorites. The delegates who are really susceptible to arguments and deals will not begin to arrive until to-night and to-morrow.

The politicians now here comprise the usual advance guard that precedes every state convention and there have been no important developments during the last twenty-four hours for the reason that the men here have done little except boom this or that candidate and have not had the material on which to get to work for "deals" that may make or break an aspirant for political preferment. There was the usual amount of gossip yesterday and some new features were injected by the later arrivals, especially by a delegation from Fort Wayne, but there was nothing that could be recognized as "news."

Last evening the gubernatorial candidates and their managers were interested in receiving the reports from Jefferson county, where the Republicans yesterday selected fourteen delegates to the state convention. Jefferson was the last county in the State to choose delegates and the friends of both J. Frank Hanly and W. L. Taylor expressed confidence of capturing a majority of the votes. As usual the figures given out by the friends of each candidate differed materially. Union B. Hunt, speaking for Mr. Hanly, said he had been advised that Hanly would have eleven of thirteen delegates reported, with one delegate yet to be heard from. Later Mr. Hunt reported that he had been notified that the delegation would stand 12 to 2 in Hanly's favor. Friends of Mr. Taylor claimed that he would have at least nine of the delegates and possibly ten. None of the delegates in the county was instructed.

The friends of these two candidates yesterday stood by their claims on Vigo county, which they had advanced the night before, the Hanly forces claiming twenty-two of the delegates, while the Taylor people said the delegation would line up 26 to 14 for their man.

During the day the candidates for Lieutenant Governor and for reporter of the Supreme Court were busy getting in touch with the delegates to the state convention from the city of Indianapolis.

The forces in the headquarters of Warren G. Sayre and Judge Penfield were reinforced yesterday by arrivals from their respective districts.

CUMMINS, OF IOWA, AT THE CONVENTION

The report that Governor Cummins, of Iowa, who is sojourning at French Lick, may attend the state convention and deliver an address at the opening session Tuesday afternoon seems to have created something of a flurry in Washington, according to the following dispatch sent last night by the Journal's correspondent there:

"'Hepburn, in a great speech to-day, said the "Iowa idea" has been put to rest by county conventions in that State. I hope you won't let it break out in the Indiana state convention.'

"Such a telegram was sent to Representative James E. Watson to-day by a prominent member of the Indiana colony here. It was occasioned by the report that Governor Cummins, of Iowa, the personification of the 'Iowa idea,' was to be a guest of honor at the convention to be held in Indianapolis next week. 'We are glad to have Governor Cummins with us,' said the sender of the telegram, 'but we hope he won't make any effort to import any new ideas into Indiana.'"

Spring Clothes, Spring Hats, Spring Furnishings

We specialize all these lines for :: Men and Women

showing unmatchable exclusive ideas in medium and high-grade wearing apparel : : :

Every department in our establishment is backed up with a properly equipped work shop. In fact, our organization is thoroughly complete and we are not excelled by any shop in America of our kind. Our front is small, but we cover over 20,000 square ft. of floor space behind the front

We Ask the Men

To Investigate our Wholesale Tailoring Proposition

It will save you 40 per cent. on clothes over regular tailor prices.

HOW CAN THIS BE DONE?

A question easily answered: Wholesale cutting and tailoring, wholesale buying of cloth and trimmings, and wholesale selling, easily gives us the **40 per cent. edge.** We specialize:

$18.00, $24.00 and **$30.00** Suits.
$18.00 and **$24.00** Silk-lined Top Coats.
$18.00, $24.00 and **$30.00** Rain Coats.
Vests, **$3.00** to **$8.00.**
Trousers, **$5.00** and **$7.50.**

All differing in style, cut and make to anything you usually see ready made.

HATS

Our $3.00 (superior quality) Hat proposition is another hard nut for competitors to crack by reason of our **direct factory connection.** A finer hat cannot be made to sell at any price. Why pay more than $3.00?

We Invite Every Woman

In this vicinity to call and see what we are showing in **Women's Suits** in prices ranging from $35 to $100. No one tailor or dressmaker in America could possibly show such a variety in style and breadth of ideas and designs. We show the creations of eight top-notch designers.

No two suits alike in style or fabric. Silks, Homespuns and Mohairs.

One of Our New Suits and Hat.

Our New Millinery Department

is in full operation, and we are booking orders for Suits and Hats and showing a handsome line ready to wear. Our Trimmings, Ornaments, Flowers, etc., showing Archibald ideas of **exclusive richness.**

Shirtwaist and Suit Materials

all sold by the yard.

Cottons, Linens and Silks, 35c to $1.50 per yard.

Genuine imported Shantungs, in patterns of fifteen yards, only $18.00 and $20.

1-3 off all Wash Fabrics—Closing Out this Department

NEW GLOVES, NEW HOSIERY, NEW STOCKS, BELTS, Etc.

In fact, everything new and bright.

CALL AND SEE US. WE WANT YOUR PATRONAGE.

GERRITT A. ARCHIBALD & CO. 38 Washington Street, East

News of the High Schools.

M. T. H. S.

The students are now engaged in making next year's choice of subjects.

Pitcures of the school's different athletic teams have been placed in the gymnasium.

Roxie Mantani, a graduate in the January, '04, class, will leave for California tomorrow night.

The second advance report cards will be issued in a week. None of the school's athletes are in any danger.

The boys who attended the sophomore leap-year dance have decided to give a return dance in about three weeks.

As commencement time draws near the school is becoming flooded with advertisements from the various colleges and universities.

The different "frats" of the graduating classes are now busy in preparing something for commencement evening. The something will probably be a dance or supper.

The Saturday Afternoon Literary Club, composed of girl graduates, met yesterday afternoon at the home of Lizette Krauss. Miss Hench gave a talk on the "Universities of England."

Dr. J. H. Penniman, dean of the University of Pennsylvania, visited the school Thursday morning. He is making a study of the relationship between the high school and the university.

The June, '04, class has decided to have its class picture taken at Nicholson's studio. Because of the size of the class there was a great deal of competition between the city's different photographers.

Some members are talking of introducing the canteen bill in the Senate. A former two-months' discussion of this bill was so hot that old senators yet delight in referring to "the good old days of the canteen bill."

The Laconian Maids, a girls' athletic club, will soon begin out-door work. During the winter they have studied nature under the direction of Miss Foy and practiced calisthenics in the gymnasium under the supervision of their manager, Miss Monninger.

Dr. Cooper, the former instructor in civics and history, who is now working in Indian Territory, visited the school last week. He received a most cordial welcome from the students and senators, from the latter because he formerly supervised the work of that body.

The January and June classes of 1904 held a joint class meeting Friday evening in the school auditorium to decide upon several details of commencement. In determining the dress, the "masculines" and "feminines" held separate meetings in oposite corners of the room. The boys decided to wear regular black suits, white vests with black four-in-hand ties. The girls will wear the usual white dress and the customary unknown furbelows.

The meeting of the Senate Friday was the most enjoyable and lively of any during the year. A great deal of fun was produced by the efforts of the members to observe certain rules of decorum, and the president was kept busy settling minor disputes. The bill up for discussion called for an annual report of all corporations with more than $500,000 capital, and the debate waxed so hot that a vote was deferred until the next meeting. Following this bill comes one concerning cigarettes, introduced by two girls. This is the first time a girl has ever introduced a measure, and the boys are expecting some fun at their expense.

Shortridge.

Helen Spain gave a theater party and luncheon for her guest, Miss Lewis, yesterday afternoon. The guests were Jessie Ragsdale, Grace Holt and Susan Brown.

Two Shortridge dancing clubs will give dances this week. The Futurity Club will give one to-morrow night at Brenneke's and the Olynthians will hold sway Thursday night in the same hall.

Mrs. Hanna Ripley, a Shortridge alumnus, has presented the school with seven new photographs of scenes in Paris and of famous statues. They have been used to decorate the bare walls of the new history department.

At its meeting Friday the senior class agreed to take charge of the debate which is to be held next Friday in the Benjamin Harrison School. The tickets are now on sale and from the present outlook the affair will be a success.

The Spinsters' Club gave an original party at the home of Ora Williams Wednesday night. All of the guests came in the dress of small children, the young women brought their dolls and the young men marbles and tops. The evening was spent in playing childish games. The following girls belong to the club: Ora Williams, Freda Worner, Zella Spence, Helen Carver, Helda Jacobs, Grace Christian and Brownie Wallace.

Mrs. Carey, censor for the Wednesday Echo, has named her editors for next year as the entire staff of this year's paper are seniors and new ones must me broken in. Sumner Clancy, the leading editor, will have nothing to do but write the editorials and look after the general appearance of the paper, since an editor and an assistant have been appointed for each department.

The general belief that the juniors and seniors are not up to the standard in their school work was shattered when the report cards showed some remarkable averages. The following pupils got two or more grades of 95 per cent. in one session room: Freda Phelps, Hadep Clark, Lena Carter, Carry Barton, Fannie Bradon, Elnor Lemon, Hazel Vallet, Margaret Oldendorf, Bessie Hirr, Mida Griffin, Margaret Axtell and Ferris Shannon.

The Shortridge Senate held a meeting Friday afternoon. The subject up for discussion was a bill prohibiting the sale of cigarettes. It was especially championed by the girls. May Valentine and Jessie Avery made speeches. The girls as a rule do not take a very active part in the legislation and after the meeting the critic, Miss Laura Donnan, commended the speakers and advised more of the young women to cultivate their debating prowess.

The Ranger Club is planning to give a musical entertainment at Mooresville next month. Most of the members of the club possess considerable musical ability. An orchestra has been obtained and the members of the club except to make enough money on the venture to finish the decoration of their clubrooms. Harvey Stout and Walter Schuyler were voted into the club last week, and the membership is now full. The following is the membership: Edward Hunnicut, Ralph Blatchley, Paul Merrill, Walter Morgan, Frank Doudican, John Sheets, Frank Wiley, Will Connor, Hulbert Smith, Otis Calvin and Ward Fisher.

The Autowear Hat

Is the mainspring of our immense hat business. We are covering thousands of heads with them and would like to add yours to our list, if you are not already wearing one. They have no superior in STYLE, QUALITY AND DURABILITY. All the latest shapes and colors are here for

$2.00

You get as good a style in an **"Autowear"** for **$2.00** as you get in any other hat for $3.00.

New Shirts

Here are some regular $2 values for

$1.50

in new spring styles. They are Negligees, with plaited and plain bosoms, separate and attached cuffs, in the new French gray and champagne colors. They are a special value that will interest you.

Fancy Hose

The patterns this season are the handsomest we have ever shown. We are offering some exceptional values for

50c

that should have gone in the 75c lot but for an overstock, and we take this method of moving them quickly.

We are headquarters for Stetson's fine Stiff and Soft Hats.

DANBURY HAT CO.

No. 8 East Washington St.

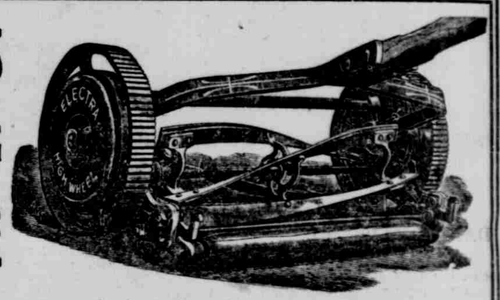
P. F. BALZ, Manager.

Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors and makers of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 in legal money of the United States for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus or Falling of Womb, which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure. All correspondence held sacredly confidential.

If you require medical advice don't fail to write Doctor R. V. Pierce who will give you the best advice possible. Address Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a ladies' laxative. No other medicine equals them for gentleness and thoroughness.

GRASS MOWING TIME



Don't let the grass get the best of you this season. Start in while it's young and, with a good Mower to help you, hold it down. If you don't, it will soon get so tall that a scythe will have to be called upon to protect you. Swinging a scythe on a hot day is no fun, either. If you haven't a mower we will give you a 99-year lease on one of these for very little money.

The **"RELIANCE"** is a mighty good mower—as good as the "Electra," but is a three-bladed machine instead. A 12-inch "Reliance" will be leased to you for 99 years for **$2.85;** 14-inch, **$3.00;** 16-inch, **$3.25.**

The **"ELECTRA"** is a high-wheeled mower and will cut high grass. Instead of three blades, it has four. A 99-year lease on a 14-inch "Electra" will cost you but **$4.50;** 16-inch, **$5.00;** 18-inch, **$5.50.**

The **"CONTINENTAL"** is the best of all; that's why a 14-inch one costs **$8.25,** or a 16-inch, **$9.95.**

Many other kinds and makes of mowers, including the "Great American Ball-Bearing," all of which we'd be pleased to show you.

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